

Draft Syllabus for the Trade of

Information & Communication Technology System Maintenance

Under

Craftsmen Training Scheme

Designed in 2014

Government of India
Ministry of Labour & Employment
D.G.E. & T

GENERAL INFORMATION FOR

INFORMATION & COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

Name of the Sector	IT & ITES
	INFORMATION & COMMUNICATION
Name of CTS Course	TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM MAINTENANCE (as
	suggested by the experts)
CTS Code	To be generated
Competency as per N.C.O. Code	To be generated (reviewed version of "Information Technology and Electronic System Maintenance")
Duration of Course	Two Years divided in four Semesters of Six Months each.
Entry Qualification of Trainee	Passed 10 th with Science and Maths as subjects.
Unit size (No. of Trainees)	20
Power Norms	3.45 KW
Space Norms (Workshop and Class Room)	Lab 70 Sq. m., Class Room – 30 Sq. m.
Qualification for the Instructor	Technical -

Job Role:

The role of a **Information & Communication Technology System Maintenance** personnel is to support and maintain computer systems, desktops, and peripherals. This includes installing, diagnosing, repairing, maintaining, and upgrading all hardware and equipment while ensuring optimal workstation performance. The person will also troubleshoot problem areas in a timely and accurate fashion, and provide end user training and assistance where required. Install, maintain and setup network with computers, printers and other peripheral equipment as well as configure broadband equipment.

In a Nutshell:

- Installing software or hardware
- Maintaining and repairing equipment / peripherals.
- Troubleshooting different computer issues
- Determining and installing appropriate security measures
- Installing & Configuring advanced computer networks
- Providing technical support on-site or via phone or email
- Install, configure, and maintain common end user application software. May train and provide assistance to end users.
- Troubleshoots software and hardware problems related to Internet applications.
- Assist the information technology administrators with configuration, maintenance and monitoring
 of access servers, routers, Microsoft and Linux servers and Internet servers including DNS, radius,
 web, LDAP, e-mail, network monitoring and print servers.
- Assist in preparing, maintaining, and upholding procedures for logging, reporting, and statistically monitoring PC performance.
- · Accurately document instances of hardware failure, repair, installation, and removal.
- Assist in developing long-term strategies and capacity planning for meeting future computer hardware needs.
- Support development and implementation of new computer projects and new hardware installations.

Syllabus for the Trade of

"INFORMATION & COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM **MAINTENANCE**"

Under CTS

Semester – I

Semes	<u>ster – I</u>		<u>Duratio</u>	on: 6 months
Week No.	Practical	Theory	Engineering Drawing	Workshop Cal. & Sc.
1	Familiarization with the Institute and Safety a) Visits to workshops, labs, office, stores etc., of the institute. b) Demonstration of safety precaution. c) Demo of first aid practice. d) Demo of artificial respiration and practice. e) Demo of electrical	 a) Punctuality and Discipline expected of trainees. Course duration, methodology and structure of the training program. b) About the institute and infrastructure. c) Safety in moving and shifting heavy and delicate equipments. d) First aid. e) Artificial respiration. 	What is Engineering drawing, Importance	Quadratic equation, Simultaneo us linear equation in two variables.
2	Basic concepts of Electricity — a)Identify specification of types of fuses. Identification and specification of type of switches. b) Identification of meter types and measuring range. c) Construct a simple circuit using AC/DC supply, lamp, fuse and switch. d) Measure circuit voltage and current using voltmeters and ammeters. e) Measure voltage and current using	g) Electrical safety. a) Concept of current and voltage. AC, DC Supply indicating lamps. Different types of Fuses and their applications. Different types of connectors used in electrical and electronic applications. Different types of switches used in electrical and electronic applications. b) Circuit voltage and current. Measuring circuit voltage and current. Measuring circuit voltage and current. Measuring circuit voltage and current. Measuring circuit voltage and current. Measuring circuit voltage and current. Measuring circuit voltage and current. Measuring circuit voltage and current. Measuring circuit voltage and current.	Free hand sketching of straight lines, rectangles, square, circles, polygons, etc.	Electricity: Negative & positive polarities, structure of Atoms, Electrons & protons, coulomb, unit of charge, volt, unit of potential difference, and charge in motion is current.

	Multi-meter (analog-digital). f) Use Multimeter to check fuses, lamps and switches. g) Measure DC and AC power using V-I method and using power meter.	type, Ammeter, Voltmeter, Multimeter for measuring voltage and current. Construction, characteristics/ features and specification. Digital Multimeter d) Meaning of Circuit and basic electrical circuits. e) Meaning of resistance, continuity and continuity testers. Multimeter for checking continuity. f) Concept of Power and measurement using V&I meter and Power meter.		
3-4	Resistors. Soldering and De-soldering. a) Identify different types of resistors from physical appearance. b) Identify resistor value and tolerance using colour code. b) Measuring resistance using Multimeter. c) Soldering and desordering techniques, practice using hook-up wires. Soldering resistors on Tag board. d) Verification of Ohms Law and Kirchhoff's Laws. e)Soldering resistors on PCB. f)De-soldering practice. g) Experiment using P.T.C and NTC resistors.	a) Classification, characteristics and application of different types of resistorscarbon film, metal film, wire wound, cermets and surface mounted. b) Colour coding of resistors. Calculating Imeasuring resistance value and its tolerance value. Wattage of resistors, specific resistance and their importance. c) Resistors in series and parallel. d) Soft soldering and precautions to be taken for making a good solder joint. Types of solder and need of soldering paste. e) Ohms law and Kirchhoff's Laws.	Free hand sketching of tools, reading of simple drawings and concepts of dimensions.	Fundament als and derived units, Supplement ary units, of electrical parameters.

	h) Experiment to check VDR's.	f) Printed circuit boards and its application.		
	i) Experiment to check LDR's.	g) De-soldering tools.		
	j) Test Pots, Presets.	h) Temperature dependent resistors and their applications.(PTC and NTC). i) Voltage dependent resistors (VDR).		
		j) Photoelectric effect, Light Dependent resistors.		
		k) Variable resistors, pots, presets, types and application. Log and Linear resistors.		
5-6	 INDUCTANCE a) Identification of different types of inductors and its specifications. b) Measure inductance using LCR meter. Calculate inductive reactance at different input signal frequencies. c) Demo on self and mutual induction. d) Check step down transformers. e) Rewind a transformer to given specification using winging machine. f) Finding losses and efficiency of given transformers. g) Identifying and testing high frequency transformers used in electronic circuits. 	a) Definition of inductance. Properties. Types of inductors and their application. b) Inductive reactance, measuring inductance and inductive reactance. Meaning of lead, lag. Effect of inductor on power factor. Frequency dependence of inductive reactance. c) Self and Mutual inductance. Coefficient of coupling. d) Transformers. Turns ratio. Transformer winding. Winding machines. e) Transformer losses and efficiency. f) Uses, losses, efficiency type of cores and uses for LF, HF, VHF transformer. g) Transformers used in high frequency applications.	Dotted lines, chain lines etc. Magnifying glass.	Ohms law: Current, voltage, resistance, and related problems, multiple and submultiple s units, electric power, power dissipation in resistance, power formulas.
7-8	Capacitance and Resonance circuits. a) Identify of different	a) Working principle of capacitors. Electrostatic action, dielectric constant. Unit of capacitance and capacitive reactance.	Reading of simple drawing, free hand sketching of simple solids with dimensions.	Series circuits: Total resistance, same current in

types of capacitors from colour code and typographic code. b) Test working condition of capacitor. Measure capacitance using RLC meter. c) Measure capacitive reactance at different frequencies. d) Measure capacitance and capacitive reactance of, capacitors in series and capacitors in parallel. e) Find the resonance frequency of a given Series and parallel resonance circuit.	Types of Capacitors- electrolytic, ceramic, polyester, tantalum, mica, surface mounted. Colour coding, and tolerance. b) Measuring capacitance and capacitive reactance. c) Behaviour of capacitance at different frequencies. d) Capacitors in series and parallel. e) Meaning of Resonance. Application of resonance. Series and parallel resonance circuits	Freehand sketch of solids viewed perpendicularly to their surface and axes.	series circuits, IR voltage drops, Sum of IR drops equal to the applied voltage.
Electronic Components — a) Identify terminals of different types of diodes. Record its specifications referring to diode data sheet. b) Plot forward and reverse characteristics of diode Testing working condition of diodes. c) Construct and test a half wave and full wave diode rectifiers. d) Construct and test a Bridge rectifier with and without filter e) Construct a bridge rectifier with capacitance input filter. f) Draw Zener diode characteristics, Simple voltage regulator using zener diode.	a) Semiconductor, intrinsic and extrinsic semi conductors, P and N type semiconductor. Development of P.N. junction barrier potential. Effect of temperature. Breakdown voltage. b) Different types of Diodes. Diode terminals. Diode specifications using data book. c) Forward and reverse characteristics of diode. Testing diodes using Multimeter. d) Half wave and Full wave rectifiers using diodes. Transformer requirements. Calculating output DC, ripple factor. e) Bridge rectifier. Calculating output DC, ripple factor. f) Filters for rectifiers. Calculating output DC, ripple factor. g) Zener diode-Its characteristics and	Electronic Component symbols, Series circuit, Representatio n of IR voltage drops.	Polarity of IR voltage drops, Total power in series circuits, related exercise.

		application for		
		voltage regulation.		
		Calculating the series		
		resistor for required		
		current rating.		
		h) Specifications of a		
		regulated power supply		
		and testing a power		
		supply for its		
	Transistor and	specifications. a) Working principle of	Free hand sketch	Transistor
	Amplifiers	PNP,	of	amplifiers,
	a) Identify types of	Bipolar	circuits and wiring	Voltage Gain
	transistors based on	transistors. Types	diagrams.	
	their physical	of transistors and	diagramo.	
	appearance. Identify the	applications.		
	leads of the given	Leads of		
	assorted types of	transistors and		
	transistors.	their		
		identification.		
	b) Quick test given	b) Forward and reverse		
	transistors using	bias of transistor		
	Multimeter. Identify	Junction. General values		
11-12	opens, shorted junctions	of junction resistances.		
11-12	•	Quick testing a transistor-		
	a) Wine and find the	using Multimeter. c) Transistor		
	c) Wire and find the	configuration - CB, CE,		
	gain of amplifiers in – CB, CE, CC	CC, alpha, beta. Types		
	configurations.	of Biasing of transistor		
	Voningur unions.	amplifiers, comparison		
		and applications.		
		Thermal runaway.		
		Steady and Dynamic		
		characteristics.		
		Testing- get frequency		
		response, gain bandwidth product,		
		signal to noise ratio.		
	<u>Special</u>	a) Field effect	Drawing of UJT	Direct-current
	Semiconductors-	transistors, types,	triggered circuit	meters: Moving
	<u>FET</u>	working principle,	with ISI symbols,	coil meter, design
	a) Construct and test	applications.	power amplifier	of voltmeter,
	a JFET	b) Working principle	circuit, models as	ammeter, loading
	amplifier.	and	SCR,	effect of
13-14	b) Construct and test	application of UJT.	DIAC,TRIAC,	voltmeters,
10 17	a MosFET	c) Working principle	voltage regulator	related problems.
	application circuit.	and application of	ckt. Motor control	
	c) Construct and test	SCR.	ckt.	
	a relaxation oscillator	d) Working principle		
	using UJT.	and application of		
	d) Construct and test	TRIAC.		
	an application circuit	e) Working principle		

	using SCR.	and application of		
	e) Construct and test	DIAC.		
	an application circuit			
	using DIAC. f) Construct and test			
	an application circuit			
	using TRIAC.			
	Power supply	a) Unregulated,	Parallel circuits,	Parallel
	a) Practice on identifying and using the controls on a regulated power supply.b) Assemble and test a	regulated DC Power supply specifications. Application of different types of power supply for specific application	Branch currents, representation.	circuits: Applied voltage is the same across parallel
	series regulated power supply.	types. b) Series regulator using transistor.		branches, Each branch current, Total current equal
	c) Assemble and test a shunt regulated power supply.	Short circuit protection. Overload protection. c) Shunt regulators using transistors.		to the sum of the branch currents.
15-16	d) Assemble and test a fixed voltage regulator using 3pin IC.	d) Fixed Voltage regulators using IC's. e) Variable voltage regulators using IC's. f) Mains voltage stabilizers.		
	e) Assemble and test a variable voltage regulator using IC.f) Assemble a simple	g) Inverters and converters. h) Un-interrupted power supply, types and		
	inverter and converter for use with emergency lamp. g) Identify the parts	applications.		
	and controls of a UPS. Practice switch-on and switch-off procedures.			
	DIGITAL ELECTRONICS a)Identify the specifications of given	a) Number systems and conversions. Classification of digital IC's. Use of	Logic gates, Combinational gates, other circuits.	- Do-
	digital IC's referring to data books.	data book for identification of digital IC's.		
17-19	b) Verify the truth table of two input	b) Basic LOGIC GATES and truth		
	OR, NOR, AND, NAND, NOT	table. Boolean		
	gates.	algebra.c) Logic families,		
	c) Verify of truth	logic levels,		
	table of multiple input logic	propagation		
	gates.	delay. Multiple		
	d) Verify the truth table	input gates.		

			Г	
	of XOR and XNOR	d) XOR,		
	Gates.	XNOR		
	e) Realization of	gates and		
	different gate type	application.		
	using NAND	e) Simplification		
	gates.	of Boolean		
	f) verification of	equations.		
	Boolean laws.	f) Combinational		
	g) Realization of half	logic circuits. g) Half		
	adder & full adder using	adder, full adder,		
	NAND gates.	parallel binary adder,		
	Realization half	half subtractor, full		
	subtractor and full	· ·		
		subtractor.		
	subtractor using NAND	h)		
	gates.	Commercia		
	h) Verification of truth	lly available		
	table of 7483- 4bit	adders/subtr		
	adder.	actors.		
	i) Verifying encoder/	i) Comparator,		
	decoder/	decoders, encoders,		
	multiplexer/	multiplexer,		
	demultplexer IC	demultiplexer.		
	truth tables.	j) Parity generators /		
	j) Realization and	checkers. RS Flip -		
	verification of	Flop, JK flip-flop,		
	truth table of RS,	Master- Slave flip-		
	JK and MS- JK	flops.		
	flip-flop.	k) Types of		
	k) Realization and	triggering and		
	verification of D-	applications.		
	flip flop.	D flip-flops.		
	1) Realization and	1) Counters, ripple,		
	verficiation of up &	synchronous, up-		
	down (sync/async)	down, scale-n		
	counter.	counters.		
	m) Verification of	m) Principles of A/D &		
	A/D & D/A converter.	D/A converter.		
	n) Realization of shift	Commercially		
	registers using FF.	available A/D & D/A		
	o) Verification of	converters.		
	Right-shift, Left- shift	Applications.		
	registers.	n) Shift registers. Types,		
	p) Verification of	applications.		
	Serial-in-parallel out	o) Commercially		
	and parallel in serial out	available shift registers		
	of data.	and applications.		
	q) Representation of	p) Conversion of serial		
	logic function's truth	data into parallel and		
	table using K-Map.	vice-versa.		
	table using K-Map.	q) Concept of Karnaugh		
		Map (K-Map).		
	Battery	Lead acid cell, its	Diagram of	Calculation
20	Familiarize with the	construction and	series, parallel	related with
	lead acid battery,	chemical changes	connection of	Series, parallel
	icaa acia battery,	onomical changes	connection of	series, paramer

			1 •	
	Charging of batteries,	during charging and	batteries.	connection of
	Series parallel	discharging. Battery		batteries.
	connection of	charging methods.		
	batteries.	Maintenance free		
		batteries. Lithium cell,		
		Ni-cad cells their		
		construction and		
	0 11	applications.	D1 1 1'	
	Oscilloscope Oscilloscope	Working principle and		Functions of x-
	a) Identify CRO front	application.	of a CRO.	shift, y-shift
	panel controls.	b) Precautions to be		controls,
	b) Measure of	taken while measuring		time/div
	DC/AC voltages	voltages using CRO.		controls,
21	and frequency	c) Internal parts of a		Internal
	using CRO.	CRO. Construction and		triggering and
	c) Identify the	function of CRT and its		external
	internal parts of a	associated circuitry.		triggering.
	CRO and CRT.	d) Simple Calibration		
	d) Calibrate a given	procedures care and		
	CRO.	maintenance.		
	Modulation,	a) Modulation - types	Introduction to	Fundamentals
	Demodulation and	of modulation. AM,	different types	and derived
	transmitters.	FM, PM. Amplitude	of wave shape	units,
	a) Identifying AM	modulation.	and drawing	Supplementary
	signal.	Measurement of	practice.	units of
	Measurement of	percentage of		electrical
	percentage of	modulation.		parameters,
	modulation using	b) AM Transmitter		Standards –
	CRO.	block diagram.		definition, types
	b) Construct and test	Amplitude modulator		– primary and
	a simple Amplitude	circuit and working.		secondary,
	modulator.	c) AM receiver block		working
	c) Construct and test	diagram.		standards,
	a crystal receiver.	Principle of an AM		Standards of
	d) Construct and test	demodulator/detector		length, mass,
22-23	a simple Frequency	- analysis of crystal		time, current,
	modulator /	receiver.		voltage.
	transmitter. Test	d) Frequency		
	transmitter using	modulation-		
	FM radio.	bandwidth		
	11/11/01/01	requirement. FM		
		transmitter block		
		diagram.		
		Comparison with		
		AM- advantages of		
		FM over AM.		
		e) FM receiver block		
		diagram.		
		Principle of		
		-		
		Demodulation of		

24	Other Mechanical, Electrical & Electronics Accessories. Working with Gears, Belts, Stepper Motor, Drive. Identification and Testing of Sensors. Working with Relays. Identification of different advanced Intel microprocessor chips. Identification of different advanced microprocessor chips other than from Intel.	FM signals. f) Pulse modulation – PAM, PWM and PCM. Demodulators. Advantages and applications. Basics of gears, Belts, Stepper Motor, Drive. Sensors, its types and working principles. Relays, types and its working principles. Introduction to Microprocessor, Pentium processor architecture basics. Timing Circuits, Electronic Display (7 segment, LED, LCD, Plasma, LED matrix.	Types of resistors, colour coding, tolerance representation, Capacitor structure, symbol, types, colour code, Variable capacitors	Temperatur e, pressure. Newton's law of motion, applications, momentum. Simple problems
25	converter, Battery Charge	bridge rectifier, AC to DC r etc.	Project related drawing.	Project related Calculation & Science.
26	EXAMI	NATION		

Syllabus for the Trade of

"INFORMATION & COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM **MAINTENANCE**"

Under CTS

Semester – II

Practical

files

Tabs

Word Processing

document

software.

editing.

margins.

indents.

documents.

documents.

Creating tables.

types of documents.

documents in other

Mail merge.

Spreadsheet Software

Creating

between sheets.

spreadsheet

application.

Formatting cells.

Graphs and tables.

Printing spread

Advanced features.

for

Printing documents.

Creating different

Word

b)

c)

e)

h)

i)

j)

a)

e)

f) g)

h)

sheets.

using

Software.

28

formats.

Week

No.

27

Workshop Cal. **Engineering** Theory **Drawing** & Sc. Introduction to Flow Voltage charts word processing and steps regulators, showing Creating and saving comparison sample Voltage in using features. Creating and programs. doublers, processing saving document files multipliers. using Word Clipper Formatting text and processing software. circuits, Formatting test b) related Setting page and and editing. exercise. and Setting page and Tabs margins. and Creating multicolumn indents. Creating Inserting pictures in multicolumn documents. Inserting pictures e) in documents. Creating tables. Creating different types of documents. Saving word Saving word documents in other formats. Mail merge. i) Printing <u>j</u>) documents. Introduction to - Do -- Do -Creating Worksheets spread sheet. Spreadsheet Creating Worksheets Spreadsheet using Software. Formatting cells. Using formula in cells. b) simple Using formula in c) an cells. Creating simple spreadsheet Creating relation for an application. Creating relation between sheets. Graphs and tables.

Advanced features.

spread

Printing

g) h) **Duration: 6 months**

		shoots		
	D. J.T.	sneets.	D	Logorithm
29	DeskTop: PC Repair Safety: • Important Safety Basics • Identification, specification and application of basic hand tools. • How to handle components to ensure their longevity • What one shouldn't wear while working inside a	a) Introduction to computers, classification, generations, applications. Basic blocks of a digital computer. b) Hand Tools Basics and Specifications. a) Types of cabinets, relation with mother board form factor. Precautions to be taken	Block dig of personal computer, drawings of keyboard, monitor, mouse, FDD, HDD, floppy disc. CD ROM.	Logarithm definition, properties, simple problems.
	computer The danger of static electricity How to protect a PC from lightning strikes and power outages	while opening and closing PC cabinet. b) Main devices, components, cards, boards inside a PC(to card or device level only). c) Types and specifications of the cables and connectors used for interconnecting the devices, boards, cards, components inside a PC. d) Precautions to be taken while removing and/or re-connecting cables inside a PC.		
30-31	 Hardware Identification Identify the front and rear panel controls and ports on a PC Cases Cooling Cables & Connectors Power Supplies Power Supply Connections Motherboard Connections Motherboard Components CPU (Processor) RAM (Memory) Hard Drive Connections Mechanical vs. Solid State Drives 	(a) Types of I/O devices and ports on a standard PC for connecting I/O devices. b) Function of keyboard, brief principle, types, interfaces, connectors, cable. c) Function of Mouse, brief principle, types, interfaces, connectors, cable. d) Function of monitor, brief principle, resolution, size, types, interfaces,	Front and Rear view of a PC	Alternating voltage and current: AC fundamental s, RMS, Average values.

			I	
	• ROM Drives	connectors, cable.		
	 Video Cards 	e) Function of		
	Sound Cards	Speakers and Mic,		
		brief principle,		
		types, interfaces,		
		connectors, cable.		
		f) Function of serial		
		port, parallel		
		port, brief		
		principle of		
		communication		
		through these		
		ports, types of		
		devices that can		
		be connected,		
		interface		
		standards,		
		connectors, cable.		
		g) Precaution to be		
		taken while		
		connecting/removing		
		connectors from PC		
		ports. Method of		
		ensuring firm		
		connection.		
32-34	<u>Hardware</u>	Types of Processors and	Explanation	Arithmetic
	Remove-Test-Replace/	their specifications (of simple orthographic	and
	<u>Install</u>	Intel: Celeron, P4	projection	geometric
		family, Xeon, dual core,	3 rd angle.	progression ,
	 Removing RAM 	quad core, core 2 duo,		sum of n
	 Installing RAM 	i3,i5,i7 and AMD).		terms, simple
	 Removing a ROM 	a) Memory devices,		calculations
	Drive	types,		
	 Installing a ROM Drive 	principle of		
	 Removing a Hard 	storing. Data		
	Drive	organization 4 bit,		
	• Installing a Hard Drive	8 bit, word.		
	 Removing a Power 	b) Semiconductor		
	Supply	memories, RAM,		
	• Installing a Power	ROM, PROM,		
	Supply	EMPROM,		
	 Removing a Video 	EEPROM, Static and		
	Card	dynamic.		
	• Installing a Video Card	c) Example of		
	• Install Expansion Cards	memory chips, pin		
	• Removing Fans	diagram, pin function		
	C	of		
	 Installing Fans 	1) 0		
	Installing FansRemoving the	b) Concept of track,		
	_	sector, cylinder. FD		
	 Removing the 			

	 Removing the Processor Installing the Processor Installing a CPU Cooler Troubleshooting Checking the Power Switch Removing the CMOS Battery Seating Expansion Cards 	actuator, spindle motor, sensors, PCB. c) Precaution and care to be taken while dismantling Drives. d) Drive bay, sizes, types of drives that can be fitted. Precautions to be taken while removing drive bay from PC. f) HDD, advantages, Principle of working of Hard disk drive, cylinder and clusture, types, capacity, popular brands, standards, interface, jumper setting. Drive components- hard disk platens, and recording media, ,air filter, read write head, head actuator, spindle motor, circuit board, sensor, features like head parking, head positioning, reliability, performances, shock mounting capacity. HDD interface IDE, SCSI-I/2/3 comparative study. Latest trends in interface technology in PC and server HDD interface.			
		SCSI-I/2/3 comparative study. Latest trends in interface technology in PC and server			
		g) Precautions to be taken while fitting drives into bays and bay inside PC cabinet.			
		h) CMOS setting.(restrict to drive settings only). i) Meaning and need for using			
25.26	Windows Inchalled a	Scan disk and defrag. j) Basic blocks of SMPS, description of sample circuit.	Diagle Diagram	Ducklass	
35-36	Windows Installation	Types of software. System software-OS,	Block Diagram, Front and Rear	Problems binary	of

	A walkthrough of installing Windows 7 / 8 A walkthrough of installing Windows XP Imaging: create a Windows system image How to Backup/Restore your Windows partition with the bootable image disk Duplicating a partition (creating a multiboot system) A multiboot system: the Windows bootmanager vs. an alternative bootmanager Setting up a multiboot / dualboot system Dual Boot Ubuntu and Windows Windows XP registry tweaks	Compiler. Application software-like MS office. High level, low level language, Computer application scientific industrial and business. Functions of an operating system. Disk operating system. Disk operating system. Disk operating system. a) . Concept of GUI, Modes of starting on different occasions. b) Desktop, Icon, selecting, choosing, drag and drop. c) My computer, network neighbourhood/network places. d) Recycle bin, briefcase, task bar, start menu, tool bar, and menus. e)Windows Explorer. f) Properties of files and folders. g) Executing application programs. h) Properties of connected devices. i) Applications under windows accessories. j) Windows Help. k) Finding files, folders, computers. l) Control panel. Installed devices and properties.	view of a monitor,.	addition, decimal to binary, binary to decimal, decimal to hexadecimal, hexadecimal to decimal.
37	 • 3 types of media to use when backing up your data, and when each method is appropriate • How to create automated backups to ensure you always have a recent backup 	Utilities for recovering data from defective/bad hard disks. a) Introduction to removable storage devices, Bulk data storage devices-magnetic, optical, magneto optical drives, WORM	Connections of a Computer	Binary addition and subtraction.

	 Learn how to manually backup data How to make an exact copy (clone) of a hard drive Hardware Troubleshooting The danger in not diagnosing problems first Learn how to test your RAM Check your hard drive for errors PC Cleaning The best cleaning supplies to use How to increase airflow and increase your computer's lifespan How to clean your computer 	drives. b) CD ROM drives- Technology, Types of CD drives, working principle application. c) Technology, working principle, capacity, media of DAT Drive and back-up procedures. d) Technology, working principle, capacity, media of DVD ROM drive . e) Technology, working principle, capacity, media of CD WRITER and use different modes of writing on a CD. Using of utility for CD writing.		
38	 Hard Drives Partitioning hard disk (primary and extended partitions) Hard Drive Failures How To Troubleshoot a Noisy Hard Drive How to Format a Hard Drive How to Completely Erase a Hard Disk Drive Installation and configuration of storage devices. Integration of PATA and SATA drivers. Recover emails, files, and data from a crashed hard drive or computer Virus Removal How to run a full system 	 What's Inside a Hard Drive? How Hard Disks Work Inside: Hard Drive Motherboard Desktop Hard Drive Buyer's Guide What is RAID? Using Multiple Hard Drives for Performance and Reliability Partitioning hard disk (primary and extended partitions) Learn how to prevent your PC from getting malware All the different types of malware and how they attack your PC 	Diagram of a Hard disk, diagram of internal components and structure.	Calculation of Hard disk capacity, Read /write time, latency time, seek time.

	scan • How to fix your browser from redirecting to other websites (browser hijack) • Using a modern antivirus utility • When utilities don't fix everything, how to manually remove a virus • 2 specific things to disable when trying to get rid of a nasty virus • 2 special utilities that work wonders	The difference between Anti-Virus and Anti-Spyware software		
39	 System Utilities How to check to see if your hard drive has bad sectors Fix the master boot record How to run an in-place installation Using Task manager and Event Viewer Using System Monitor and Performance Logs Configure config.sys file. Wser Account Customization How to create and configure user accounts in Windows XP,Vista,7/8 Make Changes to an Account Changing the storage location of the personal folders Changing the storage location of installed software Setting up Parental Controls in Windows XP,Vista,7, 8 How to Use Fast User Switching in Windows View Hidden Files and Folders Lock Down Windows 7 / 8 With User Account Control 	Bad Sectors in Hard disk, Master Boot Record, in-place installation, Registry fixing, performance level check, Shortcut fixing, Fixing Startup process, log, etc. Users and user account. Privileges, scope, permissions etc. Concept of Virtual Machine.	Pin diagram and block diagram of RAM, ROM, EPROM, Dynamic ROM Chips.	Definition of Scalar and Vector, notations.

	How to Delete User Accounts in Windows			
40	Windows Update & Device Driver • How to find your system version in Windows, Linux • Installing a service pack • How to perform a Windows Update Software Installation • Installing a software program in windows • How to run a file from MS-DOS • Extracting or uncompressing a compressed file • How to compress or make files into one file • Extracting files from the Windows cabinets • Uninstalling Windows software • Unable to remove a program from Windows Add/Remove programs	Version of a software, Service pack, Updating of OS, Different configurations of Computer system and its peripherals, Compatible with different hardware/software. Software Installation – Pre-installation – Pre-equisites, Install procedure, Rollback or Un-install procedure, Tests. Post-installation – Backup procedure & specifications, Restore procedure, Periodical view check. Awareness of legal aspects of using computers such as copyright, patent etc.	Diagram of servo motor and stepper motor with external connections	Addition and subtraction of vectors.
41	 Installing Hardware Drivers How To Update Drivers in Windows How To Roll Back a Driver in Windows Familiarization with Device manager. Interfacing with cellphone, tablet PC, synchronization of contacts. Windows Utilities How to Repair Corrupted Files Problems How to check for corrupted files Restore your machine back to normal 	 What is a Driver? What hardware device drivers should be updated What is a Device manager? Computer Maintenance Tips and Tricks to Backup, Scan and Clean Power on self test, Peripheral diagnostics, general purpose diagnostics, Operating system diagnostics. Hardware boot process, Windows boot process. 	Top view of a motherboard showing chip set and slots etc.	Scalar and cross product. Simple problems

	 Hard disk is filling up, what should one do? Where's the disk space? Top 15 Ways to Speed Up the Computer How to Automatically Clean and Organize the Desktop, Downloads, and Other Folders 5 Simple Rules To Keep Files Organized 5 Reasons - Computer Is Running Slow 			
42	 Junk File Removal How to Remove Junk Files How to completely remove "deleted" files How to clear web browser cache firefox, ie, chrome, 5 steps to clean up your computer files Personalize your Windows XP-based PC 	Junk files, deleted files, configuration of internet browser. - Introduction to UNIX/LINUX and its structure Files and Processes in Linux Directory structure of Linux O.S.	Diagram of different connectors, CPU sockets.	AC circuits: Power, VA, KVA, Watts, KW, related exercise, power factor.
	 Linux OS Using a Linux Live CD Why you want a Linux Live CD Use Ubuntu Live CD to Backup Files from Your Dead Windows Computer Using a liveCD as your Linux Desktop Outlook Configure & Backup Configure outlook Backup and Restore Outlook How to restore the Outlook default installation, toolbars and settings Restore Deleted Items from an Outlook PST-file 	Outlook – Add and use contacts, Calendar basics, Recall and replace sent messages, Send automatic replies when you're out of the office, The ins and outs of BCC, Use Instant Search to find Calendar items, Use Instant Search to find contacts, Use Instant Search to find messages and text, Add holidays to your calendar, Create or delete a search folder, Import and export vCards to Outlook contacts, Make the switch to Outlook 2013, Reach out with contact groups (distribution lists), Send or delete an		

				1
43	 Laptop PCs: Identification of laptop sections and connectors. Assembling and disassembling a Laptop. Checking of various parts of a laptop. Checking of batteries and adaptors. Replacing different parts of laptops. Upgrading RAM, HDD and other parts. Testing, fault finding and troubleshooting techniques. POST codes and their meaning, fixing of problems based on codes. Enabling support for SATA technology. Installation of OS using SATA technology drivers. Laptop troubleshooting Latest Tools & Gadgets For Desktop/Laptop 	email stuck in your outbox, Take calendars to the next level, Track email with read receipts, Password protect your mailbox, Use rules to manage your email. • Introduction of laptop and comparison of various Laptops. • Block diagram of laptop & description of all its sections. • Study of parts of a laptop. • Input system: Touchpad, Trackball, Track point, Docking station, Upgrade memory, hard disk, replacing battery, Configuring wireless internet in a laptop, • Latest Tools & Gadgets For Desktop/Laptop Repairs	Front and Rear view of a Laptop PC.	Diodes: Rectifier, peak voltage, PIV, Rectifier efficiency.
44-45	Repairs SMPS	a) DC power source	Block diagram	Specifications
	a) Remove the SMPS from PC cabinet. Identify the types of output connectors of SMPS. b) Identify output voltages using colour coding. Measure voltage levels. Test power cable and fuse.	to PC. Need for SMPS. Specifications. Rating of SMPS based on type of motherboard and devices used. (AT /ATX, Micro ATX, mini ATX) b) Colour coding adopted. Types of connectors used. Output voltage	of SMPS and diagram of various power connectors. 3 d view of SMPS	and Rating of SMPS. Power Good.

	\	1 1 3 5		1
	c) Open and cleaning	levels. Measuring		
	the cooling fan and	technique.		
	other parts.	c) Precautions to		
	d) Fix the SMPS inside	be taken while		
	the PC	cleaning the		
	cabinet and test PC.	internal area of		
		SMPS.		
	Use Of Debug Card Post	d) Precautions to be		
	Error & Code, SMPS	taken while fixing		
	Tester, PCI slot testing	the SMPS inside the		
	tool.			
46.47		cabinet.	T	lata an ann an al
46-47	MotherBoard / System	a) Mother board	Top view of a	Interpersonal
	<u>board</u>	function, types,	mother	relation
	a) Remove the mother	Main components	board showing	ship and group
	board from PC cabinet.	on the mother	chip set and	behaviours.
	Identify the main	board and their	slots etc	
	components on the	interconnection.	Diagram of	
	mother board.	Functional	different	
	b) Identify the form	description of	connectors,	
	factor of the mother	mother board,	CPU sockets	
	board.	specification and		
	c) Identify the chipset	variation.		
	used.	Precautions to be		
	d) Identify the number	taken before		
	of slots available for			
	add-in cards (ISA, PCI,	C		
	•	mother board		
	AGP).	from PC		
	e) Identify the type of	cabinet		
	processor	b) Form factor of		
	connector(slot/socket/d	mother board. c)		
	ual).	Meaning and		
	f) Identify the BIOS	function of chips		
	ROM, make, version.	sets.		
	g) Identify the jumper	Manufacturers,		
	settings(if any)	comparison,		
	on the mother board.	importance of		
	h) Identify the types of	quality chip set		
	slots available for	for performance of		
	memory modules.	PC.		
	i) Identify the			
	connectors for Hard	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	disk(IDE)	evolution, speed,		
	j) Identify the connector	latest trends		
	for FDD	(ISA, PCI, AGP,		
		new trends).		
	k) Identify the connector	e) Types of		
	for COMI, Com2.	processor		
	l) Identify the	connectors,		
	connectors for PS/2.	examples of latest		
	m) Identify the	processor		
	connectors for USB.	connectors,		

- n) Identify the connectors for Game port.
- o) Identify the connector for parallel port(Centronics).
- p) Identify the connector forKeyboard(in exclusively

Keyboard(in exclusively available)

- q) Identify the specifications of the Lithium battery.
- r) Identify any other special component available on the mother board.
- s) Identify the connectors for front panel switches and display.

- number of pins.
- f) Function of BIOS, manufacturers of BIOS.
- **IDE** g) ports available. Primary, secondary. Number of drives that can be connected. Methods of adding **SCSI** drives.
- h) Details of FDD connector on mother board.
- i) Facility for serial Communication ports on mother board.
- j) Facility for PS/2 Communication ports on mother board.
- k) Meaning and advantage of USB ports. Facility for USB
 Communication ports on mother board.
- Facility for game ports on mother board.
- m) Facility for parallel
 Communication port on mother board.
- n) Type of connectors in which keyboards cab be used, old type full size DIN connector.
- o) Need of

	1			1
		Lithium battery.		
		Its		
		specifications.		
		Replacement		
		procedure.		
		Effect of		
		removing the		
		battery from		
		mother board.		
		p) Other special		
		components		
		available on mother		
		boards such as		
		integrated		
		devices/drivers,		
48	Possible upgrading /	a) Effect of weak	- Do -	Dynamic and
	changing components	/dead battery on PC		Static RAM.
	on the mother board.	performance.		Quality control
	a) Replace the weak /	Identifying weak/dead		standard and
	dead battery on the	battery. Precautions to		institutions.
	mother board.	be taken before		
	b) Replace/upgrade	replacing the battery.		
	RAM memory	Setting to be done		
	modules.	after replacing the		
	c) Replacing/upgrading	battery.		
	Processor.	Organization of		
		RAM, types of		
	d) Carryout Jumper	RAM's, Module		
	setting on mother	types, pins,		
	board.	replacement		
		procedure and		
	e) Changing CMOS set-	precautions.		
	up and setting system	Compatibility of		
	level password.	memory modules to		
		the motherboard.		
		Type of processors,		
		generation, features,		
		speed, popular		
		manufacturers.		
		Advantages and		
		possibility of		
		upgrading Processor		
		of a PC. Mother		
		board/Chipset/ speed/		
		connector/power/othe		
		r compatibility		
		criteria for upgrading		
		processor.		
		Precautions to be		
1				

and placing processor in sockets and slots. d) Types of jumper settings on motherboard. Its functions and effects. e) CMOS set-up features. Need and procedure for changing the CMOS set-up. Updating Flash BIOS. 49 Memory a) Memory devices, Pin diagram of Calculation	
d) Types of jumper settings on motherboard. Its functions and effects. e) CMOS set-up features. Need and procedure for changing the CMOS set-up. Updating Flash BIOS. 49 Memory a) Memory devices, Pin diagram of Calculation	
settings on motherboard. Its functions and effects. e) CMOS set-up features. Need and procedure for changing the CMOS set-up. Updating Flash BIOS. 49 Memory a) Memory devices, Pin diagram of Calculation	
motherboard. Its functions and effects. e) CMOS set-up features. Need and procedure for changing the CMOS set-up. Updating Flash BIOS. 49 Memory a) Memory devices, Pin diagram of Calculation	
functions and effects. e) CMOS set-up features. Need and procedure for changing the CMOS set-up. Updating Flash BIOS. 49 Memory a) Memory devices, Pin diagram of Calculation	
e) CMOS set-up features. Need and procedure for changing the CMOS set-up. Updating Flash BIOS. 49 Memory a) Memory devices, Pin diagram of Calculation	
features. Need and procedure for changing the CMOS set-up. Updating Flash BIOS. 49 Memory a) Memory devices, Pin diagram of Calculation	
features. Need and procedure for changing the CMOS set-up. Updating Flash BIOS. 49 Memory a) Memory devices, Pin diagram of Calculation	
procedure for changing the CMOS set-up. Updating Flash BIOS. 49 Memory a) Memory devices, Pin diagram of Calculation	
the CMOS set-up. Updating Flash BIOS. 49 Memory a) Memory devices, Pin diagram of Calculation	
Updating Flash BIOS. 49 Memory a) Memory devices, Pin diagram of Calculation	
49 <u>Memory</u> a) Memory devices, Pin diagram of Calculation	
T1 100 11 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	of
a) Identification of types & principle of RAM, the capacity	of
different types of storing. Data DPROM etc. RAM.	
memory devices. organization 4 bit, 8	
b) Identification of bit, word.	
memory chips. b) Semiconductor	
c) Identification of memories, RAM,	
SIMM and ROM, PROM,	
EMPROM,	
DIMM memory EEPROM, Static and	
modules, number of dynamic.	
pins, type. c) Example of memory chips, pin	
diagram, pin function	
of popularly used	
RAM, EPROM, and	
EEPROM Chips in	
PC's.	
	&
	eu
totally following the Concepts – safety precautions.	
(22)	
performance.	
c) instant operating	
System and necessary	
driver, taking backup and	
restore system.	
d) Rectify a defective	
System and make it as	
Shlooth working system.	
e) Housieshoot / Repair / identification	
Replace all SIVIF S/RAIVI.	
1) Check Hard disk error, generation and	
partition, format different implementation. Root	
types of Hard disk drives.	

52	EXAMINATION	
	Gemba Gembutsu.	
	diagram), 5 why's or	
	Effect diagram (fishbone	
	summery table. Cause &	
	cause map, Root cause	

Syllabus for the Trade of

"INFORMATION & COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM MAINTENANCE"

Under CTS

Duration: 6 months

Semester -III

Week			Engineering	Workshop Cal.
No.	Practical	Theory	Drawing	& Sc.
53-55	Linux operating system Installing UNIX / LINUX Preparing functional system UNIX/LINUX Adding new users, software, material components Making back-up copies of the index and files Dealing with the files and indexes	Linux operating system - Basic Linux commands Linux file system, The Shell, Users and file permissions, vi editor, X window system, Filter Commands, Processes, Shell Scripting.	Use of drawing instruments, 'T' square, drawing board, construction of simple figures & solids with dimensions, use of different types of scales in inch & millimeters, lettering numbers & alphabets. Diagram of Linux file system.	Entrepreneurshi p and financial assistance from financial institutions.
56-58	Printers & Plotters a) Testing front panel controls. Interface pins, cables, measurement of voltages and waveforms. b) Installing a printer and carrying self- test. c) Replacing ribbon in a DMP. d) Refilling ribbon tape of DMP. e) Testing and Rectifying defective cable. f) Removing and cleaning printer head. g) Replacing a new printer head. h) Testing and servicing Printer power supply. i) Changing rollers and other mechanical parts. j) Tracing the control board and identifying defective components. Servicing of control board. k) Replacement of toner	a) Types of printers, Dot Matrix printers laser printer, Ink jet printer, line printer. Block diagram and function of each unit head assembly, carriage, and paper feed mechanism. Front panel controls and interfaces. Pin details of interface port. b) Installation of a printer driver. And self test. c) Ribbon types used. d) Refilling of ribbons. e) Printer cable testing defects, effect and servicing. f) Printer head, types, cleaning procedures. g) Precaution to be taken while removing and replacing printer head assembly. h) Pinter power supply, circuit analysis, defects, servicing.	Block diagram of different types of printers. Showing various functional units	Selection, Estimation of time and spares for servicing jobs.

	cartridge of laser printers.	 i) Carriage motor 			
	 Refilling toner cartridge 	assembly, paper feed			
	of laser printers.	assembly, sensors.			
	m) Drum cleaning and	Procedure for dismantling			
	replacement in of laser	and replacing mechanical			
	printers.	parts.			
	n) Testing and servicing	j) Printer control board,			
	Printer power supply of	circuit, function, probable			
	laser printers.	defects, servicing.			
	o) Changing mechanical	k) Working principle of			
	parts of laser printers.	LASER printer.			
	p) Tracing the control	l) Toner cartridge, types,			
	board circuit and	replacing toner cartridges			
	identifying defective	m) Refilling toner			
	components. Servicing of	cartridges, equipment			
	control board of laser	available for refilling and			
	printers.	procedure.			
	q) Replacement of ink	n) Printer drum, function,			
	cartridge of deskjet/inkjet	cleaning and replacing			
	printers.	procedure.			
	r) Refilling ink cartridge	o) Power supply in laser			
	of deskjet/inkjet printers.	printers, circuit, defects,			
	s) Drum cleaning and	servicing.			
	replacement in	p) Mechanical parts and			
	deskjet/inkjet printers	sensors on laser printer,			
	t) Testing and servicing	function, replacement			
	Printer power supply of	procedure.			
	deskjet/inkjet printers	q) Control board(s) in			
	u) Changing mechanical	laser printer, circuit			
	parts of deskjet/inkjet	diagram, defects and			
	printers	servicing procedure.			
	v) Tracing the control	r) Working principle of			
	board and identifying	INK JET/Deskjet printers.			
	defective components.	Type of ink used and			
	Servicing of control board	replacement of ink			
	of deskjet/inkjet printers.	cartridge.			
	w) Connecting and using	s) Refilling of ink,			
	high speed line printers.	equipment available,			
	x) Replacing spares of line	quality of refilled			
	printers.	cartridges.			
	y) Self test procedures in	t) Printer drum, function,			
	printers.	cleaning and replacing			
	Use of diagnostics software	procedure.			
	for serving printers.	u) Power supply in inkjet			
		printers, circuit, defects,			
		servicing.			
		v) Mechanical parts and			
		sensors on inkjet printer,			
		function.			
		w) Working principle of			
		Plotter and its common			
		faults.			
59-60	Scanner & MFD	Working principles of	Block	diagram	- Do -
32 00	Scanner – Installtion,	Scanner, Barcode Scanner,	of	different	
	Soumer mountain,	Soumer, Bureoue Seamer,	0 1	amoroni	

	configuration, using	Network Scanner.	types of	
	Automatic Document	Working principles of	Scanners and	
	Feeder(ADF), OCR.	Multifunction Printer,	MFDs. Showing	
	Barcode Scanner –	Passbook printer, High	various	
	Installation and	Speed Printer, Line Printer,	functional units	
	configuration.	Network Printer.		
	Network Scanner –	Print Server.		
	Installation and	1 11110 201 (01)		
	configuration.			
	Troubleshooting of			
	Scanner.			
	Multifunction Printer –			
	Installation, Replacing			
	supplies and spares,			
	troubleshooting,			
	Passbook Printer –			
	Installation, calibration,			
	configuration &			
	troubleshooting.			
	Replacement of Supplies			
	and maintenance.			
	Network Printer –			
	Installation and			
	configuration,			
	troubleshooting.			
	How to update the flash of			
	Motherboard, printer,			
	scanner and modem etc.			
61-62	Monitor, display card	a) Types of monitor,	Front and rear	Specification,
	and driver.	Monochrome	view of LCD,	pixel, resolution,
	a) Identify the type of	and colour, CGA,	TFT monitor	raster scan,
	monitor	EGA, VGA, SVGA,	and CRT	polarised and
	connected to PC.	Digital Analogue,	display.	unpolarised
	Specifications, front		alopiay.	light.
	panel controls and	interlaced non interlaced.		iigiit.
	settings.			
		Specifications and		
	b) Identify the	comparison		
	specifications of the	of Monitors. Front panel		
	display driver card	controls brightness,		
	installed in the PC.	contrast, horizontal		
	c) Remove the display	and vertical height		
	driver card	settings.		
	and identify the main	b) Display cards,		
	components and	bus standards, types		
	•			
ĺ	connectors on the	CGA, EGA VGA,		
	connectors on the display driver card.	CGA, EGA VGA, SVGA, AGP ,		
	display driver card.	SVGA, AGP ,		
	display driver card. d) Replace the display	SVGA, AGP , memory and drivers.		
	display driver card. d) Replace the display driver card and re-	SVGA, AGP , memory and drivers. Main components and		
	display driver card. d) Replace the display driver card and reinstall. (before	SVGA, AGP, memory and drivers. Main components and connectors on display		
	display driver card. d) Replace the display driver card and re-	SVGA, AGP , memory and drivers. Main components and		

	installed driver should be removed from device manager) e) Change the exiting display card with a different card given and install. f) Servicing of monitors, changing fuses, adjusting colors, brightness and contrast. Setting resolution, loading drivers. Checking and replacing components on the PCB. Checking and adjusting LCD Monitors. g) Install, configure and operate LCD Projector. h) Install and Configure Touch Pad.	chips and dual port feature principle of working and use of display memory. Installing display drivers, setting features. e) Information required before changing the display driver card and precautions to be taken while installing a display driver card. LCD and TFT Monitors. Understanding the difference between flat screens and CRT display systems Understanding the displays memory and its effect on quality and performance. Working principle of LCD Projector, its specification, configuration and common faults. Working Principle of		
63-64	Sound Card a) Identify the specifications of the installed sound card in the PC. b) Identify and adjust the playback and recording properties of sound card/driver. c) Remove the sound card from PC and identify the main components on the card. d) Replace the card and reinstall the sound card and set properties. e) Change the existing sound card with a different card given and install.	a) Specifications of sound card 16/32 bit stereo mono . Frequency response, sound file format, compression and decompression Principle of working and functional units of sound card. Installation procedure of sound cards. Setting playback and recording features. Main components on a sound card and its working. Properties and specification of sound cards. e) Information and resources required before installation of sound	Diagram of Audio amplifier, audio symbols, connectors.	Audio frequency, decibel, mono, stereo, woofer, subwoofer, tweeter, surround sound, Dolby digital

65-66	f) Connect the speaker and microphone, adjust the controls for better quality sound and testing. g) Interconnect laptop to a multimedia projector and carryout adjustments. h) Replace battery pack in laptops and carryout general maintenance. UPS a) Identify the specifications of UPS. b) Switch-on and Switch-off procedure of UPS. c) Measurement of	card. f) Type of speaker and microphone, frequency response, control adjustments, cable and connectors of speaker. Laptops, advantages, essential difference in construction, additional features, PCMCIA cards. h) General maintenance procedures and replacement of battery a) Block diagram of UPS, Principle of working of offline and on line UPS. b) Role of battery, specification of	Front rear and block diagram of UPS	Industrial Acts. Introduction to trigonometry and ratio.
	Input/output voltage / current levels, battery charge level. d) Identifying status of	battery inverter and charging circuit. Procedure for switching on-off		
	UPS from front panel indicators. e) Carryout routine maintenance of	inverter/UPS. c) Study of typical working UPS circuit, explanation of each		
	battery , battery terminals, loose contacts etc., f) Test UPS as per	stage involved. Voltage, current , frequency and		
	specification. Verification of back-up time. g) Circuit tracing and	KVA specifications. d) Controls of different type of		
	fault finding practice. h) Servicing of UPS by simulating more likely faults and systematic approach to identify	UPS: On-line, Off-line, Line interactive etc., Typical circuit blocks.		
	and rectify them.	e) Routine maintenance of battery and UPS. f) Back-up time, its		
		dependence on battery, load and its calculations.		

	T	\ 		
		g) Possible problems		
		in UPS, fault finding		
		procedures.		
		h) Simulated faults and		
		serving of		
		UPS.		
67-68	<u>Modem</u>	Modem Fundamentals.	Views of	Bit, Byte, Data
	Installation and	Band width, baud rate,	different Cards,	transmission it
	configuration of different	wireless communication,	cables and	speed and its
	types of Modem e.g.	synchronous /	connectors.	constraints.
	DSL, ADSL, Data Card,	asynchronous transmission.		
	Dongle etc.	IRQ, DMA, Memory		
		Address, I/O address,		
	System Resources	Resource Conflict, Plug		
	Practice on setting IRQ,	& Play Concept.		
	DMA, Memory Address,	Different latest Add on		
	I/O address, Resource	Cards – (Identification in		
	Conflict, Plug & Play.	terms of I/O slot and		
		connectors)		
	Practice on Add on	ŕ		
	Cards, Cables &			
	Connectors			
	(AGP, PCI Express, TV			
	Tuner Card, DVR card,			
	Video Capture, SCSI.			
	USB, NIC, Firewire,			
	Card reader, network			
	storage, Game video			
	card, Camera etc.)			
69	POST Code	1) Recognise POST error	Diagram of	Boolean
	1) Rectify the serial,	message code as an	Different types	Algebra.
	parallel and USB	indication of a serial,	of Input and	
	problem by reinsertion or	parallel and USB	Output Devices.	
	replacement.	problem.	'	
	2) Rectify the printers	2) Recognise POST error		
	problem by reinsertion or	message code as an		
	replacement.	indication of a printer's		
	3) Rectify the MODEM	problem.		
	problem by reinsertion or	3) Recognise POST error		
	replacement.	message code as an		
	4) Rectify the windows	indication of a MODEM		
	start-up problem by	problem.		
	reinsertion or	4) Recognise POST error		
	replacement.	message code as an		
	5) Rectify the illegal	indication of a windows		
	operational problem by	start-up problem.		
	reinsertion or	5) Recognise POST error		
	replacement.	message code as an		
	6) Rectify the virus	indication of an illegal		
	protection utility problem	operational problem.		
	by reinsertion or	6) Recognise POST error		
	of removinous	o, recognise i ob i citor		

	replacement. 7) Rectify the networks problem by reinsertion or replacement. 8) Rectify the external devises problem by reinsertion or replacement.	message code as an indication of a virus protection utility problem. 7) Recognise POST error message code as an indication of a networks problem. 8) Recognise POST error message code as an indication of an external devises problem.		
70-71	Upgrading of System: Mother board, Memory, CPU, Graphic Card, BIOS upgradation, Additional features, Updating of System Software & Application Software (Requirement & How to update) Practice on Back up Drives: Pen Drive U3 format, Zip Drive, Tape Drive, USB External Drive (HDD, CD/D VD writer), Types, capacity, interface connector, write protection, Trouble Shooting, Interface, Installation, casing for external drive.	Understand the limitation of a PC and scope for upgrading. Understand technical specifications for PC upgrading. a) Introduction to removable storage devices, Bulk data storage devices-magnetic, optical, magneto optical drives, WORM drives. b) Minor repairs and maintenance of CD ROM drives. c) Technology, working principle, capacity, media of ZIP drives. d) Important parts and functions of a ZIP drive. e) Minor repairs and maintenance of ZIP drive. f) Important parts and functions of DAT drive. g) Minor repairs and maintenance of DAT drive. h) Important parts and functions of DAT drive.	- Do -	Corrective Maintenance, Customised Maintenance, Enhancement Maintenance, Preventive Maintenance.
		DVD ROM drive. i) Minor repair works on a DVD		

	T	DO16.1.		
		ROM drive.		
		j) Minor repair		
		works on a CD		
		WRITER.		
		k) Technology,		
		working principle,		
		capacity, media of		
		Magneto- Optical Disk		
		(MOD) drives.		
		\ /		
		Applications.		
		l) Important parts and		
		functions of		
		MOD drive.		
		m) Minor repair		
		works on MOD.		
		n) Latest trends in		
		backup devices /		
		media.		
72-73	Maintenance and	a) Safety precautions in	- Do -	Handling e-
12-13	Troubleshooting of PC.	handling PC, sub	- 50 -	Wastage.
	a) Running diagnostics	assemblies and		Problems on
	program to identify the	components, Important		Mensuration.
	health and defects of a	points to be considered		
	PC. Check system	while purchasing and		
	performance using third	replacing components.		
	party utilities. Use	Concept of Preventive		
	benchmarking utilities to	and corrective		
	benchmark systems.	maintenance. Tools		
	b) Identify the defect in	required, Active &		
	PC from the audible	Passive Maintenance,		
	and observable	Maintenance scheduling.		
	symptoms such as beep	Need of diagnostics		
	sounds, post messages.	program. Features,		
	hanged keyboard,	limitations. Examples of		
	erratic display etc., and	commonly used		
	corrective action.	diagnostic programs.		
		b) Probable defects in		
	c) Tracing the circuit of	PC.		
	a KB.	Localizing faults		
	d) Trouble shooting	_		
	defects related to	through its observable		
	Keyboard and its	visual or audio		
	related ports ports loose	symptoms and		
	connections, replacing	possible methods for		
	cable, replacing keys	rectification		
	(DIN,PS/2,USB).	/servicing.		
	e) Trouble shooting	Understanding		
	defects related to Mouse	serviceability of		
		component. Economy		
	and its related ports	in repair/replacement.		
	loose connections,	c) Block diagram of		
	replacing cable,			
		a KB, function of		

- replacing roller and sensing elements. (COM,PS/2,USB).
- f) Study of interface cable connector, replacing of subassemblies of Light pen, scanner, digitizer
- g) Trouble shooting defects related to HDD,(practice of replacing motor, head, PCB among faulty drives) cable and connector.
- h) Trouble shooting defects related to CD ROM Drive, Attempting for replacement and adjustments) cable and connector.
- i) Trouble shooting defects relatedPorts to Jumper setting.
- j) Trouble shooting defects related to Processor.
- k) Trouble shooting defects related toRAM memory modules.
- l) Trouble shooting defects related BIOS.
- m) Trouble shooting defects related to CMOS setup.
- n) Trouble shooting defects related to Battery.

- controller, LED driver Sample circuit
- d) Defects related to Keyboard and its related ports(DIN,PS/2,USB) Discontinuity in cable, and bad keys. Servicing procedure.
- e) Defects related to Mouse and its related ports(COM,PS/2,USB) and servicing procedure.
- f) Working principle, electro mechanical circuits of Light pen scanner and digitizer.
- g) Defects and symptoms related to HDD and its cable, connector and servicing procedure.
- h) Defects related to CD ROM Drive jamming of mechanical assembly mal function of control circuit. and its cable, connector and servicing procedure.
- i) Defects
 related to Ports
 jumper setting on
 mother
 board and servicing
 procedure.
- j) Defects related to processor,its socket,cooling andservicingprocedure
- k) Defects related to RAM memory module connector and servicing procedure.
- l) Defects related to BIOS, upgrading and servicing

				-
	pı	ocedure.		
	m) Defects related		
	to	CMOS, COMS		
	se	etup and servicing		
		ocedure.		
	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{r} \\ \mathbf{n} \end{array}\right)$			
	1 1	attery and servicing		
		cocedure.		
74-75 Tablet / Smart D		Circuit Board /	Front and Rear	Specification of
1 dotter Smart D	<u> </u>	Motherboard	view of Tablet.	Desktop PC,
 Assembling & 	,	Introduction.		Laptop, Tablet,
I				Smart Devices.
disassembling		Study of parts of a		10.
different types		tablet PC / smart		Warranty & Guarantee and
tablets / Smart	į	devices.		their differences.
Devices.	. •	Testing of various		aicii dilici cilces.
 Testing of var 		parts with multimeter.		
parts with mul	ltimeter.			
	•	Steps of repairing		
 Replacing of f 	aulty	various hardware		
parts.		problems.		
 Fault finding a 	& •	Advanced		
troubleshootin	ıg.	troubleshooting		
 Practice Adva 	nced	techniques.		
troubleshootin	ng	1		
techniques.	•	Introduction of various		
		software faults.		
 Flashing of va 	rious	Flashing of various		
brands of table		brands of tablets /		
smart devices.		smart devices.		
Upgrading operations	erating	Upgrading operating		
systems.		systems.		
• Formatting of		Locking & Unlocking		
affected devic		of handsets.		
 Unlocking of 		Concept of iOS,		
through codes	and	Android, Icecream		
software.		sandwich, jellybeans.		
 Troubleshooti 	_	Concept of PhoneGap.		
settings faults.				
 Working with 	iOS,			
Android, Iceci	ream			
sandwich, Jell	ybeans.			
 Installation of 	-			
PhoneGap fram	mework.			
76 Internet and Web		ternet and Web Browser	Block diagram	Proprietary and
Practice web		orld wide web and	of Internet.	Open Source
using popular	_	ebsite		Items.
browsing		eb Browsing and popular		
Configuring web b		eb browsing software.		
Search for conte	_	troduction to Search		
popular search eng		ngines, Popular Search		
Use favourite for	older for en	gines.		

	browsing quickly.	Concept of Favourites		
	Downloading & Printing	_		
	WebPages.	What is an Electronic Mail.		
	Using e-mail – Opening &			
	configuring email client,			
	mailbox: inbox and outbox,	Address book, SPAM.		
	-	Address book, St Aivi.		
	Creating and sending e-	Class I Commenting		
	mail, Replying to an e-mail	·		
	message, Forwarding and	Introduction to Cloud		
	e-mail message, Sorting			
	and searching emails.	Cloud service providers &		
	Sending document/softcopy	to create an account.		
	by email, activating spell			
	checking, using address			
	book, Handling SPAM,	_		
	Removal of Cookies.	Security.		
		Introduction to Cyber Laws		
	Cloud Computing	& IT Act.		
	Work with Cloud services.	Importance of privacy and		
		techniques to manage it.		
77	Project Work (any one)		Diagram related	Calculation &
	Troubleshoot / Repair / Repl	ace a faulty Printer /	with Project	Science related
	Scanner / UPS / MFD / VDU /	Add-on card /Spares,		with Project.
	Installation & configuration of	of LINUX, Configure Outlook,		
	Setting / Configuring Tablet /	Android etc.		
78	EXAMII	NATION		

Syllabus for the Trade of

"INFORMATION & COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM MAINTENANCE"

Under CTS

Semester - IV

<u>Duration : 6 months</u>

Week No.	Practical	Theory	Engineering Drawing	Workshop Cal. & Sc.
79	Components of the Computer Network. Familiarization with various Network devices, Connectors and Cables. Understanding the Layout of network.	Introduction to Computer Networks – Advantages of Networking, Peer-to-Peer and Client/Server Network. Network Topologies – Star, Ring, Bus, Tree, Mesh, Hybrid. Type of Networks – Local Area Networks (LAN), Metropolitan Area Networks (MAN), Wide Area Networks (WAN) and Internet, Ethernet, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, Mobile Networking, Wire and wireless Networking. Difference between Intranet and Internet.	Block diagram of different types of network and network devices. Block diagram of different network topologies.	Quality control standard and institutions.
80-81	Crimping & Punching Crimping practice with straight and cross CAT 5 cables. Punching practice in IO Box and patch panel. Crimping and making cables.	Communication Media & Connectors – Unshielded twisted-pair (UTP), shielded twisted-pair (STP), Filber Optics and coaxial cable: RJ-45, RJ-11, BNC. Understanding color codes of CAT5 cable. 568A and 568B convention.	Diagram of different Network cables and connectors.	Standards of Cables and connectors.
82	Cabling Create cabling in a lab with HUB/Switch and IO Boxes and patch panel. Fitting Switch Rack.	Introduction to Data Communication – Analog and Digital Signals, Simplex, Half-Duplex and Full- Duplex transmission mode.	Diagram of different tools to setup a computer network.	Calculation of Network Speed. Bandwidth, Baud Rate, Half Duplex and full duplex.
83	Install & configure a Network. Installing & Configuring a Peer-to-Peer Network using Windows Software. Making cables by crimping.	OSI Model - The functions of different layers in OSI model	Diagram of OSI layers.	Layer wise network equipment, accessories and protocols.

	Connect computers using Bluetooth.			
	Bractootii.			
84-85	Configuration of Data communication equipments. Connecting computers with Network with Drop cable and using Wi Fi configuration. Basic Programmable switch Configuration Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) Command Line Interface IP Routing Process Verifying Configuration	Modems, Firewall, Hubs, Bridges, Routers, Gateways, Repeaters, Transceivers, Switches, Access point, etc. – their types, functions, advantages and applications. IP Routing in Network	Diagram of a basic and advanced wi-fi network.	Protocols, transmission and reception process, speed.
86	IP Addressing & TCP/IP IP Addressing technique(IP4/IP6) and Subnetting and Supernetting the network. Installation and Configuration of TCP/IP Protocol. Practice TCP/IP Utilities: PING, IPCONFIG, HOSTNAME, ROUTE, TRACERT etc. Setup and configure a Virtual LAN	Protocols, TCP/IP, FTP, Telnet etc., Theory on Setting IP Address(IP4/IP6) & Subnet Mask, Classes of IP Addressing. Overview of Virtual LAN VLAN Memberships Identifying VLAN Trunking - VLAN Trunk Protocol (VTP) Concept of Translator Gateways.	Diagram of subnet and super net.	IP Addressing and subnetting.
87	Other Network Protocols Working with SMTP, TELNET, FTP, HTTP, SNMP, LDAP etc. Practice on configuring DHCP.	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP), Telnet, File Transfer Protocol (FTP), Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP), Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol). Network Security. Concept of Dynamic Host Control Protocol	Block diagram of different types of internet protocol system.	- Do -
88-89	SharingResource&Internet connection.SharingResourceandAdvance Sharing Setting.Installing Proxy Server.	Concept of Internet. Architecture of Internet. DNS Server. Internet Access Techniques, ISPs and	Diagram of distributed networking.	DSL Speed Calculation.

90	Exposure and using Internet. Setting E-mail accounts. Conferencing. Installing and Configuring Internet Connection on a PC using Broadband or Dongle. Network Protection and troubleshooting. Setting up basic protection using public keys and MAC address filters. Integrate wired	examples(Broadband/Dialu p/Wifi). Concept of Social Networking Sites, Video Calling & Conferencing. Concept of VIRUS and its Protection using Anti Virus, UTM and Firewall. Collaborating using wired and wireless networks, Protecting a Network, Network performance study and enhancement.	Schematic diagram of network models with different configuration	Standards of Wi-fi Network. Antenna and its types.
	with wireless network. Power over Ethernet(PoE). Troubleshooting wired and wireless network.			
91	Control & monitoring of network devices. Setting up of basic collaboration tool like NetMeeting for activities like chat, application sharing, remote desktop access and control, VoIP. Setup IP camera for basic surveillance scenario, logging and monitoring of devices / locations.	Surveillance using network devices, collaboration on network for team optimization and support activities. Remote management of devices.	Block Diagram of Surveillance System.	Calculation of cost of hardware devices. Finalization of estimate.
92	Network Security Practice on firewall technologies to secure the network perimeter. Practice LAN security considerations and implement endpoint and Layer 2 security features. Wi-fi configuration to implement security considerations.	Network Security Devices.	Various sysmbols of Networking.	Data Encryption and Decryption Techniques.
93-94	ServerInstallation&Basic Configuration.Identify Server HardwareInstalland configureWindows ServerInstalland ConfigureActiveDirectory,ImplementingADServices.Configurationofbroadbandmodemand	Hardware, Installation steps, configuration of server. Concept of Active Directory. ADS Overview, ADS Database, Active Directory Namespace, Logical &	Diagram of a Centralised Networking, Client-Server network diagram.	Data communication Techniques. CSMA / CD.

	sharing internet connection.			
95-96	Install & configure DNS Installing and Configuring DNS Services - Setup Name resolution - Host names, NetBIOS names - Installing DNS Server	Concept of DNS. Name resolution – Host names, NetBIOS names. DNS Overview.	Block diagram of WAN.	Concept of Asynchronous & Synchronous Transmission.
	 Configuring DNS Zones, DNS Clients, Delegating Zones Testing DNS with nslookup, dnscmd and dnslint Installing and Configuring DHCP Services - DHCP Server Configuration Setting up of DHCP, Routing and remote access. 	DHCP Overview DHCP Clients and Leases		
97	RoutingandRemoteAccess- Configuring RRAS- VPN implementation- Configuring Remote- Access AuthenticationProtocol- Configuring RRASPolicies- Configuring IAS- Managing TCP/IP- RoutingROUTION	Remote Access Overview VPN Concepts. Remote Access Authentication Protocol RRAS Policies IAS TCP/IP Routing	Front and Rear view of different Data communication equipments.	Concept of Tree and Forest.
98		Concept of User and Group. Planning Security Group Strategy AGDLP Process Planning User Authentication Strategy Planning OU Structure Planning a Group Policy Strategy Deploying Software Through GPO	- Do -	User's Role and Scope.
99	Server Configuration & Backup Configure a server as web	Introduction to Web Server Introduction to Messaging Services	Block diagram of Planning and Maintaining Group Policies.	Specification of a different Server like Database

	T		T	En .
	server	Concept of Backup and		server, File
	Configuring Mailbox	Recovery of Server.		Server, Web
	Servers			Server, Proxy
	Implementing Backup and			Server etc.
	Recovery			
100	Managing Server		Security	Security Audit
	Network Security	Security Baseline and	baseline	and policy.
	- Security Baseline	Templates	template and	
	Settings and Templates	Audit Policy	diagram of the	
	- Configuring Audit	Understanding IPSec	planning of	
	Policy	Protocol Security	wired and	
	- Monitoring and	Planning security for	wireless	
	Troubleshoot Network	Wireless Network	security.	
	protocol	W Heless Ivetwork		
	-			
	6 6			
	Security			
	- Planning security for			
	Wireless Network	N 1 TD CC	D -	D -
101	Maintaining Network	Managing Network Traffic	- Do -	- Do -
	<u>Infrastructure</u>	Types of Problems of		
	- Monitor Network	Internet Connectivity		
	Traffic	Types and working of		
	- Troubleshoot Internet	Server Services.		
	Connectivity			
	- Troubleshoot Server			
	Services			
	- Use Linux Network			
	Tools to check /			
	maintain / Manage			
	Network.			
102	Linux Server installation	Linux Server installation	Block diagram	Estimation to
	and configuration	and configuration	of Linux	setup a client
	- Install Linux Server	 Configuration Plan 	directory and file	server
	- Create new user and	 Public and data directory 	system.	networking
	group	- Host file		system.
	- Create public and data	- SWAT		
	directory	- Password Authentication		
	- Create an lmlhosts file	- Telnet		
	- Check host file			
	- Secure and run SWAT			
	- Filter ports			
	- Telnet installation and			
	configuration			
103	Project Work (any one)		Diagram related	Calculation &
	Setting up a LAN of at least	3 PCs using HUB / Switch	with Project	Science related
	and structured cabling, Con			with Project.
	Router, Setup a wireless LA	_		
	I	Installation & configuration		
	windows server, Installation	A COMINGULATION OF LINUX		
I	Server etc.			
104	F3/ 6 9 41	NATION		

TRADE: INFORMATION & COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM MAINTENANCE LIST OF TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

A. TRAINEES TOOL KIT FOR 20 TRAINEES +1 INSTRUCTOR

SI.No	Specification	Quantity
1	Connecting screwdriver 100 mm	21 nos.
2	Neon tester 500 V.	21 nos.
3	Screw driver set (set of 5)	21 nos.
4	Insulated combination pliers 150 mm	21 nos.
5	Insulated side cutting pliers 150 mm	21 nos.
6	Long nose pliers 150 mm	21 nos.
7	Soldering iron 25 W. 240 V.	21 nos.
8	Electrician knife	21 nos.
9	Tweezers 100mm	21 nos.
10	Digital Multimeter	21 nos.
11	Soldering Iron Changeable bits 15 W	21 nos.
12	De- soldering pump	21 nos.

B. LIST OF TOOLS REQUIRED

SI.No	Specification	Quantity
1.	Crimping tool (pliers)	2 Nos.
2.	Soldering Iron 25W	6 Nos.
3.	Magneto spanner set	2 Nos.
4.	Screw driver 150mm	4 Nos.
5.	Steel rule 150mm	2 Nos.
6.	Scriber straight 150mm	2 Nos.
7.	Soldering Iron 240W	1 Nos.
8.	Allen key set (set of 9)	2 Nos.
9.	Tubular box spanner (set of 6nos)	1 No
10.	Magnifying lenses 75mm	3 Nos.
11.	Continuity tester	6 Nos.
12.	Soldering iron 10W	6 Nos.
13.	Cold chisel 20mm	1 No.
14.	Scissors 200mm	1 No.
15.	Handsaw 450mm	1 No.

B. Tools & Equipments

	Tools and Equipment: (Computer Hardware: Installation and Maintenance)			
SI.				
No.	D. Name of the Equipment Qty			
	HARDWARE			
1	Server Computer	01 no		
3	Desktop Computer	10 nos		

4	Laptop, Notebook	01 each
5	Intel Mobile Desktop based PC with LCD monitor	01 no
	Tablet	02 Nos.
6	Printers: Laserjet, deskjet, passbook, mfd	01 each
7	Network Printer	01 no
9	5KVA online UPS	02 nos
10	LAN Cards, Wi-fi LAN Cards	06 nos each.
11	LCD/DLP Projector	01 no
12	Power Meter	02 nos
13	Crimping Tools	06 nos
14	Computer Toolkits	06 Nos.
15	Computer Spares:	As required
16	Motherboards (of different make)	4 nos
17	Cabinets	
		4 nos
18 19	Processors (of different make)	4 nos
	Hard Disk (500 GB or better) different types	4 nos
20	Optical Drives LCD/LED/TFT Monitors	4 nos
21		2 nos
22	Pen Drives	4 nos
23	External Hard disk	2 nos
24	External DVD Writer	2 nos
25	Keyboards	4 nos
26	Mouse	4 nos
27	Anti static pads	4 nos
28	Anti static wrist wraps	4 nos
29	SMPS	4 nos
30	Digital Multimeters	10 nos
31	Blu-Ray drive and player	2 nos
32	External Hard Disk	2 nos
34	Digital Camera	2 nos
35	HD Display	2 nos
36	Network storage	2 nos
37	Card Reader	2 nos
38	Game video card	2 nos
39	Web Cam	2 nos
40	Surround sound speakers	2 nos
42	Different types of memory cards	2 nos each
43	Laptop kits	12 nos
4.4	Laptop spares: Cabinet with display, memory, hard	A = ======t = ==t
44	disk, battery pack, keyboard membrane, chargers	As required
47	SMPS Trainer kit	2 nos
48	UPS Trainer kit	2 nos
49	Power electronics Trainer kit	2 nos
50	Post error debugging card	4 Nos
51	SMPS Tester	4 Nos.
52	PCI slot Testing tool	4 Nos.

SOF	SOFTWARE				
1	Windows Server Operating System	1 license			
2	Windows Operating System	2 licenses			
3	Linux Operating System	2 nos.			
4	Network Management Software	01 No.			

5	MS Office	2 nos
6	Anti virus software	2 nos
7	Data recovery software	2 nos
8	LINUX Server Operating System (Samba / Su-se)	01 No.
9	Open source Pc Utility / Tweak Software	As availabe

FUR	FURNITURE and Other Equipments		
1	Computer Tables	10 nos	
2	Computer Chairs	20 nos	
3	Printer Table	1 no	
4	Class room chairs	20 nos	
5	Air conditioners (optional)	2 nos	
6	Scanner	1 no	
7	Modem	1 no	
8	Telephone Line	1 no	
9	Broadband Internet connection	1 no	
10	Fire fighting equipments	As required	
11	Hardware and Network Trainer Kit	6 nos	

C.Tools & Equipments

(Computer Networking)			
SI.	No. 10 St. To St. 10 St		
No.	Name of the Equipment	Qty	
	HARDWARE		
1.	Wireless Network Adapter	6 nos	
2.	Wireless Access Point	4 nos	
3.	Router	4 nos	
4.	Managed Layer 2 Ethernet Switch 8/16/24 port	2 nos	
5.	Managed Layer 3 Ethernet Switch 8/16/24 port	2 nos	
6.	Network Training System	2 nos	
7.	LAN Protocol Simulation and Analyser Software	2 nos	
8.	Network and Internet security trainer	2 nos	
9.	LAN cable tester	2 nos	
10.	Network cables – UTP	As required	
11.	Network Cables – coaxial, flat, ribbon	As required	
12.	LAN Cards, wi-fi LAN Card	05 nos each	
13.	Connectors for cables	As required	
14.	Power Meter	2 nos	
15.	Media Convertor	4 each	
16.	8/16/24 port UTP jack panel	2 nos	
17.	SC Couplers	12 nos	
18.	SC Pigtails	12 nos	
19.	RJ-45 connector	As required	
20.	Fluke Meter	2 nos	
21.	Crimping Tools	6 nos	
22.	Switch with POE ports	2 nos	
23.	POE adapters	2 nos	
24.	Network Camera (Outdoor / Indoor)	2 no each	
25.	Fibre Optics cable with LC connector	As required	

26.	LC connector module	As required.
27.		

Raw materials		
1.	White Board Marker	1 Dozens
2.	Duster Cloth(2' by 2')	20 Pcs
3.	Cleaning Liquid 500 ml	2 Bottles
4.	Xerox Paper (A4)	As required
5.	Full Scape Paper (White)	1 reams
6.	PCB, solder flux etc & electronic components	As required
7.	Wires, cables Plug sockets switches of various types and other consumables	As required
8.	Resistors, Capacitors, Inductors, Diodes, LED, Transistors, Thyristors, ICs etc.	As required
9.	Spare Transformers and power devices required for servicing SMPS	As required
10.	Various types of Button Cells	As required
11.	Dry Cell	As required
12.	Hand Brush	As required
13.	Silicon grease	As required
14.	Heat sink agent	As required
15.	RAM 512 MB	As required
16.	Cartridges for printer	As required
17.	Optical Mouse P/S2 or USB	As required
18.	P/S2 OR USB Key Board	As required
19.	SMPS	As required
20.	CMOS Battery	As required

21.	3 Pin Power Chord	As required
22.	Cat 5/5e/6 cable	300 meters
23.	Flat Cable	100 meters
24.	Stapler Small	2 pcs
25.	Stapler Big	1 pcs
26.	AAA battery for remote	As required
27.	AA battery for clock	As required
28.	8 GB pen drives	4 Nos
29.	CDs	20 Nos
30.	DVDs	10 Nos.
31.	Wall Clock	1 pcs
32.	Anti static pads	As required
33.	Anti static wrist wraps	As required
34.	Soldering wire and paste	As required
35.	RJ – 45 Connector	As required
36.	Telephone cable	As required
37.	Co-axial cable	As required
38.	RJ-11 connector	As required
39.	BNC connector, T connector, terminator	As required
40.	Keystone jack	As required
41.	Patch / Jack Panel	As required
42.	Patch / Mounting cord	As required
43.	RJ-45 Info outlet with faceplate	As required

44.	RJ-45 I/O Box	As required
45.	RJ – 45 Cable extender	As required
46.	8-port HUB	04 Nos.
47.	LAN Card	04 Nos.
48.	Wi-fi LAN Card both PCI and USB	02 Nos.each
49.	Display Card	02 Nos.
50.	USB to RJ-45 converter	08 Nos.
51.	RJ-45 to USB converter	08 Nos.
52.	USB HDD 500 GB	02 Nos.