

COMMON DATA SET 2007-2008

Office of Institutional Research

502 E Boone Avenue Spokane, WA 99258 www.gonzaga.edu/ir ir@gonzaga.edu

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES TO THE CDS FOR 2007-2008

The items listed below are shaded in yellow throughout the spreadsheet's worksheets.

CHANGED ITEMS

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended

Added the following 2 choices

- Computer science
- Visual/performing arts

F2 Activities offered

Added the following 3 categories

- Campus Ministries
- International Student Organization
- Model UN

G5 student:

Added field for room and board estimates for commuters combined (for colleges who can't provide separate room and board estimates for commuters)

PERMANENTLY DELETED OR TEMPORARILY DISCONTINUED ITEMS

C20 Common Application Question – removed.

E4-E8 The "Library Collections" section has been removed until a new Academic

CDS-A

A. General Information

ΔΛ	Respondent	Information	(Not	for Publication	١

		,
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A0	Title:	Institutional Research Analyst
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A0	Fax:	(509) 313-5860
A0	E-mail Address:	hertel@gonzaga.edu
A0	Are your responses to the CDS posted for re	ference on your institution's Web site?
	Yes	
A0	If yes, please provide the URL of the corresp	onding Web page:
	www.gonzaga.edu/ir	

A0A We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS

Address Information A1

A 1	Name of College/University:	Gonzaga University
A 1	Mailing Address:	502 E Boone Ave
A 1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Spokane, WA 99258 USA
A 1	Street Address (if different):	
A 1	City/State/Zip/Country:	
A 1	Main Phone Number:	(509) 328-4220
A 1	WWW Home Page Address:	www.gonzaga.edu
A 1	Admissions Phone Number:	(509) 323-6572
A 1	Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	(800) 322-2584
A 1	Admissions Office Mailing Address:	
A 1	City/State/Zip/Country:	
A 1	Admissions Fax Number:	509 323 5780
A 1	Admissions E-mail Address:	mcculloh@gu.gonzaga.edu
Λ-1	If there is a concrete LIDL for your cohe	alla antina annii ation interes anneitri

Α1 If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify:

If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be **A**1 sent, please provide:

Χ

CDS-A continued

A2	Source of institutional control (Check	c only	<u>/</u> one):
A2	Public		
A2	Private (nonprofit)	Х	
A2	Proprietary		
A3	Classify your undergraduate instituti	on:	-
A 3	Coeducational college	Χ	
А3	Men's college		
А3	Women's college		
Α4	Academic year calendar:		1
Α4	Semester	Χ	
Α4	Quarter		
Α4	Trimester		
Α4	4-1-4		
Α4	Continuous		
A 4	Differs by program (describe):		
A 4	Other (describe):		
			J
A 5	Degrees offered by your institution:		
А5 А 5	Certificate		Ī
A5 A5	Diploma		ł
A5	Associate		i
A5 A5	Transfer Associate		
A5 A5	Terminal Associate		ł
A5 A5	Bachelor's		ł
A5 A5	Postbachelor's certificate	X	ĺ
A5 A5	Master's	^ X	ĺ
A5	Post-master's certificate		ĺ
A5	Doctoral	Х	ĺ
		^	1

First professional

A5 First professional certificate

A5

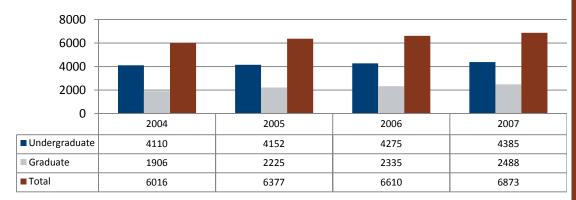
CDS-B

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2007.

В1		FULL	-TIME	PART	-TIME
В1		Men	Women	Men	Women
В1	Undergraduates				
В1	Degree-seeking, first-time				
	freshmen	485	550	0	1
В1	Other first-year, degree-seeking	76	98	2	4
В1	All other degree-seeking	1,412	1,591	42	57
В1	Total degree-seeking	1,973	2,239	44	62
В1	All other undergraduates enrolled				
	in credit courses	11	17	17	22
В1	Total undergraduates	1,984	2,256	61	84
В1	First-Professional				
В1	First-time, first-professional				
	students	125	86	0	0
В1	All other first-professionals	198	148	1	5
В1	Total first-professional	323	234	1	5
В1	Graduate				
В1	Degree-seeking, first-time	44	70	165	311
В1	All other degree-seeking	71	95	418	607
В1	All other graduates enrolled in				
	credit courses	4	6	52	82
	Total graduate	119	171	635	1000

Total all undergraduates 4,385
Total all graduate and professional students 2,488
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS 6,873



Gonzaga University Enrollment Common Data Set Figures, 2004 to 2007

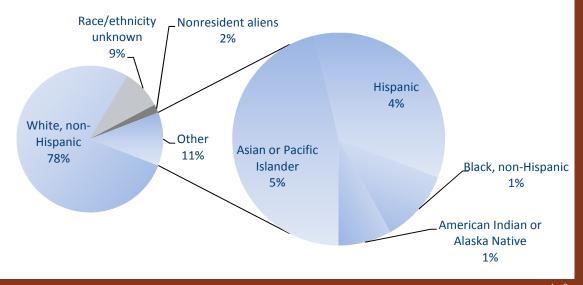
www.gonzaga.edu/ir

B2

Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2007. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

B2		Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
B2	Nonresident aliens	16	82	82
B2	Black, non-Hispanic	15	57	57
B2	American Indian or Alaska Native	7	42	42
B2	Asian or Pacific Islander	51	233	238
B2	Hispanic	29	175	178
B2	White, non-Hispanic	854	3,369	3,406
B2	Race/ethnicity unknown	64	360	382
B2	TOTAL	1,036	4,318	4,385

Gonzaga University Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category Total Undergraduate Population by Percentage



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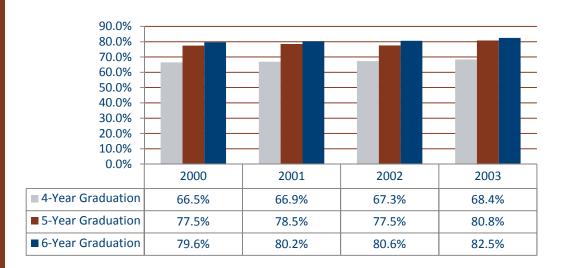
Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2007

B3	Certificate/diploma	
B3	Associate degrees	
B3	Bachelor's degrees	929
B3	Postbachelor's certificates	
B 3	Master's degrees	442
B 3	Post-Master's certificates	
B 3	Doctoral degrees	7
B 3	First professional degrees	177
B 3	First professional certificates	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Webbased Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2008 Web-based survey.



Gonzaga University Graduation Rates 2000 to 2003

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2002 cohort if available. If Fall 2002 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2001 cohort.

Fall 2001 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2001. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2001.

В4	Initial 2001 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	971
B5	Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
В6	Final 2001 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	971
В7	Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2005):	638
B8	Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2005 and by August 31, 2006):	117
В9	Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2006 and by August 31, 2007):	23
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	778
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2001 cohort (question B10 divided by question	
	B6):	80%

Fall 2000 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2000. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2000.

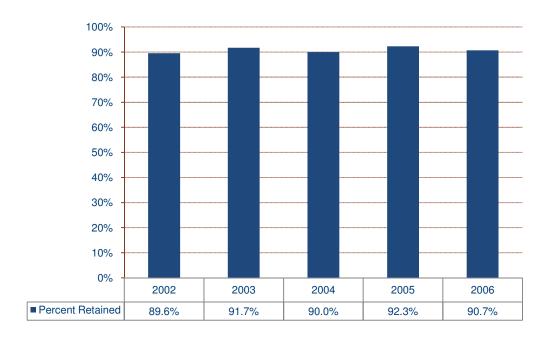
B4	Initial 2000 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	792
B5	Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
В6	Final 2000 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	792
В7	Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2004):	5 07
		527
B8	Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August	87
В9	Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2005 and by August 31,	
	2006):	10
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	
	,	624
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2000 cohort (question B10 divided by question	
	B6):	79%

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2006 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22 For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2006 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2007?

91%



Gonzaga University Retention Rates Freshman to Sophomore Year, 2002 to 2006

CDS-C

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2007. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	2737
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	3007
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	1797
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	2164
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	485
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	NA
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	551
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	NA

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		Yes	No
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?	Χ	
C2			

If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2008 admissions:

	ii joo, piedee diiene, tiie queetteine beien iei idii zees daiiiieeine.			
C2	Number of qualified applicants offered a placed on waiting I	419		
C2	Number accepting a place on the waiting list	200		
C2	Number of wait-listed students admitted	169		

C2 Is your waiting list ranked? not numerically but graded

C2 If yes, do you release that information to students?Do you release that information to school counselors?if asked

Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

C3	High school diploma is required and GED is	
	accepted	
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is	v
	not accepted	X
C3	High school diploma or equivalent is not	

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

C4	Require	Χ
C4	Recommend	
C4	Neither require nor recommend	

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Units	Units
		Required	Recommend
C5	Total academic units		
C5	English	4	4
C5	Mathematics	3	4
C5	Science	3	4
C5	Of these, units that must be lab	3	4
C5	Foreign language	2	3
C5	Social studies	2	3
C5	History	2	3
C5	Academic electives	2	3
C5	Computer Science		
C5	Visual/Performing Arts		
C5	Other (specify)		

Basis for Selection

C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies: NO

C6	Open admission policy as described above for all students	
C6	Open admission policy as described above for most	
C6	selective admission for out-of-state students	
C6	selective admission to some programs	
C6	other (explain)	

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

C7		Very Important	Important	Considere d	Not Considere
C7	Academic				
C7	Rigor of secondary school	Х			
	record	^			
C7	Class rank			X	
C7	Academic GPA	X			
C7	Standardized test scores		Χ		
C7	Application Essay		Χ		
C7	Recommendation(s)		Χ		
C7	Nonacademic				
C7	Interview			X	
C7	Extracurricular activities		Х		
C7	Talent/ability		Χ		
C7	Character/personal qualities	Х			
C7	First generation	Х			
C7	Alumni/ae relation			X	
C7	Geographical residence				X
C7	State residency				X
C7	Religious				Х
	affiliation/commitment				^
C7	Racial/ethnic status			X	
C7	Volunteer work			X	
C7	Work experience			X	
C7	Level of applicant's interest			Χ	

	SAT and ACT Policies					
C8	Entrance exams			Yes	No	1
C8A	Does your institution make use of Subject Test scores in admission first-year, degree-seeking applic	n decisions fo		X	140	
C8A	If yes, place check marks in the		ooxes below to	reflect vour	institution's	J
	policies for use in admission for			,		
C8A				MISSION		
C8A		Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if	Not Used
	SAT or ACT	Х				
	ACT only					
	SAT only					
C8A	SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT					
CSA	SAT Subject Tests only					X
	or the dadject redte emy					
C8B	seeking applicants for Fall 2009 , ple whether the writing score will be use ACT with Writing Component red ACT with Writing component red ACT with or without Writing com	ed in the admi quired commended	ssions process):		plies: (regard	lless of
C8C	Please indicate how your instituthat apply:	tion will use t	he SAT or AC	T writing com	nponent; che	eck all
C8C				SAT essay	ACT essay	1
C8C	For admission				•	
	For placement					
C8C	For advising					
C8C	In place of an application essay					
C8C	As a validity check on the application essay					
C8C	No college policy as of now					
C8C	Not using essay component			Χ	Х]
C8D C8D	In addition, does your institution	use applica YESX	nts' test scores	for academ	ic advising?	

CDS-C continued

C8E	Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received	2/1
C8E	Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be	
	received for fall-term admission	

	If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are			
	recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):			
C8F				

C8G Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):

C8G	SAT	Χ	
C8G	ACT	Χ	
C8G	SAT Subject Tests		
C8G			
C8G	CLEP		
C8G	Institutional Exam		
C8G	State Exam (specify):		

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time,

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2007 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

C9	Percent submitting SAT scores	88% Number submitting SAT	910
C9	Percent submitting ACT scores	53% Number submitting ACT	545

C9		25th Percentile	75th Percentile
C9	SAT Critical Reading	530	640
C9	SAT Math	540	650
	SAT Writing	NA	NA
	SAT Essay	NA	NA
C9	ACT Composite	24	29
C9	ACT Math		
C9	ACT English		
C9	ACT Writing		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

C9		SAT Critical		
		Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
C9	700-800	8.65%	9.34%	
C9	600-699	35.30%	41.10%	
C9	500-599	46.15%	40.70%	
C9	400-499	9.60%	8.86%	
C9	300-399	0.30%		
C9	200-299			
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	0.00%
C9		ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
C9	30-36	18.92%		
C9	24-29	61.82%		
C9	18-23	19.26%		
C9	12-17			
C9	6-11			
C9	Below 6			
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	42%		
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	76%		
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class	96%	Top half +	
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	4%	bottom half	= 100%
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	1%		
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who	submitted		
	high school class rank:		59%	

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	47.36%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and	27.69%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and	15.36%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and	7.34%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and	2.25%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	
C11	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	
C11	Percent who had GPA below 1.0	
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%

C12	Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	3.69
C12	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:	98.65%

Admission Policies

C13 Application Fee

C13		Yes	No
	Does your institution have an application fee?	Х	
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$50.00	
C13		Yes	No
C13	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	Yes	

C13 If you have an application fee and an on-line application

C13 Same fee: X

C13 Free: C13 Reduced:

C13		Yes	No
C13	Can on-line application fee be		
	waived for applicants with	X	
	financial need?		

C14	Application closing date				
C14		Yes	No		
C14	Does your institution have an				
	application closing date?	Yes			
C14	Application closing date (fall):	2/1			
C14	Priority date:	11/15			
	•				
C15				Yes	No
C15	Are first-time, first-year students accep	oted for terms	other than the	V	
	fall?			Х	
				l.	
C16	Notification to applicants of ad	mission doc	eicion cont /fi	ll in one only	1
	On a rolling basis beginning	lingsion acc		initione only)	,
510	(date):				
C16	By (date):	by January 1	5 for EA, by Ma	rch 17 for Boo	ular Decision
C16	Other:	by January 1	o loi LA, by ivia	ion i7 ioi neg	julai Decision
C 10	Other.				
C17	Reply policy for admitted appli	cante (fill in l	one only)		
	Must reply by (date):	Carits (IIII III II	one only)		
	No set date:				
	Must reply by May 1 or within				
017	weeks if notified				
	thereafter	with 2 week	c		
C17	Other:	WILIT Z WEEK	5		
517	Other.				
C17	Deadline for housing deposit (MN	(/DD) ⋅	5/1		
	Amount of housing deposit:	1/DD).	7/18		
	Refundable if student does not er	aroll?	7/10		
C17	Yes, in full	X			
C17	Yes, in part	^			
C17	No				
CII	140				
C10	Deferred admission				
C18	Deterred duffission			Yes	No
C18	Does your institution allow studer	ite to noetnor	ne enrollment	163	140
CIO	after admission?	ιιο το ροστροί	ie emomnem	Χ	
C18	If yes, maximum period of postpo	nement:	1 year		

C19		Yes	No
	Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation?		Х

C20 Common Application Q

Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21 Early Decision

C21		Yes	No
C21	Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?		х

- C21 If "yes," please complete the following:
- C21 First or only early decision plan closing date
- C21 First or only early decision plan notification date
- C21 Other early decision plan closing date
 C21 Other early decision plan notification date
- C21 For the Fall 2007 entering class:
- C21 Number of early decision applications received by your
- C21 Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
- **C21** Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:

C22 Early action

<u> </u>			
C22		Yes	No
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby		
	students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?	Х	

C22 If "yes," please complete the following:

- C22Early action closing date11/15C22Early action notification date1/15
- C22 Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?

C22	Yes	No
C22		Х

CDS-D

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D1		Yes	No
D1	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E)	х	
D1	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	х	

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2007.

D2		Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
D2	Men	220	121	79
D2	Women	230	154	102
D2	Total	450	275	181

Application for Admission

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

D3	Fall	¥
D3	Winter	
D3	Spring	¥
D3	Summer	

D4		Yes	No
D4	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?	X	
D4	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?	30 sem/45 qtr	

D5 Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admissior

	maioato an itemo required of transfer etadente te appi)			, for adminosion			
D5		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required	
D5	High school transcript				Х		
D5	College transcript(s)	Х					
D5	Essay or personal statement	x					
D5	Interview			Х			
D5	Standardized test scores				х		
D5	Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)	х					

- D6 If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 3.10
- D7 If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): 2.70
- D8 List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:
- **D9** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Telling darnicolor column.					
D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9					May 1 or 2	Rolling
	Fall	3/1	6/1	Rollling	weeks	Admission
D9	Winter					
D9						Rolling
	Spring	11/1	12/1	Rollling	2 weeks	Admission
D9	Summer					

D10	Yes	No
D10 Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to		Y
transfer students?		^

D11 Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable: Nursing requires a separate application and is only open on a space available basis - not all terms will have space

Tran	sfer	Cre	dit	Po	licies
Hunn	3161		uil		116163

D12 Report the lowest grade earned for any course tha	t
may be transferred for credit:	2.0/C

D13		Number	Unit Type
D13	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be	64	Compotor
	transferred from a two-year institution:	64	Semester

D14	Number	Unit Type
D14 Maximum number of credits or courses that may be	NIA	
transferred from a four-year institution:	NA	

D15	Minimum number of credits that transfers must	
	complete at your institution to earn an associate	NA

D16	D16 Minimum number of credits that transfers must	
	complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's	30.00

D17 Describe other transfer credit policies: Courses must be academic in nature, college-level, and 2.0 and above.

CDS-E

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

	globbary for dominations.	
E1	Accelerated program	
E1	Cooperative education program	
E1	Cross-registration	Х
E1	Distance learning	
E1	Double major	Х
E1	Dual enrollment	Х
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	Х
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	Х
E1	External degree program	
E1	Honors Program	Х
E1	Independent study	Х
E1	Internships	Х
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	Х
E1	Student-designed major	
E1	Study abroad	Х
E1	Teacher certification program	Х
E1	Weekend college	
E1	Other (specify):	

- E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.
- E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

	COURSE WORK PRIOR to graduation:	
E 3	Arts/fine arts	Х
E 3	Computer literacy	
E 3	English (including composition)	Х
E 3	Foreign languages	Х
E 3	History	Х
E 3	Humanities	Х
E 3	Mathematics	Х
E 3	Philosophy	Х
E3	Sciences (biological or physical)	Х
E3	Social science	Х
E3	Other (describe):	Х
	Curriculum.	

Library Collections: The CDS Publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.

CDS-F

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2007 who fit the following categories:

F1		First-time, first- year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
F1	Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens from the numerator and denominator)	54%	51%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternities	0%	0%
F1	Percent of women who join sororities	0%	0%
F1	Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or - affiliated housing	95%	56%
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute	5%	45%
F1	Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	5%
F1	Average age of full-time students	18	20
F1	Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18	20

F2 Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

F2	Campus Ministries	Χ
F2	Choral groups	Χ
F2	Concert band	Χ
F2	Dance	Χ
F2	Drama/theater	Χ
F2	International Student	V
	Organization	Х
F2	Jazz band	Χ
F2	Literary magazine	Χ
F2	Marching band	
F2	Model UN	
F2	Music ensembles	Χ
F2	Musical theater	Χ
F2	Opera	
F2	Pep band	Χ
F2	Radio station	Χ
F2	Student government	Χ
F2	Student newspaper	Χ
F2	Student-run film society	
F2	Symphony orchestra	Χ
F2	Television station	Χ
F2	Yearbook	Χ

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

F3		On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3	Army ROTC is offered:	Х		mondaen.
F3 F3	Naval ROTC is offered: Air Force ROTC is offered:			

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

	andorgraduated at year metitation	-
F4	Coed dorms	Χ
F4	Men's dorms	Χ
F4	Women's dorms	Χ
F4	Apartments for married students	х
F4	Apartments for single students	Χ
F4	Special housing for disabled students	Х
F4	Special housing for international students	х
F4	Fraternity/sorority housing	
F4	Cooperative housing	
F4	Theme housing	Χ
F4	Wellness housing	
F4	Other housing options (specify):	

CDS-G

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2008-2009 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2009-2010 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

G1		First-Year	Undergraduates
G1	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS		
	Tuition:	\$27,820	\$27,820
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	Tuition:		
	In-district		
	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	In-state (out-of-district):		
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	Out-of-state:		
	NONRESIDENT ALIENS		
	Tuition:		
G1			
G1	REQUIRED FEES:	\$502	\$442
G1			
	ROOM AND BOARD:		
	(on-campus)	\$7,860	\$7,860
G1	ROOM ONLY:		
	(on-campus)		
		\$3,880	\$3,880
	BOARD ONLY:		
	(on-campus meal plan)	\$3,980	\$3,980

CDS-G continued

G2		Minimum	Maximum
G2	Number of credits per term a student can take for the		
	stated full-time tuition	12	18

G3		Yes	No
G3	Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g.,		
	sophomore, junior, senior)?		Х

G4 If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly: Some programs have lab fees that vary.

G5 Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

G5		Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
G5	Books and supplies	\$900	\$900	\$900
G5	Room only			\$3,880
G5	Board only		\$700	\$3,980
G5	Room and board total (if your			
	college cannot provide separate			
	room and board figures for			
	commuters not living at home):			
G5	Transportation	\$1,200	\$1,200	\$1,200
G5	Other expenses	\$1,900	\$1,900	\$1,900

G6 Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only)

	<u> 9 </u>	. 3 (
G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
		\$810.00
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
	In-district:	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
	In-state (out-of-district):	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
	Out-of-state:	
G6	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

CDS-H

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

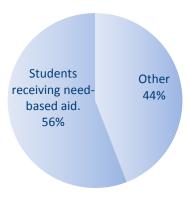
Enter total dollar amounts **awarded** to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (**using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1**, "total **degree-seeking**" **undergraduates**) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2006-2007 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2006-2007 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should <u>be reported in the need-based aid columns</u>. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)**

H1		2007-2008	2006-2007
		estimated	final
	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:		Х

H3 Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

	Trinon nodes analysis means as agy asset y	
Н3	Federal methodology (FM)	Х
Н3	Institutional methodology (IM)	
Н3	Both FM and IM	

Gonzaga University
Percentage of Full-Time Undergraduate Students Receiving
Need-Based Financial Aid, Fall 2007



		1	1
H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need- based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal	\$2,564,447	\$0
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$2,118,829	\$46,200
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	. , ,	, ,
		\$21,796,487	\$12,690,901
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$1,485,557	\$2,043,197
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$27,965,320	\$14,780,298
Н1	Self-Help	+	4 1 3,1 2 3,2 2 3
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)		
		\$12,323,112	\$5,015,158
H1	Federal Work-Study	\$1,479,927	+ - y = - y = -
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$ 1,112,022	
		\$1,568,257	\$0
H1	Total Self-Help	\$15,371,296	\$5,015,158
H1	Other	MO 704 040	#0.007.000
H1 H1	Parent Loans Tuition Waivers	\$3,721,343	\$2,327,822
^{''}	Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	\$1,160,557	\$1,643,778
H1	Athletic Awards	\$570,833	\$2,141,175

H2 Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2		Fu	st-time II-time shmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
H2	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate seeking (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2007 coho	ort\	080	4062	124
H2	b) Number of students in line a who applied fo financial aid	r need-based	807	3072	103
H2	c) Number of students in line b who were determined have financial need	rmined to	567	2405	90
H2	d) Number of students in line c who were awa financial aid		566	2395	81
H2	e) Number of students in line d who were awa need-based scholarship or grant aid	rded any	565	2311	57
H2	f) Number of students in line d who were awa need-based self-help aid		376	1780	60
H2	g) Number of students in line d who were awa need-based scholarship or grant aid		202	835	9
H2	h) Number of students in line d whose need w (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, a alternative loans)	and private	155	767	11
H2	On average, the percentage of need that we students who were awarded any need-base Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess well as any resources that were awarded to (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and privations)	d aid. s of need as replace EFC 8	7.5%	84.3%	63.0%
H2	j) The average financial aid package of those Exclude any resources that were awarded t EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and alternative loans)	o replace	20,339	\$ 19,207	\$ 6,358
H2	k) Average need-based scholarship and grant those in line e	award of \$	14,902	\$ 13,529	\$ 6,182
H2	Average need-based self-help award (exclusions, unsubsidized loans, and private alternof those in line f	nativa laana)	5,694	\$ 6,837	\$ 4,672
H2	m) Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS unsubsidized loans, and private alternative those in line f who were awarded a need-based to the second sec	loans) of	4,135	\$ 5,687	\$ 4,378

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
H2A	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	383	1465	9
H2A	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 8,695	\$ 8,070	\$ 8,259
H2A	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	40	157	0
H2A	 q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p 	\$ 17,640	\$ 17,274	\$ 0

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5, and H5a. Include: * 2007 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007 who started at your institution as first- time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007.

- * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- * co-signed loans.

Exclude: * those who transferred in.

^{*} money borrowed at other institutions.

H4	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	
	and received annity Education Education	68%
H4a	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.	67%
H5	Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4	\$23,971
Н5а		
	Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness through federal loan programs—Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loan and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line 4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans.	\$19,932

o Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonres			
ara and dallar amounta for the same academic year (` '	
ers and dollar amounts for the same academic year o	Shecked in item	···· <i>)</i>	
te your institution's policy regarding institutional scho	larship and gran	t aid for	
graduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:	1 0		
onal need-based scholarship or grant aid is available			
onal non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	X		
onal scholarship or grant aid is not available			
ntional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresiden d need-based or non-need-based aid:		31	
ge dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded	d to	000 444	
graduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:		\$20,411	
dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to	undergraduate		
degree-seeking nonresident aliens:			
c off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year tion's own financial aid form Financial Aid PROFILE ational Student's Financial Aid Application ational Student's Certification of Finances (specify):	financial aid ap	olicants must	
ess for First-Year/Freshman Students off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman Students) tion's own financial aid form inancial Aid PROFILE aid form	nan) financial aid	applicants	
	stodial PROFILE	stodial PROFILE ss/Farm Supplement	

Н9	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:				
Н9	Priority date for filing required financial aid		X		
Н9	Deadline for filing required financial aid for	ms:			
Н9	No deadline for filing required forms (applic	cations			
	processed on a rolling basis):				
1140	Indicate natification dates for first year (fra	ahman) atudanta	(anawar a ar b)		
	Indicate notification dates for first-year (free a) Students notified on or about (date):	sninan) students	(answer a or b).		
H10	, ,	Yes	No		
	b) Students notified on a rolling basis:	X	INO		
H10	· ' ———————————————————————————————————	3/1			
		O/ 1			
	Indicate reply dates:				
	Students must reply by (date):	May 1st			
ніі	or within weeks of notification.	3.00			
	Types of Aid Available				
	Please check off all types of aid available t	o undergraduate	es at your institution:		
H12	Loans	· ·	,		
H12	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (D	IRECT LOAN)			
H12	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans				
H12	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans				
H12	Direct PLUS Loans				
	FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PI	ROGRAM (FFEL			
	FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans		Χ		
	FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans		X		
H12	FFEL PLUS Loans		X		
	[E. J. B. J. J.				
	Federal Perkins Loans		X		
1	Federal Nursing Loans		X		
	State Loans		X		
	College/university loans from institutional for	unas	X		
H12	Other (specify):				

- H13 Scholarships and Grants
- H13 NEED-BASED:

	NEED BROED:	
H13	Federal Pell	Χ
H13	SEOG	Χ
H13	State scholarships/grants	Χ
H13	Private scholarships	Χ
H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutiona	Χ
H13	United Negro College Fund	Χ
H13	Federal Nursing Scholarship	Χ
H13	Other (specify):	

H14 Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

1117	oriest on oriena used in awarding institutional dis. Oriest air that apply:						
H14		Non-Need Based	Need-Based				
H14	Academics	X	Χ				
H14	Alumni affiliation	Х					
H14	Art						
H14	Athletics	X					
H14	Job skills						
H14	ROTC	X					
H14	Leadership	X					
H14	Minority status	X	Χ				
H14	Music/drama	Х	Χ				
H14	Religious affiliation						
H14	State/district residency		Χ				

CDS-I

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2007. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for I1 IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

11		Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
11	a) Total number of instructional faculty	352	12/330	694
11	b) Total number who are members of minority groups	37	0	37
11	c) Total number who are women	124	6	130
11	d) Total number who are men	227	6	233
11	e) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	6	0	6
11	f) Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other	300	8	308
11	g) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	49	3	52
11	h) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	3	1	4
11	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f , g , h , and i must sum up to item a .)	0	0	0
11	j) Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	67	1/98	166

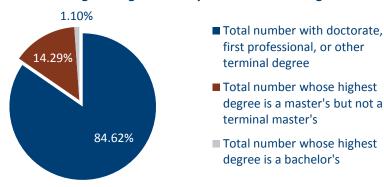
Gonzaga does not track degree information, ethnicity, or gender on adjunct faculty.

I2 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2007 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2008 Student to Faculty ratio	11.1 to 1	(based o	4288.3 students
			and	386 faculty).

Gonzaga University Percentage of Regular Faculty with a Terminal Degree



13 Undergraduate Class Size

13

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2007 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2007. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

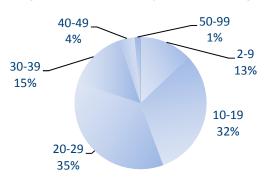
Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

13		Undergra	aduate Cl	ass Size (provide nu	mbers)

			(6101100110010)						
13	CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	137	337	379	159	39	16	0	1067

13	OL ACC CUD	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
	CLASS SUB- SECTIONS								
13	SECTIONS	69	93	5	1	0	0	0	168

Gonzaga University Percentage of Class Sections by Class Size Category



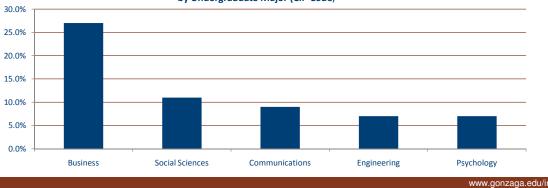
CDS-J

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

- Degrees conferred between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007
 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

J1	Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture				1
J1	Natural resources/environmental science				3
J1	Architecture				4
J1	Area and ethnic studies			1%	5
J1	Communications/journalism			9%	9
J1	Communication technologies			1%	10
J1	Computer and information sciences			1%	11
J1	Personal and culinary services				12
J1	Education			4%	13
J1	Engineering			7%	14
	Engineering technologies				15
J1	Foreign languages and literature			1%	16
J1	Family and consumer sciences				19
J1	Law/legal studies				22
J1	English			4%	23
J1	Liberal arts/general studies			3%	24
J1	Library science				25
J1	Biological/life sciences			6%	26
J1	Mathematics			1%	27
J1	Military science and technologies				29
J1	Interdisciplinary studies			0.025%	30
J1	Parks and recreation			2%	31
J1	Philosophy and religious studies			3%	38
J1	Theology and religious vocations				39
J1	Physical sciences			0.025%	40
J1	Science technologies				41
J1	Psychology			7%	42
J1	Security and protective services			3%	43
J1	Public administration and social services				44
J1	Social sciences			11%	45
J1	Construction trades				46
J1	Mechanic and repair technologies				47
J1	Precision production				48
J1	Transportation and materials moving				49
J1	Visual and performing arts			1%	50
J1	Health professions and related sciences			3%	51
J1	Business/marketing			27%	52
J1	History			5%	54
-	Other				
J1	TOTAL (should = 100%)	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	

Gonzaga University Top 5 Degrees Awarded by Undergraduate Major (CIP Code)



Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctoral degree: The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

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Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.