SENATE BILL No. 407

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 16-18-2; IC 16-36-5.

Synopsis: Out of hospital do not resuscitate orders. Provides for use of do not resuscitate orders for certain patients in locations other than acute care hospitals. Allows a patient with a terminal condition or a patient with a medical condition that would ultimately prevent cardiopulmonary resuscitation efforts from being successful to express the patient's wish that cardiopulmonary resuscitation not be undertaken if the patient's cardiac or pulmonary functions cease at a location other than an acute care hospital. Provides for revocation of an out of hospital do not resuscitate declaration and order. Provides guidance and immunity for health care providers in caring for a patient with an executed out of hospital do not resuscitate declaration and order. Establishes criminal penalties.

Effective: July 1, 1998.

Miller

January 9, 1998, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.



Second Regular Session 110th General Assembly (1998)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 1997 General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 407

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 16-18-2-29 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1998]: Sec. 29. "Attending physician" means the licensed physician who has the primary responsibility for the treatment and care of the patient. For purposes of IC 16-36-5, the term includes a physician licensed in another state.

SECTION 2. IC 16-18-2-48.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1998]: **Sec. 48.5.** "Cardiopulmonary resuscitation" or "CPR", for purposes of IC 16-36-5, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-36-5-1.

SECTION 3. IC 16-18-2-66.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1998]: **Sec. 66.5. "Competent witness", for purposes of IC 16-36-5, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-36-5-2.** SECTION 4. IC 16-18-2-92.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS

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1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1998]: Sec. 92.4. "Declarant", for purposes
2	of IC 16-36-5, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-36-5-3.
3	SECTION 5. IC 16-18-2-99.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
4	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1998]: Sec. 99.3. "DNR", for purposes of
6	IC 16-36-5, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-36-5-4.
7	SECTION 6. IC 16-18-2-163, AS AMENDED BY P.L.188-1995,
8	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 1998]: Sec. 163. (a) "Health care provider", for purposes of
10	IC 16-21 and IC 16-41, means any of the following:
11	(1) An individual, a partnership, a corporation, a professional
12	corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or legally
13	authorized by this state to provide health care or professional
14	services as a licensed physician, a psychiatric hospital, a hospital,
15	a health facility, an emergency ambulance service (IC 16-31-3),
16	a dentist, a registered or licensed practical nurse, a midwife, an
17	optometrist, a pharmacist, a podiatrist, a chiropractor, a physical
18	therapist, a respiratory care practitioner, an occupational therapist,
19	a psychologist, a paramedic, an emergency medical technician, or
20	an advanced emergency technician, or a person who is an officer,
21	employee, or agent of the individual, partnership, corporation,
22	professional corporation, facility, or institution acting in the
23	course and scope of the person's employment.
24	(2) A college, university, or junior college that provides health
25	care to a student, a faculty member, or an employee, and the
26	governing board or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent
27	of the college, university, or junior college acting in the course
28	and scope of the person's employment.
29	(3) A blood bank, community mental health center, community
30	mental retardation center, community health center, or migrant
31	health center.
32	(4) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).
33	(5) A health maintenance organization (as defined in
34	IC 27-13-1-19).
35	(6) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or
36	partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).
37	(7) A corporation, partnership, or professional corporation not
38	otherwise qualified under this subsection that:
39	(A) provides health care as one (1) of the corporation's,
40	partnership's, or professional corporation's functions;
41	(B) is organized or registered under state law; and
42	(C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care



1	provider under IC 27-12 for the corporation's, partnership's, or
2	professional corporation's health care function.
3	Coverage for a health care provider qualified under this
4	subdivision is limited to the health care provider's health care
5	functions and does not extend to other causes of action.
6	(b) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-35, has the
7	meaning set forth in subsection (a). However, for purposes of IC 16-35,
8	the term also includes a health facility (as defined in section 167 of this
9	chapter).
10	(c) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-36-5, means
11	an individual licensed or authorized by Indiana to provide health
12	care or professional services as a licensed physician, a registered
13	nurse, a licensed practical nurse, an advanced practice nurse, a
14	licensed nurse midwife, a paramedic, an emergency medical
15	technician, or an advanced emergency medical technician. The
16	term includes an individual who is an employee or agent of a health
17	care provider acting in the course and scope of the individual's
18	employment.
19	SECTION 7. IC 16-18-2-264.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
20	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1998]: Sec. 264.7. "Out of hospital", for
22	purposes of IC 16-36-5, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-36-5-5.
23	SECTION 8. IC 16-18-2-264.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
24	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
25	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1998]: Sec. 264.8. "Out of hospital DNR
26	declaration and order", for purposes of IC 16-36-5, has the
27	meaning set forth in IC 16-36-5-6.
28	SECTION 9. IC 16-18-2-264.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
29	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
30	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1998]: Sec. 264.9. "Out of hospital DNR
31	identification device", for purposes of IC 16-36-5, has the meaning
32	set forth in IC 16-36-5-7.
33	SECTION 10. IC 16-18-2-302.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
34	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
35	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1998]: Sec. 302.3. "Qualified person", for
36	purposes of IC 16-36-5, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-36-5-8.
37	SECTION 11. IC 16-18-2-317 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1998]: Sec. 317. (a)
39	"Representative", for purposes of IC 16-36-1, has the meaning set forth
40	in IC 16-36-1-2.
41	(b) "Representative", for purposes of IC 16-36-5, has the



meaning set forth in IC 16-36-5-9.

1	SECTION 12. IC 16-36-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 1998]:
4	Chapter 5. Out of Hospital Do Not Resuscitate Declarations
5	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "cardiopulmonary resuscitation"
6	or "CPR" means cardiopulmonary resuscitation or a component
7	of cardiopulmonary resuscitation including cardiac compression,
8	endotracheal intubation and other advanced airway management,
9	artificial ventilation, defibrillation, administration of cardiac
.0	resuscitation medications, and related procedures. The term does
. 1	not include the Heimlich maneuver or a similar procedure used to
2	expel an obstruction from the throat.
3	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "competent witness" means a
4	person at least eighteen (18) years of age who is not:
.5	(1) the person who signed the declaration on behalf of and at
.6	the direction of the declarant;
.7	(2) a parent, spouse, or child of the declarant;
.8	(3) entitled to any part of the declarant's estate; or
9	(4) directly financially responsible for the declarant's medical
20	care.
21	For purposes of subdivision (3), a person is not considered to be
22	entitled to any part of the declarant's estate solely by virtue of
23	being nominated as a personal representative or as the attorney for
24	the estate in the declarant's will.
25	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "declarant" means a person:
26	(1) who has executed an out of hospital DNR declaration
27	under section 11(a) of this chapter; or
28	(2) for whom a representative has executed an out of hospital
29	DNR declaration under section 11(b) of this chapter;
30	and for whom an out of hospital DNR order has been written
31	under section 12 of this chapter.
32	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "DNR" means do not resuscitate.
33	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "out of hospital" refers to a
34	location other than an acute care hospital licensed under
35	IC 16-21-2.
36	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "out of hospital DNR declaration
37	and order" means a document executed under sections 11 and 12
88	of this chapter.
39 10	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "out of hospital DNR
l0 1	identification device" means a device developed by the emergency
11	medical services commission under section 17 of this chapter.
12	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "qualified person" means an



1	individual certified as a qualified person under section 10 of this
2	chapter.
3	Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "representative" means a
4	person's:
5	(1) legal guardian or other court appointed representative
6	responsible for making health care decisions for the person;
7	(2) health care representative under IC 16-36-1; or
8	(3) attorney in fact for health care appointed under
9	IC 30-5-5-16.
10	Sec. 10. An attending physician may certify that a patient is a
11	qualified person if the attending physician determines, in
12	accordance with reasonable medical standards, that one (1) of the
13	following conditions is met:
14	(1) The person has a terminal condition as defined in
15	IC 16-36-4-5.
16	(2) The person has a medical condition such that, were the
17	person to suffer cardiac or pulmonary failure:
18	(A) resuscitation would be unsuccessful or within a short
19	period the person would experience repeated cardiac or
20	pulmonary failure resulting in death; or
21	(B) resuscitation would cause significant physical pain or
22	harm that would outweigh the possibility that cardiac or
23	pulmonary function would be restored for an indefinite
24	period.
25	Sec. 11. (a) A person who is of sound mind and at least eighteen
26	(18) years of age may execute an out of hospital DNR declaration.
27	(b) A person's representative may execute an out of hospital
28	DNR declaration for the person under this chapter only if the
29	person is:
30	(1) at least eighteen (18) years of age; and
31	(2) incompetent.
32	(c) An out of hospital DNR declaration must meet the following
33	conditions:
34	(1) Be voluntary.
35	(2) Be in writing.
36	(3) Be signed by the person making the declaration or by
37	another person in the declarant's presence and at the
38	declarant's express direction.
39	(4) Be dated.
40	(5) Be signed in the presence of at least two (2) competent
41	witnesses.
42	(d) An out of hospital DNR declaration must be issued on the



1	form specified in section 15 of this chapter.
2	Sec. 12. An out of hospital DNR order:
3	(1) may be issued only by the declarant's attending physician;
4	and
5	(2) may be issued only if both of the following apply:
6	(A) The attending physician has determined the patient is
7	a qualified person.
8	(B) The patient has executed an out of hospital DNR
9	declaration under section 11 of this chapter.
0	Sec. 13. (a) An attending physician who does not issue an out of
.1	hospital DNR order for a patient who is a qualified person may
2	transfer the patient to another physician, who may issue an out of
3	hospital DNR order, unless:
4	(1) the attending physician has reason to believe the patient's
.5	declaration was not validly executed, or there is evidence the
6	patient no longer intends the declaration to be enforced; and
7	(2) the patient is unable to validate the declaration.
8	(b) Notwithstanding section 10 of this chapter, if an attending
9	physician, after reasonable investigation, finds no other physician
20	willing to honor the patient's out of hospital DNR declaration and
21	issue an out of hospital DNR order, the attending physician may
22	refuse to issue an out of hospital DNR order.
23	(c) If the attending physician does not transfer a patient under
24	subsection (a), the physician may attempt to ascertain the patient's
25	intention and attempt to determine the validity of the declaration
26	by consulting with any of the following individuals who are
27	reasonably available, willing, and competent to act:
28	(1) A court appointed guardian of the patient, if one has been
29	appointed. This subdivision does not require the appointment
30	of a guardian so that a treatment decision may be made under
31	this section.
32	(2) A person designated by the patient in writing to make a
33	treatment decision.
34	(3) The patient's spouse.
35	(4) An adult child of the patient or a majority of any adult
86	children of the patient who are reasonably available for
37	consultation.
88	(5) An adult sibling of the patient or a majority of any adult
39	siblings of the patient who are reasonably available for
10	consultation.
1	(6) The patient's clergy.
12	(7) Another person who has firsthand knowledge of the



1	patient's intent.
2	(d) The individuals described in subsection $(c)(1)$ through $(c)(7)$
3	shall act in the best interest of the patient and shall follow the
4	patient's express or implied intent, if known.
5	(e) The attending physician acting under subsection (c) shall list
6	the names of the individuals described in subsection (c) who were
7	consulted and include the information received in the patient's
8	medical file.
9	(f) If the attending physician determines from the information
10	received under subsection (c) that the patient intended to execute
11	a valid out of hospital DNR declaration, the physician may:
12	(1) issue an out of hospital DNR order, with the concurrence
13	of at least one (1) physician documented in the patient's
14	medical file; or
15	(2) request a court to appoint a guardian for the patient to
16	make the consent decision on behalf of the patient.
17	(g) An out of hospital DNR order must be issued on the form
18	specified in section 15 of this chapter.
19	Sec. 14. An out of hospital DNR declaration and order of a
20	declarant known to be pregnant has no effect during the
21	declarant's pregnancy.
22	Sec. 15. An out of hospital DNR declaration and order must be
23	in substantially the following form:
24	OUT OF HOSPITAL DO NOT RESUSCITATE
25	DECLARATION AND ORDER
26	This declaration and order is effective on the date of execution and
27	remains in effect until the death of the declarant or revocation.
28	OUT OF HOSPITAL DO NOT RESUSCITATE
29	DECLARATION
30	Declaration made this day of I,,
31	being at least eighteen (18) years of age and of sound mind,
32	willfully and voluntarily make known my desires that my dying
33	shall not be artificially prolonged under the circumstances set forth
34	below. I declare:
35	My attending physician has certified that I am a qualified
36	person, meaning that I have a terminal condition or a medical
37	condition such that, if I suffer cardiac or pulmonary failure,
38	resuscitation would be unsuccessful or within a short period I
39	would experience repeated cardiac or pulmonary failure resulting
40	in death, or resuscitation would cause significant physical pain or
41	harm that would outweigh the possibility that my cardiac or
42	pulmonary function would be restored for an indefinite period.



i direct that, if i experience cardiac or pulmonary fantire in a
location other than an acute care hospital, cardiopulmonary
resuscitation procedures be withheld or withdrawn and that I be
permitted to die naturally. My medical care may include any
medical procedure necessary to provide me with comfort care or
to alleviate pain.
I understand that I may revoke this out of hospital DNR
declaration at any time by a signed and dated writing, by
destroying or canceling this document, or by communicating to
health care providers at the scene the desire to revoke this
declaration.
I understand the full import of this declaration.
Signed
Printed name
City and State of Residence
The declarant is personally known to me, and I believe the
declarant to be of sound mind. I did not sign the declarant's
signature above for or at the direction of the declarant. I am not a
parent, spouse, or child of the declarant. I am not entitled to any
part of the declarant's estate or directly financially responsible for
the declarant's medical care. I am competent and at least eighteen
(18) years of age.
WitnessPrinted nameDate
WitnessPrinted nameDate
OUT OF HOSPITAL DO NOT RESUSCITATE ORDER
I,, the attending physician of
, have certified the declarant as a qualified
person to make an out of hospital DNR declaration, and I order
health care providers having actual notice of this out of hospital
DNR declaration and order not to initiate or continue
cardiopulmonary resuscitation procedures on behalf of the
declarant, unless the out of hospital DNR declaration is revoked.
SignedDate
Printed name
Medical license number
Sec. 16. Copies of the out of hospital DNR declaration and order
must be kept:
(1) by the declarant's attending physician in the declarant's
medical file; and
(2) by the declarant or the declarant's representative.
Sec. 17. (a) The emergency medical services commission shall



1	develop an out of hospital DNR identification device that must be:
2	(1) a necklace or bracelet; and
3	(2) inscribed with:
4	(A) the declarant's name;
5	(B) the declarant's date of birth; and
6	(C) the words "Do Not Resuscitate".
7	(b) An out of hospital DNR identification device may be created
8	for a declarant only after an out of hospital DNR declaration and
9	order has been executed by a declarant and an attending physician.
10	(c) The device developed under subsection (a) is not a substitute
11	for the out of hospital DNR declaration and order.
12	Sec. 18. (a) A declarant may at any time revoke an out of
13	hospital DNR declaration and order by any of the following:
14	(1) A signed, dated writing.
15	(2) Physical cancellation or destruction of the declaration and
16	order by the declarant or another in the declarant's presence
17	and at the declarant's direction.
18	(3) An oral expression by the declarant of intent to revoke.
19	(b) A declarant's representative may revoke an out of hospital
20	DNR declaration and order under this chapter only if the declarant
21	is incompetent.
22	(c) A revocation is effective upon communication to a health
23	care provider.
24	(d) A health care provider to whom the revocation of an out of
25	hospital DNR declaration and order is communicated shall
26	immediately notify the declarant's attending physician, if known,
27	of the revocation.
28	(e) An attending physician notified of the revocation of an out
29	of hospital DNR declaration and order shall immediately:
30	(1) add the revocation to the declarant's medical file, noting
31	the time, date, and place of revocation, if known, and the time,
32	date, and place that the physician was notified;
33	(2) cancel the out of hospital DNR declaration and order by
34	entering the word "VOID" on each page of the out of hospital
35	DNR declaration and order in the declarant's medical file;
36	and
37	(3) notify any health care facility staff responsible for the
38	declarant's care of the revocation.
39	Sec. 19. (a) A health care provider shall withhold or discontinue
40	CPR to a patient in an out of hospital location if the health care
41	provider has actual knowledge of:
42	(1) an original or a copy of a signed out of hospital DNR



1	declaration and order executed by the patient; or
2	(2) an out of hospital DNR identification device worn by the
3	patient or in the patient's possession.
4	(b) A health care provider shall disregard an out of hospital
5	DNR declaration and order and perform CPR if:
6	(1) the declarant is conscious and states a desire for
7	resuscitative measures;
8	(2) the health care provider believes in good faith that the out
9	of hospital DNR declaration and order has been revoked;
0	(3) the health care provider is ordered by the attending
1	physician to disregard the out of hospital DNR declaration
2	and order; or
.3	(4) the health care provider believes in good faith that the out
4	of hospital DNR declaration and order must be disregarded
.5	to avoid verbal or physical confrontation at the scene.
.6	(c) A health care provider transporting a declarant shall
.7	document on the transport form:
. 8	(1) the presence of an out of hospital DNR declaration and
9	order;
20	(2) the attending physician's name; and
21	(3) the date the out of hospital DNR declaration and order
22	was signed.
23	(d) An out of hospital DNR identification device must
24	accompany a declarant whenever the declarant is transported.
25	Sec. 20. A health care provider who in good faith and in
26	accordance with reasonable medical standards:
27	(1) participates in the withholding or withdrawal of CPR from
28	a declarant:
29	(A) by whom an out of hospital DNR declaration and order
30	has been executed under this chapter; or
31	(B) who has revoked an out of hospital DNR declaration
32	and order when the health care provider has no actual
33	notice of the revocation; or
34	(2) provides CPR to a declarant:
35	(A) when the health care provider has no actual notice of
36	the out of hospital DNR declaration and order; or
37	(B) after a revocation of an out of hospital DNR
88	declaration and order;
89	is not subject to criminal or civil liability and may not be found to
10	have committed an act of unprofessional conduct.
l1 l2	Sec. 21. (a) If a declarant is incompetent at the time of the decision to withhold or withdraw CPR, an out of hospital DNR
F /.	aecision to withhold or withdraw CPK. An Olif of nospital DNK



1	declaration and order executed under this chapter is presumed to
2	be valid.
3	(b) For purposes of this chapter, a health care provider may
4	presume in the absence of actual notice to the contrary that the
5	declarant was of sound mind when the out of hospital DNR
6	declaration and order was executed.
7	(c) The fact that a declarant executed an out of hospital
8	declaration may not be considered as an indication of the
9	declarant's mental incompetency.
10	Sec. 22. (a) A person may challenge the validity of an out of
11	hospital DNR declaration and order by filing a petition for review
12	in a court in the county in which the declarant resides.
13	(b) A petition filed under subsection (a) must include the name
14	and address of the declarant's attending physician.
15	(c) A court in which a petition is filed under subsection (a) may
16	declare an out of hospital DNR declaration and order void if the
17	court finds that the out of hospital DNR declaration and order was
18	executed:
19	(1) when the declarant was incapacitated due to insanity,
20	mental illness, mental deficiency, duress, undue influence,
21	fraud, excessive use of drugs, confinement, or other disability;
22	(2) contrary to the declarant's wishes; or
23	(3) when the declarant was not a qualified person.
24	(d) If a court finds that the out of hospital DNR declaration and
25	order is void, the court shall cause notice of the finding to be sent
26	to the declarant's attending physician.
27	(e) Upon notice under subsection (d), the declarant's attending
28	physician shall follow the procedures under section 18(e) of this
29	chapter.
30	Sec. 23. (a) A death caused by the withholding or withdrawal of
31	CPR under this chapter does not constitute a suicide.
32	(b) The execution of an out of hospital DNR declaration and
33	order under this chapter does not affect the sale, issuance, or terms
34	of a life insurance policy.
35	(c) A policy of life insurance is not legally impaired or
36	invalidated by the execution of an out of hospital DNR declaration
37	and order or by the withholding or withdrawal of CPR from an
38	insured declarant, notwithstanding any term of the policy to the
39	contrary.
40	(d) An out of hospital DNR declaration and order may not be
41	considered in the establishment of insurance premiums for a
42	declarant.



1	(e) A person may not require another person to execute an out
2	of hospital DNR declaration and order as a condition for being
3	insured for or receiving health care services.
4	(f) This chapter does not impair or supersede any legal right or
5	legal responsibility that a person may have to effect the
6	withholding or withdrawal of CPR in a lawful manner.
7	Sec. 24. This chapter creates no presumption concerning the
8	intent of a person who has not executed an out of hospital DNR
9	declaration and order to consent to the withholding or withdrawal
10	of CPR if a terminal condition exists, or if a medical condition
11	exists such that the outcome of performing CPR would have the
12	results specified in section 10(2) of this chapter.
13	Sec. 25. This chapter does not authorize euthanasia or any
14	affirmative or deliberate act or omission to end life other than to
15	permit the natural process of dying.
16	Sec. 26. The act of withholding or withdrawing CPR, when done
17	under:
18	(1) an out of hospital DNR declaration and order issued under
19	this chapter;
20	(2) a court order or decision of a court appointed guardian; or
21	(3) a good faith medical decision by the attending physician
22	that the patient has a terminal illness;
23	is not an intervening force and does not affect the chain of
24	proximate cause between the conduct of a person that placed the
25	patient in a terminal condition and the patient's death.
26	Sec. 27. A person who knowingly or intentionally:
27	(1) physically cancels or destroys an out of hospital DNR
28	declaration and order without the declarant's consent;
29	(2) physically cancels or destroys an out of hospital DNR
30	declaration and order without the declarant's representative's
31	consent if the declarant is incompetent; or
32	(3) falsifies or forges a revocation of another person's out of
33	hospital DNR declaration and order;
34	commits a Class B misdemeanor.
35	Sec. 28. (a) A person who knowingly or intentionally:
36	(1) falsifies or forges the out of hospital DNR declaration and
37	order of another person with intent to cause the withholding
38	or withdrawal of CPR; or
39	(2) conceals or withholds personal knowledge of the
40	revocation of an out of hospital DNR declaration and order
41	with intent to cause the withholding or withdrawal of CPR;
42	commits a Class C felony.



1 (b) A person who commits an offense described in this section 2 is subject to IC 29-1-2-12.1.

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