PRACTICE FIRST HOUR EXAM A

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY 2210

1. Which of the following compounds is the most soluble in water?

A. CH₃CH₂CH₂OH
B. CH₃CH₂CH₂Br
C. (CH₃)₂CHCH₂OH
D. (CH₃)₂CHCH₂Br

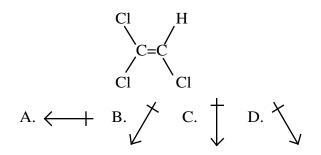
2. What species act as bases in the reaction shown?

 $H_2SO_4 + CH_3COOH \implies HSO_{4^-} + CH_3COOH_{2^+}$ $I \qquad II \qquad III \qquad IV$ A. I and III B. I and IV C. II and III D. II and IV

3. How many hydrogen atoms are present in a molecule of tetralin? The structure of tetralin is given below.



4. What is the direction of the dipole moment in the molecule shown?



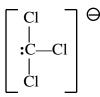
5. What is the IUPAC name of the molecule shown?

	H ₃ C CH ₃
A. 1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetramethylethane	
B. 2-chloro-2-isopropylpropane	Cl-Ċ—Ċ-H
C. 2-chloro-2,3-dimethybutane	
D. 2-chlorohexane	H_3C CH_3

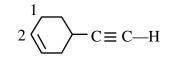
6. Which of the following gives a peak at 1710 cm-1 in its IR spectrum?

A. $CH_3CH_2C=O$ B. $CH_3CH_2CHCH_3$ C. CH_3CH_2CHOH D. $CH_3CH_2CHNH_2$ $\begin{vmatrix} & & \\ & &$

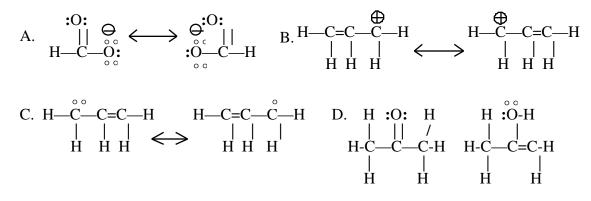
7. What is the predicted shape and bond angle for the species shown?



- A. Trigonal planar, 120°
- B. Trigonal planar, 109.5°
- C. Trigonal pyramid, 120°
- D. Trigonal pyramid, 109.5°
- 8. What are the respective hybridizations of the carbon atoms numbered 1 and 2 in the structure shown?



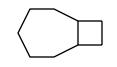
- A. sp^3 , sp^2 B. sp^2 , sp C. sp, sp^3 D. sp, sp
- 9. Which of the following is a pair of resonance structures?



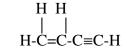
10. What is the structure of neopentyl alcohol?

A.
$$(CH_3)_3CCH_2CH_2OH$$
B. $(CH_3)_3CCH_2OH$ C. $(CH_3)_2CHCH_2CH_2CH_2OH$ D. $(CH_3)_2CHCH_2CH_2OH$

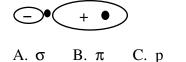
11. What is the name of the compound shown?



- A. bicyclo[3.2.2]nonane
- B. bicyclo[4.2.1]nonane C. bicyclo[4.3.0]nonane
- D. bicyclo[5.2.0]nonane
- 12. Which of these statements is true of the molecule shown?
 - A. It contains five pi bonds.
 - B. It contains seven sigma bonds.
 - C. The H-C-H bond angle is 109.5°.
 - D. The hydrogen atoms are sp³ hybridized.



- What words complete the following sentence? $(CH_3)_2COHCH_3$ is a ______ alcohol, and 13. $(CH_3)_2CNH_2CH_3$ is a _____ amine.
 - A. primary . . . tertiary
 - B. tertiary . . . primary
 - C. primary . . . secondary
 - D. secondary . . . tertiary
- 14. What class does the orbital shown belong to? Each dot represents a nucleus, and the signs of the wave function are shown.



15. Which of the following compounds is NOT an isomer of the others?

D. sp^3

A. H₂C=CHCH₂CH₃ B. (CH3)2CHCH3 C. - CH3 D.

- 16. What functional groups is/are present in the molecule shown?
 - A. Ester only 0 B. Carboxylic acid and ether CH₃CCH₂OCH₃ C. Ketone and ether
 - D. Aldehyde only

17. Which of the following is NEITHER a *cis* isomer NOR a *trans* isomer?

18. What is the SHORTEST carbon-carbon bond in the molecule shown?

$$\begin{array}{ccc} H-C \equiv C-CH = CH-CH_2-CH_3 \\ A & B & C & D \end{array}$$

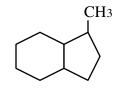
19. What is the formal charge on the oxygen atom in the structure shown?

-1

- 20. What is the definition of a Lewis base?
 - A. Proton acceptor
 - B. Proton donor
 - C. Electron pair acceptor
 - D. Electron pair donor
- 21. Which of the compounds shown has the LOWEST boiling point?

A.
$$CH_2$$
— CH_2 B. CH_3CH_2 C. CH_2 — CH_2 D. CH_3CH_2
 $|$ $|$ $|$ $|$ $|$ $|$ $|$ $|$ $|$
OH OH OH OH CH_3 CH_3 CH_3

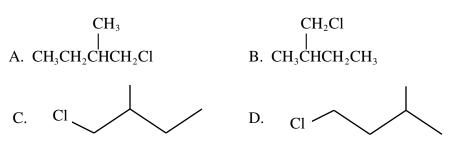
22. What is the IUPAC name of the compound shown?



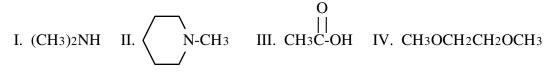
- A. 9-methylbicyclo[4.3.0]nonane
- B. 7-methylbicyclo[4.3.0]nonane
- C. 2-methylbicyclo[4.3.0]nonane
- D. 1-methylbicyclo[4.3.0]nonane
- 23. How many secondary amines are there with the formula $C_4H_{11}N$?

A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5

24. Which of the formulas shown represents a compound that is different from all the others?



25. Which of the compounds shown can form hydrogen bonds with other molecules of the same kind?



A. II and III only B. I and III only C. I and IV only D. I, II, and III