DEFINITION:	Positive antibody test as confirmed by Western Blot and/or Elisa testing. Confirmatory test indicates infection with HIV and potential for
	transmission of virus to others.
SUBJECTIVE:	May include:
	1. Fever
	2. Malaise
	3. Lymphadenopathy
	4. Skin Rash
	5. History of presence of Risk Factors for Exposure to HIV per CDC
	guidelines:
	a. MSM
	b. IVDU
	c. Recreational Drug Use
	d. Presence of other STI(s)
	e. Multiple Sex Partners
OBJECTIVE:	May include:
	Complete Physical Exam
LABORATORY:	Must Include:
	Positive HIV antibody test as confirmed by Western Blot and/or Elisa
PLAN:	1. Provide and explain results.
	2. If not already performed, conduct detailed medical history including
	sexual and substance abuse history as well as vaccination history.
	3. Refer patient for immediate consultation with specialist for further
	evaluation and disease management.
	•
	4. Encourage patient to notify their partners. Refer partners for testing.
	Inform patient of health department partner-notification programs.
PATIENT	1 Address notions concerns and answer immediate questions
EDUCATION:	1. Address patient concerns and answer immediate questions.
	2. Discuss with patient HIV is a treatable condition especially if it's well
	managed.
	3. Discuss precautions (i.e., safe sex practices, clean needle usage).
	3. Offer condoms.
	4. Provide patient with educational materials.
	5. Discuss patient's support system.
	6. Discuss the importance of consultation with specialist and further
	evaluation and disease management.
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