

Standard English Verb Forms

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EE295 - 01

Agenda

- ★ **Standard English**

- ★ **Verb Forms**

- ★ **Verb Usage**

 - Past Tense and Past Participle

 - Irregular Verbs

 - Present Tense

 - s or -es Verbs

 - Common Mistake

 - Spelling of -ing and -ed Verbs

The Circle of World Englishes

"No more **liao**."
-Singlish/Manglish

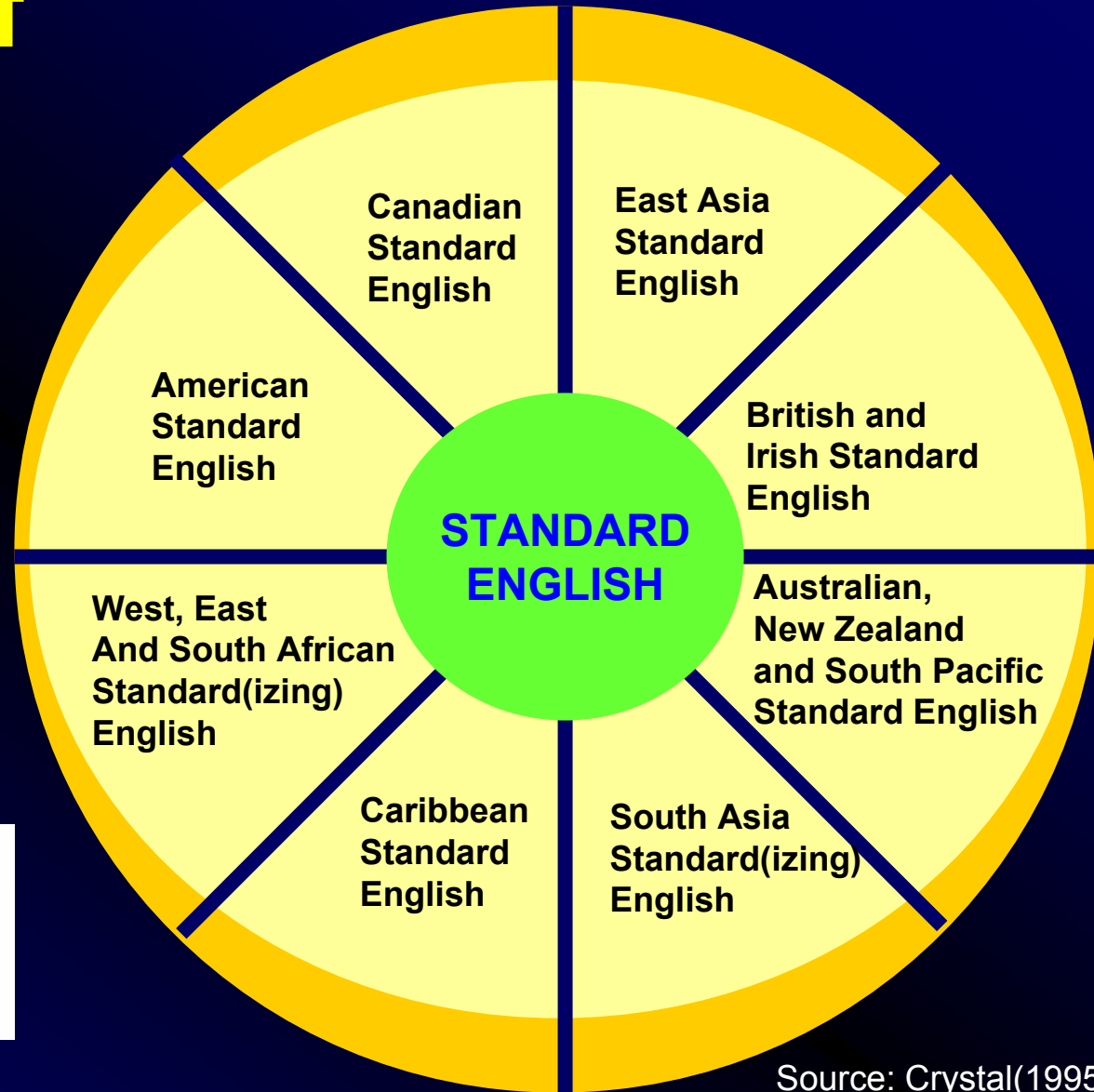
"*I was just joking* **but**."
-Indian English



iPod 101

Master Your Music and More

-American English



Source: Crystal(1995)

Verb

Verb is word or phrase indicating:

- ★ **what somebody or something does,**
- ★ **what state somebody or something is in,**
- ★ **what is becoming of something or somebody.**

Standard English Verb Forms

Present Participle

Standard
English
Verb
Forms

Past Tense

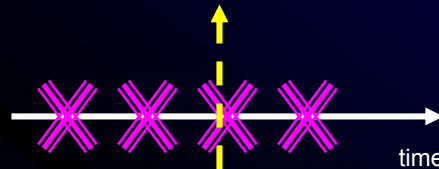
Base Form

Past Participle

-S Form

Verb Forms

Base Form



I **study** everyday.

I **sing** everyday.

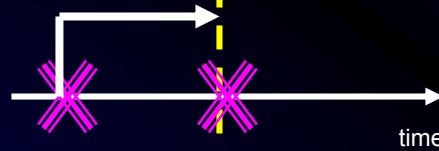
Past Tense



I **studied** yesterday.

I **sang** yesterday.

Past Participle



I have **studied** Chapter One before.

I have **sung** DoReMi before.

Present Participle



I am **studying** right now.

I am **singing** right now.

-S Form



Ann **studies** regularly.

Ann **sings** regularly.

Past Tense/Past Participle Verbs: Regular and Irregular Verbs

- ★ When the past tense and past participle end in **–ed or -d**, the verb is regular.
- ★ When the past tense and past participle do not end in **–ed or -d**, the verb is irregular.

Regular verbs

Base Form

Past Tense

Past Participle

Past tense and past participle are **end with -ed or -d.**

clean
use

cleaned
used

cleaned
used

Irregular verbs

Base Form

Past Tense

Past Participle

1. Base form, past tense and past participle **are the same.**

read
put

read
put

read
put

2. **Past tense is the same as the past participle**, but different from base form.

leave
lay

left
laid

left
laid

3. Base form, past tense and past participle **are different.**

do
go

did
went

done
gone

Irregular Verbs

1. The sun (shined, shone).
2. The student (raised, rose) his hand in class.
3. Hot air (raises, rises).
4. She (set, sat) in a chair because she was tired.
5. I (set, sat) your dictionary on the table a few minutes ago.

Irregular Verbs

Transitive (followed by an object)	Intransitive (not followed by an object)
Lay, Laid, Laid I am laying the book on the desk.	Lie, Lay, Lain He is lying on his bed.
Raise, Raised, Raised The farmer raises vegetables .	Rise, Rose, Risen The sun rises in the east.
Set, Set, Set I will set the book on the desk.	Sit, Sat, Sat I sit in the front row.
Shine, Shined, Shined I shined my shoes .	Shine, Shone, Shone The sun shone through the window.

Irregular Verbs

1. The sun (shined, **shone**).

2. The student (**raised**, rose) **his hand** in class.

3. Hot air (raises, **raises**).

4. She (set, **sat**) in a chair because she was tired.

5. I (**set**, sat) **your dictionary** on the table a few minutes ago.

Present Tense Verbs

Third person singular subjects

He/She/It
Everyone
Ann

knows

has

does
doesn't

is

I
We
You
They

know

have

do
don't

am
are

Examples:

As for the retirement income program, it
~~have~~ finally been established.
has

Does

~~Do~~ Ann know the correct procedure for
setting up the experiment?

Alan prepares program specification and
logic diagrams. **(Correct)**

Common Mistake in Verbs Usage

★ Do not omit –ed endings on verbs

advised

asked

developed

fixed

supposed to

concerned

frightened

used to

Examples:

1. Over the weekend, Ed ^{fixed}~~fix~~ his brother's skateboard and tuned up his mother's 1955 Thunderbird.

2. Robin has ^{asked}~~ask~~ me to go to Oregon with her.

Common Mistake In Verbs Usage

★ Do not omit needed verbs

Examples:

Do you know someone who ^{would} be good for the job?

James is ^{an} experienced analog circuit design engineer.

Spelling of –ing and –ed Forms

	Base Form	Present Participle	Past Tense	
Verbs that end in –e.	hope e date e	hop ing dat ing	hop ed dat ed	
Verbs that end in a vowel and a consonant.	One-syllable verbs			
	stop p rain n	stop pp ing rain n ing	stop pp ed rain n ed	1 vowel → 2 consonants
	Two-syllable verbs			
	listen control	listen ng control ling	listen ed control led	1 st syllable stressed → 1 consonant 2 nd syllable stressed → 2 consonants
Verbs that end in -y	enjoy y try y	enjoy ing try ing	enjoy ed try ed	If –y is preceded by a consonant: -ED form: change –y to –i, add –ed.
Verbs that end in -ie	die tie	d y ing t y ing	d ied t ied	-ING form: change –ie to –y, add –ing.
Verbs that end in two consonants	start demand	start ing demand ing	start ed demand ed	

Summary

↳ **Standard English**

↳ **Verb Forms**

↳ **Verb Usage**

↳ **Past Tense and Past Participle**
Irregular Verbs

↳ **Present Tense**
-s or -es Verbs

↳ **Spelling of -ing and -ed Forms**

References

- ★ Diana Hacker, *The Bedford Handbook*, Bedford/St. Martin's.
- ★ Betty Schramper Azar, *Understanding & Using English Grammar*, Prentice-Hall Inc.
- ★ Raymond Murphy, *English Grammar in Use*, Cambridge University Press.
- ★ Crystal, D. (1995) *The Cambridge Encyclopedia of the English Language*, Cambridge University Press.

Thank You!