# Section 7

# Problem Solving Systems

# Response to Intervention

Problem Solving to Achieve Effective Outcomes: Systems and Groups



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# **Objectives**

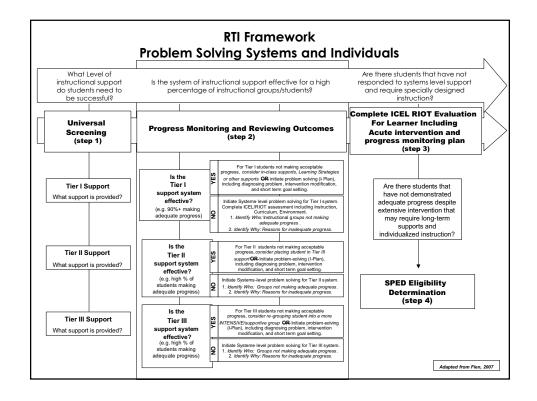
- ☑ Evaluate Systems
- RTI Team and Process
- ☑ Adequate Progress
- ☑ Problem Solving Systems
- ☑ Problem Solving Instructional Groups
- ✓ Individual Student Problem Solving

# "Influence Up"

Having influence on things outside of your personal circle of control

## **Teaming for Influence**

- Responsibility of Problem Solving Team (PST): Provide oversight regarding effectiveness of the overall system. The PST engages in problem-solving to address system concerns as well as for individual students.
- 2. Consider Establishing Grade Level or Subject Specific Committees: Teams evaluate effectiveness of instruction via progress of all students before problem solving for individual students.
- 3. Using summative and normative data, identify the degree to which programming is effective for each instructional group. Are most students (80 90%) making adequate progress?
  - A. If no, problem-solve for the group.
  - B. If yes, problem-solve for individual students not making adequate progress.
- 4. Establish and adhere to Problem-Solving Guidelines and format



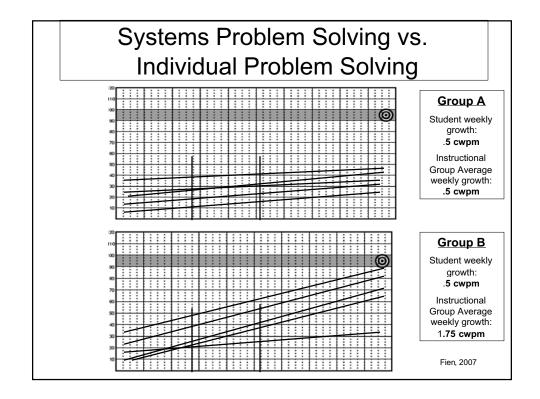
# Has Your School Established the Following?

- √1. Systems well designed structure for addressing all students
- √2. Assessment for the purpose of identifying students in need, differentiating instruction, and evaluating student progress and program effectiveness
- √3. Intervention Scientifically validated programs and teaching practices across all four levels of the system
  - 4. Problem Solving Systems and individuals

# STEP 4: Establish a Problem Solving Process

### **Problem Solve at Three Levels:**

- 1. Problem Solve Systems (Tier 1, Tier II, Tier III)
- 2. Problem Solve Instructional Groups
- 3. Problem Solve Individual Students (section 5B)



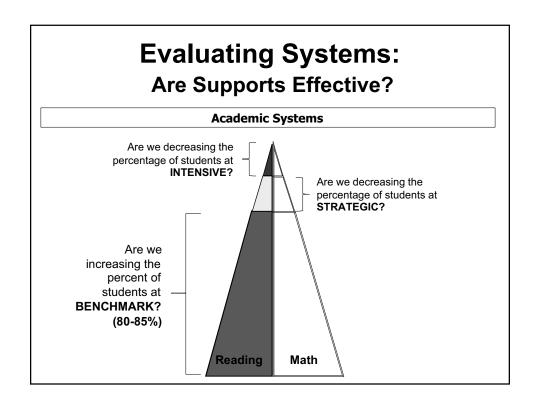
### **Advantages of Systems Problem Solving**

- Effective Systems improves the performance of all students.
- Most problems are system, not student problems.
- Individual problem solving is resource/time intensive.
- Individual/Student response linked to progress of group.
- Ineffective system decreases likelihood that individual problem solving will be successful and sustainable.

### How Do We Know if the System is Effective?

### ASK...

- Is there something for everyone at all levels (i.e., Benchmark, Strategic, Intensive)?
- Is it working for most at all three levels?
- Are system level supports resulting in adequate progress of instructional groups? Are they closing the achievement gap?
- Do we have a clear, objective standard to evaluate student growth?



# **Activity**

Problem Solving Systems

**ACTIVITY** 

As a team, consider the previous slide.

- 1. What is your school's method for determining effectiveness of systems?
- 2. How involved are teachers in evaluating effectiveness of systems?

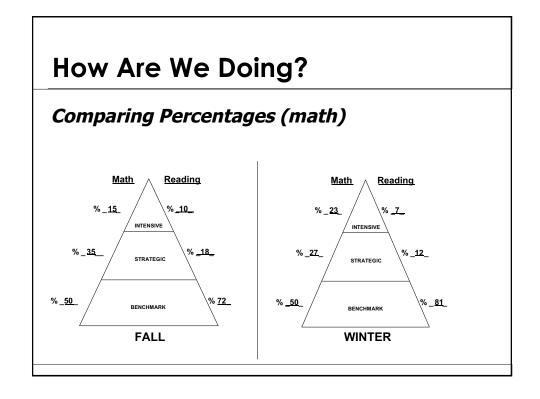
# **Evaluate and Problem-Solve at all Levels of the System**

- <u>FIRST</u>: Evaluate effectiveness and problemsolve systems at three levels (i.e. Tier I, Tier II, and Tier III)
- <u>SECOND</u>: Evaluate effectiveness and problemsolve at the instructional group level.
- <u>THIRD</u>: Evaluate progress and problem-solve Individual Students

# <u>FIRST</u>: Evaluate Effectiveness of Instructional Supports (Math)

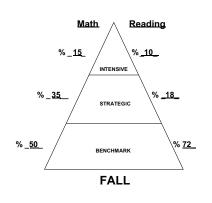
- 1. What percent of your students at each grade level are:
  - a) Proficient on CBM Reading/Math
  - b) Successful in content area classes
- 2. What percent of students previously identified strategic (40 to 20 percentile) are now considered benchmark/proficient?
- 3. What percent of intensive students have made significant gains (are no longer considered intensive)?

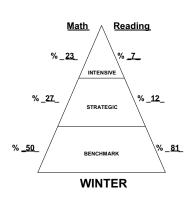
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# How Are We Doing?

### Comparing Percentages (reading)

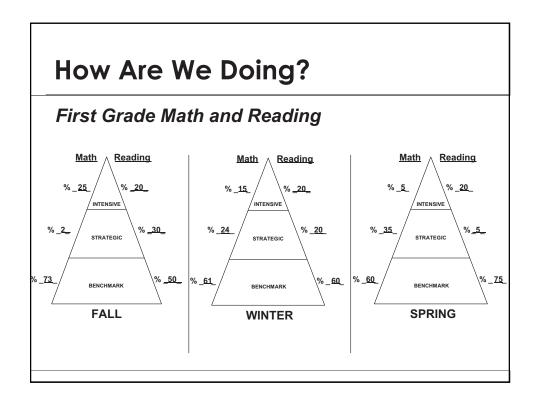




# **Activity**

### Problem Solving Systems ACTIVITY

- 1) Using the form on handout, page 2, evaluate progress from Fall to Winter and Winter to Spring.
- 2) How does the percentage of students in each category compare from Fall to Winter and Winter to Spring?
- 3) What conclusions can you make from comparing the F,W, and S data? What questions remain unanswered?



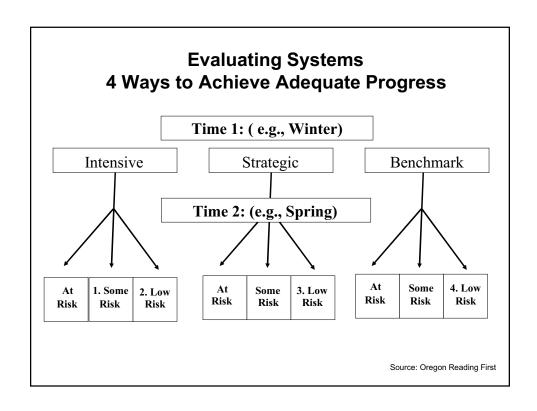
Grade/Measure	Percent Benchmark Period: <u>Fall 2007</u>	Percent Benchmark Period: <u>Winter 2008</u>	Percentage Point Increase/Decrease (+ or -)	Percent at Intensive Period: <u>Fall 2007</u>	Percent Established Intensive Period: Winter 2008	Percentage Point Increase/Decrease (+ or -)
Kindergarten	65%	95%	+30%	20%	2%	-18%
First Grade	75%	71%	-4%	15%	12%	-3%
Second Grade	61%	85%	+14%	21%	17%	-4%
Third Grade	68%	74%	+6%	11%	6%	-5%
Fourth Grade						
Fifth Grade						
Sixth Grade						

### **Evaluating Growth**

Grade/Measure	Percent Strategic Period	Percent Strategic Period	Percentage Point Increase / Decrease (+ or -)	Percent Intensive Period	Percent Intensive Period	Percentage Point Increase / Decrease (+ or -)
Sixth Grade						
Seventh Grade						
Eighth Grade						
Ninth Grade						
Tenth Grade						
Eleventh Grade						
Twelfth Grade						

### **Are There Unanswered Questions?**

- Do you know what happened to specific students?
- Can you determine which instructional groups had growth?
- Are there systems/groups that require more support?
- What is considered acceptable levels of growth?



# DIBELS Summary of Effectiveness Report | Mobile of Kindreysere | Introduced Recommendation | Summer | End of Year | End of Yea

# What percent of <u>INTENSIVE</u> students made adequate progress?

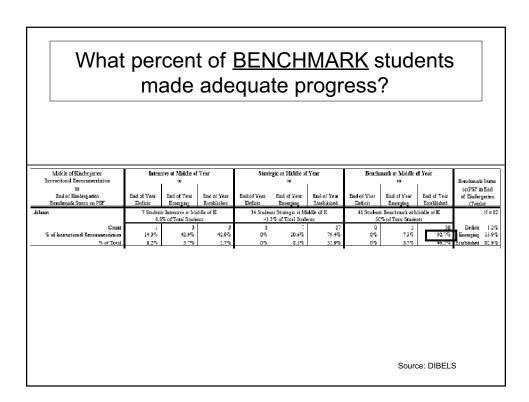
Middle of Kindergamen	Inten	rive at Middle of	Year	Strat	gic at Middle of	Year	Bench	nark at Middle e	df Year		
Instructional Recommendation		100			tro			to		Benshmark	Status
to										on PSF in	End
End of Kindergarten	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	of Kinder,	earten
Benchmark Status on PSF	Deficit	Energing	Established	Deficit	Emerging	Established	Deficit	Emerging	Established	(Total	10
Adams	7 Studen	ts Intensive at Mi	ddle of K	34 Studeo	ts Strategio at Mi	ddle of K	#1 Student	Benchmark at N	fiddle of K		N = £2
	8.5	% of Total Stude	nis	+1.	% of Total Stude	ents	50	% of Total Stude:	uts		
Count	1.		3	0	7	27	0	3	38	Deficit	1.2%
% of Instructional Recommendation	14.3%	42.9%	42.9%	0%	20.6%	79.4%	50	73%	92.7%	Emerging	15.9%
% of Total	1.2%	5.7%	3.7%	0%	8.5%	32.9%	9.0	3.7%	46.3%	Established	82.9%

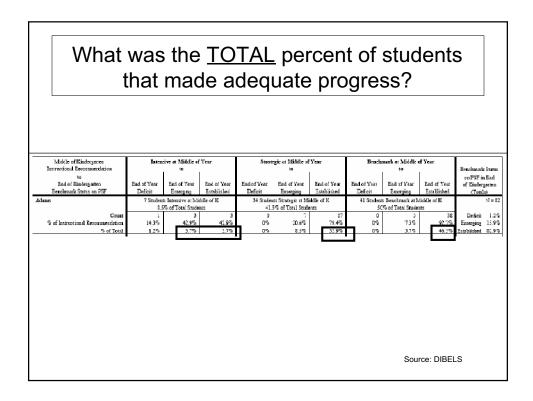
Source: DIBELS

# What percent of <u>STRATEGIC</u> students made adequate progress?

Middle of Kindergarien	Inten	sive at Middle of	Year	Strat	egic at Middle of	Year	Bench	mark at Middle (	of Year		
Instructional Recommendation		100			te			to		Benchmark	Status
to										on PSF is	End
End of Kändergarten	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	End of Year	of Kinder	garten
Benchmark Status on PSF	Definit	Energing	Established	Deficit	Emerging	Istabashed	Deficit	Emerging	Established	(Total	s)
Adams	7 Studen	ts Intensive at Mi	ddle of K	34 Studen	ats Strategie at Mi	iddle of K	41 Student		N = 12		
	8.5	% of Total Stude	nis	41.	5% of Total Stude	enës	50	% of Total Stude	rits		
Count	1	3	3	0	7	27	_ 0	3	38	Deficit	1.2%
% of Instructional Recommendation	14.3%	42.9%	41.9%	0%	20.6%	79.4%	0%	7.3%	92.7%	Emerging	15.9%
% of Total	1.2%	3.7%	3.7%	0%	8.5%	32.9%	5.0	3.7%	46.3%	Established	\$2.9%
											,

Source: DIBELS





### **Identify Powerful Ways to Communicate Your Data**

### **Effective Systems: Evaluating Grade Level Progress**

			Gr	ade Dat	ta		Supp	ort	Areas	of Grea	atest Cor	ncern	
Schools:	School Context	K-2 (2005- 2006)	K (2005- 2006)	1 (2005- 2006)	2 (2005- 2006)	3 (2005 - 2006)	Coach	Principal	Kinder- garten	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Overall Level of Support/ Target
Elem. A	Interm.	72	87	74	53	57			I	В	s	I	Low

( ) indicates % of adequate progress Winter to Spring

### **Effective Systems: Identifying Concerns**

							Area	s of Concern/A	ctions
Schools:	BSI Progress	K-2 (2005- 2006)	K (2005- 2006)	1 (2005- 2006)	2 (2005- 2006)	3 (2005- 2006)	Benchmark	Strategic	Intensive
	В	89	100	82	96	100	G 1: Walk to read? Fluency?	G 2: Phonics for reading? Fluency?	KG & G 3: Program pacing? Other?
Elem. A	S	64	86	63	25	53		Enhancements?	
	I	58	81	68	21	22			

# We Do...

### Dynamic Indicators of Basic Early Literacy Skills Summary of Effectiveness by School

### Middle of 1st Grade to End of 1st Grade

- 1											
	Middle of First Instructional Recommendations To	Intens	ive at Middle of To	Year	Strate	gic at Middle of `	Year	Bench	mark at Middle	of Year	
	End of First Benchmark Status on ORF	End of Year At Risk	End of Year Some Risk	End of Year Low Risk	End of Year At Risk	End of Year Some Risk	End of Year Low Risk	End of Year At Risk	End of Year Some Risk	End of Year Low Risk	Benchmark Status on ORF in End of First (Totals)
	Elementary	15 Studer	nts Intensive of 1 st	at Middle	14 Studen	ts Strategic a of 1 <sup>st</sup>	it Middle	30 Studen	ts Benchmar of 1 <sup>st</sup>	k at Middle	N = 59
1	Count	25.4%	of Total Stu	udents	23.7%	of Total Stud	lents	50.89	6 of Total Stu	udents	At Risk 27.1%
١	% of Instructional	10	3	2	6	7	1	0	3	27	Some Risk 22%
ı	Recommendation	66.7% 16.9%	20% 5.1%	13.3% 3.4%	42.9% 10.2%	50% [ 11.9% [	7.1%	0% 0%	10% [ 5.1% [	90% 45.8%	Low Risk 50.8%
1	% of Total	10.9%	3.176	3.4 76	10.2 %	11.976	1.7 70	076	3.1%	45.6%	

Middle of 3 <sup>rd</sup> Grade to	End of 3rd	Grade								
Middle of Third Instructional Recommendations To	Intens	ive at Middle o	f Year	Strateç	gic at Middle of `	Year	Bench	mark at Middle To	of Year	
End of End of Thrid Benchmark Status on ORF	End of Year At Risk	End of Year Some Risk	End of Year Low Risk	End of Year At Risk	End of Year Some Risk	End of Year Low Risk	End of Year At Risk	End of Year Some Risk	End of Year Low Risk	Benchmark Status on ORF in End of Third (Totals)
Elementary		s Intensive at M % of Total Stud			Strategic at Mi of Total Stude			s Benchmark at 5% of Total Stu		N = 47
Count % of Instructional Recommendation % of Total	21 91.4% 44.7%	4.3% 2.1%	4.3% 2.1%	8.3% 2.1%	8 66.7% 17%	25% 6.4%	0 0% 0%	2 16.7% 4.3%	83.3% 21.3%	At Risk 46.8% Some Risk 23.4% Low Risk 29.8%

V	/e	Do	<b>)</b>	. C	OI	mr	ทเ	ıni	cate	data	a
Effective	e System	s: Evalu			inter				o Spring <b>X</b>		
School			1			Percent of S	Students M	aking Adequ	ate Progress		,
Elem. A	e System	s: Ident	ifvina C	oncerns				3	4	3	•
			,						Area of Co no	ern/Need for Addition	I Information
Schools:	BSI Progress	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	Benchmark	Strategic	Intensive
	В										
Elem. A	s										
	- 1										
Identi     Color     Top G     Middle	fy the total progression of the percent of the perc	ent of stude un-shaded een Yellow	ents at eac	ch risk level	l (B,S,I) that	made ad	equate p				

						uate Pro		v		
							Winter to	Spring X		
ffective	e Systems	: Evaluatin	g Grac	de Level Pro		of Students M	laking Adequ	ate Progress		
School		(	1		2		3	4	5	6
Elem. A			56%				32%			
	В		0%	83%						
lem. A	S	7	%	25%	-					
ciem. A	I	33	J /0	.,.			gress			

# Comparing Performances in Reading

scnool: \_\_\_\_\_

What is the effectiveness of the grade level support plans? Adequate Progress Relative Criteria

### Winter to Spring

	Quartile	Total Overall Effectiveness % of students who made adequate progress in each grade	Intensive % of students who made adequate progress within an instructional support range	Strategic % of students who made adequate progress within an instructional support range	Benchmark % of students who made adequate progress within an instructional support range
V	Тор	>= 87%	>= 89%	>= 76%	>= 97%
<b>K</b>	Middle	57% to 86%	52% to 88%	34% to 75%	76% to 96%
(PSF)	Bottom	<=56%	<=51%	<=33%	<=75%
К	Тор	>= 72%	>= 54%	>= 60%	>= 94%
	Middle	39% to 71%	9% to 53%	25% to 59%	68% to 93%
(NWF)	Bottom	<=38%	<=8%	<=24%	<=67%
1	Тор	>= 72%	>= 50%	>= 50%	>= 100%
(ODE)	Middle	50% to 71%	22% to 49%	22% to 49%	91% to 99%
(ORF)	Bottom	<=49%	<=21%	<=21%	<=90%
2	Тор	>= 61%	>= 18%	>= 27%	>= 91%
_	Middle	40% to 60%	1% to 17%	1% to 26%	78% to 90%
(ORF)	Bottom	<=39%	<=0%	<=0%	<=77%
3	Тор	>= 59%	>= 34%	>= 28%	>= 92%
_	Middle	43% to 58%	15% to 33%	10% to 27%	81% to 91%
(ORF)	Bottom	<=42%	<=14%	<=9%	<=80%

### We Do... **Adequate Progress** Winter to Spring $\underline{\underline{\boldsymbol{X}}}$ Fall to Winter Effective Systems: Evaluating Grade Level Progress Percent of Students Making Adequate Progress Elem. A Effective Systems: Identifying Concerns Area of Concern/Need for Additional Information 83% В 25% GRADE 1 GRADE 1 GRADE 3 33% Identify the total percent of students at each grade that made adequate progress Identify the percent of students at each risk level (8,5J) that made adequate progress Color code each un-shaded data cell according to level of relative growth Top Quartile = Green Middle Quartile = Yellow Bottom Quartile = Red

# Activity... you do

### Problem Solving Systems ACTIVITY #4

### **Complete for School A**

- 1. Using the summary of effectiveness reports provided, identify what percent of <u>Intensive</u>, <u>Strategic</u>, and <u>Benchmark</u> students made adequate progress.
- 2. What was the total percent of students that made adequate progress?
- \* Use full page forms at end of section, 3 -.

# 

	/	<b>Ac</b> t	tivi	ty.	3	<b>/</b> 0l	l C	lo		
					AC	TIV	ITY	#3	(co	nt.)
Beginning of 1st Gra	de to Mic			•	ctivenes	ss Repor	t			
SCHOOL A  Count % of Instructional Recommendation % of Total	Mi	ents Intendedle of 1s f Total Sture 7 70% 15.2%	t	M	dents Strat fliddle of 1 <sup>s</sup> of Total St 10 50% 21.7%	t		dents Bend Middle of 2 of Total S 2 12.5% 4.3%	N = 46  Deficit 10.9%  Emerging 41.3%  Established 47.8%	

### Activity... you do **ACTIVITY #3 (cont.) Summary of Effectiveness Report** Beginning of 1st Grade to Middle of 1st Grade SCHOOL A 20 Students Strategic at 16 Students Benchmark at N = 46 10 Students Intensive at Middle of 1st Middle of 1st Deficit 10.9% 21.7% of Total Students 43.5% of Total Students 34.8% of Total Students Count Emerging 41.3% % of Instructional Recommendation 70% 45% 30% 0% 50% 6.3% 12.5% 81.3% 5% Established 47.8% % of Total 19.6% 6.5% 15.2% 0% 2.2% 21.7% 2.2% 4.3% 28.3%

	/	<b>Ac</b> 1	tivi	ity.	)	/Ol	ı d	lo		
	ACTIVITY #3 (cont.)									nt.)
Summary of Effectiveness Report Beginning of 1st Grade to Middle of 1st Grade										
SCHOOL A  Count % of Instructional Recommendation % of Total	Mi	ents Intensiddle of 1si f Total Stu 7 70% 15.2%	t	I.	dents Strati fiddle of 1st of Total Str 10 50% 21.7%	t		dents <b>Benc</b> Middle of 5 of Total S 2 12.5% 4.3%	1 <sup>st</sup>	N = 46  Deficit 10.9%  Emerging 41.3%  Established 47.8%

### Activity... you do **ACTIVITY #3 (cont.) Summary of Effectiveness Report** Beginning of 1st Grade to Middle of 1st Grade TOTAL % Adequate Progress SCHOOL A 20 Students Strategic at N = 46 10 Students Intensive at 16 Students Benchmark at Middle of 1st Middle of 1st Middle of 1st Deficit 10.9% 21.7% of Total Students 43.5% of Total Students 34.8% of Total Students Count Emerging 41.3% % of Instructional Recommendation 30% 0% 50% 45% 6.3% 12.5% 70% 5% 81.3% Established 47.8% % of Total 6.5% 15.2% 2.2% 21.7% 19.6% 2.2% 4.3% 28.3% ○0%

# **Activity**

### **Problem Solving Systems**

**ACTIVITY** 

- 1. For School A, use the Quartile Reference Forms to complete the to complete the Adequate Progress worksheet, handout 4 and 5.
- 2. Color code each grade and BSI according to their quartile ranking (top, middle, bottom).
- 3. Identify grades and systems requiring additional support.

### **Comparing Performances in Reading**

School:

What is the effectiveness of the grade level support plans? Adequate Progress Relative Criteria

### Winter to Spring

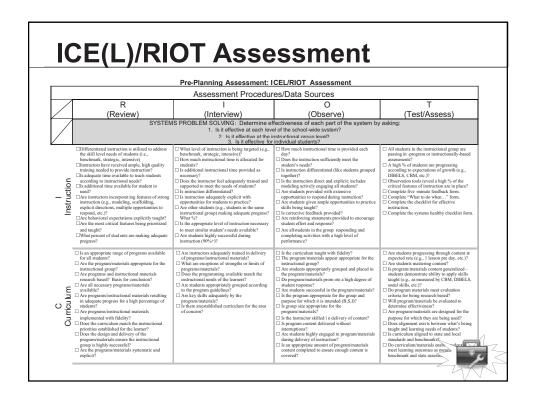
	Quartile	Total Overall Effectiveness % of students who made adequate progress in each grade	Intensive % of students who made adequate progress within an instructional support range	Strategic % of students who made adequate progress within an instructional support range	Benchmark % of students who made adequate progress within an instructional support range
K	Тор	>= 87%	>= 89%	>= 76%	>= 97%
1	Middle	57% to 86%	52% to 88%	34% to 75%	76% to 96%
(PSF)	Bottom	<=56%	<=51%	<=33%	<=75%
K	Тор	>= 72%	>= 54%	>= 60%	>= 94%
1	Middle	39% to 71%	9% to 53%	25% to 59%	68% to 93%
(NWF)	Bottom	<=38%	<=8%	<=24%	<=67%
-	Тор	>= 72%	>= 50%	>= 50%	>= 100%
(0.05)	Middle	50% to 71%	22% to 49%	22% to 49%	91% to 99%
(ORF)	Bottom	<=49%	<=21%	<=21%	<=90%
2	Тор	>= 61%	>= 18%	>= 27%	>= 91%
_	Middle	40% to 60%	1% to 17%	1% to 26%	78% to 90%
(ORF)	Bottom	<=39%	<=0%	<=0%	<=77%
3	Тор	>= 59%	>= 34%	>= 28%	>= 92%
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(ORF)	Bottom	<=42%	<=14%	<=9%	<=80%

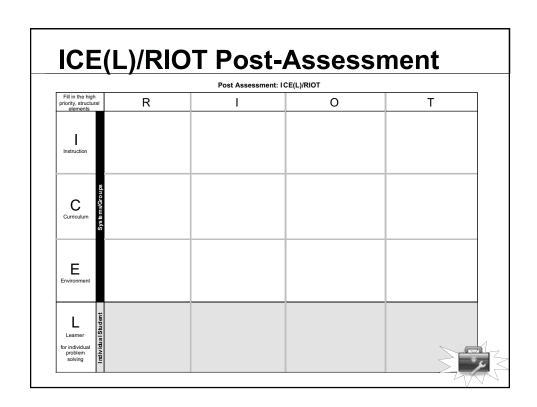
						Adequo	ite Prog	gress			
			F	all to W	/inter	_		Winter to	Spring		
fective	Systems	: Evalu	ating Gr	ade Le	vel Progi	ress	h.d.a.h. 11	aking Adequ	nto Drominos		
School		K	1			2	iodeilis ivi	3	4	5	6
Elem. A			6	3							
fective	Systems	: Ident	ifying Co	oncerns	3						
	BSI					Ι.	_	1 .		ern/Need for Additional	
ho ols:	Progress	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	Benchmark	Strategic	Intensive
	В		81								
lem. A	S		45								
	ı		70								
	y the total p y the perce code each uartile = Gre	nt of stude un-shade	ents at eacl	h risk level	(B,S,I) that	made ade	quate pr				

# **Evaluating Healthy Systems**

Use the ICE(L)/RIOT Assessment forms to help evaluate systems.

- Use the ICE(L) <u>Assessment</u> to help identify what elements/components to collect/review.
- Use the ICE(L) <u>Post-Assessment</u> to summarize information obtained.





# Second: Evaluate and Problem-Solve Instructional Groups

### **Evaluate progress of instructional groups:**

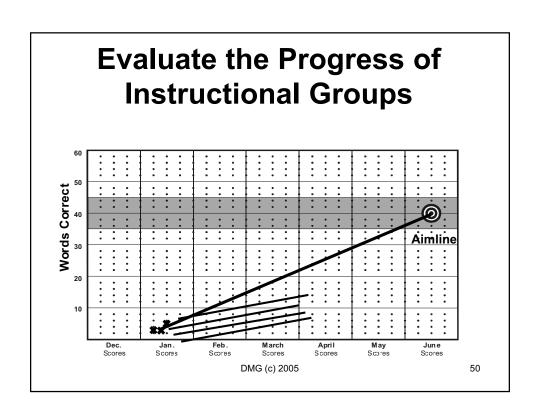
- 1) Begin by Targeting grades and systems that had insufficient growth (bottom or middle quartile).
- 2) For each grade/system, evaluate the progress of each instructional group.
- 3) Identify instructional groups with insufficient growth. Analyze concerns, then problem-solve actionable solutions.

### **Instructional Groups**

- Students in need of additional support are identified and grouped together based on results of benchmark and placement testing.
- Develop and implement interventions designed to meet the needs of groups of students.
- If response is not adequate, problem solving is used to identify ways in which interventions may be intensified for the group and/or individual student.

## **Evaluate Instructional Groups**

- 1. Evaluate progress of each group according to pre-established aimline/anticipated rate of growth.
- 2. How many students (percent) are not making progress?
- 3. Are 80-90% of students progressing at anticipated rate?
- 4. Use data to examine reasons for lack of progress.



# Identify Concerns at the Instructional Group Level

- 1. Use benchmark and progress monitoring data to identify which instructional groups are not making adequate progress.
- 2. Use the Pre-ICE(L)/RIOT form to identify possible reasons for the inadequate progress.
- 3. Use the ICE(L)/RIOT and alterable variables chart to identify possible changes that could be made to the instructional programming.

# When Problem Solving Instructional Groups, ASK...

- A. Are students grouped appropriately?
- B. Is the group in the appropriate intervention?
- C. Is the intervention being implemented with fidelity?
- D. Is adequate instruction provided?
- E. Are students passing in-program assessments?
- F. Is the pacing schedule appropriate being followed?

# Consider...

# Your system is perfectly aligned to achieve the results you are getting

## **Common Problems to Consider**

### STRUCTURAL PROBLEMS

- Time
- Grouping
- Staffing
- Pacing

### **IMPLEMENTATION PROBLEMS**

- Fidelity
- Pacing/Mastery
- Generalization
- Opportunities to Respond

### **SYSTEM PROBLEMS**

- Ineffective Programs
- One size fits all
- Philosophical Differences
- Competing Programs
- General features of Instruction (modeling, explicit language, etc.)

# Effectiveness of Intervention: Is Pacing the Problem?

Effectiveness of Grade 2 Intensive Support Programs								
Students Intensive at Beginning of Year	Beginning ORF Score	Middle ORF Score	Is the Gap Closing? total growth (average gain per week)					
Marcus	7	13	6 (.4)					
Timmy	4	6	2 (.1)					
Maria	20	36	16 (1.1)					
Stacey	6	10	4 (.2)					
Louis	10	22	12 (.8)					
Ethan	17	29	12 (.8)					
Regina	23	56	33 (2.2)					
Dana	13	30	17 (1.1)					

Reality: 73% of this school's intensive 2nd graders are losing ground. 18% are making only parallel growth.

Source: Oregon Reading First

# **Example Pacing Schedule**

Create a pacing schedule for Intensive students.

- 1. An Intensive Reading group is expected to complete 160 lessons by the end of the May.
- 2. It is early November and the group just completed lesson #17. Identify a pacing schedule that will ensure the group will complete all 160 lessons by the end of the year

A. How many weeks = 24

3 Nov.

2 Dec.

4 Jan.

4 Feb.

3 Mar.

4 Apr.

4 May

# **Example Pacing Schedule**

B. How many lessons = 143

160 - 17 = 143

C. Average number of lessons per week = 6 lessons per week

143 / 24 = 6

 $6 \times 24 + 17 = 161$ 

D. OUR TURN - Identify target lessons for each month

NOV., DEC., JAN., FEB.

**NOV. = 35** 

**DEC. = 47** 

**JAN. = 71** 

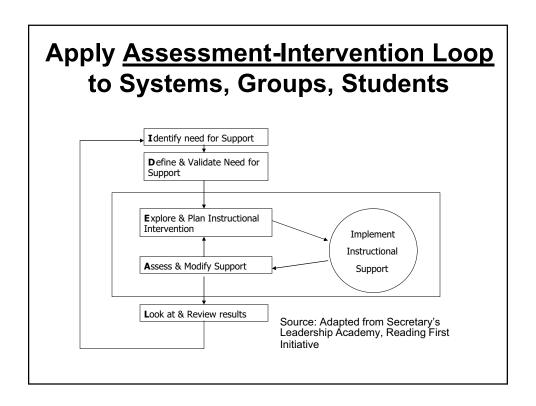
FEB. = 95

# **Activity... Your Turn!**

## Problem Solving Systems ACTIVITY #5

Create a pacing map for Mr. Moon's Intervention Group

- 1. Current lesson = 41
- 2. Date = Jan. 1st
- 3. Target Lesson = 160 by end of year
- 4. Average number of lessons per week needed to meet target?
- 5. What is the target lesson at the end of each month... JAN. thru 2 weeks of JUNE?





Teach				School:				Period:		
Grade	Group	Size of Group	Rec Instruct	Intervention Program(s)	Current Lesson	Taraet Lesson	Test or Check-out	Passing	Absent	Failing
			(I, S, B)					Students	Students	Students
			1			1				
			-			ļ				
Comme	ents:	*	•			•	•	•	•	•
										1
									(5	<b>3</b>
								_	_	

	Description of Instructional Program	ming
cademic Subject:	Grade Level:	Date:
School Practices	Students at and Somewhat Below Grade Level	Students Significantly Below Grade Level
Program materials used during the main instructional time.	Materials used during whole class instruction  Materials used during small group instruction	Materials used during whole class instruction  Materials used during small group instruction
Time when main instructional period begins and ends.	Begins at Ends at  Total Minutes	Begins at Ends at Total Minutes
Minutes during the main instructional time that each student received teacher directed instruction.  - in whole class instruction - in small group instruction	minutes of teacher directed whole -class instruction during core time minutes of teacher directed small group instruction provided to each student somewhat below gra de level during core time days a week.	minutes of teacher directed whole class instruction during core time minutes of teacher directed small group instruction provided to each student significantly below grade level during core time days a week.
Extra minutes of teacher directed instruction provided for students below grade level in addition to time during main period.	minutes of extra instruction provided to students somewhat below grade level (strategic) days a week.	minutes of extra instruction provided to students significantly below grade level (intensive) days a week.
Programs and materials used during the extra teacher directed small group time.		
How often are progress-monitoring assessments administered in addition to benchmark assessments?	Assessment How often administered assessment	Assessment How often administered assessment
Other assessments administered. How often? Include assessments from programs.	Assessment How often administered assessment	Assessment How often administered assessment

Grade Level 2nd Grade Date 1/7/02 Part	icipants 2 nd (	Grade Team	<u>—</u>
Purpose of Meeting			
To examine student results in oral-reading fluency.			
Identify Challenges/Concerns			
Only 35% of students in the second grade were able to reach fluency assessment passages. Students are still struggling			
Analyze the Challenge/Concern			
Fluency building opportunities are not routinely included as	part of the reading	g block.	
Generate Possible Actions/Solutions			
20-30 minutes of direct instruction or partner rereading will focus on developing fluency through rereading the dec	during Workshop ev	ery day. This wor	k
2030 minutes of direct instru ction or partner rereading will focus on developing fluorey through rereading the decinterventions provided with the program. If decoding issu will be planned.  3. More frequent fluency assessments will be provided to the Results will be analyzed in the next grade -level meeting	during Workshop ev odables and other flu es are apparent, spec- lowest -scoring st	ery day. This wor tency cial interventions	·k
20-30 minutes of direct instru ction or partner rereading will focus on developing floaroy through rereading the decinter ventions provided with the program. If decoding issu will be planned.  3. More frequent fluency assessments will be provided to the 4. Results will be analyzed in the next grade -level meeting Specific Decisions/Solutions.  Identify	during Workshop ev odables and other flu es are apparent, spec- lowest -scoring st	ery day. This wor tency cial interventions	·k
will focus on developing fluency through rereading the dec interventions provided with the program. If decoding issu	during Workshop ev odables and other flu es are apparent, spec lowest -scoring st	ery day. This won tency cial interventions cudents.	-k
20.30 minutes of direct instru ction or partner rereading will focus on developing fluorey through rereading the decinter ventions provided with the program. If decoding issue will be planed.  3. More frequent fluency assessments will be provided to the 4. Results will be analyzed in the next grade -devel meeting Specific Decisions/Solutions that the state of the sta	during Workshop ev odables and other flu es are apparent, spec lowest -scoring st	ery day. This won tency cial interventions cudents.	
20-30 minutes of direct instruction or partner rereading will focus on developing fluency through rereading the decinterventions provided with the program. If deceding issue will be planned.  3. More frequent fluency assessments will be provided to the 4. Results will be analyzed in the next grade -level meeting Specific Decisions/Solutions.  Jdentify.  Teachers will review each student's assessment of oral-reading fluency and make a chart indicating areas of need. Teachers will use the more frequent fluency.	during Workshop ev odables and other flu es are apparent, spec lowest -scoring st	ery day. This won tency cial interventions cudents.	

# **Activity**

### Problem Solving Systems ACTIVITY

- 1. Identify a system or instructional group within your building requiring support.
- 2. Complete the ICE(L)/RIOT check-list. Identify questions to be answered/information to be collected.
- 3. Develop a plan to collect the identified information.
- Prior to the next training day, collect the information and summarize the results on the Post ICE(L)/RIOT Assessment.
- 5. Identify elements that need to be addressed to strengthen that portion of the system. Complete the Team Meeting Record Sheet form to help problem solve a solution and actionable plan to address the areas of identified concern.

(See Toolbox for ICE(L)/RIOT forms)

# **HANDOUTS**

### THE RTI TEAM- Purpose and Process

### Team Purpose:

- 1. Team consists of principal, grade level representatives, Title I, school psychologists, special education, and other specialists as needed.
- 2. Team meets twice per month (45 min. 1.5 hours)
- 3. Team reviews benchmark data to evaluate health of system 3x per year (f,w,s).
- 4. Team shares results with grade level teams.
- 5. Team reviews progress of systems, by grade, to ensure systems improve/remain healthy.
- 6. Team engages in problem solving systems, instructional groups, and individual students.

### **Healthy Systems**

- 1. Review benchmark data in reading, writing, math and behavior. What percent of students are benchmark, strategic, intensive?
- 2. Evaluate adequate progress fall to winter and winter to spring for all grade levels. Identify systems requiring additional support (i.e., those with inadequate progress and/or too many students below benchmark).
- 3. Evaluate progress of instructional groups. Target grades and systems that had insufficient growth (i.e., bottom or middle quartile).
- 4. Collect information regarding system elements requiring further development by completing the ICEL/RIOT pre and post assessment.
- 5. Problem-solve system solutions and create an action plan to increase support to identify concerns.
- 6. Establish benchmarks and timelines (i.e. monthly, quarterly) for evaluating success of improvement plan.
- Periodically review progress toward benchmarks by evaluating progress of instruction groups monthly and modify the systems intervention plan as necessary.

### Individual Students

- 1. Complete the referral to problem solving form.
- 2. Identify what systems supports were already provided and the results of interventions completed. Were there other students that failed to adequately progress? Was the system considered effective for most students?
- 3. As a problem-solving team, identify what information must be obtained to understand the students presenting problem.
- 4. Complete the LEARNER portion of the ICEL/RIOT. Summarize the results on the POST ICEL assessment.

### THE RTI TEAM - Purpose and Process cont....

- 5. Review elements of the system to insure the student was adequately exposed to effective interventions/supports
- 6. If a healthy system is confirmed, the RTI team completes the student intervention plan identifying:
  - a. problem
  - b. goal for improvement
  - c. research-based intervention
  - d. implementation plan A and B
  - e. progress monitoring plan and decision rules
  - f. follow-up date
  - g. case manager to ensure implementation
- 7. RTI team periodically reviews long-term implementation of student intervention plan to ensure fidelity and evaluate progress. Additional problem solving is applied as necessary.
- 8. The RTI TEAM initiates referral for special education based on the students response to intervention and need for long-term supports and accommodations.

# **Evaluating Growth**

Grade/Measure	Percent Strategic Period	Percent Strategic Period	Percentage Point Increase / Decrease (+ or -)	Percent Intensive Period	Percent Intensive Period	Percentage Point Increase / Decrease (+ or -)
Sixth Grade						
Seventh Grade						
Eighth Grade						
Ninth Grade						
Tenth Grade						
Eleventh Grade						
Twelfth Grade						

# Pre-Planning Assessment: ICEL/RIOT Assessment

### ☐Complete the systems healthy checklist form. taught (e.g., as measured by CBM, DIBELS, passing in-program or instructionally-based □ Are students progressing through content at critical features of instruction are in place? expected rate (e.g., 1 lesson pre day, etc.)? students demonstrate ability to apply skills ☐ Are students mastering content? ☐ Is program/materials content generalized — ☐ All students in the instructional group are according to expectations of growth (e.g., ☐ Observation tools r eveal a high % of the ☐ Will program/materials be evaluated to ☐ Complete "What to do when..." form. ☐ Do program materials meet evaluation ☐ Complete five minute feedback form. ☐ A high % of students are progressing ☐ Complete the checklist for effective Test/Assess) criteria for being research based? DIBELS, CBM, etc.)? social skills, etc.)? assessments? instruction. SYSTEMS PROBLEM SOLVING: Determine effectiveness of each part of the system by asking student's needs? □ Is instruction differentiated (like students grouped ☐ Are students given ample opportunities to practice ☐ Are students successful in the program/materials? ☐ Is the program appropriate for the group and □ Is the curriculum taught with fidelity? □ The program/materials appear appropriate for the Are students appropriately grouped and placed in □ Are reinforcing statements provided to encourage Do program/materials promote a high degree of □ How much instructional time is provided each ☐ Is the instruction direct and explicit; includes ☐ Are allstudents in the group responding and opportunities to respond during instruction? ☐ Does the instruction sufficiently meet the modeling actively engaging all students? completing activities with a high level of purpose for which it is intended (B,S,I)? ☐ Are students provided with extensive (Observe) ☐ Is corrective feedback provided? Is it effective at each level of the school-wide system? Assessment Procedures/Data Sources student effort and response? Is it effective at the instructional group level? the program/materials? Is it effective for individual students? instructional group? skills being taught? student response? performance? together)? $\square$ What level of instruction is being targeted (e.g., instructional group) making adequate progress? ☐ Is the appropriate level of instruction necessary ☐ Does the instructor feel adequately trained and ☐ Are students appropriately grouped according program/materials? Is there an established curriculum for the area □ Are instructors adequately trained in delivery ☐ What are erceptions of strengths or limits of ☐ Are other students (e.g., students in the same ☐ How much instructional time is allocated for Does the programming available match the ☐ Is additional instructional time provided as to meet similar student's needs available? supported to meet the needs of students? ☐ Is instruction differentiated? ☐ Is instruction adequately explicit with opportunities for students to practice? ☐ Are students highly successful during of programs/instructional materials? instructional needs of the learners? (Interview) ☐ Are key skills adequately by the benchmark, strategic, intensive)? to the program guidelines? programs/materials? instruction (90%+)? necessary? students? What %? ☐ Differentiated instruction is utilized to address ☐ Are instructors incorporating features of strong ☐ Are the most critical features being prioritized Are programs/instructional materials resulting ☐ Are behavioral expectations explicitly taught? □ What percent of students are making adequate Are the program/materials appropriate for the ☐ Is an appropriate range of programs available in adequate progress for a high percentage of ☐ Instructors have received ample, high quality instruction (e.g., modeling, scaffolding, explicit directions, multiple opportunities to ☐ Is adequate time available to teach students ☐ Is additional time available for student in Are programs and instructional materials training næded to provide instruction? research based? Basis for conclusion? $\hfill\square$ Are all necessary programs/materials the skill level needs of students (i.e., according to instructional needs? benchmark, strategic, intensive) Review instructional group? for all students? respond, etc.)? available? progress?Instruction **Curriculum**

☐ Does alignment exists between what's being

☐ Is curriculum aligned to state and local

Are students highly engaged in program/materials

Is the instructor skilled in delivery of content?

Is group size appropriate for the

program/materials.

of concern?

Does the curriculum match the instructional

priorities established for the learner? Does the design and delivery of the

Are programs/instructional materials

students?

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implemented with fidelity?

Are the programs/materials systematic and program/materials ensure the instructional

group is highly successful?

Is program content delivered without

interruptions?

Is an appropriate amount of program/materials

during delivery of instruction?

content completed to ensure enough content is

standards and benchmarks?

taught and learning needs of students?

purpose for which they are being used?

Do curriculum/materials enable students to

meet learning outcomes as measured by

cenchmark and state assessments?

☐ Are program/materials are designed for the

determine effectiveness?

☐ Have you completed the classroom environment learningscale? ☐ Have you conducted a rate of students response survey—evaluated extent of engagement during lesson instruction? ☐ Are students 90% accurate when responding during lessons? ☐ Do teachers understand and implement positive behavioral support components within the classroom? ☐ Do students understand behavioral expectations? ☐ Are students reinforced for complying with behavioral expectations? ☐ Do students perceive a nurturing learning environment? ☐ Do students grouped to ensure academic success and adequate progress?		<ul> <li>□ Has a hearing or vision problem been ruled out? If so, when was the last evaluation?</li> <li>□ What is the student's instructional level?</li> <li>□ Has furctional and diagnostic assessment pinpointed areas of need for instruction and been re-assessed?</li> <li>□ What is the discrepancy between the instruction, curriculum, and environment and the student's performance?</li> <li>□ Is the student's performance in the targeted area?</li> <li>□ How does the student perform on individual skill assessments?</li> <li>□ What is the student's performance on classroom assessment?</li> <li>□ What are the student's specific skill strengths and weaknesses?</li> <li>□ What needs to be taught?</li> <li>□ What needs to be taught?</li> <li>□ What meeds to be reinforced?</li> <li>□ What motivates this student?</li> </ul>
□ Do physical arrangements of rooms facilitate learning? □ Are behavioral expectations clear? □ Is there a 5 to 1 praise to consequence ratio? □ Are students successful in academic tasks? □ Are students lighly engaged during lesson and academic tasks? □ Are students grouped homogenously? □ Are teachers well supported by the overall school behavioral system? □ Behavioral system? □ Behavioral expectations are taught and positively reinforced? □ Are learning environments orderly and facilitate academic engagement? □ Are lessons free of interruptions (e.g., announcements, music practice, etc.)	NDIVIDUAL PROBLEM SOLVING	<ul> <li>□ How does the student's behavior compare to his peers?</li> <li>□ Does the student have frequent opportunities to respond to tasks during teacher directed instruction?</li> <li>□ How is the student alk without permission?</li> <li>□ Does the student talk without permission?</li> <li>□ Is the student physically aggressive (biting, hitting, spitting)? If yes, what is the frequency of the occurrences? In what context does the behavior occur? What are the antecedents and consequences of the behavior?</li> <li>□ Does the student engage in positive self-talk?</li> <li>□ Does the student's completion time relative to his peers?</li> <li>□ Does the student receive positive feedback?</li> <li>□ Is there a good match between the learner and the instructional methods?</li> <li>□ Does the student receive positive corrective practice in the areas of concem?</li> <li>□ Does the student receive positive corrective practice in the areas of concem?</li> <li>□ Does the student receive individual attention from the teacher?</li> <li>□ Is the student successful during instruction?</li> <li>□ Is the student motivated to perform?</li> <li>□ Is the student motivated to perform?</li> <li>□ Does the student have positive peer/adult interactions?</li> </ul>
□ Do teacher(s) feel well trained/supported in the schools disciplinary methodology?  □ Are learning environments well organized and minimize distractions?  □ Are behavioral expectations directly taught and periodically reviewed with students?  □ Are routines well understood by students?  □ Are students successful in their learning?  □ Are students highly engaged in their learning?  □ Are additional supports available for students with behavioral concerns?	INDIVIDUAL PRO	<ul> <li>□ What does student report as their strengths and weaknesses?</li> <li>□ What are the student's likes and dislikes?</li> <li>□ What are the student's views on the problem?</li> <li>□ How does the student think the problem could be corrected?</li> <li>□ What are the parent's biggest concerns for their child?</li> <li>□ What are the teachers perception of the problem?</li> <li>□ How does the teacher rate the intensity of the problem?</li> <li>□ How does the teacher rate the intensity of the problem?</li> <li>□ Is there a pattern of behavior perceived by parents, teachers, and student?</li> <li>□ Is there a pattern of behavior perceived by parents, teachers, and student?</li> <li>□ Is there a pattern of behavior perceived by starts, teachers, and student?</li> <li>□ Are similar concerns reported by other teachers or staffmembers who interact with this student?</li> <li>□ Why is this particular student not progressing at a rate similar to other students?</li> <li>□ What would be required to make the instruction more effective for this student?</li> </ul>
□ Are positive, proactive behavioral supports are in place? □ What is the average number of behavioral referrals for grade? Within each class? □ Are teachers and support staff trained in positive and effective behavior management practices? □ Does scheduling minimizes interruptions during instructional periods? □ Are instructional materials available and well managed? □ Are outines and expectation directly taught and periodically reviewed? □ Are new staff members trained in the school's behavioral supports and interventionavailable for students with greater behavioral challenges?		Are there any medical or developmental concerns reported in the student's cumulative folder?   Has the student been present 95% or more of instructional days?   Does the student have a history of school or class tardiness?   Has the student received passing grades on their report card?   When did the problem begin?   Whan loid shas this been a problem?   What have previous teachers reported about the problem?   What is the standard performance of peers?   Does the cumulative records reflect any interference with personal, interpersonal, and academic adjustment?   What are the settings where the behavior of concern has occurred?   Is there a pattern of performance that indicates skills deficits?   What has previous progress monitoring revealed about student's learning patterns?   What are the interventions thave been attempted?   What interventions have been attempted?   What interventions have been attempted?

0 Post Assessment: ICE(L)/RIOT Systems/Groups Individual Student Fill in the high priority, structural elements **E**nvironment Learner for individual problem solving Curriculum Instruction

# Improving Systems Action Plan (Accompanies ICE(L)/RIOT Post Assessment)

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