Suspicious Activity Report

March 2011

Previous editions will not be accepted after September 30, 2011

ALWAYS COMPLETE ENTIRE REPORT (see instructions)

FRB: FR 2230 C FDIC: 6710/06 C OCC: 8010-9,8010-1 C OTS: 1601 C NCUA: 2362 C TREASURY: TD F 90-22.47 C

OMB No. 7100-0212 OMB No. 3064-0077 OMB No. 1557-0180 OMB No. 1550-0003 OMB No. 3133-0094 OMB No. 1506-0001

(see instructions)							
Check box below only if correcting a prior report. Corrects Prior Report (see instruction #3 under "How to Make a Report")							
Part I Reporting Financial Institution Information							
2 Name of Financial Institution	3 EIN						
4 Address of Financial Institution	5 Primary Federal Regulator a Federal Reserve d OCC						
6 City 7 State 8 Zip Code	b						
9 Address of Branch Of fice(s) where activity occurred Multiple Branche	es (include information in narrative, Part V)						
10 City	13 If institution closed, date closed						
14 Account number(s) af fected, if any Closed? a	Closed?						
Part II Suspect Information	formation Unavailable						
15 Last Name or Name of Entity 16 First Name	17 Middle						
18 Address	19 SSN, EIN or TIN						
20 City	23 Country (Enter 2 digit code)						
24 Phone Number - Residence (include area code) () 25 Phone Number - \(() \)	Nork (include area code)						
26 Occup ation/Type of Business 27 Date of Birth//	28 Admission/Confession? a Yes b No						
29 Forms of Identification for Suspect:	·						
a Driver's License/State ID b Passport c Alien Registra Number Issuing Author							
30 Relationship to Financial Institution:							
a ☐ Accountant d ☐ Attorney g ☐ Customer j ☐	Officer						
b Agent e Borrower h Director k c Appraiser f Broker i Employee I	Shareholder Other						
	22 Date of Suspension, Termination, Resignation						
If Yes specify: c ☐ Still employed at financial institution e ☐ Terminated d ☐ Suspended f ☐ Resigned	//						

Part III Suspicious Activity	Information										2
33 Date or date range of suspicious activity		34 Total of	dollar an	nount ir	nvolve	d in kr	own or	suspi	icious a	ctivity	
From:// To:	///	\$.00
35 Summary characterization of suspicious acti a Bank Secrecy Act/Structuring/ f Money Laundering g b Bribery/Gratuity h c Check Fraud i d Check Kiting j e Commercial Loan Fraud k s Other	vity: Computer Intru: Consumer Loai Counterfeit Che Counterfeit Insi Credit Card Fra	sion n Fraud eck edit/Debit Card trument (other	r) —	q	Defalo False Misus Mortg Myste Wire Terror	Stater se of P lage Lo erious Transf	Embezz ment osition o oan Fra Disappo fer Frau nancing	or Sel ud earan	If Dealir	ng	
\$	37 Dollar amount o	of recovery (if	applicat		.00	ma aff	aterial ir	npact the fin	ous act on, or o ancial s	otherv	vise
39 Has the institution's bonding company been a Yes b No	notified?					a [Yes		b 🗌	No	
40 Has any law enforcement agency already been advised by telephone, written communication, or otherwise? a DEA d Postal Inspection g Other Federal b FBI e Secret Service h State c IRS f U.S. Customs i Local j Agency Name (for g, h or i)											
41 Name of person(s) contacted at Law Enforce	ement Agency					42 Ph	one Nu	mber	(include	e area	code)
						()				
43 Name of person(s) contacted at Law Enforce	ement Agency					44 Ph (one Nu	mber	(include	e area	code)
Part IV Contact for Assist	ance										
45 Last Name		46 First Name	9						47 Mid	ddle	
48 Title/Occupation	49 Phone Number	er (include are	ea code)			50 Da	ite Prep	_/	/	YYYY	
51 Agency (if not filed by financial institution)											

Part V *Suspicious Activity Information Explanation/Description

Explanation/description of known or suspected violation of law or suspicious activity.

This section of the report is **critical**. The care with which it is written may make the difference in whether or not the described conduct and its possible criminal nature are clearly understood. Provide below a chronological and **complete** account of the possible violation of law, including what is unusual, irregular or suspicious about the transaction, using the following checklist as you prepare your account. **If necessary, continue the narrative on a duplicate of this page.**

- a **Describe** supporting documentation and retain for 5 years.
- b **Explain** who benefited, financially or otherwise, from the transaction, how much, and how.
- c Retain any confession, admission, or explanation of the transaction provided by the suspect and indicate to whom and when it was given.
- d Retain any confession, admission, or explanation of the transaction provided by any other person and indicate to whom and when it was given.
- e **Retain** any evidence of cover-up or evidence of an attempt to deceive federal or state examiners or others.

- f **Indicate** where the possible violation took place (e.g., main office, branch, other).
- g **Indicate** whether the possible violation is an isolated incident or relates to other transactions.
- h Indicate whether there is any related litigation; if so, specify.
- Recommend any further investigation that might assist law enforcement authorities.
- j Indicate whether any information has been excluded from this report; if so, why?
- k If you are correcting a previously filed report, describe the changes that are being made.

For Bank Secrecy Act/Structuring/Money Laundering report s, include the following additional information:

- Indicate whether currency and/or monetary instruments were involved. If so, provide the amount and/or description of the instrument (for example, bank draft, letter of credit, domestic or international money order, stocks, bonds, traveler's checks, wire transfers sent or received, cash, etc.).
- m Indicate any account number that may be involved or affected.

Tips on SAR Form prep aration and filing are available in the SAR	Activity Review at www .fincen.gov/pub_reports.html	

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice: The purpose of this form is to provide an effective and consistent means for financial institutions to notify appropriate law enforcement agencies of known or suspected criminal conduct or suspicious activities that take place at or were perpetrated against financial institutions. This report is required by law, pursuant to authority contained in the following statutes. Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System: 12 U.S.C. 324, 334, 611a, 184(b) and (c), 3105(c) (2) and 3106(a). Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation: 12 U.S.C. 93a, 1818, 1881-84, 3401-22. Of fice of the Comptroller of the Currency: 12 U.S.C. 93a, 1818, 1881-84, 3401-22. Of fice of Thrift Supervision: 12 U.S.C. 1766(a), 1786(q). Financial Crimes Enforcement Network: 31 U.S.C. 5318(g). Information collected on this report is confidential (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(7) and 552a(k)(2), and 31 U.S.C. 5318(g)). The Federal financial institutions' regulatory agencies and the U SDepartments of Justice and Treasury may use and share the information. Public reporting and recordkeeping burden for this information collection is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, and includes time to gather and maintain data in the required report, review the instructions, and complete the information collection. Send comments regarding this burden estimate, including suggestioner reducing the burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project, Washington, DC 20503 and, depending on your primary Federal regulatory agencyo Secretary, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, DC 20551; or Assistant Executive Secretary, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Washington, DC 20429; or Legislative and Regulatory Analysis Division, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency Washington, DC 20219; or Office offrnift Supervision, Enforcement Office, Washington, DC 20552; or National Credit Union Administration, 1775 Duke Street, Alexandria, VA 22314; or Office of the Director, Financial Crimes Enforceme

Suspicious Activity Report Instructions

Safe Harbor Federal law (31 U.S.C. 5318(g)(3)) provides complete protection from civil liability for all reports of suspicious transactions made to appropriate authorities, including supporting documentation, regardless of whether such reports are filed pursuant to this report's instructions or are filed on a voluntary basis. Specifically, the law provides that a financial institution, and its directors, officers, employees and agents, that make a disclosure of any possible violation of law or regulation, including in connection with the preparation of suspicious activity reports, "shall not be liable to any person under any law or regulation of the United States, any constitution, law, or regulation of any State or political subdivision of any State, or under any contract or other legally enforceable agreement (including any arbitration agreement), for such disclosure or for any failure to provide notice of such disclosure to the person who is the subject of such disclosure or any other person identified in the disclosure".

Notification Prohibited Federal law (31 U.S.C. 5318(g)(2)) requires that a financial institution, and its directors, officers, employees and agents who, voluntarily or by means of a suspicious activity report, report suspected or known criminal violations or suspicious activities may not notify any person involved in the transaction that the transaction has been reported.

In situations involving violations requiring immediate attention, such as when a reportable violation is ongoing, the financial institution shall immediately notify, by telephone, appropriate law enforcement and financial institution supervisory authorities in addition to filing a timely suspicious activity report.

WHEN TO MAKE A REPORT:

- 1. All financial institutions operating in the United States, including insured banks, savings associations, savings association service corporations, credit unions, bank holding companies, nonbank subsidiaries of bank holding companies, Edge and Agreement corporations, and U.S. branches and agencies of foreign banks, are required to make this report following the discovery of:
 - a. **Insider abuse involving any amount.** Whenever the financial institution detects any known or suspected Federal criminal violation, or pattern of criminal violations, committed or attempted against the financial institution or involving a transaction or transactions conducted through the financial institution, where the financial institution believes that it was either an actual or potential victim of a criminal violation, or series of criminal violations, or that the financial institution was used to facilitate a criminal transaction, and the financial institution has a substantial basis for identifying one of its directors, officers, employees, agents or other institution-affiliated parties as having committed or aided in the commission of a criminal act regardless of the amount involved in the violation.
 - b. Violations aggregating \$5,000 or more where a suspect can be identified. Whenever the financial institution detects any known or suspected Federal criminal violation, or pattern of criminal violations, committed or attempted against the financial institution or involving a transaction or transactions conducted through the financial institution and involving or aggregating \$5,000 or more in funds or other assets, where the financial institution believes that it was either an actual or potential victim of a criminal violation, or series of criminal violations, or that the financial institution was used to facilitate a criminal transaction, and the financial institution has a substantial basis for identifying a possible suspect or group of suspects. If it is determined prior to filing this report that the identified suspect or group of suspects has used an "alias," then information regarding the true identity of the suspect or group of suspects, as well as alias identifiers, such as drivers' licenses or social security numbers, addresses and telephone numbers, must be reported.
 - c. Violations aggregating \$25,000 or more regardless of a potential suspect. Whenever the financial institution detects any known or suspected Federal criminal violation, or pattern of criminal violations, committed or attempted against the financial institution or involving a transaction or transactions conducted through the financial institution and involving or aggregating \$25,000 or more in funds or other assets, where the financial institution believes that it was either an actual or potential victim of a criminal violation, or series of criminal violations, or that the financial institution was used to facilitate a criminal transaction, even though there is no substantial basis for identifying a possible suspect or group of suspects.
 - d. Transactions aggregating \$5,000 or more that involve potential money laundering or violations of the Bank Secrecy Act. Any transaction (which for purposes of this subsection means a deposit, withdrawal, transfer between accounts, exchange of currency, loan, extension of credit, purchase or sale of any stock, bond, certificate of deposit, or other monetary instrument or investment security, or any other payment, transfer, or delivery by, through, or to a financial institution, by whatever means effected) conducted or attempted by, at

or through the financial institution and involving or aggregating \$5,000 or more in funds or other assets, if the financial institution knows, suspects, or has reason to suspect that:

- i. The transaction involves funds derived from illegal activities or is intended or conducted in order to hide or disguise funds or assets derived from illegal activities (including, without limitation, the ownership, nature, source, location, or control of such funds or assets) as part of a plan to violate or evade any law or regulation or to avoid any transaction reporting requirement under Federal law;
- ii. The transaction is designed to evade any regulations promulgated under the Bank Secrecy Act; or
- iii. The transaction has no business or apparent lawful purpose or is not the sort in which the particular customer would normally be expected to engage, and the financial institution knows of no reasonable explanation for the transaction after examining the available facts, including the background and possible purpose of the transaction.

The Bank Secrecy Act requires all financial institutions to file currency transaction reports (CTRs) in accordance with the Department of the Treasury's implementing regulations (31 CFR Chapter X). These regulations require a financial institution to file a CTR whenever a currency transaction exceeds \$10,000. If a currency transaction exceeds \$10,000 and is suspicious, the institution must file both a CTR (reporting the currency transaction) and a suspicious activity report (reporting the suspicious or criminal aspects of the transaction). If a currency transaction equals or is below \$10,000 and is suspicious, the institution should only file a suspicious activity report.

- Computer Intrusion. For purposes of this report, "computer intrusion" is defined as gaining access to a computer system of a financial institution to:
 - a. Remove, steal, procure, or otherwise affect funds of the institution or the institution's customers;
 - b. Remove, steal, procure or otherwise affect critical information of the institution including customer account information; or
 - c. Damage, disable or otherwise affect critical systems of the institution.

For purposes of this reporting requirement, computer intrusion does not mean attempted intrusions of websites or other non-critical information systems of the institution that provide no access to institution or customer financial or other critical information.

- 3. A financial institution is required to file a suspicious activity report no later than 30 calendar days after the date of initial detection of facts that may constitute a basis for filing a suspicious activity report. If no suspect was identified on the date of detection of the incident requiring the filing, a financial institution may delay filing a suspicious activity report for an additional 30 calendar days to identify a suspect. In no case shall reporting be delayed more than 60 calendar days after the date of initial detection of a reportable transaction.
- 4. This suspicious activity report does not need to be filed for those robberies and burglaries that are reported to local authorities, or (except for savings associations and service corporations) for lost, missing, counterfeit, or stolen securities that are reported pursuant to the requirements of 17 CFR 240.17f-1.

HOW TO MAKE A REPORT:

1. Send each completed suspicious activity report to:

Detroit Computing Center, P.O. Box 33980, Detroit, MI 48232-0980

- 2. For items that do not apply or for which information is not available, leave blank.
- 3. If you are correcting a previously filed report, check the box at the top of the report (line 1). Complete the report in its entirety and include the corrected information in the applicable boxes. Then describe the changes that are being made in Part V (Description of Suspicious Activity), line k.
- 4. **Do not include any supporting documentation with the suspicious activity report.** Identify and retain a copy of the suspicious activity report and all original supporting documentation or business record equivalent for five (5) years from the date of the suspicious activity report. All supporting documentation must be made available to appropriate authorities upon request.
- 5. If more space is needed to report additional suspects, attach copies of page 1 to provide the additional information. If more space is needed to report additional branch addresses, include this information in the narrative, Part V.
- 6. Financial institutions are encouraged to provide copies of suspicious activity reports to state and local authorities, where appropriate.