

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 151. Rights and Duties in Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 151.001

§ 151.001. Rights and Duties of Parent

Effective: September 1, 2007

[Currentness](#)

(a) A parent of a child has the following rights and duties:

(1) the right to have physical possession, to direct the moral and religious training, and to designate the residence of the child;

(2) the duty of care, control, protection, and reasonable discipline of the child;

(3) the duty to support the child, including providing the child with clothing, food, shelter, medical and dental care, and education;

(4) the duty, except when a guardian of the child's estate has been appointed, to manage the estate of the child, including the right as an agent of the child to act in relation to the child's estate if the child's action is required by a state, the United States, or a foreign government;

(5) except as provided by [Section 264.0111](#), the right to the services and earnings of the child;

(6) the right to consent to the child's marriage, enlistment in the armed forces of the United States, medical and dental care, and psychiatric, psychological, and surgical treatment;

(7) the right to represent the child in legal action and to make other decisions of substantial legal significance concerning the child;

(8) the right to receive and give receipt for payments for the support of the child and to hold or disburse funds for the benefit of the child;

(9) the right to inherit from and through the child;

(10) the right to make decisions concerning the child's education; and

- (11) any other right or duty existing between a parent and child by virtue of law.
- (b) The duty of a parent to support his or her child exists while the child is an unemancipated minor and continues as long as the child is fully enrolled in a secondary school in a program leading toward a high school diploma and complies with attendance requirements described by [Section 154.002\(a\)\(2\)](#).
- (c) A parent who fails to discharge the duty of support is liable to a person who provides necessities to those to whom support is owed.
- (d) The rights and duties of a parent are subject to:
- (1) a court order affecting the rights and duties;
 - (2) an affidavit of relinquishment of parental rights; and
 - (3) an affidavit by the parent designating another person or agency to act as managing conservator.
- (e) Only the following persons may use corporal punishment for the reasonable discipline of a child:
- (1) a parent or grandparent of the child;
 - (2) a stepparent of the child who has the duty of control and reasonable discipline of the child; and
 - (3) an individual who is a guardian of the child and who has the duty of control and reasonable discipline of the child.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 23, eff. Sept. 1, 1995](#). Renumbered from [V.T.C.A., Family Code § 151.003](#) by [Acts 2001, 77th Leg., ch. 821, § 2.13, eff. June 14, 2001](#). Amended by [Acts 2001, 77th Leg., ch. 964, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2001](#); [Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 3, eff. Sept. 1, 2003](#); [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 924, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 2005](#); [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 972, § 6, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(154\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 151.001, TX FAMILY § 151.001

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.001

§ 153.001. Public Policy

Currentness

(a) The public policy of this state is to:

(1) assure that children will have frequent and continuing contact with parents who have shown the ability to act in the best interest of the child;

(2) provide a safe, stable, and nonviolent environment for the child; and

(3) encourage parents to share in the rights and duties of raising their child after the parents have separated or dissolved their marriage.

(b) A court may not render an order that conditions the right of a conservator to possession of or access to a child on the payment of child support.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995. Amended by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 25, eff. Sept. 1, 1995; Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 787, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 1999.

Notes of Decisions (8)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.001, TX FAMILY § 153.001

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.002

§ 153.002. Best Interest of Child

Currentness

The best interest of the child shall always be the primary consideration of the court in determining the issues of conservatorship and possession of and access to the child.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (255)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.002, TX FAMILY § 153.002

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.003

§ 153.003. No Discrimination Based on Sex or Marital Status

Currentness

The court shall consider the qualifications of the parties without regard to their marital status or to the sex of the party or the child in determining:

- (1) which party to appoint as sole managing conservator;
- (2) whether to appoint a party as joint managing conservator; and
- (3) the terms and conditions of conservatorship and possession of and access to the child.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (92)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.003, TX FAMILY § 153.003

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.004

§ 153.004. History of Domestic Violence

Effective: September 1, 2003

[Currentness](#)

(a) In determining whether to appoint a party as a sole or joint managing conservator, the court shall consider evidence of the intentional use of abusive physical force by a party against the party's spouse, a parent of the child, or any person younger than 18 years of age committed within a two-year period preceding the filing of the suit or during the pendency of the suit.

(b) The court may not appoint joint managing conservators if credible evidence is presented of a history or pattern of past or present child neglect, or physical or sexual abuse by one parent directed against the other parent, a spouse, or a child, including a sexual assault in violation of [Section 22.011](#) or [22.021, Penal Code](#), that results in the other parent becoming pregnant with the child. A history of sexual abuse includes a sexual assault that results in the other parent becoming pregnant with the child, regardless of the prior relationship of the parents. It is a rebuttable presumption that the appointment of a parent as the sole managing conservator of a child or as the conservator who has the exclusive right to determine the primary residence of a child is not in the best interest of the child if credible evidence is presented of a history or pattern of past or present child neglect, or physical or sexual abuse by that parent directed against the other parent, a spouse, or a child.

(c) The court shall consider the commission of family violence in determining whether to deny, restrict, or limit the possession of a child by a parent who is appointed as a possessory conservator.

(d) The court may not allow a parent to have access to a child for whom it is shown by a preponderance of the evidence that there is a history or pattern of committing family violence during the two years preceding the date of the filing of the suit or during the pendency of the suit, unless the court:

(1) finds that awarding the parent access to the child would not endanger the child's physical health or emotional welfare and would be in the best interest of the child; and

(2) renders a possession order that is designed to protect the safety and well-being of the child and any other person who has been a victim of family violence committed by the parent and that may include a requirement that:

(A) the periods of access be continuously supervised by an entity or person chosen by the court;

(B) the exchange of possession of the child occur in a protective setting;

(C) the parent abstain from the consumption of alcohol or a controlled substance, as defined by Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code, within 12 hours prior to or during the period of access to the child; or

(D) the parent attend and complete a battering intervention and prevention program as provided by [Article 42.141, Code of Criminal Procedure](#), or, if such a program is not available, complete a course of treatment under [Section 153.010](#).

(e) It is a rebuttable presumption that it is not in the best interest of a child for a parent to have unsupervised visitation with the child if credible evidence is presented of a history or pattern of past or present child neglect or physical or sexual abuse by that parent directed against the other parent, a spouse, or a child.

(f) In determining under this section whether there is credible evidence of a history or pattern of past or present child neglect or physical or sexual abuse by a parent directed against the other parent, a spouse, or a child, the court shall consider whether a protective order was rendered under Chapter 85, Title 4,¹ against the parent during the two-year period preceding the filing of the suit or during the pendency of the suit.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 774, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 1999](#); [Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 787, § 3, eff. Sept. 1, 1999](#); [Acts 2001, 77th Leg., ch. 586, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 2001](#); [Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 642, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 2003](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(46\)](#)

Footnotes

¹ [V.T.C.A., Family Code § 85.001 et seq.](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.004, TX FAMILY § 153.004

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.005

§ 153.005. Appointment of Sole or Joint Managing Conservator

Currentness

(a) In a suit, the court may appoint a sole managing conservator or may appoint joint managing conservators. If the parents are or will be separated, the court shall appoint at least one managing conservator.

(b) A managing conservator must be a parent, a competent adult, an authorized agency, or a licensed child-placing agency.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (256)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.005, TX FAMILY § 153.005

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.006

§ 153.006. Appointment of Possessory Conservator

Currentness

- (a) If a managing conservator is appointed, the court may appoint one or more possessory conservators.
- (b) The court shall specify the rights and duties of a person appointed possessory conservator.
- (c) The court shall specify and expressly state in the order the times and conditions for possession of or access to the child, unless a party shows good cause why specific orders would not be in the best interest of the child.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

[Notes of Decisions \(45\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.006, TX FAMILY § 153.006

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.007

§ 153.007. Agreed Parenting Plan

Effective: September 1, 2007

[Currentness](#)

(a) To promote the amicable settlement of disputes between the parties to a suit, the parties may enter into a written agreed parenting plan containing provisions for conservatorship and possession of the child and for modification of the parenting plan, including variations from the standard possession order.

(b) If the court finds that the agreed parenting plan is in the child's best interest, the court shall render an order in accordance with the parenting plan.

(c) Terms of the agreed parenting plan contained in the order or incorporated by reference regarding conservatorship or support of or access to a child in an order may be enforced by all remedies available for enforcement of a judgment, including contempt, but are not enforceable as a contract.

(d) If the court finds the agreed parenting plan is not in the child's best interest, the court may request the parties to submit a revised parenting plan. If the parties do not submit a revised parenting plan satisfactory to the court, the court may, after notice and hearing, order a parenting plan that the court finds to be in the best interest of the child.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 26, eff. Sept. 1, 1995](#); [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 482, § 3, eff. Sept. 1, 2005](#); [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(29\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.007, TX FAMILY § 153.007

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.0071

§ 153.0071. Alternate Dispute Resolution Procedures

Effective: September 1, 2007

[Currentness](#)

(a) On written agreement of the parties, the court may refer a suit affecting the parent-child relationship to arbitration. The agreement must state whether the arbitration is binding or non-binding.

(b) If the parties agree to binding arbitration, the court shall render an order reflecting the arbitrator's award unless the court determines at a non-jury hearing that the award is not in the best interest of the child. The burden of proof at a hearing under this subsection is on the party seeking to avoid rendition of an order based on the arbitrator's award.

(c) On the written agreement of the parties or on the court's own motion, the court may refer a suit affecting the parent-child relationship to mediation.

(d) A mediated settlement agreement is binding on the parties if the agreement:

(1) provides, in a prominently displayed statement that is in boldfaced type or capital letters or underlined, that the agreement is not subject to revocation;

(2) is signed by each party to the agreement; and

(3) is signed by the party's attorney, if any, who is present at the time the agreement is signed.

(e) If a mediated settlement agreement meets the requirements of Subsection (d), a party is entitled to judgment on the mediated settlement agreement notwithstanding [Rule 11, Texas Rules of Civil Procedure](#), or another rule of law.

(e-1) Notwithstanding Subsections (d) and (e), a court may decline to enter a judgment on a mediated settlement agreement if the court finds that:

(1) a party to the agreement was a victim of family violence, and that circumstance impaired the party's ability to make decisions; and

(2) the agreement is not in the child's best interest.

(f) A party may at any time prior to the final mediation order file a written objection to the referral of a suit affecting the parent-child relationship to mediation on the basis of family violence having been committed by another party against the objecting party or a child who is the subject of the suit. After an objection is filed, the suit may not be referred to mediation unless, on the request of a party, a hearing is held and the court finds that a preponderance of the evidence does not support the objection. If the suit is referred to mediation, the court shall order appropriate measures be taken to ensure the physical and emotional safety of the party who filed the objection. The order shall provide that the parties not be required to have face-to-face contact and that the parties be placed in separate rooms during mediation. This subsection does not apply to suits filed under Chapter 262.

(g) The provisions for confidentiality of alternative dispute resolution procedures under Chapter 154, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, apply equally to the work of a parenting coordinator, as defined by [Section 153.601](#), and to the parties and any other person who participates in the parenting coordination. This subsection does not affect the duty of a person to report abuse or neglect under [Section 261.101](#).

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 27, eff. Sept. 1, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1997, 75th Leg., ch. 937, § 3, eff. Sept. 1, 1997](#); [Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 178, § 7, eff. Aug. 30, 1999](#); [Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 1351, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 1999](#); [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 916, § 7, eff. June 18, 2005](#); [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(32\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.0071, TX FAMILY § 153.0071

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.00715

§ 153.00715. Determination of Validity and Enforceability of Contract Containing Agreement to Arbitrate

Effective: June 17, 2011

[Currentness](#)

(a) If a party to a suit affecting the parent-child relationship opposes an application to compel arbitration or makes an application to stay arbitration and asserts that the contract containing the agreement to arbitrate is not valid or enforceable, notwithstanding any provision of the contract to the contrary, the court shall try the issue promptly and may order arbitration only if the court determines that the contract containing the agreement to arbitrate is valid and enforceable against the party seeking to avoid arbitration.

(b) A determination under this section that a contract is valid and enforceable does not affect the court's authority to stay arbitration or refuse to compel arbitration on any other ground provided by law.

(c) This section does not apply to:

- (1) a court order;
- (2) an agreed parenting plan described by [Section 153.007](#);
- (3) a mediated settlement agreement described by [Section 153.0071](#);
- (4) a collaborative law agreement described by [Section 153.0072](#); or
- (5) any other agreement between the parties that is approved by a court.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2011, 82nd Leg., ch. 1088 \(S.B. 1216\), § 2, eff. June 17, 2011](#).

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.00715, TX FAMILY § 153.00715

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.0072

§ 153.0072. Repealed by Acts 2011, 82nd Leg., ch. 1048 (H.B. 3833), § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2011

Effective: September 1, 2011

[Currentness](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.0072, TX FAMILY § 153.0072

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.008

§ 153.008. Repealed by Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 31, eff.
Sept. 1, 2009; Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1118, § 10, eff. Sept. 1, 2009

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.008, TX FAMILY § 153.008

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.009

§ 153.009. Interview of Child in Chambers

Effective: June 18, 2005

[Currentness](#)

- (a) In a nonjury trial or at a hearing, on the application of a party, the amicus attorney, or the attorney ad litem for the child, the court shall interview in chambers a child 12 years of age or older and may interview in chambers a child under 12 years of age to determine the child's wishes as to conservatorship or as to the person who shall have the exclusive right to determine the child's primary residence. The court may also interview a child in chambers on the court's own motion for a purpose specified by this subsection.
- (b) In a nonjury trial or at a hearing, on the application of a party, the amicus attorney, or the attorney ad litem for the child or on the court's own motion, the court may interview the child in chambers to determine the child's wishes as to possession, access, or any other issue in the suit affecting the parent-child relationship.
- (c) Interviewing a child does not diminish the discretion of the court in determining the best interests of the child.
- (d) In a jury trial, the court may not interview the child in chambers regarding an issue on which a party is entitled to a jury verdict.
- (e) In any trial or hearing, the court may permit the attorney for a party, the amicus attorney, the guardian ad litem for the child, or the attorney ad litem for the child to be present at the interview.
- (f) On the motion of a party, the amicus attorney, or the attorney ad litem for the child, or on the court's own motion, the court shall cause a record of the interview to be made when the child is 12 years of age or older. A record of the interview shall be part of the record in the case.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995. Amended by Acts 1997, 75th Leg., ch. 781, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 1997; Acts 2001, 77th Leg., ch. 1289, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2001; Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 916, § 9, eff. June 18, 2005.

[Notes of Decisions \(22\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.009, TX FAMILY § 153.009

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.010

§ 153.010. Order for Family Counseling

Currentness

(a) If the court finds at the time of a hearing that the parties have a history of conflict in resolving an issue of conservatorship or possession of or access to the child, the court may order a party to:

(1) participate in counseling with a mental health professional who:

(A) has a background in family therapy;

(B) has a mental health license that requires as a minimum a master's degree; and

(C) has training in domestic violence if the court determines that the training is relevant to the type of counseling needed; and

(2) pay the cost of counseling.

(b) If a person possessing the requirements of Subsection (a)(1) is not available in the county in which the court presides, the court may appoint a person the court believes is qualified to conduct the counseling ordered under Subsection (a).

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1997, 75th Leg., ch. 645, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 1997](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(1\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.010, TX FAMILY § 153.010

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.011

§ 153.011. Security Bond

Currentness

If the court finds that a person who has a possessory interest in a child may violate the court order relating to the interest, the court may order the party to execute a bond or deposit security. The court shall set the amount and condition the bond or security on compliance with the order.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (3)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.011, TX FAMILY § 153.011

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.012

§ 153.012. Right to Privacy; Deletion of Personal Information in Records

Currentness

The court may order the custodian of records to delete all references in the records to the place of residence of either party appointed as a conservator of the child before the release of the records to another party appointed as a conservator.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#).

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.012, TX FAMILY § 153.012

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.013

§ 153.013. False Report of Child Abuse

Currentness

- (a) If a party to a pending suit affecting the parent-child relationship makes a report alleging child abuse by another party to the suit that the reporting party knows lacks a factual foundation, the court shall deem the report to be a knowingly false report.
- (b) Evidence of a false report of child abuse is admissible in a suit between the involved parties regarding the terms of conservatorship of a child.
- (c) If the court makes a finding under Subsection (a), the court shall impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$500.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 28, eff. Sept. 1, 1995. Amended by Acts 1997, 75th Leg., ch. 786, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 1997.

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.013, TX FAMILY § 153.013

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.014

§ 153.014. Visitation Centers and Visitation Exchange Facilities

Effective: June 11, 2001

[Currentness](#)

A county may establish a visitation center or a visitation exchange facility for the purpose of facilitating the terms of a court order providing for the possession of or access to a child.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2001, 77th Leg., ch. 577, § 1, eff. June 11, 2001](#).

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.014, TX FAMILY § 153.014

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.015

§ 153.015. Electronic Communication with Child by Conservator

Effective: September 1, 2007

[Currentness](#)

(a) In this section, “electronic communication” means any communication facilitated by the use of any wired or wireless technology via the Internet or any other electronic media. The term includes communication facilitated by the use of a telephone, electronic mail, instant messaging, videoconferencing, or webcam.

(b) If a conservator of a child requests the court to order periods of electronic communication with the child under this section, the court may award the conservator reasonable periods of electronic communication with the child to supplement the conservator's periods of possession of the child. In determining whether to award electronic communication, the court shall consider:

(1) whether electronic communication is in the best interest of the child;

(2) whether equipment necessary to facilitate the electronic communication is reasonably available to all parties subject to the order; and

(3) any other factor the court considers appropriate.

(c) If a court awards a conservator periods of electronic communication with a child under this section, each conservator subject to the court's order shall:

(1) provide the other conservator with the e-mail address and other electronic communication access information of the child;

(2) notify the other conservator of any change in the e-mail address or other electronic communication access information not later than 24 hours after the date the change takes effect; and

(3) if necessary equipment is reasonably available, accommodate electronic communication with the child, with the same privacy, respect, and dignity accorded all other forms of access, at a reasonable time and for a reasonable duration subject to any limitation provided by the court in the court's order.

(d) The court may not consider the availability of electronic communication as a factor in determining child support. The availability of electronic communication under this section is not intended as a substitute for physical possession of or access to the child where otherwise appropriate.

(e) In a suit in which the court's order contains provisions related to a finding of family violence in the suit, including supervised visitation, the court may award periods of electronic communication under this section only if:

(1) the award and terms of the award are mutually agreed to by the parties; and

(2) the terms of the award:

(A) are printed in the court's order in boldfaced, capitalized type; and

(B) include any specific restrictions relating to family violence or supervised visitation, as applicable, required by other law to be included in a possession or access order.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 972, § 7, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#); [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1041, § 1, eff. June 15, 2007](#).

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.015, TX FAMILY § 153.015

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter B. Parent Appointed as Conservator: in General

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.071

§ 153.071. Court to Specify Rights and Duties of Parent Appointed a Conservator

Currentness

If both parents are appointed as conservators of the child, the court shall specify the rights and duties of a parent that are to be exercised:

- (1) by each parent independently;
- (2) by the joint agreement of the parents; and
- (3) exclusively by one parent.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (4)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.071, TX FAMILY § 153.071

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter B. Parent Appointed as Conservator: in General

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.072

§ 153.072. Written Finding Required to Limit Parental Rights and Duties

Currentness

The court may limit the rights and duties of a parent appointed as a conservator if the court makes a written finding that the limitation is in the best interest of the child.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (2)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.072, TX FAMILY § 153.072

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter B. Parent Appointed as Conservator: in General

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.073

§ 153.073. Rights of Parent at All Times

Effective: September 1, 2003

[Currentness](#)

- (a) Unless limited by court order, a parent appointed as a conservator of a child has at all times the right:
- (1) to receive information from any other conservator of the child concerning the health, education, and welfare of the child;
 - (2) to confer with the other parent to the extent possible before making a decision concerning the health, education, and welfare of the child;
 - (3) of access to medical, dental, psychological, and educational records of the child;
 - (4) to consult with a physician, dentist, or psychologist of the child;
 - (5) to consult with school officials concerning the child's welfare and educational status, including school activities;
 - (6) to attend school activities;
 - (7) to be designated on the child's records as a person to be notified in case of an emergency;
 - (8) to consent to medical, dental, and surgical treatment during an emergency involving an immediate danger to the health and safety of the child; and
 - (9) to manage the estate of the child to the extent the estate has been created by the parent or the parent's family.
- (b) The court shall specify in the order the rights that a parent retains at all times.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995. Amended by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 29, eff. Sept. 1, 1995; Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 6, eff. Sept. 1, 2003.

[Notes of Decisions \(2\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.073, TX FAMILY § 153.073

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter B. Parent Appointed as Conservator: in General

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.074

§ 153.074. Rights and Duties During Period of Possession

Effective: September 1, 2003

[Currentness](#)

Unless limited by court order, a parent appointed as a conservator of a child has the following rights and duties during the period that the parent has possession of the child:

- (1) the duty of care, control, protection, and reasonable discipline of the child;
- (2) the duty to support the child, including providing the child with clothing, food, shelter, and medical and dental care not involving an invasive procedure;
- (3) the right to consent for the child to medical and dental care not involving an invasive procedure; and
- (4) the right to direct the moral and religious training of the child.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 30, eff. Sept. 1, 1995](#); [Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 7, eff. Sept. 1, 2003](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(12\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.074, TX FAMILY § 153.074

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter B. Parent Appointed as Conservator: in General

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.075

§ 153.075. Duties of Parent Not Appointed Conservator

[Currentness](#)

The court may order a parent not appointed as a managing or a possessory conservator to perform other parental duties, including paying child support.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(3\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.075, TX FAMILY § 153.075

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter B. Parent Appointed as Conservator: in General

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.076

§ 153.076. Duty to Provide Information

Effective: September 1, 2003

[Currentness](#)

(a) The court shall order that each conservator of a child has a duty to inform the other conservator of the child in a timely manner of significant information concerning the health, education, and welfare of the child.

(b) The court shall order that each conservator of a child has the duty to inform the other conservator of the child if the conservator resides with for at least 30 days, marries, or intends to marry a person who the conservator knows:

(1) is registered as a sex offender under Chapter 62, Code of Criminal Procedure; or

(2) is currently charged with an offense for which on conviction the person would be required to register under that chapter.

(c) The notice required to be made under Subsection (b) must be made as soon as practicable but not later than the 40th day after the date the conservator of the child begins to reside with the person or the 10th day after the date the marriage occurs, as appropriate. The notice must include a description of the offense that is the basis of the person's requirement to register as a sex offender or of the offense with which the person is charged.

(d) A conservator commits an offense if the conservator fails to provide notice in the manner required by Subsections (b) and (c). An offense under this subsection is a Class C misdemeanor.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 31, eff. Sept. 1, 1995. Amended by Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 330, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 1999; Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 8, eff. Sept. 1, 2003.

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.076, TX FAMILY § 153.076

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter C. Parent Appointed as Sole or Joint Managing Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.131

§ 153.131. Presumption That Parent to be Appointed Managing Conservator

Currentness

(a) Subject to the prohibition in [Section 153.004](#), unless the court finds that appointment of the parent or parents would not be in the best interest of the child because the appointment would significantly impair the child's physical health or emotional development, a parent shall be appointed sole managing conservator or both parents shall be appointed as joint managing conservators of the child.

(b) It is a rebuttable presumption that the appointment of the parents of a child as joint managing conservators is in the best interest of the child. A finding of a history of family violence involving the parents of a child removes the presumption under this subsection.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 32, eff. Sept. 1, 1995](#); [Acts 1997, 75th Leg., ch. 1193, § 20, eff. Sept. 1, 1997](#).

Notes of Decisions (294)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.131, TX FAMILY § 153.131

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter C. Parent Appointed as Sole or Joint Managing Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.132

§ 153.132. Rights and Duties of Parent Appointed Sole Managing Conservator

Effective: June 18, 2005

[Currentness](#)

Unless limited by court order, a parent appointed as sole managing conservator of a child has the rights and duties provided by Subchapter B ¹ and the following exclusive rights:

- (1) the right to designate the primary residence of the child;
- (2) the right to consent to medical, dental, and surgical treatment involving invasive procedures;
- (3) the right to consent to psychiatric and psychological treatment;
- (4) the right to receive and give receipt for periodic payments for the support of the child and to hold or disburse these funds for the benefit of the child;
- (5) the right to represent the child in legal action and to make other decisions of substantial legal significance concerning the child;
- (6) the right to consent to marriage and to enlistment in the armed forces of the United States;
- (7) the right to make decisions concerning the child's education;
- (8) the right to the services and earnings of the child; and
- (9) except when a guardian of the child's estate or a guardian or attorney ad litem has been appointed for the child, the right to act as an agent of the child in relation to the child's estate if the child's action is required by a state, the United States, or a foreign government.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995. Amended by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 33, eff. Sept. 1, 1995; Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 9, eff. Sept. 1, 2003; Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 916, § 10, eff. June 18, 2005.

Notes of Decisions (10)

Footnotes

1 V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.071 et seq.

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.132, TX FAMILY § 153.132

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter C. Parent Appointed as Sole or Joint Managing Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.133

§ 153.133. Parenting Plan for Joint Managing Conservatorship

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) If a written agreed parenting plan is filed with the court, the court shall render an order appointing the parents as joint managing conservators only if the parenting plan:

(1) designates the conservator who has the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child and:

(A) establishes, until modified by further order, the geographic area within which the conservator shall maintain the child's primary residence; or

(B) specifies that the conservator may designate the child's primary residence without regard to geographic location;

(2) specifies the rights and duties of each parent regarding the child's physical care, support, and education;

(3) includes provisions to minimize disruption of the child's education, daily routine, and association with friends;

(4) allocates between the parents, independently, jointly, or exclusively, all of the remaining rights and duties of a parent provided by Chapter 151;

(5) is voluntarily and knowingly made by each parent and has not been repudiated by either parent at the time the order is rendered; and

(6) is in the best interest of the child.

(b) The agreed parenting plan may contain an alternative dispute resolution procedure that the parties agree to use before requesting enforcement or modification of the terms and conditions of the joint conservatorship through litigation, except in an emergency.

(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (a)(1), the court shall render an order adopting the provisions of a written agreed parenting plan appointing the parents as joint managing conservators if the parenting plan:

(1) meets all the requirements of Subsections (a)(2) through (6); and

(2) provides that the child's primary residence shall be within a specified geographic area.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995. Amended by Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 936, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 1999; Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 10, eff. Sept. 1, 2003; Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 482, § 4, eff. Sept. 1, 2005; Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, § 3, eff. Sept. 1, 2007; Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 3, eff. Sept. 1, 2009.

Notes of Decisions (2)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.133, TX FAMILY § 153.133

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter C. Parent Appointed as Sole or Joint Managing Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.134

§ 153.134. Court-Ordered Joint Conservatorship

Effective: September 1, 2005

[Currentness](#)

(a) If a written agreed parenting plan is not filed with the court, the court may render an order appointing the parents joint managing conservators only if the appointment is in the best interest of the child, considering the following factors:

(1) whether the physical, psychological, or emotional needs and development of the child will benefit from the appointment of joint managing conservators;

(2) the ability of the parents to give first priority to the welfare of the child and reach shared decisions in the child's best interest;

(3) whether each parent can encourage and accept a positive relationship between the child and the other parent;

(4) whether both parents participated in child rearing before the filing of the suit;

(5) the geographical proximity of the parents' residences;

(6) if the child is 12 years of age or older, the child's preference, if any, regarding the person to have the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child; and

(7) any other relevant factor.

(b) In rendering an order appointing joint managing conservators, the court shall:

(1) designate the conservator who has the exclusive right to determine the primary residence of the child and:

(A) establish, until modified by further order, a geographic area within which the conservator shall maintain the child's primary residence; or

- (B) specify that the conservator may determine the child's primary residence without regard to geographic location;
- (2) specify the rights and duties of each parent regarding the child's physical care, support, and education;
- (3) include provisions to minimize disruption of the child's education, daily routine, and association with friends;
- (4) allocate between the parents, independently, jointly, or exclusively, all of the remaining rights and duties of a parent as provided by Chapter 151; and
- (5) if feasible, recommend that the parties use an alternative dispute resolution method before requesting enforcement or modification of the terms and conditions of the joint conservatorship through litigation, except in an emergency.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 936, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 1999](#); [Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 11, eff. Sept. 1, 2003](#); [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 482, § 5, eff. Sept. 1, 2005](#); [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 916, § 11, eff. June 18, 2005](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(39\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.134, TX FAMILY § 153.134

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter C. Parent Appointed as Sole or Joint Managing Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.135

§ 153.135. Equal Possession Not Required

[Currentness](#)

Joint managing conservatorship does not require the award of equal or nearly equal periods of physical possession of and access to the child to each of the joint conservators.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(4\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.135, TX FAMILY § 153.135

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter C. Parent Appointed as Sole or Joint Managing Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.136

§ 153.136. Repealed by Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 22, eff. Sept. 1, 2003

Effective: September 1, 2003

[Currentness](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.136, TX FAMILY § 153.136

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter C. Parent Appointed as Sole or Joint Managing Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.137

§ 153.137. Repealed by Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 31, eff. Sept. 1, 2009

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.137, TX FAMILY § 153.137

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter C. Parent Appointed as Sole or Joint Managing Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.138

§ 153.138. Child Support Order Affecting Joint Conservators

Currentness

The appointment of joint managing conservators does not impair or limit the authority of the court to order a joint managing conservator to pay child support to another joint managing conservator.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.138, TX FAMILY § 153.138

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter C. Parent Appointed as Sole or Joint Managing Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.139

§ 153.139. Repealed by Acts 1997, 75th Leg., ch. 561, § 30, eff. Sept. 1, 1997

Currentness

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.139, TX FAMILY § 153.139

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access

Subchapter D. Parent Appointed as Possessory Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code T. 5, Subt. B, Ch. 153, Subch. D, Refs & Annos

[Currentness](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code T. 5, Subt. B, Ch. 153, Subch. D, Refs & Annos, TX FAMILY T. 5, Subt. B, Ch. 153, Subch. D, Refs & Annos

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter D. Parent Appointed as Possessory Conservator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.191

§ 153.191. Presumption that Parent to be Appointed Possessory Conservator

Currentness

The court shall appoint as a possessory conservator a parent who is not appointed as a sole or joint managing conservator unless it finds that the appointment is not in the best interest of the child and that parental possession or access would endanger the physical or emotional welfare of the child.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#).

Notes of Decisions (34)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.191, TX FAMILY § 153.191

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter D. Parent Appointed as Possessory Conservator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.192

§ 153.192. Rights and Duties of Parent Appointed Possessory Conservator

Currentness

(a) Unless limited by court order, a parent appointed as possessory conservator of a child has the rights and duties provided by Subchapter B ¹ and any other right or duty expressly granted to the possessory conservator in the order.

(b) In ordering the terms and conditions for possession of a child by a parent appointed possessory conservator, the court shall be guided by the guidelines in Subchapter E. ²

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Footnotes

¹ V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.071 et seq.

² V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.251 et seq.

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.192, TX FAMILY § 153.192

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter D. Parent Appointed as Possessory Conservator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.193

§ 153.193. Minimal Restriction on Parent's Possession or Access

Currentness

The terms of an order that denies possession of a child to a parent or imposes restrictions or limitations on a parent's right to possession of or access to a child may not exceed those that are required to protect the best interest of the child.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (34)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.193, TX FAMILY § 153.193

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter E. Guidelines for the Possession of a Child by a Parent Named as Possessory Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.251

§ 153.251. Policy and General Application of Guidelines

Currentness

(a) The guidelines established in the standard possession order are intended to guide the courts in ordering the terms and conditions for possession of a child by a parent named as a possessory conservator or as the minimum possession for a joint managing conservator.

(b) It is the policy of this state to encourage frequent contact between a child and each parent for periods of possession that optimize the development of a close and continuing relationship between each parent and child.

(c) It is preferable for all children in a family to be together during periods of possession.

(d) The standard possession order is designed to apply to a child three years of age or older.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (47)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.251, TX FAMILY § 153.251

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter E. Guidelines for the Possession of a Child by a Parent Named as Possessory Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.252

§ 153.252. Rebuttable Presumption

[Currentness](#)

In a suit, there is a rebuttable presumption that the standard possession order in Subchapter F: ¹

(1) provides reasonable minimum possession of a child for a parent named as a possessory conservator or joint managing conservator; and

(2) is in the best interest of the child.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(16\)](#)

Footnotes

¹ [V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.311 et seq.](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.252, TX FAMILY § 153.252

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter E. Guidelines for the Possession of a Child by a Parent Named as Possessory Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.253

§ 153.253. Standard Possession Order Inappropriate or Unworkable

Currentness

The court shall render an order that grants periods of possession of the child as similar as possible to those provided by the standard possession order if the work schedule or other special circumstances of the managing conservator, the possessory conservator, or the child, or the year-round school schedule of the child, make the standard order unworkable or inappropriate.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#).

Notes of Decisions (2)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.253, TX FAMILY § 153.253

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter E. Guidelines for the Possession of a Child by a Parent Named as Possessory Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.254

§ 153.254. Child Less Than Three Years of Age

Effective: September 1, 2011

[Currentness](#)

(a) The court shall render an order appropriate under the circumstances for possession of a child less than three years of age. In rendering the order, the court shall consider evidence of all relevant factors, including:

- (1) the caregiving provided to the child before and during the current suit;
- (2) the effect on the child that may result from separation from either party;
- (3) the availability of the parties as caregivers and the willingness of the parties to personally care for the child;
- (4) the physical, medical, behavioral, and developmental needs of the child;
- (5) the physical, medical, emotional, economic, and social conditions of the parties;
- (6) the impact and influence of individuals, other than the parties, who will be present during periods of possession;
- (7) the presence of siblings during periods of possession;
- (8) the child's need to develop healthy attachments to both parents;
- (9) the child's need for continuity of routine;
- (10) the location and proximity of the residences of the parties;

(11) the need for a temporary possession schedule that incrementally shifts to the schedule provided in the prospective order under Subsection (d) based on:

(A) the age of the child; or

(B) minimal or inconsistent contact with the child by a party;

(12) the ability of the parties to share in the responsibilities, rights, and duties of parenting; and

(13) any other evidence of the best interest of the child.

(b) Notwithstanding the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, in rendering an order under Subsection (a), the court shall make findings in support of the order if:

(1) a party files a written request with the court not later than the 10th day after the date of the hearing; or

(2) a party makes an oral request in court during the hearing on the order.

(c) The court shall make and enter the findings required by Subsection (b) not later than the 15th day after the date the party makes the request.

(d) The court shall render a prospective order to take effect on the child's third birthday, which presumptively will be the standard possession order.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 2011, 82nd Leg., ch. 86 \(S.B. 820\), § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 2011](#).

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.254, TX FAMILY § 153.254

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter E. Guidelines for the Possession of a Child by a Parent Named as Possessory Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.255

§ 153.255. Agreement

[Currentness](#)

The court may render an order for periods of possession of a child that vary from the standard possession order based on the agreement of the parties.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#).

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.255, TX FAMILY § 153.255

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter E. Guidelines for the Possession of a Child by a Parent Named as Possessory Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.256

§ 153.256. Factors for Court to Consider

Currentness

In ordering the terms of possession of a child under an order other than a standard possession order, the court shall be guided by the guidelines established by the standard possession order and may consider:

- (1) the age, developmental status, circumstances, needs, and best interest of the child;
- (2) the circumstances of the managing conservator and of the parent named as a possessory conservator; and
- (3) any other relevant factor.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995. Amended by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 35, eff. Sept. 1, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (12)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.256, TX FAMILY § 153.256

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter E. Guidelines for the Possession of a Child by a Parent Named as Possessory Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.257

§ 153.257. Means of Travel

Currentness

In an order providing for the terms and conditions of possession of a child, the court may restrict the means of travel of the child by a legal mode of transportation only after a showing of good cause contained in the record and a finding by the court that the restriction is in the best interest of the child. The court shall specify the duties of the conservators to provide transportation to and from the transportation facilities.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (1)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.257, TX FAMILY § 153.257

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter E. Guidelines for the Possession of a Child by a Parent Named as Possessory Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.258

§ 153.258. Request for Findings When Order Varies From Standard Order

Currentness

Without regard to [Rules 296 through 299, Texas Rules of Civil Procedure](#), in all cases in which possession of a child by a parent is contested and the possession of the child varies from the standard possession order, on written request made or filed with the court not later than 10 days after the date of the hearing or on oral request made in open court during the hearing, the court shall state in the order the specific reasons for the variance from the standard order.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#).

Notes of Decisions (8)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.258, TX FAMILY § 153.258

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter F. Standard Possession Order

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.3101

§ 153.3101. Reference to “School” in Standard Possession Order

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

In a standard possession order, “school” means the primary or secondary school in which the child is enrolled or, if the child is not enrolled in a primary or secondary school, the public school district in which the child primarily resides.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 4, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.3101, TX FAMILY § 153.3101

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter F. Standard Possession Order

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.311

§ 153.311. Mutual Agreement or Specified Terms for Possession

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

The court shall specify in a standard possession order that the parties may have possession of the child at times mutually agreed to in advance by the parties and, in the absence of mutual agreement, shall have possession of the child under the specified terms set out in the standard possession order.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 5, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(7\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.311, TX FAMILY § 153.311

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter F. Standard Possession Order

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.312

§ 153.312. Parents Who Reside 100 Miles or Less Apart

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) If the possessory conservator resides 100 miles or less from the primary residence of the child, the possessory conservator shall have the right to possession of the child as follows:

(1) on weekends throughout the year beginning at 6 p.m. on the first, third, and fifth Friday of each month and ending at 6 p.m. on the following Sunday; and

(2) on Thursdays of each week during the regular school term beginning at 6 p.m. and ending at 8 p.m., unless the court finds that visitation under this subdivision is not in the best interest of the child.

(b) The following provisions govern possession of the child for vacations and certain specific holidays and supersede conflicting weekend or Thursday periods of possession. The possessory conservator and the managing conservator shall have rights of possession of the child as follows:

(1) the possessory conservator shall have possession in even-numbered years, beginning at 6 p.m. on the day the child is dismissed from school for the school's spring vacation and ending at 6 p.m. on the day before school resumes after that vacation, and the managing conservator shall have possession for the same period in odd-numbered years;

(2) if a possessory conservator:

(A) gives the managing conservator written notice by April 1 of each year specifying an extended period or periods of summer possession, the possessory conservator shall have possession of the child for 30 days beginning not earlier than the day after the child's school is dismissed for the summer vacation and ending not later than seven days before school resumes at the end of the summer vacation, to be exercised in not more than two separate periods of at least seven consecutive days each, with each period of possession beginning and ending at 6 p.m. on each applicable day; or

(B) does not give the managing conservator written notice by April 1 of each year specifying an extended period or periods of summer possession, the possessory conservator shall have possession of the child for 30 consecutive days beginning at 6 p.m. on July 1 and ending at 6 p.m. on July 31;

(3) if the managing conservator gives the possessory conservator written notice by April 15 of each year, the managing conservator shall have possession of the child on any one weekend beginning Friday at 6 p.m. and ending at 6 p.m. on the following Sunday during one period of possession by the possessory conservator under Subdivision (2), provided that the managing conservator picks up the child from the possessory conservator and returns the child to that same place; and

(4) if the managing conservator gives the possessory conservator written notice by April 15 of each year or gives the possessory conservator 14 days' written notice on or after April 16 of each year, the managing conservator may designate one weekend beginning not earlier than the day after the child's school is dismissed for the summer vacation and ending not later than seven days before school resumes at the end of the summer vacation, during which an otherwise scheduled weekend period of possession by the possessory conservator will not take place, provided that the weekend designated does not interfere with the possessory conservator's period or periods of extended summer possession or with Father's Day if the possessory conservator is the father of the child.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1997, 75th Leg., ch. 802, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 1997](#); [Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 236, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 1999](#); [Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 13, eff. Sept. 1, 2003](#); [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 916, § 12, eff. June 18, 2005](#); [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1041, § 2, eff. June 15, 2007](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 6, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(5\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.312, TX FAMILY § 153.312

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter F. Standard Possession Order

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.313

§ 153.313. Parents Who Reside Over 100 Miles Apart

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

If the possessory conservator resides more than 100 miles from the residence of the child, the possessory conservator shall have the right to possession of the child as follows:

(1) either regular weekend possession beginning on the first, third, and fifth Friday as provided under the terms applicable to parents who reside 100 miles or less apart or not more than one weekend per month of the possessory conservator's choice beginning at 6 p.m. on the day school recesses for the weekend and ending at 6 p.m. on the day before school resumes after the weekend, provided that the possessory conservator gives the managing conservator 14 days' written or telephonic notice preceding a designated weekend, and provided that the possessory conservator elects an option for this alternative period of possession by written notice given to the managing conservator within 90 days after the parties begin to reside more than 100 miles apart, as applicable;

(2) each year beginning at 6 p.m. on the day the child is dismissed from school for the school's spring vacation and ending at 6 p.m. on the day before school resumes after that vacation;

(3) if the possessory conservator:

(A) gives the managing conservator written notice by April 1 of each year specifying an extended period or periods of summer possession, the possessory conservator shall have possession of the child for 42 days beginning not earlier than the day after the child's school is dismissed for the summer vacation and ending not later than seven days before school resumes at the end of the summer vacation, to be exercised in not more than two separate periods of at least seven consecutive days each, with each period of possession beginning and ending at 6 p.m. on each applicable day; or

(B) does not give the managing conservator written notice by April 1 of each year specifying an extended period or periods of summer possession, the possessory conservator shall have possession of the child for 42 consecutive days beginning at 6 p.m. on June 15 and ending at 6 p.m. on July 27;

(4) if the managing conservator gives the possessory conservator written notice by April 15 of each year the managing conservator shall have possession of the child on one weekend beginning Friday at 6 p.m. and ending at 6 p.m. on the following Sunday during one period of possession by the possessory conservator under Subdivision (3), provided that if a

period of possession by the possessory conservator exceeds 30 days, the managing conservator may have possession of the child under the terms of this subdivision on two nonconsecutive weekends during that time period, and further provided that the managing conservator picks up the child from the possessory conservator and returns the child to that same place; and

(5) if the managing conservator gives the possessory conservator written notice by April 15 of each year, the managing conservator may designate 21 days beginning not earlier than the day after the child's school is dismissed for the summer vacation and ending not later than seven days before school resumes at the end of the summer vacation, to be exercised in not more than two separate periods of at least seven consecutive days each, with each period of possession beginning and ending at 6 p.m. on each applicable day, during which the possessory conservator may not have possession of the child, provided that the period or periods so designated do not interfere with the possessory conservator's period or periods of extended summer possession or with Father's Day if the possessory conservator is the father of the child.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 36, eff. Sept. 1, 1995](#); [Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 236, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 1999](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 7, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(2\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.313, TX FAMILY § 153.313

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter F. Standard Possession Order

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.314

§ 153.314. Holiday Possession Unaffected by Distance Parents Reside Apart

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

The following provisions govern possession of the child for certain specific holidays and supersede conflicting weekend or Thursday periods of possession without regard to the distance the parents reside apart. The possessory conservator and the managing conservator shall have rights of possession of the child as follows:

- (1) the possessory conservator shall have possession of the child in even-numbered years beginning at 6 p.m. on the day the child is dismissed from school for the Christmas school vacation and ending at noon on December 28, and the managing conservator shall have possession for the same period in odd-numbered years;
- (2) the possessory conservator shall have possession of the child in odd-numbered years beginning at noon on December 28 and ending at 6 p.m. on the day before school resumes after that vacation, and the managing conservator shall have possession for the same period in even-numbered years;
- (3) the possessory conservator shall have possession of the child in odd-numbered years, beginning at 6 p.m. on the day the child is dismissed from school before Thanksgiving and ending at 6 p.m. on the following Sunday, and the managing conservator shall have possession for the same period in even-numbered years;
- (4) the parent not otherwise entitled under this standard possession order to present possession of a child on the child's birthday shall have possession of the child beginning at 6 p.m. and ending at 8 p.m. on that day, provided that the parent picks up the child from the residence of the conservator entitled to possession and returns the child to that same place;
- (5) if a conservator, the father shall have possession of the child beginning at 6 p.m. on the Friday preceding Father's Day and ending on Father's Day at 6 p.m., provided that, if he is not otherwise entitled under this standard possession order to present possession of the child, he picks up the child from the residence of the conservator entitled to possession and returns the child to that same place; and
- (6) if a conservator, the mother shall have possession of the child beginning at 6 p.m. on the Friday preceding Mother's Day and ending on Mother's Day at 6 p.m., provided that, if she is not otherwise entitled under this standard possession order to present possession of the child, she picks up the child from the residence of the conservator entitled to possession and returns the child to that same place.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995. Amended by Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 14, eff. Sept. 1, 2003; Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1041, § 3, eff. June 15, 2007; Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 8, eff. Sept. 1, 2009.

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.314, TX FAMILY § 153.314

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter F. Standard Possession Order

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.315

§ 153.315. Weekend Possession Extended by Holiday

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) If a weekend period of possession of the possessory conservator coincides with a student holiday or teacher in-service day that falls on a Monday during the regular school term, as determined by the school in which the child is enrolled, or with a federal, state, or local holiday that falls on a Monday during the summer months in which school is not in session, the weekend possession shall end at 6 p.m. on Monday.

(b) If a weekend period of possession of the possessory conservator coincides with a student holiday or teacher in-service day that falls on a Friday during the regular school term, as determined by the school in which the child is enrolled, or with a federal, state, or local holiday that falls on a Friday during the summer months in which school is not in session, the weekend possession shall begin at 6 p.m. on Thursday.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 9, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.315, TX FAMILY § 153.315

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter F. Standard Possession Order

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.316

§ 153.316. General Terms and Conditions

Currentness

The court shall order the following general terms and conditions of possession of a child to apply without regard to the distance between the residence of a parent and the child:

- (1) the managing conservator shall surrender the child to the possessory conservator at the beginning of each period of the possessory conservator's possession at the residence of the managing conservator;
- (2) if the possessory conservator elects to begin a period of possession at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed, the managing conservator shall surrender the child to the possessory conservator at the beginning of each period of possession at the school in which the child is enrolled;
- (3) the possessory conservator shall be ordered to do one of the following:
 - (A) the possessory conservator shall surrender the child to the managing conservator at the end of each period of possession at the residence of the possessory conservator; or
 - (B) the possessory conservator shall return the child to the residence of the managing conservator at the end of each period of possession, except that the order shall provide that the possessory conservator shall surrender the child to the managing conservator at the end of each period of possession at the residence of the possessory conservator if:
 - (i) at the time the original order or a modification of an order establishing terms and conditions of possession or access the possessory conservator and the managing conservator lived in the same county, the possessory conservator's county of residence remains the same after the rendition of the order, and the managing conservator's county of residence changes, effective on the date of the change of residence by the managing conservator; or
 - (ii) the possessory conservator and managing conservator lived in the same residence at any time during a six-month period preceding the date on which a suit for dissolution of the marriage was filed and the possessory conservator's county of residence remains the same and the managing conservator's county of residence changes after they no longer live in the same residence, effective on the date the order is rendered;

(4) if the possessory conservator elects to end a period of possession at the time the child's school resumes, the possessory conservator shall surrender the child to the managing conservator at the end of each period of possession at the school in which the child is enrolled;

(5) each conservator shall return with the child the personal effects that the child brought at the beginning of the period of possession;

(6) either parent may designate a competent adult to pick up and return the child, as applicable; a parent or a designated competent adult shall be present when the child is picked up or returned;

(7) a parent shall give notice to the person in possession of the child on each occasion that the parent will be unable to exercise that parent's right of possession for a specified period;

(8) written notice shall be deemed to have been timely made if received or postmarked before or at the time that notice is due; and

(9) if a conservator's time of possession of a child ends at the time school resumes and for any reason the child is not or will not be returned to school, the conservator in possession of the child shall immediately notify the school and the other conservator that the child will not be or has not been returned to school.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 37, eff. Sept. 1, 1995](#); [Acts 1997, 75th Leg., ch. 9, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 1997](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(5\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.316, TX FAMILY § 153.316

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter F. Standard Possession Order

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.3161

§ 153.3161. Repealed by Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 727, § 6; Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 31, eff. Sept. 1, 2009

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.3161, TX FAMILY § 153.3161

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter F. Standard Possession Order

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.3162

§ 153.3162. Additional Periods of Possession or Access After Conclusion of Military Deployment

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) In this section, “conservator” means:

(1) a possessory conservator of a child; or

(2) a joint managing conservator of a child without the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child.

(b) Not later than the 90th day after the date a conservator who is a member of the armed services concludes the conservator's active military deployment, the conservator may petition the court to:

(1) compute the periods of possession of or access to the child to which the conservator would have otherwise been entitled during the conservator's deployment; and

(2) award the conservator additional periods of possession of or access to the child to compensate for the periods described by Subdivision (1).

(c) If a conservator petitions the court under Subsection (b), the court:

(1) shall compute the periods of possession or access to the child described by Subsection (b)(1); and

(2) may award to the conservator additional periods of possession of or access to the child for a length of time and under terms the court considers reasonable, if the court determines that:

(A) the conservator was deployed in a location where access to the child was not reasonably possible; and

(B) the award of additional periods of possession of or access to the child is in the best interest of the child.

(d) In making the determination under Subsection (c)(2), the court:

(1) shall consider:

(A) the periods of possession of or access to the child to which the conservator would otherwise have been entitled during the conservator's deployment, as computed under Subsection (c)(1);

(B) whether the court provided in an order under [Section 153.3161](#) that a person exercise limited possession of the child during the conservator's deployment; and

(C) any other factor the court considers appropriate; and

(2) is not required to award additional periods of possession of or access to the child that equals the possession or access to which the conservator would have been entitled during the conservator's deployment, as computed under Subsection (c)(1).

(e) After the conservator has exercised all additional periods of possession or access awarded under this section, the rights of all affected parties are governed by the terms of any court order applicable when the conservator is not deployed.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 301, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.3162, TX FAMILY § 153.3162

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter F. Standard Possession Order

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.317

§ 153.317. Alternative Beginning and Ending Possession Times

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) If elected by a conservator, the court shall alter the standard possession order under [Sections 153.312](#), [153.314](#), and [153.315](#) to provide for one or more of the following alternative beginning and ending possession times for the described periods of possession, unless the court finds that the election is not in the best interest of the child:

(1) for weekend periods of possession under [Section 153.312\(a\)\(1\)](#) during the regular school term:

(A) beginning at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed; or

(B) ending at the time the child's school resumes after the weekend;

(2) for Thursday periods of possession under [Section 153.312\(a\)\(2\)](#):

(A) beginning at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed; or

(B) ending at the time the child's school resumes on Friday;

(3) for spring vacation periods of possession under [Section 153.312\(b\)\(1\)](#), beginning at the time the child's school is dismissed for those vacations;

(4) for Christmas school vacation periods of possession under [Section 153.314\(1\)](#), beginning at the time the child's school is dismissed for the vacation;

(5) for Thanksgiving holiday periods of possession under [Section 153.314\(3\)](#), beginning at the time the child's school is dismissed for the holiday;

(6) for Father's Day periods of possession under [Section 153.314\(5\)](#), ending at 8 a.m. on the Monday after Father's Day weekend;

(7) for Mother's Day periods of possession under [Section 153.314\(6\)](#):

(A) beginning at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed on the Friday preceding Mother's Day; or

(B) ending at the time the child's school resumes after Mother's Day; or

(8) for weekend periods of possession that are extended under [Section 153.315\(b\)](#) by a student holiday or teacher in-service day that falls on a Friday, beginning at the time the child's school is regularly dismissed on Thursday.

(b) A conservator must make an election under Subsection (a) before or at the time of the rendition of a possession order. The election may be made:

(1) in a written document filed with the court; or

(2) through an oral statement made in open court on the record.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1997, 75th Leg., ch. 9, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 1997](#); [Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 15, eff. Sept. 1, 2003](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 10, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(11\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.317, TX FAMILY § 153.317

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter G. Appointment of Nonparent as Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.371

§ 153.371. Rights and Duties of Nonparent Appointed as Sole Managing Conservator

Effective: September 1, 2003

[Currentness](#)

Unless limited by court order or other provisions of this chapter, a nonparent, licensed child-placing agency, or authorized agency appointed as a managing conservator of the child has the following rights and duties:

- (1) the right to have physical possession and to direct the moral and religious training of the child;
- (2) the duty of care, control, protection, and reasonable discipline of the child;
- (3) the duty to provide the child with clothing, food, shelter, education, and medical, psychological, and dental care;
- (4) the right to consent for the child to medical, psychiatric, psychological, dental, and surgical treatment and to have access to the child's medical records;
- (5) the right to receive and give receipt for payments for the support of the child and to hold or disburse funds for the benefit of the child;
- (6) the right to the services and earnings of the child;
- (7) the right to consent to marriage and to enlistment in the armed forces of the United States;
- (8) the right to represent the child in legal action and to make other decisions of substantial legal significance concerning the child;
- (9) except when a guardian of the child's estate or a guardian or attorney ad litem has been appointed for the child, the right to act as an agent of the child in relation to the child's estate if the child's action is required by a state, the United States, or a foreign government;

(10) the right to designate the primary residence of the child and to make decisions regarding the child's education; and

(11) if the parent-child relationship has been terminated with respect to the parents, or only living parent, or if there is no living parent, the right to consent to the adoption of the child and to make any other decision concerning the child that a parent could make.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 34, eff. Sept. 1, 1995](#); [Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 949, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 1999](#); [Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 16, eff. Sept. 1, 2003](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(4\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.371, TX FAMILY § 153.371

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter G. Appointment of Nonparent as Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.372

§ 153.372. Nonparent Appointed as Joint Managing Conservator

Currentness

(a) A nonparent, authorized agency, or licensed child-placing agency appointed as a joint managing conservator may serve in that capacity with either another nonparent or with a parent of the child.

(b) The procedural and substantive standards regarding an agreed or court-ordered joint managing conservatorship provided by Subchapter C¹ apply to a nonparent joint managing conservator.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Footnotes

¹ V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.131 et seq.

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.372, TX FAMILY § 153.372

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter G. Appointment of Nonparent as Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.3721

§ 153.3721. Access to Certain Records by Nonparent Joint Managing Conservator

Currentness

Unless limited by court order or other provisions of this chapter, a nonparent joint managing conservator has the right of access to the medical records of the child, without regard to whether the right is specified in the order.

Credits

Added by Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 949, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 1999.

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.3721, TX FAMILY § 153.3721

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter G. Appointment of Nonparent as Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.373

§ 153.373. Voluntary Surrender of Possession Rebutts Parental Presumption

Currentness

The presumption that a parent should be appointed or retained as managing conservator of the child is rebutted if the court finds that:

(1) the parent has voluntarily relinquished actual care, control, and possession of the child to a nonparent, licensed child-placing agency, or authorized agency for a period of one year or more, a portion of which was within 90 days preceding the date of intervention in or filing of the suit; and

(2) the appointment of the nonparent or agency as managing conservator is in the best interest of the child.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (21)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.373, TX FAMILY § 153.373

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter G. Appointment of Nonparent as Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.374

§ 153.374. Designation of Managing Conservator in Affidavit of Relinquishment

Currentness

(a) A parent may designate a competent person, authorized agency, or licensed child-placing agency to serve as managing conservator of the child in an unrevoked or irrevocable affidavit of relinquishment of parental rights executed as provided by Chapter 161.

(b) The person or agency designated to serve as managing conservator shall be appointed managing conservator unless the court finds that the appointment would not be in the best interest of the child.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995. Amended by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 38, eff. Sept. 1, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (5)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.374, TX FAMILY § 153.374

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter G. Appointment of Nonparent as Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.375

§ 153.375. Annual Report by Nonparent Managing Conservator

Currentness

(a) A nonparent appointed as a managing conservator of a child shall each 12 months after the appointment file with the court a report of facts concerning the child's welfare, including the child's whereabouts and physical condition.

(b) The report may not be admitted in evidence in a subsequent suit.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#).

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.375, TX FAMILY § 153.375

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter G. Appointment of Nonparent as Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.376

§ 153.376. Rights and Duties of Nonparent Possessory Conservator

Currentness

(a) Unless limited by court order or other provisions of this chapter, a nonparent, licensed child-placing agency, or authorized agency appointed as a possessory conservator has the following rights and duties during the period of possession:

(1) the duty of care, control, protection, and reasonable discipline of the child;

(2) the duty to provide the child with clothing, food, and shelter; and

(3) the right to consent to medical, dental, and surgical treatment during an emergency involving an immediate danger to the health and safety of the child.

(b) A nonparent possessory conservator has any other right or duty specified in the order.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (5)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.376, TX FAMILY § 153.376

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter G. Appointment of Nonparent as Conservator

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.377

§ 153.377. Access to Child's Records

Currentness

A nonparent possessory conservator has the right of access to medical, dental, psychological, and educational records of the child to the same extent as the managing conservator, without regard to whether the right is specified in the order.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.377, TX FAMILY § 153.377

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator

V.T.C.A., Family Code T. 5, Subt. B, Ch. 153, Subch. K, Refs & Annos

[Currentness](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code T. 5, Subt. B, Ch. 153, Subch. K, Refs & Annos, TX FAMILY T. 5, Subt. B, Ch. 153, Subch. K, Refs & Annos

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.601

§ 153.601. Definitions

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

In this subchapter:

(1) “Dispute resolution process” means:

(A) a process of alternative dispute resolution conducted in accordance with [Section 153.0071](#) of this chapter and Chapter 154, Civil Practice and Remedies Code; or

(B) any other method of voluntary dispute resolution.

(2) “High-conflict case” means a suit affecting the parent-child relationship in which the court finds that the parties have demonstrated an unusual degree of:

(A) repetitiously resorting to the adjudicative process;

(B) anger and distrust; and

(C) difficulty in communicating about and cooperating in the care of their children.

(3) “Parenting coordinator” means an impartial third party:

(A) who, regardless of the title by which the person is designated by the court, performs any function described by [Section 153.606](#) in a suit; and

(B) who:

(i) is appointed under this subchapter by the court on its own motion or on a motion or agreement of the parties to assist parties in resolving parenting issues through confidential procedures; and

(ii) is not appointed under another statute or a rule of civil procedure.

(3-a) “Parenting facilitator” means an impartial third party:

(A) who, regardless of the title by which the person is designated by the court, performs any function described by [Section 153.6061](#) in a suit; and

(B) who:

(i) is appointed under this subchapter by the court on its own motion or on a motion or agreement of the parties to assist parties in resolving parenting issues through procedures that are not confidential; and

(ii) is not appointed under another statute or a rule of civil procedure.

(4) “Parenting plan” means the provisions of a final court order that:

(A) set out rights and duties of a parent or a person acting as a parent in relation to the child;

(B) provide for periods of possession of and access to the child, which may be the terms set out in the standard possession order under Subchapter F and any amendments to the standard possession order agreed to by the parties or found by the court to be in the best interest of the child;

(C) provide for child support; and

(D) optimize the development of a close and continuing relationship between each parent and the child.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 482, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2005](#). Amended by [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, § 4, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 16, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq., as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.601, TX FAMILY § 153.601

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.602

§ 153.602. Parenting Plan Not Required in Temporary Order

Effective: September 1, 2007

[Currentness](#)

A temporary order in a suit affecting the parent-child relationship rendered in accordance with [Section 105.001](#) is not required to include a temporary parenting plan. The court may not require the submission of a temporary parenting plan in any case or by local rule or practice.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 482, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2005](#). Amended by [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, § 4, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.602, TX FAMILY § 153.602

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.603

§ 153.603. Requirement of Parenting Plan in Final Order

Effective: September 1, 2007

[Currentness](#)

(a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), a final order in a suit affecting the parent-child relationship must include a parenting plan.

(b) The following orders are not required to include a parenting plan:

(1) an order that only modifies child support;

(2) an order that only terminates parental rights; or

(3) a final order described by [Section 155.001\(b\)](#).

(c) If the parties have not reached agreement on a final parenting plan on or before the 30th day before the date set for trial on the merits, a party may file with the court and serve a proposed parenting plan.

(d) This section does not preclude the parties from requesting the appointment of a parenting coordinator to resolve parental conflicts.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 482, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2005](#). Amended by [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, § 4, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.603, TX FAMILY § 153.603

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.6031

§ 153.6031. Exception to Dispute Resolution Process Requirement

Effective: September 1, 2007

[Currentness](#)

A requirement in a parenting plan that a party initiate or participate in a dispute resolution process before filing a court action does not apply to an action:

- (1) to modify the parenting plan in an emergency;
- (2) to modify child support;
- (3) alleging that the child's present circumstances will significantly impair the child's physical health or significantly impair the child's emotional development;
- (4) to enforce; or
- (5) in which the party shows that enforcement of the requirement is precluded or limited by [Section 153.0071](#).

Credits

Added by [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, § 4, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.6031, TX FAMILY § 153.6031

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.604

§ 153.604. Repealed by Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, § 11(1), eff. Sept. 1, 2007

Effective: September 1, 2007

[Currentness](#)

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.604, TX FAMILY § 153.604

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.605

§ 153.605. Appointment of Parenting Coordinator

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) In a suit affecting the parent-child relationship, the court may, on its own motion or on a motion or agreement of the parties, appoint a parenting coordinator or assign a domestic relations office under Chapter 203 to appoint an employee or other person to serve as parenting coordinator.

(b) The court may not appoint a parenting coordinator unless, after notice and hearing, the court makes a specific finding that:

(1) the case is a high-conflict case or there is good cause shown for the appointment of a parenting coordinator and the appointment is in the best interest of any minor child in the suit; and

(2) the person appointed has the minimum qualifications required by [Section 153.610](#), as documented by the person, unless those requirements have been waived by the court with the agreement of the parties in accordance with [Section 153.610\(c\)](#).

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter, a party may at any time file a written objection to the appointment of a parenting coordinator on the basis of family violence having been committed by another party against the objecting party or a child who is the subject of the suit. After an objection is filed, a parenting coordinator may not be appointed unless, on the request of a party, a hearing is held and the court finds that a preponderance of the evidence does not support the objection. If a parenting coordinator is appointed, the court shall order appropriate measures be taken to ensure the physical and emotional safety of the party who filed the objection. The order may provide that the parties not be required to have face-to-face contact and that the parties be placed in separate rooms during the parenting coordination.

(d) An individual appointed as a parenting coordinator may not serve in any nonconfidential capacity in the same case, including serving as an amicus attorney, guardian ad litem, or social study evaluator under Chapter 107, as a friend of the court under Chapter 202, or as a parenting facilitator under this subchapter.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 482, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2005](#). Amended by [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, § 5, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 17, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

<Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001(21) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq., as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.605, TX FAMILY § 153.605

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.6051

§ 153.6051. Appointment of Parenting Facilitator

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) In a suit affecting the parent-child relationship, the court may, on its own motion or on a motion or agreement of the parties, appoint a parenting facilitator or assign a domestic relations office under Chapter 203 to appoint an employee or other person as a parenting facilitator.

(b) The court may not appoint a parenting facilitator unless, after notice and hearing, the court makes a specific finding that:

(1) the case is a high-conflict case or there is good cause shown for the appointment of a parenting facilitator and the appointment is in the best interest of any minor child in the suit; and

(2) the person appointed has the minimum qualifications required by [Section 153.6101](#), as documented by the person.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter, a party may at any time file a written objection to the appointment of a parenting facilitator on the basis of family violence having been committed by another party against the objecting party or a child who is the subject of the suit. After an objection is filed, a parenting facilitator may not be appointed unless, on the request of a party, a hearing is held and the court finds that a preponderance of the evidence does not support the objection. If a parenting facilitator is appointed, the court shall order appropriate measures be taken to ensure the physical and emotional safety of the party who filed the objection. The order may provide that the parties not be required to have face-to-face contact and that the parties be placed in separate rooms during the parenting facilitation.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 18, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.6051, TX FAMILY § 153.6051

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.606

§ 153.606. Duties of Parenting Coordinator

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) The court shall specify the duties of a parenting coordinator in the order appointing the parenting coordinator. The duties of the parenting coordinator are limited to matters that will aid the parties in:

- (1) identifying disputed issues;
- (2) reducing misunderstandings;
- (3) clarifying priorities;
- (4) exploring possibilities for problem solving;
- (5) developing methods of collaboration in parenting;
- (6) understanding parenting plans and reaching agreements about parenting issues to be included in a parenting plan;
- (7) complying with the court's order regarding conservatorship or possession of and access to the child;
- (8) implementing parenting plans;
- (9) obtaining training regarding problem solving, conflict management, and parenting skills; and
- (10) settling disputes regarding parenting issues and reaching a proposed joint resolution or statement of intent regarding those disputes.

(b) The appointment of a parenting coordinator does not divest the court of:

- (1) its exclusive jurisdiction to determine issues of conservatorship, support, and possession of and access to the child; and
 - (2) the authority to exercise management and control of the suit.
- (c) The parenting coordinator may not modify any order, judgment, or decree.
- (d) Meetings between the parenting coordinator and the parties may be informal and are not required to follow any specific procedures unless otherwise provided by this subchapter.
- (e) Repealed by [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, §11\(2\)](#).
- (f) A parenting coordinator appointed under this subchapter shall comply with the Ethical Guidelines for Mediators as adopted by the Supreme Court of Texas (Misc. Docket No. 05-9107, June 13, 2005). On request by the court, the parties, or the parties' attorneys, the parenting coordinator shall sign a statement of agreement to comply with those guidelines and submit the statement to the court on acceptance of the appointment. A failure to comply with the guidelines is grounds for removal of the parenting coordinator.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 482, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2005](#). Amended by [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, §§ 6, 7, 11\(2\), eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 19, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.606, TX FAMILY § 153.606

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.6061

§ 153.6061. Duties of Parenting Facilitator

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) The court shall specify the duties of a parenting facilitator in the order appointing the parenting facilitator. The duties of the parenting facilitator are limited to those matters described with regard to a parenting coordinator under [Section 153.606\(a\)](#), except that the parenting facilitator may also monitor compliance with court orders.

(b) A parenting facilitator appointed under this subchapter shall comply with the standard of care applicable to the professional license held by the parenting facilitator in performing the parenting facilitator's duties.

(c) The appointment of a parenting facilitator does not divest the court of:

(1) the exclusive jurisdiction to determine issues of conservatorship, support, and possession of and access to the child; and

(2) the authority to exercise management and control of the suit.

(d) The parenting facilitator may not modify any order, judgment, or decree.

(e) Meetings between the parenting facilitator and the parties may be informal and are not required to follow any specific procedures unless otherwise provided by this subchapter or the standards of practice of the professional license held by the parenting facilitator.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 20, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.6061, TX FAMILY § 153.6061

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.607

§ 153.607. Presumption of Good Faith; Removal of Parenting Coordinator

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) It is a rebuttable presumption that a parenting coordinator is acting in good faith if the parenting coordinator's services have been conducted as provided by this subchapter and the Ethical Guidelines for Mediators described by [Section 153.606\(f\)](#).

(a-1) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the court may remove the parenting coordinator in the court's discretion.

(b) The court shall remove the parenting coordinator:

(1) on the request and agreement of all parties;

(2) on the request of the parenting coordinator;

(3) on the motion of a party, if good cause is shown; or

(4) if the parenting coordinator ceases to satisfy the minimum qualifications required by [Section 153.610](#).

Credits

Added by [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 482, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2005](#). Amended by [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, § 8, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 21, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.607, TX FAMILY § 153.607

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.6071

§ 153.6071. Presumption of Good Faith; Removal of Parenting Facilitator

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) It is a rebuttable presumption that a parenting facilitator is acting in good faith if the parenting facilitator's services have been conducted as provided by this subchapter and the standard of care applicable to the professional license held by the parenting facilitator.

(b) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the court may remove the parenting facilitator in the court's discretion.

(c) The court shall remove the parenting facilitator:

(1) on the request and agreement of all parties;

(2) on the request of the parenting facilitator;

(3) on the motion of a party, if good cause is shown; or

(4) if the parenting facilitator ceases to satisfy the minimum qualifications required by [Section 153.6101](#).

Credits

Added by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 22, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.6071, TX FAMILY § 153.6071

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.608

§ 153.608. Report of Parenting Coordinator

Effective: September 1, 2007

[Currentness](#)

A parenting coordinator shall submit a written report to the court and to the parties as often as ordered by the court. The report must be limited to a statement of whether the parenting coordination should continue.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 482, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2005](#). Amended by [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, § 9, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.608, TX FAMILY § 153.608

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.6081

§ 153.6081. Report of Parenting Facilitator

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

A parenting facilitator shall submit a written report to the court and to the parties as ordered by the court. The report may include a recommendation described by [Section 153.6082\(e\)](#) and any other information required by the court, except that the report may not include recommendations regarding the conservatorship of or the possession of or access to the child who is the subject of the suit.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 22, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.6081, TX FAMILY § 153.6081

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.6082

§ 153.6082. Report of Joint Proposal or Statement of Intent; Agreements and Recommendations

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) If the parties have been ordered by the court to attempt to settle parenting issues with the assistance of a parenting coordinator or parenting facilitator and to attempt to reach a proposed joint resolution or statement of intent regarding the dispute, the parenting coordinator or parenting facilitator, as applicable, shall submit a written report describing the parties' joint proposal or statement to the parties, any attorneys for the parties, and any attorney for the child who is the subject of the suit.

(b) The proposed joint resolution or statement of intent is not an agreement unless the resolution or statement is:

(1) prepared by the parties' attorneys, if any, in a form that meets the applicable requirements of:

(A) [Rule 11, Texas Rules of Civil Procedure](#);

(B) a mediated settlement agreement described by [Section 153.0071](#);

(C) a collaborative law agreement described by [Section 153.0072](#);

(D) a settlement agreement described by [Section 154.071, Civil Practice and Remedies Code](#); or

(E) a proposed court order; and

(2) incorporated into an order signed by the court.

(c) A parenting coordinator or parenting facilitator may not draft a document listed in Subsection (b)(1).

(d) The actions of a parenting coordinator or parenting facilitator under this section do not constitute the practice of law.

(e) If the parties have been ordered by the court to attempt to settle parenting issues with the assistance of a parenting facilitator and are unable to settle those issues, the parenting facilitator may make recommendations, other than recommendations regarding the conservatorship of or possession of or access to the child, to the parties and attorneys to implement or clarify provisions of an existing court order that are consistent with the substantive intent of the court order and in the best interest of the child who is the subject of the suit. A recommendation authorized by this subsection does not affect the terms of an existing court order.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 22, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.6082, TX FAMILY § 153.6082

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.6083

§ 153.6083. Communications and Recordkeeping of Parenting Facilitator

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) Notwithstanding any rule, standard of care, or privilege applicable to the professional license held by a parenting facilitator, a communication made by a participant in parenting facilitation is subject to disclosure and may be offered in any judicial or administrative proceeding, if otherwise admissible under the rules of evidence. The parenting facilitator may be required to testify in any proceeding relating to or arising from the duties of the parenting facilitator, including as to the basis for any recommendation made to the parties that arises from the duties of the parenting facilitator.

(b) A parenting facilitator shall keep a detailed record regarding meetings and contacts with the parties, attorneys, or other persons involved in the suit.

(c) A person who participates in parenting facilitation is not a patient as defined by [Section 611.001, Health and Safety Code](#), and no record created as part of the parenting facilitation that arises from the parenting facilitator's duties is confidential.

(d) On request, records of parenting facilitation shall be made available by the parenting facilitator to an attorney for a party, an attorney for a child who is the subject of the suit, and a party who does not have an attorney.

(e) A parenting facilitator shall keep parenting facilitation records from the suit until the seventh anniversary of the date the facilitator's services are terminated, unless a different retention period is established by a rule adopted by the licensing authority that issues the professional license held by the parenting facilitator.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 22, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.6083, TX FAMILY § 153.6083

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.609

§ 153.609. Compensation of Parenting Coordinator

Effective: June 17, 2011

[Currentness](#)

(a) A court may not appoint a parenting coordinator, other than a domestic relations office or a comparable county agency appointed under Subsection (c) or a volunteer appointed under Subsection (d), unless, after notice and hearing, the court finds that the parties have the means to pay the fees of the parenting coordinator.

(b) Any fees of a parenting coordinator appointed under Subsection (a) shall be allocated between the parties as determined by the court.

(c) Public funds may not be used to pay the fees of a parenting coordinator. Notwithstanding this prohibition, a court may appoint the domestic relations office or a comparable county agency to act as a parenting coordinator if personnel are available to serve that function.

(d) If due to hardship the parties are unable to pay the fees of a parenting coordinator, and a domestic relations office or a comparable county agency is not available under Subsection (c), the court, if feasible, may appoint a person who meets the minimum qualifications prescribed by [Section 153.610](#), including an employee of the court, to act as a parenting coordinator on a volunteer basis and without compensation.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 482, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2005](#). Amended by [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1181, § 10, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#); [Acts 2011, 82nd Leg., ch. 682 \(H.B. 149\), § 1, eff. June 17, 2011](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.609, TX FAMILY § 153.609

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.6091

§ 153.6091. Compensation of Parenting Facilitator

Effective: June 17, 2011

[Currentness](#)

[Section 153.609](#) applies to a parenting facilitator in the same manner as provided for a parenting coordinator, except that a person appointed in accordance with [Section 153.609\(d\)](#) to act as a parenting facilitator must meet the minimum qualifications prescribed by [Section 153.6101](#).

Credits

Added by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 22, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#). Amended by [Acts 2011, 82nd Leg., ch. 682 \(H.B. 149\), § 2, eff. June 17, 2011](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.6091, TX FAMILY § 153.6091

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.610

§ 153.610. Qualifications of Parenting Coordinator

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) The court shall determine the required qualifications of a parenting coordinator, provided that a parenting coordinator must have experience working in a field relating to families, have practical experience with high-conflict cases or litigation between parents, and:

(1) hold at least:

(A) a bachelor's degree in counseling, education, family studies, psychology, or social work; or

(B) a graduate degree in a mental health profession, with an emphasis in family and children's issues; or

(2) be licensed in good standing as an attorney in this state.

(b) In addition to the qualifications prescribed by Subsection (a), a parenting coordinator must complete at least:

(1) eight hours of family violence dynamics training provided by a family violence service provider;

(2) 40 classroom hours of training in dispute resolution techniques in a course conducted by an alternative dispute resolution system or other dispute resolution organization approved by the court; and

(3) 24 classroom hours of training in the fields of family dynamics, child development, family law and the law governing parenting coordination, and parenting coordination styles and procedures.

(c) In appropriate circumstances, a court may, with the agreement of the parties, appoint a person as parenting coordinator who does not satisfy the requirements of Subsection (a) or Subsection (b)(2) or (3) if the court finds that the person has sufficient legal or other professional training or experience in dispute resolution processes to serve in that capacity.

(d) The actions of a parenting coordinator who is not an attorney do not constitute the practice of law.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 482, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2005](#). Amended by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 23, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.610, TX FAMILY § 153.610

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.6101

§ 153.6101. Qualifications of Parenting Facilitator

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) The court shall determine whether the qualifications of a proposed parenting facilitator satisfy the requirements of this section. On request by a party, an attorney for a party, or any attorney for a child who is the subject of the suit, a person under consideration for appointment as a parenting facilitator in the suit shall provide proof that the person satisfies the minimum qualifications required by this section.

(b) A parenting facilitator must:

(1) hold a license to practice in this state as a social worker, licensed professional counselor, licensed marriage and family therapist, psychologist, or attorney; and

(2) have completed at least:

(A) eight hours of family violence dynamics training provided by a family violence service provider;

(B) 40 classroom hours of training in dispute resolution techniques in a course conducted by an alternative dispute resolution system or other dispute resolution organization approved by the court;

(C) 24 classroom hours of training in the fields of family dynamics, child development, and family law; and

(D) 16 hours of training in the laws governing parenting coordination and parenting facilitation and the multiple styles and procedures used in different models of service.

(c) The actions of a parenting facilitator who is not an attorney do not constitute the practice of law.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 24, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

<Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001(21) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq., as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.6101, TX FAMILY § 153.6101

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.6102

§ 153.6102. Parenting Facilitator; Conflicts of Interest and Bias

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) A person who has a conflict of interest with, or has previous knowledge of, a party or a child who is the subject of a suit must, before being appointed as parenting facilitator in a suit:

(1) disclose the conflict or previous knowledge to the court, each attorney for a party, any attorney for a child, and any party who does not have an attorney; and

(2) decline appointment in the suit unless, after the disclosure, the parties and the child's attorney, if any, agree in writing to the person's appointment as parenting facilitator.

(b) A parenting facilitator who, after being appointed in a suit, discovers that the parenting facilitator has a conflict of interest with, or has previous knowledge of, a party or a child who is the subject of the suit shall:

(1) immediately disclose the conflict or previous knowledge to the court, each attorney for a party, any attorney for a child, and any party who does not have an attorney; and

(2) withdraw from the suit unless, after the disclosure, the parties and the child's attorney, if any, agree in writing to the person's continuation as parenting facilitator.

(c) A parenting facilitator, before accepting appointment in a suit, must disclose to the court, each attorney for a party, any attorney for a child who is the subject of the suit, and any party who does not have an attorney:

(1) a pecuniary relationship with an attorney, party, or child in the suit;

(2) a relationship of confidence or trust with an attorney, party, or child in the suit; and

(3) other information regarding any relationship with an attorney, party, or child in the suit that might reasonably affect the ability of the person to act impartially during the person's service as parenting facilitator.

(d) A person who makes a disclosure required by Subsection (c) shall decline appointment as parenting facilitator unless, after the disclosure, the parties and the child's attorney, if any, agree in writing to the person's service as parenting facilitator in the suit.

(e) A parenting facilitator may not serve in any other professional capacity at any other time with any person who is a party to, or the subject of, the suit in which the person serves as parenting facilitator, or with any member of the family of a party or subject. A person who, before appointment as a parenting facilitator in a suit, served in any other professional capacity with a person who is a party to, or subject of, the suit, or with any member of the family of a party or subject, may not serve as parenting facilitator in a suit involving any family member who is a party to or subject of the suit. This subsection does not apply to a person whose only other service in a professional capacity with a family or any member of a family that is a party to or the subject of a suit to which this section applies is as a teacher of coparenting skills in a class conducted in a group setting. For purposes of this subsection, "family" has the meaning assigned by [Section 71.003](#).

(f) A parenting facilitator shall promptly and simultaneously disclose to each party's attorney, any attorney for a child who is a subject of the suit, and any party who does not have an attorney the existence and substance of any communication between the parenting facilitator and another person, including a party, a party's attorney, a child who is the subject of the suit, and any attorney for a child who is the subject of the suit, if the communication occurred outside of a parenting facilitator session and involved the substance of parenting facilitation.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 24, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.6102, TX FAMILY § 153.6102

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 153. Conservatorship, Possession, and Access (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter K. Parenting Plan, Parenting Coordinator, and Parenting Facilitator (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.611

§ 153.611. Exception for Certain Title IV-D Proceedings

Effective: September 1, 2005

[Currentness](#)

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter, this subchapter does not apply to a proceeding in a Title IV-D case relating to the determination of parentage or establishment, modification, or enforcement of a child support or medical support obligation.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 482, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2005](#).

<[Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 921, § 17.001\(21\)](#) relettered a former Subchapter J, Parenting Plan and Parenting Coordinator, consisting of [V.T.C.A., Family Code §§ 153.601 et seq.](#), as Subchapter K, consisting of the same sections.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 153.611, TX FAMILY § 153.611

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 156. Modification (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 156.001

§ 156.001. Orders Subject to Modification

[Currentness](#)

A court with continuing, exclusive jurisdiction may modify an order that provides for the conservatorship, support, or possession of and access to a child.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(132\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 156.001, TX FAMILY § 156.001

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 156. Modification (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 156.002

§ 156.002. Who Can File

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

- (a) A party affected by an order may file a suit for modification in the court with continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.
- (b) A person or entity who, at the time of filing, has standing to sue under Chapter 102 may file a suit for modification in the court with continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.
- (c) The sibling of a child who is separated from the child because of the actions of the Department of Family and Protective Services may file a suit for modification requesting access to the child in the court with continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 26, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(32\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 156.002, TX FAMILY § 156.002

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 156. Modification (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 156.003

§ 156.003. Notice

[Currentness](#)

A party whose rights and duties may be affected by a suit for modification is entitled to receive notice by service of citation.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 178, § 9, eff. Aug. 30, 1999](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(10\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 156.003, TX FAMILY § 156.003

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 156. Modification (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 156.004

§ 156.004. Procedure

[Currentness](#)

The Texas Rules of Civil Procedure applicable to the filing of an original lawsuit apply to a suit for modification under this chapter.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(139\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 156.004, TX FAMILY § 156.004

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 156. Modification (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 156.005

§ 156.005. Frivolous Filing of Suit for Modification

Currentness

If the court finds that a suit for modification is filed frivolously or is designed to harass a party, the court shall tax attorney's fees as costs against the offending party.

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995.

Notes of Decisions (10)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 156.005, TX FAMILY § 156.005

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 156. Modification (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter A. General Provisions

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 156.006

§ 156.006. Temporary Orders

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

- (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), the court may render a temporary order in a suit for modification.
- (b) While a suit for modification is pending, the court may not render a temporary order that has the effect of changing the designation of the person who has the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child under the final order unless the temporary order is in the best interest of the child and:
- (1) the order is necessary because the child's present circumstances would significantly impair the child's physical health or emotional development;
 - (2) the person designated in the final order has voluntarily relinquished the primary care and possession of the child for more than six months; or
 - (3) the child is 12 years of age or older and has expressed to the court in chambers as provided by [Section 153.009](#) the name of the person who is the child's preference to have the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child.
- (c) Subsection (b)(2) does not apply to a conservator who has the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child and who has temporarily relinquished the primary care and possession of the child to another person during the conservator's military deployment, military mobilization, or temporary military duty, as those terms are defined by [Section 153.701](#).

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 1390, § 15, eff. Sept. 1, 1999](#); [Acts 2001, 77th Leg., ch. 1289, § 3, eff. Sept. 1, 2001](#); [Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 18, eff. Sept. 1, 2003](#); [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 916, § 17, eff. June 18, 2005](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 727, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 27, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1118, § 2, Sept. 1, 2009](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(37\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 156.006, TX FAMILY § 156.006

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 156. Modification

Subchapter B. Modification of Conservatorship, Possession and Access, or Determination of Residence

V.T.C.A., Family Code T. 5, Subt. B, Ch. 156, Subch. B, Refs & Annos

[Currentness](#)

Editors' Notes

GENERAL NOTES

2008 Main Volume

<Acts 2001, 77th Leg., ch. 1289, amended the Subchapter B heading by deleting “sole managing” following “modification of”.>

V. T. C. A., Family Code T. 5, Subt. B, Ch. 156, Subch. B, Refs & Annos, TX FAMILY T. 5, Subt. B, Ch. 156, Subch. B, Refs & Annos

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 156. Modification (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter B. Modification of Conservatorship, Possession and Access, or Determination of Residence (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 156.101

§ 156.101. Grounds for Modification of Order Establishing Conservatorship or Possession and Access

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) The court may modify an order that provides for the appointment of a conservator of a child, that provides the terms and conditions of conservatorship, or that provides for the possession of or access to a child if modification would be in the best interest of the child and:

(1) the circumstances of the child, a conservator, or other party affected by the order have materially and substantially changed since the earlier of:

(A) the date of the rendition of the order; or

(B) the date of the signing of a mediated or collaborative law settlement agreement on which the order is based;

(2) the child is at least 12 years of age and has expressed to the court in chambers as provided by [Section 153.009](#) the name of the person who is the child's preference to have the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child; or

(3) the conservator who has the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child has voluntarily relinquished the primary care and possession of the child to another person for at least six months.

(b) Subsection (a)(3) does not apply to a conservator who has the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child and who has temporarily relinquished the primary care and possession of the child to another person during the conservator's military deployment, military mobilization, or temporary military duty, as those terms are defined by [Section 153.701](#).

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 751, § 47, eff. Sept. 1, 1995](#); [Acts 1999, 76th Leg., ch. 1390, § 16, eff. Sept. 1, 1999](#); [Acts 2001, 77th Leg., ch. 1289, § 5, eff. Sept. 1, 2001](#); [Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 19, eff. Sept. 1, 2003](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 727, § 3, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 28, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1118, § 3, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(314\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 156.101, TX FAMILY § 156.101

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 156. Modification (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter B. Modification of Conservatorship, Possession and Access, or Determination of Residence (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 156.102

§ 156.102. Modification of Exclusive Right to Determine Primary Residence of Child Within One Year of Order

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

(a) If a suit seeking to modify the designation of the person having the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of a child is filed not later than one year after the earlier of the date of the rendition of the order or the date of the signing of a mediated or collaborative law settlement agreement on which the order is based, the person filing the suit shall execute and attach an affidavit as provided by Subsection (b).

(b) The affidavit must contain, along with supporting facts, at least one of the following allegations:

(1) that the child's present environment may endanger the child's physical health or significantly impair the child's emotional development;

(2) that the person who has the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child is the person seeking or consenting to the modification and the modification is in the best interest of the child; or

(3) that the person who has the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child has voluntarily relinquished the primary care and possession of the child for at least six months and the modification is in the best interest of the child.

(c) The court shall deny the relief sought and refuse to schedule a hearing for modification under this section unless the court determines, on the basis of the affidavit, that facts adequate to support an allegation listed in Subsection (b) are stated in the affidavit. If the court determines that the facts stated are adequate to support an allegation, the court shall set a time and place for the hearing.

(d) Subsection (b)(3) does not apply to a person who has the exclusive right to designate the primary residence of the child and who has temporarily relinquished the primary care and possession of the child to another person during the conservator's military deployment, military mobilization, or temporary military duty, as those terms are defined by [Section 153.701](#).

Credits

Added by Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995. Amended by Acts 2001, 77th Leg., ch. 1289, § 6, eff. Sept. 1, 2001; Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1036, § 20, eff. Sept. 1, 2003; Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 727, § 4, eff. Sept. 1, 2009; Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 29, eff. Sept. 1, 2009.

[Notes of Decisions \(41\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 156.102, TX FAMILY § 156.102

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 156. Modification (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter B. Modification of Conservatorship, Possession and Access, or Determination of Residence (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 156.103

§ 156.103. Increased Expenses Because of Change of Residence

Effective: September 1, 2001

[Currentness](#)

(a) If a change of residence results in increased expenses for a party having possession of or access to a child, the court may render appropriate orders to allocate those increased expenses on a fair and equitable basis, taking into account the cause of the increased expenses and the best interest of the child.

(b) The payment of increased expenses by the party whose residence is changed is rebuttably presumed to be in the best interest of the child.

(c) The court may render an order without regard to whether another change in the terms and conditions for the possession of or access to the child is made.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 2001, 77th Leg., ch. 1289, § 7, eff. Sept. 1, 2001](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(9\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 156.103, TX FAMILY § 156.103

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 156. Modification (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter B. Modification of Conservatorship, Possession and Access, or Determination of Residence (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 156.104

§ 156.104. Modification of Order on Conviction for Child Abuse; Penalty

Effective: September 1, 2007

[Currentness](#)

(a) Except as provided by [Section 156.1045](#), the conviction of a conservator for an offense under [Section 21.02, Penal Code](#), or the conviction of a conservator or an order deferring adjudication with regard to the conservator, for an offense involving the abuse of a child under [Section 21.11](#), [22.011](#), or [22.021, Penal Code](#), is a material and substantial change of circumstances sufficient to justify a temporary order and modification of an existing court order or portion of a decree that provides for the appointment of a conservator or that sets the terms and conditions of conservatorship or for the possession of or access to a child.

(b) A person commits an offense if the person files a suit to modify an order or portion of a decree based on the grounds permitted under Subsection (a) and the person knows that the person against whom the motion is filed has not been convicted of an offense, or received deferred adjudication for an offense, under [Section 21.02](#), [21.11](#), [22.011](#), or [22.021, Penal Code](#). An offense under this subsection is a Class B misdemeanor.

Credits

Added by [Acts 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 20, § 1, eff. April 20, 1995](#). Amended by [Acts 2001, 77th Leg., ch. 1289, § 8, eff. Sept. 1, 2001](#); [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 593, § 3.29, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#).

[Notes of Decisions \(18\)](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 156.104, TX FAMILY § 156.104

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

End of Document

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Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 156. Modification (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter B. Modification of Conservatorship, Possession and Access, or Determination of Residence (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 156.1045

§ 156.1045. Modification of Order on Conviction for Family Violence

Effective: September 1, 2001

[Currentness](#)

(a) The conviction or an order deferring adjudication of a person who is a possessory conservator or a sole or joint managing conservator for an offense involving family violence is a material and substantial change of circumstances sufficient to justify a temporary order and modification of an existing court order or portion of a decree that provides for the appointment of a conservator or that sets the terms and conditions of conservatorship or for the possession of or access to a child to conform the order to the requirements of [Section 153.004\(d\)](#).

(b) A person commits an offense if the person files a suit to modify an order or portion of a decree based on the grounds permitted under Subsection (a) and the person knows that the person against whom the motion is filed has not been convicted of an offense, or received deferred adjudication for an offense, involving family violence. An offense under this subsection is a Class B misdemeanor.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2001, 77th Leg., ch. 1289, § 9, eff. Sept. 1, 2001](#).

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 156.1045, TX FAMILY § 156.1045

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated

Family Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 5. The Parent-Child Relationship and the Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship (Refs & Annos)

Subtitle B. Suits Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship

Chapter 156. Modification (Refs & Annos)

Subchapter B. Modification of Conservatorship, Possession and Access, or Determination of Residence (Refs & Annos)

V.T.C.A., Family Code § 156.105

§ 156.105. Modification of Order Based on Military Duty

Effective: September 1, 2009

[Currentness](#)

The military duty of a conservator who is ordered to military deployment, military mobilization, or temporary military duty, as those terms are defined by [Section 153.701](#), does not by itself constitute a material and substantial change of circumstances sufficient to justify a modification of an existing court order or portion of a decree that sets the terms and conditions for the possession of or access to a child except that the court may render a temporary order under Subchapter L,¹ Chapter 153.

Credits

Added by [Acts 2005, 79th Leg., ch. 916, § 18, eff. June 18, 2005](#). Amended by [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 972, § 14, eff. Sept. 1, 2007](#); [Acts 2007, 80th Leg., ch. 1041, § 5, eff. June 15, 2007](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 727, § 5, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#); [Acts 2009, 81st Leg., ch. 1113, § 30, eff. Sept. 1, 2009](#).

Footnotes

¹ [V.T.C.A., Family Code § 153.701 et seq.](#)

V. T. C. A., Family Code § 156.105, TX FAMILY § 156.105

Current through Chapters effective immediately through Chapter 65 of the 2013 Regular Session of the 83rd Legislature

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