Forms & Instructions

California 540NR

2010 Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Booklet

Members of the Franchise Tax Board

John Chiang, Chair Betty T. Yee, Member Ana J. Matosantos, Member

COVER GRAPHICS OMITTED FOR DOWNLOADING SPEED

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Important Due Dates

When the due date falls on a weekend or holiday, the deadline to file and pay without penalty is extended to the next business day.

| April 15, 2011** | Last day to file and pay the 2010 amount you owe to avoid penalties and interest.* See form FTB 3519 on page 51 for more information. |
|--|---|
| | *If you are living or traveling outside the United States on April 15, 2011, the due dates for filing your tax return and paying your tax are different. See form FTB 3519 on page 51 for more information. |
| | ** Due to the federal Emancipation Day holiday on April 15, 2011, tax returns filed and payments received on April 18, 2011, will be considered timely. |
| October 17, 2011 | Last day to file or e-file your 2010 tax return to avoid penalties and interest computed from the original due date of April 15, 2011. |
| April 15, 2011* June 15, 2011 September 15, 2011 January 17, 2012 | Due dates for 2011 estimated tax payments. Generally, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if your California withholding in each payment period totals 90% of your required annual payment. Also, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if you will pay enough through withholding to keep the amount you owe with your tax return under \$500 (\$250 if married/registered domestic partner (RDP) filing separately). However, if you do not pay enough tax either through withholding or by making estimated tax payments, you may have an underpayment of estimated tax penalty. For more information call 800.338.0505, select personal income tax, then select frequently asked questions, and enter code 208 . |
| | *Due to the federal Emancipation Day holiday on April 15, 2011, tax returns filed and payments received on April 18, 2011, will be considered timely. |

\$\$\$ for You

Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) – EITC reduces your federal tax obligation, or allows a refund if no federal tax is due. You may qualify if:

- You earned less than \$43,352 (\$48,362 if married filing jointly) and you have qualifying children.
- You have no qualifying children and you earned less than \$13,460 (\$18,470 if married filing jointly).

Call the IRS at 800.829.4477, when instructed enter topic 601, see the federal income tax booklet, or go to the IRS website at **irs.gov** and search for **eitc assistant**. Currently, no comparable state credit exists.

Refund of Excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) – If you worked for at least two employers during 2010 who together paid you more than \$93,316 in wages, you may qualify for a refund of excess SDI. See the instructions on page 21.

Common Errors and How to Prevent Them

Help us process your tax return quickly and accurately. When we find an error, it requires us to stop to verify the information on the tax return, which slows processing. The most common errors consist of:

- · Claiming the wrong amount of estimated tax payments
- Claiming the wrong amount of standard deduction or itemized deductions
- Making tax computation errors
- Calculating the wrong amount of total credits

To avoid errors and to help process your tax return faster, use these helpful hints when preparing your tax return.

Claiming estimated tax payments:

- Verify the amount of estimated tax payments claimed on your tax return matches what you sent to the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) for that year. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **myftb account** to view your total estimated tax payments before you file your tax return.
- Verify the overpayment amount from your 2009 tax return you requested to be applied to your 2010 estimated tax.
- If the FTB records do not match the amount of estimated tax payments claimed, a "Return Information Notice" will be sent explaining the difference.

Claiming standard deduction or itemized deductions:

• See Form 540NR, line 18 instructions and worksheets for the amount of standard deduction or itemized deductions you can claim.

Computing your tax:

- Verify the total tax amount on Form 540NR, line 74 is calculated correctly.
- Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **tax calculator** to compute your tax with the tax calculator or with the tax tables.
- Locate the correct tax amount from the tax table (page 29) and transfer it to your tax return correctly.
- Verify any affected schedule to ensure that the total tax amount is correctly transferred over.

Calculating total credits:

• Verify the total credits on Long Form 540NR, line 63 to ensure the amount is calculated correctly.

By using the helpful hints above, you assist in preventing delays in processing your tax return and unnecessary account adjustments.

Do I Have to File?

Steps to Determine Filing Requirement

If you are a nonresident of California and received income in 2010 with sources in California, go to Step 1. For more details see page 6.

Step 1: Is your gross income (gross income is computed under California law and consists of all income you received from all sources in the form of money, goods, property, and services, that is not exempt from tax) more than the amount shown in the California Gross Income chart below for your filing status, age, and number of dependents? If yes, you have a filing requirement. If no, go to Step 2.

Step 2: Is your adjusted gross income (adjusted gross income is computed under California law and consists of your federal adjusted gross income from all sources, reduced or increased by all California income adjustments) more than the amount shown in the California Adjusted Gross Income chart below for your filing status, age, and number of dependents? If yes, you have a filing requirement. If no, go to Step 3.

Step 3: If your income is less than the amounts on the chart you may still have a filing requirement. See "Requirements for Children with Investment Income" and "Other Situations When You Must File" on this page. Do those instructions apply to you? If yes, you have a filing requirement. If no, go to step 4.

Step 4: Are you married/registered domestic partner (RDP) filing separately with separate property income? If no, you do not have a filing requirement. If yes, prepare a tax return. If you owe tax, you have a filing requirement.

Active duty military personnel, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel

| On 12/31/10, | and on 12/31/10. | California Gross Income | | | California Adjusted Gross Income | | | |
|---|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| my filing status was: | my age was: | | Dependents | | | Dependents | | |
| | (If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2011, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2010) | 0 | 1 | 2 or more | 0 | 1 | 2 or more | |
| Single or Head of household | Under 65 65 or older | 14,754 19,704 | 18,054 22,179 | 20,529 24,159 | 11,803 16,753 | 15,103 19,228 | 17,578 21,208 | |
| Married/RDP filing jointly Married/RDP filing separately (The income of both spouses/RDPs must be combined; both spouses/RDPs may be required to file a tax return even if only one spouse/RDP had income over the amounts listed.) | Under 65 (both spouses/RDPs) 65 or older (one spouse/RDP) 65 or older (both spouses/RDPs) | 29,508 34,458 39,408 | 32,808 36,933 41,883 | 35,283 38,913 43,863 | 23,607 28,557 33,507 | 26,907 31,032 35,982 | 29,382 33,012 37,962 | |
| Qualifying widow(er) | Under 65 65 or older | | 18,054 22,179 | 20,529 24,159 | | 15,103 19.228 | 17,578 21,208 | |
| Dependent of another person Any filing status | Any age | | | deduction (Use s on page 17 t | | a Standard D | eduction | |

Requirements for Children with Investment Income

For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, California law conforms to federal law which allows parents' election to report a child's interest and dividend income from children under age 19 or a student under age 24 on their tax return. For each child under age 19 and student under age 24 who received more than \$1,900 of investment income in 2010, complete Long Form 540NR and form FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Certain Children with Investment Income, to figure the tax on a separate Long Form 540NR for your child

If you qualify, you may elect to report your child's income of \$9,500 or less (but not less than \$950) on your return by completing form FTB 3803, Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends. To make this election, your child's income must be **only** from interest and/or dividends. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 59 or go to **ftb.ca.gov**.

Other Situations When You Must File

If you have a tax liability for 2010 or owe any of the following taxes for 2010, you must file Long Form 540NR.

- Tax on a lump-sum distribution. Tax on a qualified retirement plan including an Individual Retirement Arrangement (IRA) or an Archer Medical Savings Account (MSA).
- Tax for children under age 19 or a student under age 24 who have investment income greater than \$1,900 (see paragraph above).
- Alternative minimum tax.
- Recapture taxes
- Deferred tax on certain installment obligations.
- Tax on an accumulation distribution from a trust.

Filing Status

Use the same filing status for California that you used for your federal income tax return, unless you are in a same-sex marriage or a registered domestic partnership (RDP). If you are a same-sex married individual or an RDP and file single for federal, you must file married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately for California. If you are a same-sex married individual or an RDP and only if you meet the requirements to be considered not in a domestic partnership.

Exception: If you file a joint tax return for federal, you may file separately for California if either spouse was:

- An active member of the United States armed forces or any auxiliary military branch during 2010. A nonresident for the entire year and had no income from California sources
- during 2010

Community Property States: If the spouse earning the California source income is domiciled in a community property state, community income will be split equally between the spouses. Both spouses will have California source income and they will not qualify for the nonresident spouse exception

If you had no federal filing requirement, use the same filing status for California you would have used to file a federal income tax return.

Sinale

- You are single if any of the following is true on December 31, 2010:
 You were never married or an RDP.
- You were divorced under a final decree of divorce, legally separated under a final decree of legal separation, or terminated your registered domestic partnership. You were widowed before January 1, 2010, and did not remarry or enter into
- another registered domestic partnership in 2010.

- Married/RDP filing Jointly
 You may file married/RDP filing jointly if any of the following is true:
 You were married or an RDP as of December 31, 2010, even if you did not live with your spouse/RDP at the end of 2010.
 Your spouse/RDP died in 2010 and you did not remarry or enter another
- registered domestic partnership in 2010. Your spouse/RDP died in 2011 before you filed a 2010 return.

Married/RDP Filing Separately

- Community property rules apply to the division of income if you use the married/RDP filing separately status. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status, FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners, FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Narried Couples, FTB Pub. 1051A, Guidelines for Married/RDP Filing Separate Returns, or FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel. See "Order
- Forms and Publications" on page 59. You cannot claim a personal exemption credit for your spouse/RDP even if your spouse/RDP had no income, is not filing a tax return, and is not claimed as a dependent on another person's tax return.
- You may be able to file as head of household if you had a child living with you and you lived apart from your spouse/RDP during the entire last six months of 2010.

Head of Household

For the specific requirements that must be met to qualify for head of household filing status, get FTB Pub. 1540, California Head of Household Filing Status. In general, head of household filing status is for unmarried individuals and certain married individuals or RDPs living apart who provide a home for a specified relative. You may be entitled to use head of household filing status if all of the following apply:

- You we're unmarried and not in a registered domestic partnership, or you met the requirements to be considered unmarried or considered not in a registered domestic partnership on December 31, 2010.
- You paid more than one-half the cost of keeping up your home for the year in . 2010
- For more than half the year, your home was the main home for you and one of the specified relatives who by law can qualify you for head of household filing status.
- You were not a nonresident alien at any time during the year.

For a child to qualify as your foster child for head of household purposes, the child must either be placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by order of a court.

(continued on next page,

Do I Have to File? (continued)

For more information, get FTB Pub. 1540 at **ftb.ca.gov** or see code **934** on page 59 to order FTB Pub.1540 by telephone.

Qualifying Widow(er) with Dependent Child

Fill in the circle on Long or Short Form 540NR, line 5 and use the joint tax return tax rates for 2010 if all five of the following apply:
Your spouse/RDP died in 2008 or 2009 and you did not remarry or enter into another registered domestic partnership in 2010.

What's New and Other Important Information for 2010

Differences between California and Federal Law

In general, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for conformity. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001 Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, the instructions for California Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), and the Business Entity tax booklets.

The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

Conformity - For updates regarding the following federal acts, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for **conformity**.

- Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act
- Small Business Jobs Act of 2010

2010 Tax Law Changes/What's New

Net Operating Loss – For taxable years beginning in 2010 and 2011, California suspended the net operating loss (NOL) carryover deduction. Taxpayers may continue to compute and carryover NOLs during the suspension period. However, taxpayers with modified adjusted gross income of less than \$300,000 or with disaster loss carryovers are not affected by the NOL suspension rules.

Also, California modified the NOL carryback provision. For more information, see form FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations — Individuals, Estates, and Trusts.

Mortgage Forgiveness Debt Relief Extended - California law conforms with modifications, to federal mortgage forgiveness debt relief for discharges occurring on or after January 1, 2009. Federal law limits the amount of qualified principal residence indebtedness to \$2,000,000 (\$1,000,000 for married filing separate). See federal Publication 544, Sales and Other Disposition of Assets, and Publication 4681, Canceled Debts, Foreclosures, Repossessions, and Abandonments, for more information. California law limits the amount of qualified principal residence indebtedness to \$800,000 (\$400,000 for married/RDP filing separate) and debt relief to \$500,000 (\$250,000 for married/RDP filing separate).

Hokie Spirit Memorial Fund Exclusion - California law conforms to federal law to exclude from income any amount received from the Hokie Spirit Memorial Fund for the events at Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University on April 16 2007.

Income Exclusion of Federal Energy Grants - California law conforms to federal law to exclude from income any federal energy grants provided in lieu of federal energy credits.

Charitable Contributions for 2010 Haiti Earthquake Disaster - California law conforms to federal law which allows a 2009 charitable contribution deduction for cash contributions made after January 11, 2010, and before March 1, 2010, for the relief of victims in areas affected by the earthquake in Haiti on January 12, 2010.

Tax Computation for Certain Children with Investment Income – For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, California conforms to the provision of the Small Business and Work Opportunity Tax Act of 2007 which increased the age of children to 18 and under or a student under age 24 for elections made by parents reporting their child's interest and dividends.

Income Exclusion for In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) Supplementary **Payments** – For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, California law allows an exclusion from gross income for IHSS supplementary payments received by IHSS providers.

New Home/First-Time Buyer Credit - To claim the New Home/First-Time Buyer Credit of 2010 you must have received a Certificate of Allocation from the FTB. The credits were available if you purchased a qualified principal residence on or after May 1, 2010, and on or before December 31, 2010. Additionally, the New Home Credit is available if you purchase a qualified principal residence on or after January 1, 2011, and before August 1, 2011, pursuant to an enforceable contract executed on or before December 31, 2010. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for home credit or get FTB Pub. 3549, New Home/ First-Time Buyer Credit.

- You have a child, stepchild, adopted child, or foster child whom you claim as a dependent.
- This child lived in your home for all of 2010. Temporary absences, such as for vacation or school, count as time lived in the home.
- You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home for this child. You could have filed a joint tax return with your spouse/RDP the year he or
- she died, even if you actually did not do so.

Backup Withholding - Beginning on or after January 1, 2010, with certain limited exceptions, payers that are required to withhold and remit backup withholding to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) are also required to withhold and remit to the Franchise Tax Board (FTB). The California backup withholding rate is 7% of the payment. For California purposes, dividends, interests, and any financial institutions' release of loan funds made in the normal course of business are exempt from backup withholding.

If the payee has backup withholding, the payee must contact the FTB to provide a valid Taxpayer Identification Number, which is either the social security number (SSN) or the individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), before filing the tax return. Failure to provide the SSN or ITIN may result in a denial of the backup withholding credit. For more information, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for backup withholding

Natural Heritage Preservation Credit – The funding for the Natural Heritage Preservation Credit is available beginning January 1, 2010, until June 30, 2015.

Same-Sex Marriages Outside the State of California - On October 11, 2009. the Governor signed Senate Bill 54, which provides that a marriage between two persons who have entered into a same-sex marriage outside the State of California prior to November 5, 2008, that was valid by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the marriage was contracted, is valid in California. The bill also provides that a marriage between two persons who have entered into a same-sex marriage outside the State of California on or after November 5, 2008, that was valid by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the marriage was contracted have the same rights and responsibilities as spouses with the sole exception of the designation of "marriage."

Consequently, beginning in taxable year 2010, persons who have entered into a same-sex marriage outside the State of California that is valid according to the laws of the jurisdiction in which the marriage was contracted must file their California income tax return using either the joint or separate filing status. For more information, get FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples, or go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **same sex married couples**.

Voluntary Contributions - For taxable years beginning on or after January 1. 2010, you may contribute to the following new funds:
 Arts Council Fund

- CA Police Activities League (CALPAL) Fund
- CA Veterans Homes Fund
- Safely Surrendered Baby Fund

San Bruno Explosion and Fire 2010 - For tax treatment information for victims of the explosion and fire in San Bruno county that occurred on September 9, 2010, get FTB Pub. 1034, Disaster Loss How to Claim a State Tax Deduction.

Kern Wildfires 2010 - For tax treatment information for victims of wildfires in Kern county that occurred in July 2010, get FTB Pub. 1034.

Baja California (Imperial County) Earthquake 2010 - For tax treatment information for victims of the earthquake in Imperial county that occurred on April 4, 2010, get FTB Pub. 1034.

California Winter Storms 2010 - For tax treatment information for victims of winter storms in Calaveras, Imperial, Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Francisco, and Siskiyou counties that occurred from January 17, 2010, to February 6, 2010, get FTB Pub. 1034.

Humboldt Earthquake 2010 - For tax treatment information for victims of the earthquake in Humboldt county that occurred on January 9, 2010, get FTB Pub. 1034.

California Wildfires 2009 - For tax treatment information for victims of wildfires in Los Angeles, Monterey, and Placer counties that occurred in August 2009, get FTB Pub. 1034.

Other Important Information

Mandatory Electronic Payments - You are required to remit all your payments selectronically once you make an estimate or extension payment exceeding \$20,000 or you file an original tax return with a total tax liability over \$80,000 for any taxable year that begins on or after January 1, 2009. Once you meet this threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. The first payment that would trigger the mandatory e-pay requirement does not have to be made electronically. Individuals who do not send the payment electronically may be subject to a one percent noncompliance penalty.

Which Form Should I Use?

Were you and your spouse/RDP California residents during the entire year 2010?

- **No.** Check the chart below to see which form to use.
- Yes. Use Form 540, 540A, or 540 2EZ. To download or order the Form 540/540A Personal Income Tax Booklet or the Form 540 2EZ Personal Income Tax Booklet, go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see page 58, "Where to Get Income Tax Forms and Publications."

| | Short Form 540NR | Long Form 540NR |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| Filing Status | Single, married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, qualifying widow(er) | Any filing status |
| Dependents | 0-5 allowed | All dependents you are entitled to claim |
| Amount of Income | Total income of \$100,000 or less | Any amount of income |
| Sources of Income | Only income from: • Wages, salaries, tips • Taxable interest • Unemployment compensation • Paid Family Leave Insurance California does not tax unemployment compensation | All sources of income |
| California Adjustments to Income | Unemployment compensation Military pay adjustment (R&TC Section 17140.5) Paid Family Leave Insurance | All adjustments to income |
| Standard Deduction | Allowed | Allowed |
| temized Deductions | No itemized deductions | All itemized deductions |
| Payments | Only withholding on Form(s) W-2 and 1099's showing California tax withheld | Withholding from all sources Estimated tax payments Payments made with extension Excess state disability insurance (SDI) or voluntary plan disability insurance (VPDI) |
| Tax Credits | Personal exemption credits Blind exemption credit Up to 5 dependent exemption credits Nonrefundable renter's credit | All tax credits |
| Other Taxes | Taxes computed using only the tax table | All taxes |

What's New and Other Important Information for 2010 (continued from page 4)

You can request a waiver from mandatory e-pay if one or more of the following is true:

- You have not made an estimated tax or extension payment in excess of \$20,000 during the current or providus taxable year.
- \$20,000 during the current or previous taxable year.
 Your total tax liability reported for the previous taxable year did not exceed \$80,000.
- The amount you paid is not representative of your total tax liability.

Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on FTB's website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file tax return, or your credit card. For more information or to obtain the waiver form, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **mandatory epay**.

Estimated Tax Payments – Installments due for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2010, shall be 30% of the required annual payment for the 1st required installment, 40% of the required annual payment for the 2nd required installment, no installment is due for the 3rd required installment, and 30% of the required annual payment for the 4th required installment.

Taxpayers with a tax liability less than \$500 (\$250 for married/RDP filing separately) do not need to make estimated tax payments.

Registered Domestic Partners (RDP) – Under California law, RDPs must file their California income tax return using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. RDPs have the same legal benefits, protections, and responsibilities as married couples unless otherwise specified.

If you entered into a same sex legal union in another state, other than a marriage, and that union has been determined to be substantially equivalent to a California registered domestic partnership, you are required to file a California income tax return using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status.

For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California RDP, unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

Same-Sex Married Couples – Married couples must file their California income tax returns using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. Same-sex couple marriages performed in California after 5:00 pm on June 16, 2008, and before November 5, 2008, are valid marriages for California purposes.

Beginning in taxable year 2010, persons who have entered into a same-sex marriage outside the State of California that is valid according to the laws of the jurisdiction in which the marriage was contracted must file their California income

tax return using either the joint or separate filing status. For more information, get FTB Pub 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples, or go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **same sex married couples**.

Direct Deposit Refund – You can request a direct deposit refund on your tax return whether you e-file or file a paper tax return. Please be sure to fill in the routing and account numbers carefully and double-check the numbers for accuracy to avoid it being rejected by your bank.

Group Nonresident Returns (also known as Composite Returns) – For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009:

- Group nonresident returns may include less than two nonresident individuals.
 Nonresident individuals with more than \$1,000,000 of California taxable
- Nonresident individuals with more than \$1,000,000 of California taxable income are eligible to be included in group nonresident returns. An additional 1% tax will be assessed on their entire California taxable income if they elect to be part of the group return.

See FTB Pub. 1067, Guidelines for Filing a Group Form 540NR, for more information.

Withholding on California Real Estate – For transactions occurring on or after January 1, 2007, that require withholding, a seller of California real estate may elect an alternative to withholding 3 1/3 % (.0333) of the total sales price. The seller may elect an alternative withholding amount based on the maximum tax rate for individuals, corporations, or banks and financial corporations, as applied to the gain on the sale. The seller is required to certify under penalty of perjury the alternative withholding amount to the FTB. For installment sales occuring on or after January 1, 2009, the buyer is required to withhold on each installment sale payment if the sale of California real property is structured as an installment sale.

Tax Shelter – If the individual was involved in a reportable transaction, including a listed transaction, the individual may have a disclosure requirement. Attach federal Form 8886, Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement, to the back of the California tax return along with any other supporting schedules. If this is the first time the reportable transaction is disclosed on the tax return, send a duplicate copy of the federal Form 8886 to the address below. The FTB may impose penalties if the individual fails to file federal Form 8886 or fails to provide any other required information. A material advisor is required to provide a reportable transaction number to all taxpayers and material advisors for whom the material advisor acts as a material advisor.

ATSU 398 MS F385 FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 1673 SACRAMENTO CA 95812-1673

For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for tax shelters.

How Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents Are Taxed

General Information

Nonresidents of California who received California sourced income in 2010, or moved into or out of California in 2010, file either the Long or Short Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return. California taxes all income received while you resided in California and the income you received from California sources while a nonresident. See page 5 "Which Form Should I Use?" to determine which form to use (Long or Short Form 540NR).

If you file the Long Form 540NR, use Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments — Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents, column A through column D to compute your total adjusted gross income as if you were a resident of California for the entire year. Use column E to compute all items of total adjusted gross income you received while a resident of California and those you received from California sources while a nonresident. You determine your California tax by multiplying your California taxable income by an effective tax rate. The effective tax rate is the tax on total taxable income, taken from the tax table, divided by total taxable income. You may also qualify for California tax credits, which reduces the amount of California tax you owe.

If you file the Short Form 540NR, use line 13, line 14, and line 17 to compute your total adjusted gross income as if you were a resident of California for the entire year. Use line 32 to compute all items of total adjusted gross income you received while a resident of California and those you received from California sources while a nonresident.

If you were a resident of California for all of 2010 get a California Resident Personal Income Tax Booklet and file Form 540, California Resident Income Tax Return, Form 540A, California Resident Income Tax Return; or Form 540 2EZ, California Resident Income Tax Return.

For more information on the taxation of nonresidents and part-year residents, get FTB Pub. 1100, Taxation of Nonresidents and Individuals Who Change Residency. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

Pension Income of Retirees Who Move to Another State

Nonresidents of California Receiving a California Pension

California does not impose tax on retirement income attributable to services performed in California received by a nonresident after December 31, 1995.

California Residents Receiving an Out-of-State Pension

In general California residents are taxed on all income, including income from sources outside California. Therefore, a pension attributable to services performed outside California but received after you become a California resident is taxable.

For more information about pensions, get FTB Pub. 1005, Pension and Annuity Guidelines. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see "Where to Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

Temporary and Transitory Absences from California

If you are domiciled in California and you worked outside of California for an uninterrupted period of at least 546 consecutive days under an employment contract, you are considered a nonresident. This provision also applies to the spouse/RDP who accompanies the employed individual during those 546 consecutive days. However, you will not qualify under this provision if you are present in California for a total of more than 45 days during any taxable year covered by the contract, or if you have income from stocks, bonds, notes, or other intangible property in excess of \$200,000 for any taxable year covered by the contract. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1031. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

Group Nonresident Return

Nonresident partners, nonresident members, and nonresident shareholders of a partnership, limited liability company (LLC), or S corporation that does business in California or has income from California sources may elect to file a group nonresident return on the Long Form 540NR. For more information get FTB

How Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents Are Taxed (continued from page 6)

Pub. 1067, Guidelines for Filing a Group Form 540NR. This publication includes form FTB 1067A, Nonresident Group Return Schedule, which must be attached to the front of the group Long Form 540NR. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see "Where to Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

Military Servicemembers

Active duty military servicemembers refer to FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel. Go to ftb.ca.gov or see "Where to Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

Additional Information

California Sales And Use Tax

In general, the purchase of goods outside California that are brought into the state for storage, use, or other consumption may be subject to use tax. The use tax rate is the same as the sales tax rate in effect where the goods will be stored, used, or consumed; usually your residence address. The tax is based on the purchase price of the goods.

- If you purchased goods from an out-of-state retailer (such as a mail order firm) and sales tax would have been charged if you purchased the goods in California, you may owe the use tax on your purchase if the out-of-state retailer did not collect the California tax.
- If you traveled to a foreign country and brought goods home with you, the use tax will be based on the purchase price of the goods you listed on your U.S. Customs Declaration after deduction of the \$800 per individual exemption allowable by law within any 30-day period. This deduction does not apply to goods sent or shipped to California by common carrier.

Your tax liability may be calculated by multiplying the use tax rate at your residence by the cost of the goods purchased. Send your payment to the STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION, PO BOX 942879, SACRAMENTO CA 94279-0001, with a brief statement listing your name, address, daytime telephone number, cost, and description of the goods purchased. The Board of Equalization Pamphlet 79-B contains additional information and a form you may use to report the tax. An electronic version of this pamphlet may be found on the Board of Equalization's website at **boe.ca.gov/pdf/pub79b.pdf**.

If you file a Schedule C (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Business, with your federal income tax return and are in the business of selling tangible personal property, you may be required to obtain a seller's permit with the State Board of Equalization. If you do not sell tangible personal property, but you have at least \$100,000 in business gross receipts, you may be required to register with the State Board of Equalization to report use tax.

If you have any questions concerning the taxability of a purchase, or want information about obtaining a seller's permit, or registering to report use tax, go to the State Board of Equalization's website at **boe.ca.gov** or call their Taxpayer Information Section at 800.400.7115 or TTY/TDD 800.735.2929.

Collection Fees

The FTB is required to assess collection and filing enforcement cost recovery fees on delinguent accounts.

Deceased Taxpayers

A final tax return must be filed for a person who died in 2010 if a tax return normally would be required. The administrator or executor, if one is appointed, or beneficiary must file the tax return. Please print "deceased" and the date of death next to the taxpayer's name at the top of the tax return.

If you are a surviving spouse/RDP and no administrator or executor has been appointed, file a joint tax return if you did not remarry or entered into another registered domestic partnership during 2010. Indicate next to your signature that you are the surviving spouse/RDP.

You may also file a joint tax return with an administrator or executor acting on behalf of the deceased taxpayer.

If you file a tax return and claim a refund due to a deceased taxpayer, you are certifying under penalty of perjury either that you are the legal representative of the deceased taxpayer's estate (in this case, attach certified copies of the letters of administration or letters testamentary) or that you are entitled to the refund as the deceased's surviving relative or sole beneficiary under the provisions of the California Probate Code. You must also attach a copy of federal Form 1310, Statement of Person Claiming Refund Due a Deceased Taxpayer, or a copy of the death certificate when you file a tax return and claim a refund due.

Innocent Joint Filer Relief

If you file a joint tax return, both you and your spouse/RDP are generally responsible for paying the tax and any interest or penalties due on the tax return. However, you may qualify for relief of payment on all or part of the balance as an innocent joint filer. For more information, get FTB Pub. 705, Innocent Joint Filer - Relief From Paying California Income Taxes, at **tb.ca.gov** or call 916.845.7072, Monday - Friday between 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., except holidays.

Servicemembers domiciled outside of California, and their spouses/RDPs, exclude the member's military compensation from gross income when computing the tax rate on nonmilitary income. Requirements for military servicemembers domiciled in California remain unchanged. Military servicemembers domiciled in California must include their military pay in total income. In addition, they must include their military pay in California source income when stationed in California. However, military pay is not California source income when a servicemember is permanently stationed outside of California. Beginning 2009, the federal Military Spouses Residency Relief Act may affect the California income tax filing requirements for spouses of military personnel.

Registered Domestic Partners

If you are an RDP and need more information on how to file your tax return, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

Requesting a Copy of Your Tax Return

The FTB keeps personal income tax returns for three and one-half years from the original due date. To obtain a copy of your tax return, write a letter or complete form FTB 3516, Request for Copy of Personal Income Tax or Fiduciary Return. In most cases, a \$20 fee is charged for each taxable year you request. However, no charge applies for victims of a designated California or federal disaster, or you request copies from a field office that assisted you in completing your tax return. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 59.

Mello-Roos

You cannot deduct Mello-Roos taxes if they are assessed to fund local benefits and improvements that tend to increase the value of your property. Mello-Roos taxes may appear on your annual county property tax bill with other deductible property taxes. That does not mean you can deduct the Mello-Roos taxes. You may only be able to deduct a portion of the total property tax shown on your bill.

For more information you can:

- Contact your Mello-Roos District.
- Get federal Publication 17, Your Federal Income Taxes Individuals, Chapter 22.

Vehicle License Fees for Federal Schedule A On your federal Schedule A (Form 1040), you may deduct the California motor vehicle license fee listed on your Vehicle Registration Billing Notice from the Department of Motor Vehicles. The other fees listed on your billing notice such as registration fee, weight fee, and county fees are not deductible.

Voting Is Everybody's Business

You may register to vote if you meet these requirements:

- You are a United States citizen.
- You are a resident of California.
- You will be 18 years old by the date of the next election.
- You are not in prison or on parole for the conviction of a felony. .

You need to re-register every time you move, change your name, or wish to change political parties. In order to vote in an election, you must be registered to vote at least 15 days before that election. If you need to get a Voter Registration Card, call the California Secretary of State's office voter hotline at 800.345.VOTE or go to sos.ca.gov

It's Your Right . . . Register and Vote

If You File Electronically If you e-file your tax return, make sure all the amounts entered on the paper copy of your California tax return are correct before you sign form FTB 8453, California e-file Return Authorization for Individuals, or form FTB 8879, California e-file Signature Authorization for Individuals. If you are requesting direct deposit of a refund, make sure that your account and routing information is correct. Your tax return can be transmitted to the FTB by your preparer or e-file service only after you sign form FTB 8453 or FTB 8879. The preparer or e-file service must provide you with:

- A copy of form FTB 8453 or FTB 8879.
- Any original Form(s) W-2, 592-B, 593, 1099-G, and any other Form(s) 1099 • that you provided.
- A paper copy of your California tax return showing the data transmitted to the

You cannot retransmit an e-filed tax return once we've accepted the original. You can correct an error only by completing a Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return, and mailing the paper copy to us. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

Frequently Asked Questions

(Go to ftb.ca.gov for more frequently asked questions.)

1. What if I can't file by April 15, 2011, and I think I owe tax?

You must pay 100% of the amount you owe by April 15, 2011, to avoid interest and penalties. If you cannot file because you have not received all your Form(s) W-2, estimate the amount of tax you owe by completing form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals, on page 51. Mail it to the FTB with your payment by April 15, 2011, or pay online at **ftb.ca.gov**. Then, when you receive all your Form(s) W-2, complete and mail your tax return by October 17, 2011, (you must use Long Form 540NR).

2. I never received a Form W-2. What should I do?



If not all your Forms W-2 were received by January 31, 2011, contact your employer. Only an employer issues or corrects a Form W-2. For more information, call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter code **204** when instructed.

If you cannot get a copy of your Form(s) W-2, complete form FTB 3525, Substitute for Form W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, or Form 1099, Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement, or Profit Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58. For online wage and withholding information, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **myftb account**.

3. How can I get help?

Throughout California more than 1,200 sites provide trained volunteers offering free help during the tax filing season to persons who file simple federal and state income tax returns. Many military bases also provide this service for members of the U.S. Armed Forces. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **vita** to find a list of participating locations or call the FTB at 800.852.5711 to find a location near you.

4. What do I do if I can't pay what I owe with my 2010 tax return?

Pay as much as possible when you file your tax return. If unable to pay your tax in full with your tax return, make a request for monthly payments. However, interest accrues and an underpayment penalty may be charged on the tax not paid by April 15, 2011, even if your request for monthly payments is approved. To make monthly payments, complete form FTB 3567, Installment Agreement Request, online or mail it to the address on the form. **Do not mail it with your tax return.**

The Installment Agreement Request might not be processed and approved until after your tax return is processed, and you may receive a bill before you receive approval of your request.



To order this form, go to **ftb.ca.gov** or call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then select "Forms and Publications," and enter code **949** when instructed.



For information on how to pay by credit card, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **credit card**, or call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then select "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter code **610** when instructed.

5. How long will it take to get my refund?



within five to seven banking days) from the time the FTB receives your electronic return. For more information about e-file, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **efile**, or call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then select "Frequently Asked Questions" and enter code **112** when instructed.

If you e-file, you get the fastest possible refund. Your refund check

is mailed within seven to ten calendar days (or if you request direct

deposit, the refund posts to your checking or savings account

If you do not e-file your tax return, you will receive your refund check within six to eight weeks after you file your tax return. If you request direct deposit, the refund posts to your account within six to eight weeks after you file your tax return.

6. I expected my refund by now. How can I check on the status?

Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **refund status**. You will need your social security number (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) and the refund amount from your tax return.

You can also call our automated phone service. See page 59.

7. I discovered an error on my tax return. What should I do?

If you discover an error on your California income tax return, after you filed it (paper or e-file), use Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return, to correct your return. Get Form 540X at **ftb.ca.gov** or call 800.338.0505 and enter code **908**. You cannot e-file an amended tax return.

8. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) made changes to my federal tax return. What should I do?

If your federal income tax return is examined and changed by the IRS and you owe additional tax, report these changes to the FTB within six months of the date of the final federal determination. If the changes the IRS made result in a refund due for California, claim a refund within two years of the date of the final federal determination. Either use Form 540X, to correct the California income tax return you already filed, or send a copy of the federal changes to:

ATTN RAR/VOL MS F310 FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 1998 RANCHO CORDOVA CA 95741-1998

or Fax the information to 916.843.2269.

If you have any questions relating to the IRS audit adjustments, call 916.845.4028.

For general tax information or questions, call 800.852.5711.

Regardless of which method you use to notify the FTB, you must include a copy of the final federal determination along with all data and schedules on which the federal adjustment was based. Get FTB Pub. 1008, Federal Tax Adjustments and Your Notification Responsibilities to California, for more information. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see "Order Forms and Publications" on page 59.

File Form 540X only if the change affected your California tax liability.

9. How long should I keep my tax information?

Requests for information from you regarding your California income tax return usually occurs within the California statute of limitations period, which is usually the later of four years from the due date of the tax return or four years from the file date of the tax return. (**Exception:** An extended statute of limitations period may apply for California or federal tax returns that are related to or subject to a federal audit.)

Keep a copy of your tax return and the records that verify the income, deductions, adjustments, or credits reported on your return. Some records should be kept longer. For example, keep property records as long as needed to figure the basis of the property or records needed to verify carryover losses (e.g., net operating losses, capital losses, passive losses, casualty losses, etc.).

10. I will be moving after I file my tax return. How do I notify the FTB of my new address?

Notify the FTB of your new address by using form FTB 3533, Change of Address. This form is available at **ftb.ca.gov**. You may also go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **myftb account** or call 800.852.5711, select "Personal Income Tax," then select option 6 to report a change of address. If you change your address online or by phone, you do not need to file form FTB 3533.

After filing your tax return, report a change of address to us for up to four years, especially if you leave the state and no longer have a requirement to file a California tax return.

11. Are all domestic partners required to file joint or separate tax returns under the new law?

No, only domestic partners who are registered with the California Secretary of State are required to file using the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status.

Instructions for Short Form 540NR California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009, and the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

Before You Begin

Complete your federal income tax return (Form 1040, Form 1040A, Form 1040EZ, Form 1040NR, or Form 1040NR-EZ) before you begin your Short Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return. You will use information from your federal income tax return to complete your Short Form 540NR. Complete and mail Short Form 540NR by April 15, 2011. Due to the federal Emancipation Day holiday on April 15, 2011, tax returns filed and payments received on April 18, 2011, will be considered timely. If unable to mail your return by the due date, see page 2 for information.

To get forms and publications referred to in these instructions, go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

You cannot use Short Form 540NR if any of the items below apply to you. Instead use Long Form 540NR.

- · Your filing status is married/RDP filing separately.
- You or your spouse/RDP are 65 or older.
- · You are claiming more than five dependents.
- Your total income is more than \$100,000.
- You have interest income from U.S. Obligations, U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, Bonds, or other sources that is taxable for federal purposes and exempt for state purposes.
- You qualify for the California refundable Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit.



You may qualify for the federal earned income tax credit. See page 2 for more information. No comparable state credit exists.

Note: The lines on Short Form 540NR are numbered with gaps in the line number sequence. For example, lines 20 through 30 do not appear on Short Form 540NR, so the line number that follows line 19 on Short Form 540NR is line 31.

Name(s) and Address

Print your first name, middle initial, last name, and address, in black or blue ink, in the spaces provided at the top of Short Form 540NR.

Private Mail Box (PMB)

Include the PMB in the address field. Write "PMB" first, then the box number. Example: 111 Main Street PMB 123.

Foreign Address

Enter the information in the following order: City, Country, Province/Region, and Postal Code. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. **Do not** abbreviate the country name.

Date of Birth (DOB)

Enter your DOBs (mm/dd/yyyy) in the spaces provided. If you file a joint return, enter the DOBs in the same order as the names.

Prior Name

If you or your spouse/RDP filed your 2009 tax return under a different name, write the last name **only** from the 2009 tax return.

Social Security Number (SSN) or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN)

Enter your SSNs in the spaces provided. If you file a joint tax return, enter the SSNs in the same order as the names.

If you do not have an SSN because you are a nonresident or a resident alien for federal tax purposes, and the IRS issued you an ITIN, enter the ITIN in the space provided for the SSN.

An ITIN is a tax processing number issued by the IRS to foreign nationals and others who have a federal tax filing requirement and do not qualify for an SSN. It is a nine-digit number that always starts with the number 9.

Filing Status

Line 1 through Line 5 – Filing Status

See page 3 for the requirements for each of the filing statuses. Then fill in the circle on the Short Form 540NR that applies to you. If your filing status is married/RDP filing separately, use the Long Form 540NR.

Nonresident Alien

A joint tax return may be filed if, in the case of a nonresident alien married/ RDP to a United States citizen or resident, both spouses/RDPs elect to treat the nonresident alien spouse/RDP as a resident for tax purposes.

Residency

Complete the residency portion by filling in all circles that apply to you and your spouse/RDP, and provide the applicable information.

"Residence" is the place where you have the closest ties.

"Domicile" is the place where you voluntarily establish yourself and your family, not merely for a special or limited purpose, but with a present intention of making it your true, fixed, permanent home and principal establishment. It is the place where, whenever you are absent or away, you intend to return.

Get FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status, for more information. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

Exemptions

 ${\rm Caution:}$ If you or your spouse/RDP are 65 or older, use the Long Form 540NR.

Line 6 - Can be Claimed as Dependent

Fill in the circle on line 6 if someone else can claim you or your spouse/RDP as a dependent on their tax return, even if they choose not to.

Line 7 – Personal Exemptions

Did you fill in the circle on line 6?

No Follow the instructions on Short Form 540NR, line 7.

- Yes Ignore the instructions on Short Form 540NR, line 7. Instead, enter the amount shown below for your filing status:
 - Single, enter -0-.
 - · Head of household, enter -0-.
 - Married/RDP filing jointly and both you and your spouse/RDP can be claimed as dependents, enter -0-.
 - Married/RDP filing jointly and only one spouse/RDP can be claimed as a dependent, enter 1.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

Line 8 – Blind Exemptions

The first year you claim this exemption credit, attach a doctor's statement to the back of Short Form 540NR indicating that you or your spouse/RDP is visually impaired. Visually impaired means not capable of seeing better than 20/200 while wearing glasses or contact lenses, or if your field of vision is not more than 20 degrees.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

Line 10 – Dependent Exemptions

To claim an exemption credit for each of your dependents, write each dependent's name and relationship to you in the space provided. The persons you list as dependents must be the same persons you listed as dependents on your federal income tax return. Count the number of dependents listed and enter the total in the box on line 10. Multiply the number you entered by the pre-printed dollar amount and enter the result.

Instructions: Short Form 540NR

If you are claiming more than three dependents attach a separate schedule. If you are claiming more than five dependents, use Long Form 540NR.

Line 11 – Exemption Amount

Add line 7 through line 10 and enter the total amount of all exemptions for personal, blind, and dependent.

Total Taxable Income

Refer to your completed federal income tax return to complete this section. If your total income from federal Form 1040, line 37; Form 1040A, line 21; Form 1040EZ, line 4; Form 1040NR, line 36; or Form 1040NR-EZ, line 10 is more than \$100,000, you cannot file this form. File the Long Form 540NR.

Line 12 - Total California Wages

Enter the total amount of your California wages from your Form(s) W-2, Wage and Tax Statement. This amount is reported on Form W-2, box 16.

Line 14 - California Adjustments To Income

California does not tax unemployment compensation or Paid Family Leave Insurance benefits. Enter the total of any unemployment compensation and/ or Paid Family Leave Insurance benefits reported on federal Form(s) 1099-G, Certain Government Payments, and shown on your federal Form 1040EZ, line 3; Form 1040A, line 13; Form 1040, line 19; or Form 1040NR, line 20.

If you have interest income from U.S. Obligations, U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, Bonds, or other sources that is taxable for federal purposes and exempt for state purposes, you cannot file this form. File the Long Form 540NR.

Military Pay Adjustment

Compensation for military service of a servicemember domiciled outside of California is exempt from California tax. It is excluded from adjusted gross income. If you are an active duty military servicemember domiciled outside of California, your active duty military pay is excluded from adjusted gross income.

To claim your adjustment, write "MPA" on the dotted line to the left of line 14. Add this amount to any unemployment compensation and/or Paid Family Leave Insurance benefits and enter on line 14. You will also exclude this amount from adjusted gross income on line 32. Attach a copy of your Form(s) W-2, reflecting your military compensation, to your tax return. See "Assembling Your Tax Return" on page 11.

Line 18 – California Standard Deduction

Did you fill in the circle on line 6? If yes, use the California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on page 17 of the Long Form 540NR instructions. If no, use the standard deduction amount for your filing status.

California Taxable Income



e-file and you won't have to do the math. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **e file**.

Line 31 - Tax on Total Taxable Income

Figure the tax on the amount on line 19 (see California tax table that begins on page 29). Use the correct filing status and taxable income amount.

To automatically figure your tax or to verify your tax calculation, use our online tax calculator. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **tax calculator**.

Line 32 - CA Adjusted Gross Income

If married/RDP filing jointly, each spouse/RDP reports income based on his or her residency status.

Full-year nonresident – Enter your California wages from Form(s) W-2, box 16.

Part-year resident - Enter your:

- California wages from Form(s) W-2, box 16.
- Non-California wages received while you were a California resident from Form(s) W-2, box 16.
- Interest income received while you were a California resident.

Full-year resident – Enter your:

- California and non-California wages from all your Form(s) W-2, box 16.
- · All of your interest income.

Line 36 – CA Tax Rate

In this computation, the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) rounds the tax rate to four digits after the decimal. If your computation is different, you

may receive a notice due to the difference in rounding. Contact us at 800.852.5711 if you disagree with this notice.

Line 38 – CA Exemption Credit Percentage

Divide the California Taxable Income (line 35) by Total Taxable Income (line 19). This percentage does not apply to the Nonrefundable Renter's Credit, Other State Tax Credit, or credits that are conditional upon a transaction occurring wholly within California. **If more than 1, enter 1.0000**.

Credits

Line 61 – Nonrefundable Renter's Credit

If you paid rent on your principal California residence in 2010, you may be eligible for a credit to reduce your tax. See page 57 to find out if you qualify.

Child and Dependent Care Credit – You may be eligible for the California refundable child and dependent care expenses credit. If you qualify for the credit, file the Long Form 540NR. See page 21, line 85 through line 88 for more information.

Payments

Line 81 - California Income Tax Withheld

Enter your total California income tax withheld from your Form(s) W-2, box 17. Attach a copy of your Form(s) W-2, to your tax return. See "Assembling Your Tax Return" on page 11.

Contributions

You can make contributions to the funds listed on Short Form 540NR, Side 2. For a description of the funds, see page 55.

Amount You Owe

Line 121 - Amount You Owe

If you did not enter an amount on line 120, enter the amount from line 104 on line 121. This is the amount you owe with your Short Form 540NR.

If you entered an amount on line 120, add line 104 and line 120. Enter the total on line 121. This is the amount you owe with your Short Form 540NR.

If you have an amount on line 103 and line 120, subtract line 120 from line 103. If line 120 is more than line 103 enter the difference on line 121. This is the amount you owe with your Short Form 540NR.

Using black or blue ink, make your check or money order payable to the "Franchise Tax Board" for this amount, or see "Paying Your Taxes" on page 50. **Do not send cash.** Write your SSN or ITIN and "2010 Short Form 540NR" on the check or money order. Enclose, but do not staple, your payment with your return.

To avoid a late filing penalty, file your Short Form 540NR by the due date even if unable to pay the amount you owe. Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution.

Refund and Direct Deposit

Line 125 – Refund or No Amount Due

If you did not enter an amount on line 120, enter the amount from line 103.

If you entered an amount on line 120, subtract that amount from the amount on line 103. If the result is zero or more, enter the amount on line 125. If the result is less than zero, your contributions are more than your overpaid tax available on line 103. In this case, do not enter an amount on line 125. Enter the result on line 121 and see the instructions for line 121.

Line 126 and Line 127 – Direct Deposit of Refund

Direct deposit is fast, safe, and convenient. To have your refund directly deposited into your bank account, fill in the account information on Short Form 540NR, Side 2, line 126 and line 127. Fill in the routing and account numbers and indicate the account type. Verify routing and account numbers with your financial institution. See the illustration below. **Do not** attach a voided check or deposit slip.

Individual taxpayers may request that their refund be electronically deposited into more than one checking or savings account. This allows more options for managing your refund. For example, you can request part of your refund go to your checking account to use now and the rest to your savings account to save for later.

e-file is fast, easy, and secure!

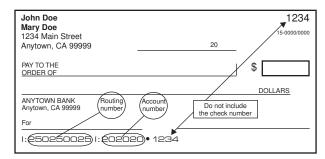
The routing number must be nine digits. The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. On the sample check, the routing number is 250250025. The account number can be up to 17 characters and can include numbers and letters. Include hyphens, but omit spaces and special symbols. On the sample check, the account number is 202020.

Check the appropriate box for the type of account. Do not check more than one box for each line.

Enter the portion of your refund you want directly deposited into each account. Each deposit must be at least \$1. The total of line 126 and line 127 must equal the total amount of your refund on line 125. If line 126 and line 127 do not equal line 125, the FTB will issue a paper check.

Caution: Check with your financial institution to make sure your deposit will be accepted and to get the correct routing and account numbers. The FTB is not responsible for a lost refund due to incorrect account information entered by you or your representative.

Some financial institutions will not allow a joint refund to be deposited to an individual account. If the direct deposit is rejected, the FTB will issue a paper check.



Sign Your Tax Return

Sign your tax return in the designated space on Side 2. If you file a joint tax return, your spouse/RDP must sign the tax return also.

Include your phone number and email address in case the FTB needs to contact you for information needed to process your tax return. By providing this information the FTB will be able to process your tax return or issue your refund faster.

Joint Tax Return. If you file a joint tax return, both you and your spouse/RDP are generally responsible for the tax and any interest or penalties due on the tax return. If one spouse/RDP neglects to pay the tax, the other spouse/RDP may have to pay. See "Innocent Joint Filer Relief" on page 7.

Paid Preparer Information. If you pay a person to prepare your Short Form 540NR, that person signs and completes the area near the bottom of Side 2 including an identification number. Effective January 1, 2011, the IRS requires a paid tax preparer to get and use a preparer tax identification number (PTIN). If the preparer does not have a PTIN, that person must provide a social security number (SSN). If the preparer has a federal employer identification number (FEIN), it should be entered only in the space provided. A paid preparer must give you a copy of your tax return.

Third Party Designee. If you want to allow your preparer, a friend, family member, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2010 tax return with the FTB, check the "Yes" box in the signature area of your tax return. Also print the designee's name and telephone number.

If you check the "Yes" box, you and your spouse/RDP, if filing a joint tax return, are authorizing the FTB to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your tax return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- Give the FTB any information that is missing from your tax return.
- Call the FTB for information about the processing of your tax return or the status of your refund or payments.
- Receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your tax return, upon request.
- Respond to certain FTB notices about math errors, offsets, and tax return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the FTB. If you want to expand or change the designee's authorization, get form FTB 3520, Power of Attorney Declaration for the Franchise Tax Board.

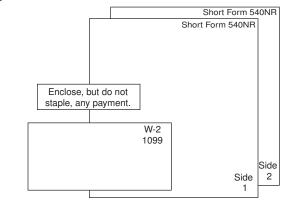
The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2011 tax return. This is April 16, 2012, for most people. If you wish to revoke the authorization before it ends, notify us by telephone at 800.852.5711 or by writing to Franchise Tax Board, PO Box 942840, Sacramento, CA 94240-0040, include your name, SSN, and the designee's name.

Power of Attorney. If another person prepared your tax return, he or she is not automatically granted access to your tax information in future dealings with us. At some point, you may wish to designate someone to act on your behalf in matters related or unrelated to your 2010 tax return (e.g., an audit examination). To protect your privacy, you must submit to us a legal document called a "Power of Attorney" (POA) authorizing another person to discuss or receive personal information about your income tax records.

For more information, get form FTB 1144, Power of Attorney Pamphlet, and form FTB 3520, Power of Attorney Declaration, at **ftb.ca.gov** or see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

Assembling Your Tax Return

Assemble your tax return in the order shown below.



Make sure to attach all federal Form(s) W-2 and 1099 you received to the front of your tax return.

Do not attach a copy of your federal tax return or any other document to your Short Form 540NR unless specifically instructed. This will help us reduce government processing and storage costs.

Mailing Your Tax Return

If you have a refund, or if no amount due, mail your tax return to:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0002

If you owe, mail your tax return to:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942867 SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0001

Instructions: Short Form 540NR

Marketing page

Short Form 540NR C1 side 1

| Your | first | name | Initia | Last name | Your SS | SN or ITIN | Р |
|---------------------------|----------|--|---------------|---|------------|-----------------------|--------|
| | | | | | | | |
| lf joi | nt rei | turn, spouse's/RDP's first name | Initia | Last name | Spouse | e's/RDP's SSN or ITIN | AC |
| Add | ress | (number and street, PO Box, or PMB no | | | Apt. no | ./Ste. no. | A R |
| City | (lf yo | ou have a foreign address, see page 9) | 1 | | State | ZIP Code | |
| <u> </u> | I | | I | | | | RP |
| Date of | • | Your DOB (mm/dd/yyyy)/ | | / • Spouse's/RDP's DOB (mm/dd/yyyy) | / | // | _ |
| Prior | | | | ferent last name, write the last name only from the 2009 | | | |
| Filing Ctatule | 2 1 2 | O Married/RDP filing jointly. (see | | 4Head of household (with qualifying pe 3)5Qualifying widow(er) with dependentt from your federal filing status, fill in the circle here | t child. E | nter year spouse/RDP | died |
| Residency | С | Dates of California residency: Yours | self f | rom Spouse/RDP rom to Spouse/RDP from Spouse/RDP | n | to | |
| | | | | ise/RDP) as a dependent, fill in the circle here (see page S | | | |
| Exemptions | 10 | Blind: If you (or your spouse/RDP) Dependents: Enter name and relatio | are v nshi | ge 9 | ter 2 8 | X \$99 = \$ _ | |
| | 12 | Total California wages from your Fo | rm(s | s) W-2, box 16 • 12 | | 00 | |
| me | 13 | | | m Form 1040, line 37; Form 1040A, line 21; | | 40 | |
| Income | | | | e 36; or Form 1040NR-EZ, line 10 | | 13 <u> </u> | 00 |
| le | 14 | | | ary pay adjustment. (see page 10) | | 14 | 00 |
| axab | | , , | | Subtract line 14 from line 13. | | 17 | 00 |
| Total Taxa | 18 | , | | is. If you filled in the circle on line 6, see page 10. | 0 | | |
| Tot | | | | usehold, or Qualifying widow(er) | | | 00 |
| | 19 | | | ur total taxable income. If less than zero, enter -0 | | | |
| | 31 | Tax on the amount shown on line 1 | 9 | | | | 00 |
| om | 32 | , - | - | rom line 12 and California taxable interest | | | |
| Inc | 33 | | | nbers see line 14 instructions, page 10 • 32 ide line 32 by line 17. If more than 1, enter 1.0000 | | | |
| able | | | | bly line 18 by line 33 | | | 00 |
| Таха | 35 | | | m line 32. If less than zero, enter -0 | | | |
| California Taxable Income | 36 37 | | | ply line 35 by line 36 | | | |
| lifor | 37 38 | | | line 35 by line 19. If more than 1, enter 1.0000 | | | |
| Cal | 39 | CA Prorated Exemption Credits. Mu | Itiply | / line 11 by line 38 | | 39 | 00 |
| | 42 | CA Regular Tax Before Credits. Sub | tract | line 39 from line 37. If less than zero, enter -0 | | • 42 | 00 |

L

Γ

| | Your | r name: | Your SSN or ITIN: | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | 50 | Amount fro | om Side 1, line 42 | 50 <u> </u> | | 00 |
| undable 's Credit |) | Nonrefund | lable renter's credit. (see page 10) | 61 | | 00 |
| Nonref Benter | 74 | Total tax. S | Subtract line 61 from line 50 | 74 | | 00 |
| Payments | 81 | California | income tax withheld (Form(s) W-2, box 17) | | | 00 |
| erpaid Tax r Tax Due | | | tax. If line 81 is larger than line 74, subtract line 74 from line 81 | | | |
| õ õ | 104 | Tax due. I | If line 81 is less than line 74, subtract line 81 from line 74 | 104 | | 00 |
| Contributions | CA F Rare State CA E CA F | Fund for Ser and Endan e Children's Breast Cance Firefighters' | Code Amount ease/Related Disorders Fund 401 00 CA Peace Officer Memoria nior Citizens 402 00 CA Sea Otter Fund CA ugered Species Preservation Program 403 00 CA Cancer Research Fund CA cancer Research Fund CA cancer Research Fund CA Police Activities Leage r Research Fund 405 00 CA Police Activities Leage Memorial Fund 406 00 CA Veterans Homes Fund d For Families Fund 407 00 Safely Surrendered Baby | al Foundation Fund. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | 410 413 415 416 417 | 00 00 00 00 00 |
| | | | 401 through code 418. This is your total contribution | | | 00 |
| Refund and Direct Deposit | Fill i Hav All c | Mail to: F In the inform e you verif or the follow Couting num | OR NO AMOUNT DUE. Subtract line 120 from line 103. RANCHISE TAX BOARD, PO BOX 942840, SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0002 | check or a deposit sl | ip (see pa | ge 10). |
| | • R | louting nun | | • 127 Direct de | eposit amo | ount |
| | | | ry, I declare that I have examined this return, including accompanying schedules and statements, and to the best of my k Your signature Spouse's/RDP's signature (if filing jointly, both must sign) | nowledge and belief, it is t Daytime phone number (| | , and complete. |
| J I H (| gn ere | • | v v | | | _ 1 1 1 1 |
| forge | unlawfi a se's/Rl | | Your email address (optional). Enter only one email address. | Date <u> </u> | | |
| signa Joint | ture. tax re | eturn? | Paid preparer's signature (declaration of preparer is based on all information of which preparer has any knowledge) | Paid Preparer's P | TIN/SSN | |
| 1966 | page | • • • • | Firm's name (or yours if self-employed) Firm's address | ● FEIN | | |
| | | | Do you want to allow another person to discuss this tax return with us (see page 11)? | ● □ Yes □ No | 0 | |
| | | | Print Third Party Designee's Name Tel | ephone Number | <u></u> | |
| Sid | e 2 | Short Fo | orm 540NR c1 2010 3142103 | | | |

Instructions for Long Form 540NR California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009, and the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

Before You Begin

Complete your federal income tax return (Form 1040, Form 1040A, Form 1040EZ, Form 1040NR, or Form 1040NR-EZ) before you begin your Long Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return. Use information from your federal income tax return to complete your Long Form 540NR. Complete and mail Long Form 540NR by April 15, 2011. Due to the federal Emancipation Day holiday on April 15, 2011, tax returns filed and payments received on April 18, 2011, will be considered timely. If unable to mail your return by the due date see page 2.

To get forms and publications referred to in these instructions, go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.



You may qualify for the federal earned income tax credit. See page 2 for more information. No comparable state credit exists.

Note: The lines on Long Form 540NR are numbered with gaps in the line number sequence. For example, lines 20 through 30 do not appear on Long Form 540NR. So the line number that follows line 19 on Long Form 540NR is line 31.

Caution: Long Form 540NR has three sides. If filing Long Form 540NR, you must send all three sides to the Franchise Tax Board (FTB).

Filling in Your Return

- Use black or blue ballpoint pen on the tax return you send to the FTB.
- Enter your Social Security Number(s) (SSN) or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number(s) (ITIN) at the top of Long Form 540NR, Side 1.
- Print numbers and CAPITAL LETTERS between the combed lines. Be sure to line up dollar amounts.
- If you do not have an entry for a line, leave it blank unless the instructions for a line specifically tell you to enter zero. Do not enter a dash or the word "NONE."

Name(s) and Address

Print your first name, middle initial, last name, and address in the spaces provided at the top of Long Form 540NR.

Private Mail Box (PMB)

Include the PMB in the address field. Write "PMB" first, then the box number. Example: 111 Main Street PMB 123.

Foreign Address

Enter the information in the following order: City, Country, Province/Region, and Postal Code. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. **Do not** abbreviate the country name.

Principal Business Activity (PBA) Code

For federal Schedule C (Form 1040) business filers, enter the numeric PBA code from federal Schedule C (Form 1040), line B.

Date of Birth (DOB)

Enter your DOBs (mm/dd/yyyy) in the spaces provided. If your filing status is married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately, enter the DOBs in the same order as the names.

Prior Name

If you or your spouse/RDP filed your 2009 tax return under a different last name, write the last name **only** from the 2009 tax return.

Social Security Number (SSN) or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN)

Enter your SSNs in the spaces provided. If you file a joint tax return, enter the SSNs in the same order as the names.

If you do not have an SSN because you are a nonresident or a resident alien for federal tax purposes, and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) issued you an ITIN, enter the ITIN in the space provided for the SSN. An ITIN is a tax processing number issued by the IRS to foreign nationals and others who have a federal tax filing requirement and do not qualify for an SSN. It is a nine-digit number that always starts with the number 9.

Filing Status

Fill in only one of the circles for line 1 through line 5. Enter the required additional information if you filled in the circle on line 3 or line 5. For filing status requirements, see page 3.

Usually, your California filing status must be the same as the filing status you used on your federal income tax return.

Exception for Married Taxpayers Who File a Joint Federal Income Tax Return – You may file separate California returns if either spouse was:

- An active member of the United States Armed Forces or any auxiliary military branch during 2010.
- A nonresident for the entire year and had no income from California sources during 2010.

Community Property. If either spouse earned California source income while domiciled in a community property state, the community income will be split equally between the spouses. Both spouses will have California source income and they will **not** qualify for the nonresident spouse exception. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status, and FTB Pub. 1051A, Guidelines For Married/RDP Filing Separate Returns.

If you did not file a federal tax return because you did not have a federal filing requirement, use the filing status you would have used had you been required to file.

Same-sex married individuals or registered domestic partners (RDPs) who file single for federal **must file** married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately for California.

Nonresident Alien – A joint tax return may be filed if, in the case of a nonresident alien married to a United States citizen or resident, both spouses/RDPs elect to treat the nonresident alien spouse/RDP as a resident for tax purposes.

If You Filed Federal Form 1040NR or Form 1040NR-EZ, you do not qualify to use the head of household or married/RDP filing jointly filing statuses. Instead, use single, married/RDP filing separately, or qualifying widow(er) filing status, whichever applies to you.

If You File as Head of Household, do not claim yourself or a nonrelative as the qualifying individual for head of household. Get FTB Pub. 1540, California Head of Household Filing Status, for more information. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

Exemptions

Line 6 - Can be Claimed as a Dependent

Fill in the circle on line 6 if someone else can claim you or your spouse/RDP as a dependent on their tax return, even if they chose not to.

Line 7 – Personal Exemptions

Did you fill in the circle on line 6?

- No Follow the instructions on Long Form 540NR, line 7.
- Yes Ignore the instructions on Long Form 540NR, line 7. Instead, enter the amount shown below for your filing status:
 - Single or married/RDP filing separately, enter -0-.
 - Head of household, enter -0-.
 - Married/RDP filing jointly and both you and your spouse/RDP can be claimed as dependents, enter -0-.
 - Married/RDP filing jointly and only one spouse/RDP can be claimed as a dependent, enter 1.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

Line 8 – Blind Exemptions

The first year you claim this exemption credit, attach a doctor's statement to the back of Long Form 540NR indicating that you or your spouse/RDP is visually impaired. Visually impaired means not capable of seeing better than 20/200 while wearing glasses or contact lenses, or if your field of vision is not more than 20 degrees.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

Line 9 – Senior Exemptions

If you were 65 years of age or older by December 31, 2010*, you should claim an additional exemption credit on line 9. If you are married or an RDP, each spouse/RDP 65 years of age or older should claim an additional credit. You may contribute all or part of this credit to the California Seniors Special Fund. See page 55 for information about this fund.

* If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2011, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2010.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

Line 10 – Dependent Exemptions

To claim an exemption credit for each of your dependents, write each dependent's name and relationship to you in the space provided. If you are claiming more than three dependents, attach a statement with the required dependent information to your tax return. The persons you list as dependents must be the same persons you listed as dependents on your federal income tax return. Count the number of dependents listed and enter the total in the box on line 10. Multiply the number you entered by the pre-printed dollar amount and enter the result.

Line 11 – Exemption Amount

Add line 7 through line 10 and enter the total dollar amount of all exemptions for personal, blind, senior, and dependent.

Total Taxable Income

Refer to your completed federal income tax return to complete this section.

Line 12 – California Wages

Enter the total amount of your California wages from your Form(s) W-2, Wage and Tax Statement. This amount appears on Form W-2, box 16.

Line 13 – Federal AGI from Form 1040, line 37; 1040A, line 21; 1040EZ, line 4; 1040NR, line 36; or 1040NR-EZ, line 10

Same-sex married couples (SSMCs) or registered domestic partners (RDPs) who file a California tax return as married/RDP filing jointly and have no SSMC adjustments or RDP adjustments between federal and California, combine their individual AGIs from their federal tax returns filed with the IRS. Enter the combined AGI on Long Form 540NR, line 13.

SSMC adjustments and RDP adjustments include but are not limited to the following:

- Transfer of property between spouses/RDPs
- Capital loss
- Transactions between spouses/RDPs
- Sale of residence
- Dependent care assistance
- Investment interest
- Qualified residence interest acquisition loan & equity loan
- Expense depreciation property limits
- Individual Retirement Account
- Interest education loan
- Rental real estate passive loss
- Rollover of publicly traded securities gain into specialized small business investment companies

Same-sex married individuals filing as married/RDP filing separately, former spouses of a same-sex marriage filing separately, and SSMCs with SSMC adjustments will use the California SSMC Adjustments Worksheet in FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples, or complete a federal pro forma Form 1040. Transfer the amount from the California SSMC Adjustments Worksheet, line 37, column D, or federal pro forma Form 1040, line 37, to Long Form 540NR, line 13.

RDPs filing as married/RDP filing separately, former RDPs filing separately, and RDPs with RDP adjustments will use the California RDP Adjustments Worksheet in FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners, or complete a federal pro forma Form 1040. Transfer the amount from the California RDP Adjustments Worksheet, line 37, column D, or federal pro forma Form 1040, line 37, to Long Form 540NR, line 13.

Line 14 – California Adjustments — Subtractions (from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column B)

Complete Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments – Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents, to find the amount to enter on Long Form 540NR, line 14. Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540NR) beginning on page 37. Enter the amount from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column B on Long Form 540NR, line 14.

If the amount on Schedule CA (540NR) line 37, column B is a negative number, do not transfer it to Long Form 540NR, line 14 as a negative number. Instead, transfer the number as a positive number to Long Form 540NR, line 16.

Line 15 – Subtotal

Subtract the amount on line 14 from the amount on line 13. Enter the result on line 15. If the amount on line 13 is less than zero, combine the amounts on line 13 and line 14 and enter the amount in parentheses. For example: "(12,325)."

Line 16 – California Adjustments — Additions

(from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column C)

Complete Schedule CA (540NR), to find the amount to enter on Long Form 540NR, line 16. Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540NR) beginning on page 37. Enter the amount from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column C on Long Form 540NR, line 16.

If the amount on Schedule CA (540NR) line 37, column C is a negative number, do not transfer it to Long Form 540NR, line 16 as a negative number. Instead, transfer the number as a positive number to Long Form 540NR, line 14.

Line 17 – Adjusted Gross Income From All Sources

Combine line 15 and line 16. This amount should match the amount on Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column D.

Line 18 – California Itemized Deductions or California Standard Deduction

Decide whether to itemize your deductions, such as charitable contributions, medical expenses, etc., or take the standard deduction. Your California income tax will be less if you take the **larger** of your California:

- Itemized deductions (total itemized deductions allowed under California law).
- Standard deduction.

On federal tax returns, individual taxpayers who claim the standard deduction are allowed an additional deduction for net disaster losses or new motor vehicle taxes paid. For California, deductions for disaster losses are only allowed for those individual taxpayers who itemized their deductions. California does not allow deductions for new motor vehicle taxes.

If married or an RDP and filing separate Long Form 540NR, you and your spouse/RDP must either both itemize your deductions or both take the standard deduction.

Also, if someone else can claim you as a dependent, you may claim the greater of the standard deduction or your itemized deductions. To figure your standard deduction, see the California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on the next page.

Itemized Deductions. Figure your California itemized deductions by completing Schedule CA (540NR), Part III, line 38 through line 44. Enter the result on Long Form 540NR, line 18.

If you did not itemize deductions on your federal income tax return but will itemize deductions for your Long Form 540NR, first complete a sample federal Schedule A (Form 1040), Itemized Deductions. Then complete Schedule CA (540NR), Part III, line 38 through line 44.

Standard Deduction. Find your standard deduction on the California Standard Deduction Chart for Most People on the next page. If you filled in the circle on Long Form 540NR, line 6, use the California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents, on the next page, instead.

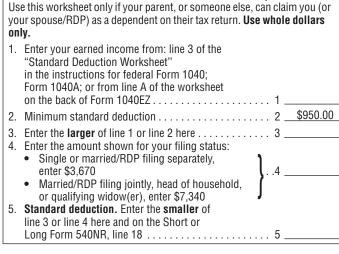
E AONID

California Standard Deduction Chart for Most People Do not use this chart if your parent, or someone else, can claim you (or your spouse/BDP) as a dependent on their tax return.

| | otarin. |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| Your Filing Status | Enter On Line 18 |
| 1 – Single | |
| 2 – Married/RDP filing jointly | |
| 3 – Married/RDP filing separately | \$3,670 |
| 4 – Head of household | |
| 5 – Qualifying widow(er) | \$7,340 |
| | |

The California standard deduction amounts are less than the federal standard deduction amounts.

California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents



Line 19 – Taxable Income

Capital Construction Fund (CCF). If you claim a deduction on your federal Form 1040. line 43 for a contribution made to a CCF set up under the Merchant Marine Act of 1936, reduce the amount you would otherwise enter on line 19 by the amount of the deduction. Next to line 19, enter "CCF" and the amount of the deduction. For details, see federal Publication 595, Capital Construction Fund for Commercial Fishermen.

California Taxable Income

When you figure your tax, use the correct filing status and taxable income amount.

Line 31 – Tax



e-file and you won't have to do the math. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for efile

To figure your tax on the amount on line 19, use one of the following methods and fill in the matching circle on line 31:

- Tax Table. If your taxable income on line 19 is \$100,000 or less, use the tax table beginning on page 29. Use the correct filing status column in the tax table.
- Tax Rate Schedules. If your taxable income on line 19 is over \$100.000. use the tax rate schedules on page 34.
- FTB 3800. Generally, you use form FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Certain Children with Investment Income, to figure the tax on a separate Long Form 540NR for your child who was 18 and under or a student under age 24 on January 1, 2011, and who had more than \$1,900 of investment income. Attach form FTB 3800 to the child's Long Form 540NR.
- FTB 3803. If, as a parent, you elect to report your child's interest and dividend income of \$9,500 or less (but not less than \$950) on your return, complete form FTB 3803, Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends. File a separate form FTB 3803 for each child whose income you elect to include on your Long Form 540NR. Add the amount of tax, if any, from each form FTB 3803, line 9, to the amount of

your tax from the tax table or tax rate schedules and enter the result on Long Form 540NR, line 31. Attach form(s) FTB 3803 to your return.

To prevent possible delays in processing your tax return or refund, enter the correct tax amount on this line. To automatically figure your tax or to verify your tax calculation, use our online tax calculator. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for tax calculator.

Line 32 – CA Adjusted Gross Income

Complete Schedule CA (540NR), line 45 to determine your California adjusted gross income. Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540NR) beginning on page 37. Enter on Long Form 540NR, line 32 the amount from Schedule CA (540NR), line 45.

Line 36 – CA Tax Rate

In this computation, the FTB rounds the tax rate to four digits after the decimal. If your computation is different, you may receive a notice due to the difference in rounding. Contact us at 800.852.5711 if you disagree with this notice.

Line 38 – CA Exemption Credit Percentage

Divide the California Taxable Income (line 35) by Total Taxable Income (line 19). This percentage does not apply to the Nonrefundable Renter's Credit. Other State Tax Credit, or credits that are conditional upon a transaction occurring wholly within California. If more than 1, enter 1.0000.

Line 39 – CA Prorated Exemption Credits

Use your exemption credits to reduce your tax. If your federal adjusted gross income (AGI) on line 13 is more than the amount listed below for your filing status, your credits will be limited.

| | IS Long Form 540NR, |
|---|---------------------|
| If your filing status is: | line 13 more than: |
| Single or married/RDP filing separately | \$162,186 |
| Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) | \$324,376 |
| Head of household | \$243,283 |
| Ver Or we let the AOL Line it to a Manha has the leve | |

| lead | of household | \$243,283 |
|-----------|--|-----------|
| res No | Complete the AGI Limitation Worksheet below. Multiply line 11 by line 38. | |
| | AGI Limitation Worksheet | |
| a b | Use whole dollars onlyEnter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 13a_Enter the amount for your filing status on line b:• Single or married/RDP filing separately \$162,186• Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) | |
| c d | Subtract line b from line a | |
| e f | Multiply line d by \$6e_ Add the numbers from the boxes on Long Form 540NR, line 7, line 8, and line 9 (not the dollar amounts)f_ | |
| g h | Multiply line e by line f | |
| i j | Subtract line g from line h. If zero or less enter -0 i_ Enter the number from the box on Long Form 540NR, line 10 (not the dollar amount) j_ | |
| k I | Multiply line e by line j | |
| m | Subtract line k from line I. If zero or less, enter -0- \ldots m_ | |
| n O | Add line i and line m. Enter the result here | |
| | | |
| | 540NR Tax Booklet 2010 | Page 17 |

Line 41 – Tax from Schedule G-1 and Form FTB 5870A

If you received a qualified lump-sum distribution in 2010 and you were born before January 2, 1936, get Schedule G-1, Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions, to figure your tax by special methods that may result in less tax.

If you received accumulation distributions from foreign trusts or from certain domestic trusts, get form FTB 5870A, Tax on Accumulation Distribution of Trusts, to figure the additional tax.

To get these forms, see "Order Forms and Publications" on page 59.

Special Credits and Nonrefundable Renter's Credit

A variety of California tax credits are available to reduce your tax if you qualify. To figure and claim most credits, complete a separate form or schedule and attach it to your Long Form 540NR.

The Credit Chart on page 56 describes the credits and provides the name, credit code, and number of the required form, schedule, worksheet, or certificate you need to complete. Many credits are limited to a certain percentage or a certain dollar amount. In addition, the total amount you may claim for all credits is limited by tentative minimum tax (TMT). Answer the following questions before you claim credits on your tax return.

1. Do you qualify to claim the nonrefundable renter's credit? Complete the qualification record on page 57.

Check \Box Yes or \Box No, then go to Question 2.

- 2. Are you claiming any other special credit listed in the Credit Chart on page 56?
 - No If you checked "Yes" for Question 1 and entered an amount on Long Form 540NR, line 61, go to line 62. If you checked "No" for Question 1, skip to the instructions for line 63.
 - Yes Figure your credit using the form, schedule, worksheet, or certificate identified in the Credit Chart. Then go to Box A below to see if the total amount you may claim for all credits is limited by TMT. If you checked "Yes" for Question 1, verify that you entered your nonrefundable renter's credit on line 61.
 - Box A Did you complete federal Schedule C, D, E, or F and claim or receive any of the following (Note: If your business gross receipts are less than \$1,000,000 from all trades or businesses, you do not have to report AMT. For more information, see line 71 instructions, on page 20.):
 - Accelerated depreciation in excess of straight-line
 - Intangible drilling costs
 - Depletion
 - Circulation expenditures
 - Research and experimental expenditures
 - Mining exploration/development costs
 - Amortization of pollution control facilities
 - Income/loss from tax shelter farm activities
 - Income/loss from passive activities
 - Income from long-term contracts using the percentage of completion method
 - Pass-through AMT adjustment from an estate or trust reported on Schedule K-1 (541)
 - Excluded gain on the sale of qualified small business stock

Yes Get and complete Schedule P (540NR). See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 59.

No Go to Box B.

Box B – Did you claim or receive any of the following:

- Investment interest expense **226**
- Income from incentive stock options in excess of the amount reported on your return 225
- Income from installment sales of certain property
- Yes Get and complete Schedule P (540NR). See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 59.
- No Go to Box C.

| | Is Long Form 540NR, |
|--|----------------------------|
| Box C – If your filing status is: | line 17 more than: |
| Single or head of household Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying Married/RDP filing separately | ng widow(er) \$298,224 |
| Yes Get and complete Schedule P (54 | ONR). See "Order Forms and |
| Publications" on page 59. | |
| No Your credits are not limited. | |
| | |

If you need to complete Schedule P (540NR) **and** you claim any of the credits on line 51 through line 53, do not enter an amount on line 51 through line 53. Instead, enter the total amount of these credits from Schedule P (540NR), Part III, Section B1, line 13 through line 15, on Long Form 540NR, line 55. Do not follow the instructions for line 55. Write "Schedule P (540NR)" to the left of the amount entered on line 55.

Line 51 – Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household — Code 170

You may **not** claim this credit if you used the head of household, married/ RDP filing jointly, or the qualifying widow(er) filing status.

Claim the credit if unmarried and not an RDP at the end of 2010 (or if married or an RDP, you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for all of 2010 and you used the married/RDP filing separately filing status); and if you furnished more than one-half the household expenses for your home that also served as the main home of your child, step-child, or grandchild for at least 146 days but not more than 219 days of your taxable year. If the child is married or an RDP, you must be entitled to claim a dependent exemption for the child.

Also, the custody arrangement for the child must be part of a decree of dissolution or legal separation or part of a written agreement between the parents where the proceedings have been initiated, but a decree of dissolution or legal separation has not yet been issued.

If your Federal AGI is more than \$162,186, subtract line n from the AGI Limitation Worksheet on page 17 from line 31 of the Long Form 540NR and enter this amount on line 1 of the worksheet below to calculate your credit.

Use the worksheet below to figure this credit using whole dollars only:

 1. Subtract line 11 from line 31 on Long Form 540NR and enter the result here
 1______

 2. Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 41
 2______

 3. Add line 1 and line 2
 3______

 4. Credit percentage — 30%
 4______

 5. Credit amount. Multiply line 3 by line 4. Enter on this line the result or \$390, whichever is less. Enter this amount on Long Form 540NR, line 51
 5_______

If you qualify for both the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household and the Credit for Dependent Parent, you are only allowed to claim one or the other, not both. Select the credit that will allow the maximum benefit.

Line 52 – Credit for Dependent Parent — Code 173

You may **not** claim this credit if you used the single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married/RDP filing jointly filing status.

Claim this credit only if all of the following apply:

- You were married or an RDP at the end of 2010 and you used the married/RDP filing separately filing status.
- Your spouse/RDP was not a member of your household during the last six months of the year.
- You furnished over one-half the household expenses for your dependent mother's or father's home, whether or not she or he lived in your home.

To figure the amount of this credit, use the worksheet for the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household, on this page.

On the last line of the worksheet, enter the result or \$390, whichever is less. Enter this amount on Long Form 540NR, line 52.

If you qualify for both the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household and the Credit for Dependent Parent, you are only allowed to claim one or the other, not both. Select the credit that will allow the maximum benefit.

Line 53 – Credit for Senior Head of Household — Code 163 Claim this credit if you:

- Were 65 years of age or older on December 31, 2010*.
- Qualified as a head of household in 2008 or 2009 by providing a household for a gualifying individual who died during 2008 or 2009.
- Did not have adjusted gross income over \$63,440 for 2010.

*If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2011, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2010.

If you meet all the conditions listed, you do not need to gualify to use the head of household filing status for 2010 in order to claim this credit.

Use the worksheet below to figure this credit using whole dollars only:

| 1. | Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 19 | 1 | |
|----|--|-----|-----|
| 2. | Credit percentage — 2% | 2 x | .02 |
| | Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2. | | |
| | Enter on this line the result or \$1 196 whichever is less | | |

Enter this amount on Long Form 540NR, line 53 3

Line 54 and Line 55 – Credit Percentage and Credit Amount

If you claimed credits on line 51, line 52, or line 53, complete the worksheet below to compute your credit percentage and the allowable prorated credit to enter on line 55 using whole dollars only. If you completed Schedule P (540NR), see the instructions above the Line 51 instructions, on page 18.

Part I – Credit Percentage

| Divide Long Form 540NR, line 35 by line 19. Enter the result here and on Long Form 540NR, line 54. | | |
|--|---|----|
| If more than 1, enter 1.0000 | 1 | _· |
| Part II – Credit Amount | | |

Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household

| 1. Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 51 1 2. Credit Percentage from Part I, line 1 2 3. Multiply line 1 by line 2 |
|---|
| 4. Enter the lesser of the amount from line 3 or \$390 4 |
| Credit for Dependent Parent |
| 5. Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 52 5 |
| 6. Credit Percentage from Part I, line 1 6 x |
| 7. Multiply line 5 by line 67 |
| 8. Enter the lesser of the amount on line 7 or \$390 8 |

Credit for Senior Head of Household

| 9. Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 53 9 | |
|--|--|
| 10. Credit Percentage from Part I, line 1 10 x | |
| 11. Multiply line 9 by line 10 | |
| 12 Enter the lesser of the amount on line 11 or \$1,196 12 | |

Total Prorated Credits

| 13. Add line 4, line 8, and line 12. Enter the | |
|--|----|
| result here and on Long Form 540NR, line 55 | 13 |

Line 56 and Line 57 – New Jobs Credit

Qualified employers who had a net increase of qualified employees during the current taxable year or qualified employers who first commenced business in California during the current taxable year may be eligible to claim this credit. Use form FTB 3527, New Jobs Credit, to determine the amount of the credit available. Enter on line 56 the amount of the credit generated from form FTB 3527, line 18.

Answer the following question to determine the amount of the credit you can claim. Are you required to complete Schedule P (540NR)?

- **Yes** Enter on line 57 the amount of the New Jobs credit claimed from Schedule P (540NR), Part III.
- Use this worksheet to figure the credit. No
- 1. Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 50 1_
- 2. Enter the amount from form FTB 3527, line 21.....2
- Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 2 here and on Long 3. Form 540NR, line 57* and form FTB 3527, line 22a...3

* If you have other credits with limited carryovers, you may want to apply those credits first on line 58 through line 60 before claiming the New Jobs credit on line 57.

Important: Attach form FTB 3527 and Schedule P (540NR) to your Long Form 540NR.

Line 58 through Line 60 – Additional Special Credits

A code number identifies each credit. To claim only one or two credits, enter the credit name, code number, and amount of the credit on line 58 and line 59.

To claim more than two credits, use Schedule P (540NR), Part III. See Schedule P (540NR) instructions, "How to Claim Your Credits."

Do not claim the New Jobs credit on line 58, line 59, or line 60. Only use line 57 to claim the New Jobs credit.

Important: Attach Schedule P (540NR) and any required supporting schedules or statements to your Long Form 540NR

Carryovers: If you claim a credit with carryover provisions and the amount of the credit available this year exceeds your tax, carry over any excess credit to future years until the credit is used (unless the carryover period is a fixed number of years). If you claim a credit carryover for an expired credit, use form FTB 3540, Credit Carryover Summary, to figure the amount of the credit.

Credit for Child Adoption Costs — Code 197

For the year in which an adoption decree or an order of adoption is entered (e.g. adoption is final), claim a credit for 50% of the cost of adopting a child who was both:

- A citizen or legal resident of the United States
- In the **custody** of a California public agency or a California political subdivision

Treat a prior unsuccessful attempt to adopt a child (even when the costs were incurred in a prior year) and a later successful adoption of a different child as one effort when computing the cost of adopting the child. Include the following costs if directly related to the adoption process:

- Fees for Department of Social Services or a licensed adoption agency
- Medical expenses not reimbursed by insurance
- Travel expenses for the adoptive family

Note:

- This credit does not apply when a child is adopted from another country • or another state, or who was not in the custody of a California public agency or a California political subdivision.
- Any deduction for the expenses used to claim this credit must be reduced by the amount of the child adoption costs credit claimed.

Use the following worksheet to figure this credit using whole dollars only. If more than one adoption qualifies for this credit, complete a separate worksheet for each adoption. The maximum credit is limited to \$2,500 per minor child.

- 1. Enter qualifying costs for the child
- Credit percentage 50%.....
 Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2. .50

Your allowable credit is limited to \$2,500 for 2010. You may carryover the excess credit to future years until the credit is used.

Line 61 – Nonrefundable Renter's Credit

Did you pay rent for at least six months in 2010 on your principal residence located in California?

- Yes You may qualify to claim this credit which may reduce your tax. Complete the qualification record on page 57.
- No Go to line 62.

Line 63

Subtract the amount on line 62 from the amount on line 50. Enter the result on line 63. If the amount on line 62 is more than the amount on line 50, enter -0-. If you owe interest on deferred tax from installment obligations, include the additional tax, if any, in the amount you enter on line 63. Write "IRC Section 453 interest" or "IRC Section 453A interest" and the amount on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 63.

Other Taxes

Attach the specific form or statement required for each item below.

Line 71 – Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT)

If you claim certain types of deductions, exclusions, and credits, you may owe AMT if your total income is more than:

- \$79,526 married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)
- \$59,646 single or head of household
- \$39,762 married/RDP filing separately

A child under age 19 or a student under age 24 may owe AMT if the sum of the amount on line 19 (taxable income) and any preference items listed on Schedule P (540NR) and included on the return is more than the sum of \$6,700 plus the child's earned income.

AMT income does not include income, adjustments, and items of tax preference related to any trade or business of a qualified taxpayer who has gross receipts, less returns and allowances, during the taxable year of less than \$1,000,000 from **all** trades or businesses.

Get Schedule P (540NR) for more information. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

Line 72 – Mental Health Services Tax

If your taxable income or nonresident CA source taxable income is more than \$1,000,000, compute the Mental Health Services tax below **using whole dollars only**:

| 1. | Taxable income from Long Form 540NR, line 35 \ldots . 1 | |
|----|--|-----------------------|
| 2. | Less | \$(<u>1,000,000)</u> |
| 3. | Subtotal | |
| 4. | Tax rate - 1% | <u>x01</u> |
| | Mental Health Services Tax – Multiply line 3 by line 4. Enter this amount here and on Long Form 540NR, line 72 | |

Line 73 – Other Taxes and Credit Recapture

If you received an early distribution of a qualified retirement plan and were required to report additional tax on your federal tax return, you may also be required to report additional tax on your California tax return. Get form FTB 3805P, Additional Taxes on Qualified Plans (Including IRAs) and Other Tax-Favored Accounts. If required to report additional tax, report it on line 73 and write "FTB 3805P" to the left of the amount.

California conforms to federal law for income received under IRC Section 409A on a nonqualified deferred compensation (NQDC) plan and discounted stock options and stock appreciation rights. Income received under IRC Section 409A is subject to an additional 20% tax plus interest. Include the additional tax, if any, on line 73. Write "NQDC" on the dotted line to the left of the amount.

If you used form(s)

- FTB 3501, Employer Child Care Program/Contribution Credit
- FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Deduction and Credit Summary
- FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Deduction and Credit Summary
- FTB 3808, Manufacturing Enhancement Area Credit Summary
- FTB 3809, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary

Include the additional tax for credit recapture, if any, on line 73. Write the form number on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 73.

Payments

Have your Form(s) W-2, W-2G, Certain Gambling Winnings, 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, 1099-R, Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc., 592-B, Resident and Nonresident Withholding Tax Statement, and 593, Real Estate Withholding Tax Statement, before you begin this section.

If you received wages and do not have a Form W-2, see page 8, Question 2.

Line 81 – California Income Tax Withheld

Enter the total California income tax withheld from your Form(s):

- W-2, box 17
- W-2G, box 14
- 1099-MISC, box 16
- 1099-R, box 10

Do not include city, local, or county tax withheld or tax withheld by other states. Do not include nonresident or real estate withholding from Form(s) 592-B or 593, on this line. Do not include nonconsenting nonresident (NCNR) member's tax from Schedule K-1 (568), line 15e as withholding. See line 82. If you had California tax withheld and did not receive Form(s) W-2 or 1099, contact the entity that paid the income.

If you received Form(s) 1099-MISC or 1099-R showing California income tax withheld, include in the total on line 81 the amount(s) withheld and attach a copy of the Form(s) 1099 to the lower front of your tax return.

Generally, tax should not be withheld on Form 1099-MISC. If you want to pre-pay tax on income reported on Form 1099-MISC, use Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.

Line 82 – 2010 CA Estimated Tax and Other Payments

Enter the total of any:

- California estimated tax payments you made using 2010 Form 540-ES, electronic funds withdrawal, Web Pay, or credit card.
- Overpayment from your 2009 California income tax return that you applied to your 2010 estimated tax.
- Payment you sent with form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals.
- California estimated tax payments made on your behalf by an estate or trust on Schedule K-1 (541) or an S corporation on Schedule K-1(100S).

If you are including NCNR tax, write "LLC" on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 82, and attach Schedule K-1 (568) with the amount of the NCNR tax claimed.

If you and your spouse/RDP paid joint estimated taxes but are now filing separate income tax returns, either of you may claim the entire amount paid, or each may claim part of the joint estimated tax payments. If you want the estimated tax payments to be divided, notify the FTB before you file the tax returns so the payments can be applied to the proper account. The FTB will accept in writing, any divorce agreement (or court-ordered settlement) or a statement showing the allocation of the payments along with a notarized signature of both taxpayers.

Send statements to:

JOINT ESTIMATED CREDIT ALLOCATION MS F225 TAXPAYER SERVICES CENTER FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 SACRAMENTO, CA 94240-0040

To view payments made or get your current account balance, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **myftb account**.

If you or your spouse/RDP made separate estimated tax payments, but are now filing a joint income tax return, add the amounts you each paid. Attach a statement to the front of your Long Form 540NR explaining that payments were made under both SSNs.

You do not have to make estimated tax payments if you are a nonresident or new resident of California in 2011 and did not have a California tax liability in 2010.

Line 83 – Real Estate and Other Withholding

If you were a nonresident who received California source income or sold California real estate, enter the total California tax withheld from your Form(s) 592-B and 593. Attach a copy of Form(s) 592-B and 593 to the lower front of Long Form 540NR, Side 1.

Do not include withholding from other forms on this line. Do not include NCNR member's tax from Schedule K-1 (568), line 15e as withholding.

Line 84 - Excess California SDI (or VPDI) Withheld

You may be entitled to claim a credit for excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) or Voluntary Plan Disability Insurance (VPDI) only if you meet all of the following conditions:

- You had two or more California employers during 2010.
- You received more than \$93,316 in wages.
- The amounts of SDI (or VPDI) withheld appear on your Form(s) W-2. Be sure to attach your Form(s) W-2 to your Long Form 540NR.

If SDI (or VPDI) was withheld from your wages by a single employer, at a rate of more than 1.1% of your gross wages, you may not claim excess SDI (or VPDI) on your Long Form 540NR. Contact the employer for a refund.

To determine the amount to enter on line 84, complete the Excess SDI (or VPDI) Worksheet below. If married/RDP filing jointly, figure the amount of excess SDI (or VPDI) separately for each spouse/RDP.

Excess SDI (or VPDI) Worksheet

Use whole dollars only

Follow the instructions below to figure the amount of income tax to enter on Long Form 540NR, line 84. If you are married or an RDP and file a joint tax return, you must figure the amount of excess SDI (or VPDI) separately for each spouse/RDP.

| | | You | Your Spouse/ RDP |
|----|---|------------|------------------------|
| 1. | Add amounts of SDI (or VPDI) withheld shown on your Forms W-2. Enter the total here 1 | | NDF |
| 2. | 2010 SDI (or VPDI) limit 2 . | \$1,026.48 | \$1,026.48 |
| 3. | Excess SDI (or VPDI) withheld. Subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the results here. Combine the amounts on line 3 and enter the total, in whole dollars only , on Long Form 540NR, line 84 | | |
| | If zero or less, enter -0- on line 84. | | |

Line 85 through Line 88 – Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit

Claim this credit if you paid someone to care for your child under the age of 13, other dependent who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself, or spouse/RDP if physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself. To claim this credit, your federal adjusted gross income must be \$100,000 or less. Complete and attach form FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

The care must have been provided in California. You must have Californiasourced income (wages earned working in California or self-employment income from California business activities).

A servicemember's active duty military pay is considered earned income, regardless of whether the servicemember is domiciled in California. Get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel, for more information.

Line 85 and Line 86

Enter the qualifying person's SSN. Do not enter more than one qualifying person's SSN on line 85 or line 86 from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 2. If you have more than two qualifying persons, enter only the first two qualifying persons listed on form FTB 3506, Part III, line 2.

Line 87

Enter the credit amount allowed from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 8.

Line 88

Enter the credit amount allowed from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 12.

Line 89

For the Claim of Right credit, follow the reporting instructions in Schedule CA (540NR), line 41 under the Claim of Right.

Claim of Right: If you are claiming the tax credit on your California tax return, include the amount of the credit in the total for this line. Write in "IRC 1341" and the amount of the credit to the left of the amount column.

To determine if you are entitled to this credit, refer to your prior year California Form 540/540A, Form 540NR (Long or Short), Schedule CA (540), or Schedule CA (540NR), column E, to verify the amount was included in your CA taxable income. If the amount repaid under a "Claim of Right" was not originally taxed by California, you are not entitled to claim the credit.

Overpaid Tax or Tax Due

If you received a refund for 2009, you may receive a Form 1099-G, Certain Government Payments. The refund amount reported on your Form 1099-G will be different from the amount shown on your tax return if you claimed the Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit. This is because the credit is not part of the refund from withholding or estimated tax payments.

To avoid a delay in the processing of your tax return, enter the correct amounts on line 101 through line 104.

Line 101 - Overpaid Tax

If the amount on line 89 is more than the amount on line 74, subtract the amount on line 74 from the amount on line 89. Enter the result on line 101. Your payments and credits are more than your tax.

Line 102 – Amount You Want Applied to Your 2011 Estimated Tax

Apply all or part of the amount on line 101 to your estimated tax for 2011. Enter on line 102 the amount of line 101 you want applied to 2011.

An election to apply an overpayment against estimated tax is binding. Once the election is made, the overpayment cannot be applied to a deficiency after the due date of the tax return.

Line 103 – Overpaid Tax Available This Year

If you entered an amount on line 102, subtract it from the amount on line 101. Enter the result on line 103. You may have this entire amount refunded to you or make contributions to the California Seniors Special Fund or make other voluntary contributions from this amount. If you make a contribution, skip line 104 and go to the instructions for contributions.

Line 104 – Tax Due

If the amount on line 89 is less than the amount on line 74, subtract the amount on line 89 from the amount on line 74. Enter the result on line 104. Your tax is more than your payments and credits.

There is a penalty for not paying enough tax during the year. You may have to pay a penalty if:

- The tax due on line 104 is \$500 or more (\$250 or more if married/RDP filing separately).
- The amount of state income tax withheld on line 81 is less than 90% of the amount of your total tax on line 74.

If you owe a penalty, the FTB will figure the penalty and send you a bill.

Contributions

You can make voluntary contributions to the funds listed on Long Form 540NR, Side 3. See page 55 for a description of the funds.

Code 400 – Contribution to California Seniors Special Fund

If you and/or your spouse/RDP are 65 years of age or older and claim the Senior Exemption Credit on line 9, you may make a combined total contribution of up to \$198 or \$99 per spouse/RDP. Contributions entered on code 400 will be distributed to The Area Agency on Aging Council of California (TACC) to provide advice on and sponsorship of Senior Citizen issues. Any excess contributions not required by TACC will be distributed to senior citizen service organizations throughout California for meals, adult day care, and transportation.

Use the worksheet below to figure your contribution:

- 1. If you contribute, enter \$99; if you and
- your spouse/RDP contribute, enter \$198 1 _____ 2. Enter the ratio from Long Form 540NR, line 38 2 _____

You may contribute any amount up to the amount on line 3. Enter your contribution on the line for code 400.

Line 120 – Total Contributions

Add code 400 through code 418. Enter the result on line 120.

Amount You Owe

Add or subtract correctly to figure the amount you owe.

Line 121 – Amount You Owe

If you did not enter an amount on line 120, enter the amount from line 104 on line 121. This is the amount you owe with your Long Form 540NR.

If you entered an amount on line 120, add that amount to the amount on line 104. Enter the result on line 121. This is the amount you owe with your Long Form 540NR.

If you have an amount on line 103 and line 120, subtract line 120 from line 103. If line 120 is more than line 103 enter the difference on line 121.

To avoid a late filing penalty, file your Long Form 540NR by the extended due date even if unable to pay the amount you owe.

Mandatory Electronic Payments. You are required to remit all your payments electronically once you make an estimate or extension payment exceeding \$20,000 or you file an original return with a total tax liability over \$80,000 for any taxable year that begins on or after January 1, 2009. Once you meet this threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. The first payment that would trigger the mandatory e-pay requirement does not have to be made electronically. Individuals that do not send the payment electronically will be subject to a one percent noncompliance penalty.

You can request a waiver from mandatory e-pay if one or more of the following is true:

- You have not made an estimated tax or extension payment in excess of \$20,000 during the current or previous taxable year.
- Your total tax liability reported for the previous taxable year did not exceed \$80,000.
- The amount you paid is not representative of your total tax liability.

Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on FTB's website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file tax return, or your credit card. For more information or to obtain the waiver form, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **mandatory epay**.

Payment Options

- Electronic Funds Withdrawal Instead of paying by check or money order, you may use this convenient option if you e-file. Provide your bank information, amount you want to pay, and the date you want the balance due to be withdrawn from your account. Your tax preparation software will offer this option.
- Web Pay Pay the amount you owe using our secure online payment service. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **web pay.**
- Credit Card Whether you e-file or file by mail, you can use your Discover/Novus, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card to pay your personal income taxes. If you pay by credit card, do not mail form FTB 3519 to us. Call 800.272.9829 or go to the Official Payments Corp. website at officialpayments.com, and use the jurisdiction code 1555. Official Payments Corp. charges a convenience fee for using this service.
- Check or Money Order Using black or blue ink, make your check or money order payable to the "Franchise Tax Board." Do not send cash. Write your SSN or ITIN and "2010 Long Form 540NR" on the check or money order. Enclose, but do not staple, your payment with your return.

Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution. **Do not** combine your 2010 tax payment and any 2011 estimated tax payment in the same check. Prepare two separate checks and mail each in a separate envelope.

If you e-filed your tax return, mail your check or money order with form FTB 3582, Payment Voucher for Individual e-filed Returns. **Do not** mail a copy of your e-filed tax return.

A penalty may be imposed if your check is returned by your bank for insufficient funds.

If you enter an amount on line 122 or line 123, see the instructions for line 124 for information about how to prepare your check or money order.

Paying by Credit Card – Whether you e-file or file by mail, use your Discover/Novus, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card to pay your personal income taxes (tax return balance due, extension payment, estimated tax payment, or tax due with bill notice). **There is a convenience fee for this service.** This fee is paid directly to Official Payments Corp. based on the amount of your tax payment.

Convenience Fee

- 2.50% of the tax amount charged (rounded to the nearest cent)
- Minimum fee: \$1

Example: Tax Payment = \$754.00 Convenience Fee = \$18.85

When will my payments be effective?

Your payment is effective on the date you charge it.

What if I change my mind?

If you pay your tax liability by credit card and later reverse the credit card transaction, you may be subject to penalties, interest, and other fees imposed by the FTB for nonpayment or late payment of your tax liability.

How do I use my credit card to pay my income tax bill?

Once you have determined the type of payment and how much you owe, the following information is needed:

- Your Discover/Novus, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card
- Credit card number
- Expiration date
- · Amount you are paying
- Your and your spouse's/RDP's SSN (or ITIN)
- · First 4 letters of your and your spouse's/RDP's last name
- Taxable year
- Home phone number (including area code)
- ZIP Code for address where your monthly credit card bill is sent
- FTB Jurisdiction Code: 1555

Go to the Official Payments Corp. website at **officialpayments.com** and select **Payment Center**, or call 800.2PAY.TAX or 800.272.9829 and follow the recorded instructions. Official Payments Corp. provides customer assistance at 877.297.7457 Monday through Friday, 5:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. PST. Official Payments Corp. will tell you the convenience fee before you complete your transaction. Decide whether to complete the transaction at that time.

Payment Date : _____ Confirmation Number:

If you cannot pay the full amount shown on Long Form 540NR, line 121, see the information regarding monthly payments on page 8, question 4.

Interest and Penalties

If you file your tax return or pay your tax after the original due date, you may owe interest and penalties on the tax due.

Do not reduce the amount on line 101 or increase the amount on line 104 by any penalty or interest amounts. Enter on Long Form 540NR, line 122 the amount of interest and penalties.

Line 122 – Interest and Penalties

Interest. Interest will be charged on any late filing or late payment penalty from the original due date of the return to the date paid. In addition, if other penalties are not paid within **15** days, interest will be charged from the date of the billing notice until the date of payment. Interest compounds daily and the interest rate is adjusted twice a year. The FTB website has a chart of interest rates in effect since 1976. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **interest**.

Late Filing of Tax Return. If you do not file your tax return by October 17, 2011, you will incur a late filing penalty plus interest from the original due date of the tax return. The maximum total penalty is 25% of the tax not paid if the tax return is filed after October 17, 2011. The minimum penalty for filing a tax return more than 60 days late is \$135 or 100% of the balance of tax due, whichever is less.

Late Payment of Tax. If you fail to pay your total tax liability by April 15, 2011, you will incur a late payment penalty plus interest. The penalty is 5% of the tax not paid when due plus 1/2% for each month, or part of a month, the tax remains unpaid. If you have paid at least 90% of the tax shown on the tax return by the original due date of the tax return, we will waive the penalty based on reasonable cause. However, the imposition of interest is mandatory. If, after April 15, 2011, you find that your estimate of tax due was too low, pay the additional tax as soon as possible to avoid or minimize further accumulation of penalties and interest.

Other Penalties. We may impose other penalties if a payment is returned for insufficient funds. We may also impose penalties for negligence, substantial understatement of tax, and fraud.

Line 123 – Underpayment of Estimated Tax

You may be subject to an estimated tax penalty if any of the following is true:

- Your withholding and credits are less than 90% of your current tax year liability.
- Your withholding and credits are less than 100% of your prior year tax liability (110% if AGI is more than \$150,000 or \$75,000 if married/RDP filing separately).
- You did not pay enough through withholding to keep the amount you owe with your tax return under \$500 (\$250 if married/RDP filing separately).

The FTB can figure the penalty for you when you file your tax return and send you a bill.

Is line 104 less than \$500 (\$250 if married/RDP filing separately)?

- Yes Stop. You are not subject to an estimated payment penalty.
- **No** Continue. You may be subject to an estimated payment penalty.

Is line 104 less than 10% of the amount on line 63 (excluding the tax on lump-sum distributions on line 41)?

- Yes Stop. You are not subject to an estimated payment penalty.
- No You may be subject to an estimated payment penalty, see form FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries (or form FTB 5805F, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Farmers and Fishermen).

The underpayment of estimated tax penalty shall not apply to the extent the underpayment of an installment was created or increased by any provision of law that is chaptered during and operative for the taxable year of the underpayment. To request a waiver of underpayment of estimated tax penalty, get form FTB 5805 or form FTB 5805F. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

If you complete one of these forms, enter the amount of the penalty on line 123 and fill in the correct circle on line 123. Complete and attach the form if you claim a waiver, use the annualized income installment method, or pay tax according to the schedule for farmers and fishermen, even if no penalty is owed.

See "Important Due Dates" on page 2 for more information on estimated tax payments and how to avoid the underpayment penalty.

Line 124 – Total Amount Due

Is there an amount on line 121?

Yes Add line 121, line 122, and line 123. Enter the result on line 124. For payment options, see line 121 instructions.

No Go to line 125.

Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution.

Refund and Direct Deposit

Line 125 – Refund or No Amount Due

Did you report amounts on line 120, line 122, or line 123?

- **No** Enter the amount from line 103 on line 125. This is your refund amount. If it is less than \$1, attach a written statement to your Long Form 540NR requesting the refund.
- Yes Combine the amounts from line 120, line 122, and line 123. If the result is:
 - More than line 103, subtract line 103 from the sum of line 120, line 122, and line 123 and enter the result on line 124. This is your total amount due. For payment options, see line 121 instructions.
 - Less than line 103, subtract the sum of line 120, line 122, and line 123 from line 103 and enter on line 125. This is your refund amount.



Visible Want a fast refund? Get your refund in 10 days or less when you e-file your tax return!

Line 126 and Line 127 - Direct Deposit of Refund

Direct deposit is fast, safe, and convenient. To have your refund directly deposited into your bank account, fill in the account information on Long Form 540NR, Side 3, line 126 and line 127. Fill in the routing and account numbers and indicate the account type. Verify routing and account numbers with your financial institution. **Do not** attach a voided check or deposit slip. See the illustration on this page.

Individual taxpayers may request that their refund be electronically deposited into more than one checking or savings account. This allows more options for managing your refund. For example, you can request part of your refund go to your checking account to use now and the rest to your savings account to save for later.

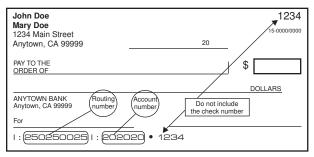
The routing number must be nine digits. The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. On the sample check, the routing number is 250250025. The account number can be up to 17 characters and can include numbers and letters. Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. On the sample check, the account number is 202020.

Check the appropriate box for the type of account. Do not check more than one box for each line.

Enter the portion of your refund you want directly deposited into each account. Each deposit must be at least \$1. The total of line 126 and line 127 must equal the total amount of your refund on line 125. If line 126 and line 127 do not equal line 125, the FTB will issue a paper check.

Caution: Check with your financial institution to make sure your deposit will be accepted and to get the correct routing and account numbers. The FTB is not responsible for a lost refund due to incorrect account information entered by you or your representative.

Some financial institutions will not allow a joint refund to be deposited to an individual account. If the direct deposit is rejected, the FTB will issue a paper check.



Sign Your Tax Return

Sign your tax return in the designated space on Side 3. If you file a joint tax return, your spouse/RDP must sign the tax return also.

Include your phone number and email address in case the FTB needs to contact you for information needed to process your tax return. By providing this information the FTB will be able to process your tax return or issue your refund faster.

Joint Tax Return. If you file a joint tax return, both you and your spouse/ RDP are generally responsible for the tax and any interest or penalties due on the tax return. This means that if one spouse/RDP does not pay the tax due, the other spouse/RDP may have to pay the tax due. See "Innocent Joint Filer Relief," on page 7.

Paid Preparer's Information. If you pay a person to prepare your Long Form 540NR, that person signs and completes the area at the bottom of Side 3 including an identification number. Effective January 1, 2011, the IRS requires a paid tax preparer to get and use a preparer tax identification number (PTIN). If the preparer does not have a PTIN, that person must provide a social security number (SSN). If the preparer has a federal employer identification number (FEIN), it should be entered only in the space provided. A paid preparer must give you a copy of your tax return to keep for your records.

Third Party Designee. If you want to allow your preparer, a friend, family member, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2010 tax return with the FTB, check the "Yes" box in the signature area of your tax return. Also print the designee's name and telephone number.

Instructions: Long Form 540NR

If you check the "Yes" box, you, and your spouse/RDP if filing a joint tax return, are authorizing the FTB to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your tax return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- Give the FTB any information that is missing from your tax return.
- Call the FTB for information about the processing of your tax return or the status of your refund or payments.
- Receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your tax return, upon request.
- Respond to certain FTB notices about math errors, offsets, and tax return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the FTB. If you want to expand or change the designee's authorization, get form FTB 3520, Power of Attorney Declaration for the Franchise Tax Board.

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2011 tax return. This is April 16, 2012, for most people. If you wish to revoke the authorization before it ends, notify us by telephone at 800.852.5711 or by writing to Franchise Tax Board, PO Box 942840, Sacramento, CA 94240-0040, include your name, SSN, and the designee's name.

Power of Attorney. If another person prepared your tax return, he or she is not automatically granted access to your tax information in future dealings with us. At some point, you may wish to designate someone to act on your behalf in matters related or unrelated to your 2010 tax return (e.g., an audit examination). To protect your privacy, you must submit to us a legal document called a "Power of Attorney" (POA) authorizing another person to discuss or receive personal information about your income tax records.

For more information, get form FTB 1144, Power of Attorney Pamphlet, and form FTB 3520, Power of Attorney Declaration, at **ftb.ca.gov** or see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

Check Your Social Security Number (or ITIN). Verify that you have written your social security number (or ITIN) in the spaces provided at the top of Long Form 540NR. If you file a joint tax return, verify that you and your spouse's/RDP's numbers are entered in the same order as your names.

Filing Your Tax Return

Important: Attach a copy of your federal income tax return, and all supporting federal forms and schedules to the back of Long Form 540NR.

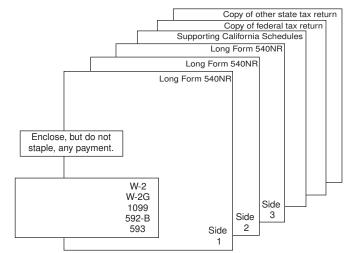
Federal Form(s) W-2, W-2G, and 1099, and CA Form(s) 592-B, and 593. Attach all the Form(s) W-2 and W-2G you received to the lower front of your tax return. Also, attach any Form(s) 1099, 592-B, and 593 showing California income tax withheld.

If you do not receive your Form(s) W-2 by January 31, 2010, contact your employer or go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **myftb accoun**t. Only your employer can issue or correct a Form W-2. If you cannot get a copy of your Form W-2, complete form FTB 3525, Substitute for Form W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, or Form 1099-R, Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

If you forget to send your Form(s) W-2 or any other withholding form(s) with your income tax return, do not send it separately, or with another copy of your tax return. Wait until the FTB requests it from you.

Assembling Your Tax Return

Assemble your tax return in the order shown below.



 ${\rm Caution:}$ Long Form 540NR has three sides. If filing Long Form 540NR, you must file all three sides with the FTB.

Mailing Your Tax Return

If you have a refund, or if no amount due, mail your tax return to:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0002

If you owe, mail your tax return to:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942867 SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0001 For Privacy Notice, get form FTB 1131.

California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return 2010

FORM

| Lona | Form | 540NR | C1 Side 1 |
|------|------|-------|-----------|
| Long | | | |

| Fis | cal | year filers only: Enter month c | of ye | ar end: month year 2011. | | |
|-------------|----------------|---|---|--|---|----|
| Your | first | name | Initial | Last name | Your SSN or ITIN | Ρ |
| lf joi | nt ret | urn, spouse's/RDP's first name | Initial | Last name | Spouse's/RDP's SSN or ITIN | AC |
| Addr | ess (| (number and street, PO Box, or PMB no | .) | | Apt. no./Ste.no. PBA Code | Α |
| City | (lf yc | ou have a foreign address, see page 15) | | | State ZIP Code | R |
| j. | - | | | | | |
| Date | • | Your DOB (mm/dd/yyyy)// | | / Spouse's/RDP's DOB (mm/dd/yyyy) | <u>/</u> | |
| Prior | | | | erent last name, write the last name only from the 2009 ta | | |
| Filing | 1 2 3 | | . Ent | 4OHead of household (with qualifyinge 3)5OQualifying widow(er) with dependentter spouse's/RDP's SSN or ITIN above and full name heatfill in the circle here and full name heat | lent child. Enter year spouse/RDP died re | |
| | 6 | lf someone can claim you (or you | ır sp | ouse/RDP) as a dependent, fill in the circle here (see p | age 15)● 6 🔿 | |
| Exemptions | 7 8 9 | Personal: If you filled in 1, 3, or 4 If you filled in the circle on line 6, Blind: If you (or your spouse/RDF if both are visually impaired, enter Senior: If you (or your spouse/RDF | l abo see P) ar r 2 . DP) a ttions | are 65 or older, enter 1; if both are 65 or older, enter 2 . ship. Do not include yourself or your spouse/RDP. | $ 7 \square X \$99 = \$ \$ $ 8 \square X \$99 = \$ \$ $. \bullet 9 \square X \$99 = \$ \$ | |
| | 11 | Exemption amount: Add line 7 th | | h line 10 | s ●10 ⊥ X \$99 = \$ 11 \$ | |
| ome | | | | n(s) W-2, box 16 12 e 37; 1040A, line 21; 1040EZ, line 4; 1040NR, line 36; | 00 | 1 |
| Incon | 14 | | | Enter the amount from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, | | 00 |
| ble | 15 | Subtract line 14 from line 13. If le | ss th | nan zero, enter the result in parentheses (see page 16). | | 00 |
| Гаха | | | | ter the amount from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, co es. Combine line 15 and line 16 | | 00 |
| Total Taxa | | Enter the larger of: Your California | a ite | mized deductions from Schedule CA (540NR), line 43; | OR | |
| F | 19 | | | ee page 16) | | 00 |
| | 31 32 | | | able \bigcirc Tax Rate Schedule \bigcirc FTB 3800 \bigcirc FTB 380 dule CA (540NR), Part IV, line 45 \bullet 32 | | 00 |
| ome | 35 | CA Taxable Income from Schedule | e CA | (540NR), Part IV, line 49 | | 00 |
| ible Income | 36 37 38 | CA Tax Before Exemption Credits. CA Exemption Credit Percentage. | Mul Divio | | | 00 |
| Taxable | 39 | | | oly line 11 by line 38. If the amount on line 13 is more | | 00 |
| CA | 40 | CA Regular Tax Before Credits. Su | ıbtra | ct line 39 from line 37. If less than zero, enter -0- \ldots . | | 00 |
| | 41 42 | · · · · · · | | rom: \bigcirc Schedule G-1 \bigcirc FTB 5870A | | 00 |
| | 4Z | | | | | 00 |

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| | 50 | Enter the amount from Side 1, line 42 | . 50 | 00 |
|-------------------------|----------------|---|--------------|----------------------|
| | 52 53 | Credit for joint custody head of household (see page 18) 00 Credit for dependent parent (see page 18) 52 OO 52 Credit for senior head of household (see page 19) 53 OO 00 Credit percentage. Divide line 35 by line 19. If more than 1, enter 1.0000 (see page 19) 54 | | |
| | 55 | Credit amount (see page 19). | 55 | 00 |
| edits | 56 | New jobs credit, amount generated (see page 19) | | |
| Special Credits | 57 | New jobs credit, amount claimed (see page 19) | 57 | 00 |
| Spec | 58 | Enter credit namecode noand amount D | ▶ 58 | 00 |
| | 59 | Enter credit nameand amount | ► 59 <u></u> | 00 |
| | 61 62 | To claim more than two credits (see page 19) . Nonrefundable renter's credit (see page 57). Add line 55 and line 57 through line 61. These are your total credits. Subtract line 62 from line 50. If less than zero, enter -0- | 61 . 62 | 00 |
| Other Taxes | 72 73 | Alternative minimum tax. Attach Schedule P (540NR) Mental Health Services Tax (see page 20) Other taxes and credit recapture (see page 20) Add line 63, line 71, line 72, and line 73. This is your total tax. | 72 73 | 00 |
| | 82 83 84 | California income tax withheld (see page 20) | 82 83 | 00 |
| ents | 85 | Qualifying person's social security number | | |
| Payments | 86 | Qualifying person's social security number | | |
| _ | | Enter the amount from FTB 3506, Part III, line 8 | | |
| | | | N 00 | 00 |
| | 88 89 | Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 12 | | 00 |
| Overpaid Tav/Tav Due | 102 103 | Overpaid tax. If line 89 is more than line 74, subtract line 74 from line 89 Amount of line 101 you want applied to your 2011 estimated tax Overpaid tax available this year. Subtract line 102 from line 101 Tax due. If line 89 is less than line 74, subtract line 89 from line 74 | 102 103 | 00 00 00 00 |

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| | | | | Code <u>Amount</u> |
|---------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | ors Special Fund. See instructions (see page 21) | | |
| | | sease/Related Disorders Fund | | |
| | | d for Senior Citizens | | |
| | | Ingered Species Preservation Program | | |
| | | 's Trust Fund for the Prevention of Child Abuse | | |
| Suc | California Brea | ist Cancer Research Fund | | |
| utič | California Fire | ighters' Memorial Fund | | |
| rib | Emergency Fo | od for Families Fund | | |
| Contributions | California Pea | ce Officer Memorial Foundation Fund | | |
| Ö | | Otter Fund | | |
| | | und | | |
| | | ce Activities League (CALPAL) Fund | | |
| | | rans Homes Fund | | |
| | | lered Baby Fund | | |
| | | • | | |
| | 120 Add cod | e 400 through code 418. This is your total contribution | | .• 12000 |
| Amouni | Mail to: | YOU OWE. Add line 104 and line 120 (see page 22). Do not send cas FRANCHISE TAX BOARD, PO BOX 942867, SACRAMENTO CA 94267 ne – Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for web pay. | | <u> </u> |
| and | 0 122 Interest | late return penalties, and late payment penalties | | 122 00 |
| st. | | /ment of estimated tax. Fill in the circle: \bigcirc FTB 5805 attached \bigcirc | | |
| ere | <u> </u> | punt due (see page 23). Enclose, but do not staple, any payment | | |
| Ē | | | | |
| Deposit | Mail to: | OR NO AMOUNT DUE. Subtract line 120 from line 103. FRANCHISE TAX BOARD, PO BOX 942840, SACRAMENTO CA 94240- rmation to authorize direct deposit of your refund into one or two acco . Have you verified the routing and account numbers? Use whole do | ounts. Do not attach a voided | |
| Direct | All or the follo | wing amount of my refund (line 125) is authorized for direct deposit i | | r. |
| and | | □ Savings | | |
| ar | Routing nu | | | 126 Direct deposit amount |
| efund | The remaining | amount of my refund (line 125) is authorized for direct deposit into t Checking | he account shown below: | |
| Å | | | | |
| | Routing nu | | | 127 Direct deposit amount |
| IM | - | ch a copy of your complete federal return. | | · |
| Un | der penalties of | perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, including accompar | nying schedules and stateme | nts, and to the best of my |
| | | Your signature Spouse's/RDP's signature (if a joint tax return, both | | ne phone number (optional) |
| S | ign | | × | |
| Η | lere | X X Your email address (optional). Enter only one email address. | Date 🗆 | |
| | s unlawful | | | |
| spo | forge a ouse's/RDP's | Paid preparer's signature (declaration of preparer is based on all information of which | h preparer has any knowledge) | Paid preparer's PTIN/SSN |
| | nature. | Firm's name (or yours, if self-employed) Firm's address | | FEIN |
| | int tax return? ee page 23) | | | |
| 100 | ·· pugo 20) | Do you want to allow another person to discuss this tax return with u | s (see page 23)? | |
| _ | | Print Third Party Designee's Name | Telephone | e Number |
| | | | | |
| _ | | 3133103 | Lor | ng Form 540NR c1 2010 Side 3 |

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Visit our website:

ftb.ca.gov

2010 California Tax Table

To Find Your Tax:

- Read down the column labeled "If Your Taxable Income Is ... " to find the range that includes your taxable income from Long or Short Form 540NR, line 19.
- Read across the columns labeled "The Tax For Filing Status" until you find the tax that applies for your taxable income and filing status.

| Filing sta | atus: 1 or 3 | (Single; N | larried/RDP | Filing S | | | (Married/F | RDP Filing Jo | ointly; Q | ualifying V | Vidow(er)) | 4 (Hea | d of Househ | old) |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| lf Your T Income | | | e Tax For ng Status | | lf Your Ta Income | | | ne Tax For ing Status | | If Your Ta Income | | | e Tax For ng Status | |
| At Least | But Not Over | 1 Or 3 Is | 2 Or 5 Is | 4 Is | At Least | But Not Over | 1 Or 3 Is | 2 Or 5 Is | 4 Is | At Least | But Not Over | 1 Or 3 Is | 2 Or 5 Is | 4 Is |
| \$1 51 151 251 351 | 150 250 350 | \$0 1 3 4 5 | \$0 1 3 4 5 | \$0 1 3 4 5 | 6,451 6,551 6,651 6,751 6,851 | 6,550 6,650 6,750 6,850 6,950 | 81 83 84 85 86 | 81 83 84 85 86 | 81 83 84 85 86 | 12,951 13,051 13,151 13,251 13,351 | 13,050 13,150 13,250 13,350 13,450 | 221 224 226 228 230 | 163 164 165 166 168 | 163 164 165 166 168 |
| 451 551 651 751 851 | 650 750 850 | 6 8 9 10 11 | 6 8 9 10 11 | 6 8 9 10 11 | 6,951 7,051 7,151 7,251 7,351 | 7,050 7,150 7,250 7,350 7,450 | 88 89 91 93 95 | 88 89 90 91 93 | 88 89 90 91 93 | 13,451 13,551 13,651 13,751 13,851 | 13,550 13,650 13,750 13,850 13,950 | 233 235 237 239 242 | 169 170 171 173 174 | 169 170 171 173 174 |
| 951 1,051 1,151 1,251 1,351 | 1,150 1,250 1,350 | 13 14 15 16 18 | 13 14 15 16 18 | 13 14 15 16 18 | 7,451 7,551 7,651 7,751 7,851 | 7,550 7,650 7,750 7,850 7,950 | 98 100 102 104 107 | 94 95 96 98 99 | 94 95 96 98 99 | 13,951 14,051 14,151 14,251 14,351 | 14,050 14,150 14,250 14,350 14,450 | 244 246 248 251 253 | 175 176 178 179 182 | 175 176 178 179 181 |
| 1,451 1,551 1,651 1,751 1,851 | 1,650 1,750 1,850 | 19 20 21 23 24 | 19 20 21 23 24 | 19 20 21 23 24 | 7,951 8,051 8,151 8,251 8,351 | 8,050 8,150 8,250 8,350 8,450 | 109 111 113 116 118 | 100 101 103 104 105 | 100 101 103 104 105 | 14,451 14,551 14,651 14,751 14,851 | 14,550 14,650 14,750 14,850 14,950 | 255 257 260 262 264 | 184 186 188 191 193 | 184 186 188 190 193 |
| 1,951 2,051 2,151 2,251 2,351 | 2,150 2,250 2,350 | 25 26 28 29 30 | 25 26 28 29 30 | 25 26 28 29 30 | 8,451 8,551 8,651 8,751 8,851 | 8,550 8,650 8,750 8,850 8,950 | 120 122 125 127 129 | 106 108 109 110 111 | 106 108 109 110 111 | 14,951 15,051 15,151 15,251 15,351 | 15,050 15,150 15,250 15,350 15,450 | 266 269 271 273 275 | 195 197 200 202 204 | 195 197 199 202 204 |
| 2,451 2,551 2,651 2,751 2,851 | 2,650 2,750 2,850 | 31 33 34 35 36 | 31 33 34 35 36 | 31 33 34 35 36 | 8,951 9,051 9,151 9,251 9,351 | 9,050 9,150 9,250 9,350 9,450 | 131 134 136 138 140 | 113 114 115 116 118 | 113 114 115 116 118 | 15,451 15,551 15,651 15,751 15,851 | 15,550 15,650 15,750 15,850 15,950 | 278 280 282 284 287 | 206 209 211 213 215 | 206 208 211 213 215 |
| 2,951 3,051 3,151 3,251 3,351 | 3,150 3,250 3,350 | 38 39 40 41 43 | 38 39 40 41 43 | 38 39 40 41 43 | 9,451 9,551 9,651 9,751 9,851 | 9,550 9,650 9,750 9,850 9,950 | 143 145 147 149 152 | 119 120 121 123 124 | 119 120 121 123 124 | 15,951 16,051 16,151 16,251 16,351 | 16,050 16,150 16,250 16,350 16,450 | 289 291 293 296 298 | 218 220 222 224 227 | 217 220 222 224 226 |
| 3,451 3,551 3,651 3,751 3,851 | 3,650 3,750 3,850 | 44 45 46 48 49 | 44 45 46 48 49 | 44 45 46 48 49 | 9,951 10,051 10,151 10,251 10,351 | 10,050 10,150 10,250 10,350 10,450 | 154 156 158 161 163 | 125 126 128 129 130 | 125 126 128 129 130 | 16,451 16,551 16,651 16,751 16,851 | 16,550 16,650 16,750 16,850 16,950 | 300 302 305 307 309 | 229 231 233 236 238 | 229 231 233 235 238 |
| 3,951 4,051 4,151 4,251 4,351 | 4,150 4,250 4,350 | 50 51 53 54 55 | 50 51 53 54 55 | 50 51 53 54 55 | 10,451 10,551 10,651 10,751 10,851 | 10,550 10,650 10,750 10,850 10,950 | 165 167 170 172 174 | 131 133 134 135 136 | 131 133 134 135 136 | 16,951 17,051 17,151 17,251 17,351 | 17,050 17,150 17,250 17,350 17,450 | 313 318 322 326 330 | 240 242 245 247 249 | 240 242 244 247 249 |
| 4,451 4,551 4,651 4,751 4,851 | 4,650 4,750 4,850 | 56 58 59 60 61 | 56 58 59 60 61 | 56 58 59 60 61 | 10,951 11,051 11,151 11,251 11,351 | 11,050 11,150 11,250 11,350 11,450 | 176 179 181 183 185 | 138 139 140 141 143 | 138 139 140 141 143 | 17,451 17,551 17,651 17,751 17,851 | 17,550 17,650 17,750 17,850 17,950 | 335 339 343 347 352 | 251 254 256 258 260 | 251 253 256 258 260 |
| 4,951 5,051 5,151 5,251 5,351 | 5,150 5,250 5,350 | 63 64 65 66 68 | 63 64 65 66 68 | 63 64 65 66 68 | 11,451 11,551 11,651 11,751 11,851 | 11,550 11,650 11,750 11,850 11,950 | 188 190 192 194 197 | 144 145 146 148 149 | 144 145 146 148 149 | 17,951 18,051 18,151 18,251 18,351 | 18,050 18,150 18,250 18,350 18,450 | 356 360 364 369 373 | 263 265 267 269 272 | 262 265 267 269 271 |
| 5,451 5,551 5,651 5,751 5,851 | 5,650 5,750 5,850 | 69 70 71 73 74 | 69 70 71 73 74 | 69 70 71 73 74 | 11,951 12,051 12,151 12,251 12,351 | 12,050 12,150 12,250 12,350 12,450 | 199 201 203 206 208 | 150 151 153 154 155 | 150 151 153 154 155 | 18,451 18,551 18,651 18,751 18,851 | 18,550 18,650 18,750 18,850 18,950 | 377 381 386 390 394 | 274 276 278 281 283 | 274 276 278 280 283 |
| 5,951 6,051 6,151 6,251 6,351 | 6,150 6,250 6,350 | 75 76 78 79 80 | 75 76 78 79 80 | 75 76 78 79 80 | 12,451 12,551 12,651 12,751 12,851 | 12,550 12,650 12,750 12,850 12,950 | 210 212 215 217 219 | 156 158 159 160 161 | 156 158 159 160 161 | 18,951 19,051 19,151 19,251 19,351 | 19,050 19,150 19,250 19,350 19,450 | 398 403 407 411 415 | 285 287 290 292 294 | 285 287 289 292 294 |

540NR Tax Booklet 2010 Page 29

| Filing status: 1 or 3 (Single; Married/RDP Filing Separately) | | | | | | | r 5 (Married/RDP Filing Jointly; Qualify | | | | | | 4 (Head of Household) | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| If Your Ta Income | | | e Tax For ng Status | | lf Your Ta Income | | | e Tax For ing Status | | If Your Ta Income | | | e Tax For ing Status | |
| At | But Not | 1 Or 3 | 2 Or 5 | 4 | At | But Not | 1 Or 3 | 2 Or 5 | 4 | At | But Not | 1 Or 3 | 2 Or 5 | 4 |
| Least | Over | Is | Is | Is | Least | Over | Is | Is | Is | Least | Over | Is | Is | Is |
| 19,451 | 19,550 | 420 | 296 | 296 | 26,451 | 26,550 | 717 | 454 | 454 | 33,451 | 33,550 | 1,152 | 611 | 611 |
| 19,551 | 19,650 | 424 | 299 | 298 | 26,551 | 26,650 | 721 | 456 | 456 | 33,551 | 33,650 | 1,158 | 614 | 613 |
| 19,651 | 19,750 | 428 | 301 | 301 | 26,651 | 26,750 | 727 | 458 | 458 | 33,651 | 33,750 | 1,164 | 616 | 616 |
| 19,751 | 19,850 | 432 | 303 | 303 | 26,751 | 26,850 | 733 | 461 | 460 | 33,751 | 33,850 | 1,170 | 618 | 618 |
| 19,851 | 19,950 | 437 | 305 | 305 | 26,851 | 26,950 | 739 | 463 | 463 | 33,851 | 33,950 | 1,177 | 623 | 623 |
| 19,951 20,051 20,151 20,251 20,351 | 20,250 20,350 | 441 445 449 454 458 | 308 310 312 314 317 | 307 310 312 314 316 | 26,951 27,051 27,151 27,251 27,351 | 27,050 27,150 27,250 27,350 27,450 | 745 752 758 764 770 | 465 467 470 472 474 | 465 467 469 472 474 | 33,951 34,051 34,151 34,251 34,351 | 34,050 34,150 34,250 34,350 34,450 | 1,183 1,189 1,195 1,202 1,208 | 627 631 635 640 644 | 627 631 635 640 644 |
| 20,451 | 20,550 | 462 | 319 | 319 | 27,451 | 27,550 | 777 | 476 | 476 | 34,451 | 34,550 | 1,214 | 648 | 648 |
| 20,551 | 20,650 | 466 | 321 | 321 | 27,551 | 27,650 | 783 | 479 | 478 | 34,551 | 34,650 | 1,220 | 652 | 652 |
| 20,651 | 20,750 | 471 | 323 | 323 | 27,651 | 27,750 | 789 | 481 | 481 | 34,651 | 34,750 | 1,227 | 657 | 657 |
| 20,751 | 20,850 | 475 | 326 | 325 | 27,751 | 27,850 | 795 | 483 | 483 | 34,751 | 34,850 | 1,233 | 661 | 661 |
| 20,851 | 20,950 | 479 | 328 | 328 | 27,851 | 27,950 | 802 | 485 | 485 | 34,851 | 34,950 | 1,239 | 665 | 665 |
| 20,951 | 21,350 | 483 | 330 | 330 | 27,951 | 28,050 | 808 | 488 | 487 | 34,951 | 35,050 | 1,245 | 669 | 669 |
| 21,051 | | 488 | 332 | 332 | 28,051 | 28,150 | 814 | 490 | 490 | 35,051 | 35,150 | 1,252 | 674 | 674 |
| 21,151 | | 492 | 335 | 334 | 28,151 | 28,250 | 820 | 492 | 492 | 35,151 | 35,250 | 1,258 | 678 | 678 |
| 21,251 | | 496 | 337 | 337 | 28,251 | 28,350 | 827 | 494 | 494 | 35,251 | 35,350 | 1,264 | 682 | 682 |
| 21,351 | | 500 | 339 | 339 | 28,351 | 28,450 | 833 | 497 | 496 | 35,351 | 35,450 | 1,270 | 686 | 686 |
| 21,451 | 21,550 | 505 | 341 | 341 | 28,451 | 28,550 | 839 | 499 | 499 | 35,451 | 35,550 | 1,277 | 691 | 691 |
| 21,551 | 21,650 | 509 | 344 | 343 | 28,551 | 28,650 | 845 | 501 | 501 | 35,551 | 35,650 | 1,283 | 695 | 695 |
| 21,651 | 21,750 | 513 | 346 | 346 | 28,651 | 28,750 | 852 | 503 | 503 | 35,651 | 35,750 | 1,289 | 699 | 699 |
| 21,751 | 21,850 | 517 | 348 | 348 | 28,751 | 28,850 | 858 | 506 | 505 | 35,751 | 35,850 | 1,295 | 703 | 703 |
| 21,851 | 21,950 | 522 | 350 | 350 | 28,851 | 28,950 | 864 | 508 | 508 | 35,851 | 35,950 | 1,302 | 708 | 708 |
| 21,951 | 22,050 | 526 | 353 | 352 | 28,951 | 29,050 | 870 | 510 | 510 | 35,951 | 36,050 | 1,308 | 712 | 712 |
| 22,051 | 22,150 | 530 | 355 | 355 | 29,051 | 29,150 | 877 | 512 | 512 | 36,051 | 36,150 | 1,314 | 716 | 716 |
| 22,151 | 22,250 | 534 | 357 | 357 | 29,151 | 29,250 | 883 | 515 | 514 | 36,151 | 36,250 | 1,320 | 720 | 720 |
| 22,251 | 22,350 | 539 | 359 | 359 | 29,251 | 29,350 | 889 | 517 | 517 | 36,251 | 36,350 | 1,327 | 725 | 725 |
| 22,351 | 22,450 | 543 | 362 | 361 | 29,351 | 29,450 | 895 | 519 | 519 | 36,351 | 36,450 | 1,333 | 729 | 729 |
| 22,451 22,551 22,651 22,751 22,851 | 22,850 | 547 551 556 560 564 | 364 366 368 371 373 | 364 366 368 370 373 | 29,451 29,551 29,651 29,751 29,851 | 29,550 29,650 29,750 29,850 29,950 | 902 908 914 920 927 | 521 524 526 528 530 | 521 523 526 528 530 | 36,451 36,551 36,651 36,751 36,851 | 36,550 36,650 36,750 36,850 36,950 | 1,339 1,345 1,352 1,358 1,358 1,364 | 733 737 742 746 750 | 733 737 742 746 750 |
| 22,951 23,051 23,151 23,251 23,351 | 23,250 23,350 | 568 573 577 581 585 | 375 377 380 382 384 | 375 377 379 382 384 | 29,951 30,051 30,151 30,251 30,351 | 30,050 30,150 30,250 30,350 30,450 | 933 939 945 952 958 | 533 535 537 539 542 | 532 535 537 539 541 | 36,951 37,051 37,151 37,251 37,351 | 37,050 37,150 37,250 37,350 37,450 | 1,370 1,378 1,387 1,395 1,403 | 754 759 763 767 771 | 754 759 763 767 771 |
| 23,451 | | 590 | 386 | 386 | 30,451 | 30,550 | 964 | 544 | 544 | 37,451 | 37,550 | 1,411 | 776 | 776 |
| 23,551 | | 594 | 389 | 388 | 30,551 | 30,650 | 970 | 546 | 546 | 37,551 | 37,650 | 1,420 | 780 | 780 |
| 23,651 | | 598 | 391 | 391 | 30,651 | 30,750 | 977 | 548 | 548 | 37,651 | 37,750 | 1,428 | 784 | 784 |
| 23,751 | | 602 | 393 | 393 | 30,751 | 30,850 | 983 | 551 | 550 | 37,751 | 37,850 | 1,436 | 788 | 788 |
| 23,851 | | 607 | 395 | 395 | 30,851 | 30,950 | 989 | 553 | 553 | 37,851 | 37,950 | 1,444 | 793 | 793 |
| 23,951 | 24,050 | 611 | 398 | 397 | 30,951 | 31,050 | 995 | 555 | 555 | 37,951 | 38,050 | 1,453 | 797 | 797 |
| 24,051 | 24,150 | 615 | 400 | 400 | 31,051 | 31,150 | 1,002 | 557 | 557 | 38,051 | 38,150 | 1,461 | 801 | 801 |
| 24,151 | 24,250 | 619 | 402 | 402 | 31,151 | 31,250 | 1,008 | 560 | 559 | 38,151 | 38,250 | 1,469 | 805 | 805 |
| 24,251 | 24,350 | 624 | 404 | 404 | 31,251 | 31,350 | 1,014 | 562 | 562 | 38,251 | 38,350 | 1,477 | 810 | 810 |
| 24,351 | 24,450 | 628 | 407 | 406 | 31,351 | 31,450 | 1,020 | 564 | 564 | 38,351 | 38,450 | 1,486 | 814 | 814 |
| 24,451 | 24,550 | 632 | 409 | 409 | 31,451 | 31,550 | 1,027 | 566 | 566 | 38,451 | 38,550 | 1,494 | 818 | 818 |
| 24,551 | 24,650 | 636 | 411 | 411 | 31,551 | 31,650 | 1,033 | 569 | 568 | 38,551 | 38,650 | 1,502 | 822 | 822 |
| 24,651 | 24,750 | 641 | 413 | 413 | 31,651 | 31,750 | 1,039 | 571 | 571 | 38,651 | 38,750 | 1,510 | 827 | 827 |
| 24,751 | 24,850 | 645 | 416 | 415 | 31,751 | 31,850 | 1,045 | 573 | 573 | 38,751 | 38,850 | 1,519 | 831 | 831 |
| 24,851 | 24,950 | 649 | 418 | 418 | 31,851 | 31,950 | 1,052 | 575 | 575 | 38,851 | 38,950 | 1,527 | 835 | 835 |
| 24,951 25,051 25,151 25,251 25,351 | 25,050 25,150 25,250 25,350 | 653 658 662 666 670 | 420 422 425 427 429 | 420 422 424 427 429 | 31,951 32,051 32,151 32,251 32,351 | 32,050 32,150 32,250 32,350 32,450 | 1,058 1,064 1,070 1,077 1,083 | 578 580 582 584 587 | 577 580 582 584 586 | 38,951 39,051 39,151 39,251 39,351 | 39,050 39,150 39,250 39,350 39,450 | 1,535 1,543 1,552 1,560 1,568 | 839 844 848 852 856 | 839 844 848 852 856 |
| 25,451 | 25,550 | 675 | 431 | 431 | 32,451 | 32,550 | 1,089 | 589 | 589 | 39,451 | 39,550 | 1,576 | 861 | 861 |
| 25,551 | 25,650 | 679 | 434 | 433 | 32,551 | 32,650 | 1,095 | 591 | 591 | 39,551 | 39,650 | 1,585 | 865 | 865 |
| 25,651 | 25,750 | 683 | 436 | 436 | 32,651 | 32,750 | 1,102 | 593 | 593 | 39,651 | 39,750 | 1,593 | 869 | 869 |
| 25,751 | 25,850 | 687 | 438 | 438 | 32,751 | 32,850 | 1,108 | 596 | 595 | 39,751 | 39,850 | 1,601 | 873 | 873 |
| 25,851 | 25,950 | 692 | 440 | 440 | 32,851 | 32,950 | 1,114 | 598 | 598 | 39,851 | 39,950 | 1,609 | 878 | 878 |
| 25,951 26,051 26,151 26,251 26,351 | 26,250 26,350 | 696 700 704 709 713 | 443 445 447 449 452 | 442 445 447 449 451 | 32,951 33,051 33,151 33,251 33,351 | 33,050 33,150 33,250 33,350 33,450 | 1,120 1,127 1,133 1,139 1,145 | 600 602 605 607 609 | 600 602 604 607 609 | 39,951 40,051 40,151 40,251 40,351 | 40,050 40,150 40,250 40,350 40,450 | 1,618 1,626 1,634 1,642 1,651 | 882 886 890 895 899 | 882 886 890 895 899 |
| | | | lat 0010 | | | | | | | | | Conti | nued on ne | ext page. |

| Filing status: 1 or 3 (Single; Married/RDP Filing | | | | | | | | | | ualifying Widow(er)) | | 4 (Head of Household) | | |
|---|----------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| If Your Ta Income | | | e Tax For ng Status | | If Your Taxable The Tax For Income Is Filing Status | | | If Your Ta Income | | The Tax For Filing Status | | | | |
| At Least | But Not Over | 1 Or 3 Is | 2 Or 5 Is | 4 Is | At Least | But Not Over | 1 Or 3 Is | 2 Or 5 Is | 4 Is | At Least | But Not Over | 1 Or 3 Is | 2 Or 5 Is | 4 Is |
| 40,451 40,551 40,651 40,751 40,851 | 40,650 40,750 40,850 | 1,659 1,667 1,675 1,684 1,692 | 903 907 912 916 920 | 903 907 912 916 920 | 47,451 47,551 47,651 47,751 47,851 | 47,550 47,650 47,750 47,850 47,950 | 2,246 2,256 2,265 2,275 2,284 | 1,201 1,205 1,209 1,213 1,218 | 1,280 1,286 1,292 1,298 1,305 | 54,451 54,551 54,651 54,751 54,851 | 54,550 54,650 54,750 54,850 54,950 | 2,915 2,924 2,934 2,943 2,953 | 1,522 1,528 1,534 1,541 1,547 | 1,729 1,738 1,746 1,754 1,762 |
| 40,951 41,051 41,151 41,251 41,351 | 41,250 41,350 | 1,700 1,708 1,717 1,725 1,733 | 924 929 933 937 941 | 924 929 933 937 941 | 47,951 48,051 48,151 48,251 48,351 | 48,050 48,150 48,250 48,350 48,450 | 2,294 2,303 2,313 2,322 2,332 | 1,222 1,226 1,230 1,235 1,239 | 1,311 1,317 1,323 1,330 1,336 | 54,951 55,051 55,151 55,251 55,351 | 55,050 55,150 55,250 55,350 55,450 | 2,962 2,972 2,981 2,991 3,000 | 1,553 1,559 1,566 1,572 1,578 | 1,771 1,779 1,787 1,795 1,804 |
| 41,451 41,551 41,651 41,751 41,851 | 41,750 41,850 | 1,741 1,750 1,758 1,766 1,774 | 946 950 954 958 963 | 946 950 954 958 963 | 48,451 48,551 48,651 48,751 48,851 | 48,550 48,650 48,750 48,850 48,950 | 2,342 2,351 2,361 2,370 2,380 | 1,243 1,247 1,252 1,256 1,260 | 1,342 1,348 1,355 1,361 1,367 | 55,451 55,551 55,651 55,751 55,851 | 55,550 55,650 55,750 55,850 55,950 | 3,010 3,020 3,029 3,039 3,048 | 1,584 1,591 1,597 1,603 1,609 | 1,812 1,820 1,828 1,837 1,845 |
| 41,951 42,051 42,151 42,251 42,351 | 42,250 42,350 | 1,783 1,791 1,799 1,807 1,816 | 967 971 975 980 984 | 967 971 975 980 984 | 48,951 49,051 49,151 49,251 49,351 | 49,050 49,150 49,250 49,350 49,450 | 2,389 2,399 2,408 2,418 2,427 | 1,264 1,269 1,273 1,277 1,281 | 1,373 1,380 1,386 1,392 1,398 | 55,951 56,051 56,151 56,251 56,351 | 56,050 56,150 56,250 56,350 56,450 | 3,058 3,067 3,077 3,086 3,096 | 1,616 1,622 1,628 1,634 1,641 | 1,853 1,861 1,870 1,878 1,886 |
| 42,451 42,551 42,651 42,751 42,851 | 42,750 42,850 | 1,824 1,832 1,840 1,849 1,857 | 988 992 997 1,001 1,005 | 988 992 997 1,001 1,005 | 49,451 49,551 49,651 49,751 49,851 | 49,550 49,650 49,750 49,850 49,950 | 2,437 2,447 2,456 2,466 2,475 | 1,286 1,290 1,294 1,298 1,303 | 1,405 1,411 1,417 1,423 1,430 | 56,451 56,551 56,651 56,751 56,851 | 56,550 56,650 56,750 56,850 56,950 | 3,106 3,115 3,125 3,134 3,144 | 1,647 1,653 1,659 1,666 1,672 | 1,894 1,903 1,911 1,919 1,927 |
| 42,951 43,051 43,151 43,251 43,351 | 43,250 43,350 | 1,865 1,873 1,882 1,890 1,898 | 1,009 1,014 1,018 1,022 1,026 | 1,009 1,014 1,018 1,022 1,026 | 49,951 50,051 50,151 50,251 50,351 | 50,050 50,150 50,250 50,350 50,450 | 2,485 2,494 2,504 2,513 2,523 | 1,307 1,311 1,315 1,320 1,324 | 1,436 1,442 1,448 1,455 1,461 | 56,951 57,051 57,151 57,251 57,351 | 57,050 57,150 57,250 57,350 57,450 | 3,153 3,163 3,172 3,182 3,191 | 1,678 1,684 1,691 1,697 1,703 | 1,936 1,944 1,952 1,960 1,969 |
| 43,451 43,551 43,651 43,751 43,851 | 43,750 43,850 | 1,906 1,915 1,923 1,931 1,939 | 1,031 1,035 1,039 1,043 1,048 | 1,031 1,036 1,042 1,048 1,055 | 50,451 50,551 50,651 50,751 50,851 | 50,550 50,650 50,750 50,850 50,950 | 2,533 2,542 2,552 2,561 2,571 | 1,328 1,332 1,337 1,341 1,345 | 1,467 1,473 1,480 1,486 1,492 | 57,451 57,551 57,651 57,751 57,851 | 57,550 57,650 57,750 57,850 57,950 | 3,201 3,211 3,220 3,230 3,239 | 1,709 1,716 1,722 1,728 1,734 | 1,977 1,985 1,993 2,002 2,010 |
| 43,951 44,051 44,151 44,251 44,351 | 44,250 44,350 | 1,948 1,956 1,964 1,972 1,981 | 1,052 1,056 1,060 1,065 1,069 | 1,061 1,067 1,073 1,080 1,086 | 50,951 51,051 51,151 51,251 51,351 | 51,050 51,150 51,250 51,350 51,450 | 2,580 2,590 2,599 2,609 2,618 | 1,349 1,354 1,358 1,362 1,366 | 1,498 1,505 1,511 1,517 1,523 | 57,951 58,051 58,151 58,251 58,351 | 58,050 58,150 58,250 58,350 58,450 | 3,249 3,258 3,268 3,277 3,287 | 1,741 1,747 1,753 1,759 1,766 | 2,018 2,026 2,035 2,043 2,051 |
| 44,451 44,551 44,651 44,751 44,851 | 44,750 44,850 | 1,989 1,997 2,005 2,014 2,022 | 1,073 1,077 1,082 1,086 1,090 | 1,092 1,098 1,105 1,111 1,117 | 51,451 51,551 51,651 51,751 51,851 | 51,550 51,650 51,750 51,850 51,950 | 2,628 2,638 2,647 2,657 2,666 | 1,371 1,375 1,379 1,383 1,388 | 1,530 1,536 1,542 1,548 1,555 | 58,451 58,551 58,651 58,751 58,851 | 58,550 58,650 58,750 58,850 58,950 | 3,297 3,306 3,316 3,325 3,335 | 1,772 1,778 1,784 1,791 1,797 | 2,059 2,068 2,076 2,084 2,092 |
| 44,951 45,051 45,151 45,251 45,351 | 45,250 45,350 | 2,030 2,038 2,047 2,055 2,063 | 1,094 1,099 1,103 1,107 1,111 | 1,123 1,130 1,136 1,142 1,148 | 51,951 52,051 52,151 52,251 52,351 | 52,050 52,150 52,250 52,350 52,450 | 2,676 2,685 2,695 2,704 2,714 | 1,392 1,396 1,400 1,405 1,409 | 1,561 1,567 1,573 1,580 1,586 | 58,951 59,051 59,151 59,251 59,351 | 59,050 59,150 59,250 59,350 59,450 | 3,344 3,354 3,363 3,373 3,382 | 1,803 1,809 1,816 1,822 1,828 | 2,101 2,109 2,117 2,125 2,134 |
| 45,451 45,551 45,651 45,751 45,851 | 45,750 45,850 | 2,071 2,080 2,088 2,096 2,104 | 1,116 1,120 1,124 1,128 1,133 | 1,155 1,161 1,167 1,173 1,180 | 52,451 52,551 52,651 52,751 52,851 | 52,550 52,650 52,750 52,850 52,950 | 2,724 2,733 2,743 2,752 2,762 | 1,413 1,417 1,422 1,426 1,430 | 1,592 1,598 1,605 1,611 1,617 | 59,451 59,551 59,651 59,751 59,851 | 59,550 59,650 59,750 59,850 59,950 | 3,392 3,402 3,411 3,421 3,430 | 1,834 1,841 1,847 1,853 1,859 | 2,142 2,150 2,158 2,167 2,175 |
| 45,951 46,051 46,151 46,251 46,351 | 46,250 46,350 | 2,113 2,121 2,129 2,137 2,146 | 1,137 1,141 1,145 1,150 1,154 | 1,186 1,192 1,198 1,205 1,211 | 52,951 53,051 53,151 53,251 53,351 | 53,050 53,150 53,250 53,350 53,450 | 2,771 2,781 2,790 2,800 2,809 | 1,434 1,439 1,443 1,447 1,453 | 1,623 1,630 1,636 1,642 1,648 | 59,951 60,051 60,151 60,251 60,351 | 60,050 60,150 60,250 60,350 60,450 | 3,440 3,449 3,459 3,468 3,478 | 1,866 1,872 1,878 1,884 1,891 | 2,183 2,191 2,200 2,208 2,216 |
| 46,451 46,551 46,651 46,751 46,851 | 46,850 | 2,154 2,162 2,170 2,179 2,189 | 1,158 1,162 1,167 1,171 1,175 | 1,217 1,223 1,230 1,236 1,242 | 53,451 53,551 53,651 53,751 53,851 | 53,550 53,650 53,750 53,850 53,950 | 2,819 2,829 2,838 2,848 2,857 | 1,459 1,466 1,472 1,478 1,484 | 1,655 1,661 1,667 1,673 1,680 | 60,451 60,551 60,651 60,751 60,851 | 60,550 60,650 60,750 60,850 60,950 | 3,488 3,497 3,507 3,516 3,526 | 1,897 1,903 1,909 1,916 1,922 | 2,224 2,233 2,241 2,249 2,257 |
| 46,951 47,051 47,151 47,251 47,351 | 47,250 47,350 | 2,198 2,208 2,217 2,227 2,236 | 1,179 1,184 1,188 1,192 1,196 | 1,248 1,255 1,261 1,267 1,273 | 53,951 54,051 54,151 54,251 54,351 | 54,050 54,150 54,250 54,350 54,450 | 2,867 2,876 2,886 2,895 2,905 | 1,491 1,497 1,503 1,509 1,516 | 1,688 1,696 1,705 1,713 1,721 | 60,951 61,051 61,151 61,251 61,351 | 61,050 61,150 61,250 61,350 61,450 | 3,535 3,545 3,554 3,564 3,573 | 1,928 1,934 1,941 1,947 1,953 | 2,266 2,274 2,282 2,290 2,299 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Conti | nued on n | lext page. |

| Filing sta | atus: 1 or 3 | 8 (Single; I | Married/RDI | P Filing S | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| If Your T Income | | | e Tax For ng Status | | If Your Taxable Income Is | | | e Tax For ing Status | | If Your Ta Income | | | e Tax For | |
| At Least | But Not Over | 1 Or 3 Is | 2 Or 5 Is | 4 Is | At Least | But Not Over | 1 Or 3 Is | 2 Or 5 Is | 4 Is | At Least | But Not Over | 1 Or 3 Is | 2 Or 5 Is | 4 Is |
| 61,451 61,551 61,651 61,751 61,851 | 61,650 61,750 61,850 | 3,583 3,593 3,602 3,612 3,621 | 1,959 1,966 1,972 1,978 1,984 | 2,307 2,315 2,323 2,332 2,340 | 68,451 68,551 68,651 68,751 68,851 | 68,550 68,650 68,750 68,850 68,950 | 4,252 4,261 4,271 4,280 4,290 | 2,397 2,403 2,409 2,416 2,422 | 2,947 2,957 2,966 2,976 2,985 | 75,451 75,551 75,651 75,751 75,851 | 75,550 75,650 75,750 75,850 75,950 | 4,920 4,930 4,939 4,949 4,958 | 2,864 2,872 2,881 2,889 2,897 | 3,616 3,625 3,635 3,644 3,654 |
| 61,951 62,051 62,151 62,251 62,351 | 62,150 62,250 62,350 | 3,631 3,640 3,650 3,659 3,669 | 1,991 1,997 2,003 2,009 2,016 | 2,348 2,356 2,365 2,373 2,381 | 68,951 69,051 69,151 69,251 69,351 | 69,050 69,150 69,250 69,350 69,450 | 4,299 4,309 4,318 4,328 4,337 | 2,428 2,434 2,441 2,447 2,453 | 2,995 3,005 3,014 3,024 3,033 | 75,951 76,051 76,151 76,251 76,351 | 76,050 76,150 76,250 76,350 76,450 | 4,968 4,977 4,987 4,996 5,006 | 2,905 2,914 2,922 2,930 2,938 | 3,664 3,673 3,683 3,692 3,702 |
| 62,451 62,551 62,651 62,751 62,851 | 62,650 62,750 62,850 | 3,679 3,688 3,698 3,707 3,717 | 2,022 2,028 2,034 2,041 2,047 | 2,389 2,398 2,406 2,414 2,422 | 69,451 69,551 69,651 69,751 69,851 | 69,550 69,650 69,750 69,850 69,950 | 4,347 4,357 4,366 4,376 4,385 | 2,459 2,466 2,472 2,478 2,484 | 3,043 3,052 3,062 3,071 3,081 | 76,451 76,551 76,651 76,751 76,851 | 76,550 76,650 76,750 76,850 76,950 | 5,016 5,025 5,035 5,044 5,054 | 2,947 2,955 2,963 2,971 2,980 | 3,711 3,721 3,730 3,740 3,749 |
| 62,951 63,051 63,151 63,251 63,351 | 63,250 63,350 | 3,726 3,736 3,745 3,755 3,764 | 2,053 2,059 2,066 2,072 2,078 | 2,431 2,439 2,447 2,455 2,464 | 69,951 70,051 70,151 70,251 70,351 | 70,050 70,150 70,250 70,350 70,450 | 4,395 4,404 4,414 4,423 4,433 | 2,491 2,497 2,503 2,509 2,516 | 3,091 3,100 3,110 3,119 3,129 | 76,951 77,051 77,151 77,251 77,351 | 77,050 77,150 77,250 77,350 77,450 | 5,063 5,073 5,082 5,092 5,101 | 2,988 2,996 3,004 3,013 3,021 | 3,759 3,769 3,778 3,788 3,788 3,797 |
| 63,451 63,551 63,651 63,751 63,851 | 63,650 63,750 63,850 | 3,774 3,784 3,793 3,803 3,812 | 2,084 2,091 2,097 2,103 2,109 | 2,472 2,480 2,489 2,498 2,508 | 70,451 70,551 70,651 70,751 70,851 | 70,550 70,650 70,750 70,850 70,950 | 4,443 4,452 4,462 4,471 4,481 | 2,522 2,528 2,534 2,541 2,547 | 3,138 3,148 3,157 3,167 3,176 | 77,451 77,551 77,651 77,751 77,851 | 77,550 77,650 77,750 77,850 77,950 | 5,111 5,121 5,130 5,140 5,149 | 3,029 3,037 3,046 3,054 3,062 | 3,807 3,816 3,826 3,835 3,845 |
| 63,951 64,051 64,151 64,251 64,351 | 64,150 64,250 64,350 | 3,822 3,831 3,841 3,850 3,860 | 2,116 2,122 2,128 2,134 2,141 | 2,518 2,527 2,537 2,546 2,556 | 70,951 71,051 71,151 71,251 71,351 | 71,050 71,150 71,250 71,350 71,450 | 4,490 4,500 4,509 4,519 4,528 | 2,553 2,559 2,566 2,572 2,578 | 3,186 3,196 3,205 3,215 3,224 | 77,951 78,051 78,151 78,251 78,351 | 78,050 78,150 78,250 78,350 78,450 | 5,159 5,168 5,178 5,187 5,187 5,197 | 3,070 3,079 3,087 3,095 3,103 | 3,855 3,864 3,874 3,883 3,893 |
| 64,451 64,551 64,651 64,751 64,851 | 64,650 64,750 64,850 | 3,870 3,879 3,889 3,898 3,908 | 2,147 2,153 2,159 2,166 2,172 | 2,565 2,575 2,584 2,594 2,603 | 71,451 71,551 71,651 71,751 71,851 | 71,550 71,650 71,750 71,850 71,950 | 4,538 4,548 4,557 4,567 4,576 | 2,584 2,591 2,597 2,603 2,609 | 3,234 3,243 3,253 3,262 3,272 | 78,451 78,551 78,651 78,751 78,851 | 78,550 78,650 78,750 78,850 78,950 | 5,207 5,216 5,226 5,235 5,245 | 3,112 3,120 3,128 3,136 3,145 | 3,902 3,912 3,921 3,931 3,940 |
| 64,951 65,051 65,151 65,251 65,351 | 65,150 65,250 65,350 | 3,917 3,927 3,936 3,946 3,955 | 2,178 2,184 2,191 2,197 2,203 | 2,613 2,623 2,632 2,642 2,651 | 71,951 72,051 72,151 72,251 72,351 | 72,050 72,150 72,250 72,350 72,450 | 4,586 4,595 4,605 4,614 4,624 | 2,616 2,622 2,628 2,634 2,641 | 3,282 3,291 3,301 3,310 3,320 | 78,951 79,051 79,151 79,251 79,351 | 79,050 79,150 79,250 79,350 79,450 | 5,254 5,264 5,273 5,283 5,292 | 3,153 3,161 3,169 3,178 3,186 | 3,950 3,960 3,969 3,979 3,988 |
| 65,451 65,551 65,651 65,751 65,851 | 65,750 65,850 | 3,965 3,975 3,984 3,994 4,003 | 2,209 2,216 2,222 2,228 2,234 | 2,661 2,670 2,680 2,689 2,699 | 72,451 72,551 72,651 72,751 72,851 | 72,550 72,650 72,750 72,850 72,950 | 4,634 4,643 4,653 4,662 4,672 | 2,647 2,653 2,659 2,666 2,672 | 3,329 3,339 3,348 3,358 3,367 | 79,451 79,551 79,651 79,751 79,851 | 79,550 79,650 79,750 79,850 79,950 | 5,302 5,312 5,321 5,331 5,340 | 3,194 3,202 3,211 3,219 3,227 | 3,998 4,007 4,017 4,026 4,036 |
| 65,951 66,051 66,151 66,251 66,351 | 66,150 66,250 66,350 | 4,013 4,022 4,032 4,041 4,051 | 2,241 2,247 2,253 2,259 2,266 | 2,709 2,718 2,728 2,737 2,747 | 72,951 73,051 73,151 73,251 73,351 | 73,050 73,150 73,250 73,350 73,450 | 4,681 4,691 4,700 4,710 4,719 | 2,678 2,684 2,691 2,697 2,703 | 3,377 3,387 3,396 3,406 3,415 | 79,951 80,051 80,151 80,251 80,351 | 80,050 80,150 80,250 80,350 80,450 | 5,350 5,359 5,369 5,378 5,388 | 3,235 3,244 3,252 3,260 3,268 | 4,046 4,055 4,065 4,074 4,084 |
| 66,451 66,551 66,651 66,751 66,851 | 66,750 66,850 | 4,061 4,070 4,080 4,089 4,099 | 2,272 2,278 2,284 2,291 2,297 | 2,756 2,766 2,775 2,785 2,794 | 73,451 73,551 73,651 73,751 73,851 | 73,550 73,650 73,750 73,850 73,950 | 4,729 4,739 4,748 4,758 4,767 | 2,709 2,716 2,722 2,728 2,734 | 3,425 3,434 3,444 3,453 3,463 | 80,451 80,551 80,651 80,751 80,851 | 80,550 80,650 80,750 80,850 80,950 | 5,398 5,407 5,417 5,426 5,436 | 3,277 3,285 3,293 3,301 3,310 | 4,093 4,103 4,112 4,122 4,131 |
| 66,951 67,051 67,151 67,251 67,351 | 67,250 67,350 | 4,108 4,118 4,127 4,137 4,146 | 2,303 2,309 2,316 2,322 2,328 | 2,804 2,814 2,823 2,833 2,842 | 73,951 74,051 74,151 74,251 74,351 | 74,050 74,150 74,250 74,350 74,450 | 4,777 4,786 4,796 4,805 4,815 | 2,741 2,749 2,757 2,765 2,773 | 3,473 3,482 3,492 3,501 3,511 | 80,951 81,051 81,151 81,251 81,351 | 81,050 81,150 81,250 81,350 81,450 | 5,445 5,455 5,464 5,474 5,483 | 3,318 3,326 3,334 3,343 3,351 | 4,141 4,151 4,160 4,170 4,179 |
| 67,451 67,551 67,651 67,751 67,851 | 67,650 67,750 67,850 67,950 | 4,156 4,166 4,175 4,185 4,194 | 2,334 2,341 2,347 2,353 2,359 | 2,852 2,861 2,871 2,880 2,890 | 74,451 74,551 74,651 74,751 74,851 | 74,550 74,650 74,750 74,850 74,950 | 4,825 4,834 4,844 4,853 4,863 | 2,782 2,790 2,798 2,806 2,815 | 3,520 3,530 3,539 3,549 3,558 | 81,451 81,551 81,651 81,751 81,851 | 81,550 81,650 81,750 81,850 81,950 | 5,493 5,503 5,512 5,522 5,531 | 3,359 3,367 3,376 3,384 3,392 | 4,189 4,198 4,208 4,217 4,227 |
| 67,951 68,051 68,151 68,251 68,351 | 68,250 68,350 | 4,204 4,213 4,223 4,232 4,242 | 2,366 2,372 2,378 2,384 2,391 | 2,900 2,909 2,919 2,928 2,938 | 74,951 75,051 75,151 75,251 75,351 | 75,050 75,150 75,250 75,350 75,450 | 4,872 4,882 4,891 4,901 4,910 | 2,823 2,831 2,839 2,848 2,856 | 3,568 3,578 3,587 3,597 3,606 | 81,951 82,051 82,151 82,251 82,351 | 82,050 82,150 82,250 82,350 82,450 | 5,541 5,550 5,560 5,569 5,579 | 3,400 3,409 3,417 3,425 3,433 | 4,237 4,246 4,256 4,265 4,275 |
| | 0 540ND | T. D | | | | | | | | | | Conti | nued on r | <u>iext page.</u> |

| Filing status: 1 or 3 (Single; Married/RDP Filing S | | | | | | | | ualifying Widow(er)) 4 (He | | | lead of Household) | | | |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| lf Your Ta Income | | | e Tax For ng Status | | If Your Ta Income | | | ne Tax For ing Status | | If Your Ta Income | | | e Tax For | |
| At Least | But Not Over | 1 Or 3 Is | 2 Or 5 Is | 4 Is | At Least | But Not Over | 1 Or 3 Is | 2 Or 5 Is | 4 Is | At Least | But Not Over | 1 Or 3 Is | 2 Or 5 Is | 4 Is |
| 82,451 82,551 82,651 82,751 82,851 | 82,550 82,650 82,750 82,850 82,950 | 5,589 5,598 5,608 5,617 5,627 | 3,442 3,450 3,458 3,466 3,475 | 4,284 4,294 4,303 4,313 4,322 | 88,951 89,051 89,151 89,251 89,351 | 89,050 89,150 89,250 89,350 89,450 | 6,209 6,219 6,228 6,238 6,247 | 3,978 3,986 3,994 4,003 4,011 | 4,905 4,915 4,924 4,934 4,943 | 95,451 95,551 95,651 95,751 95,851 | 95,550 95,650 95,750 95,850 95,950 | 6,830 6,840 6,849 6,859 6,868 | 4,540 4,549 4,559 4,568 4,578 | 5,526 5,535 5,545 5,554 5,564 |
| 82,951 83,051 83,151 83,251 83,351 | 83,050 83,150 83,250 83,350 83,450 | 5,636 5,646 5,655 5,665 5,674 | 3,483 3,491 3,499 3,508 3,516 | 4,332 4,342 4,351 4,361 4,370 | 89,451 89,551 89,651 89,751 89,851 | 89,550 89,650 89,750 89,850 89,950 | 6,257 6,267 6,276 6,286 6,295 | 4,019 4,027 4,036 4,044 4,052 | 4,953 4,962 4,972 4,981 4,991 | 95,951 96,051 96,151 96,251 96,351 | 96,050 96,150 96,250 96,350 96,450 | 6,878 6,887 6,897 6,906 6,916 | 4,588 4,597 4,607 4,616 4,626 | 5,574 5,583 5,593 5,602 5,612 |
| 83,451 83,551 83,651 83,751 83,851 | 83,750 83,850 | 5,684 5,694 5,703 5,713 5,722 | 3,524 3,532 3,541 3,549 3,557 | 4,380 4,389 4,399 4,408 4,418 | 89,951 90,051 90,151 90,251 90,351 | 90,050 90,150 90,250 90,350 90,450 | 6,305 6,314 6,324 6,333 6,343 | 4,060 4,069 4,077 4,085 4,093 | 5,001 5,010 5,020 5,029 5,039 | 96,451 96,551 96,651 96,751 96,851 | 96,550 96,650 96,750 96,850 96,950 | 6,926 6,935 6,945 6,954 6,964 | 4,635 4,645 4,654 4,664 4,673 | 5,621 5,631 5,640 5,650 5,659 |
| 83,951 84,051 84,151 84,251 84,351 | | 5,732 5,741 5,751 5,760 5,770 | 3,565 3,574 3,582 3,590 3,598 | 4,428 4,437 4,447 4,456 4,466 | 90,451 90,551 90,651 90,751 90,851 | 90,550 90,650 90,750 90,850 90,950 | 6,353 6,362 6,372 6,381 6,391 | 4,102 4,110 4,118 4,126 4,135 | 5,048 5,058 5,067 5,077 5,086 | 96,951 97,051 97,151 97,251 97,351 | 97,050 97,150 97,250 97,350 97,450 | 6,973 6,983 6,992 7,002 7,011 | 4,683 4,693 4,702 4,712 4,721 | 5,669 5,679 5,688 5,698 5,707 |
| 84,451 84,551 84,651 84,751 84,851 | 84,850 | 5,780 5,789 5,799 5,808 5,818 | 3,607 3,615 3,623 3,631 3,640 | 4,475 4,485 4,494 4,504 4,513 | 90,951 91,051 91,151 91,251 91,351 | 91,050 91,150 91,250 91,350 91,450 | 6,400 6,410 6,419 6,429 6,438 | 4,143 4,151 4,159 4,168 4,176 | 5,096 5,106 5,115 5,125 5,134 | 97,451 97,551 97,651 97,751 97,851 | 97,550 97,650 97,750 97,850 97,950 | 7,021 7,031 7,040 7,050 7,059 | 4,731 4,740 4,750 4,759 4,769 | 5,717 5,726 5,736 5,745 5,755 |
| 84,951 85,051 85,151 85,251 85,351 | 85,250 85,350 | 5,827 5,837 5,846 5,856 5,865 | 3,648 3,656 3,664 3,673 3,681 | 4,523 4,533 4,542 4,552 4,561 | 91,451 91,551 91,651 91,751 91,851 | 91,550 91,650 91,750 91,850 91,950 | 6,448 6,458 6,467 6,477 6,486 | 4,184 4,192 4,201 4,209 4,217 | 5,144 5,153 5,163 5,172 5,182 | 97,951 98,051 98,151 98,251 98,351 | 98,050 98,150 98,250 98,350 98,450 | 7,069 7,078 7,088 7,097 7,107 | 4,779 4,788 4,798 4,807 4,817 | 5,765 5,774 5,784 5,793 5,803 |
| 85,451 85,551 85,651 85,751 85,851 | 85,750 | 5,875 5,885 5,894 5,904 5,913 | 3,689 3,697 3,706 3,714 3,722 | 4,571 4,580 4,590 4,599 4,609 | 91,951 92,051 92,151 92,251 92,351 | 92,050 92,150 92,250 92,350 92,450 | 6,496 6,505 6,515 6,524 6,534 | 4,225 4,234 4,242 4,250 4,258 | 5,192 5,201 5,211 5,220 5,230 | 98,451 98,551 98,651 98,751 98,851 | 98,550 98,650 98,750 98,850 98,950 | 7,117 7,126 7,136 7,145 7,155 | 4,826 4,836 4,845 4,855 4,864 | 5,812 5,822 5,831 5,841 5,850 |
| 85,951 86,051 86,151 86,251 86,351 | 86,350 | 5,923 5,932 5,942 5,951 5,961 | 3,730 3,739 3,747 3,755 3,763 | 4,619 4,628 4,638 4,647 4,657 | 92,451 92,551 92,651 92,751 92,851 | 92,550 92,650 92,750 92,850 92,950 | 6,544 6,553 6,563 6,572 6,582 | 4,267 4,275 4,283 4,291 4,300 | 5,239 5,249 5,258 5,268 5,277 | 98,951 99,051 99,151 99,251 99,351 | 99,050 99,150 99,250 99,350 99,450 | 7,164 7,174 7,183 7,193 7,202 | 4,874 4,884 4,893 4,903 4,912 | 5,860 5,870 5,879 5,889 5,898 |
| 86,451 86,551 86,651 86,751 86,851 | 86,750 86,850 | 5,971 5,980 5,990 5,999 6,009 | 3,772 3,780 3,788 3,796 3,805 | 4,666 4,676 4,685 4,695 4,704 | 92,951 93,051 93,151 93,251 93,351 | 93,050 93,150 93,250 93,350 93,450 | 6,591 6,601 6,610 6,620 6,629 | 4,308 4,316 4,324 4,333 4,341 | 5,287 5,297 5,306 5,316 5,325 | 99,451 99,551 99,651 99,751 99,851 | 99,550 99,650 99,750 99,850 99,950 | 7,212 7,222 7,231 7,241 7,250 | 4,922 4,931 4,941 4,950 4,960 | 5,908 5,917 5,927 5,936 5,946 |
| 86,951 87,051 87,151 87,251 87,351 | 87,250 87,350 | 6,018 6,028 6,037 6,047 6,056 | 3,813 3,821 3,829 3,838 3,846 | 4,714 4,724 4,733 4,743 4,752 | 93,451 93,551 93,651 93,751 93,851 | 93,550 93,650 93,750 93,850 93,950 | 6,639 6,649 6,658 6,668 6,677 | 4,349 4,358 4,368 4,377 4,387 | 5,335 5,344 5,354 5,363 5,373 | OVER \$ | 100,000 100,000 YC ING THE TA XT PAGE. | | | |
| 87,451 87,551 87,651 87,751 87,851 | 87,750 87,850 | 6,066 6,076 6,085 6,095 6,104 | 3,854 3,862 3,871 3,879 3,887 | 4,762 4,771 4,781 4,790 4,800 | 93,951 94,051 94,151 94,251 94,351 | 94,050 94,150 94,250 94,350 94,450 | 6,687 6,696 6,706 6,715 6,725 | 4,397 4,406 4,416 4,425 4,435 | 5,383 5,392 5,402 5,411 5,421 | | | | | |
| 87,951 88,051 88,151 88,251 88,351 | 88,250 88,350 | 6,114 6,123 6,133 6,142 6,152 | 3,895 3,904 3,912 3,920 3,928 | 4,810 4,819 4,829 4,838 4,848 | 94,451 94,551 94,651 94,751 94,851 | 94,550 94,650 94,750 94,850 94,950 | 6,735 6,744 6,754 6,763 6,773 | 4,444 4,454 4,463 4,473 4,482 | 5,430 5,440 5,449 5,459 5,468 | | | | | |
| 88,451 88,551 88,651 88,751 88,851 | 88,750 88,850 | 6,162 6,171 6,181 6,190 6,200 | 3,937 3,945 3,953 3,961 3,970 | 4,857 4,867 4,876 4,886 4,895 | 94,951 95,051 95,151 95,251 95,351 | 95,050 95,150 95,250 95,350 95,450 | 6,782 6,792 6,801 6,811 6,820 | 4,492 4,502 4,511 4,521 4,530 | 5,478 5,488 5,497 5,507 5,516 | | | | | |

2010 California Tax Rate Schedules



Go to ftb.ca.gov to e-file and eliminate the math. Or search our website for tax calculator to figure your tax online.

Use only if your taxable income on Long Form 540NR, line 19 is more than \$100,000. If \$100,000 or less, use the Tax Table.

| | If the amount on Long Form 540NR, line 19 is over – But not over – | Enter on Long Form 540NR, line 31 | of the amount over – |
|---|---|--|---|
| Schedule X – Use if your filing status is Single or Married/RDP Filing Separately | \$ 0 \$ 7,124 7,124 16,890 16,890 26,657 26,657 37,005 37,005 46,766 46,766 AND OVER | $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$ | \$ 0.00 7,124 16,890 26,657 37,005 46,766 |
| Schedule Y – Use if your filing status is Married/RDP Filing Jointly or Qualifying Widow(er) with Dependent Child | \$ 0 \$ 14,248 14,248 33,780 33,780 53,314 53,314 74,010 74,010 93,532 93,532 AND OVER | | \$ 0.00 14,248 33,780 53,314 74,010 93,532 |
| Schedule Z – Use if your filing status is Head of Household | \$ 0 \$ 14,257 14,257 33,780 33,780 43,545 43,545 53,893 53,893 63,657 63,657 AND OVER | | \$ 0.00 14,257 33,780 43,545 53,893 63,657 |

How to Figure Tax Using the 2010 California Tax Rate Schedules

Example: Chris and Pat Smith are filing a joint tax return using Long Form 540NR. Their taxable income on Long Form 540NR, line 19 is \$125,000.Step 1: Using Schedule Y, they find the taxable income range that includes their taxable income of \$125,000. See the boxed range in the sample below.

| | | If the amount on Long Form 540NR, line 19 is: over – But not over – | Enter on Long Form 540NR, line 31 | of the amount over – | | |
|-----------------------|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| Use if yo Married/ | Jule Y – ur filing status is RDP Filing Jointly or Qualifying r) with Dependent Child | \$ 0 \$ 14,248 14,248 33,780 33,780 53,314 53,314 74,010 74,010 93,532 93,532 AND OVER | $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$ | \$ 0.00 14,248 33,780 53,314 74,010 93,532 | | |
| Step 2: | They subtract the amount at the beg their taxable income. | inning of their range from | Example \$125,000 - 93,532 \$ 31,468 | Your Income \$ - \$ | | |
| Step 3: | They multiply the result from Step 2 their range. | by the percentage for | \$31,468 <u>x .0955</u> \$3,005.19 | \$ \$ | | |
| Step 4: | They round the amount from Step 3 necessary) and add it to the tax amo range. After rounding the result, the Long Form 540NR, line 31. | ount for their income | \$4,351.84 <u>+ 3,005.19</u> \$7,357.03 | \$ + \$ | | |

TAXABLE YEARCalifornia Adjustments —2010Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents

SCHEDULE

| Im | portant: Attach this schedule behind Lo | ng Form 540NR, Sid | e 3 as a supportin | g California sched | ule. | |
|-----|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| | me(s) as shown on return | | | • | SSN or IT | N |
| | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| | rt I Residency Information. Complete all lin | es that apply to you an | d your spouse/RDP. | | | |
| | ring 2010: | | | Yourself | | Spouse/RDP |
| 1 | a I was domiciled in (enter state or country) . | | | | | |
| - | b I was in the military and stationed in (enter s | | | | | |
| | I became a California resident (enter the state of | | | | | |
| | I became a nonresident (enter new state of res | | | | | |
| | I was a nonresident of California the entire year | | | | | |
| | The number of days I spent in California (for a | | | | | |
| | I owned a home/property in California (enter ") | es" or "No") | | • | | |
| | iore 2010: | ar dataa) | | | | |
| | I was a California resident for the period of (en | | | | | |
| | I entered California on (enter date). | | | | | |
| | I left California on (enter date) | A | В | C | D | E |
| | ction A — Income | | _ | | | CA Amounts |
| 361 | auni A — Income | Federal Amounts (taxable amounts from your federal return) | Subtractions See instructions (difference between CA & federal law) | Additions See instructions (difference between CA & federal law) | Total Amounts Using CA Law As If You Were a CA Resident (subtract col. B from col. A; add col. C to the result) | CA Amounts (income earned or received as a CA resident and income earned or received from CA sources as a nonresident) |
| 7 | Wages, salaries, tips, etc. See instructions | _ | | | | |
| | before making an entry in column B or C | | | | | |
| | Taxable interest. (b) 8(| 1) | | | | |
| 9 | Ordinary dividends. See instructions. | -) | | | | |
| 40 | (b) | 1) | | | | |
| 10 | Taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state | | | | | |
| | and local income taxes. Enter the same | • | | | | |
| 44 | amount in column A and column B | | | | | |
| | Alimony received. See instructions | | | | | |
| | Business income or (loss) | | | | | |
| | Capital gain or (loss). See instructions Other gains or (losses) | | | | | |
| | IRA distributions. See instructions. | 4 | | | | |
| 15 | | (h) | | | | |
| 16 | (a) | (n) | | | | |
| 10 | instructions. (a)16 | (h) | | | | |
| 17 | Rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, | [n] | | | | |
| 17 | S corporations, trusts, etc | 7 | | | | |
| 18 | Farm income or (loss) | | | | | |
| | Unemployment compensation | | | | | |
| | Social security benefits. (a)20 | | | | | |
| | Other income. | | | | | |
| | a California lottery winnings | | а | а | | |
| | b Disaster loss carryover from FTB 3805V | | (b | b | | |
| | c Federal NOL (Form 1040, line 21) | | c | C | | |
| | d NOL carryover from FTB 3805V 2 | I . | J d | d | 21 | 21 |
| | e NOL from FTB 3805D, FTB 3805Z, | · · |) | - | | - • |
| | FTB 3806, FTB 3807, or FTB 3809 | | е | е | | |
| | f Other (describe): | | U _f | f | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 22 | a Total: Combine line 7 through line 21 in each column. Continue to Side 2 22 . | a | | | | |

L

| Inc | ome Adjustment Schedule | | Α | В | C | D | E |
|----------|--|----------|--|--|---|--|--|
| Sec | tion B — Adjustments to Income | | Federal Amounts (taxable amounts from your federal return) | Subtractions See instructions (difference between CA & federal law) | Additions See instructions (difference between CA & federal law) | Total Amounts Using CA Law As If You Were a CA Resident (subtract column B from column A; add column C to the result) | CA Amounts (income earned or received as a CA resident and income earned or received from CA sources as a nonresident) |
| 22 | b Enter totals from Schedule CA (540NR), Side 1, line 22a, column A through column E | 22b | | | | | |
| 23 | Educator expenses | | | | | | |
| | Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and fee-basis government officials | | | | | | |
| 25 | Health savings account deduction | | | | | | |
| | Moving expenses | | | | | | |
| 27 | One-half of self-employment tax Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and | 27 | | | | | |
| ~~ | qualified plans | | | | | | |
| | Self-employed health insurance deduction . | | | | | | |
| | Penalty on early withdrawal of savings Alimony paid. b Enter recipient's: SSN | 30 | | | | | |
| | Last name | 31a | | | | | |
| 32 | IRA deduction | | | | | | |
| | Student loan interest deduction | | | | | | |
| | Tuition and fees | | | | | | |
| 35 | $\label{eq:constraint} \text{Domestic production activities deduction }$ | 35 | | | | | |
| 36 | Add line 23 through line 31a and line 32 | | | | | | |
| | through line 35 in each column, A through E | 36 | [| | | | |
| 37 | Total. Subtract line 36 from line 22b in | | | | | | |
| _ | each column, A through E. See instructions. | | | | | | |
| | rt III Adjustments to Federal Itemized De | | | | | | |
| 38 | Federal Itemized Deductions. Add the amou | | | | | | |
| ~~ | (or Schedule A (Form 1040NR), lines 3, 7, 8, | | | | | | |
| 39 | Enter total of federal Schedule A (Form 1040 | | | | | | |
| 40 | General Sales Tax), line 7 (new motor vehicle Subtract line 39 from line 38 | | | - / | | | |
| 40 41 | Other adjustments including California lottery | | | | | | |
| | Combine line 40 and line 41 | | | | | | |
| | Is your federal AGI (Long Form 540NR, line | | | | | | |
| | Single or married/RDP filing separa Head of household Married/RDP filing jointly or qualify No. Transfer the amount on line 42 to line 43 | ving | | \$243,283 | 3 | | |
| | Yes. Complete the Itemized Deductions Work | | | | IR), line 43 | | |
| 44 | Enter the larger of the amount on line 43 or Single or married/RDP filing separa | ately | | \$3,670 | | | |
| Pr | Married/RDP filing jointly, head of I rt IV California Taxable Income | IOUS | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 45 46 | California AGI. Enter your California AGI from Enter your deductions from line 44 | | | | | | |
| 46 47 | Deduction Percentage. Divide line 37, colum | | | | | | |
| -11 | to four places. If the result is greater than 1. | | • | - | | _ | |
| 48 49 | California Itemized/Standard Deductions. M California Taxable Income. Subtract line 48 | lulti | oly line 46 by the perc | entage on line 47 | | | |
| | zero, enter -0 | | | ° ° | | | |
| Sic | le 2 Schedule CA (540NR) 2010 | - | 7 | 742103 | | | |

Instructions for Schedule CA (540NR)

References to these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009, and the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

What's New

Conformity

For updates regarding the following federal acts, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **conformity**.

- Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010
- Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act
 Care II Protection and Affordable Care Act

Small Business Jobs Act of 2010

Charitable Contributions for 2010 Haiti Earthquake Disaster – California law conforms to federal law which allows a 2009 charitable contribution deduction for cash contributions made after January 11, 2010, and before March 1, 2010, for the relief of victims in areas affected by the earthquake in Haiti on January 12, 2010.

Mortgage Forgiveness Debt Relief Extended

California law conforms, with modifications, to federal mortgage forgiveness debt relief for discharges occurring on or after January 1, 2009. Federal law limits the amount of qualified principal residence indebtedness to \$2,000,000 (\$1,000,000 for married filing separate). See federal Publication 544, Sales and Other Disposition of Assets, and federal Publication 4681, Canceled Debts, Foreclosures, Repossessions, and Abandonments, for more information. California law limits the amount of qualified principal residence indebtedness to \$800,000 (\$400,000 for married/RDP filing separate) and debt relief to \$500,000 (\$250,000 for married/RDP filing separate).

Hokie Spirit Memorial Fund Exclusion

California law conforms to federal law to exclude from income any amount received from the Hokie Spirit Memorial Fund for the events at Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University on April 16, 2007.

Income Exclusion of Federal Energy Grants

California law conforms to federal law to exclude from income any federal energy grants provided in lieu of federal energy credits.

Tax Computation for Certain Children with Investment Income

For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, California conforms to the provision of the Small Business and Work Opportunity Tax Act of 2007 which increased the age of children to 18 and under or a student under age 24 for elections made by parents reporting their child's interest and dividends.

Net Operating Loss – For taxable years beginning in 2010 and 2011, California suspended the net operating loss (NOL) carryover deduction. Taxpayers may continue to compute and carryover NOLs during the suspension period. However, taxpayers with modified adjusted gross income of less than \$300,000 or with disaster loss carryovers are not affected by the NOL suspension rules.

Also, California modified the NOL carryback provision. For more information, see form FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations — Individuals, Estates, and Trusts.

Income Exclusion for In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) Supplementary Payments – For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, California law allows an exclusion from gross income for IHSS supplementary payments received by IHSS providers.

General Information

In general, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **conformity**. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, and the Business Entity tax booklets.

The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

Registered Domestic Partners (RDP) – Under California law RDPs must file their California income tax returns using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. RDPs have the same legal benefits, protections, and responsibilities as married couples unless otherwise specified.

If you entered into in a same sex legal union in another state, other than a marriage, and that union has been determined to be substantially equivalent to a California registered domestic partnership, you are required to file a California income tax return using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California RDP, unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

Same-Sex Married Couples (SSMCs) – Under California law, SSMCs must file their California income tax returns using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. For more information, get FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples.

Same-Sex Married Couples and Registered Domestic Partners – SSMCs and RDPs will compute their limitations based on the combined federal adjusted gross income (AGI) of each spouse's or partner's individual tax return filed with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). For column A, line 7 through line 21, and line 23 through line 35, combine your federal amounts from each spouse's or partner's individual federal tax return. For more information on SSMCs, get FTB Pub. 776, or RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737.

The combined federal AGI used to compute limitations is different from the recalculated federal AGI used on Form 540NR, line 13. In situations where SSMCs have no SSMC adjustments or RDPs have no RDP adjustments, these amounts may be the same.

Military Personnel – Servicemembers domiciled outside of California and their spouses may exclude the servicemember's military compensation from gross income when computing the tax rate on nonmilitary income. Requirements for military servicemembers domiciled in California remain unchanged. Military servicemembers domiciled in California must include their military pay in total income. In addition, they must include their military pay is not California source income when a servicemember is permanently stationed outside of California. Beginning 2009, the federal Military Spouses Residency Relief Act may affect the California income tax filing requirements for spouses of military personnel. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel.

Amended Returns – If you are an active duty military servicemember domiciled outside California and you included your military compensation in income from all sources, you may file an amended return for tax years with an open statute of limitations. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032 and Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return.

Part-Year Residents – Complete the Part-Year Resident Worksheet on page 10 to determine the amounts to enter on Part II, line 7 through line 22a, column E.

Avoid Common Mistakes on this Schedule.

Column A – Copy the amounts from your federal tax return. Use the (a) amounts on line 8 and line 9 and the (b) amounts on line 15, line 16, and line 20, from your federal tax return. Form 1040, line 37, should equal Long Form 540NR, line 13, federal AGI.

Column B (line 7 through line 21) – Subtract income that is not taxable to a California resident such as California lottery winnings and social security benefits. **Do not use column B to deduct** income that was earned while a nonresident of California or from sources outside of California. There **must** be a difference in state and federal tax law. Generally, if a full-year California resident cannot subtract the income in column B, a nonresident or part-year resident may not subtract the income in column B either.

Column C (line 7 through line 21) – Add income that was not taxed on your federal tax return but is taxable to a California resident such as foreign income or interest/dividends from non-California municipal bonds.

Column D – Combine the columns (column A - column B + column C). Line 37, column D, should equal Long Form 540NR, line 17. The amounts in this column represent income earned from all sources as if you were a full-year California resident, after applying California and federal law differences.

Column E – Enter all income from all sources while a resident of California and income from California sources while a nonresident. Enter on line 45 the amount from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column E.

Purpose

Use Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments - Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents, to determine California taxable income by doing the following:

- Identify the domiciles and also, current and past residency information.
- Enter the amounts of income and deductions reported on your federal tax return.
- Adjust the income and deductions reported on your federal tax return for differences in California and federal law.
- Determine the portion of income reported on your federal tax return that was earned or received while you were a California resident.

Determine the portion of income reported on your federal tax return that was earned or received from California sources while you were a nonresident.
 Determine your allowable standard deduction or itemized deductions.

Specific Line Instructions for Part I Residency Information

Answer all the questions in this part for you and your spouse/RDP. If a question does not apply, enter "N/A" on the line for the answer. For more information get:

- FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status
- FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel

Line 1 – Domicile and Military

If you served in the military, your state of domicile is generally the state where you were living when you first entered military service. If you were not in the military, your domicile is the place you consider your permanent home, the place to which you, whenever absent, intend to return.

Line 5 - The Number of Days I Spent in California

The total number of days in California should include all days in California for any purpose including residency, business, and vacation.

Specific Line Instructions for Part II Income Adjustment Schedule

Column A — Federal Amounts

Enter all the amounts shown on your federal tax return on the corresponding lines in column A.

If married/RDP filing separately under either exception described in the instructions for Long Form 540NR, enter in column A the amounts you would have reported on a separate federal tax return. Attach a statement to the tax return showing how the income and expenses were split between you and your spouse/RDP.

Line 7 through Line 21

Enter on line 7 through line 21 the same amounts you entered on federal Form 1040, line 7 through line 21; Form 1040A, line 7 through line 14b; Form 1040EZ, line 1, line 2, and line 3; or Form 1040NR, line 8 through line 21 for the same types of income.

Line 22a – Total

Combine the amounts on line 7 through line 21. Enter the total on line 22a. This number should be the same as the amount on federal Form 1040, line 22; Form 1040A, line 15; Form 1040EZ, line 4; or Form 1040NR, line 23.

Line 22b - Balance Carried Forward

Enter on line 22b the total from Side 1, line 22a, column A.

Line 23 through Line 30 and Line 32 through Line 35

Enter the same amounts you entered on federal Form 1040, line 23 through line 30 and line 32 through line 35; Form 1040A, line 16 through line 19; or Form 1040NR, line 24 through line 33.

Line 31a and Line 31b

Enter on line 31a the same amount entered on federal Form 1040, line 31a. Enter on line 31b the social security number (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) and last name of the person to whom you paid alimony.

Line 36

Add line 23 through line 31a and line 32 through line 35. This amount should be the same as the amount on federal Form 1040, line 36; Form 1040A, line 20; or Form 1040NR, line 34. However, if you made any of the adjustments described in the instructions for federal Form 1040, line 36, or if you claimed the foreign housing deduction from federal Form 2555, Foreign Earned Income, or Form 2555-EZ, Foreign Earned Income Exclusion, enter the amount from Form 1040, line 36 on this line.

If you used Form 1040NR and reported an amount on Form 1040NR, line 30 for excluded scholarship and fellowship grants, enter the amount from Form 1040NR, line 34 on this line.

Line 37 – Total

Subtract line 36 from line 22b. This amount should be the same as the amount on Long Form 540NR, line 13; federal Form 1040, line 37; Form 1040A, line 21; Form 1040EZ, line 4; or Form 1040NR, line 35.

Column B and Column C — Subtractions and Additions

Use these columns to enter subtractions and additions to federal amounts in column A that are necessary because of the differences between California and federal law. Enter all amounts on line 7 through line 36 as positive numbers.

Do not deduct income that was earned while a nonresident of California or from sources outside of California. There **must** be a difference in tax law. Generally, if

a California resident cannot subtract the income in column B, a nonresident or part-year resident may not subtract income from column B.

If you are a nonresident alien, use column B and column C to adjust federal AGI to include income from all sources, even if you were not required to report it on your federal tax return. California does not have special rules limiting total AGI from all sources to U.S. source or effectively connected income of nonresident aliens.

You may need one of the following FTB publications to complete column B and column C: $\label{eq:stable}$

- 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments
- 1005, Pension and Annuity Guidelines
- 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status
- 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel
- 1100, Taxation of Nonresidents and Individuals Who Change Residency

To get forms and publications, go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see page 58 of your 2010 California 540NR Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Booklet.

Line 7 - Wages, Salaries, Tips, etc.

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. If you did not receive any of the following types of income, make no entry on this line in either column B or column C.

Military pay adjustment. Compensation for military service of a servicemember domiciled outside of California is exempt from California tax. It is excluded from adjusted gross income from all sources. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032.

Active duty military servicemembers domiciled outside of California, may claim an adjustment for active duty military pay.

To claim the adjustment, write "MPA" to the left of column A and enter the amount of your active duty military pay in column B. Exclude this amount from column E. Attach a copy of your federal Form W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, reflecting your military compensation, to your tax return.

Sick pay received under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act and Railroad Retirement Act. California excludes these items from income. Enter in column B the amount of these benefits included in the amount in column A.

Ride-sharing fringe benefit differences. Under federal law, qualified transportation benefits are excluded from gross income. Under the California R&TC, there are no monthly limits for the exclusion of these benefits and California's definitions are more expansive. Enter the amount of ridesharing benefits received and included in federal income on line 7, column B.

Foreign income. If you excluded income exempted by U.S. tax treaties on your federal Form 1040 (unless specifically exempt for state purposes), enter the excluded amount in column C. If you claimed foreign earned income or housing cost exclusion on your federal Form 1040 (under IRC Section 911), see the instructions for line 21.

Exclusion for compensation from exercising a California Qualified Stock Option (CQSO). To claim this exclusion:

- Your earned income is \$40,000 or less from the corporation granting the CQSO.
- The market value of the options granted to you must be less than \$100,000.
- The total number of shares must be 1,000 or less.
- The corporation issuing the stock must designate that the stock issued is a CQSO at the time the option is granted.

If you included in federal income an amount qualifying for this exclusion, enter that amount in column B.

Nonresident compensation of merchant seamen and employees of rail carriers, motor carriers, and air carriers. Exclude the following from gross income: compensation for the performance of duties of certain merchant seamen, rail carriers, motor carriers, and air carriers. Enter the amount included in federal income on line 7, column B. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1031.

Employer health savings account (HSA) contribution. Enter the amount of any employer HSA contribution from federal Form W-2, box 12, code W on line 7, column C.

Income exclusion for employer-provided adoption benefits. California does not conform to the federal increase to the maximum exclusion amount for employer-provided adoption benefits. If you have taxable benefits on federal Form 8839, Qualified Adoption Expenses, line 27 that was entered on federal Form 1040, line 7, enter \$1,000 on line 7, column C.

Income Exclusion for In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) Supplementary Payments – If you are an IHSS provider who received IHSS supplementary payments that was included in federal wages, enter the IHSS supplementary payments on line 7, column B.

Line 8 – Taxable Interest

If you did not receive any of the kinds of income listed below, make no entry on this line in either column B or column C.

Enter in column B, the interest that you received from:

- U.S. saving bonds (except for interest from series EE U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989 that qualified for the Education Savings Bond Program exclusion).
- U.S. Treasury Bills, notes, and bonds.
- Any other bonds or obligations of the United States and its territories.
- Interest from Ottoman Turkish Empire settlement payments.
- Interest income from children under age 19 or students under age 24 included on the child's federal tax return and reported on the California tax return by the parent. For more information, get form FTB 3803, Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends.

Certain mutual funds pay "exempt-interest dividends." If the mutual fund has at least 50% of its assets invested in tax-exempt U.S. obligations and/or in California or its municipal obligations, that amount of dividend is exempt from California tax. The proportion of dividends tax-exempt will be shown on your annual statement or statement issued with Form 1099-INT, Interest Income. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.

Enter in column C, the interest you identified as tax-exempt interest on your federal Form 1040 (or Form 1040A), line 8b or Form 1040NR, line 9b; and which you received from:

- The federally exempt interest dividends from other states, or their municipal obligations and/or from mutual funds that do not meet the 50% rule above. Non-California state bonds.
- Non-California municipal bonds issued by a county, city, town, or other local government unit.
- Obligations of the District of Columbia issued after December 27, 1973.
- Non-California bonds if the interest was passed through to you from S corporations, trusts, partnerships, or Limited Liability Companies (LLCs).
- Interest or other earnings from a Health Savings Account (HSA) are not treated as tax deferred. Interest or earnings in an HSA are taxable in the year earned.
- Interest on any bond or other obligation issued by the Government of American Samoa.
- Interest income from children under the age of 19 or students under age 24 included on the parent's federal tax return and reported on the California tax return by the child.

Make no entries in either column B or column C for interest earned on Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) Bonds, Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) Bonds, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporations (FHLMC) securities, or grants paid to low-income individuals.

Get FTB Pub. 1001. if you received interest income from the following sources: Loans made in an enterprise zone (EZ), or the former Los Angeles

- Revitalization Zone (LARZ)
- Items listed above passed through to you from S corporations, trusts, partnerships, or LLCs.

Line 9 – Ordinary Dividends

Generally, no difference exists between the amount of dividends reported in column A and the amount reported using California law. However, California taxes dividends derived from other states and their municipal obligations.

Enter in column B dividend income from children under age 19 and students under age 24, included on the parent's or child's federal tax return and reported on the California tax return by the opposite taxpayer.

Enter in column C dividend income from children under age 19 and students under age 24, excluded on the parent's or child's federal tax return and reported on the California tax return by the opposite taxpayer.

Get FTB Pub. 1001, if you received dividend income from:

- Noncash patronage dividends from farmers' cooperatives or mutual associations
- A controlled foreign corporation (CFC)
- Distribution of pre-1987 earnings from S corporations.
- Undistributed capital gains for regulated investment company (RIC) shareholders

Line 10 - Taxable Refunds, Credits, or Offsets of State and Local Income Taxes California does not tax the state income tax refund received in 2010. Enter in

column B, the amount of state tax refund entered in column A.

Line 11 – Alimony Received

If you are a nonresident alien and received alimony not included in your federal income, enter the alimony on this line in column C. Otherwise, make no entry on this line

Line 12 – Business Income or (Loss)

Adjustments to federal business income or loss you reported in column A generally are necessary because of the difference between California and federal law relating to depreciation methods, special credits, and accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery period or basis used to figure California depreciation may be different from the amount used for federal purposes.

Adjustments are figured on form FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization

Adjustments, and are most commonly necessary because of the following:

- Before January 1, 1987, California did not allow depreciation under the federal accelerated cost recovery system. Continue to figure California depreciation for those assets in the same manner as prior years.
- On or after January 1, 1987, California provides special credits and accelerated write-offs that affect the California basis of qualifying assets. Refer to the bulleted list below

Use form FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations, to figure the total adjustment for line 12 if you have:

- One or more passive activities that produce a loss.
- One or more passive activities that produce a loss \boldsymbol{and} any nonpassive activity reported on federal Schedule C (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Business.
- Use form FTB 3885A to figure the total adjustment for line 12 if you have:
- Only nonpassive activities which produce either gains or losses (or a combination of gains and losses)
- Passive activities that produce gains.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about:

Income related to:

- Business, trade, or profession carried on within California that is an integral part of a unitary business carried on both within and outside California.
- Pro-rata share of income received from a CFC by a U.S. shareholder.
- Deferred income resulting from a federal election to defer the discharge of indebtedness income as described in IRC Section 108(i).

Basis adjustments related to:

- Property acquired prior to becoming a California resident. Sales or use tax credit for property used in an EZ, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area (LAMBRA), Targeted Tax Area (TTA), or former LARZ.
- Reduced recovery periods for fruit-bearing grapevines replaced in a California vineyard on or after January 1, 1992, as a result of phylloxera infestation; or on or after January 1, 1997, as a result of Pierce's disease.
- Expenditures for tertiary injectants.
- Property placed in service on an Indian reservation after January 1, 1994, and before January 1, 2010.
- Amortization of pollution control facilities.
- Discharge of real property business indebtedness.
- Employer-paid child care program.
- Employer-paid child care plan.
- Vehicles used in an employer-sponsored ridesharing program.
- An enhanced oil recovery system.
- Joint Strike Fighter property costs.
- The cost of making a business accessible to disabled individuals.
- Property for which you received an energy conservation subsidy from a public utility on or after January 1, 1995, and before January 1, 1997. Research and experimental expenditures.

Business expense deductions related to:

- Wages paid in an EZ, LAMBRA, Manufacturing Enhancement Area (MEA), or TTA.
- Certain employer costs for employees who are also enrolled members of Indian tribes.
- Abandonment or tax recoupment fees for open-space easements and timberland preserves.
- Business located in an EZ, LAMBRA, or TTA.
- Research expense.
- Employer wage expense for the Work Opportunity Credit and Welfare-to-Work Credit.
- Pro-rata share of deductions received from a CFC by a U.S. shareholder.
- Interest paid on indebtedness in connection with company-owned life insurance policies.
- Premiums paid on life insurance policies, annuities or endowment contracts issued after June 8, 1997, where the owner of the business is directly or indirectly a policy beneficiary
- Commercial Revitalization Deductions for Renewal Communities.

Line 13 - Capital Gain or (Loss)

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. California taxes long and short term capital gains as regular income. No special rate for long term capital gains exists. However, the California basis of the assets listed below may be different from the federal basis due to differences between California and federal laws. If there are differences, use Schedule D (540NR), California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment, to calculate the amount to enter on line 13:

- Gain on the sale of qualified small business stock which qualifies for the gain exclusion under IRC Section 1202.
- Basis amounts resulting from differences between California and federal law in prior years.
- Gain or loss on stock and bond transactions.
- Installment sale gain reported on form FTB 3805E. Installment Sale Income.
- Gain on the sale of personal residence where depreciation was allowable. .

- Flow-through gain or loss from partnerships, fiduciaries, S corporations, or LLCs.
- Capital loss carryover from your 2009 California Schedule D (540NR).
- Capital gain from children under age 19 or students under age 24 included on the parent's or child's federal tax return and reported on the California tax return by the opposite taxpayer. For more information, get form FTB 3803.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about:

- Disposition of S corporation stock acquired before 1987.
- Capital gain exclusion for sale of principal residence by a surviving spouse.
- Gain on the sale or disposition of a qualified assisted housing development to low-income residents or to specified entities maintaining housing for low-income residents.
- · Undistributed capital gain for RIC shareholders.
- Gain or loss on the sale of property inherited before January 1, 1987.
- Capital loss carrybacks.
- Capital gain on Cash for Clunkers rebates under the federal Car Allowance Rebate System (CARS) program.

Line 14 - Other Gains or (Losses)

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. However, the California basis of your other assets may differ from your federal basis due to differences between California and federal law. Therefore, you may have to adjust the amount of other gains or losses. Get Schedule D-1, Sales of Business Property, for more information.

Line 15 – IRA Distributions

Beginning with tax year 2002, calculate your IRA basis as if you were a California

resident for all prior years. Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. However, there may be significant differences in the taxable amount of a distribution (including a distribution from conversion of a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA) depending on when you made your IRA contributions. California did not conform to the \$2,000 or 100% of compensation annual contribution limit permitted under federal law from 1982 through 1986. During these years, California limited the deduction to the lesser of 15% of compensation or \$1,500 and disallowed a deduction altogether to individuals who were active participants in qualified government plans. Any amount an individual contributed in excess of California deduction limits during these years creates a basis in the IRA.

Differences also occur if your California IRA deductions were different from your federal deductions because of differences between California and federal self-employment income.

If the taxable amount using California law is:

- Less than the amount taxable under federal law, enter the difference in column B.
- More than the amount taxable under federal law, enter the difference in column C.

Get FTB Pub. 1005, for more information and worksheets for figuring the adjustment to enter on this line, if any.

Coverdell Education Savings Account (ESA) formerly known as Education (ED)

IRA – If column A includes a taxable distribution from an ED IRA, you may owe additional tax on that amount. Get form FTB 3805P, Additional Taxes on Qualified Plans (Including IRAs) and Other Tax-Favored Accounts. Report only the taxable amount of the distribution on line 21f.

Line 16 - Pensions and Annuities

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. However, if you received Tier 2 railroad retirement benefits or partially taxable distributions from a pension plan, you may need to make the adjustments.

If you received a federal Form RRB-1099-R, Annuities or Pensions by the Railroad Retirement Board, for railroad retirement benefits and included all or part of these benefits in taxable income in column A, enter the taxable benefit amount in column B.

If you began receiving a retirement annuity between July 1, 1986, and January 1, 1987, and elected to use the three-year rule for California purposes and the annuity rules for federal purposes, enter in column C the amount of the annuity payments you excluded for federal purposes.

You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a taxable distribution from a qualified retirement plan before reaching age 59% and the distribution was not rolled over into another qualified plan. See Long Form 540NR, line 73 instructions; or form FTB 3805P.

Line 17 – Rental Real Estate, Royalties, Partnerships, S corporations, Trusts, etc.

Adjustments to federal income or loss you reported in column A generally are necessary because of the difference between California and federal law relating to depreciation methods, special credits, and accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery period or basis used to figure California depreciation may be different from the recovery period or amount used for federal purposes. For more information, see the instructions for Schedule CA (540NR), column B and column C, line 12.

California law does not conform to federal law for material participation in

rental real estate activities. Beginning in 1994, and for federal purposes only, rental real estate activities conducted by persons in real property businesses are not automatically treated as passive activities. Get form FTB 3801, for more information.

Use form FTB 3801, to figure the total adjustment for line 17 if you have:

- One or more passive activities that produce a loss.
- One or more passive activities that produce a loss and any nonpassive activity reported on federal Schedule E.

Use form FTB 3885A, to figure the total adjustment for line 17 if you have:

- Only nonpassive activities which produce either gains or losses (or a combination of gains and losses).
- Passive activities that produce gains.

LLCs that are classified as partnerships for California purposes and limited liability partnerships (LLPs) are subject to the same rules as other partnerships. LLCs report distributive items to members on Schedule K-1 (568), Member's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc. LLPs report to partners on Schedule K-1 (565), Partner's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc.

Get FTB Pub. 1001, for more information about accumulation distributions to beneficiaries for which the trust was not required to pay California tax because the beneficiary's interest was contingent.

Line 18 - Farm Income or (Loss)

Adjustments to federal income or loss you report in column A generally are necessary because of the difference between California and federal law relating to depreciation methods, special credits, and accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery period or the basis you should use to figure California depreciation may be different from the amount used for federal purposes. For more information about the types of income and adjustments that often require adjustments, see the instructions for Schedule CA (540NR), column B and column C, line 12.

Use form FTB 3801, to figure the total adjustment for line 18 if you have:

- One or more passive activities that produce a loss.
- One or more passive activities that produce a loss and any nonpassive activity reported on federal Schedule F (Form 1040), Profit of Loss From Farming.

Use form FTB 3885A, to figure the total adjustment for line 18 if you have:

- Only nonpassive activities which produce either gains or losses (or a combination of gains and losses).
- Passive activities that produce gains.

Line 19 – Unemployment Compensation

California excludes unemployment compensation from taxable income. Enter on line 19, column B, the amount of unemployment compensation shown in column A.

Paid Family Leave Insurance (PFL) benefits, also known as, Family Temporary Disability Insurance. California excludes payments received from the PFL program from taxable income. Enter on line 19, column B, the amount of PFL program payments shown in column A. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.

Line 20 - Social Security Benefits

California excludes U.S. social security benefits or equivalent Tier 1 railroad retirement benefits from taxable income. Enter in column B the amount of taxable U.S. social security benefits or equivalent Tier 1 railroad retirement benefits shown in column A, line 20(b).

Line 21 – Other Income

a. California Lottery Winnings

California excludes California lottery winnings from taxable income. Enter in column B the amount of California lottery winnings included in the federal amount on line 21 in column A.

Make no adjustment for lottery winnings from other states. They are taxable by California.

California and federal laws allow gambling losses only to the extent you report gambling income. If you reduced gambling income for California lottery income, you may need to reduce the losses included in the federal itemized deductions on line 38. Enter these losses on line 41 as a negative number.

b. Disaster Loss Carryover from Form FTB 3805V, Part III, line 6 If you have a California disaster loss carryover from your 2009 form FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations – Individuals, Estates, and Trusts, enter that amount as a positive number in column B.

c. Federal NOL from Form 1040, line 21

If the amount on line 21 in column A includes a federal NOL, enter the amount of the federal NOL as a positive number in column C. Get form FTB 3805V to figure the allowable California NOL.

d. NOL Carryover from Form FTB 3805V, Part III, line 5

The allowable NOL carryover under California law is different from the allowable NOL carryover under federal law. If you have a California NOL carryover from

your 2009 form FTB 3805V, enter it as a positive number in column B.

e. NOL from FTB 3805D, FTB 3805Z, FTB 3806, FTB 3807, or FTB 3809 Enter in column B the total NOL figured on the following forms.

- FTB 3805D, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryover Computation and Limitation Pierce's Disease Line 7, column C
- Limitation Pierce's Disease, line 7, column C. • FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Deduction and Credit Summary, line 5b.
- FTB 3806, Los Angeles Revitalization Zone Deduction and Credit Summary, line 3b.
- FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Deduction and Credit Summary, line 5b.
- FTB 3809, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary, line 4b.

f. Other (describe)

Identify the type of income reported in the space provided. If there is more than one item to report on line 21f, attach a statement that lists each item and enter the total of all individual items in column B or column C as instructed below.

San Bruno Gas Explosion. Enter in column B the amount of disaster relief payments, used for reimbursements, included in the federal amount on line 21, column A.

Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends. California conforms to federal law for elections made by parents reporting their child's interest and dividends. Parents may elect to report their child's income on their California income tax return by completing form FTB 3803, Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends. If you make this election, the child will not have to file a return. You may report your child's income on your California income tax return even if you do not do so on your federal income tax return.

If the amount of your child's income you are reporting on your California income tax return is different than the amount you reported on your federal income tax return, enter the difference on line 21f, column B or column C and write "FTB 3803" on the line 21f. Get form FTB 3803 for more information.

Reward from a crime hotline. Enter in column B the amount of a reward authorized by a government agency received from a crime hotline established by a government agency or nonprofit organization and that is included in the amount on line 21 in column A.

You may not make this adjustment if you are an employee of the hotline or someone who sponsors rewards for the hotline.

Federal foreign income or housing exclusion. Enter in column C the amount deducted from federal income on Form 1040, line 21.

Beverage container recycling income. Enter in column B the amount of recycling income included in the amount on line 21, column A.

Rebates or vouchers from a local water agency, energy agency, or energy supplier. California law allows an income exclusion for rebates or vouchers from a local water agency, energy agency, or energy supplier for the purchase and installation of water conservation appliances and devices. Enter in column B the amount of this type of income included in the amount on line 21 in column A.

Original issue discount (OID) for debt instruments issued in 1985 and 1986. In the year of sale or other disposition, you must recognize the difference between the amount reported on your federal tax return and the amount reported for California purposes.

Issuers: Enter the difference between the federal deductible amount and the California deductible amount on line 21f in column B. **Holders:** Enter the difference between the amount included in federal gross income and the amount included for California purposes on line 21f in column C.

Foreign income of nonresident aliens. Adjust federal income to reflect worldwide income computed under California law. Enter losses from foreign sources in column B. Enter foreign source income in column C.

Cost-share payments received by forest landowners. Enter in column B the cost-share payments received from the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection under the California Forest Improvement Act of 1978 or from the United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, under the Forest Stewardship Program and the Stewardship Incentives Program, pursuant to the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act.

Compensation for false imprisonment. California excludes compensation for false imprisonment from income. Enter the amount of compensation on line 21f, column B.

Coverdell ESA distributions. If you received a distribution from a Coverdell ESA, report only the taxable amount of the distribution on line 21f.

Grants paid to low-income individuals. California excludes grants paid to low-income individuals to construct or retrofit buildings to make them more energy efficient. Federal has no similar exclusion. Enter on line 21f, column B the amount of this type of income.

Health Savings Account (HSA) distributions for unqualified medical expense. Distributions from an HSA not used for qualified medical expenses and included in federal income, are not taxable for California purposes. Enter the distribution not used for qualified medical expenses on line 21f, column A and column B.

California National Guard Surviving Spouse & Children Relief Act of 2004. Death benefits received from the State of California by a surviving spouse/RDP or member-designated beneficiary of certain military personnel killed in the performance of duty is excluded from gross income. Military personnel include the California National Guard, State Military Reserve, or the Naval Militia. If you reported a death benefit on line 21, column A, enter the death benefit amount in column B.

Ottoman Turkish Empire settlement payments. If you received settlement payments as a person persecuted by the regime that was in control of the Ottoman Turkish Empire from 1915 until 1923 your gross income does not include those excludable settlement payments, or interest, received by you, your heirs, or your estate for payments received on or after January 1, 2005. If you reported settlement payments on line 21, column A, enter the amount of settlement payments in column B.

Mortgage forgiveness debt relief. Federal law allows an exclusion of income from discharge of indebtedness from the disposition of your principal residence. Federal law limits the amount of qualified principal residence indebtedness to \$2,000,000 (\$1,000,000 for married filing separate). See federal Publication 544, Sales and Other Disposition of Assets, and federal Publication 4681, Canceled Debts, Foreclosures, Repossessions, and Abandonments, for more information. California law conforms, with modifications, to the federal provisions for discharges of indebtedness occurring on or after January 1, 2009. California law limits the amount of qualified principal residence indebtedness to \$800,000 (\$400,000 for married/RDP filing separate) and debt relief to \$500,000 (\$250,000 for married/RDP filing separate).

If the amount of debt relief for federal purposes is more than the California limit, include the amount in excess of the California limit on line 21f, column C.

Line 22a – Total

Add line 7 through line 21f in column B and column C. Enter the totals on line 22a.

Line 22b – Balance Carried Forward

Enter the totals from Side 1, line 22a, column B and column C.

Line 23 through Line 31a and Line 32 through Line 35

California law is the same as federal with the exception of the following:

- Line 23 (Educator Expenses) California does not conform to federal law regarding educator expenses. Enter the amount from column A, line 23 to column B, line 23.
- Line 24 (Certain Business Expense of Reservists, Performing Artists, and Fee Basis Government Officials) – If claiming a depreciation deduction as an unreimbursed employee business expense on federal Form 2106, Employee Business Expenses, or Form 2106-EZ, Unreimbursed Employee Business Expenses, you may have an adjustment in column B or column C. For more information, get Pub. 1001.
- Line 25 (Health Savings Account (HSA) Deduction) Federal law allows the taxpayer a deduction for contributions to an HSA account. California does not conform to this provision. Transfer the amount from column A, line 25, to column B, line 25.
- Line 31a (Alimony Paid) Enter the SSN or ITIN and last name of the person to whom you paid alimony. If you are a nonresident alien and you did not deduct alimony on your federal tax return, enter the amount you paid on this line in column C.
- Line 32 (IRA Deduction) If you are an active duty military servicemember domiciled outside of California, you may have an adjustment. See line 36 instructions.
- Line 33 (Student Loan Interest Deduction) California conforms to federal law
 regarding student loan interest deduction except for non-California domiciled
 military taxpayers. Military taxpayers use the Student Loan Interest Deduction
 Worksheet on the next page to compute the amount to enter on line 33. For
 more information, get FTB Pub. 1032.

| Stu | dent Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet |
|-----|--|
| 1 | Enter the total amount from Schedule CA (540NR), |
| | line 33, column A. If the amount on line 1 is zero, |
| | STOP. You are not allowed a deduction for California 1 |
| 2 | Enter the total interest you paid in 2010 on qualified student loans but not more than \$2,500 here 2 |
| 3 | From Form 1040, add line 33 |
| Ŭ | (student loan interest deduction) to |
| | line 37 (AGI). Enter the result here 3 |
| 4 | Enter the total military income |
| | included in federal adjusted gross |
| - | income (get FTB Pub. 1032) |
| | Subtract line 4 from line 3 |
| 0 | your filing status. |
| | Single, head of household, or |
| | qualifying widow(er) – \$60,000 |
| | Married/RDP filing jointly – \$120,000 }6 |
| 7 | Is the amount on line 5 more than the |
| | amount on line 6?. No. Skip lines 7 and 8, enter -0- on |
| | line 9, and go to line 10. |
| | □ Yes. Subtract line 6 from line 5 7 |
| 8 | Divide line 7 by \$15,000 (\$30,000 if married/RDP filing jointly). |
| | Enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at least three |
| _ | places). If the result is 1.000 or more, enter 1.000 |
| | Multiply line 2 by line 8 |
| 10 | Student loan interest deduction. Subtract line 9 from line 2. Enter the result here and on. |
| | Schedule CA (540NR), line 33, column D |
| 11 | Student loan interest adjustment. Enter the result here. |
| | If line 1 is less than line 10, enter the difference on |
| | Schedule CA (540NR), line 33, column C 11 |

- Line 34 (Tuition and Fees Deduction) California does not conform to federal law regarding the tuition and fee deduction. Enter the amount from column A, line 34 to column B, line 34.
- Line 35 (Domestic production activities deduction) California does not conform to the federal law regarding the domestic production activities deduction. Enter the amount from column A, line 35, to column B, line 35.

Line 36 - Add line 23 through line 31a and line 32 through line 35 in column B and column C. Enter the totals on this line in the appropriate columns.

If you claimed the foreign housing deduction, include that amount in the total you enter in column B, line 36. Enter the amount on "Form 2555" or "Form 2555-EZ" on the dotted line next to line 36.

If you are active duty military and not domiciled in California and your IRA deduction was limited because of a federal AGI limitation, recalculate your deduction excluding your active duty military pay. If the recalculated amount is larger than the amount on line 32, column A, enter the difference between the two amounts in column C, line 36. Enter the amount and "MPA Adjustment" on the dotted line next to line 36.

Line 37 - Total

Subtract line 36 from line 22b in column B and column C. Enter the totals on this line in the appropriate column. These amounts should be the same as Long Form 540NR. line 14 and line 16, respectively.

In some cases the total on line 37 in column B or column C will be a negative number. Read the caution note when you get to line 37, column E.

Column D — Total Amounts Using California Law

Use this column to show the amount remaining after adjustments (subtractions or additions).

For each line, 7 through 37:

- 1. Subtract the amounts in column B from the amounts in column A.
- 2. Add the amounts in column C to the result of the calculation made in 1 above.
- 3. Enter the total in column D.

Line 21 – Other Income

If you made any adjustments on line 21 in column B or column C:

- Add the adjustments in column B, lines a, b, d, e, and f. Step 1
- Step 2 Subtract that total from line 21, column A.
- Step 3 Add the adjustments in column C, lines c and f.

Add that total to the result of Step 2; then continue as instructed Step 4 above for all other lines.

The total on line 37, column D should be the same as the amount on Long Form 540NR, line 17.

Column E — California Amounts

Column E is used to show how much of the amount of income reported on Schedule CA (540NR), column D is taxable by California. The taxable amount depends on your residency status.

- Full-year California resident: A resident is taxed on all income from all sources, including income from sources outside California. Follow the "California Resident Amounts" instructions for each line below. Full-year residents use Long Form 540NR if filing jointly with a spouse/RDP who is a nonresident or a part-year resident.
- Full-year nonresident: A nonresident is only taxed on income derived from California sources. Follow the "California Nonresident Amounts" instructions for each line below.
- Part-year resident: A part-year resident is taxed on all income from all sources while a resident and only on income derived from California sources while a nonresident. Follow the instructions as stated in the Part-Year Resident Worksheet instructions on page 46.

Refer to instructions for each line below to be sure you are including the correct amounts.

Line 7 - Wages, Salaries, Tips, Etc.

California resident amounts - Enter the wages, salaries, tips, or other compensation that you received while a California resident. Active duty military personnel, who are domiciled in California and stationed in California, report their military income here (get FTB Pub. 1032 for more information).

California nonresident amounts - If you worked in California while a nonresident, enter the wages, salaries, tips, or other compensation received for those California services

Line 8 – Taxable Interest

California resident amounts - Enter the interest income received while a California resident.

California nonresident amounts - Enter the interest income received while a nonresident from an account or security that was used in a trade or business or was pledged as security for a loan, the proceeds of which were used in a trade or business located in California.

Line 9 – Ordinary Dividends

California resident amounts - Enter the ordinary dividends received while a California resident

California nonresident amounts - Enter the ordinary dividends received while a nonresident from an account or security that was used in a trade or business or was pledged as security for a loan, the proceeds of which were used in a trade or business located in California.

Line 11 – Alimony Received

California resident amounts - Enter the alimony received while a California resident.

California nonresident amounts - Alimony received by a nonresident is not taxable.

Line 12 - Business Income or (Loss)

California resident amounts - Enter the total profits or losses (including losses allowed from passive activities) from all businesses conducted while a California resident.

California nonresident amounts - Enter the total amount of profits or losses (including losses allowed from passive activities) from all businesses conducted in California while a nonresident of California.

If, as a nonresident, you derived income from a business, trade, or profession conducted partly within California and partly outside California, only income from the part conducted within California is considered California source income that you must report in column E. If there is any business relationship between the parts within and outside California (flow of goods, etc.), apportion the gross income or loss from the entire business. To determine the portion of income or loss from businesses engaged in multistate activities that you must report, use the apportionment formula described in Schedule R, Apportionment and Allocation of Income

Line 13 - Capital Gain or (Loss)

California resident amounts - Enter capital gains and losses from all sources while a California resident.

California nonresident amounts - Enter capital gains and losses from sources within California while a nonresident. Complete Schedule D (540NR) Worksheet for Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents, to compute this amount.

Part-year resident amounts – Complete Schedule D (540NR) Worksheet for Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents. Enter the amount from column E, line 4 (if there is an overall gain) or line 5 (if there is a loss) of that worksheet on the Part-Year Resident Worksheet, line 13, column C.

Line 14 - Other Gains or (Losses)

California resident amounts – Enter gains and losses (including losses allowed from passive activities) from all sources while a resident.

California nonresident amounts – Enter gains and losses from sources within California while a nonresident.

Line 15 – IRA Distributions (Taxable Amount)

California resident amounts – Enter the taxable portion of the IRA distributions received while a California resident. Include regular distributions, premature distributions, and any other money or property received from your IRA account or annuity.

For more information on traditional, Coverdell ESA, and Roth IRAs, get FTB Pub. 1005.

If this amount is a premature distribution and you owed the early distribution tax on your federal tax return, you generally owe this tax to California. Get form FTB 3805P, to figure any additional tax due on this amount.

California nonresident amounts – IRA distributions received by a nonresident are not taxable.

Line 16 - Pensions and Annuities (Taxable Amount)

California resident amounts – Enter the portion of taxable pension and annuity income received while a resident of California.

If this amount is a premature distribution and you owed the early distribution tax on your federal tax return, you generally owe this tax to California. Get form FTB 3805P to figure any additional tax due on this amount.

California nonresident amounts – Qualified retirement distributions received by a nonresident are not taxable.

For more information, get FTB Pub. 1005.

Line 17 – Rental Real Estate, Royalties, Partnerships, S Corporations, Trusts, Etc.

California resident amounts – Enter your profit or loss (including losses allowed from passive activities) from all rents, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, LLCs, estates, and trusts that accrued while a California resident.

California nonresident amounts – Enter your profit or loss related to property or business located in California while a nonresident of California. Your Schedule K-1 (100S, 541, 565, or 568) will indicate the amount of S corporation, estate, trust, partnership, or LLC profit or loss derived from California sources.

Part-year resident amounts – Allocate income between the period of residency and the period of non residency in a manner that reflects the actual date of realization of partnership, S corporation, and certain trust income. In the absence of information that reflects the actual date of realization, the taxpayer allocates an annual amount on a proportional basis between the two periods, using a daily pro-rata methodology. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032.

Line 18 - Farm Income or (Loss)

California resident amounts – Enter profit or loss (including losses allowed from passive activities) from all farming activity while a California resident.

California nonresident amounts – Enter profit or loss (including losses allowed from passive activities) for farming activity conducted in California while a nonresident of California.

Line 21 – Other Income

Identify the type of income reported in the space provided. If there is more than one item to report on line 21f, attach a statement that lists each item and enter the total of all individual items in column E.

Line 22a - Total

Add line 7 through line 21 in column E. Enter the result on this line.

Line 22b - Balance Carried Forward

Enter the total from Side 1, line 22a, column E on this line.

Line 26 - Moving Expenses

California law and federal law are the same for moving expenses. If you moved:

- Into California in connection with your new job, enter the amount from line 26, column A, in line 26, column E.
- Out of California in connection with your new job, enter -0- on line 26, column E.

Exception: If you moved out of California in connection with your new job and received compensation from that job attributable to a California source, your moving expense adjustment will be limited by the ratio of California source compensation from the new job to total compensation from the new job.

Line 27 – One-half of Self-Employment Tax

If you claimed a deduction in column A for self-employment tax paid, your California deduction is limited to a percentage of the federal deduction. That percentage is the ratio of:

| Self-employment income reported in column A from all sources while a CA resident | + | Self-employment income reported in column A from CA sources while a nonresident = California rati | 0 |
|--|---|---|---|
| Total self-er reported in | | yment income mn A | |

Multiply your federal deduction by the California ratio described above and enter the result on line 27, column E. If the California ratio is greater than 1.00, enter the amount from line 27, column D on line 27, column E. If the California ratio is less than zero, enter -0- on line 27, column E.

Line 28 and Line 32 – IRA, Keogh, SEP, and SIMPLE Deduction

The amount of the California deduction for IRA, Keogh, SEP, and SIMPLE contributions is the same as the federal deduction. However, the California deduction may be limited by California compensation or by California self-employment income.

Example: Susan moved into California on December 1. She made contributions to her IRA and claimed a deduction of \$2,000 on her federal tax return. Her California wages were \$500. Her allowable deduction is the lesser of:

- The federal deduction of \$2,000.
- The California compensation of \$500.

Therefore, she enters \$500 on line 28, column E. She will make no entry in column B or column C.

Keogh, SEP, and SIMPLE deductions are limited to a percentage of the federal deduction.

| Self-employment income reported in column E | = | California ratio |
|---|---|------------------|
| Total self-employment income reported in column D | | |

Multiply federal deductions by the California ratio described above and enter the result on line 28, column E. If the California ratio is greater than 1.00, enter the amount from line 28, column D on line 28, column E. If the California ratio is less than zero, enter -0- on line 28, column E.

Get FTB Pub. 1005 for more information.

Line 29 – Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction

If you claimed a deduction in column A for payments you made to a health insurance plan while you were self-employed, your California deduction is limited to a percentage of the federal deduction. That percentage is the ratio of:

Total self-employment income reported in column E = California ratio Total self-employment income reported in column D

Multiply your federal deduction on line 29, by the California ratio described above and enter the result on line 29, column E. If the California ratio is greater than 1.00, enter the amount from line 29, column D on line 29, column E . If the California ratio is less than zero, enter -0- on line 29, column E.

Line 30 - Penalty on Early Withdrawal of Savings

Enter the interest penalties charged while a California resident.

Line 31a – Alimony Paid

If you claimed a deduction in column D for alimony payments, first compute your California ratio:

| California AGI (line 37, column E) (without the alimony deduction) | = | California ratio |
|---|---|------------------|
| Total AGI (line 37, column D) (without the alimony deduction) | | |

California nonresident amounts – Multiply the deduction (line 31a, column D) by the California ratio (see above) and enter the amount in line 31a, column E. If the California ratio is greater than 1.00, enter the amount from line 31a, column D on line 31a, column E. If the California ratio is less than zero, enter -0- on line 31a, column E.

Part-year resident amounts – Multiply the alimony paid while a nonresident by the California ratio (see above) to determine the nonresident portion. If the California ratio is greater than 1.00, use 1.00 for the California ratio. If the California ratio is less than zero, your nonresident portion of alimony paid is zero. Add the nonresident portion of alimony paid to the alimony paid while a resident. Enter the total in line 31a, column E.

Line 36

Add line 23 through line 31a and line 32 through line 35 in column E. Enter the result on this line.

Line 37 – Total

Subtract line 36 from line 22b in column E. This is your California adjusted gross income (AGI). Enter the result on this line. Also enter this amount on line 45.

- Also, transfer the amount from:
- Line 37, column B to Long Form 540NR, line 14. If column B is a negative number, transfer the amount as a positive number to line 16.
- Line 37, column C to Long Form 540NR, line 16. If column C is a negative number, transfer the amount as a positive number to line 14.
- Line 37, column E to Long Form 540NR, line 32. If you plan to itemize deductions, go to Part III.

Specific Line Instructions for Part III Adjustments to Federal Itemized Deductions

Line 38 – Federal Itemized Deductions

Enter the total amount of itemized deductions from your federal Schedule A (Form 1040), Itemized Deductions, lines 4, 9, 15, 19, 20, 27, and 28 or Schedule A (Form 1040NR), lines 3, 7, 8, 15, and 16.

Nonresident military servicemembers domiciled outside of California exclude military pay from federal AGI when calculating threshold limits for the following federal Schedule A (Form 1040) items: medical and dental expenses, gifts to charity, casualty and theft losses, and job expenses and most other miscellaneous deductions. Recalculate these amounts using the modified federal AGI amount. Subtract military pay from federal AGI, and then recalculate itemized deductions using the new threshold limits. Enter the recalculated Schedule A (Form 1040), total itemized deductions on Schedule CA (540NR), line 38.

Important: If you did not itemize deductions on your federal tax return but will itemize deductions on your California tax return, first complete federal Schedule A (Form 1040). Then complete Schedule CA (540NR), Part III, line 38 through line 44. Attach a copy of federal Schedule A (Form 1040) to your Long Form 540NR.

Line 39 – State, Local, and Foreign Income Taxes, General Sales Tax, and New Motor Vehicle Tax

Add the following amounts from federal Schedule A (Form 1040) and enter on line 39:

- Line 5, state and local income tax (including limited partnership tax and income or franchise tax paid by corporations), and State Disability Insurance (SDI) or state and local general sales tax.
- Line 7, new motor vehicle tax.
- Line 8, foreign income taxes.

Line 41 – Other Adjustments

Adoption-related expenses – If you deducted adoption-related expenses on your federal Schedule A (Form 1040) and are claiming the adoption cost credit on your Long Form 540NR, enter the amount of the adoption cost credit claimed as a negative number on line 41.

Mortgage interest credit – If you reduced your federal mortgage interest deduction by the amount of your mortgage interest credit (from federal Form 8396, Mortgage Interest Credit), increase your California itemized deductions by the same amount. Enter the amount of your federal mortgage interest credit as a positive number on line 41.

Nontaxable income expenses – If, on federal Schedule A (Form 1040), you claim expenses related to producing income taxed under federal law but not taxed by California, enter the amount as a negative number on line 41.

You may claim expenses related to producing income taxed by California law but not taxed under federal law by entering the amount as a positive number on line 41.

Employee business expense – If you completed federal Form 2106 or Form 2106-EZ, prepare a second set of forms reflecting your employee business expense using California amounts (i.e., following California law).

Generally, California law conforms with federal law and no adjustment is needed. However, differences occur when:

- Assets (requiring depreciation) were placed in service before January 1, 1987. Figure the depreciation based on California law.
- Federal employees were on temporary duty status. California does not conform to the federal provision that expanded temporary duties to include prosecution duties, in addition to investigative duties. Therefore, travel expenses paid or incurred in connection with temporary duty status (exceeding one year), involving the prosecution (or support of the prosecution) of a federal crime, should not be included in the California amount.

Compare federal Form 2106, line 10 or Form 2106-EZ, line 6 and the form completed using California amounts. If the federal amount is larger, enter the difference as a negative number on line 41. If the California amount is larger, enter the difference as a positive number on line 41.

Investment interest expense – Your California deduction for investment interest expense may be different from your federal deduction. Use form FTB 3526, Investment Interest Expense Deduction, to figure the amount to enter on line 41.

Gambling losses – California Lottery losses are not deductible for California. Enter the amount of California Lottery losses shown on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) as a negative number on line 41.

Federal estate tax – Federal estate tax paid on income in respect of a decedent is not deductible for California. Enter the amount of federal estate tax shown on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) as a negative number on line 41.

Generation skipping transfer tax – Tax paid on generation skipping transfers is not deductible under California law. Enter the amount of expenses shown on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) as a negative number on line 41.

State legislator's travel expenses – Under California law, deductible travel expenses for state legislators include only those incurred while away from their places of residence overnight. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.

Qualified charitable contributions – Your California deduction may be different from your federal deduction. California limits the amount of your deduction to 50% of your federal adjusted gross income. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.

Charitable contribution carryover deduction – If deducting a prior year charitable contribution carryover, and the California carryover is larger than the federal carryover, enter the additional amount as a positive number on line 41.

Health savings account (HSA) distributions – If you received a tax-free HSA distribution for qualified medical expenses, enter the qualified expenses paid that exceed 7.5% of federal AGI as an adjustment to itemized deductions. To determine the amount of the itemized deduction adjustment:

- Calculate the medical expense deduction for California.
- · Calculate the medical expense deduction for federal.
- Subtract the federal amount from the California amount. Enter the amount on line 41, as a positive amount.

Carryover deduction appreciated stock contributed to a private foundation prior to Jauary 1, 2002 – If deducting a charitable contribution carryover of appreciated stock donated to a private operating foundation made prior to January 1, 2002, and the fair market value allowed for federal purposes is larger than the basis allowed for California purposes, enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.

Interest on loans from utility companies – Taxpayers are allowed a tax deduction for interest paid or incurred on a public utility company financed loan that is used to purchase and install energy efficient equipment or products, including zone-heating products for a qualified residence **located in California**. Federal law has no equivalent deduction. Enter the amount as a positive number on line 41.

Private mortgage insurance (PMI) – If you took the deduction on federal Schedule A (Form 1040), line 13, then subtract the same amount on line 41.

Claim of right – If you had to repay an amount that you included in your income in an earlier year, because at the time you thought you had an unrestricted right to it, you may be able to deduct the amount repaid from your income for the year in which you repaid it. Or, if the amount you repaid is more than \$3,000, you may take a credit against your tax for the year in which you repaid it, whichever results in the least tax.

If the amount repaid was not taxed by California, then no deduction or credit is allowed.

If you claimed a credit for the repayment on your federal tax return and are deducting the repayment for California, enter the allowable deduction as a positive amount on Schedule CA (540NR), line 41. Deductions of \$3,000 or less are subject to the 2% federal AGI limit.

If you deducted the repayment on your federal tax return and are taking a credit for California, enter the amount of the federal deduction as a negative amount on Schedule CA (540NR), line 41. To help you determine whether to take a credit or deduction, see the Repayment section of federal Publication 525, Taxable and Nontaxable Income. Remember to use the California tax rate in your computations. If you choose to take the credit instead of the deduction for California, add the credit amount on line 89, the total payment line, of the Long Form 540NR. To the left of the total, write "IRC 1341" and the amount of the credit.

Certain disaster losses – Federal law allows an exception for casualty and theft losses within certain disaster areas. For federal, these losses are not subject to the 10% of federal AGI limitation. California does not conform. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.

Personal Casualty and Theft Losses – For 2010, federal law limits each personal casualty or theft loss to the excess of the loss over \$500. California does not conform to the amount of the limitation. California limits each personal casualty or theft loss to the excess of the loss over \$100. In addition, for both federal and California, the 10% of AGI limit continues to apply to the net loss. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a positive number on line 41.

Charitable contributions for 2010 Haiti earthquake disaster – California conforms to the federal law which allows a 2009 charitable contribution deduction for cash contributions made after January 11, 2010, and before March 1, 2010, for the relief of victims in areas affected by the earthquake in Haiti on January 12, 2010. You may claim the deduction on your 2009 or 2010 California tax return, but not both.

To claim the deduction, you may choose one of the following three options:

- If you claimed the deduction in the same year for both federal and California, no California adjustment is required.
- If you claimed the deduction on your 2009 California tax return but choose to claim the deduction on your 2010 federal tax return, enter the deduction as a negative amount on line 41.
- If you choose to claim the deduction on your 2010 California tax return but claimed the deduction on your 2009 federal tax return, enter the deduction as a positive amount on line 41.

Line 43 - California Itemized Deductions

Is the amount on Long Form 540NR, line 13 more than the amount shown below for your filing status?

| Single or married/RDP filing separately | .\$162,186 |
|--|------------|
| Head of household | |
| Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) | .\$324,376 |

- NO Transfer the amount from line 42 to line 43. Do not complete the worksheet on the following page.
- **YES** Complete the Itemized Deductions Worksheet on the following page.

Note:

- If you are married/RDP and file a separate tax return, you and your spouse/ RDP must either both itemize your deductions or both take the standard deduction.
- Also, if someone else can claim you as a dependent, claim the greater of the standard deduction or your itemized deductions. See the "California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents" on page 17 of your California 540NR Booklet to figure your standard deduction.
- Military pay of a servicemember domiciled outside of California cannot be used to reduce the amount of this deduction. Modify your federal adjusted gross income used to compute this limitation by subtracting your military pay from federal adjusted gross income.

Specific Line Instructions for Part IV California Taxable Income

Line 47 – Deduction Percentage

Divide line 37, column E by line 37, column D. Carry the decimal to four places. This number may not be greater than 1.0000. If the result is greater than 1.0000, enter 1.0000.

Line 49 - California Taxable Income

Subtract line 48 from line 45. If less than zero, enter -0-. Enter this amount on Long Form 540NR, line 35.

Itemized Deductions Worksheet

| 1 Enter the amount from Schedule CA (540NR), line 42 | 1 |
|---|----|
| 2 Using California amounts, add the amounts on federal Schedule A (Form 1040), line 4, line 14, and line 20 plus any gambling | |
| losses included on line 28 (or on Schedule A (Form 1040NR), line 8 plus any investment interest expense included on line 11 and any gambling losses on line 16) | 2 |
| 3 Subtract line 2 from line 1. If the result is -0-, stop. Enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule CA (540NR), line 43 | 3 |
| 4 Multiply line 3 by 80% (.80) | 4 |
| 5 Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 13 | |
| 6 Enter the amount from line 43 instructions on the previous page for your filing status | 6 |
| 7 Subtract line 6 from line 5. | |
| If the result is -0- or less stop. Enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule CA (540NR), line 43 | 7 |
| 8 Multiply line 7 by 6% (.06) | 8 |
| 9 Compare the amounts on line 4 and line 8. Enter the smaller amount here | |
| 10 Total itemized deductions. Subtract line 9 from line 1. Enter the result here and on Schedule CA (540NR), line 43 | 10 |
| | |

| Part-Year Resident Worksheet | А | В | C |
|---|--|---|---|
| Important: Part-year residents use this worksheet to determine the amounts to enter on Schedule CA (540NR), column E, line 7 through line 22a. | California Resident Amounts | California Nonresident Amounts | Total Combine column A and column B |
| Income | Amounts reported on Schedule CA (540NR) column D earned or received while you were a CA resident | Amounts reported on Schedule CA (540NR) column D earned or received from CA sources while you were a nonresident | Transfer amounts to Schedule CA (540NR), column E |
| 7 Wages, salaries, tips, etc | 7 | | |
| 8 (a) Taxable interest |) | | |
| 9 (a) Ordinary dividends. See instructions |) | | |
| 10 Taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes $\ldots \ldots 1$ | 0 | | |
| 11 Alimony received 1 | 1 | | |
| 12 Business income or (loss) | 2 | | |
| 13 Capital gain or (loss). See instructions | 3 | | |
| 14 Other gains or (losses) 1 | 4 | | |
| 15 (b) IRA distributions. See instructions |) | | |
| 16 (b) Pensions and annuities. See instructions |) | | |
| 17 Rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, trusts, etc. | | | |
| See instructions | 7 | | |
| 18 Farm income or (loss) 1 | 8 | | |
| 19 Unemployment compensation1 | 9 | | |
| 20 (b) Social security benefits |) | | |
| 21 Other income. Identify 2 | 1 | | |
| 22 a Totals: Combine line 7 through line 21 in column C. Transfer the amounts | | | |
| from column C, line 7 through line 22a, to Schedule CA (540NR), | | | |
| column E, line 7 through line 22a 22 | a | | |

Part-Year Resident Worksheet - Part-year residents use this worksheet to determine the amounts to enter on Schedule CA (540NR), column E, line 7 through line 22a.

Column A: For the part of the year you were a resident, follow the "California Resident Amounts" instructions. Enter the result in column A of the worksheet.

Column B: For the part of the year you were a nonresident, follow the "California Nonresident Amounts" instructions. Enter the result in column B of the worksheet. Column C: For each line, combine column A and column B of the worksheet. Transfer the amounts in column C of the worksheet to Schedule CA (540NR), column E, line 7 through line 22a.

Important: If completing line 13 or line 17, see the column E, part-year resident instructions for those lines.

| TAXABLE | |
|---------|------|
| IAAADLE | TEAR |

2010 California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment

SCHEDULE

D

(540NR)

| Name(s) as shown on return | | | | | 55N 0111N | |
|----------------------------|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| | (a) Description of property Identify S corporation stock Example: 100 shares of "Z" (S stock) | (b) Sales price | (c) Cost or other basis | (d) Loss If (c) is more than (b), subtract (b) from (c) | (e) Gain If (b) is more than (c), subtract (c) from (b) | |
| 1 a | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 1b | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 2 | Net gain or (loss) shown on California Schedule(s) K- | 1 (100S, 541, 565, and | 568) 2 | | | |
| 3 | Capital gain distributions (federal Form 1099-DIV, boy | | | | 3 | |
| 4 | Total 2010 gain from all sources. Add column (e) amo | | | | | |
| 5 | 2010 loss. Add column (d) amounts of line 1a, line 1b | and line 2 | | (|) | |
| 6 | California capital loss carryover from 2009, if any. See | e instructions. | 6 | (|) | |
| 7 | Total 2010 loss. Add line 5 and line 6 | | | | | |
| 8 | Combine line 4 and line 7. If a loss, go to line 9. If a g | | | | | |
| 9 | If line 8 is a loss, enter the smaller of: (a) the loss on | | | | | |
| | (b) \$3,000 (\$1 | ,500 if married or an RI | DP filing a separate return). | See instructions | 9 () | |
| 10 | Enter the gain or (loss) from federal Form 1040, line | 13 | , | 1 | 10 | |
| 11 | Enter the California gain from line 8 or (loss) from line | | | | | |
| 12 | a If line 10 is more than line 11, enter the difference | | | | | |
| | b If line 10 is less than line 11, enter the difference | here and on Schedule C | A (540NR), line 13, column | C | 12h | |

Instructions for California Schedule D (540NR)

California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009, and to the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

General Information

In general, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010. California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for conformity. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, the instructions for California Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), and the Business Entity tax booklets.

The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

Purpose

Full-year nonresidents or part-year residents report gains and losses as if they were full-year residents for the entire year using California amounts. Therefore, all gains and losses must be reported. Full-year nonresidents or part-year residents complete Schedule D (540NR), California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment, and the Schedule D (540NR) Worksheet for Nonresident and Part-Year Residents, in order to complete column E on Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments - Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents.

For nonresidents, the computation of California taxable income, capital loss carryovers, and capital loss limitations are determined based upon California source income and loss items only. For purposes of calculating California taxable income, the character of gains and losses on the sale or exchange of property used in the trade or business or certain involuntary conversions (IRC Section 1231) are determined by netting California sourced Section 1231 gains and losses only.

If you moved in or out of California during the year, get FTB Pub.1100, Taxation of Nonresidents and Individuals Who Change Residency.

Get FTB Pub. 1001, for more information about the following:

- Disposition of property inherited before 1987.
- Gain on the sale or disposition of a qualified assisted housing development to low-income residents or to specific entities maintaining housing for low-income residents.
- Capital loss carryback.
- Capital gain on Cash for Clunkers rebates under the federal Car • Allowance Rebate System (CARS) program.

California law does not conform to federal law changes in regards to the increase in the percentage of the gain exclusion for the sales of qualified small business stock acquired after February 17, 2009. California law allows an exclusion of 50% of any gain from the sale or exchange of gualified small business stock held for more than 5 years. For California purposes, 80% of the issuing corporation's payroll must be attributable to employment located within California (at time of issuance) Also, at least 80% of the value of the corporation's assets must be used by the corporation to actively conduct one or more qualified trades or businesses.

R&TC Section 18038.5 also provides for the deferral of gain from the sale of small business stock that has been held for six months or more, if gualified replacement stock is purchased within 60 days after the sale giving rise to the gain. Report gain deferred from the sale of qualified small business stock in accordance with the instructions contained in Revenue Procedure 98-48.

For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for qsbs.

Installment Sales. If you sold property at a gain (other than publicly traded stocks or securities) and you will receive a payment in a tax year after the year of sale, report the sale on the installment method unless you elect not to do so. Get form FTB 3805E, Installment Sale Income. Also, use that form if you received a payment in 2010, for an installment sale made in an earlier year.

You may elect to not use the installment sale method for California by reporting the entire gain on Schedule D (540NR) (or Schedule D-1, Sale of Business Property, for business assets) in the year of the sale and filing your return on or before the due date.

At-Risk Rules and Passive Activity Limitations. If you dispose of (1) an asset used in an activity to which the at-risk rules apply, or (2) any part of your interest in an activity to which the at-risk rules apply, and you have amounts in the activity for which you are not at risk, get and complete federal Form 6198, At-Risk Limitations, using California amounts to figure your California deductible loss under the at-risk rules. Once a loss becomes allowable under the at-risk rules, it becomes subject to the passive activity rules. Get form FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations.

Specific Line Instructions

Line 1a – List each capital asset transaction.

Column (a) – Description of Property. Describe the asset you sold or exchanged.

Column (b) – Sales Price. Enter in this column either the gross sales price or the net sales price. If you received a Form 1099-B, Proceeds From Broker and Barter Exchange Transactions; Form 1099-S, Proceeds From Real Estate Transactions; or similar statement showing the gross sales price, enter that amount in column (b). However, if box 2 of Form 1099-B indicates that gross proceeds less commissions and option premiums were reported to the IRS, enter that net amount in column (b). If you entered the net amount in column (b), **do not** include the commissions and option premiums and option premiums in column (c).

Column (c) – Cost or Other Basis. In general, the cost or other basis is the cost of the property plus purchase commissions and improvements, minus depreciation, amortization, and depletion. Enter the cost or adjusted basis of the asset for California purposes. Use your records and California tax returns for years before 1987 to determine the California amount to enter in column (c). If you used an amount other than cost as the original basis, your federal basis may be different from your California basis. Other reasons for differences include:

- Depreciation Methods and Property Expensing Before 1987, California law disallowed the use of accelerated cost recovery system (ACRS) and disallowed the use of an asset depreciation range 20% above or below the standard rate. Before 1999, California had different limits on the expensing of property under IRC Section 179. California law permits rapid write-off of certain property such as solar energy systems, pollution control devices, and property used in an Enterprise Zone, LAMBRA, Targeted Tax Area, or Los Angeles Revitalization Zone (LARZ).
- Inherited Property The California basis of property inherited from a decedent is generally fair market value (FMV) at the time of death.
- S Corporation Stock Prior to 1987, California law did not recognize S corporations and your California basis in S corporation stock may differ from your federal basis. In general, your California basis will be cost-adjusted for income, loss, and distributions received after 1986, while your stock was California S corporation stock. Your federal basis will be cost-adjusted for income, loss, and distributions received during the time your stock qualified for federal S corporation treatment. Effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002, any corporation with a valid federal S corporation election is considered an S corporation for California purposes. Existing law already requires federal C corporations to be treated as C corporations for California purposes.

• **Special Credits** – California law authorizes special tax credits not allowed under federal law or computed differently under federal law. If you claimed special credits related to capital assets, reduce your basis in the assets by the amount of credit.

Other adjustments may apply differently to the federal and California basis of your capital assets. Figure the original basis of your asset using the California law in effect when the asset was acquired, and adjust it according to provisions of California law in effect during the period of your ownership.

Line 1b – R&TC Section 18152.5 Exclusion. If the gain qualifying for the IRC Section 1202 exclusion also qualifies for the California exclusion under R&TC Section 18152.5: Enter in column (a) "Section 18152.5 Exclusion." Complete column (b) and column (c) according to the instructions for line 1a. Enter in column (d) the amount of gain that qualifies for the California exclusion. Enter in column (e) the entire gain realized. If the gain qualifying for the IRC Section 1202 exclusion does not qualify for the California exclusion: Complete column (a), column (b), and column (c) according to the instructions for line 1a. Enter -0- in column (d) and enter the entire gain realized in column (e).

Line 2 – Net Gain or (Loss) Shown on California Schedule(s) K-1 (100S, 541, 565, and 568). Combine gain(s) and loss(es) from all California Schedule(s) K-1 (100S, 541, 565, and 568), Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc. See California Schedule K-1 (100S, 541, 565, and 568) instructions for more information on capital gains and losses. Enter the net loss on line 2, column (d) or the net gain on line 2, column (e).

Line 3 – Capital Gain Distributions. If you receive federal Form 2439, Notice to Shareholder of Undistributed Long-Term Capital Gains, from a mutual fund, do not include the **undistributed** capital gain dividends on Schedule D (540NR). If you receive federal Form 1099-DIV, Dividends and Distributions, enter the amount of **distributed** capital gain dividends.

Line 6 – 2009 California Capital Loss Carryover. If you had California capital loss carryover from 2009, recalculate those losses as if you had been a resident for all prior years. Enter this amount on line 6. Get FTB Pub. 1100 for more information.

Line 8 – Net Gain or Loss. If the amount on line 4 is more than the amount on line 7, subtract line 7 from line 4. Enter the difference as a gain on line 8.

If the amount on line 7 is more than the amount on line 4, subtract line 4 from line 7 and enter the difference as a negative amount on line 8.

Use the worksheet on the next page to figure your capital loss carryover to 2011.

Line 9 – If line 8 is a net capital loss, enter the smaller of the loss on line 8 or \$3,000 (\$1,500 if married or an RDP filing a separate return).

Line 12a – Compare the amounts entered on line 10 and line 11 to figure the adjustment to enter on Schedule CA (540NR), line 13, column B.

For example:

| Loss on line 10 is less than loss on line 11. |
|---|
| Federal loss on line 10 is(\$1,000) |
| California loss on line 11 is(\$2,000) |
| Difference between line 10 and line 11 |
| Gain on line 10 and loss on line 11. |
| Federal gain on line 10 is \$3,000 |
| California loss on line 11 is |
| Difference between line 10 and line 11 |
| Line dob |

Line 12b – Compare the amounts entered on line 10 and line 11 to figure the adjustment to enter on Schedule CA (540NR), line 13, column C. For example:

 Loss on line 10 is more than loss on line 11.
 Federal loss on line 10 is.
 (\$2,000)

 California loss on line 11 is.
 (\$1,000)
 Difference between line 11 and line 10.
 \$1,000

 Loss on line 10 and gain on line 11.
 Federal loss on line 10 is.
 \$1,000

 Loss on line 10 and gain on line 11.
 Federal loss on line 10 is.
 \$\$5,000

 California gain on line 11 is.
 \$\$5,000
 \$\$5,000

 Difference between line 10 and line 11
 \$\$7,000

| | California Capital Loss Carryover Worksheet For Full-Year Residents |
|----|--|
| 1. | Loss from Schedule D (540NR), line 11, stated as a positive number |
| 2. | Amount from Long Form 540NR, line 17 |
| 3. | Amount from Long Form 540NR, line 18 |
| 4. | Subtract line 3 from line 2. If less than zero, enter as a negative amount |
| 5. | Combine line 1 and line 4. If less than zero, enter -0 |
| 6. | Enter loss from Schedule D (540NR), line 8 as a positive number |
| 7. | Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 5 |
| 8. | Subtract line 7 from line 6. This is your capital loss carryover to 2011 |

Schedule D (540NR) Worksheet for Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents

Complete Schedule D (540NR) first.

Full-year Nonresidents: Complete column A and column B only. Enter the amount shown in column B, line 4 (if there is an overall gain) or line 5 (if there is a loss), on Schedule CA (540NR), line 13, column E.

Part-year Residents:

1

2

3

4

5

Enter the number of days during the year you were a CA resident: ____

Enter the number of days during the year you were a nonresident: _____

Column A, line 1 through line 5 should be the same as the amounts shown on Schedule D (540NR), lines 4, 5, 6, 8, and 9 respectively.

Columns A and B, line 3, should show a carryover amount that has been computed as if you had been a resident in all prior years for column A and as if you had been a nonresident for all prior years for column B.

Columns C and D should be completed taking into account the dates of the transactions. For column C, multiply the amount in column A by the number of days you were a resident divided by 365 days. For column D, multiply the amount in column B by the number of days you were a nonresident divided by 365 days.

Line 4 If the amount shown in column E is a gain, enter that amount on Schedule CA (540NR) Part-Year Resident Worksheet, line 13, column C. If a loss, go to line 5.

Line 5 Enter the amount shown in column E on Schedule CA (540NR) Part-Year Resident Worksheet, line 13, column C.

| | | A | В | С | D | E |
|--|--------------|--|--|---|---|--|
| | | Enter total as if you were a CA resident for the entire year . | Enter amounts earned or received from CA sources as if you were a nonresident for the entire year . | Enter amounts earned or received during the portion of the year you were a CA resident . | Enter amounts earned or received from CA sources during the portion of the year you were a nonresident . | Total Combine column C and column D. |
| Gains | | | | | | |
| Losses | | | | | | |
| Prior year loss | carryover. | | | | | |
| Combine line 1 line 3. | through | | | | | |
| Enter the small on line 4 or \$3, if married or ar separately). | 000 (\$1,500 | | | | | |

Capital Loss Carryover Worksheet

Complete this worksheet only if at the end of the year you were a resident and line 4, column A above shows a loss or at the end of the year you were a nonresident and line 4, column B above shows a loss. In completing this worksheet, if you were a resident at the end of the year, use the column A amounts shown above; if you were a nonresident, use the column B amounts.

| 1 | Enter the total loss from the Schedule D (540NR) Worksheet, line 5, as a positive number |
|---|--|
| 2 | Amount from Long Form 540NR, line 17 |
| 3 | Amount from Long Form 540NR, line 18 |
| 4 | Subtract line 3 from line 2. If less than zero, enter as a negative amount |
| 5 | Combine line 1 and line 4. If less than zero, enter -0- |
| 6 | Enter the total loss from Schedule D (540NR) Worksheet, line 4, as a positive number |
| 7 | Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 5 |
| 8 | Subtract line 7 from line 6. This is your capital loss carryover to 2011 |

Paying Your Taxes

| nount you owe by April 15, 2011, to avoid interest and penalties. There Irawal r (Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn al institution.) r payments |
|--|
| e. Simply provide your bank information, amount you want to pay, and be withdrawn from your account. Your tax preparation software will offer |
| ayment with Web Pay . To make a payment online or to schedule a future go to ftb.ca.gov and search for web pay . With Web Pay, you can schedule |
| d select Payment Center. 2.9829 and follow the recorded instructions. venience fee for this service. This fee is based on the amount of your tax tell you the convenience fee before you complete your transaction. You asaction at that time. d (round to nearest cent) Example: Tax Payment = \$754.00 2.50% Fee = \$18.85 ies. If you have a hearing or speech impairment, call TTY/TDD at e). For all other special assistance, call 800.487.4567, Monday through |
| ctive on the payment date you select. ffective on the date you charge it. ams Customer Service at 916.845.0353 at least two business days t date to cancel your payment. issuer for information about canceling or reversing the charge. owe money, be sure to make your payment another way. We may charge nonpayment or late payment of taxes. yment? |
| n ay |

Instructions for Form FTB 3519

Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals

General Information

Mandatory Electronic Payments – You are required to remit all your payments electronically once you make an estimate or extension payment exceeding \$20,000 or you file an original return with a total tax liability over \$80,000 for any taxable year that begins on or after January 1, 2009. Once you meet this threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. The first payment that would trigger the mandatory e-pay requirement does not have to be made electronically. Individuals who do not send the payment electronically will be subject to a one percent noncompliance penalty. Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on the Franchise Tax Board's (FTB's) website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file return, or your credit card. For more information or to obtain the waiver form, go to **fib.ca.gov** and search for **mandatory epay**.

Use form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals, \boldsymbol{only} if both of the following apply:

- You cannot file your 2010 return by April 15, 2011. Due to the federal Emancipation Day holiday on April 15, 2011, tax returns and payments received on April 18, 2011 will be considered timely.
 Note: Fiscal Year Filers, your return is due the 15th day of the 4th month
- following the close of your fiscal year.
- You owe tax for 2010.

When you file your 2010 return, you can **e-file** or **CalFile**. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **e-file options**. If you use form FTB 3519, you **may not** file Form 540 2EZ or Short Form 540NR.

Use the worksheet below to determine if you owe tax. If you **do not** owe tax, **do not** complete or mail form FTB 3519. However, file your return by October 17, 2011. If you owe tax, choose one of the following payment options:

 Web Pay: To make a payment online or to schedule a future payment (up to one year in advance), go to ftb.ca.gov and search for web pay. Do not mail form FTB 3519 to the FTB.

- Credit Card: Use your major credit card. Call 800.272.9829 or go to officialpayments.com, use code 1555. Official Payments Corp. charges a convenience fee for using this service. Do not mail form FTB 3519 to the FTB.
- Check or Money Order: Using black or blue ink, complete your check or money order and the payment form below, mail both to the "Franchise Tax Board." Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution.

Penalties and Interest

If you fail to pay your total tax liability by April 15, 2011, you will incur a late payment penalty plus interest. If you pay at least 90% of the tax shown on the return by the original due date of the return, we will waive the penalty based on reasonable cause. However, the imposition of interest is mandatory. If, after April 15, 2011, you find that your estimate of tax due was too low, pay the additional tax as soon as possible to avoid or minimize further accumulation of penalties and interest. Pay your additional tax with another form FTB 3519. If you do not file your tax return by October 17, 2011, you will incur a late filing penalty plus interest from the original due date of the return. For Fiscal Year Filers, your tax return is due the 15th day of the 10th month following the close of your fiscal year.

Taxpayers Residing or Traveling Outside the USA

If you are residing or traveling outside the USA on April 15, 2011, the deadline to file your return and pay the tax is June 15, 2011. Interest will accrue from the original due date (April 15, 2011) until the date of payment. If you need additional time to file, you will be allowed a six-month extension without filing a request. To qualify for the extension, file your tax return by December 15, 2011. To avoid any late-payment penalties, pay your tax liability by June 15, 2011. When filing your tax return, attach a statement to the front indicating that you were "Outside the USA on April 15, 2011."

| _ | | PAY | | ORKS | HEET KEE | <u>P FOR YO</u> | ок ке | COR | DS | | |
|----------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|------|
| 1 2 | Total tax you expect to owe. This is the ar Payments and credits: | nount yo | u expect to ente | er on Form | 540/540A, line 64; | or Long Form 540 | NR, line 74 | | 1 | | 00 |
| | a California income tax withheld (inclu | iding rea | al estate and no | onresident | withholding) | 2 a | | | 00 | | |
| | b California estimated tax payments a | nd amou | int applied from | n your 200 | 9 tax return | 2b | | | 00 | | |
| | (To check your estimated tax payme | nts go te | o ftb.ca.gov ar | nd search f | or myftb account .) | | | | | | |
| | c Other payments and credits, including | | | | | | | | 00 | | |
| _ | form FTB 3519 | | | | | | | | 00 | | |
| | Total tax payments and credits. Add line | | | | | | | | | | 00 |
| 4 | Tax due. Is line 1 more than line 3? • No. Stop here. You have no tax due | | ETD | | | urn by Octobor 1 | | | 4 | tiona) the auton | 00 |
| | extension will apply. Yes. Subtract line 3 from line 1 and schedule your payment. For check o tax due amount from line 4 as the "A section. Enclose, but do not staple | r money Amount | v order paymen of payment." N | its, using t 1ake it pay | black or blue ink, c able to the "Franch | omplete your che ise Tax Board," w | k or mone rite your S | y order a SN or ITI | nd form FTB 35 N and "2010 FT | 19 below, enter th | he |
| (0 | Calendar year – File and Pay by Ap | | IF NO PAY | MENT I | | T MAIL THIS F | ORM _ | | | | 20 |
| _1/ | 2010 Payment | for | Autom | atic | Extensi | on for In | divid | ualo | | 519 (PI | |
| Fo | or calendar year 2010 or fiscal year beg | | | dav | vear | , and endir | | Muit | | vear . | •/ |
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| | Joint payment, spouse s/NDF's first hame | milia | Last hame | | | | | | Spouse s/m | JF 5 3311 01 1111 | |
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| A | ddress (number and street, PO Box, or PK | IB no.) | | | | | | | | Apt. no./Ste. n | 0. |
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| 15 | PAYMENT IS DUE, MAIL TO: | | | | | | 1 1 | Amou | nt of payment | | 1 |
| IF | FRANCHISE TAX BOARD | | | | 16 ann a sunt a 6 m | | 1 | Amou | ni oi paymeni | | |
| | PO BOX 942867 SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0051 | | | | If amount of p zero, do not m | | }► | <u> </u> | y | · • · · | 00 |
| F | or Privacy Notice, get form FTB 11 | 31. | | | 1221103 | | | | | FTB 3519 | 2010 |

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Visit our website:

ftb.ca.gov

2010

| Do not complete this form if | your California depreciation amounts are the same as federal amounts. |
|------------------------------|---|

20051

| UIV Do not | complete this form if your Calif | fornia depreciation amo | ounts are the same as fe | derai amounts. | | JOUJA |
|---|---|---|---|----------------------|-------------------|--|
| (s) as shown on return | | | | | SSN or | TITIN |
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| I Identify the Activit | y as Passive or Nonpassive. (| See instructions.) | Business or a | ctivity to which for | m FTB 3885A rel | ates |
| • | ompleted for a passive activity. | | | | | |
| | ompleted for a nonpassive activ | | | | | |
| | se Certain Tangible Property (| , | | | | |
| | line 12 of the Tangible Property | y Expense Worksheet i | n the instructions | <u> </u> | 2 | |
| III Depreciation | (a) Description of property placed in service | (b) Date placed in service | (c) California basis for depreciation | (d) Metho | d Life or rate | (f) California depreciation deduction |
| | | | | | | |
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| Add the amounts on lin | e 3, column (f) | | | | 4 | L |
| | for assets placed in service priv | | | | | |
| | ation from this activity. Add the | | | | | |
| | on from this activity. Enter depr | | | | | |
| | n line 7, enter the difference he | | | | | |
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| | line 7, enter the difference her | 1 | | | | |
| IV Amortization | (a) Description of cost | (b) Date amortization | (c) California basis | (d) Code | (e) Period or | (f) California |
| | | begins | for amortization | section | percentage | amortization deduction |
| | | | | | | |
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| Total California amortiza | ation from this activity. Add the | amounts on line 9, co | lumn (f) | | 10 |) |
| | ation from this activity. Add the of costs that began before 201 | | | | | |
| California amortization | • | 0 | | | 11 | |
| California amortization Total California amortiza | of costs that began before 201 | 0 | nd line 11 | | | 2 |
| California amortization Total California amortiza Total federal amortizatio | of costs that began before 201 ation from this activity. Add the | 0 | nd line 11 | | | |

Instructions for Form FTB 3885A

Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009, and to the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

General Information

In general, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for conformity. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, the instructions for California Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), and the Business Entity tax booklets.

The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpavers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpavers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

Purpose

Use form FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments, only if there is a difference between the amount of depreciation and amortization allowed as a deduction using California law and the amount allowed using federal law. California law and federal law have not always allowed the same depreciation methods, special credits, or accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery periods or the basis on which the depreciation is figured for California may be different from the amounts used for federal purposes. You will probably have reportable differences if all or part of your assets were placed in service:

- Before January 1, 1987. California disallowed depreciation under the federal accelerated cost recovery system (ACRS). Continue to figure California depreciation for those assets in the same manner as in prior vears for those assets.
- On or after January 1, 1987. California provides special credits and accelerated write-offs that affect the California basis of qualifying assets. California did not conform to all changes to federal law enacted in 1993; therefore, the California basis or recovery periods may be different for some assets.
- On or after September 11, 2001. If you claimed the 30% additional depreciation for federal purposes. California has not conformed to the

federal Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 which allows taxpayers to take an additional first year depreciation deduction and Alternative Minimum Tax depreciation adjustment for property placed in service after September 10, 2001.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information on differences between California and federal law for the following items:

- Amortization of certain intangibles (IRC Section 197)
- Qualified Indian Reservation property
- · Grapevines subject to Phylloxera or Pierce's disease
- Additional depreciation (IRC Section 168(k))
- Startup expenses (IRC Section 195)
- Asset expense election (IRC Section 179)

California generally conforms to the federal 2003 increase (IRC Section 280F) for the limitation on luxury automobile depreciation. In addition, SUVs and minivans built on a truck chassis are included in the definition of trucks and vans when applying the 6,000 pound gross weight limit. However, California does not conform to the federal increase to first-year depreciation for gualified vehicles placed in service in 2010.

Differences may also occur for other less common reasons, and the instructions for Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) list them on the line for the type of income likely to be affected. Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about figuring and reporting these adjustments.

If reporting a difference for assets related to a passive activity, get form FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations, for more information about passive activities.

Do not use form FTB 3885A to report depreciation expense from federal Form 2106, Employee Business Expenses. Instead, see the instructions for Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), line 41.

Specific Line Instructions

Prepare and file a separate form FTB 3885A for each business or activity on your return that has a difference between California and federal depreciation or amortization. Enter the name of the business or activity in the space provided at the top of the form. If you need more space, attach additional sheets. However, complete Part II, Election to Expense Certain Tangible Property (IRC Section 179), only once.

Part I Identify the Activity as Passive or Nonpassive

Line 1 – Check the box to identify the activity as passive or nonpassive. A passive activity is any activity involving the conduct of any trade or business in which you did not materially participate. Get form FTB 3801 for more information.

If the activity is passive, use this form as a worksheet to figure the depreciation adjustment to carry to form FTB 3801. Beginning in 1994, and for federal purposes only, rental real estate activities of persons in real property business are not automatically treated as passive activities. California did not conform to this provision.

Part II Election To Expense Certain Tangible Property

If you qualify, you may elect to expense part of the cost of depreciable personal property used in your trade or business and certain other property described in federal Publication 946, How to Depreciate Property. To qualify, you must have purchased property, as defined in the IRC Section 179(d)(2), and placed it in service during 2010, or have a carryover of unused cost from 2009. If you elect this deduction, you must reduce your California depreciable basis by the IRC Section 179 expense.

Although federal law increased the IRC Section 179 expense to \$500,000, under California law, the maximum deduction allowed for 2010 is \$25,000.

Complete the worksheet in the next column to figure IRC Section 179 expense for California. Include all assets qualifying for the deduction because the limit applies to all qualifying assets as a group rather than to each asset individually. **Refer to federal Form 4562, Depreciation and Amortization, for more information.**

Tangible Property Expense Worksheet

| lan | gible Property Expense | worksneet | | |
|-----|--|----------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| | Maximum dollar limitatior Total cost of Section 179 Threshold cost of Section | property placed in | service | 1 <u>\$25,000</u> 2 |
| 4 | reduction in limitation | | | 3 <u>\$200,000</u> |
| - | If zero or less, enter -0 | | | 4 |
| 5 | Dollar limitation for tax ye | ar. Subtract line 4 | from line 1. | - |
| | If zero or less, enter -O | | | 5 |
| (| a) Description of property | (b) Cost | (c) Elected cost | |
| 6 | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Listed property (elected S Total elected cost of Section Add line 6 column (c) and | on 179 property. | | 8 |
| 9 | | the smaller of lin | e 5 or line 8 | 9 |
| 10 | Carryover of disallowed de | eduction from 200 | 9 | 10 |
| 11 | Enter the smaller of busin or line 5 | | | 11 |
| 12 | Section 179 expense dedu | iction for Californi | a. | |
| | Add line 9 and line 10, but | | | 10 |
| 13 | line 11. Also, enter the res Carryover of disallowed de | | , | 12 |
| 15 | Add line 9 and line 10. | | | |
| | Subtract line 12 from the | result | 13 | |

Part III Depreciation

Line 3 – Complete column (a) through column (f) for each tangible asset or group of assets placed in service during the tax year. Use the California basis for assets on which you elected to take the Section 179 deduction. It will be the difference between line 6, column (b) and line 6, column (c) of the Tangible Property Expense Worksheet in Part II.

Line 8a and Line 8b – Are you using this form as a worksheet in connection with form FTB 3801?

- Yes Enter the amount from line 8a or line 8b on form FTB 3801, Side 2, California Passive Activity Worksheet, column (e).
- No Include the amount from line 8a on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column B on line 12 for federal Schedule C (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Business, activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E (Form 1040), Supplemental Income and Loss, activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Farming, activities.

Include the amount from line 8b on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column C on line 12 for federal Schedule C activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F activities.

Part IV Amortization

Line 9 – Complete column (a) through column (f) for intangible assets placed in service during the tax year. Use the California basis and the California recovery period.

Line 14a and Line 14b – Are you using this form as a worksheet in connection with form FTB 3801?

- Yes Enter the amount from line 14a or line 14b on form FTB 3801, Side 2, California Passive Activity Worksheet, column (e).
- No Include the amount from line 14a on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column B on line 12 for federal Schedule C activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F activities.

Include the amount from line 14b on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column C on line 12 for federal Schedule C activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F activities.

Voluntary Contribution Fund Descriptions

Make voluntary contributions of \$1 or more in whole dollar amounts to the funds listed below. To contribute to the California Seniors Special Fund, use the worksheet for code 400 in the Long Form 540NR instructions on page 21. The amount you contribute either reduces your overpaid tax or increases your tax due. You may contribute only to the funds listed and cannot change the amount you contribute after you file your tax return. For more information, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **voluntary contributions**.

Code 400, California Seniors Special Fund – If you and/or your spouse/RDP are 65 years of age or older as of January 1, 2011, and claim the Senior Exemption Credit on line 9, you may make a combined total contribution of up to \$198 or \$99 per spouse/RDP. Contributions made to this fund will be distributed to the Area Agency on Aging Councils (TACC) to provide advice on and sponsorship of Senior Citizens issues. Any excess contributions not required by TACC will be distributed to senior citizen service organizations throughout California for meals, adult day care, and transportation.

Code 401, Alzheimer's Disease/Related Disorders Fund -

Contributions will provide grants to California scientists who study Alzheimer's disease and related disorders. This research includes basic science, diagnosis, treatment, prevention, behavioral problems, and caregiving. With over one-half million Californians living with the disease and another 2 million providing care to a loved one with Alzheimer's, our state is in the early stages of a major public health crisis. Your contribution will ensure that Alzheimer's disease receives the attention, research, and resources it deserves. For more information go to **cdph.ca.gov** and search for **alzheimer**.

Code 402, California Fund for Senior Citizens (CSL) – Contributions will provide support to the California Senior Legislature (CSL). The CSL is made up of volunteers who develop statewide senior related legislative proposals in areas of health, housing, transportation, and community services to be presented to the State Legislature. For more information go to **4csl.org**.

Code 403, Rare and Endangered Species Preservation Program – Contributions will be used to help protect and conserve California's many threatened and endangered species and the wild lands that they need to survive, for the enjoyment and benefit of you and future generations of Californians.

Code 404, State Children's Trust Fund for the Prevention of Child Abuse – Contributions will be used to fund programs for the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect.

Code 405, California Breast Cancer Research Fund – Contributions will fund research toward preventing and curing breast cancer. Breast cancer is the most common cancer to strike women in California. It kills 4,000 California women each year. Contributions also fund research on prevention and better treatment, and keep doctors up-to-date on research progress. For more about the research your contributions support, go to **cbcrp.org**. Your contribution can help make breast cancer a disease of the past.

Code 406, California Firefighters' Memorial Fund – Contributions will be used for the repair and maintenance of the California Firefighters' Memorial on the grounds of the State Capitol, ceremonies to honor the memory of fallen firefighters and to assist surviving loved ones, and for an informational guide detailing survivor benefits to assist the spouses/ RDPs and children of fallen firefighters. **Code 407, Emergency Food for Families Fund** – Contributions will be used to help local food banks feed California's hungry. Your contribution will fund the purchase of much-needed food for delivery to food banks, pantries, and soup kitchens throughout the state. The State Department of Social Services will monitor its distribution to ensure the food is given to those most in need.

Code 408, California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Fund – Contributions will be used to preserve the memory of California's fallen peace officers and assist the families they left behind. Since statehood, over 1,300 courageous California peace officers have made the ultimate sacrifice while protecting law-abiding citizens. The non-profit charitable organization, California Peace Officers' Memorial Foundation, has accepted the privilege and responsibility of maintaining a memorial for fallen officers on the State Capitol grounds. Each May, the Memorial Foundation conducts a dignified ceremony honoring fallen officers and their surviving families by offering moral support, crisis counseling, and financial support that includes academic scholarships for the children of those officers who have made the supreme sacrifice. On behalf of all of us and the law-abiding citizens of California, thank you for your participation.

Code 410, California Sea Otter Fund – The California Coastal Conservancy and the Department of Fish and Game will each be allocated 50% of the contributions. The California Coastal Conservancy will use the contributions for research and programs related to the near-shore ecosystem, including sea otters. The Department of Fish and Game will use the contributions to establish a sea otter fund within the department's index coding system for increased investigation, prevention, and enforcement action.

Code 413, California Cancer Research Fund – Contributions will be used to conduct research relating to the causes, detection, and prevention of cancer and to expand community-based education on cancer, and to provide prevention and awareness activities for communities that are disproportionately at risk or afflicted by cancer.

Code 415, Arts Council Fund – Contributions will be used by the Arts Council to allocate grants to individuals or organizations administering arts programs.

Code 416, California Police Activities League (CALPAL) Fund – Contributions will be used exclusively to fund the services and programs of the California Police Activities League (CALPAL) program.

Code 417, California Veterans Homes Fund – Contributions will be used for veterans homes operations.

Code 418, Safely Surrendered Baby Fund – Contributions will be used to fund programs to increase public awareness and outreach regarding the Safely Surrendered Baby Law.

CREDIT CHART

| Credit Name | Code | Description |
|---|------|---|
| Child Adoption – Worksheet on page 19 | 197 | 50% of qualified costs in the year an adoption is ordered |
| Child and Dependent Care Expenses – FTB 3506 See the instructions on page 21 | None | Similar to the federal credit except that the California credit amount is based on a specified percentage of the federal credit and is refundable |
| Community Development Financial Institution Deposits – Certification Required | 209 | 20% of each qualified deposit made to a community development financial institution Obtain certification from: California Organized Investment Network (COIN), Department of Insurance, 300 Capitol Mall, Suite 1600, Sacramento CA 95814. Website: insurance.ca.gov . |
| Dependent Parent – See page 18 | 173 | Must use married/RDP filing separately status and have a dependent parent |
| Disabled Access for Eligible Small Business – FTB 3548 | 205 | Similar to the federal credit but limited to \$125 based on 50% of qualified expenditures that do not exceed \$250 |
| Donated Agricultural Products Transportation – FTB 3547 | 204 | 50% of the costs paid or incurred for the transportation of agricultural products donated to nonprofit charitable organizations |
| Employer Child Care Contribution – FTB 3501 | 190 | Employer: 30% of contributions to a qualified plan |
| Employer Child Care Program – FTB 3501 | 189 | Employer: 30% of cost for establishing a child care program or constructing a child care facility |
| Enhanced Oil Recovery – FTB 3546 | 203 | One third of the similar federal credit and limited to qualified enhanced oil recovery projects located within California. |
| Enterprise Zone Employee – FTB 3553 | 169 | 5% of wages from work in an enterprise zone |
| Enterprise Zone Hiring & Sales or Use Tax – FTB 3805Z | 176 | Business incentives for enterprise zone businesses |
| Environmental Tax – FTB 3511 | 218 | Five cents (\$.05) for each gallon of ultra low sulfur diesel fuel produced during the taxable year by a small refiner at any facility located in this state |
| First-Time Buyer – Pub. 3549 | 222 | The lesser of 5% of the purchase price of a qualified principal residence or \$10,000. The credit is taken equally over three years |
| Joint Custody Head of Household – Worksheet on page 18 | 170 | 30% of tax up to \$390 for taxpayers who are single or married/RDP filing separately, who have a child and meet the support test |
| Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area (LAMBRA) Hiring & Sales or Use Tax – FTB 3807 | 198 | Business incentives for LAMBRAs |
| Low-Income Housing – FTB 3521 | 172 | Similar to the federal credit but limited to low-income housing in California |
| Manufacturing Enhancement Area (MEA) Hiring – FTB 3808 | 211 | Percentage of qualified wages paid to qualified disadvantaged individuals |
| Natural Heritage Preservation – FTB 3503 | 213 | 55% of the fair market value of any qualified contribution of property donated to the state, any local government, or any nonprofit organization designated by a local government |
| New Home (2009) – Pub. 3528 | 219 | The lesser of 5% of the purchase price of a qualified principal residence or \$10,000. The credit is taken equally over three years. |
| New Home (2010) – Pub. 3549 | 221 | The lesser of 5% of the purchase price of a qualified principal residence or \$10,000. The credit is taken equally over three years. |
| New Jobs – FTB 3527 | 220 | \$3,000 allowed for a qualified employer for each increase in qualified full-time employees hired in the current taxable year. |
| Nonrefundable Renter's – See page 57 | None | For California residents who paid rent for their principal residence for at least 6 months in 2010 and whose AGI does not exceed a certain limit |
| Other State Tax – Schedule S | 187 | Net income tax paid to another state or a U.S. possession on income also taxed by California |
| Prior Year Alternative Minimum Tax – FTB 3510 | 188 | Must have paid alternative minimum tax in a prior year and have no alternative minimum tax liability in 2010 |
| Prison Inmate Labor – FTB 3507 | 162 | 10% of wages paid to prison inmates |
| Research – FTB 3523 | 183 | Similar to the federal credit but limited to costs for research activities in California |
| Senior Head of Household – Worksheet on page 19 | 163 | 2% of taxable income up to \$1,196 for seniors who qualified for head of household in 2008 or 2009 and whose qualifying individual died during 2008 or 2009 |
| Targeted Tax Area (TTA) Hiring & Sales or Use Tax – FTB 3809 | 210 | Business incentives for TTA business |

Repealed Credits: The expiration dates for these credits have passed. However, these credits had carryover provisions. You may claim these credits only if there is a carryover available from prior years. If you are not required to complete Schedule P (540NR), Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations – Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents, get form FTB 3540, Credit Carryover Summary, to figure your credit carryover to future years. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 58.

| Agricultural Products | Joint Strike Fighter Property Cost | Rice Straw |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Commercial Solar Energy | Hiring & Sales or Use Tax | Salmon & Steelhead Trout Habitat |
| Employee Ridesharing194 | Low-Emission Vehicles | Restoration |
| Employer Ridesharing: Large employer191 | Manufacturers' Investment | Solar Energy |
| Small employer192 | Orphan Drug | Solar Pump 179 |
| Transit passes | Political Contributions184 | Solar or Wind Energy System |
| Energy Conservation | Recycling Equipment | Water Conservation |
| Farmworker Housing. .207 Joint Strike Fighter Wages .215 | Residential Rental & Farm Sales | Young Infant |

Nonrefundable Renter's Credit Qualification Record



e-file and skip this page! The tax software product you use to e-file will help you find out if you qualify for this credit and will figure the correct amount of the credit automatically. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** to check your e-file options.

If you were a resident of California for at least six months in 2010 and paid rent on property in California, which was your principal residence, you may qualify for a credit that you can use to reduce your tax. Answer the questions below to see if you qualify. For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737. **Do not mail this record. Keep with your tax records.**

| 2. Is your adjusted gross income from all sources on your Long or Short 540NR, line 17: \$39,440 ress if married/RDP filing separately \$39,440 ress if married/RDP filing signately \$30,400 not year end, for at least half of 2010, on property (including a mobile home that you owned on rented land) in California, which was your principal residence? YES. Go to question 4. NO. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. 4. Can you be claimed as a dependent by a parent, foster parent, legal guardian, or any other person in 2010? NO. Go to question 6. YES. Go to question 6. YES. So to question 7. YES. So to qualify for this credit. A. Go you be readed as a dependent by a parent, foster parent legal guardian, or any other person in 2010? NO. Go to question 6. YES. So to prest you rented exempt from property tax in 2010? You do not qualify for this credit. If, for more than half of the year, you rented property that was exempt from property taxes. Exempt property includes most government-Owned balangs, charge domintories, and milliary barracks. However, if you or your landord paid possessory interest taxes for the property you rented exempt from property tax zeromption anytime during 2010? You do not qualify for this credit If you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption of a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you are outer systems? NO. Go to question 8. YES. If your filing status is single or married/RDP filing separately, stop here, you do not qualify for this credit. If your mouse power/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you or |
|--|
| Se9, 444 or less if married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(e?)? No. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. Joid you pay rent, for at least half of 2010, on property (including a mobile home that you owned on rented land) in California, which was your principal residence? No. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. A Can you be claimed as a dependent by a parent, toster parent, legal guardian, or any other person in 2010? YES. Go to question 6. YES. Go to question 6. YES. The property you rented exempt from property tax in 2010? YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. A. Can you the claimed as a dependent by a parent, toster parent, legal guardian, or any other person in 2010? YES. Go to question 6. YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. A. Can you rented exempt from property tax in 2010? You on qualify for this credit if, for more than half of the year, you rented property that was exempt from property taxes. Exempt property includes most government-owned buildings, church-owned parsonages, college dormitories, and military baracks. However, if you or your landlord paid possessory interest taxes for the property you rented, then you may claim this credit. YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. You on to qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property taxe exemption for a separate residence, then you way claim this credit if you are your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property taxe exemption for a separate residence, then you any claim this credit if you are your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property taxe exemption for a separate residence, then you and claim this credit if you are your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property taxe exemption for a separate residence, then you and claim this credit if you are your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you and claim |
| principial residence? N0. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. YES. Go to question 4. N0. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. A. Can you be claimed as a dependent by a parent, foster parent, legal guardian, or any other person in 2010? N0. Go to question 6. YES. Go to question 5. 5. For more than half the year in 2010, did you live in the home of the person who can claim you as a dependent? N0. Go to question 6. YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. 6. Was the property you rented, then you rented property tax in 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if, for more than hal of the year, you rented property you rented, then you may claim this credit. YES. Go to question 7. YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption any time during 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption of a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption a stan at residence, then you may claim this credit if you or y |
| YES. Go to question 4. NO. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. 4. Can you be claimed as a dependent by a parent, toster parent, legal guardian, or any other person in 2010? NO. Go to question 6. YES. Go to question 5. 5. For more than half the year in 2010, did you live in the home of the person who can claim you as a dependent? NO. Go to question 6. YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. 6. Was the property you rented exempt from property tax in 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if, for more than hal of the year, you rented property that was exempt from property taxes. Exempt property includes most government-owned buildings, church-owned parsonages, college dormitories, and military barracks. However, if you or your landlord paid possessory interest taxes for the property you rented, then you may claim this credit. NO. Go to question 7. YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. 7. Did you claim the homeowner's property tax exemption any time during 2010? You do not qualify for this credit. If your ripouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you any claim this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you do not qualify for this credit. If your filling status is single or married/RDP filling jointly, go to question 9. 8. Were you single in 2010? YES. I th out you and your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separa |
| N0. Go to question 6. YES. Go to question 5. 5. For more than half the year in 2010, did you live in the home of the person who can claim you as a dependent? YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. 6. Was the property you rented exempt from property tax in 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if, for more than half of the year, you rented property that was exempt from property taxes. Exempt property includes most government-owned buildings, church-owned parsonages, college dormitories, and military barracks. However, if you or your landlord paid possessory interest taxes for the property you rented, then you may claim this credit. 7. Did you claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you are otherwise qualified. W10. Go to question 8. YES. If your filing status is single or married/RDP filing separately, stop here, you do not qualify for this credit. If you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for the entire year and your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for the nettire year and your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you any claim this credit if you are otherwise qualified. YES. Go to question 11. N0. Go to question 9. 9. Did your spouse/RDP real test and source spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you any claim this credit if you ar |
| NO. Go to question 6. YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. 6. Was the property you rented exempt from property tax in 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if, for more than half of the year, you rented property that was exempt from property taxes. Exempt property includes most government-owned buildings, church-owned parsonages, college dormitories, and military barracks. However, if you or your landlord paid possessory interest taxes for the property you rented, then you may claim this credit. NO. Go to question 7. YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. 7. Did you claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you are otherwise qualified. NO. Go to question 8. YES. If your filing status is single or married/RDP filing geparately, stop here, you do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2010? 8. Were you single in 2010? NO. Go to question 9. 9. Did your spouse/RDP claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you roy us opsues/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you go us opsues/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this |
| You do not qualify for this credit if, for more than half of the year, you rented property that was exempt from property taxes. Exempt property includes most government-owned buildings, church-owned parlandonges, college dormitories, and military barracks. However, if you or your landlord paid possessory interest taxes for the property you rented, then you may claim this credit. YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for the entire year and your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption of a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you are otherwise qualified. NO. Go to question 8. YES. If your filing status is single or married/RDP filing separately, stop here, you do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you are otherwise qualified. NO. Go to question 9. 9. Did your spouse/RDP claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for the entire year and your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from you are otherwise qualified. NO. Go to question 9. 9. 101 you and your spouse/RDP maintain separate residences for the entire year in 2010? YES. Go to question 11. YES. If both you and your spouse/RDP claimed the homeowner's property tax exemption, stop here, you do not qualify for this credit. 11. YES. Go to question 11. YES. If both you and your spouse/RDP maintain s |
| 7. Did you claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you or otherwise qualified. NO. Go to question 8. YES. If your filing status is single or married/RDP filing jointly, go to question 9. 8. Were you single in 2010? NO. Go to question 9. 9. Did your spouse/RDP claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2010? Yet do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for the entire year and your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you are otherwise qualified. NO. Go to question 11. NO. Go to question 9. 9. Did your spouse/RDP maintain separate residences for the entire year in 2010? YES. Go to question 11. YES. If both you and your spouse/RDP claimed the homeowner's property ta |
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| YES. Go to question 11. NO. Go to question 9. 9. Did your spouse/RDP claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2010? You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for the entire year and your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you are otherwise qualified. NO. Go to question 11. YES. If both you and your spouse/RDP claimed the homeowner's property tax exemption, stop here, you do not qualify for this credit. Otherwise, go to question 10. 10. Did you and your spouse/RDP maintain separate residences for the entire year in 2010? NO. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit. 11. Use the following chart to find the amount of your credit based on the number of full months you were a resident of and rented property in California in 2010. Enter the amount on the line below. If married/RDP filing jointly where one spouse/RDP claimed the homeowner's property tax exemption and both spouses/RDPs lived apart for the entire year, enter half of the amount listed on the chart for married/RDP filing jointly on the line below. Follow the instructions next to the chart. |
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| in 2010. Enter the amount on the line below. If married/RDP filing jointly where one spouse/RDP claimed the homeowner's property tax exemption and both spouses/RDPs lived apart for the entire year, enter half of the amount listed on the chart for married/RDP filing jointly on the line below. Follow the instructions next to the chart. |
| Number of months |
| |
| Filing status 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 |
| Single or married/RDP single or married/RDP filing separately \$30 \$35 \$40 \$45 \$50 \$55 \$60 Married/RDP filing File File File File File File |
| jointly, head of household or qualifying widow(er) \$60 \$70 \$80 \$90 \$100 \$110 Form 540 \$100 \$10 \$10 \$10 Form 540 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$1 |
| Street Address City, State, and ZIP Code Dates Rented in 2010 (From to) |
| |
| |
| nter the name, address, and telephone number of your landlord(s) or the person(s) to whom you paid rent for the residence(s) listed above. |
| Name Street Address City, State, ZIP Code, and Telephone Number |
| |
| |

How To Get California Tax Information

Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications

By Internet – You can download, view, and print California income tax forms and publications at **ftb.ca.gov** or you may have these forms and publications mailed to you. Our most frequently used forms may be filed electronically, printed out for submission, and saved for record keeping.

By phone - To order California tax forms and publications:

- Refer to the list on the next page and find the code number for the form you want to order.
- Call 800.338.0505.
- Select "Personal Income Tax."
- Select "Forms and Publications."
- Enter the three-digit form code when you are instructed.

Allow two weeks to receive your order. If you live outside California, allow three weeks to receive your order.

In person – Many post offices and libraries provide free California tax booklets during the filing season.

Employees at libraries and post offices cannot provide tax information or assistance.

By mail - Write to:

TAX FORMS REQUEST UNIT FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 307 RANCHO CORDOVA CA 95741-0307

Letters

If you write to us, be sure your letter includes your social security number (SSN), or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), and your daytime and evening telephone numbers. Send your letter to:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0040

We will respond to your letter within 10 weeks. In some cases, we may call you to respond to your inquiry, or ask for additional information. Do not attach correspondence to your tax return unless the correspondence relates to an item on the tax return.

Your Rights As A Taxpayer

The FTB's goals include making certain that your rights are protected so that you have the highest confidence in the integrity, efficiency, and fairness of your state tax system. FTB Pub. 4058, California Taxpayers' Bill of Rights, includes information on your rights as a California taxpayer, the Taxpayers' Rights Advocate Program, and how you request written advice from the FTB on whether a particular transaction is taxable. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications," on this page.

Privacy Notice

The Franchise Tax Board considers the privacy of your tax information to be of the utmost importance.

Reasons for Information Requests – We ask for return information so that we can administer the tax law fairly and correctly.

Rights and Responsibility – You have the right to see our records that contain your personal information. To obtain information about your records, you may write to:

DISCLOSURE OFFICER MS A181 FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 1468 SACRAMENTO, CA 95812-1468,

or call: 800.852.5711 within the United States, or 916.845.6500 outside of the United States.

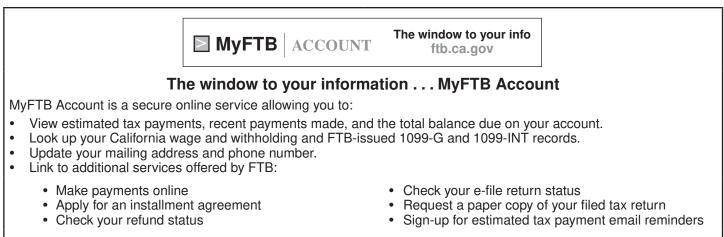
Your Responsibility – California Revenue and Taxation Code Sections 18501 and 18621 require you to file a return on the forms we prescribe if you meet certain requirements. It is mandatory that you furnish all requested information. You may be charged penalties and interest, and in certain cases, you may be criminally prosecuted if you do not provide the information we ask for, or you provide fraudulent information.

Information Disclosures – As provided by law, we may give your tax information to other tax officials to determine your tax liability or collect tax amounts you owe. If you owe the Franchise Tax Board money we may also give your information to employers, financial institutions, county recorders, or others who hold assets belonging to you.

For full text of Franchise Tax Board's Privacy Notice, get form FTB 1131.

Need help with your tax return?

We provide free assistance to individuals with limited income and/or over the age of 60 who need help in completing simple federal and state income tax returns. For more information, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **vita**.



Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account.

Automated Phone Service

Automated Phone Service

Use our automated phone service to get recorded answers to many of your questions about California Taxes and to order current year Personal Income Tax Forms and Publications.

- You can also:
- Get current year tax refund information.
- Get balance due and payment information.
- Have paper and pencil ready to take notes. Telephone: 800.338.0505 from within the

United States

916.845.6500 from outside the United States

Answers To Tax Questions

Call our automated phone service, select "Personal Income Tax Information," then "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter the 3-digit code.

Code Filing Assistance

- 100 Do I need to file a tax return?
- 111 Which form should I use?
- 112 How do I file electronically and get a fast refund?
- 201 How can I get an extension to file?
- 203 What is the nonrefundable renter's credit and how do I qualify?
- 204 I never received a Form W-2. What do I do?
- 205 I have no withholding taken out. What do I do?
- 206 Do I have to attach a copy of my federal tax return?
- 209 I lived in California for part of the year. Do I have to file a tax return?
- 210 I did not live in California. Do I have to file a tax return?
- 215 Who qualifies me to use the head of household filing status?
- 222 How much can I deduct for vehicle license fees?

Penalties

403 What is the estimate penalty rate?

Notices And Bills

- 503 How do I file a protest against a Notice of Proposed Assessment?
- 506 How can I get information about my Form 1099-G?

Tax For Children

601 Can my child take a personal exemption credit when I claim her or him as a dependent on my tax return?

Miscellaneous

- 611 What address do I send my payment to?
- 619 How do I report a change of address?

Order Forms and Publications

If your current address is on file, you can order California tax forms and publications. Call our automated phone service, select "Personal Income Tax," then "Forms and Publications," and enter the 3-digit code.

Code California Tax Forms and Publications

- 900 California Resident Income Tax Booklet: Form 540, Resident Income Tax Return Form 540A, Resident Income Tax Return
- 965 Form 540 2EZ Tax Booklet
- 903 Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments – Residents, FTB 3885A, Depreciation & Amortization Adjustments, and Schedule D, California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment
- 907 Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals
- 908 Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return
- 909 Schedule D-1, Sales of Business Property
- 910 Schedule G-1, Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions
- 911 Schedule P (540), Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations – Residents
- 913 Schedule S, Other State Tax Credit
- 914 California Nonresident Income Tax Booklet: Long and Short Form 540NR, Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return
- 917 Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments – Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents
- 918 Schedule P (540NR), Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations – Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents
- 932 FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit
- 937 FTB 3516, Request for Copy of Personal Income Tax or Fiduciary Return
- 921 FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals
- 972 FTB 3520, Power of Attorney form and FTB Pub. 1144, Power of Attorney Frequently Asked Questions
- 922 FTB 3525, Substitute for W-2 Wage and Tax Statement
- 923 FTB 3526, Investment Interest Expense Deduction
- 940 FTB 3540, Credit Carryover Summary
- 949 FTB 3567, Installment Agreement Request
- 924 FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Certain Children with Investment Income
- 929 FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations
- 925 FTB 3805E, Installment Sale Income 928 FTB 3805P, Additional Taxes from
- Qualified Retirement Plans 926 FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL)
- Individuals
- 927 FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax – Individuals and Fiduciaries
- 919 FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments
- 920 FTB Pub. 1005, Pension and Annuity Guidelines
- 945 FTB Pub. 1006, California Tax Forms and Related Federal Forms
- 946 FTB Pub. 1008, Federal Tax Adjustments and Your Notification Responsibilities
- 941 FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status

(Keep This Booklet For Future Use)

- 942 FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel
- 951 FTB Pub. 1051A, Guidelines for Married/ RDP Filing Separate Returns
- 934 FTB Pub. 1540, California Head of Household Filing Status
- 943 FTB Pub. 4058, California Taxpayers' Bill of Rights

Current Year Refund Information

If you file by mail, wait at least 8 weeks after you file your tax return before you call to find out about your refund. You need your social security number, the numbers in your street address, box number, route number, or PMB number, and your ZIP Code to use this service.

Balance Due And Payment Information

Wait at least 45 days from the date you mailed your payment before you call to verify receipt. You need your social security number, the numbers in your street address, box number, route number or PMB number, and your ZIP Code to use this service.

General Phone Service

Telephone assistance is available year-round from 7 a.m. until 5 p.m. Monday through Friday, except holidays. Hours are subject to change.

Telephone: 800.852.5711 from within the United States

916.845.6500 from outside the United States

800.829.1040 for federal tax questions, call the IRS

TTY/TDD: 800.822.6268 for persons with hearing or speech impairments

Asistencia bilingüe en español

Asistencia telefónica está disponible todo el año durante las 7 a.m. y las 5 p.m. lunes a viernes, excepto días festivos. Las horas están sujetas a cambios.

- Telefono: 800.852.5711 dentro de los Estados Unidos
 - 916.845.6500 fuera de los Estados Unidos

800.829.1040 para preguntas sobre impuestos federales

Sitio web: ftb.ca.gov

TTY/TDD:

800.822.6268 personas con discapacidades auditivas y del habla



Marketing page