

Vendor Information Request Form

Please type or print legibly. A W-9 must be completed to process the application.

Coastal Carolina University requires a Federal Tax Identification Number or Social Security Number for all vendors doing business with the University.

Additionally, the University maintains a vendor information database that assists in communicating with its vendors. Completion of the vendor information request form does not guarantee receipt of competitive bid solicitations. If you are interested in obtaining University solicitations, please visit our website:

http://www.coastal.edu/procurement/solicit.html

You may return this request by fax 843-349-2184 or email: angelab@coastal.edu Attention: Angela Barwick Name of Firm: (Company or individual- As shown on tax return.) Business Name: (if different from above) Address: Include City ST Zip Type of Business: SS# (if individual) ☐ Corporation ☐ LLC ☐ Sole Proprietor FEIN# ☐ Other: Cell Number: Telephone Number: Fax Number: Email Address: Do you accept Visa as Website: a form of payment? Remit To Address: (if different from above) YES SC Minority Business Owner NO 🖂 If yes, Minority Type: * * Return copy of certification with application. Certification Number: Are you registered with SC to collect sales tax? YES SC Retail License Number: NO If yes, license number:_ * Return copy of license with application. Commodity Code NIGP 5-digit Code: Description of products/ services provided to CCU: AP Contact Person: Telephone Number: Fax number: Email address: **Bid Contact Person:** Telephone Number: Fax number: Email address: To be completed by Procurement Office: AP Type: Entered by: Vendor Number: 01 or 09 Signature: _____ Title of Person Completing Form: _____

Print Name: __

Date: ____

Form **W-9** page 1 of 2

Taxpayer Identification Number Request

Revised March 2005

This form may be used only by a U.S. person, including a resident alien. Foreign persons should furnish us with the appropriate Form W-8.

The IRS defines a U.S. person as: *a U.S. citizen; *an entity (company, corporation, trust, partnership, estate, etc.) created or organized in, or under the laws of, the United States; *a U.S. resident (someone who has a "green card" or has passed the IRS "substantial-presence test." For an explanation of the substantial-presence test, please see IRS Pubs. 515 or 519.)

Please complete all three parts below.

Part 1 - Tax Identification:

1. Name: 2. Enter your Ta	xnaver Identification Nu	mber in the appropriate box.			
•		ecurity number (SSN). For other entit	ties, it is your e	employer identification number (EIN)).
	Social Security Number		OR	Employer Identification Number	
			J		
you must	provide the following:	or SINGLE-OWNER LLC – whether powner of the business:	•		
Opti	onal: Business name if di	fferent from above:			
	sign payment to a third pa uired: Your name:	arty – such as a factor – provide the fo	ollowing:		
Opti	onal: Name of third party:				
Part 2 -	Exemption: If e	xempt from Form 1099 reporting	, check your	qualifying reason below:	
Note the exemple the althorough the second t	oration nat there is <u>no</u> corporate tion for medical and care payments or ints for legal services.	under 501(a) (includes or a	United States ny of its agencie strumentalities.		A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions or an international organization in which the United States participates under a treaty or Act of Congress.
Part 3 - Certif	ication/Signature: Und	er penalties of perjury my signatu	re certifies t	nat:	
2. The number's 3. I am not subje I am subject to withholding. Certification Ins	ct to backup withholding o backup withholding as tructions - You must cro	correct taxpayer identification num g because: (a) I am exempt from bac a result of a failure to report all inte ss out item 3 above if you have been	ekup withhold crest or divide a notified by t	ing, or (b) I have not been notified nds, or (c) the IRS has notified me the IRS that you are currently subje	o me). I by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that that I am no longer subject to backup ect to backup withholding because you have mortgage interest paid, acquisition or
abandonment of	secured property, cancel		ndividual retir	ement arrangement (IRA), and ger	nerally, payments other than interest and
		n not a debarred vendor, am n n the conduct of my business.	ot being co	nsidered for debarment and	am not otherwise disqualified from
Person comple	ting this form:			Phone: ()
Signature:				Date:	·····
Address:					
City:				State: 7IP:	

Instructions. We are about to pay you an amount that may be reported to the **Internal Revenue Service** (IRS). The IRS will match this amount to your tax return. In order to avoid additional IRS scrutiny, we must provide the IRS with your name and Taxpayer Identification Number. The name we need is **the name that you use on the tax return** that will report this amount. We are required by law to obtain this information from you.

Exempt from backup withholding. On page 2 of this form is a chart showing who is exempt from backup withholding. If you are exempt from backup withholding, indicate the reason why in part 2 of this form, and we will not send you a Form 1099.

Penalties. Your failure to provide a correct name and Taxpayer Identification Number may subject your payments to 28% federal income tax backup withholding. If you do not provide us with this information, you may be subject to a \$50 penalty imposed by IRS under section 6723. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 civil penalty. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Confidentiality. If we disclose or use your Taxpayer Identification Number in violation of Federal law, we may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Instructions continued on Page 2

Instructions continued from page 1 Exempt From Backup Withholding

If you are exempt, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then complete the rest of the form. Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

Note: If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

Exempt payees. Backup withholding is **not required** on any payments made to the following payees:

- An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2);
- 2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities;
- A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities;
- A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities; or
- 5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities. Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:
- **6.** A corporation;
- 7. A foreign central bank of issue:
- A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States:
- A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission:
- 10. A real estate investment trust;
- **11.** An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940;
- 12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a);
- 13. A financial institution;
- A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian; or
- A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The chart below shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt recipients listed above, **1** through **15**.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for		
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt recipients except for 9		
Broker transactions	Exempt recipients 1 through 13. Also, a person registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 who regularly acts as a broker		
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt recipients 1 through 5		
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt recipients 1 through 7 ²		

¹ See Form 1099 -MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien.

Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the recipient has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
- 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- **4.** The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax
- Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption. If you are a **nonresident alien or a foreign entity** not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will **not** be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester, or
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required, or
- 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN, or
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions above under "Exempt from Backup Withholding."

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons who must file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, and certain other income paid to you, mortgage interest you paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA, or Archer MSA or HSA. The IRS uses the numbers for identification purposes and to help verify the accuracy of your tax return. The IRS may also provide this information to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, and the District of Columbia to carry out their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Payers must generally withhold 28% of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to a payer. Certain penalties may also apply.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation (including gross proceeds paid to an attorney under section 6045(f), even if the attorney is a corporation) and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are **not exempt** from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, and payments for services paid by a Federal executive agency.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

BY ACCEPTANCE OF THIS ORDER SELLER AGREES WITH BUYER AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. Buyer will not be responsible for goods or services supplied without an official written pre-numbered order.
- 2. Subject to conditions beyond the control of the seller, delivery of completion must actually be effected within the time stated on the purchase order. If, for any reasons whatsoever, including conditions beyond the control of seller, completion is not timely, the buyer reserves the right to obtain the goods or services elsewhere and to charge seller with any loss incurred as a result thereof or, as its option, to cancel the order.
- 3. Whenever the seller has knowledge that any actual or potential labor dispute is delaying or threatens to delay the timely performance of this order, seller shall so inform buyer.
- 4. Any materials shipped in excess of the quantity specified in the order may at buyer's option, be returned to the seller at seller's expense. Buyer will not be obligated to pay for services or labor provided in excess of that specified in the order.
- 5. In addition to any warranties expressed or implied provided by applicable law, the seller hereby represents and warrants that the goods delivered or services performed on this order will be in accordance with the buyer's specifications, drawings, or samples, if such were submitted, and if any goods or workmanship proves defective within one year from delivery or completion, or is not in accordance with specifications, drawings or samples, buyer may cancel this order and return this order or correct the defective goods or work at seller's expense. The foregoing representations and warranties shall survive acceptance of the goods or services.
- 6. This purchase order is not assignable by the seller without the prior written consent of the buyer.
- 7. This order shall be governed in all respects by the laws of the State of South Carolina. This order shall not be modified except by written agreement of the buyer and seller. Jurisdiction and venue shall reside in the State of South Carolina.
- 8. If any other work is specified by this order to be performed at the buyer's premises, the seller may be required, prior to commencement of work, to furnish the buyer with certificates of insurance showing that it has currently in force comprehensive general liability insurance providing coverage for bodily injury of \$300,000 for each person and \$600,000 for each occurrence and coverage for property damage for \$100,000 for each occurrence and Workman's Compensation Insurance coverage as required by South Carolina law.
- 9. All transportation, insurance, crating and /or packing charges are to be entered as separate items on seller's invoice, unless goods are sold F.O.B. destination or such charges are included in seller's price.
- 10. Whenever seller acts as buyer's agent in importing goods from other countries, the seller agrees to show on its invoices the amount of any customs or import duties paid to the United States government, as a separate item.
- 11. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Agreement, the parties hereto agree that the charges hereunder are payable by Coastal Carolina University for appropriations, grants, and monies received by the Buyer from the State Legislature and other government entities. In the event such appropriations, grants and monies are determined in the sole discretion of Coastal Carolina University to no longer exist or to be insufficient with respect to charges payable hereunder, during or at the end of any fiscal year, agreement shall terminate without further obligation of the Seller. In such event, Coastal Carolina University shall certify to the Seller the occurrence thereof.
- 12. The seller, by acceptance of this order, will be deemed to represent and seller has complied, or will comply, with all applicable Federal, State and local laws and ordinances and all lawful orders, rules and regulations there under.
 - If this order is for the account of the U.S government or if the face of the original copy of this order so indicates, it is subject to the Additional Terms and Conditions enclosed herewith.
- 13. Coastal Carolina University is an Equal Opportunity Employer and does not discriminate on the basis or race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, handicap or veteran status. The successful vendor will comply with all Federal and State requirements concerning fair employment of the handicapped, and concerning the treatment of all employees and applicants for employment without discrimination by reason of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, handicap or veteran status.
- 14. When Federal Funds are used for this procurement, this contract is subject to all applicable Federal Acquisition Regulations (April 1984 or as amended).