Name		

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Naming Acids and Bases

Ai\$'n

· explain how acids and bases are named

Notes

Naming Acids

- ★ Binary acids prefix HYDRO and suffix IC
 - ☆ HCl = Hydrochloric
 - **☆** HBr = Hydrobromic
- ★ Oxyacids (containing polyatomic ions with oxygen)
 - ☆ most common number of oxygens = suffix IC

 $HClO_3 = chloric acid$

 $HClO_4 = perchloric acid$

 \Rightarrow one less than most common = suffix OUS

 $HClO_2$ = chlorous acid

★ two less than most common = prefix HYPO and suffix OUS

HClO = hypochlorous acid

	polyatomic ion		acid name		
oxidation state	example	prefix	suffix	prefix	suffix
two less than most common	ClO ⁻¹	hypo	ite	hypo	ous
one less than most common	ClO ₂ -1	-	ite	-	ous
most common	ClO ₃ ⁻¹	-	ate	-	ic
one more than most common	ClO ₄ -1	hyper	ate	per	ic

Naming Bases - metal hydroxide

★ Examples: NaOH - sodium hydroxide; KOH - potassium hydroxide

Answer the questions below by circling the number of the correct response

- The proper name for the acid with the formula HBr(aq) is
 hydrogen bromide acid (2) bromic acid (3) bromous acid
 - (4) hydrobromic acid
- 2. What is the name of the base with the formula LiOH? (1) lithium oxygen hydride (2) lithium hydrate (3) lithium hydroxide (4) hydrolithic acid
- 3. What is the formula for perchloric acid? (1) HCl (2) HClO $_4$ (3) HClO $_3$ (4) HClO
- 4. The proper name for the acid with the formula $HNO_2(aq)$ is (1) nitrous acid (2) nitric acid (3) hyponitrous acid (4) hydronitric acid
- 5. Which of the following is the base calcium hydroxide? (1) ${\rm CH_3COOH}$ (2) ${\rm Ca(OH)_2}$ (3) ${\rm CH_3OH}$ (4) ${\rm CaCl_2}$