IAC Ch 219, p.1

701—219.8(423) Types of construction contracts. The term "construction contract" is defined as an agreement under the terms of which an individual, corporation, partnership or other entity agrees to furnish the necessary building or structural materials, supplies, equipment or fixtures and to erect the same on the project site for a second party known as a sponsor. Nonexclusive examples of the types of construction contracts include: lump-sum contracts; cost plus contracts; time and material contracts; unit price contracts; guaranteed maximum or upset price contracts; construction management contracts; design built contracts; and turnkey contracts.

The following is a nonexclusive list of activities and items which could fall within the meaning of a construction contract or are generally associated with new construction, reconstruction, alteration, or expansion of a building or structure. The list is provided merely for the purpose of illustration. It should not be used to distinguish machinery and equipment from real property or structures since such a determination is factual. See rules 219.11(423) and 219.12(423) for details.

Ash removal equipment (installed as distinguished from portable units)

Automatic sprinkler systems (fire protection)

Awnings and venetian blinds which become attached to real property

Boilers (installed as distinguished from portable units)

Brick work

Builder's hardware

Burglar alarm and fire alarm fixtures

Caulking materials work

Cement work

Central air conditioner installation

Coal handling equipment (installed as distinguished from portable units)

Concrete work

Counters, lockers (installed as distinguished from portable units), and prefabricated cabinets

Drapery installation

Electric conduit work and items relating thereto

Electric distribution lines

Electric transmission lines

Floor covering which is permanently installed—see rule 701—16.48(422,423) for an exception to this regarding carpeting

Flooring work

Furnaces, heating boilers and heating units

Glass and glazing work

Gravel work (excluding landscaping)

Installation of modular homes on foundations

Lathing work

Lead work

Lighting fixtures

Lime work

Lumber and carpenter works

Macadam work

Millwork installation

Mortar work

Oil work

Paint booths and spray booths (installed as distinguished from portable units)

Painting work

Paneling work

Papering work

Passenger and freight elevators

Piping valves and pipe fitting work

Plastering work

Ch 219, p.2

Plumbing work

Prefabricated cabinets, counters, and lockers (installed as opposed to portable units)

Putty work

Refrigeration units (central plants installation as distinguished from portable units)

Reinforcing mesh work

Road construction (concrete, bituminous, gravel, etc.)

Roofing work

Sheet metal work

Sign installation (other than portable sign installation)

Steel work

Stone work

Stucco work

Tile work—ceiling, floor and walls

Underground gas mains

Underground sewage disposal

Underground water mains

Vault doors and equipment

Wallboard work

Wall coping work

Wallpaper work

Water heater and softener installation

Weather stripping work

Wire net screen work

Wood preserving work