## AP® ENGLISH LITERATURE AND COMPOSITION 2007 SCORING GUIDELINES (Form B)

## Question 2

(From *Reading in the Dark* by Seamus Deane)

The score reflects the quality of the essay as a whole—its content, its style, its mechanics. Students are rewarded for what they do well. The score for an exceptionally well-written essay may be raised by 1 point above the otherwise appropriate score. In no case may a poorly written essay be scored higher than a 3.

- **9–8** Students submitting these well-written essays show themselves to be astute readers of this narrative. The essays identify with clarity and precision the strategies and techniques (selection of details or imagery, for example) that help convey the impact of the narrator's contrasting and, perhaps, complementary early experiences with books and writing. They illustrate these techniques by means of apt and specific references to the text. These essays need not be flawless. Nonetheless, they exhibit an ability to discuss the passage with understanding and insight, sustaining control, and writing with clarity and sophistication.
- **7–6** These competent essays identify a plausible impact of the narrator's early experiences with books and writing, as well as the linguistic strategies used to convey this impact. Their assertions about the effects on the narrator may be less convincing, or they may find fewer supporting examples from the text, than the highest scoring essays. These essays demonstrate the ability to express ideas clearly, but they do not exhibit the same level of mastery, maturity, or control as the very best essays. They are likely to be briefer, less incisive, and less well supported than the 9–8 essays.
- Although these essays suggest awareness of the complex interplay of the narrator's experiences and their ultimate impact, they are generally more superficial and less convincing than the upper-half essays. Discussion, though not inaccurate, tends to be overly generalized and inadequately developed or supported by references to the text. Although the writing is adequate to convey the students' ideas and is not marred by distracting errors, these essays are not as well conceived, well organized, or well developed as the upper-half essays.
- **4–3** These lower-half essays reveal an incomplete or oversimplified understanding of the text. Their assertions about the impact of the experiences may be implausible or irrelevant. They may rely almost entirely on paraphrase. Often wordy and repetitious, the writing may reveal uncertain control of the elements of college-level composition and may contain recurrent stylistic flaws. Essays that contain significant misreading and/or unusually inept writing should be scored a 3.
- **2–1** These essays compound the weaknesses of the essays in the 4–3 range. Often they are unacceptably brief. Although some attempt may be made to answer the question, the observations are presented with little clarity, organization, or support from the text. The essays may be poorly written on several counts and may contain distracting errors in grammar and mechanics. Essays that contain little coherent writing or discussion of the text should be scored a 1.
- **0** A response with no more than a reference to the task.
- A blank paper or completely off-topic response.

author, Seamus the impact ther Instead he simply recounts is a hovel ĪS Deane Then (13)This blend impressed him. herome, Ann, who does all the interesting Veare even admired doesn't lave her enough to the story into re-shaping endless piece of writing TS ON essay to simplies ordinary familiar.

after the strong novel, it is surprisingly mundone and just . Yet
Deane recounts all the details on in the essay from the particulars
of the dom meal and the whiat is said to white waiting for the
father. By showing the readers that Through the use of
such detail, delivered with a voice which now seems to be
ovorlapped with the country by that of the country boy, the original
essay has had on him. He does not need impact
to say directly that it was good that it or such i we was by
giving us the details and tone of the essay, he lets us, the readers,
feel what he has felt, more poisnoutly than we would if he trad tried
to list his emotions decides explicitly.
The simple comment of the master is the only explicit
mention of what was so great about the essay (and also what
was not so great about the novel, or the author's essent our essay
written under the influence of the novel), yet me do not need
more. The last paragraph describes what Deane realized about
his own writing - the "truth," as in the stand essay, holds solid and and how firm in his recollection while the
and how from in his recollection while the
"behind and above were those wispy, sharry figures" of the novel.
The final description of how the his writings impacted
affected hom is this passage itself. There is no hereme, beautiful
herosine no adventure, and no "long or strange words" describing
unknown places. It is the truth that Deane tells, or rather shows
unknown places. It is the truth that Deane tells, or rather shows us: it "just telling the truth." is what he does.

N 8 . A - 11
al Dimple Truth
Un the passage, Deamus Deane flashes
back to childhood experiences in a unique
manner. The author remembers stories he
read as a chied to create his own narration.
Deane uses his experiences with reading
to convey a sudden realization and
outlook on life.
This passage is unique because the
author conveys his experiences from a
Child's memory. Although it is most likely
Deane wrote the passage as an adult,
the dickon and sentence structure give
the reader a sense that a child is narrating.
Words such as "bad" to describe horripic
weather and "dark" to describe a womans
hair imply the writer is enexperienced.
Short simple sentence structure such as
"That was the neal" in line 46 represent
a loss of words to fully describe the situation
However, run on sentences are also noticible
such as in line 22 Twhich begins, "So Utalked
to her instead and doesn't end until

seven lines later. additionally most writer are taught the show not author of this passage ramb the events without the use of the significant Tipinative or rhetorical devices. The style allows the while at the experience from a childs point This passage possesses great recolection of past up he the simple simple pleasures most remembered. The author how he "read and re-read" The Shan Van Vocht internate conversations Robert that had the greatest Deane. Not only does Deane remember story, he remembers his exact thoughts the otory. Wasses Country statement thought

Deanes teachers words that "that's just
telling the truth; the author beaut a sudden
realization about life. Although Deane toward had
used "long or strange words" in his essay,
it was the simple truth that was most
influential.
Through a simple narration the
auther established establishes a simple truth.
Deane's aphorism that simple pleasures
are the greatest pleasures leaves the reader
de Read a maring " What
do cl enjoy most in life?" as the on author
quotes, it is "ordinary life" that is worther
worth writing about; et is "ordinary life"
that is worth remembering.

A book can affect a person in many
ways, so can Childhood experiences. This
passage by Seamus Deane discusses his early
years, and how his imagination had carried him
into the world of a story he had been reading.
"The Shan Van Vocht" was the book that "
has his mind wandering. He had been so
enthrawled by the book that he had imagined
himself in the book among the charaters.
The book had also affected his writing to
the point that he had stops writing
about reality. Instead he writes about
an imaginary world that beat too he "had
seen only with the Ann of the Novel."
After kealising that the tout to would
be After his teacher shows them the
Story of a young "Country bay" that
describes his simple evening, he realizes
that the truth is far more intresting
than his imaginary world.
The passage discusses how the simple
honest essay by the country boy
is better than imagining And the poet
Shows how this incident affects him, and
allows him to come back to reality.

Write in the box the number of the question you are answering $ac_2$ on this page as it is designated in the exam.
"I felt embarrassed." is what the
poet writes to show his emotions on the
incident. He sees his use of bigwords as
an embangesment and dishonesty. And
the honest essay had stayed in his mind for
a long time.

## AP® ENGLISH LITERATURE AND COMPOSITION 2007 SCORING COMMENTARY (Form B)

## Question 2

Sample: 2A Score: 8

This is a tightly constructed response to the question. The student notes that Deane discusses two different pieces of writing and considers their impact on him as a young boy, but ultimately the essay does not comment on which he thought was better. The student points to some of the specific features of each piece of writing: in the first case, the exquisite blend of "wild weather, danger, adventure, and love" is Deane's "main impression of the novel." The student notes that Deane or the speaker imaginatively enters the novel, describing his own imaginary conversation with the beautiful heroine, reshaping the story and thus opening up its "'endless possibilities.'" The student then discusses the second piece of writing, remarking that while Deane invokes the English teacher's comment about how good the model essay was, this commentary is not necessary, because Deane "shows ... 'just telling the truth' is what he does." The idea that Deane's essay itself models what it presents as the hallmarks of good writing is an important insight, although it arrives at the end of the essay and is asserted but not defended. This controlled essay, though not without some flaws, is itself an example of good writing.

Sample: 2B Score: 6

The essay begins with unpersuasive discussion of examples of both diction and sentence structure, but it develops into a competent analysis of Deane's style and how he conveys the impact of early experiences of reading. In a reflexive comment, the student points out that "most experienced writers are taught to 'show not tell.'" The student then analyzes what he or she shows us, observing that Deane arrives at a "simple truth": that "'ordinary life'" affords the greatest pleasure. The essay's insights are not stellar, but they are presented with clarity and control.

Sample: 2C Score: 3

This essay has a somewhat promising opening that paraphrases the question prompt and then indicates that in the passage Deane "discusses his early years, and how his imagination had carried him into the world of a story." The rest of the response, however, is largely a retelling of the events in the passage, with fairly obvious conclusions about the impact of the two experiences Deane describes: "The passage discusses how the simple honest essay ... is better than imagining. And the poet shows how this incident affects him, and allows him to come back to reality." The student does attempt to integrate textual evidence but does so awkwardly: "I felt embarrassed' is what the poet writes to show his emotions on [sic] the incident." In sum, this response lacks the insightful analysis and controlled writing found in essays in the upper-half of the scoring range.