## Essential Programs \& Services Cost Component Calculations (ED279):

## Maine's Funding Formula for Sharing the Costs of K-12 Education between State and Local:

1. Determine the EPS Defined Cost for each Unit
2. Determine the Required Local Share of Those Costs
3. The Difference Between the Two is the State Share

## Background of EPS:

- Essential Programs and Services is designed to insure that all schools have the programs and resources that are essential for all students to have an equitable opportunity to achieve Maine's Learning Results.
- The EPS model provides a basis for adequacy and greater equity in the funding of K-12 education because it is cost driven instead of expenditure driven.
- The model is designed to respond to student needs and is based on years of research and information gleaned from high performing cost effective school units.


## Key EPS Operating Cost Components:

- Student Demographics (SAU Pupil Counts for K-5, 6-8, 9-12 and Specialized Student Populations)
- EPS Per Pupil Rate for Each SAU (Per Pupil Amounts Tailored for Each Unit Which Reflect Costs for Personnel, Administration, \& Instructional Support)
- Weighted Amounts (Additional Per Pupil Amounts for Limited English Proficiency (LEP) and Economically Disadvantaged Pupils)
- Targeted Amounts (Additional Per Pupil Amounts for K-2 Pupils, Standards Implementation, and Technology Resources)
- Other Adjustments (Isolated Small Schools, Declining Enrollments, Adult Education, and Equivalent Instruction)


## Line by Line Explanation of ED279 - Computation of EPS Rates:

## Page 1 - Lines 9, 10, \& 11: Attending Pupil Counts

- Uses attending pupil counts for the school unit from the previous year, (i.e., for School Year 2010-11 the attending pupil counts used are from the 4/1/09 and 10/1/09 enrollment counts reported in Infinite Campus).
- Attending student counts are based on where the students are educated. Public school district attending student counts include:
(1) students from the local school district attending schools in the local school district, plus (2) students from outside the school district who are tuitioned there from other school districts.
- Separated by K-5, 6-8, and 9-12 for calculation of EPS determined ratios for each grade level.

- Data taken from Infinite Campus October $1^{\text {st }}$ Enrollment Report and April ${ }^{\text {st }}$ Enrollment Report

|  |  | $\mathrm{K}-5$$1,170.0$$1,130.0$$1,150.0$ | $6-8$ K-8 <br> 567.0 $-1,737.0$ <br> 562.0 $1,692.0$ |  |  |  |  | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | ATTENDING PUPILS (APRIL 2009) |  |  |  | 2,521.0 |
| 10 | ATTENDING PUPILS (OCTOBER 2009) |  |  |  | 2,467.0 |
| 11 | AVERAGE ATTENDING PUPILS (APRIL \& OCTOBER), CALENDAR YEAR 2009 |  | 564.5 | 1,714.5 |  |  |  | 69\% | 779.5 | 31\% | 2,494.0 |

## Page 1 - Line 12: Positions

## Part 1 - Full Time Equivalent (FTE) Staff

- EPS has determined ratios of Full Time Equivalent (FTE) Staff to Student necessary for each grade level and position.
- Current Staff to Student Ratios are shown in the table to the right:
- EPS FTE is determined by dividing the Average Attending Pupils from Line 11 for the Calendar Year for the Grade Level by the EPS Ratio; then adding the results for the three grade levels.
- Actual FTE are obtained from the MEDMS Staff Information system.
- Ratio of Staff is determined by dividing the EPS FTE Staff by the Actual FTE Staff.

Page 1 - Line 12: Positions
MEDMS Staff
Part 2 - EPS Total Salary

| 12 | Position | K-5 |  | 6-8 |  | 9-12 |  | = | E.P.S. <br> FTE | / Actual FTE | 0 | EPS Tot Salary |  | Elementary Salary | Secondary Salary |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. | TEACHER | 67.6 | (17:1) | 35.3 | (16:1) | 52.0 | (15:1) | = | 154.9 | 156.7 | 0.99 | X 7,505,004 |  | \$5,126,668 | \$2,303,286 |
| B. | GUIDANCE | 3.3 | (350:1) | 1.6 | (350:1) | 3.1 | (250:1) | = | 8.0 | 19.8 | 0.82 | X 426,333 |  | \$241,219 | \$108,374 |
| C. | LIBRARIANS | 1.4 | (800:1) | 0.7 | (800:1) | 1.0 | (800:1) | = | 3.1 | / $1.0=$ | 3.10 | $X \quad 59,675$ |  | \$127,645 | \$57,348 |
| D. | HEALTH | 1.4 | (800:1) | 0.7 | (800:1) | 1.0 | (800:1) | = | 3.1 | / $5.0=$ | 0.62 | X 232,177 |  | \$99,325 | \$44,624 |
| E. | EDUCATION TECHS | 11.5 | (100:1) | 5.6 | (100:1) | 3.1 | (250:1) | $=$ | 20.2 | / $11.0=$ | 1.84 | $X 205,590$ |  | \$261,017 | \$117,269 |
| F. | LIBRARY TECHS | 2.3 | (500:1) | 1.1 | (500:1) | 1.6 | (500:1) | = | 5.0 | ) $5.4=$ | 0.93 | X 101,942 |  | \$65,416 | \$29,390 |
| G. | CLERICAL | 5.8 | (200:1) | 2.8 | (200:1) | 3.9 | (200:1) | = | 12.5 | 人 $14.9=$ | 0.84 | X 451,022 |  | \$261,412 | \$117,446 |
| H. | SCHOOL ADMIN. | 3.8 | (305:1) | 1.9 | (305:1) | 2.5 | (315:1) | $=$ | 8.2 | / 8.0 = | 1.03 | X 639,197 | = | \$454,277 | \$204,096 |

- EPS Total Salary is obtained from the MEDMS Staff Information system and is used to determine the EPS total salary adjusted to reflect the EPS to Actual Staff Ratio shown in the Elementary Salary and Secondary Salary columns of the ED279.
- The EPS Teacher Salary is determined using the Salary Matrix shown to the right. The Years of Experience and Education Level Attained are important factors in determining the Minimum Teacher Salary for the EPS Funding formula.
- Actual salaries are ultimately determined by local contract agreements.

SALARY MATRIX FOR 2010-11 FUNDING

SALARY MATRIX for Teachers, Guidance/Counseling and Library


- EPS total salary is adjusted to reflect the EPS to Actual Staff Ratio by multiplying the EPS Total Salary by the EPS Staff to Actual Staff Ratio and multiplying that by the percentage of Average Attending Pupils in the K-8 grade span for Elementary Salary; and the $9-12$ grade span for the Secondary Salary.
- The example to the right shows how the calculation of EPS FTE and Elementary and Secondary Salary are determined on the ED279.



## Page 1 - Line 13: Other Support Costs (Per Pupil)

| 13 | Other Support Costs (Per Pupil) | K-8 | $9-12$ | Elementary |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| A. | Substitute Teachers - 1/2 Day | 36 | 36 | $\$ 61,722.00$ |
| B. | Supplies and Equipment | 337 | 466 | $\$ 28,062.00$ |
| C. | Professional Development | 57 | 57 | $\$ 977,786.50$ |
| D. | Instructional Leadership Support | 24 | 24 | $\$ 97,726.50$ |
| E. | Co- and Extra-Curricular Student | 33 | 111 | $\$ 44,431.50$ |
| F. | System Administration /Support | 215 | 215 | $\$ 148.00$ |
| G. | Operations \& Maintenance | 986 | 1172 | $\$ 56,578.50$ |

- Other Support Costs are calculated based on the EPS determined Per Pupil Amount.
- The current EPS Per Pupil amounts for each of the following support costs are:

| Other Support Costs |  | K - 8 | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| A. | Substitute Teachers - $1 / 2$ Day | 36 | 36 |
| B. | Supplies and Equipment | 337 | 466 |
| C. | Professional Development | 57 | 57 |
| D. | Instructional Leadership Support | 24 | 24 |
| E. | Co- and Extra-Curricular Student | 33 | 111 |
| F. | System Administration/Support | 215 | 215 |
| G. | Operations and Maintenance | 986 | 1172 |

- The example to the right shows how the calculation of Other Support Costs is determined on the ED279.

Page 1 Line 13G - Operation \& Maintenance of Plant



EPS Per Pupil Amount Times 9-12 Attending Pupils
$1,172 \times 779.5=\$ 913,574$

## Page 1 - Line 14: Salary Benefits

| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | Salary Benefits | Percentage | Elementary | Secondary |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| A. | Teachers, Guidance, Librarians \& Health | $19.00 \%$ | $\$ 1,063,022.94$ | $\$ 477,590.02$ |
| B. | Education \& Library Technicians | $36.00 \%$ | $\$ 117,515.97$ | $\$ 52,797.03$ |
| C. | Clerical | $29.00 \%$ | $\$ 75,809.58$ | $\$ 34,059.38$ |
| D. | School Administrators | $14.00 \%$ | $\$ 63,598.82$ | $\$ 28,573.38$ |

- Salary Benefits are calculated using the EPS percentage for each category.
- The current EPS Salary Benefits percentage amounts for each of the following categories are:

| Salary Benefits |  | \% |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| A. | Teacher, Guidance, Librarians \& Health | $19 \%$ |
| B. | Education \& Library Technicians | $36 \%$ |
| C. | Clerical | $29 \%$ |
| D. | School Administrative | $14 \%$ |

- The example to the right shows how the calculation of Salary Benefits is determined on the ED279.

Page 1 Line 14A - Benefits -Teachers, Guidance, Librarians, and Health

2. | K-5 | $6-8$ | K-8 | $9-12$ | TOTAL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

11 AVERAGE ATTENDING PUPILS (APRIL \& OCTOBER), CALENDAR YEAR 2009 $\quad 1,150.0 \quad 564.5 \quad 1,714.5$ (69\%) 779.5 (31\%) 2,494.0

| 12 Position | K-5 | 6-8 | 9-12 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E.P.S. } \\ & \text { Fe } \end{aligned}$ | Actual <br> FTE | $=\text { Ratio }$ |  | EPS Total Salary | Elementary Salary | Secondary Salary |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. TEACHERS | 67.6 (17:1) | 35.5 (16:1) | 52.0 (15:1) | 154.9 | / 156.7 | = .99 | x | 7,505,004 = | 5,126,668 |  |
| B. Guidance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 241,219 |  |
| C. Librarians |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 127,645 |  |
| D. HEALTH (Nurse) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 99,326 |  |

14. Salary Benefits
A. Teachers, Guidance, Librarians, and Health
 $19.00 \%$

1,063,02

Total EPS Salaries (Teachers, Guidance Librarian, and Health (Nurse) X EPS Percentage
$\$ 5,594,858 \times, 19=\$ 1,063,023$

Page 1 - Line 15: Regional Adjustment for Salaries, Benefits, \& Substitutes

|  |  | Secondary | Elementary |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | Regional Adjustment For Salaries, Benefits \& Substitutes, | (Factor $=1.06)$ | $\$ 481,118.99$ |

- The Regional Adjustment for Salaries, Benefits, \& Substitutes is necessary due to the variations in Income Levels and Housing Costs throughout the State of Maine.
- A fundamental premise of Essential Programs and Services is that there must be adequate resources to achieve desired outcomes and there must be equity in the distribution of adequate resources.
- The calculation of Personnel Costs in EPS is based on:

1. EPS Guiding Personnel Ratios
2. SAU Staff Profiles (Experience and Education of staff)
3. Regional Cost Differences

- The EPS Regional Adjustment will either increase or decrease total salaries plus benefits plus substitutes for a school unit based on the Labor Market Regional Cost Factor where the school unit is located.
- The 35 Labor Market Areas and the EPS regional cost factor for each is shown to the right:
- The example on the next page shows how the Regional Adjustment calculation is shown in the ED279 report.

i.e., the cost of living in Kittery/York is higher than in other areas of the state - therefore the Regional Adjustment for school units in that labor market area is an increase of 6\% over the cost of Salaries + Benefits + Substitutes.

Page 1 Line 15 Regional Adjustment For Salaries, Benefits, \& Substitutes
11 AVER AGE ATTENDING PUPILS (APRIL \& OCTOBER), CALENDR YEAR 2009 1,150.0 $\quad 564$


B. GUIDANCE 241,219
C. LIBRARIANS 127,645
D. HEALTH (Nurse) 99,326
E. EDUCATION TECHS 261,017
F. LIBRARY TECHS 65,416
G. CLERICAL TOTAL K-8 SALARIES $\begin{array}{r}454,277 \\ \hline \$ 6,636,980 \\ \hline 2,894,078\end{array}$

14. Salary Benefits EPS Percentage $\qquad$ OTAL K-8 SALARY BENEFITS $\$ 1,319,947$
15. Regional Adjustment For Salaries, Benefits, \& Substitutes, (Factor 1.06)
16. Adjustment for Title I Revenues
17. TOTALS
18. E.P.S Rates

Regional Adjustment K-8
Total Salaries $(\$ 6,636,980)$ +Benefits $(\$ 1,319,947)+$ Substitutes 13A $(\$ 61,722) \quad$ Increased or Decreased by Labor Market Area Factor
$\$ 8,018,649 X+, 06 \equiv \$ 481,118$

## Page 1 - Line 16: Adjustment for Title I Revenues

- An adjustment is made for Title I Revenues received by each school unit.

|  |  | Elementary |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 16 | Adjustment for Title I Revenues | $-\$ 68,693.00$ |

## Page 1 - Line 18: EPS Per Pupil Rates

|  |  | Elementary | Secondary |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 17 | TOTALS | $\$ 11,263,429.80$ | $\$ 5,382,303.00$ |
| 18 | E.P.S. RATES | $\$ 6,570.00$ | $\$ 6,905.00$ |

- EPS Per Pupil Rates are tailored for each individual SAU and reflect the costs for Personnel, Administration, and Instructional Support in that specific SAU.
- The rates are determined by dividing the Total Support Costs after the Regional Adjustment and Title I Revenues Adjustment have been applied by the Attending Pupil Count for both Elementary and Secondary.
- The Per Pupil rates are then used to determine operating cost allocations on the subsequent pages of the ED279.
- The example to the right illustrates the calculation.
Page 1 Line 18 E.P.S Rates
11 AVERAGE ATTENDING PUPILS (APRIL \& OCTOBER), CALENDAR YEAR 2009 1,150.0 5 564.5 $1,714.5$ 699\%) 779.5 (31\%) $2,494.0$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllll} & & \text { E.P.S. } & \text { Actual } & & \text { EPS Total } & \text { Elementary Secondary }\end{array}$
B. GUIDANCE 241,219
C. LIBRARIANS $\quad 127,645$
D. HEALTH (Nurse) 99,326
E. EDUCATION TECHS 261,017
F. LIBRARY TECHS 65,416
G. CLERICAL 261,412
H. SCHOOL ADMIN. 454,277

13. Other Support Costs (Per Pupil) $\quad$ K-8 $\quad$ 2-12 $\quad 2,894,078$
14. Salary Benefits

15. Adjustment for Title I Revenues
16. TOTALS
17. E.P.S Rates
K-8 EPS Rate Equals Total Divided by Attending Pupil Count

$$
\$ 11,263,430=\$ 6,570
$$

1,714.5

## Page 2 Section A: (Operating Cost Allocations) - Line 19: Subsidizable Pupils

Public School Resident Subsidy Counts are the counts of students that are used in the calculation of subsidy for school administrative units. These numbers are derived from the publicly funded resident enrollment counts reported in Infinite Campus twice a year, on October 1 and April 1. These numbers also include superintendant transfers.

| 19. SUBSIZIABLE PUPILS | K-8 | $9-12$ | TOTAL |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| APRIL 2007 | $1,743.0$ | 833.0 | $2,576.0$ | $\overbrace{\text { Infinite Campus }}^{\text {Student }}$ |
| OCTOBER 2007 | $1,731.0$ | 831.0 | $2,562.0$ | $\underbrace{}_{\text {Enrollment Counts }}$ |
| APRIL 2008 | $1,741.0$ | 817.0 | $2,558.0$ | $2,536.0$ |
| OCTOBER 2008 | $1,745.0$ | 791.0 | $2,527.0$ |  |

For public school systems, the October 1 and April 1 student counts are the student counts used to determine state subsidy amounts. Note: K-8 includes 4 year olds and Early Kindergarten counts.

Resident subsidy counts are based on where the students' parent resides. They are counts of students who reside in each school unit and are educated at public expense. Public school unit resident subsidizable counts include:

1. resident students from the local school unit attending schools in the local school unit.
2. resident students from the local unit who are tuitioned to other public school units or private schools and who are paid for with public funds.

## Resident Subsidy Counts do NOT include:

- students educated in the Maine Indian Education system (except for the Maine Indian Education Unit)
- students educated in State Operated schools
- students educated in the Unorganized Territories
- students educated in private schools (non-publicly funded)
- students educated for free or paid for by the parents
- students either below the minimum age or over the maximum age for services

Note: Attending Student Counts are based on where students are enrolled; while Subsidizable Student Counts are based on where students live.

## Page 2 Section A: (Operating Cost Allocations) - Line 21: Basic Counts

K-8 Pupils Operating Cost Allocation is determined by using the Average Calendar Year K-8 Pupils (using the average of the most recent calendar year subsidizable pupil counts; April 2009 \& October 2009 in the example below) plus the declining enrollment adjustment, if any (see note below) times the Elementary SAU EPS Rate as determined on page 1 of ED279.

9-12 Pupils Operating Cost Allocation is determined by using the Average Calendar Year 9-12 Pupils (using the average of most recent calendar year subsidizable pupil counts; April 2009 \& October 2009 in the example below) plus the declining enrollment adjustment, if any (see note below) times the Secondary SAU EPS Rate as determined on page 1 of ED279.

Note: Declining Enrollment Adjustment is the difference between the average of the K-8 or 9-12 Subsidizable Pupils (line 19) for the most recent six counts and the most recent calendar year divided by 2.

Adult Education Courses at . 1 Operating Cost Allocation is determined by multiplying the adult education student count by the Secondary SAU EPS Rate as determined on page 1 of ED279. (Note: for state subsidy purposes, school-aged adult ed students are counted as .1 of a student for each semester-long course taken.)

Definition of K-8 and 9-12 Equivalent Instruction Pupils: a SAU is entitled to receive state subsidy for any student who receives instruction through one or more on-site academic courses from a public school but is not a full-time student. The rate of reimbursement must be established in increments of 0.25 full-time equivalent status up to 1.0 full-time equivalent status based on the average amount of time per day that a student receives on-site academic services from a public school.

## K-8 Equivalent Instruction Pupils Operating Cost Allocation is

 determined by using the average of the "April Equivalent Instruction Pupils" count and the "October Equivalent Instruction Pupils" count (as reported in Infinite Campus) times the Elementary SAU EPS Rate as determined on page 1 of ED279.

9-12 Equivalent Instruction Pupils Operating Cost Allocation is determined by using the average of the "April Equivalent Instruction Pupils" count and the "October Equivalent Instruction Pupils" count (as reported in Infinite Campus) times the Secondary SAU EPS Rate as determined on page 1 of ED279.

Page 2 Section A: (Operating Cost Allocations) - Line 21: Weighted Counts


K-8 and 9-12 Disadvantaged Weighted Count Operating Cost Allocation is determined by multiplying the percentage of pupils eligible for free \& reduced lunch by the average year calendar K-8 or $9-12$ pupils; then multiplying that number disadvantaged pupils by the EPS determined weight (. 15 at this time) and finally multiplying it by the Elementary or Secondary SAU EPS Rate as determined on page 1 of ED279.

K-8 and 9-12 Limited English Proficiency Weighted Count Operating Cost Allocation is determined by multiplying the number limited English proficiency students that are provided services through programs approved by the Department of Education by the weight as determined depending upon the total number of LEP students in the SAU and then multiplying that by the Elementary or Secondary SAU Rate as determined on page 1 of ED279.

Page 2 Section A: (Operating Cost Allocations) - Line 21: Targeted Funds


K-8 and 9-12 Student Assessment Targeted Funds Operating Cost Allocation is determined by multiplying the average year calendar K-8 or 9-12 pupils from line 21 basic counts by the EPS determined rate (currently 42.00).

K-8 and 9-12 Technology Resources Targeted Funds Operating Cost Allocation is determined by multiplying the average year calendar K-8 or $9-12$ pupils from line 21 basic counts by the EPS determined rate; currently 95.00 for Elementary and 288.00 for Secondary.

K-2 Pupils Targeted Funds Operating Cost Allocation is determined by multiplying the count of public preschool program to grade 2 students based on the number of resident pupils in the most recent calendar year by the EPS determined weight, currently .10 and then by the EPS determined rate; currently set at the Elementary SAU Rate as determined on page 1 of ED279.

## Page 2 Section A: (Operating Cost Allocations) - Line 21: Isolated Small School Adjustment

## 21. ISOLATED SMALL SCHOOLADJUSTMENT

```
K-8 SMALL SCHOOLADJUSTMENT = 11,384,693.10
9-12 SMALLSCHOOLADJUSTMENT = 5,563,082.30
```

Isolated Small School Adjustment: A school administrative unit is eligible for an isolated small school adjustment when the unit meets the size and distance criteria established by the commissioner and outlined below. The isolated small school adjustment must be applied to discrete school buildings that meet the criteria for the adjustment. The adjustment is not applicable to sections, wings or other parts of a building that are dedicated to certain grade spans.

## Isolated Small Elementary Schools Qualifications:

## K-8 Schools:

- Fewer than 15 students per grade level
- Number of school options available fewer than 5
- Nearest school is more than 8 miles away


## Non K-8 Schools:

- Fewer than 29 students per grade level
- Number of school options available fewer than 5
- Nearest school is more than 8 miles away


## Isolated Small Secondary Schools Qualifications:

- Fewer than 200 students per school
- Distance from furthest point in the district to nearest high school is at least 18.5 miles
- Distance between the high school and nearest high school is more than 10 miles


## Island Schools Qualifications:

- Islands operating schools

Page 2 Section A: (Operating Cost Allocations) - Line 30: Adjusted Total Operating Allocation

| OPERATING ALLOCATION | $18,380,967.93$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OPERATING ALLOCATION WITH EPS TRANSITION AT | $97.00 \%$ | $17,829,538.89$ |
| 30. ADJUSTED TOTAL OPERATING ALLOCATION |  | $17,829,538.89$ |

Operating Allocation equals the sum of the Total Allocations from line 21 Basic Counts, Weighted Counts, Targeted Funds and Isolated Small School Adjustments.
Operating Allocation with EPS Transition at $97.00 \%=$ Operating Allocation times $97.00 \%$
Adjusted Total Operating Allocation $=$ Amount from the Operating Allocation with EPS Transition line

## Page 3 Section B: Other Subsidizable Costs

Line 31: Gifted \& Talented Expenditures for 2008-09 - an allocation for Gifted \& Talented Programs Based on Prior Year Approved Expenses increased currently by $2.5 \%$.

Line 34: Vocational Education Expenditures for 2008-09 - an allocation for Vocational Education Programs Based on Prior Year Approved Expenses increased currently by $2.5 \%$.


Both Gifted and Talented and Vocational Allocations are expenditure driven calculations. Most recent reported expenditures (2008-09) for approved programs are inflated by 2.5\%

$$
\$ 118,164.96 \times 1.025=\$ 121,119.08
$$

## Page 3 Section B: Other Subsidizable Costs

Line 32: Special Education - EPS Allocation - weighted per pupil amounts for each Special Education Student plus Adjustments for High Cost In-District and Out-of-District Placements.

\$2,436,420.74

## Definitions:

Base Component - Each identified special education student is weighted at 1.27 for up to $15 \%$ of the resident enrollment.
Prevalence Adjustment - Special education identified students above the $15 \%$ receive an additional .38 weight.
Small Districts - Districts with fewer than 20 students with disabilities receive an adjustment to reflect lower student-staff ratios.
High Cost In-District - Students educated within the district estimated to cost more than three-times the special education per-pupil base amount are identified as high cost in-district.
High Cost Out-of-District - Students educated outside the district estimated to cost four-times the special education per-pupil base amount are identified as high cost out-of-district.

Maintenance of Effort - Districts are given a "hold harmless" adjustment that is equal to at least the previous year per-pupil expenditure minus adjustments for the loss of high cost students and shift in staff.

## Page 3 Section B: Other Subsidizable Costs

Line 35: Transportation - EPS Allocation - an allocation for Transportation based on Pupil Density or Miles Driven; whichever is greater.

Line 36: Transportation (Bus Purchases) - an allocation for Bus Purchases based on the amount approved for bus purchases made in FY2010 plus approved lease purchase payments made in FY2010.

| 31. GIFTED \& TALENTED EXPEDITURES FOR 2008-09 | $118,164.96 \mathrm{X}$ | $102.50 \%$ | $121,119.08$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 32. SPECIAL EDUCATION - EPS ALLOCATION |  |  | $2,436,420.74$ |
| 34. VOCATIONAL EDUCATION EXPENITURES FOR 2008-09 | $116,715.59 \mathrm{X}$ | $102.50 \%$ | $119,633.48$ |
| 35. TRANSPORTATION - EPS ALLOCATION |  | $1,105,320.28$ |  |
| 36. TRANSPORTATION (BUS PURCHASES) FOR 2009-10 |  | $206,850.60$ |  |
| 39. TOTAL OTHER SUBSIDIZABLE COSTS | $3,989,883.07$ |  |  |
| 40. TOTAL OPERATING ALLOCATION ANDOTHER SUBSIDIZABLECOSTS |  |  |  |
| (LINE 30 PLUS LINE 39) |  |  |  |

## Page 3 Section C: Debt Service

 defined; the building of or acquisition of other facilities related to the operation of SAUs.

Approved Leases \& Lease Purchases - Lease costs for school buildings when the leases, including leases under which the school administrative unit may apply the lease payments to the purchase of portable, temporary classroom space, have been approved by the commissioner for the year prior to the allocation year.
Insured Value Factor - The amount paid to Private Schools for public school students tuitioned; beginning in school year 20092010, a school administrative unit is not required to pay an insured value factor greater than $5 \%$ of the school's tuition rate or $\$ 500$ per student, whichever is less, unless the legislative body of the school administrative unit votes to authorize its school board to pay a higher insured value factor that is no greater than $10 \%$ of the school's tuition rate per student.
48. TOTAL COMBINED ALLOCATIONS (LINE 40 PLUS LINE 47)


Page 4 Section D: Local Contribution Calculation - Mill Expectation


## Maine's New Funding Formula

The EPS TotalAllocation is Assignedto EachMember Town Basedon
TheirRespectivePercertofthe Calendar YearAverage Resident Pupils
$1032.5 \div 2495.5=.4137 \times \$ 23,371,096.18=\$ 9,668,622.48$
Limits the Local Share of All EPS Defined Education Costs to 6.90 Mills or Less for FY2010-11

- Established a New Method of Distribution for the State Share of Education Funding
- Ensures That a Municipality, Single or Part of an SAU Will Not Be Required to Raise More Than 6.90 Mills of State Valuation for Their Share of EPS Defined Costs for FY2010-11
- State Share Becomes the Difference Between the EPS Defined Costs and Required Local Share Established by the 6.90 Mill Rate Expectation

Page 4 Section D: Local Contribution Calculation - Mill Expectation

TOTAL LOCAL ALLOCATION CONTRIBUTION

4,117,643.17
TOWN
ALLOCATION

| $9,668,622.49$ | $6,095,805.00$ | $54.45 \%$ | 6.90 M |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $13,702,473.69$ | $5,100,135.00$ | $45.55 \%$ | 6.90 M |
| $23,371,096.18$ | $11,195,940.00$ | $100.00 \%$ | 6.90 M |

Education Funding Law Implementation
State / Local Share of Education Costs
FYzoro - FYzotl Enached Budget 3-31-10-Stacilization Overiay



Required Local Contribution to the Town EPS Allocation
The Required Local Contribution to the Town Allocation of EPS is Equalto the Town's State Celtified Valuation Times the Established Mill Expectation But notto Exceed the Total Town Allocation. $\$ 883,450,000 \times .00690=\$ 6,095,805$

Page 4 Line 49


State Contribution is the Difference Between the Local Contribution and the Total EPS Allocation.
$\$ 23,371,096=\$ 11,195,940 \equiv \$ 12,175,156$


## Page 4 Section E: Totals and Adjustments - other adjustments:

$\left.\begin{array}{llccc}\text { E. TOTALS AND ADJUSTMENTS } & \begin{array}{c}\text { TOTAL } \\ \text { ALLOCATION }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { LOCAL } \\ \text { CONTRIBUTION }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { STATE } \\ \text { CONTRIBUTION }\end{array} \\ & & & & \\ 49 & \text { ADJUSTED ALLOCATION, LOCAL \& STATE CONTRIBUTION } & 23,371,096.18\end{array}\right)$

