## STANDARD 1: PLANNING AND PREPARATION

## Component 1a: Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy

1.	Knowledge of the structure of the discipline, Common Core State Standards and other content standards			
	I NEFFECTI VE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE
	In planning and practice, teacher makes content errors and/or does not correct errors made by students. Teacher demonstrates lack of standard and/or content knowledge.	Teacher demonstrates limited knowledge of the important concepts in the standard(s) and may demonstrate lack of awareness of how these concepts and skills relate to one another.	Teacher demonstrates solid knowledge of the important concepts and skills in the standard(s) and how these relate to one another.	Teacher demonstrates extensive knowledge of the important concepts and skills in the standard(s) and how these relate both to one another and to other disciplines.
2.	☐ Knowledge of prerequisite relationships			
	I NEFFECTI VE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE
	Teacher's plans and practice demonstrates little understanding of prerequisite relationships important to student learning of the content.	Teacher's plans and practice indicate limited awareness of prerequisite relationships, although such knowledge may be inaccurate or incomplete.	Teacher's plans and practice reflect accurate understanding of prerequisite relationships among topics and concepts.	Teacher's plans and practices reflect understanding of prerequisite relationships among topics and concepts and a link to necessary cognitive structures by students to ensure understanding.
3.		☐ Knowledge of content-relate	d pedagogy	
	INEFFECTIVE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE
	Teacher demonstrates little or no understanding of the range of pedagogical approaches suitable to student learning of the content.	Teacher's plans and practice reflect a limited range of pedagogical approaches or some approaches that are not suitable to the discipline or to the students.	Teacher's plans and practice reflect an accurate understanding of a wide range of effective pedagogical approaches in the discipline.	Teacher's plans and practice reflect an accurate understanding of a wide range of effective pedagogical approaches in the discipline, anticipating student misconceptions.
4.	Comments:			
	Com	ponent 1b: Demonstrating	. Knowledge of Students	<b>4</b> ( <b>1</b> )
5.	00111	☐ Knowledge of child and adol	·	
	INEFFECTIVE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE
	Teacher demonstrates little or no knowledge of the developmental characteristics of the age group.	Teacher demonstrates partial knowledge of the developmental characteristics of the age group.	Teacher demonstrates accurate knowledge of the developmental characteristics of the age group, as well as exceptions to the general patterns.	In addition to accurate knowledge of developmental characteristics of the age group and exceptions to the general patterns, teacher demonstrates knowledge of the extent to which individual students follow the general patterns.
6.		$oxedsymbol{oxdot}$ Knowledge of the learning p	rocess	
	INEFFECTIVE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE
	Teacher sees no value in understanding how students learn and does not seek such information.	Teacher recognizes the value of knowing how students learn, but this knowledge is limited or outdated.	Teacher's knowledge of how students learn is accurate and current. Teacher applies this knowledge to the class as a whole and to groups of students.	Teacher demonstrates extensive and subtle understanding of how students learn and applies this knowledge to individual students.
7.		☐ Knowledge of students' skills	s, knowledge, and language profi	ciency
	INEFFECTIVE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE
	Teacher demonstrates little or no knowledge of students'	Teacher recognizes the value of understanding students' skills,	Teacher recognizes the value of understanding students' skills,	Teacher demonstrates understanding of individual

	skills, knowledge, and language proficiency and does not indicate that such knowledge is valuable.	knowledge, and language proficiency but demonstrates this knowledge only for the class as a whole.	knowledge, and language proficiency and demonstrates this knowledge for groups of students.	students' skills, knowledge language proficiency and l strategy for maintaining s information.	has a
8.		☐ Knowledge of students' interests and cultural heritage			
	INEFFECTIVE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE	
	Teacher demonstrates a lack of understanding of students' interests or cultural heritage and does not indicate that such knowledge is valuable.	Teacher recognizes the value of understanding students' interests and cultural heritage but demonstrates this knowledge only for the class as a whole.	Teacher recognizes the value of understanding students' interests and cultural heritage and demonstrates this knowledge for groups of students.	Teacher recognizes the va understanding students' individual interests and cu heritage and demonstrate knowledge for individual students.	ıltural
9.		☐ Knowledge of students' special needs			
	I NEFFECTI VE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE	
	Teacher lacks an understanding of students' special learning or medical needs and/or why such knowledge is important.	Teacher demonstrates awareness of the importance of knowing students' special learning or medical needs, but such knowledge may be incomplete or inaccurate.	Teacher demonstrates awareness of students' learning or medical needs, collecting information from a variety of sources and applies the information in his/her planning.	Teacher possesses information about each student's learn or medical needs, collecting such information from a vof sources, and continually seeks additional information about students' special neand continually applies the information in his/her planand instruction.	ning ng ariety y on eeds, is
10.	Comments:				
					<b>4</b> ⊕
	C	Component 1c: Setting Ins	structional Outcomes		
11.		Align outcomes with Current	Standards		
	I NEFFECTI VE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE	
	Outcomes do not demonstrate alignment with Common Core State Standards, or other existing content standards.	Few outcomes demonstrate alignment with Common Core State Standards, or other existing content standards.	Most outcomes demonstrate alignment with Common Core State Standards, or other existing content standards.	All outcomes demonstrate alignment with Common ( State Standards, or other existing content standards	Core
12.		☐ Value, sequence, and alignm	ent		
	I NEFFECTI VE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE		
	Outcomes demonstrate low		-	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE	
	expectations for students and lack of rigor. They do not reflect important learning in the discipline or a connection to a sequence of learning.	Outcomes demonstrate moderately high expectations and rigor. Some reflect important learning in the discipline and at least some connection to a sequence of learning.	Most outcomes demonstrate high expectations and rigor and important learning in the discipline. They are connected to a sequence of learning.	All outcomes demonstrate expectations and rigor and important learning in the discipline. They are connet to a sequence of learning in the discipline and in reladisciplines.	d cted both
13.	lack of rigor. They do not reflect important learning in the discipline or a connection to a	moderately high expectations and rigor. Some reflect important learning in the discipline and at least some connection to a sequence of	Most outcomes demonstrate high expectations and rigor and important learning in the discipline. They are connected	All outcomes demonstrate expectations and rigor and important learning in the discipline. They are connecto a sequence of learning in the discipline and in relationship in the discipline and	d cted both
13.	lack of rigor. They do not reflect important learning in the discipline or a connection to a	moderately high expectations and rigor. Some reflect important learning in the discipline and at least some connection to a sequence of learning.	Most outcomes demonstrate high expectations and rigor and important learning in the discipline. They are connected	All outcomes demonstrate expectations and rigor and important learning in the discipline. They are connecto a sequence of learning in the discipline and in relationship in the discipline and	d cted both
13.	lack of rigor. They do not reflect important learning in the discipline or a connection to a sequence of learning.	moderately high expectations and rigor. Some reflect important learning in the discipline and at least some connection to a sequence of learning.	Most outcomes demonstrate high expectations and rigor and important learning in the discipline. They are connected to a sequence of learning.	All outcomes demonstrate expectations and rigor and important learning in the discipline. They are connecto a sequence of learning in the discipline and in reladisciplines.	cted both ated
13.	lack of rigor. They do not reflect important learning in the discipline or a connection to a sequence of learning.  INEFFECTIVE  Outcomes are either not clear or are stated as activities, not as student learning. Outcomes do not permit viable methods	moderately high expectations and rigor. Some reflect important learning in the discipline and at least some connection to a sequence of learning.  Clarity  MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE  Outcomes are only moderately clear or consist of a combination of outcomes and activities. Some outcomes do not permit viable methods of	Most outcomes demonstrate high expectations and rigor and important learning in the discipline. They are connected to a sequence of learning.  EFFECTIVE  All the instructional outcomes are clear, written in the form of student learning. Most suggest	All outcomes demonstrate expectations and rigor and important learning in the discipline. They are connet to a sequence of learning in the discipline and in reladisciplines.  HI GHLY EFFECTIVE  All the outcomes are clear written in the form of studlearning, and permit viable	cted both ated
	lack of rigor. They do not reflect important learning in the discipline or a connection to a sequence of learning.  INEFFECTIVE  Outcomes are either not clear or are stated as activities, not as student learning. Outcomes do not permit viable methods	moderately high expectations and rigor. Some reflect important learning in the discipline and at least some connection to a sequence of learning.  Clarity  MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE  Outcomes are only moderately clear or consist of a combination of outcomes and activities. Some outcomes do not permit viable methods of assessment.	Most outcomes demonstrate high expectations and rigor and important learning in the discipline. They are connected to a sequence of learning.  EFFECTIVE  All the instructional outcomes are clear, written in the form of student learning. Most suggest	All outcomes demonstrate expectations and rigor and important learning in the discipline. They are connet to a sequence of learning in the discipline and in reladisciplines.  HI GHLY EFFECTIVE  All the outcomes are clear written in the form of studlearning, and permit viable	cted both ated

20.	Comments:			
19.	INEFFECTIVE Teacher is unaware of resources for students available through the school or district.	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE Teacher demonstrates awareness of resources for students available through the school or district but no knowledge of broader resources.	Teacher demonstrates awareness of resources for students available through the school or district, some familiarity with resources external to the school and with current technology. Teacher knows how to gain access for students.	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE Teacher's knowledge of resources for students is extensive, including those available through the school or district, in the community, and with current technology. Teacher assists students in gaining access.
19.		Resources for students		
18.	INEFFECTIVE Teacher does not use resources to enhance content and pedagogical knowledge available through the school or district.	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE Teacher demonstrates awareness of and/or uses resources to enhance content and pedagogical knowledge available through the school or district but no knowledge of broader resources.	EFFECTIVE Teacher regularly makes use of resources to enhance content and pedagogical knowledge	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE Teacher's knowledge and use of resources to enhance content and pedagogical knowledge is extensive, including those available through the school or district, in the community, through professional organizations, universities, and with current technology.
	INEFFECTIVE Teacher does not use resources for classroom use that are available through the school or district.	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE Teacher demonstrates awareness of and/or uses resources available for classroom use through the school or district but no knowledge of broader resources.	EFFECTIVE Teacher regularly makes use of resources available for classroom use through the school or district, demonstrates some familiarity with resources external to the school and with current technology.	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE Teacher's knowledge and use of resources for classroom use is extensive, including those available through the school or district, in the community, through professional organizations, universities, and with current technology.
17.		Resources for classroom use	9	
	Comp	onent 1d: Demonstrating	Knowledge of Resources	
				<b>4</b> ⊕
16.	Comments:		я	
	Outcomes are not suitable for the class or are not based on any assessment of student needs.	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE  Outcomes are suitable for most of the students in the class based on global assessments of student learning. However, the needs of some individual students may not be accommodated.	EFFECTIVE Outcomes are suitable for all students in the class and are based on evidence of student proficiency. However, the needs of some individual students may not be accommodated.	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE Outcomes are based on a comprehensive assessment of student learning and take into account the varying needs of individual students or groups in the class.
15.	Suitability for diverse learners			
				diverse learning styles. Teacher collaborates with colleagues to enhance integration.
		diverse learning styles.	diverse learning styles.	appropriate levels of rigor or

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21.		☐ Learning activities			
	I NEFFECTI VE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE	
	Learning activities are not suitable to students or to instructional outcomes and are not designed to engage students in active intellectual activity.	Only some of the learning activities are relevant and rigorous to students or to the instructional outcomes. Some represent a moderate cognitive challenge, but with no differentiation for different students.	All of the learning activities are relevant and rigorous to students or to the instructional outcomes, and most represent significant cognitive challenge with some differentiation for different groups of students.	Learning activities are hig relevant and rigorous to diverse learners and supp the instructional outcome. They are all designed to engage students in high-lognitive activity and are differentiated, as appropr for individual learners.	oort s. evel
22.		☐ Instructional materials and i	resources		
	I NEFFECTI VE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE	
	Materials and resources are not suitable for students and do not support the instructional outcomes or engage students in relevant and rigorous learning.	Some of the materials and resources are suitable to students, support the instructional outcomes, and engage students in relevant and rigorous learning.	All of the materials and resources are suitable to students, support the instructional outcomes, and are designed to engage students in relevant and rigorous learning.	All of the materials and resources are suitable to students, support the instructional outcomes, at designed to engage stude relevant and rigorous meaningful learning. Ther evidence of appropriate utechnology and of student participation in selecting adapting materials.	ents in e is se of t
23.		☐ Instructional groups			
	I NEFFECTI VE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE	
	Instructional groups are not suitable to instructional outcomes and student learning.	Instructional groups provide limited support to the instructional outcomes and student learning with an effort at providing some variety.	Instructional groups are varied as appropriate to support instructional outcomes and student learning.	Instructional groups are vas appropriate to the student the different instructioutcomes. There is evider student choice in selecting different patterns of instructional groups.	dents onal nce of
24.		☐ Lesson and unit structure			
	I NEFFECTI VE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE	
	The lesson or unit has no clearly defined structure, or the structure is chaotic. Activities do not follow or show an organized progression or scaffolding, and pacing time allocations are unrealistic.	The lesson or unit has a limited structure, although the structure is not uniformly maintained throughout. Progression of activities shows limited scaffolding and is uneven with some reasonable pacing time allocations.	The lesson or unit has a clearly defined structure around which activities are organized. Progression of activities is evenly scaffolded, with reasonable time allocations.	The lesson's or unit's stru is clear and allows for diff pathways of differentiated instruction according to d student needs. The progre of activities is highly cohe	ferent d liverse ession
25.	Comments:				
					<b>4</b> ①
,	C	Component 1f: Designing S	Student Assessments		
26.		Congruence with instruction	al outcomes		
	I NEFFECTI VE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE	
	Assessment procedures are not congruent with instructional outcomes.	Some of the instructional outcomes are assessed inconsistently as a whole class.	All the instructional outcomes are assessed and adapted for groups of students as needed.	Proposed approach to assessment is fully aligne the instructional outcome both content and process. Assessment methodologie have been adapted for individual students.	s in
27.		☐ Criteria and standards			
	I NEFFECTI VE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE	

	Proposed approach contains no criteria or standards.	Assessment criteria and standards have been developed, but they are not clearly stated.	Assessment criteria and standards are clearly stated.	Assessment criteria and standards are clearly stated; there is evidence that the students have contributed to their development.
28.		$oxedsymbol{oxed}$ Design of formative and sun	nmative assessments	
	I NEFFECTI VE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE
	Teacher has no plan to incorporate formative and summative assessment in the lesson or unit.	Teacher's use of formative and summative assessment techniques is inconsistent, including only some of the instructional outcomes.	Teacher has a well-developed strategy to use formative and summative assessment techniques, and has designed particular approaches that are clearly stated.	Teacher's approach to using formative and summative assessment techniques is well designed and includes student and teacher's use of the assessment information.
29.		☐ Use of assessment in ongoir	ng planning	
		J		
	INEFFECTIVE	MINIMALLY EFFECTIVE	EFFECTI VE	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE
	INEFFECTIVE Teacher has no plans to use assessment results in designing future instruction.	Teacher uses formative and	EFFECTIVE Teacher uses formative and summative assessment results to plan for future instruction for groups of students.	HIGHLY EFFECTIVE Teacher uses formative and summative assessment results to plan future instruction for individual students.
30.	Teacher has no plans to use assessment results in designing	Teacher uses formative and summative assessment results to plan for future instruction	Teacher uses formative and summative assessment results to plan for future instruction	Teacher uses formative and summative assessment results to plan future instruction for