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Modified Pulse-Net Procedure for Pulsed-field Gel Electrophoresis of Select Gram Negative Bacilli

Purpose

The purpose of this procedure is to outline the protocol for performing molecular subtyping using pulsed-field gel electrophoresis (PFGE) for select enteric and non-fermentative Gram negative bacilli (shown in Appendix B) received from outbreaks and surveillance studies by the Division of Healthcare Quality Promotion, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Scope

This document applies to the laboratory staff performing molecular subtyping of select enteric and non-fermentative Gram negative bacilli.

Responsibility

Role	Responsibility
Laboratory staff	Follow procedure as directed.

Related Documents

Title	Document Control Number
PFGE Worksheet	ENV.TE.C.0012.F01
Maintenance of the CHEF Pulsed Field Gel Electrophoresis Rig	CEM.EQ.C.0002

Definitions

BSA	Bovine serum albumin
CHEF	Contour-clamped homogeneous electric field
PFGE	Pulsed-field gel electrophoresis
EDTA	Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid
TE Buffer	Tris-EDTA buffer (0.01M, pH8.0)
TBE Buffer	10X Tris-Borate EDTA buffer
TIFF	Tagged Image File format
RO water	Reverse osmosis water
BAP	Trypticase Soy Agar II with 5% sheep blood

References

- 1. Manual of Clinical microbiology, 10th Edition, Chapters 37, 40, 41, and 42
- 2. CHEF Mapper® XA Pulsed-Field Electrophoresis System, Instruction manual and Application Guide, Catalog Numbers 170-3670 to 170-3673

Sample information / processing

- All isolates for PFGE should be processed from pure cultures from a BAP.
- Check reference for optimal growth temperature for the particular organism and incubate accordingly.



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Materials

Equipment	Reagents & Media	Supplies
 Bio-Rad Pulsed field Electrophoresis System with cooling module and variable speed pump Casting stand with frame and platform Comb holder and 15 well comb Bubble level Incubators (25°C, 30°C, 37°C) 65°C waterbath 55°C waterbath Analytical balance Microwave oven Tube racks for microcentrifuge tubes and for 17 x 100 mm tubes Microliter pipetters, 10 µL, 20 µL, 200 µL, 1000 µL. Reusable plug molds -20°C freezer Single edge razor blade and holder Vortex mixer Table-top rotator Refrigerator (4°C) Cutting platform MicroScan turbidity meter Leveling platform Lead rings (small and medium Shaker-incubator 	 Trypticase Soy Agar II with 5% sheep blood TE Buffer, pH 8.0, 0.01M TBE buffer, 10X Thiourea Proteinase K solution (20mg/mL) SeaKem® Gold Agarose Gel Red nucleic acid stain or Ethidium Bromide Sterile distilled water Reverse Osmosis (RO) water Salmonella ser. Braenderup H9812 (Global standard) 3% Amphyl solution 70% Isopropyl alcohol XbaI restriction enzyme and Buffer D SpeI restriction enzyme and Buffer A Pulse Net Gram Negative Suspension Buffer (see Appendix A) Pulse Net Gram Negative Lysis Buffer (See Appendix A) EDTA IM Tris-HCI N-Lauroylsarcosine 	 Sterile transfer loops 1.5 mL sterile microfuge tubes Sterile pipette tips for P10, P20, P200, and P1000. 50 mL Erlenmeyer flasks 125 mL Erlenmeyer flasks 500 mL Erlenmeyer flask Latex or nitrile gloves 2000 mL cylinder Black Sharpie Fine point permanent marker 25 cm x 25 cm gel staining tray with lid Kimwipes, small and large 17 x 100 mm tubes with caps Ball point pen Weighing paper 800-1000 mL disposable discard beakers 25 mL sterile pipettes Teflon-coated or stainless steel spatula Spare electrodes 0.2 μ disposable filter unit Sterile bottles with screw caps (500 mL and 1 L)



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Safety Precautions

All procedures should be performed under BSL-2 conditions as outlined in the Laboratory Biosafety Manual unless otherwise specified for that particular organism.

Quality control

As performed by CDC Scientific Resources Program and associated manufacturers. The Global Standard, *Salmonella* ser. Braenderup H9812, is added to the end wells of each gel and additionally between every 4 to 6 samples. When new Salmonella Standard is prepared, it must be run and compared with the previous Salmonella Standard to insure Salmonella Standard integrity.

Examination Procedures:

Preparation of Agarose Plugs	
Step	Action
1.	Turn on the shaker/incubator to 54°C
2.	Turn on the 55° and 65°C water baths.
3.	Combine sufficient SeaKem Gold Agarose and TE Buffer in a 125 mL Erlenmeyer flask to
	prepare a 1% solution. Dissolve agarose by heating gently in the microwave. Pour agarose
	solution into a 50 mL Erlenmeyer flask, stabilize the flask with a small lead ring, and place in
	the 65°C water bath to equilibrate.
4.	Label BAPs of overnight isolate test cultures.
5.	Label one 17 x 100 mm tube for each culture plate.
6.	Transfer 2 mL of Pulse-Net Gram-negative Cell Suspension Buffer to each 17 x 100 mm tube.
	(See Appendix A for composition of Cell suspension Buffer and Pulse-Net Gram-Negative
_	Lysis Buffer)
7.	Using a disposable culture loop, add sufficient organism to the Suspension Buffer to give an
	absorbance reading of 0.55 to 0.60 in the MicroScan Turbidity meter. Adjust as needed with
0	the Cell Suspension Buffer.
8.	Label a 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube for each culture being tested.
9.	Transfer 200 μ L of the cell suspension to the appropriately labeled microcentrifuge tube.
10.	Add 10 µL of Proteinase K Solution to each microcentrifuge tube.
11. 12.	Label reusable plug molds.
12.	Add 200 µL of 1% SeaKem solution to a microcentrifuge tube containing the cell suspension/ Proteinase K, mix gently by pipetting up and down using the pipette tip, and then dispense into
	a well of the plug mold avoiding air bubbles.
13.	Allow plugs to solidify in the refrigerator for at least 15 minutes.
13.	Prepare a solution of Pulse-Net Gram-Negative Lysis Buffer supplemented with 0.1 mg/mL
17.	Proteinase K sufficient to add 5 mL to a 17 x 100 mm tube for each isolate. Label each tube
	with the culture number, the date, and the name of the organism being tested.
15.	Using a spatula, carefully remove a plug from the plug mold and place it into the properly
- •	labeled tube of Lysis Buffer.
16.	Place tubes in a rack in the shaker-incubator with temperature set at 54°C and 50 RPM for 2 h.



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Prepa	Preparation of Agarose Plugs	
Step	Action	
17.	Pre-heat sufficient distilled water to 55°C to wash plugs 2 times with 10 mL of heated distilled	
	water.	
18.	After 2 h, remove tubes from 54°C shaker-incubator and adjust shaker- incubator to 50°C.	
19.	Carefully pour off Cell Lysis Buffer and blot tube on Kay Dry to remove residual Lysis Buffer	
	(blotting is optional).	
20.	Add 10 mL heated distilled water to each tube.	
21.	Shake tubes gently at 50 RPM in 50°C shaker-incubator for 15 minutes.	
22.	Repeat preheated distilled water wash step once more.	
23.	Preheat TE Buffer at 55°C.	
24.	After the two distilled water wash steps, pour off the water and blot as before.	
25.	Wash each plug with 10 mL preheated TE Buffer for 15 minutes four times in a shaker-	
	incubator set at 50°C and 50 RPM.	
26.	Decant and blot (blotting is optional) after the last wash, then add 5 mL of TE Buffer to cover	
	the plug.	
27.	Store plugs at 4°C until ready to use.	

Restr	Restriction Digest of DNA in Agarose plugs		
Step	Action		
1.	Label a 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube for each sample to be run.		
2.	Prepare sufficient Master Mix containing the following for each sample:		
	135 μL Type 1 water		
	15 μ L specific buffer according to restriction enzyme used		
	$3 \mu\text{L}$ bovine serum albumin		
	5 µL restriction enzyme		
	Finger vortex mixture. Dispense 158 µL into each microfuge tube.		
3.	Remove plugs from refrigerator. Use a single edged razor blade to remove the rounded corners		
	of the agar plug. Then cut a thin slice of the plug for testing. The length of the slice will		
	depend on the comb size to be used. For the 15 place comb, the slice should be about 9 mm		
	long.		
4.	Place the agarose slice into a 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube containing the Master Mix.		
5.	Cut the same size slices of the Salmonella Braenderup Standard, H9812.		
	These are always restricted with Xba I and the appropriate buffer (see Master Mix formula).		
	Cut at least three Standards for the 15 place comb.		
6.	Incubate the slices to be restricted at the appropriate time and temperature recommended by the		
	manufacturer for the particular restriction enzyme. Time can vary from 2 to 4 h or overnight.		

Casting the Agarose Gel	
Step	Action
1.	Prepare 2000 mL of 0.5X TBE buffer by adding 1900 mL of RO water to 100 mL of 10X TBE buffer.



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2.	Using the analytical balance, weigh 1.5g of SeaKem Gold Agarose and place into a 500 mL
	sterile Erlenmeyer flask.
3.	Add 150 mL of the 0.5X TBE buffer to the agarose. Microwave the mixture to dissolve the
	agarose, and place the mixture in a 55°C waterbath to equilibrate for at least 20 minutes.
4.	Assemble the platform in the casting stand so that it slides into the grooves at each of the short
	ends of the casting stand frame. Place the casting stand on the leveling platform. Check that
	the system is level by using the leveling bubble and adjust as necessary.
5.	Rest the comb holder that is holding the comb on the casting stand, and load the restricted plug
	slices evenly on the ends of the comb wells including Standards as needed. A tiny amount of
	melted agarose can be added to the backs of the plug slices to stabilize them on the comb.
6.	Place each side of the comb holder into the positioning slots on each side of the casting stand.
	Check that the bottom of the comb is about 2 mm above the surface of the platform.
7.	Pour the 150 mL of melted agarose into the casting stand, and let solidify for 30 minutes.
8.	Level the electrophoresis chamber by adjusting the leveling screws. Check with the leveling
	bubble.
9.	[If using thiourea, add 760 μ L of thiourea to the running buffer.] Pour the 0.5X TBE buffer
	into the electrophoresis chamber, and turn on the pump switch. After making certain that the
	buffer is flowing through all the tubing, turn on the chiller and set the temperature at 14°C.
	(Addition of thiourea is optional)
10.	Using the pins on the casting frame, stabilize it using the holes on the floor of the chamber.
11.	When the buffer in the chamber has reached 14°C, remove the comb from the agar in the
	casting stand. Carefully remove the gel from the casting stand by removing the end pieces from
	the casting stand so that only the gel remains on the platform. Inspect the gel on the platform
	and gently remove any gel "tag" from the sides and bottom of the platform using a Kimwipe.
	Place the gel into the frame in the chamber.

Electrophoresis Conditions		
Step	Action	
1.	CHEF Mapper® XA Pulsed Field Electrophoresis System:	
	• Follow operation/setup procedures as described in Instruction Manual and Application	
	Guide.	
	• Select the following conditions for "Two State":	
	• Gradient: 6V/cm (i.e. 200V)	
	• Included angle: 120	
	Ramping factor: Linear	
	• Start and Final Switch times (in seconds)	
	• Run time (in hours)	
	CHEF DRII:	
	• Turn on the power supply after securing the lid onto the rig.	
	• Press "Volts/CM"	
	• Raise to 6.0 (6V/CM=200V)	



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tion Press "Run Time" (HRS)
Raise to length of gel run
Press "Block" and "Volts/CM" simultaneously
Raise to the initial ramp or switch time
Press "Volt/CM" and "Run time" simultaneously
Raise to set final ramp time
Press "Start/Pause" to begin gel run
appropriate switch times and gel run time for the organism being tested (see Appendix B).
rt run. Ensure that all electrodes are functioning (bubbles are generated during ionization).
cument the following on the PFGE Worksheet (see Appendix C)
Genus and species of the organism
Date of plug preparation
Date of digest and incubation temperature
Rig # used
Run conditions (switch times and run time)
Gel type and concentration
Gel size
Buffer temperature during run
Voltage
Amount of thiourea used
Assign lane numbers for each specimen and each Standard
Lot numbers of all reagents
.1

Staini	Staining and Imaging the Gel		
Step	Action		
1.	After the PFGE run is completed, turn off the cooling module. Let the pump run for at least 15 minutes to avoid freezing up the cooling apparatus.		
2.	Stain the gel in a solution of 300 mL RO water and 30 μ L of Gel Red Nucleic Acid Stain. [Alternately 25 μ L ethidium bromide (EtBr) and 500 mL of RO water may be used]. Add the solution to a plastic tray. Slide the gel carefully into the solution while removing the platform underneath the gel. Place the gel onto a table-top rotator and rotate gently for 30-45 mins. (If using EtBr, destain in 1L of RO water. Cover the plastic tray with foil and shake gently for 1 h).		
3.	Capture the DNA image in the gel using UV light and an imaging system. Save to a tiff file for Bionumerics analysis. Make a photo of the gel using the digital camera. Attach photo to worksheet.		
4.	Discard gel into an autoclave waste pan. Wash plastic tray with warm tap water, rinse with RO water, and allow to air dry.		



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Method Performance Specifications

Cleaning and Maintenance of the Rig -See separate document: Maintenance of the CHEF Pulsed Field Gel Electrophoresis Rig CEM.EQ.C.0002

Calculations

N/A

Reference Intervals, Alert Values N/A

Interpretation of Results

Gels are analyzed using Bionumerics software (Applied Maths, Austin, TX).

Reporting; guidelines for notification

N/Ā

Revision History

Revision #	Control #	Changes Made to Document Section	Author	Date
00	N/A	New Document	PulseNet USA	2007
01	N/A	1. Use 200 µL cell suspension	Bette J. Jensen	2010
		2. Use 10 µL Proteinase K		
		3. Shake at 50 rpm.		
		4. Total volume of buffer plus water per		
		plug slice is 150 µL.		
		5. Incubate samples and control plug		
		slices for 4 h or overnight with		
		restriction enzyme.		
02	2013-17	1. Convert to QMS format	Bette J. Jensen	1/23/2014
		2. Optional use of Gel Red for staining gel		
		with no rinsing needed.		



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Approval Signatures

Approved By:	·	_ Date:
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Approved By:		Date:
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	Brandi Limbago, PhD Print Name	
Approved By:		Date:
11 5	Quality Officer	
	Sigrid K. McAllister Print Name	

Attachments/Appendices

A. Reagent preparation

B. Restriction enzymes, switch times, and run times for selected Gram negative bacilli

C. Example of Pulsed Field Gel Electrophoresis Worksheet



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Appendix A: Reagent preparation

PulseNet USA (Gram negative) Cell Suspension Buffer

For 1000 mL of solution: 100 mL 1M Tris, pH 8.0 200 mL 0.5M EDTA

- 1. Add Tris and EDTA to a 1000 mL cylinder
- 2. Add RO water to dilute to 1000 mL.
- 3. Filter sterilize using a 0.2μ disposable filter or autoclave the solution.
- 4. Transfer to a sterile (Wheaton) bottle.

PulseNet USA (Gram negative) Cell Lysis Buffer

For 1000 mL of solution: 50 mL 1M Tris, pH 8.0 100 mL 0.5 M EDTA, pH 8.0

- 10 g N-Lauroylsarcosine, Sodium salt
- 1. Mix well in a 1000 mL cylinder.
- 2. Add RO water to dilute to 1000 mL.
- 3. Filter sterilize using a 0.2 μ disposable filter unit.
- 4. Transfer to a sterile (Wheaton) bottle.

Appendix B: Restriction enzymes, switch times, and run times for selected Gram negative bacilli

Organism	Restriction enzyme	Switch time (seconds)	Run time (hours)
Acinetobacter baumanii complex	Apa I	7 and 20	18.2
Burkholderia cepacia complex	Spe I	2 and 50	22
Citrobacter koseri	Xba I	5 and 40	22
Enterobacter cloacae	Xba I	5 and 40	21
Enterobacter sakazakii	Xba I or Spe I	1.8 and 25	20
Escherichia coli	Xba I	2 and 40 or 5 and 40	22
Klebsiella oxytoca	Xba I	2.2 and 64	18
Klebsiella pneumoniae	Xba I	5 and 40	22
Morganella morganii	Xba I	2 and 50	20
Proteus mirabilis	<i>Xba</i> I or <i>Apa</i> I	2 and 50	20
Providencia rettgeri	Apa I	2 and 40	22
Providencia stuartii	Xba I	2 and 40	22
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	Spe I	5 and 40	21
Pseudomonas fluorescens	Spe I	10 and 30	22
Serratia marcescens	Spe I	2 and 40	22



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Appendix C: Example of Pulsed Field Gel Electrophoresis Worksheet

PFGE Operator:	Rig#:
Organism:	Date of gel run:
Outbreak/ Study#:	Date of gel digest:
	Date of plug prep:
	Restriction enzyme
	Enzyme amount µL/plug
	Buffer
Lane:	Lot #
1	Buffer amountμL/plug
2	Temp:37 ^o C25 ^o C
3	Restriction time in:out:
4	Agarose: SeaKem Gold
5	Lot #
6	Concentration:%
7	Buffer: 0.5X TBE; Other:
8	Lot #
9	Thiourea in running buffermL
10	Size: 21 X 14 cm; Other: cm
11	Run Conditions: Voltage
12	Pulse interval (sec.):
13	Final
14	
15	Temp: Initial ⁰ C Final ⁰ C
	Gel run time: On Off