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Subpart A - General

Section 262.10 Purpose, scope, and applicability.

- (a) These regulations establish standards for generators of hazardous waste.
- (b) 261.5(c) and (d) must be used to determine the applicability of provisions of this part that are dependent on calculations of the quantity of hazardous waste generated per month.
- (c) A generator who treats, stores, or disposes of hazardous waste on-site must only comply with the following sections of this part with respect to that waste: §262.11 for determining whether or not he has a hazardous waste, §262.12 for obtaining an EPA identification number, §262.34 for accumulation of hazardous waste, §262.40(c) and (d) for recordkeeping, §262.43 for additional reporting and if applicable, §262.70 for farmers.
- (d) Any person who exports or imports hazardous waste subject to the manifesting requirements of Part 262, or subject to the universal waste management standards of Part 273, to or from the countries listed in §262.58(a)(1) for recovery must comply with Subpart H of this part.
- (e) Any person who imports hazardous waste into the United States must comply with the standards applicable to generators established in this part.
- (f) A farmer who generates waste pesticides which are hazardous waste and who complies with all of the requirements of §262.70 is not required to comply with other standards in this part or Parts 122, 264, 265, or 268 with respect to such pesticides.
- (g) A person who generates a hazardous waste as defined by Part 261 is subject to the compliance requirements and penalties prescribed in 7 Del. C., §6309 if he does not comply with the requirements of this part.
- (h) An owner or operator who initiates a shipment of hazardous waste from a treatment, storage, or disposal facility must comply with the generator standards established in this part. (Note: The provisions of §262.34 are applicable to the on-site accumulation of hazardous waste by generators. Therefore, the provisions of §262.34 only apply to owners or operators who are shipping hazardous waste which they generated at that facility.)
- (i) Persons responding to an explosives or munitions emergency in accordance with §264.1(g)(8)(i)(D) or (iv) or §265.1(c)(11)(i)(D) or (iv), and §122.1(c)(3)(i)(D) or (iii) are not required to comply with the standards of this part.

[Note: A generator who treats, stores, or disposes of hazardous waste on-site must comply with the applicable standards and permit requirements set forth in Parts 264, 265, 266, 268, and 122.]
(Amended August 10, 1990; June 19, 1992, July 23, 1996, January 1, 1999)

Section 262.11 Hazardous waste determination.

A person who generates a solid waste, as defined in §261.2, must determine if that waste is a hazardous waste using the following method:

- (a) He should first determine if the waste is excluded from regulation under §261.4.
- (b) He must then determine if the waste is listed as a hazardous waste in Subpart D of Part 261.

Note: Even if the waste is listed, the generator still has an opportunity under Part 260, Subpart C to demonstrate to the Secretary that the waste from his particular facility or operation is not a hazardous waste.

(c) For the purpose of compliance with Part 268, or if the waste is not listed in Subpart D of Part 261, the generator must then determine whether the waste is identified in Subpart C of Part 261 by either:

(1) Testing the waste according to the methods set forth in Subpart C of Part 261, or according to an equivalent method approved by the Secretary under Part 260, Subpart C, or;

(2) Applying knowledge of the hazard characteristic of the waste in light of the materials or the processes used.

(d) If the waste is determined to be hazardous, the generator must refer to Parts 261, 264, 265, 266, 268 and 273 of these regulations for possible exclusions or restrictions pertaining to management of the specific waste.

(Amended August 10, 1990; June 19, 1992, July 23, 1996)

Section 262.12 EPA Identification Numbers.

(a) A generator must not treat, store, dispose of, transport, or offer for transportation, hazardous waste without having received an EPA identification number from the Secretary.

(b) A generator who has not received an EPA identification number may obtain one by applying to the Secretary using "State of Delaware Notification of Regulated Waste Activity" form. Upon receiving the request, the Secretary will assign an EPA identification number to the generator.

(c) A generator must not offer his hazardous waste to transporters or to treatment, storage, or disposal facilities that have not received an EPA identification number.

(d) A generator must submit a subsequent State of Delaware Notification of Regulated Waste Activity Form (8700-12) whenever there is a change in name, mailing address, contact person, contact address, telephone number, ownership, type of regulated waste activity, or changes in the description of regulated wastes managed or permanently ceases the regulated waste activity. This subsequent notification must be submitted to the Secretary no less than 10 days prior to implementation of the change(s).

Subpart B - The Manifest

Section 262.20 General requirements.

(a) A generator who transports, or offers for transportation, hazardous waste for off-site treatment, storage, or disposal must prepare a Manifest (U.S. OMB Control Number 2050-0039) on EPA Form 8700-22 and, if necessary EPA Form 8700-22A, according to the instructions included in Appendix II of Part 262.

(b) A generator must designate on the manifest one facility which is permitted to handle the waste described on the manifest.

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(c) A generator may also designate on the manifest one alternate facility which is permitted to handle his waste in the event an emergency prevents delivery of the waste to the primary designated facility.

(d) If the transporter is unable to deliver the hazardous waste to the designated facility or the alternate facility, the generator must either designate another facility or instruct the transporter to return the waste.

(e) **[Reserved]**

(f) The requirements of this subpart and §262.32(b) do not apply to transportation during an explosives or munitions emergency response or transport of military munitions as defined in §260.10 of these regulations on a public or private right-of-way within or along the border of contiguous property under the control of the same person, even if such contiguous property is divided by a public or private right-of-way. Notwithstanding §263.10(a), the generator or transporter must comply with the requirements for transporters set forth in §263.30 and §263.31 in the event of a discharge of hazardous waste on a public or private right-of-way.

(Amended September 20, 1984, August 10, 1990, January 1, 1999)

Section 262.21 Acquisition of manifests.

(a) Since the Department requires the use of the Uniform National Manifest System, Generators shipping wastes into or within (from a Delaware Generator to a Delaware Disposal Facility) Delaware must use the Delaware Manifest form.

(b) Generators in Delaware who ship out-of-state must use the form of the state which will receive the waste. If the state does not supply the manifest form, the generator must use the Delaware Manifest form.

(Amended September 20, 1984)

Section 262.22 Number of copies.

The manifest consists of the number of copies, which provide a copy for each transporter, the generator state, facility state and the copy which is mailed from the facility to the generator. This process is discussed in detail in the instructions for manifest preparation Appendix II of this part.

Note: Photocopies of this form will be necessary for the generator and the facility to meet the requirements of §262.23(a)(3); §264.71(a)(5), §265.71(a)(5); or if necessary §262.23(c) and (d).

(Amended January 1, 1999)

Section 262.23 Use of the manifest.

(a) The generator must:

(1) Sign the manifest certification by hand; and

(2) Obtain the handwritten signature of the initial transporter and date of acceptance on the manifest; and

(3) Retain one copy in accordance with §262.40(a).

(4) Within 10 days of acceptance by the transporter send a copy of the manifest to the state in which the generator is located and to the state in which the facility is located.

(b) The generator must give the transporter the remaining copies of the manifest or portions thereof in accordance with instructions on the standard manifest form.

(c) For shipments of hazardous waste within the United States solely by water (bulk shipments only), the generator must send three copies of the manifest dated and signed in accordance with this section to the owner or operator of the designated facility or the last water (bulk shipment) transporter to handle the waste in the United States if exported by water. Copies of the manifest are not required for each transporter.

(d) For rail shipments of hazardous waste within the United States which originate at the site of generation the generator must send at least three copies of the manifest dated and signed in accordance with this section to:

- (i) The next non-rail transporter, if any; or
- (ii) The designated facility if transported solely by rail; or
- (iii) The last rail transporter to handle the waste in the United States if exported by rail.

(e) For shipments of hazardous waste to a designated facility in an authorized state which has not yet obtained authorization to regulate that particular waste as hazardous, the generator must assure that the designated facility agrees to sign and return the manifest to the generator, and that any out-of-state transporter signs and forwards the manifest to the designated facility.

Note: See §263.20(e) and (f) for special provisions for rail or water (bulk shipment) transporters.

(Amended June 19, 1992, January 1, 1999, August 23, 1999)

Subpart C - Pre-Transport Requirements

Section 262.30 Packaging.

Before transporting hazardous waste or offering hazardous waste for transportation off-site, a generator must package the waste in accordance with the applicable Department of Transportation regulations on packaging under 49 CFR Parts 173, 178, and 179.

Section 262.31 Labeling.

Before transporting or offering hazardous waste for transportation off-site, a generator must label each package in accordance with the applicable Department of Transportation regulations on hazardous materials under 49 CFR Part 172.

Section 262.32 Marking.

(a) Before transporting or offering hazardous waste for transportation off-site, a generator must mark each package of hazardous waste in accordance with the applicable Department of Transportation regulations on hazardous materials under 49 CFR Part 172;

(b) Before transporting hazardous waste or offering hazardous waste for transportation off-site, a generator must mark each container of 110 gallons or less used in such transportation with the following words and information displayed in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR 172.304:

HAZARDOUS WASTE - Federal Law Prohibits Improper Disposal. If found, contact the nearest police or public safety authority or the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Generator's Name and Address _____

Manifest Document Number _____

Section 262.33 Placarding.

Before transporting hazardous waste or offering hazardous waste for transportation off-site, a generator must placard or offer the initial transporter the appropriate placards according to Department of Transportation regulations for hazardous materials under 49 CFR Part 172, Subpart F.

Section 262.34 Accumulation time.

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of this section, a generator may accumulate hazardous waste on-site for 90 days or less without a permit or without having interim status, provided that:

(1) The waste is placed:

(i) In containers and the generator complies with the applicable requirements of Subparts I, AA, BB, and CC of Part 265; and/or

(ii) In tanks and the generator complies with the applicable requirements of Subparts J, AA, BB, and CC of Part 265 except §§ 265.197(c) and 265.200; and/or

(iii) On drip pads and the generator complies with Subpart W of Part 265 and maintains the following records at the facility:

(A) A description of procedures that will be followed to ensure that all wastes are removed from the drip pad and associated collection system at least once every 90 days; and

(B) Documentation of each waste removal, including the quantity of waste removed from the drip pad and the sump or collection system and the date and time of removal; and/or

(iv) The waste is placed in containment buildings and the generator complies with Subpart DD of Part 265, has placed its professional engineer certification that the building complies with the design standards specified in §265.1101 in the facility's operating record no later than 60 days after the date of initial operation of the unit. After February 18, 1993, PE certification will be required prior to operation of the unit. The owner or operator shall maintain the following records at the facility:

(A) A written description of procedures to ensure that each waste volume remains in the unit for no more than 90 days, a written description of the waste generation and management practices for the facility showing that they are consistent with respecting the 90 day limit, and documentation that the procedures are complied with; or

(B) Documentation that the unit is emptied at least once every 90 days.

In addition, such a generator is exempt from all the requirements in Subparts G and H of Part 265, except for §§265.111 and 265.114.

(2) The date upon which each period of accumulation begins is clearly marked and visible for inspection on each container;

(3) While being accumulated on-site, each container and tank is labeled or marked clearly with the words "Hazardous Waste"; and

(4) The generator complies with the requirements for owners or operators in Subparts C and D in Part 265, with §265.16, and with §268.7(a)(5).

(b) A generator who accumulates hazardous waste for more than 90 days is an operator of a storage facility and is subject to the requirements of Part 264 and 265 and the permit requirements of Part 122 unless he has been granted an extension to the 90-day period. Such extension may be granted by DNREC if hazardous wastes must remain on-site for longer than 90 days due to unforeseen, temporary, and uncontrollable circumstances. An extension of up to 30 days may be granted at the discretion of the Secretary on a case-by-case basis.

(c)(1) A generator may accumulate as much as 55 gallons of hazardous waste or one quart of acutely hazardous waste listed in §261.33(e) in containers at or near any point of generation where wastes initially accumulate, which is under the control of the operator of the process generating the waste, without a permit or interim status and without complying with paragraph (a) of this section provided he:

(i) Complies with §§265.171, 265.172, and 265.173(a) of these regulations; and

(ii) Marks his containers either with the words "Hazardous Waste" or with other words that identify the contents of the containers.

(2) A generator who accumulates either hazardous waste or acutely hazardous waste listed in §261.33(e) in excess of the amounts listed in paragraph (c)(1) of this section at or near any point of generation must, with respect to that amount of excess waste, comply immediately with paragraph (a) of this section or other applicable provisions of these regulations. The generator must mark the container holding the excess accumulation of hazardous waste with the date the excess amount began accumulating.

(d) A generator who generates greater than 100 kilograms but less than 1000 kilograms of hazardous waste in a calendar month may accumulate hazardous waste on-site for 180 days or less without a permit or without having interim status provided that:

(1) The quantity of waste accumulated on-site never exceeds 6000 kilograms;

(2) The generator complies with the requirements of Subpart I of Part 265 of these regulations, except for §§ 265.176 and 265.178;

(3) The generator complies with the requirements of §265.201 in Subpart J of Part 265;

(4) The generator complies with the requirements of paragraphs (a)(2) and (a)(3) of this section, the requirements of Subpart C of Part 265, the requirements of §268.7(a)(5); and

(5) The generator complies with the following requirements:

(i) At all times there must be at least one employee either on the premises or on call (i.e., available to respond to an emergency by reaching the facility within a short period of time) with the responsibility for coordinating all emergency response measures specified in paragraph (d)(3)(iv) of this section. This employee is the emergency coordinator.

(ii) The generator must post the following information next to the telephone:

(A) The name and telephone number of the emergency coordinator;

(B) Location of fire extinguishers and spill control material, and, if present, fire alarm; and

(C) The telephone number of the fire department, unless the facility has a direct alarm.

(iii) The generator must ensure that all employees are thoroughly familiar with proper waste handling and emergency procedures, relevant to their responsibilities during normal facility operations and emergencies;

(iv) The emergency coordinator or his designee must respond to any emergencies that arise. The applicable responses are as follows:

(A) In the event of a fire, call the fire department or attempt to extinguish it using a fire extinguisher;

(B) In the event of a spill, contain the flow of hazardous waste to the extent possible, and as soon as is practicable, clean up the hazardous waste and any contaminated materials or soil;

(C) In the event of a fire, explosion or other release which could threaten human health outside the facility or when the generator has knowledge that a spill has reached surface water, the generator must immediately notify the National Response Center (using their 24-hour toll free number: 800/424-8802) and the DNREC at (302) 739-5072 or (800) 662-8802 immediately. The report must include the following information:

(1) The name, address, and U.S. EPA Identification Number of the generator;

(2) Date, time, and type of incident (e.g., spill or fire);

(3) Quantity and type of hazardous waste involved in the incident;

(4) Extent of injuries, if any; and

(5) Estimated quantity and disposition of recovered materials, if any.

(e) A generator who generates greater than 100 kilograms but less than 1000 kilograms of hazardous waste in a calendar month and who must transport his waste, or offer his waste for transportation, over a distance of 200 miles or more for off-site treatment, storage or disposal may accumulate hazardous waste on-site for 270 days or less without a permit or without having interim status provided that he complies with the requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

(f) A generator who generates greater than 100 kilograms but less than 1000 kilograms of hazardous waste in a calendar month and who accumulates hazardous waste in quantities exceeding 6000 kg or accumulates hazardous waste for more than 180 days (or for more than 270 days if he must transport his waste, or offer his waste for transportation, over a distance of 200 miles or more) is an operator of a storage facility and is subject to the requirements of Parts 264 and 265 and the permit requirements of Part 122 unless he has been granted an extension to the 180-day (or 270-day if applicable) period. Such extension may be granted by the DNREC Secretary if hazardous wastes must remain on site for longer than 180 days (or 270 days if applicable) due to unforeseen, temporary, and uncontrollable circumstances. An extension of up to 30 days may be granted at the discretion of the Secretary on a case-by-case basis.

(g) A generator who generates 1,000 kilograms or greater of hazardous waste per calendar month who also generates wastewater treatment sludges from electroplating operations that meet the listing description for the EPA hazardous waste code F006, may accumulate F006 waste onsite for more than 90 days, but not more than 180 days without a permit or without having interim status provided that:

(1) The generator has implemented pollution prevention practices that reduce the amount of any hazardous substances, pollutants or contaminants entering F006 or otherwise released to the environment prior to its recycling;

(2) The F006 waste is legitimately recycled through metals recovery;

(3) No more than 20,000 kilograms of F006 waste is accumulated onsite at any one time; and

(4) The F006 waste is managed in accordance with the following:

(i) The F006 waste is placed:

(A) In containers and the generator complies with the applicable requirements of Subparts I, AA, BB, and CC of Part 265; and/or

(B) In tanks and the generator complies with the applicable requirements of Subparts J, AA, BB, and CC of Part 265, except §§ 265.197(c) and 265.200; and/or

(C) In containment buildings and the generator complies with Subpart DD of Part 265, and has placed its professional engineer certification that the building complies with the design standards specified in §265.1101 in the facility's operating record prior to operation of the unit. The owner or operator must maintain the following records at the facility:

(1) A written description of procedures to ensure that the F006 waste remains in the unit for no more than 180 days, a written description of the waste generation and management practices for the facility showing that they are consistent with the 180-day limit, and documentation that the generator is complying with the procedures; or

(2) Documentation that the unit is emptied at least once every 180 days.

(ii) In addition, such a generator is exempt from all the requirements in Subparts G and H of Part 265, except for §§ 265.111 and 265.114.

(iii) The date upon which each period of accumulation begins is clearly marked and visible for inspection on each container;

(iv) While being accumulated onsite, each container and tank is labeled or marked clearly with the words, "Hazardous Waste"; and

(v) The generator complies with the requirements for owners or operators in Subparts C and D in Part 265, with §265.16, and with §268.7(a)(5).

(h) A generator who generates 1,000 kilograms or greater of hazardous waste per calendar month who also generates wastewater treatment sludges from electroplating operations that meet the listing description for the EPA hazardous waste code F006, and who must transport this waste, or offer this waste for transportation, over a distance of 200 miles or more for offsite metals recovery, may accumulate F006 waste onsite for more than 90 days, but not more than 270 days without a permit or without having interim status if the generator complies with the requirements of paragraphs (g)(1) through (g)(4) of this section.

(i) A generator accumulating F006 in accordance with paragraphs (g) and (h) of this section who accumulates F006 waste onsite for more than 180 days (or for more than 270 days if the generator must transport this waste, or offer this waste for transportation, over a distance of 200 miles or more), or who accumulates more than 20,000 kilograms of F006 waste onsite is an operator of a storage facility and is subject to the requirements of Parts 264 and 265 and the permit requirements of Part 122 unless the generator has been granted an extension to the 180-day (or 270-day if applicable) period or an exception to the 20,000 kilogram accumulation limit. Such extensions and exceptions may be granted by DNREC if F006 waste must remain onsite for longer than 180 days (or 270 days if applicable) or if more than 20,000 kilograms of F006 waste must remain onsite due to unforeseen, temporary, and uncontrollable circumstances. An extension of up to 30 days or an exception to the accumulation limit may be granted at the discretion of the Secretary on a case-by- case basis.

(Amended August 29, 1988; June 19, 1992, August 1, 1995, January 1, 1999, August 23, 1999, June 2, 2000, April 23, 2001)

Subpart D Recordkeeping and Reporting

Section 262.40 Recordkeeping.

(a) A generator must keep a copy of each manifest signed in accordance with §262.23(a) for three years or until he receives a signed copy from the designated facility which received the waste. This signed copy must be retained as a record for at least three years from the date the waste was accepted by the initial transporter.

(b) A generator must keep a copy of each Annual Report and Exception Report for a period of at least three years from the due date of the report (March 1).

(c) A generator must keep records of any test results, waste analyses, or other determinations made in accordance with §262.11 for at least three years from the date that the waste was last sent to on-site or off-site treatment, storage, or disposal.

(d) The periods of retention referred to in this section are extended automatically during the course of any unresolved enforcement action regarding the regulated activity or as requested by the Secretary.

Section 262.41 Annual Reporting.

(a) A generator must prepare and submit a single copy of an Annual Report to the State of Delaware, Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control by no later than March 1 for the preceding calendar year. The Annual Report must be submitted on a form prescribed by the Department according to the instructions on the form and must cover generator activities during the previous year. The Annual Report must include the following information:

(1) The EPA identification number, name, and address of the generator;

(2) The calendar year covered by the report;

(3) The EPA identification number, name, and address for each off-site treatment, storage or disposal facility within the United States to which waste was shipped during the year;

(4) The name and EPA identification number of each transporter used during the reporting year for shipments to a treatment, storage or disposal facility within the United States;

(5) A description, EPA hazardous waste number (from Part 261, Subpart C or D of these regulations), DOT hazard class, and quantity of each hazardous waste shipped off-site for shipments to a treatment, storage or disposal facility within the United States. This information must be listed by EPA identification number of each such off-site facility to which waste was shipped.

(6) A description of the efforts undertaken during the year to reduce the volume and toxicity of waste generated.

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(7) A description of the changes in volume and toxicity of waste actually achieved during the year in comparison to previous years to the extent such information is available for years prior to 1984.

(8) The certification signed by the generator or authorized representative.

(b) Any generator who treats, stores, or disposes of hazardous waste on-site must submit an Annual Report covering those wastes in accordance with the provisions of Parts 122, 264, 265, and 266. Reporting for exports of hazardous waste is not required on the Annual Report form. A separate annual report requirement is set forth at §262.56 of these regulations.

(Amended November 21, 1985; August 29, 1988; June 19, 1992, January 1, 1999)

Section 262.42 Exception Reporting.

(a) A generator who does not receive a copy of the manifest with the hand written signature of the owner or operator of the designated facility within thirty-five (35) days of the date the waste was accepted by the initial transporter must contact the transporter and/or the owner or operator of the designated facility to determine the status of the hazardous waste, and if it has not been delivered the generator must identify the shipment and report it to the State in which the shipment originated.

(b) A generator must submit an Exception Report to the DNREC if he has not received a copy of the manifest/shipping paper with the handwritten signature of the owner or operator of the designated facility within 45 days of the date the waste was accepted by the initial transporter and the generator must also notify the State in which the manifest designated facility is located and the State to which the shipment may have been delivered. The Exception Report must include:

(1) A legible copy of the manifest for which the generator does not have confirmation of delivery;

(2) A cover letter signed by the generator or his authorized representative explaining the efforts taken to locate the hazardous waste and the results of those efforts.

Section 262.43 Additional Reporting.

The Secretary, as he deems necessary under 7 Del. C. §6305(a)(10), may require generators to furnish additional reports concerning the quantities and disposition of wastes identified or listed in Part 261.

Section 262.44 Special Requirements for Generators of Between 100 and 1000 Kilograms/Month.

A generator who generates greater than 100 kilograms but less than 1000 kilograms of hazardous waste in a calendar month is exempt from the requirements of this subpart, except for the recordkeeping requirements in paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) in §262.40, §262.42(b) exception reporting requirements, and the requirements of §262.43.

(Amended August 29, 1988; August 10, 1990)

Subpart E - Exports of Hazardous Waste

Section 262.50 Applicability.

This subpart establishes requirements applicable to exports of hazardous waste. Except to the extent §262.58 provides otherwise, a primary exporter of hazardous waste must comply with the special requirements of this subpart and a transporter transporting hazardous waste for export must comply with applicable requirements of Part 263. Section 262.58 sets forth the requirements of international agreements between the United States and receiving countries which establish different notice, export, and enforcement procedures for the transportation, treatment, storage and disposal of hazardous waste for shipments between the United States and those countries.

(Amended September 20, 1984; May 8, 1986; August 29, 1988)

Section 262.51 Definitions.

In addition to the definitions set forth at §260.10, the following definitions apply to this subpart:

"Consignee" means the ultimate treatment, storage or disposal facility in a receiving country to which the hazardous waste will be sent.

"EPA Acknowledgment of Consent" means the cable sent to EPA from the U.S. Embassy in a receiving country that acknowledges the written consent of the receiving country to accept the hazardous waste and describes the terms and conditions of the receiving country's consent to the shipment.

"Primary Exporter" means any person who is required to originate the manifest for a shipment of hazardous waste in accordance with Part 262, Subpart B, which specifies a treatment, storage, or disposal facility in a receiving country as the facility to which the hazardous waste will be sent and any intermediary arranging for the export.

"Receiving country" means a foreign country to which a hazardous waste is sent for the purpose of treatment, storage or disposal (except short-term storage incidental to transportation).

"Transit country" means any foreign country, other than a receiving country, through which a hazardous waste is transported.

(Amended August 29, 1988)

Section 262.52 General requirements.

Exports of hazardous waste are prohibited except in compliance with the applicable requirements of this subpart and Part 263. Exports of hazardous waste are prohibited unless:

- (a) Notification in accordance with §262.53 has been provided;
- (b) The receiving country has consented to accept the hazardous waste;
- (c) A copy of the EPA Acknowledgment of Consent to the shipment accompanies the hazardous waste shipment and, unless exported by rail, is attached to the manifest (or shipping paper for exports by water (bulk shipment));
- (d) The hazardous waste shipment conforms to the terms of the receiving country's written consent as reflected in the EPA Acknowledgment of Consent.

(Amended August 29, 1988)

Section 262.53 Notification of intent to export.

(a) A primary exporter of hazardous waste must notify EPA of an intended export before such waste is scheduled to leave the United States. A complete notification should be submitted sixty (60) days before the initial shipment is intended to be shipped off-site. This notification may cover export activities extending over a twelve (12) month or lesser period. The notification must be in writing, signed by the primary exporter, and include the following information:

- (1) Name, mailing address, telephone number and EPA I.D. number of the primary exporter;
- (2) By consignee, for each hazardous waste type:
 - (i) A description of the hazardous waste and the EPA hazardous waste number (from Part 261, Subparts C and D of these regulations), U.S. DOT proper shipping name, hazard class and I.D. number (UN/NA) for each hazardous waste as identified in 49 CFR Part 171-177;
 - (ii) The estimated frequency or rate at which such waste is to be exported and the period of time over which such waste is to be exported;
 - (iii) The estimated total quantity of the hazardous waste in units as specified in the instructions to the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest Form (8700-22);
 - (iv) All points of entry to and departure from each foreign country through which the hazardous waste will pass;

(v) A description of the means by which each shipment of the hazardous waste will be transported (e.g., mode of transportation vehicle (air, highway, rail, water, etc.), type(s) of container (drums, boxes, tanks, etc.));

(vi) A description of the manner in which the hazardous waste will be treated, stored or disposed of in the receiving country (e.g., land or ocean incineration, other land disposal, ocean dumping, recycling);

(vii) The name and site address of the consignee and any alternate consignee; and

(viii) The name of any transit countries through which the hazardous waste will be sent and a description of the approximate length of time the hazardous waste will remain in such country and the nature of its handling while there;

(b) Notifications submitted by mail should be sent to the following mailing address: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting, and Data Division (2222A), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Hand-delivered notifications should be sent to: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting, and Data Division (2222A), Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Bldg., 12th St. and Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC. In both cases, the following shall be prominently displayed on the front of the envelope: "Attention: Notification of Intent to Export." A copy of the notification must also be sent to the DNREC Secretary.

(c) Except for changes to the telephone number in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, changes to paragraph (a)(2)(v) of this section and decreases in the quantity indicated pursuant to paragraph (a)(2)(iii) of this section when the conditions specified on the original notification change (including any exceedance of the estimate of the quantity of hazardous waste specified in the original notification), the primary exporter must provide EPA with a written renotification of the change. The shipment cannot take place until consent of the receiving country to the changes (except for changes to paragraph (a)(2)(viii) of this section and in the ports of entry to and departure from transit countries pursuant to paragraph (a)(2)(iv) of this section) has been obtained and the primary exporter receives an EPA Acknowledgment of Consent reflecting the receiving country's consent to the changes.

(d) Upon request by EPA, a primary exporter shall furnish to EPA any additional information which a receiving country requests in order to respond to a notification.

(e) In conjunction with the Department of State, EPA will provide a complete notification to the receiving country and any transit countries. A notification is complete when EPA receives a notification which EPA determines satisfies the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section. Where a claim of confidentiality is asserted with respect to any notification information required by paragraph (a) of this section, EPA may find the notification not complete until any such claim is resolved in accordance with 40 CFR 260.2.

(f) Where the receiving country consents to the receipt of the hazardous waste, EPA will forward an EPA Acknowledgment of Consent to the primary exporter for purposes of §262.54(h). Where the receiving country objects to receipt of the hazardous waste or withdraws a prior consent, EPA will notify the primary exporter in writing. EPA will also notify the primary exporter of any responses from transit countries.

(Amended August 29, 1988; July 26, 1994, January 1, 1999)

Section 262.54 Special manifest requirements.

A primary exporter must comply with the manifest requirements of §§262.20 - 262.23 except that:

(a) In lieu of the name, site address, and EPA I.D. number of the designated permitted facility, the primary exporter must enter the name and site address of the consignee.

(b) In lieu of the name, site address and EPA I.D. number of a permitted alternate facility, the primary exporter may enter the name and site address of any alternate consignee.

§262.55

(c) In Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information, the primary exporter must identify the point of departure from the United States;

(d) The following statement must be added to the end of the first sentence of the certification set forth in Item 16 of the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest Form: "and conforms to the terms of the attached EPA Acknowledgment of Consent";

(e) In lieu of the requirements of §262.21, the primary exporter must obtain the manifest form from the primary exporter's state if that state supplies the manifest form and requires its use. If the primary exporter's State does not supply the manifest form, the primary exporter may obtain a manifest form from any source.

(f) The primary exporter must require the consignee to confirm in writing the delivery of the hazardous waste to that facility and to describe any significant discrepancies (as defined in §264.72(a)) between the manifest and the shipment. A copy of the manifest signed by such facility may be used to confirm delivery of the hazardous waste.

(g) In lieu of the requirements of §262.20(d), where a shipment cannot be delivered for any reason to the designated or alternate consignee, the primary exporter must:

(1) Renotify EPA of a change in the conditions of the original notification to allow shipment to a new consignee in accordance with §262.53(c) and obtain an EPA Acknowledgment of Consent prior to delivery; or

(2) Instruct the transporter to return the waste to the primary exporter in the United States or designate another facility within the United States; and

(3) Instruct the transporter to revise the manifest in accordance with the primary exporter's instructions.

(h) The primary exporter must attach a copy of the EPA Acknowledgment of Consent to the shipment of the manifest which must accompany the hazardous waste shipment. For exports by rail or water (bulk shipment), the primary exporter must provide the transporter with an EPA Acknowledgment of Consent which must accompany the hazardous waste but which need not be attached to the manifest except that for exports by water (bulk shipment) the primary exporter must attach the copy of the EPA Acknowledgment of Consent to the shipping paper.

(i) The primary exporter shall provide the transporter with an additional copy of the manifest for delivery to the U. S. Customs official at the point the hazardous waste leaves the United States in accordance with §263.20(g)(4).

(Amended August 29, 1988)

Section 262.55 Exception reports.

In lieu of the requirements of §262.42, a primary exporter must file an exception report with the EPA Administrator with a copy to the Secretary if:

(a) He has not received a copy of the manifest signed by the transporter stating the date and place of departure from the United States within forty-five (45) days from the date it was accepted by the initial transporter.

(b) Within ninety (90) days from the date the waste was accepted by the initial transporter, the primary exporter has not received written confirmation from the consignee that the hazardous waste was received;

(c) The waste is returned to the United States.

(Amended August 29, 1988)

Section 262.56 Annual reports.

(a) Primary exporters of hazardous waste shall file with the EPA Administrator with a copy to the Secretary no later than March 1 of each year, a report summarizing the types, quantities, frequency, and ultimate destination of all hazardous waste exported during the previous calendar year. Such reports shall include the following:

(1) The EPA identification number, name, and mailing and site address of the exporter;

(2) The calendar year covered by the report;

(3) The name and site address of each consignee;

(4) By consignee, for each hazardous waste exported, a description of the hazardous waste, the EPA hazardous waste number (from Part 261, Subpart C or D), DOT hazard class, the name and U.S. EPA I.D. number (where applicable) for each transporter used, the total amount of waste shipped and number of shipments pursuant to each notification;

(5) Except for hazardous waste produced by exporters of greater than 100 kg but less than 1000 kg in a calendar month, unless provided pursuant to §262.41:

(i) A description of the efforts undertaken during the year to reduce the volume and toxicity of waste generated, and

(ii) A description of the changes in volume and toxicity of waste actually achieved during the year in comparison to previous years to the extent such information is available for years prior to 1984.

(6) A certification signed by the primary exporter which states:

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this and all attached documents, and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information. I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

(b) Annual reports submitted by mail should be sent to the following mailing address: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting, and Data Division (2222A), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Hand-delivered reports should be sent to: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting, and Data Division (2222A), Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Bldg., 12th St. and Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC. A copy of the Annual Report must also be sent to the DNREC Secretary.

(Amended August 29, 1988; July 26, 1994, January 1, 1999)

Section 262.57 Recordkeeping.

(a) For all exports a primary exporter must:

(1) Keep a copy of each notification of intent to export for a period of at least three years from the date the hazardous waste was accepted by the initial transporter;

(2) Keep a copy of each EPA Acknowledgment of Consent for a period of at least three years from the date the hazardous waste was accepted by the initial transporter;

(3) Keep a copy of each confirmation of delivery of the hazardous waste from the consignee for at least three years from the date the hazardous waste was accepted by the initial transporter; and

(4) Keep a copy of each annual report for a period of at least three years from the due date of the report.

(b) The periods of retention referred to in this section are extended automatically during the course of any unresolved enforcement action regarding the regulated activity or as requested by the EPA Administrator.

(Amended August 29, 1988)

Section 262.58 International Agreements

(a) Any person who exports or imports hazardous waste subject to manifest requirements of Part 262, or subject to the universal waste management standards of Part 273, to or from designated member countries of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) as defined in paragraph (a)(1) of this section for purposes of recovery is subject to Subpart H of this part. The requirements of Subparts E and F do not apply.

(1) For the purposes of this Subpart, the designated OECD countries consist of Australia, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, and the United States.

(2) For the purposes of this subpart, Canada and Mexico are considered OECD member countries only for the purpose of transit.

(b) Any person who exports hazardous waste to or imports hazardous waste from: a designated OECD member country for purposes other than recovery (e.g., incineration, disposal), Mexico (for any purpose), or Canada (for any purpose) remains subject to the requirements of Subparts E and F of this part.

Subpart F - Imports of Hazardous Waste

Section 262.60 Imports of hazardous waste.

(a) Any person who imports hazardous waste from a foreign country into the United States must comply with the requirements of this part and the special requirements of this subpart.

(b) When importing hazardous waste, a person must meet all the requirements of §262.20(a) for the manifest except that:

(1) In place of the generator's name, address and EPA identification number, the name and address of the foreign generator and the importer's name, address and EPA identification number must be used.

(2) In place of the generator's signature on the certification statement, the U.S. importer or his agent must sign and date the certification and obtain the signature of the initial transporter.

(c) A person who imports hazardous waste must obtain the manifest form from the consignment state if the state supplies the manifest and requires its use. If the consignment state does not supply the manifest form, then the manifest form may be obtained from any source.

(Amended August 29, 1988)

Subpart G - Farmers

Section 262.70 Farmers.

A farmer disposing of waste pesticides from his own use which are hazardous wastes is not required to comply with the standards in this part or other standards in Part 122, 264, 265, or 268 for those wastes provided he triple rinses each emptied pesticide container in accordance with §261.7(b)(3) and disposes of the pesticide residues on his own farm in a manner consistent with the disposal instructions on the pesticide label.

(Amended June 19, 1992)

Subpart H - Transfrontier Shipments of Hazardous Waste for Recovery within the OECD**Section 262.80 Applicability.**

(a) The requirements of this subpart apply to imports and exports of wastes that are considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures and are destined for recovery operations in the countries listed in §262.58(a)(1). A waste is considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures if it meets the Federal definition of hazardous waste in §261.3 and it is subject to either the Federal manifesting requirements at Part 262, Subpart B or, to the universal waste management standards of Part 273.

(b) Any person (notifier, consignee, or recovery facility operator) who mixes two or more wastes (including hazardous and non-hazardous wastes) or otherwise subjects two or more wastes (including hazardous and non-hazardous wastes) to physical or chemical transformation operations, and thereby creates a new hazardous waste, becomes a generator and assumes all subsequent generator duties under RCRA and any notifier duties, if applicable, under this subpart.

Section 262.81 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to this subpart.

(a) "Competent authorities" means the regulatory authorities of concerned countries having jurisdiction over transfrontier movements of wastes destined for recovery operations.

(b) "Concerned countries" means the exporting and importing OECD member countries and any OECD member countries of transit.

(c) "Consignee" means the person to whom possession or other form of legal control of the waste is assigned at the time the waste is received in the importing country.

(d) "Country of transit" means any designated OECD country in §262.58(a)(1) and (a)(2) other than the exporting or importing country across which a transfrontier movement of wastes is planned or takes place.

(e) "Exporting country" means any designated OECD member country in §262.58(a)(1) from which a transfrontier movement of wastes is planned or has commenced.

(f) "Importing country" means any designated OECD country in §262.58(a)(1) to which a transfrontier movement of wastes is planned or takes place for the purpose of submitting the wastes to recovery operations therein.

(g) "Notifier" means the person under the jurisdiction of the exporting country who has, or will have at the time the planned transfrontier movement commences, possession or other forms of legal control of the wastes and who proposes their transfrontier movement for the ultimate purpose of submitting them to recovery operations. When the United States (U.S.) is the exporting country, notifier is interpreted to mean a person domiciled in the U.S.

(h) "OECD area" means all land or marine areas under the national jurisdiction of any designated OECD member country in §262.58. When the regulations refer to shipments to or from an OECD country, this means OECD area.

(i) "Recognized trader" means a person who, with appropriate authorization of concerned countries, acts in the role of principal to purchase and subsequently sell wastes; this person has legal control of such wastes from time of purchase to time of sale; such a person may act to arrange and facilitate transfrontier movements of wastes destined for recovery operations.

(j) "Recovery facility" means an entity which, under applicable domestic law, is operating or is authorized to operate in the importing country to receive wastes and to perform recovery operations on them.

(k) "Recovery operations" means activities leading to resource recovery, recycling, reclamation, direct re-use or alternative uses as listed in Table 2.B of the Annex of OECD Council Decision C(88)90(Final) of 27 May 1988, (available from the Environmental Protection Agency, RCRA Information Center (RIC), 1235 Jefferson-Davis Highway, first floor, Arlington, VA 22203 (Docket # F-94-IEHF-FFFFF) and the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development, Environment Directorate, 2 rue Andre Pascal, 75775 Paris Cedex 16, France) which include:

- R1 Use as a fuel (other than in direct incineration) or other means to generate energy
- R2 Solvent reclamation/regeneration
- R3 Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents
- R4 Recycling/reclamation of metals and metal compounds
- R5 Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials
- R6 Regeneration of acids or bases
- R7 Recovery of components used for pollution control
- R8 Recovery of components from catalysts
- R9 Used oil re-refining or other reuses of previously used oil
- R10 Land treatment resulting in benefit to agriculture or ecological improvement
- R11 Uses of residual materials obtained from any of the operations numbered R1-R10
- R12 Exchange of wastes for submission to any of the operations numbered R1-R11
- R13 Accumulation of material intended for any operation in Table 2.B

(l) "Transfrontier movement" means any shipment of wastes destined for recovery operations from an area under the national jurisdiction of one OECD member country to an area under the national jurisdiction of another OECD member country.

Section 262.82 General conditions.

(a) Scope. The level of control for exports and imports of waste is indicated by assignment of the waste to a green, amber, or red list and by U.S. national procedures as defined in §262.80(a). The green, amber, and red lists are incorporated by reference in §262.89(e).

(1) Wastes on the green list are subject to existing controls normally applied to commercial transactions, except as provided below:

(i) Green-list wastes that are considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures are subject to amber-list controls.

(ii) Green-list waste that are sufficiently contaminated or mixed with amber-list wastes, such that the waste or waste mixture is considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures, are subject to amber-list controls.

(iii) Green-list wastes that are sufficiently contaminated or mixed with other wastes subject to red-list controls such that the waste or waste mixture is considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures must be handled in accordance with the red-list controls.

(2) Wastes on the amber list that are considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures as defined in §262.80(a) are subject to the amber-list controls of this subpart.

(i) If amber-list wastes are sufficiently contaminated or mixed with other wastes subject to red-list controls such that the waste or waste mixture is considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures, the wastes must be handled in accordance with the red-list controls.

(ii) **[Reserved].**

(3) Wastes on the red list that are considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures as defined in §262.80(a) are subject to the red-list controls of this subpart.

Note to paragraph (a)(3): Some wastes on the amber or red lists are not listed or otherwise identified as hazardous under RCRA (e.g., polychlorinated biphenyls) and therefore are not subject to the amber- or red-list controls of this subpart. Regardless of the status of the waste under RCRA, however, other Federal environmental statutes (e.g., the Toxic Substances Control Act) may restrict certain waste imports or exports. Such restrictions continue to apply without regard to this subpart.

(4) Wastes not yet assigned to a list are eligible for transfrontier movements, as follows:

(i) If such wastes are considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures as defined in §262.80(a), these wastes are subject to the red-list controls; or

(ii) If such wastes are not considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures as defined in §262.80(a), such wastes may move as though they appeared on the green list.

(b) General conditions applicable to transfrontier movements of hazardous waste.

(1) The waste must be destined for recovery operations at a facility that, under applicable domestic law, is operating or is authorized to operate in the importing country;

(2) The transfrontier movement must be in compliance with applicable international transport agreements; and

Note to paragraph (b)(2): These international agreements include, but are not limited to, the Chicago Convention (1944), ADR (1957), ADN (1970), MARPOL Convention (1973/1978), SOLAS Convention (1974), IMDG Code (1985), COTIF (1985), and RID (1985).

(3) Any transit of waste through a non-OECD member country must be conducted in compliance with all applicable international and national laws and regulations.

(c) Provisions relating to re-export for recovery to a third country.

(1) Re-export of wastes subject to the amber-list control system from the U.S., as the importing country, to a third country listed in §262.58(a)(1) may occur only after a notifier in the U.S. provides notification to and obtains consent of the competent authorities in the third country, the original exporting country, and new transit countries. The notification must comply with the notice and consent procedures in §262.83 for all concerned countries and the original exporting country. The competent authorities of the original exporting country as well as the competent authorities of all other concerned countries have 30 days to object to the proposed movement.

(i) The 30-day period begins once the competent authorities of both the initial exporting country and new importing country issue Acknowledgments of Receipt of the notification.

(ii) The transfrontier movement may commence if no objection has been lodged after the 30-day period has passed or immediately after written consent is received from all relevant OECD importing and transit countries.

(2) Re-export of waste subject to the red-list control system from the original importing country to a third country listed in §262.58(a)(1) may occur only following notification of the competent authorities of the third country, the original exporting country, and new transit countries by a notifier in the original importing country in accordance with §262.83. The transfrontier movement may not proceed until receipt by the original importing country of written consent from the competent authorities of the third country, the original exporting country, and new transit countries.

(3) In the case of re-export of amber or red-list wastes to a country other than those in §262.58(a)(1), notification to and consent of the competent authorities of the original OECD member country of export and any OECD member countries of transit is required as specified in paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section in addition to compliance with all international agreements and arrangements to which the first importing OECD member country is a party and all applicable regulatory requirements for exports from the first importing country.

Section 262.83 Notification and consent.

(a) Applicability. Consent must be obtained from the competent authorities of the relevant OECD importing and transit countries prior to exporting hazardous waste destined for recovery operations subject to this subpart. Hazardous wastes subject to amber-list controls are subject to the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section; hazardous wastes subject to red-list controls are subject to the requirements of paragraph (c) of this section; and wastes not identified on any list are subject to the requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

(b) Amber-list wastes. The export from the U.S. of hazardous wastes as described in §262.80(a) that appear on the amber list is prohibited unless the notification and consent requirements of paragraph (b)(1) or paragraph (b)(2) of this section are met.

(1) Transactions requiring specific consent:

(i) Notification. At least 45 days prior to commencement of the transfrontier movement, the notifier must provide written notification in English of the proposed transfrontier movement to the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting and Data Division (2222A), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, with the words "Attention: OECD Export Notification" prominently displayed on the envelope. This notification must include all of the information identified in paragraph (e) of this section. In cases where wastes having similar physical and chemical characteristics, the same United Nations classification, and the same RCRA waste codes are to be sent periodically to the same recovery facility by the same notifier, the notifier may submit one notification of intent to export these wastes in multiple shipments during a period of up to one year.

(ii) Tacit consent. If no objection has been lodged by any concerned country (i.e., exporting, importing, or transit countries) to a notification provided pursuant to paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section within 30 days after the date of issuance of the Acknowledgment of Receipt of notification by the competent authority of the importing country, the transfrontier movement may commence. Tacit consent expires one calendar year after the close of the 30 day period; renotification and renewal of all consents is required for exports after that date.

(iii) Written consent. If the competent authorities of all the relevant OECD importing and transit countries provide written consent in a period less than 30 days, the transfrontier movement may commence immediately after all necessary consents are received. Written consent expires for each relevant OECD importing and transit country one calendar year after the date of that country's consent unless otherwise specified; renotification and renewal of each expired consent is required for exports after that date.

(2) Shipments to facilities pre-approved by the competent authorities of the importing countries to accept specific wastes for recovery:

(i) The notifier must provide EPA the information identified in paragraph (e) of this section in English, at least 10 days in advance of commencing shipment to a pre-approved facility. The notification should indicate that the recovery facility is pre-approved, and may apply to a single specific shipment or to multiple shipments as described in paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section. This information must be sent to the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting and Data Division (2222A), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, with the words "OECD Export Notification--Pre-approved Facility" prominently displayed on the envelope.

(ii) Shipments may commence after the notification required in paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section has been received by the competent authorities of all concerned countries, unless the notifier has received information indicating that the competent authorities of one or more concerned countries objects to the shipment.

(c) Red-list wastes. The export from the U.S. of hazardous wastes as described in §262.80(a) that appear on the red list is prohibited unless notice is given pursuant to paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section and the notifier receives written consent from the importing country and any transit countries prior to commencement of the transfrontier movement.

(d) Unlisted wastes. Wastes not assigned to the green, amber, or red list that are considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures as defined in §262.80(a) are subject to the notification and consent requirements established for red-list wastes in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section. Unlisted wastes that are not considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures as defined in §262.80(a) are not subject to amber or red controls when exported or imported.

(e) Notification information. Notifications submitted under this section must include:

- (1) Serial number or other accepted identifier of the notification form;
- (2) Notifier name and EPA identification number (if applicable), address, and telephone and telefax numbers;
- (3) Importing recovery facility name, address, telephone and telefax numbers, and technologies employed;
- (4) Consignee name (if not the owner or operator of the recovery facility) address, and telephone and telefax numbers; whether the consignee will engage in waste exchange or storage prior to delivering the waste to the final recovery facility and identification of recovery operations to be employed at the final recovery facility;
- (5) Intended transporters and/or their agents;
- (6) Country of export and relevant competent authority, and point of departure;
- (7) Countries of transit and relevant competent authorities and points of entry and departure;
- (8) Country of import and relevant competent authority, and point of entry;
- (9) Statement of whether the notification is a single notification or a general notification. If general, include period of validity requested;
- (10) Date foreseen for commencement of transfrontier movement;
- (11) Designation of waste type(s) from the appropriate list (amber or red and waste list code), descriptions of each waste type, estimated total quantity of each, RCRA waste code, and United Nations number for each waste type; and
- (12) Certification/Declaration signed by the notifier that states:

I certify that the above information is complete and correct to the best of my knowledge. I also certify that legally-enforceable written contractual obligations have been entered into, and that any applicable insurance or other financial guarantees are or shall be in force covering the transfrontier movement.

Name: _____
 Signature: _____
 Date: _____

Note to paragraph (e)(12): The U.S. does not currently require financial assurance; however, U.S. exporters may be asked by other governments to provide and certify to such assurance as a condition of obtaining consent to a proposed movement.

(f) Any person submitting information to EPA in accordance with the requirements of this subpart must also submit copies to the DNREC Secretary.

Section 262.84 Tracking document.

(a) All U.S. parties subject to the contract provisions of §262.85 must ensure that a tracking document meeting the conditions of §262.84(b) accompanies each transfrontier shipment of wastes subject to amber-list or red-list controls from the initiation of the shipment until it reaches the final recovery facility, including cases in which the waste is stored and/or exchanged by the consignee prior to shipment to the final recovery facility, except as provided in §§ 262.84(a)(1) and (2).

(1) For shipments of hazardous waste within the U.S. solely by water (bulk shipments only) the generator must forward the tracking document with the manifest to the last water (bulk shipment) transporter to handle the waste in the U.S. if exported by water, (in accordance with the manifest routing procedures at §262.23(c)).

(2) For rail shipments of hazardous waste within the U.S. which originate at the site of generation, the generator must forward the tracking document with the manifest (in accordance with the routing procedures for the manifest in §262.23(d)) to the next non-rail transporter, if any, or the last rail transporter to handle the waste in the U.S. if exported by rail.

(b) The tracking document must include all information required under §262.83 (for notification), and the following:

(1) Date shipment commenced.

(2) Name (if not notifier), address, and telephone and telefax numbers of primary exporter.

(3) Company name and EPA ID number of all transporters.

(4) Identification (license, registered name or registration number) of means of transport, including types of packaging.

(5) Any special precautions to be taken by transporters.

(6) Certification/declaration signed by notifier that no objection to the shipment has been lodged as follows:

I certify that the above information is complete and correct to the best of my knowledge. I also certify that legally-enforceable written contractual obligations have been entered into, that any applicable insurance or other financial guarantees are or shall be in force covering the transfrontier movement, and that:

1. All necessary consents have been received; OR

2. The shipment is directed at a recovery facility within the OECD area and no objection has been received from any of the concerned countries within the 30 day tacit consent period; OR

3. The shipment is directed at a recovery facility pre-authorized for that type of waste within the OECD area; such an authorization has not been revoked, and no objection has been received from any of the concerned countries.

(delete sentences that are not applicable)

Name: _____

Signature: _____

Date: _____

(7) Appropriate signatures for each custody transfer (e.g., transporter, consignee, and owner or operator of the recovery facility).

(c) Notifiers also must comply with the special manifest requirements of §262.54(a), (b), (c), (e), and (i) and consignees must comply with the import requirements of Part 262, Subpart F.

(d) Each U.S. person that has physical custody of the waste from the time the movement commences until it arrives at the recovery facility must sign the tracking document (e.g., transporter, consignee, and owner or operator of the recovery facility).

(e) Within 3 working days of the receipt of imports subject to this Subpart, the owner or operator of the U.S. recovery facility must send signed copies of the tracking document to the notifier, to the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting and Data Division (2222A), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, to the competent authorities of the exporting and transit countries, and to the DNREC Secretary.

Section 262.85 Contracts.

(a) Transfrontier movements of hazardous wastes subject to amber or red control procedures are prohibited unless they occur under the terms of a valid written contract, chain of contracts, or equivalent arrangements (when the movement occurs between parties controlled by the same corporate or legal entity). Such contracts or equivalent arrangements must be executed by the notifier and the owner or operator of the recovery facility, and must specify responsibilities for each. Contracts or equivalent arrangements are valid for the purposes of this section only if persons assuming obligations under the contracts or equivalent arrangements have appropriate legal status to conduct the operations specified in the contract or equivalent arrangement.

(b) Contracts or equivalent arrangements must specify the name and EPA I.D. number, where available, of:

- (1) The generator of each type of waste;
- (2) Each person who will have physical custody of the wastes;
- (3) Each person who will have legal control of the wastes; and
- (4) The recovery facility.

(c) Contracts or equivalent arrangements must specify which party to the contract will assume responsibility for alternate management of the wastes if its disposition cannot be carried out as described in the notification of intent to export. In such cases, contracts must specify that:

(1) The person having actual possession or physical control over the wastes will immediately inform the notifier and the competent authorities of the exporting and importing countries and, if the wastes are located in a country of transit, the competent authorities of that country; and

(2) The person specified in the contract will assume responsibility for the adequate management of the wastes in compliance with applicable laws and regulations including, if necessary, arranging their return to the original country of export.

(d) Contracts must specify that the consignee will provide the notification required in §262.82(c) prior to re-export of controlled wastes to a third country.

(e) Contracts or equivalent arrangements must include provisions for financial guarantees, if required by the competent authorities of any concerned country, in accordance with applicable national or international law requirements.

Note to paragraph (e): Financial guarantees so required are intended to provide for alternate recycling, disposal or other means of sound management of the wastes in cases where arrangements for the shipment and the recovery operations cannot be carried out as foreseen. The U.S. does not require such financial guarantees at this time; however, some OECD countries do. It is the responsibility of the notifier to ascertain and comply with such requirements; in some cases, transporters or consignees may refuse to enter into the necessary contracts absent specific references or certifications to financial guarantees.

(f) Contracts or equivalent arrangements must contain provisions requiring each contracting party to comply with all applicable requirements of this subpart.

(g) Upon request by EPA, U.S. notifiers, consignees, or recovery facilities must submit to EPA copies of contracts, chain of contracts, or equivalent arrangements (when the movement occurs between parties controlled by the same corporate or legal entity). Information contained in the contracts or equivalent arrangements for which a claim of confidentiality is asserted accordance with 40 CFR 2.203(b) will be treated as confidential and will be disclosed by EPA only as provided in 40 CFR 260.2.

Note to paragraph (g): Although the U.S. does not require routine submission of contracts at this time, OECD Council Decision C(92)39/FINAL allows members to impose such requirements. When other OECD countries require submission of partial or complete copies of the contract as a condition to granting consent to proposed movements, EPA will request the required information; absent submission of such information, some OECD countries may deny consent for the proposed movement.

Section 262.86 Provisions relating to recognized traders.

(a) A recognized trader who takes physical custody of a waste and conducts recovery operations (including storage prior to recovery) is acting as the owner or operator of a recovery facility and must be so authorized in accordance with all applicable Federal laws.

(b) A recognized trader acting as a notifier or consignee for transfrontier shipments of waste must comply with all the requirements of this Subpart associated with being a notifier or consignee.

Section 262.87 Reporting and recordkeeping.

(a) Annual reports. For all waste movements subject to this Subpart, persons (e.g., notifiers, recognized traders) who meet the definition of primary exporter in §262.51 shall file an annual report with the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting and Data Division (2222A), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, no later than March 1 of each year summarizing the types, quantities, frequency, and ultimate destination of all such hazardous waste exported during the previous calendar year. (If the primary exporter is required to file an annual report for waste exports that are not covered under this Subpart, he may include all export information in one report provided the following information on exports of waste destined for recovery within the designated OECD member countries is contained in a separate section). Such reports shall include the following:

(1) The EPA identification number, name, and mailing and site address of the notifier filing the report;

(2) The calendar year covered by the report;

(3) The name and site address of each final recovery facility;

(4) By final recovery facility, for each hazardous waste exported, a description of the hazardous waste, the EPA hazardous waste number (from 40 CFR Part 261, Subpart C or D), designation of waste type(s) from OECD waste list and applicable waste code from the OECD lists, DOT hazard class, the name and U.S. EPA identification number (where applicable) for each transporter used, the total amount of hazardous waste shipped pursuant to this subpart, and number of shipments pursuant to each notification;

(5) In even numbered years, for each hazardous waste exported, except for hazardous waste produced by exporters of greater than 100kg but less than 1000kg in a calendar month, and except for hazardous waste for which information was already provided pursuant to §262.41:

(i) A description of the efforts undertaken during the year to reduce the volume and toxicity of waste generated; and

§262.89

- (ii) A description of the changes in volume and toxicity of the waste actually achieved during the year in comparison to previous years to the extent such information is available for years prior to 1984; and
- (6) A certification signed by the person acting as primary exporter that states:

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this and all attached documents, and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

(b) Exception reports. Any person who meets the definition of primary exporter in §262.51 must file an exception report in lieu of the requirements of §262.42 with the EPA Administrator if any of the following occurs:

(1) He has not received a copy of the tracking documentation signed by the transporter stating point of departure of the waste from the United States, within forty-five (45) days from the date it was accepted by the initial transporter;

(2) Within ninety (90) days from the date the waste was accepted by the initial transporter, the notifier has not received written confirmation from the recovery facility that the hazardous waste was received;

(3) The waste is returned to the United States.

(c) Recordkeeping. (1) Persons who meet the definition of primary exporter in §262.51 shall keep the following records:

(i) A copy of each notification of intent to export and all written consents obtained from the competent authorities of concerned countries for a period of at least three years from the date the hazardous waste was accepted by the initial transporter;

(ii) A copy of each annual report for a period of at least three years from the due date of the report; and

(iii) A copy of any exception reports and a copy of each confirmation of delivery (i.e., tracking documentation) sent by the recovery facility to the notifier for at least three years from the date the hazardous waste was accepted by the initial transporter or received by the recovery facility, whichever is applicable.

(2) The periods of retention referred to in this section are extended automatically during the course of any unresolved enforcement action regarding the regulated activity or as requested by the Administrator.

(3) A copy of the exception report must be sent to the Secretary.

Section 262.88 Pre-approval for U.S. Recovery Facilities (Reserved).

Section 262.89 OECD Waste Lists.

(a) General. For the purposes of this subpart, a waste is considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures, and hence subject to this subpart, if the waste:

(1) Meets the Federal definition of hazardous waste in §261.3; and

(2) Is subject to either the manifesting requirements at Part 262, Subpart B, or to the universal waste management standards of Part 273.

(b) If a waste is hazardous under paragraph (a) of this section and it appears on the amber or red list, it is subject to amber- or red-list requirements respectively;

(c) If a waste is hazardous under paragraph (a) of this section and it does not appear on either amber or red lists, it is subject to red-list requirements.

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(d) The appropriate control procedures for hazardous wastes and hazardous waste mixtures are addressed in §262.82.

(e) The OECD Green List of Wastes (revised May 1994), Amber List of Wastes and Red List of Wastes (both revised May 1993) as set forth in Appendix 3, Appendix 4 and Appendix 5, respectively, to the OECD Council Decision C(92)39/FINAL (Concerning the Control of Transfrontier Movements of Wastes Destined for Recovery Operations) are incorporated by reference. These incorporations by reference were approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR Part 51 on July 11, 1996. These materials are incorporated as they exist on the date of the approval and a notice of any change in these materials will be published in the Federal Register. The materials are available for inspection at: the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC; the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, RCRA Information Center (RIC), 1235 Jefferson-Davis Highway, first floor, Arlington, VA 22203 (Docket # F-94-IEHF-FFFFF) and may be obtained from the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development, Environment Directorate, 2 rue Andre Pascal, 75775 Paris Cedex 16, France.

Appendix I - [Reserved]

Appendix II - Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest

(EPA Forms 8700-22 and 8700-22A)



**STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL
HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT BRANCH, 89 KINGS HIGHWAY
DOVER, DELAWARE 19901**

Please print or type. (Form designed for use on elite (12-pitch) typewriter.)

Form Approved. OMB No. 2050-0039

UNIFORM HAZARDOUS WASTE MANIFEST		1 Generator's US EPA ID No.	Manifest Document No.	2 Page 1 of	Information in the shaded areas is not required by Federal law.	
3 Generator's Name and Mailing Address				A. State Manifest Document Number DE-A- 48037		
4. Generator's Phone ()				B. State Generator's ID		
5. Transporter 1 Company Name		6. US EPA ID Number		C. State Transporter's ID		
7. Transporter 2 Company Name		8. US EPA ID Number		D. Transporter's Phone		
9. Designated Facility Name and Site Address		10. US EPA ID Number		E. State Transporter's ID		
				F. Transporter's Phone		
				G. State Facility's ID		
				H. Facility's Phone		
11. US DOT Description (Including Proper Shipping Name, Hazard Class, and ID Number)		12. Containers No.	Type	13. Total Quantity	14. Unit Wt/Vol	I. Waste No.
a.						
b.						
c.						
d.						
J. Additional Descriptions for Materials Listed Above				K. Handling Codes for Wastes Listed Above		
				a.		
				b.		
				c.		
				d.		
15. Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information						
16. GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: I hereby declare that the contents of this consignment are fully and accurately described above by proper shipping name and are classified, packed, marked, and labeled, and are in all respects in proper condition for transport by highway according to applicable international and national government regulations. If I am a large quantity generator, I certify that I have a program in place to reduce the volume and toxicity of waste generated to the degree I have determined to be economically practicable and that I have selected the practicable method of treatment, storage, or disposal currently available to me which minimizes the present and future threat to human health and the environment, OR, if I am a small quantity generator, I have made a good faith effort to minimize my waste generation and select the best waste management method that is available to me and that I can afford.						
Printed/Typed Name			Signature		Month Day Year	
17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials						
Printed/Typed Name			Signature		Month Day Year	
18. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials						
Printed Typed Name			Signature		Month Day Year	
19. Discrepancy Indication Space						
20. Facility Owner or Operator Certification of receipt of hazardous materials covered by this manifest except as noted in Item 19.						
Printed Typed Name			Signature		Month Day Year	

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY OR SPILL IMMEDIATELY CALL THE DELAWARE EMERGENCY RESPONSE (800) 662-8802 AND THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER (800) 424-8802

EPA Form 8700-22 (Rev. 9-88) Previous editions are obsolete.

48037

COPY 1: MUST BE COMPLETED AND RETURNED BY THE TSD FACILITY TO THE DISPOSAL STATE.

1

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Delaware Hazardous Waste Manifest and Instructions (EPA Form 8700-22 and Instructions)

General Instructions

Read all instructions before completing this form. There are 8 copies of the manifest form. The **FLOW & DISTRIBUTION OF THE FORM** identifies which party must mail or retain a copy of the form and to whom a copy must be mailed as necessary. The **FILLING OUT OF THE FORM** is conducted by the Generator, Transporter, and Treatment, Storage and Disposal Facility (TSDF). Each party must fill in the required information as discussed in that section of these instructions and sign the document upon receipt as required by the Delaware Regulations Governing Hazardous Waste.

FLOW & DISTRIBUTION OF THE MANIFEST FORM

The Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest (EPA Form 8700-22) is initiated by the Generator. This manifest has eight (8) copies, all of which must be totally legible. Copies 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 are taken with the waste by the Transporter to the Treatment, Storage, and Disposal (TSD) Facility. These copies are distributed as follows:

- Copy 1:** Must be completed and returned by the TSD Facility to the Disposal State. Copy 1 is then compared by the Disposal State with Copy 6 for a match.
- Copy 2:** Must be completed and returned by the TSD Facility to the Generator State. Copy 2 is then compared by the Generator State with Copy 7 for a match.
- Copy 3:** Must be completed and returned by the TSD Facility to the Generator. Copy 3 is then compared by the Generator with Copy 8 for a match.
- Copy 4:** Retained by TSD Facility.
- Copy 5:** Retained by Transporter.

NOTE: If a continuing transporter is used, the Generator is responsible for supplying him with a legible copy 5 photocopy, which must contain required signatures.

- Copy 6:** The Generator sends Copy 6 to the Disposal State. The Disposal State retains Copy 6 to compare with Copy 1 as outlined above.
- Copy 7:** The Generator sends Copy 7 to the Generator State. The Generator State retains Copy 7 to compare with Copy 2 as outlined above.
- Copy 8:** The Generator, retaining Copy 8, compares it with Copy 3 as outlined above.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average: 37 minutes for generator, 15 minutes for transporter, 10 minutes for treatment, storage and disposal facility. This includes time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the form. Send comments regarding the burden estimate, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to: CHIEF, INFORMATION POLICY BRANCH, PM-233, U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, 401 M STREET SW, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460; and to the OFFICE OF INFORMATION AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS, OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503.

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Federal and State regulations requires Generators of hazardous waste and owners or operators of hazardous waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities to use this form (Form 8700-22) and, if necessary, the continuation sheet (Form 8700-22A) for both inter and intra-state transportation.

THE FILLING OUT OF THE FORM requirements are as follows:

The Delaware manifest contains 8 copies. **ALL COPIES MUST BE LEGIBLE.** Each form is designated for use on a 12 pitch (elite) typewriter; a firm ballpoint pen may be used only if you press down HARD. The 8 copies must be filled out by the appropriate parties as they are completed.

GENERATOR'S REQUIREMENTS.

Item 1. Generator's U.S. EPA ID Number-Manifest Document Number.

Enter the Generator's U.S. EPA twelve digit identification number and the unique five digit number assigned to this manifest (e.g., 00001) by the Generator.

Item 2. Page 1 of _____.

Enter the total number of pages used to complete this Manifest, i.e. the first page (EPA Form 8700-22) plus the number of continuation sheets (EPA Form 8700-22A), if any.

Item 3. Generator's Name and Mailing Address.

Enter the name and mailing address of the Generator. The address should be the location that will manage the return Manifest forms.

Item 4. Generator's Phone Number.

Enter a telephone number where an authorized agent of the Generator may be reached in the event of an emergency.

Item 5. Transporter 1 Company Name.

Enter the company name of the first Transporter who will transport the waste.

Item 6. U.S. EPA ID number.

Enter the U.S. EPA twelve digit identification number of the first Transporter identified in Item 5.

Item 7. Transporter 2 Company Name.

If applicable, enter the company name of the second Transporter who will transport the waste. If more than two Transporters are used to transport the waste, use a Continuation Sheet(s) EPA Form 8700-22A and list the Transporters in the order they will be transporting the waste.

Item 8. U.S. EPA ID Number.

If applicable, enter the U.S. EPA twelve digit identification number of the second Transporter identified in Item 7.

Note: If more than two Transporters are used, enter each additional Transporter's company name and U.S. EPA twelve digit identification number in Items 24-27 on the Continuation Sheet (EPA Form 8700-22A). Each continuation Sheet has space to record two additional Transporters. Every Transporter used between the generator and the Designated Facility must be listed.

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Item 9. Designated Facility Name and Site Address.

Enter the company name and site address of the Facility designated to receive the waste listed on this Manifest. The address must be the site address, which may differ from the company mailing address.

Item 10. U.S. EPA ID Number.

Enter the U.S. EPA twelve digit identification number of the designated facility identified on Item 9.

Item 11. U.S. DOT Description (Including Proper Shipping Name, Hazard Class and ID Number (UN/NA)).

Enter the U.S. DOT Proper Shipping Name, Hazard Class, and ID Number (UN/NA) for each waste as identified in 49 CFR 171 through 177.

NOTE: If additional space is needed for waste descriptions enter these additional descriptions in Item 28 on the Continuation Sheet (EPA Form 8700-22A).

Item 12. Containers (No. and Type).

Enter the number of containers for each waste and the appropriate abbreviation from Table 1 (below for the type of container).

Table 1 = Types of Containers

DM	= Metal drums, barrels, kegs
DW	= Wooden drums, barrels, kegs
DF	= Fiberboard or plastic drums, barrels, kegs
TP	= Tanks portable
TT	= Cargo tanks (tank trucks)
TC	= Tank cars
DT	= Dump truck
CY	= Cylinders
CM	= Metal boxes, cartons, cases
CW	= Wooden boxes, cartons, cases
CF	= Fiber or plastic boxes, cartons, cases
BA	= Burlap, cloth, paper or plastic bags

Item 13. Total Quantity.

Enter the total quantity of waste described on each line.

Item 14. Unit (WT./Vol).

Enter the appropriate abbreviation from Table II (below) for the unit of measure.

Table II = Units of Measure

G	= Gallons (liquids only)
P	= Pounds
T	= Tons (2,000 lbs.)
Y	= Cubic yards
L	= Liters (liquids only)
K	= Kilograms
M	= Metric tons (1000 kg)
N	= Cubic meters

GENERATOR'S REQUIREMENTS

Item 15. Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information.

Generators may use this space to indicate special Transportation, Treatment, Storage, or Disposal information or Bill of Lading information. For international shipments, Generators must enter in this space the point of departure (City and State for those shipments destined for Treatment, Storage, or Disposal outside the jurisdiction of the United States.

Item 16. Generator's Certification.

The Generator must read, sign (by hand), and date the certification statement. If a mode other than highway is used, the word "highway" should be lined out and the appropriate mode (rail, water, or air) inserted in the space below. If another mode in addition to the highway mode is used, enter the appropriate additional mode (e.g., and rail) in the space below.

Primary exporters shipping hazardous waste to a facility located outside of the United States must add to the end of the first sentence of the certification the following words "and conforms to the terms of the EPA Acknowledgment of Consent to the shipment."

In signing the waste minimization certification statement, those Generators who have not been exempted by statute or regulation from the duty to make a waste minimization certification under 7 Del. C., Chapter 63 are also certifying that they have complied with the waste minimization requirements.

Generators may preprint the words, "On behalf of" in the signature block or may hand write this statement in the signature block prior to signing the generator certifications.

NOTE: All of the above information except the handwritten signature required in Item 16 may be reprinted.

Items A-K are not required by Federal regulations. However, Delaware requires Generators, Transporters, and Owners or Operators of Treatment, Storage, or Disposal Facilities to complete the appropriate portions of Items A-K as part of the State manifest requirements.

Item A: STATE MANIFEST DOCUMENT NUMBER - Number preprinted by Delaware except for the continuation sheets. Enter this number on each continuation sheet attached to or part of a manifest.

Item B: STATE GENERATOR'S ID NUMBER - The State Generator ID is the street address of the Generator's pick-up location. If the mailing address and the street address are the same, enter "same" in this block.

Item C: STATE TRANSPORTER'S PERMIT NUMBER - Enter the Delaware Hazardous Waste Hauler's permit number.

Item D: TRANSPORTER'S PHONE - Enter a telephone number with area code where an authorized agent of the Transporter can be reached.

Item E: STATE TRANSPORTER'S PERMIT NUMBER - If applicable, enter for Transporter number 2, the Delaware Hazardous Waste Hauler's permit.

Item F: TRANSPORTER'S PHONE - If applicable, enter for Transporters number 2, a telephone number with area code where an authorized agent of the Transporter may be reached.

Item G: STATE FACILITY'S ID NUMBER - Enter the Company mailing address, if different than site address in Item 9. If the mailing address and the site address are the same, enter "same" in this block.

Item H: FACILITY PHONE - Enter a telephone number with area code of the TSDF designated to receive the waste listed on the manifest.

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Item I: WASTE NO. - Enter the 4 digit EPA hazardous waste number as it appears in 40 CFR Part 261 Subparts C & D.

Item J: ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTIONS FOR MATERIAL LISTED ABOVE

Item K: HANDLING CODES FOR WASTES LISTED ABOVE - The Generator must select the disposal method for each waste listed in Item 11. Only one disposal code can be entered for each waste. It should be the ultimate disposal method. Place the code letter in the box. The handling codes are:

- A - Land Disposal
- B - Treatment
- C - Incineration
- D - Resource recovery of more than 75 percent of the total material.

TRANSPORTERS REQUIREMENTS

Item 17: Transporter 1 Acknowledgment of Receipt of Materials.

Enter the name of the person accepting the waste on behalf of the first Transporter. That person must acknowledge acceptance of the waste described on the Manifest by signing and entering the date of receipt.

Item 18: Transporter 2 Acknowledgment of Receipt of Materials.

Enter, if applicable, the name of the person accepting the waste on behalf of the second Transporter. That person must acknowledge acceptance of the waste described on the manifest by signing and entering the date of receipt.

NOTE: International Shipment - Transporter Responsibilities.

Exports - Transporters must sign and enter the date the waste left the United States in Item 15 of Form 8700-22.

Imports - Shipments of hazardous waste regulated by RCRA and transported into the State of Delaware from another country must upon entry be accompanied by the Delaware Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest. Transporter who transport hazardous waste into the State of Delaware from another country are responsible for completing the Manifest (see 263.10(c)(1)).

OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF TREATMENT, STORAGE, OR DISPOSAL FACILITIES REQUIREMENTS.

Item 19. Discrepancy Indication Space.

The authorized representative of the designated (or alternate) facility's owner or operator must note in this space any significant discrepancy between the waste described on the Manifest and the waste actually received at the facility.

Owners and operators of facilities located in the State of Delaware should contact DNREC Solid and Hazardous Waste Management Branch for information on State Discrepancy Report requirements.

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Item 20. Facility Owner or Operator: Certification of Receipt of Hazardous Materials Covered by This Manifest Except as Noted in Item 19.

Print or type the name of the person accepting the waste on behalf of the owner or operator of the TSDF.
That person must acknowledge acceptance of the waste described on the Manifest by signing and entering the date of receipt.

NOTE: Generators shipping wastes to a TSD facility in Delaware must use the Delaware Manifest form. Generators in Delaware who ship out-of-state must use the form of the state which will receive the waste. If that state does not supply the manifest form the generator must use the Delaware manifest form. The above instructions hold for Interstate and Intrastate shipments. If there are any questions or clarification regarding the instructions please contact the Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control, Solid and Hazardous Waste Management Branch, 89 Kings Highway, Dover, DE 19901 or call (302) 739-3689.
(Amended August 21, 1997)



DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL
 HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT BRANCH, 89 KINGS HIGHWAY
 P.O. BOX 1401, DOVER, DELAWARE 19903

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY OR SPILL IMMEDIATELY CALL THE DELAWARE EMERGENCY RESPONSE 911 AND THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER (800) 424-8802

Please print or type (Form designed for use on elite (12 pitch) typewriter) Form Approved OMB No. 2000-0404

UNIFORM HAZARDOUS WASTE MANIFEST (Continuation Sheet)		21. Generator's US EPA ID No.	Manifest Document No.	22. Page	Information in the shaded areas is not required by Federal law.	
23. Generator's Name				F. State Manifest Document Number		
24. Transporter _____ Company Name				G. Generator's Phone No.		
25. US EPA ID Number				H. Transporter No. 3 Phone No.		
26. Transporter _____ Company Name				I. Transporter No. 4 Phone No.		
27. US EPA ID Number						
28. US DOT Description (Including Proper Shipping Name, Hazard Class, and ID Number)		29. Containers No.	Type	30. Total Quantity	31. Unit Wt/Vol	J. Waste No.
a.						
b.						
c.						
d.						
e.						
f.						
g.						
h.						
i.						
32. Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information						
33. Transporter _____ Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials					Date	
Printed/Typed Name			Signature		Month	Day Year
34. Transporter _____ Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials					Date	
Printed/Typed Name			Signature		Month	Day Year
35. Discrepancy Indication Space						

EPA Form 8700-22A (4/95)

COPY 1: MUST BE COMPLETED AND RETURNED BY THE TSD FACILITY TO THE DISPOSAL STATE.

1

FLOW & DISTRIBUTION OF THE MANIFEST CONTINUATION SHEET

The Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest Continuation Sheet (EPA Form 8700-22A) is initiated by the Generator. This Continuation Sheet has eight (8) copies, all of which must be totally legible. Copies 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 are taken with the waste by the Transporter to the Treatment, Storage, and Disposal (TSD) Facility. These copies are distributed as follows:

Copy 1: Must be completed and returned by the TSD Facility to the Disposal State. Copy 1 is then compared by the Disposal State with Copy 6 for a match.

Copy 2: Must be completed and returned by the TSD Facility to the Generator State. Copy 2 is then compared by the Generator State with Copy 7 for a match.

Copy 3: Must be completed and returned by the TSD Facility to the Generator. Copy 3 is then compared by the Generator with Copy 8 for a match.

Copy 4: Retained by TSD Facility.

Copy 5: Retained by Transporter 3.

NOTE: If a continuing transporter is used, the Generator is responsible for supplying him with a legible copy 5 photocopy, which must contain required signatures.

Copy 6: The Generator sends Copy 6 to the Disposal State. The Disposal State retains Copy 6 to compare with Copy 1 as outlined above.

Copy 7: The Generator sends Copy 7 to the Generator State. The Generator State retains Copy 7 to compare with Copy 2 as outlined above.

Copy 8: The Generator, retaining Copy 8, compares it with Copy as outlined above.

Federal and State regulations require Generators and Transports of hazardous waste and owners or operators of hazardous waste, Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities to use form (8700-22) and the continuation sheet (Form 8700-22A) for both inter and intra-state transportation.

This form must be used as a continuation sheet to EPA form 8700-22 if:

- More than two transporters are to be used to transport the waste.
- More space is required for the U.S. DOT description and related information in Item 11 of U.S. Form 8700-22.

The **FILLING OUT OF THE FORM** requirements are as follows:

The Delaware continuation sheet contains 8 copies. **ALL COPIES MUST BE LEGIBLE**. Each form is designed for use on a 12 pitch (elite) typewriter; a firm ballpoint pen may be used only if you press down HARD. The 8 copies must be filled out by the appropriate parties as they are completed.

GENERATOR'S REQUIREMENTS

Item 21. Generator's U.S. EPA ID Number-Manifest Document Number.

Enter the generator's U.S. EPA twelve digit identification number and the unique five digit number assigned to this Manifest (e.g., 00001) as it appears in Item 1 on the first page of the Manifest.

Item 22. Page _____.

Enter the page number of this Continuation Sheet.

Item 23. Generator's Name.

Enter the generator's name as it appears in Item 3 on the first page of the Manifest.

Item 24. Transporter -- Company Name.

If additional transports are used to transport the waste described on this Manifest, enter the company name of each additional transporter in the order in which they will transport the waste. Enter after the word "Transporter" the order of the transporter. For example, Transport 3 Company Name. Each Continuation Sheet will record the names of two additional transporters.

Item 25. U.S. EPA ID Number.

Enter the U.S. EPA twelve digit identification number of the transporter described in Item 24.

Item 26. Transporter -- Company Name.

If additional transports are used to transport the waste described on this Manifest, enter the company name of each additional transporter in the order in which they will transport the waste. Enter after the word "Transporter" the order of the transporter. For example, Transport 4 Company Name. Each Continuation Sheet will record the names of two additional transporters.

Item 27. U.S. EPA ID Number.

Enter the U.S. EPA twelve digit identification number of the transporter described in Item 26.

Item 28. U.S. DOT Description Including Proper Shipping Name, Hazardous Class, and ID Number (UN/NA).

Refer to Item 11.

Item 29. Containers (No. and Type).

Refer to Item 12.

Item 30. Total Quantity.

Refer to Item 13.

Item 31. Unit (Wt./Vol.).

Refer to Item 14.

Item 32. Special Handling Instructions.

Generators may use this space to indicate special transportation, treatment, storage, or disposal information or Bill of Lading information. States are not authorized to require additional, new, or different information in this space.

Items F, G, H, I, and J are not required by Federal regulations for intra- or interstate transportation. However, Delaware requires Generators, Transporters, and Owners or Operators of Treatment, Storage, or Disposal Facilities to complete the appropriate portions of Items F, G, H, I, and J as part of State manifest requirements.

Item F: STATE MANIFEST DOCUMENT NUMBER.

Enter the pre-printed manifest document number from Copy 1 of the manifest Form 8700-22 on each continuation sheet attached to or part of a manifest.

Item G: GENERATOR PHONE NUMBER.

Enter the telephone number with area code where an authorized agent of the Generator can be reached.

Item H: TRANSPORTER'S PHONE NUMBER.

Enter a telephone number with area code where an authorized agent of the Transporter No. 3 can be reached.

Item I: TRANSPORTER'S PHONE.

If applicable, enter a telephone number with area code where an authorized agent of the Transporter No. 4 may be reached. In the case of shipment with more than four transporters, contact the DNREC for further details.

Item J: WASTE NO.

Enter the 4 digit EPA hazardous number as it appears in 40 CFR Part 261 Subparts C & D.

TRANSPORTERS REQUIREMENTS

Item 33. Transporter -- Acknowledgment of Receipt of Materials.

Enter the same number of the Transporter as identified in Item 24. Enter also the name of the person accepting the waste on behalf of the Transporter (Company Name) identified in Item 24. That person must acknowledge acceptance of the waste described on the Manifest by signing and entering the date of receipt.

TRANSPORTERS REQUIREMENTS

Item 34: Transporter -- Acknowledgment of Receipt of Materials.

Enter the same number as identified in Item 26. Enter also the name of the person accepting the waste on behalf of the Transporter (Company Name) identified in Item 26. That person must acknowledge acceptance of the waste described on the Manifest by signing and entering the date of receipt.

OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF TREATMENT, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL FACILITIES

Item 35. Discrepancy Indication Space - Refer to Item 19.

Items F, G, H, I, and J are not required by Federal regulations for intra- or interstate transportation. However, Delaware requires generators and owners or operators of treatment, storage, or disposal facilities to complete all of Items F, G, H, I, and J as part of State Manifest reporting requirements.

NOTE: Generators shipping wastes to a disposal facility in Delaware must use the Delaware Manifest Continuation Sheet. Generators in Delaware who ship out-of-state must use the sheet of the state which will receive the waste. If that state does not supply the sheet, the generator must use the Delaware Manifest Continuation Sheet. The above instructions hold for Interstate and Intrastate shipments. If there are any questions or clarification regarding the instructions please contact the Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control, Solid and Hazardous Waste Management Branch, 89 Kings Highway, Dover, DE 19901 or call (302) 739-3689.