



## REGISTERED BUILDING CONTRACTOR – BUILDING A PLACE OF RESIDENCE

Exemption from Home Indemnity Insurance Section 25B *Home Building Contracts Act 1991* 

Please read these notes carefully prior to completing your statutory declaration as failure to observe the provisions of the Act could render you liable to prosecution.

- (1) The Home Building Contracts Act 1991 provides that a registered building contractor must obtain home indemnity insurance or corresponding cover for the performance of residential building work before a building permit can be issued. Where a registered builder who is a natural person, is building his or her own residence, home indemnity insurance or corresponding cover is not required provided that a statutory declaration is submitted to the Building Commissioner.
- (2) If you have obtained a building licence or permit in the previous six years for the purpose of constructing your principal place of residence and for which no home indemnity insurance or corresponding cover was required, you are not eligible to obtain another building permit without home indemnity insurance or corresponding cover for construction of your principal place of residence without first obtaining the written consent of the Minister for Commerce.
- (3) It is an offence to sell the principal place of residence the subject of this building licence, within **three years** of obtaining the licence without first obtaining the written consent of the Minister for Commerce. This is an offence carries a penalty of \$10,000.
- (4) Request for approval relating to the matters referred to at (2) and (3) above, **must** be addressed to the Building Commissioner, c/- Licensing and Applications Directorate, Locked Bag 12, West Perth, WA 6872.
  - The Minister (or Delegate being the Building Commissioner) is able to approve such applications only if satisfied that a change of circumstances has occurred, that the application is not an attempt on the part of the applicant to defeat the purposes of the legislation and that the applicant would suffer hardship if the application was refused.
- (5) If you intend to sell the principal place of residence within **seven years** of the date of issue of the building licence you must obtain home indemnity insurance or corresponding cover for the remainder of the seven year period, and must provide the purchaser with a valid certificate. If you are unable to obtain home indemnity insurance or corresponding cover you cannot sell the property within the seven year period.
- (6) This declaration must be lodged with the Building Commissioner, who will confirm in writing whether it satisfies section 25B of the Act.
- (7) Submit the Building Commissioner's Confirmation letter to the Permit Authority together with your application for a building permit.

Building Commission Use Only	Local Government Use Only
Name	
Notes	Licence No
	Date of Issue
	Description of Building
	Value \$
Statutory Declaration – Section	on 25B of the Home Building Contracts Act 1991
To be completed by a registered by for use as his or her principal place	ouilding contractor to construct for himself or herself a dwelling of residence.
l	Other Names (Block letters)
Occupation	Building Contractor's Registration Number
of	& mailing address (if mailing address is different)
Tel Home	Tel Work Mobile
apply for a exemption from Home	Indemnity Insurance to build my principle place of residence,
being a	(type and use of building)
at Lot No House No	Street Name
Suburb Local Government	
the value of which work I estimate at \$	
Building Permit Authority, any build place of residence for which home pursuant to section 25B(3) of the Figure know that it is an offence to make a	within the last 6 years obtained, from any Local Government / ilding licence to construct for myself a dwelling as a principal indemnity insurance or corresponding cover was not required frome Building Contracts Act 1991. This declaration is true and I a declaration knowing that it is false in a material particular. This has, Affidavits and Statutory Declarations Act 2005 at:
Signature (of person making the declaration)	
Declared at: (place)	
In the State of (e.g. Western Australia)	On: (date)
In the presence of: (Signature of Authorised Witness)	
Name of Witness	
Qualification of	

## **Authorised Witnesses**

The following are persons who may witness Statutory Declarations as well as certify copies of original documents pursuant to the *Oaths, Affidavits and Statutory Declarations Act 2005* in Western Australia.

- 1. Academic (post-secondary institution)
- 2. Accountant
- 3. Architect
- 4. Australian Consular Officer
- 5. Australian Diplomatic Officer
- 6. Bailiff
- 7. Bank manager
- 8. Chartered secretary
- 9. Chemist
- 10. Chiropractor
- 11. Company auditor or liquidator
- 12. Court officer
- 13. Defence force officer
- 14. Dentist
- 15. Doctor
- Electorate officer of a member of State Parliament
- 17. Engineer
- 18. Industrial organisation secretary
- 19. Insurance broker
- 20. Justice of the Peace
- 21. Landgate officer
- 22. Lawyer
- 23. Local government CEO or deputy CEO

- 24. Local government councillor
- 25. Loss adjuster
- 26. Marriage celebrant
- 27. Member of Parliament
- 28. Minister of religion
- 29. Nurse
- 30. Optometrist
- 31. Patent attorney
- 32. Physiotherapist
- 33. Podiatrist
- 34. Police officer
- 35. Post office manager
- 36. Psychologist
- 37. Public notary
- 38. Public servant (Commonwealth)
- 39. Public servant (State)
- 40. Real estate agent
- 41. Settlement agent
- 42. Sheriff or deputy sheriff
- 43. Surveyor
- 44. Teacher
- 45. Tribunal officer
- 46. Veterinary surgeon

Or any other person whom under the *Statutory Declarations Act 1959* of the Commonwealth a Statutory Declaration may be made.