1. Given the following project data, calculate and show:

The logic network; the Critical path; and the overall % complete of the project, to-date.

Activity	Predecessors	Duration	Cost x \$1,000	Actual Percent Complete, to-date
Α		4	4	100%
В	Α	6	3	100%
С	Α	2	4	70%
D	Α	9	3	50%
E	В	3	4	15%
F	D	7	3.5	
G	В	8	2	
Н	C, E	2	2	
1	F	4	4	
J	G, H, I	2	6	

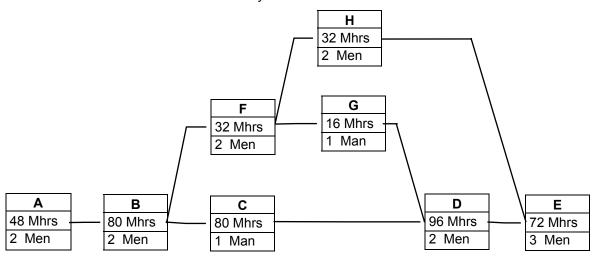
2. The following project is considered:

Activity Description		Duration	Resources		
<u>i – j</u>			(Weeks)	Α	В
1 –	- 2	Α	3	4	4
1 –	- 3	В	4	3	4
1 –	- 5	С	5	1	3
2 –	- 4	D	2	1	0
2 –	- 6	Ε	3	2	1
3 –	- 4	F	4	2	2
4 –	- 7	G	3	3	1
5 –	- 6	Н	6	4	4
5 –	- 7	I	4	3	2
<u>6 – </u>	- 7	J	3	1	4

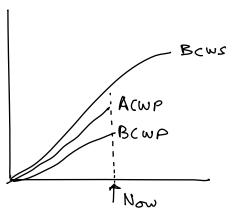
Develop a schedule using a limit of: seven Resource A and seven Resource B. Use the ELS rule.

3. The following network diagram represents the activities in a single house.

(a) If you are to construct these tasks for 6 houses in 35 days, manually calculate the number of crews that need to be involved in each activity. Draw the schedule of critical activities.



 What is your comment about the cost and schedule performances of a project having the following control curves at current date.



- Two criticisms of PERT technique in dealing with uncertainty in project duration are:
- Briefly explain how the critical chain approach for project control tries to avoid the student syndrome and the delays in projects:
- The difference between forward chaining and backward chaining approaches in the inference engine of an expert system is:
- Explain the difference between crossover and mutation in Genetic Algorithms:
- Assume two linguistic variables (A and B) have identical membership functions as shown below. Express and draw the following expression: (Medium A and Low B)

