PARENTING PLAN for Case

REMEMBER: The notice requirements (i.e. any requirements that you give each other notice of school events, medical issues or vacation plans) can only work when the parents have provided each other with phone number(s) and addresses where they may be reached.

1. Parents.

	Name	Address
Dad		
Mom		

2. <u>Child(ren)</u>.

	Name	DOB	Age	School
Child 1				
Child 2				
Child 3				
Child 4				
Child 5				

- **3.** <u>Legal Custody</u>. The responsibility for making major decisions affecting the child(ren)'s welfare including major medical decisions, educational, legal and religious decisions.
 - **3.1** Legal custody of the child(ren) shall be: shared legal custody. The parents have the ability to communicate and make joint decisions regarding their child(ren)'s major medical, educational, legal and religious decisions that shall be in their best interest. If after discussing an issue, the parents cannot reach an agreement, they shall use the dispute resolution provisions of this plan to resolve the dispute.
 - **3.2** Legal custody of the child(ren) shall be with Dad Mom. This parent shall keep the other parent advised of the child(ren)'s health status, education, grades, activities, legal and religious matters. This parent shall list the other parent on all forms and registrations as a parent and "emergency contact" person.
- **4.** <u>**Physical Custody**</u>. The responsibility for the physical care and immediate, day-to-day supervision of the child(ren).
 - **4.1** Shared Physical Custody: The parents have the ability to communicate and coordinate with each other to provide for their child(ren)'s physical care on a day-to-day basis. The schedule set forth below shall be the shared physical custody schedule for the child(ren).

Page 1 of 18 DR-475 FBKS (10/14)(cs) PARENTING PLAN (LONG) **4.2** Primary Physical Custody: the child(ren)'s needs can best be met by primary physical custody being with Dad Mom and the child(ren) spending time with Dad Mom for visitation as set forth hereinbelow .

4.3 <u>School Calendar</u>.

No later than March 1 of each year, Dad Mom shall obtain the school calendar for the next year and shall mark it with Dad's time and Mom's time for the school year, holidays and summer under this plan and give a copy to the other parent. The parents shall discuss any differences by April 1 and the parents shall reach an agreement or use the dispute provisions of this plan by June 1. This is the calendar that will be in effect for the following year.

4.4 <u>Conflicts in Scheduling</u>.

Sometimes "holiday time" may conflict with time set aside for the other parent. When this happens, the holiday time shall be observed over all other schedules. For example, if it is Mom's alternate weekend, but Dad's Labor Day weekend, Mom shall lose her weekend.

5. Parents Living in Same Community - Custody Schedule.

5.1 <u>Parents Living in Same Community: Regular Schedule - Infants to Age</u> <u>3 (or Older).</u>

	The ch	nild(ren) shall be with 🗌 Dad 🗌 Morr	at the tim	es listed below					
and with the other parent at all other times.									
		<u>Tu/Thurs Eve and Sat overnight</u>							
		Tuesday 4pm-7pm							
		Thursday 4pm-7pm							
		Saturday 10am-Sunday 10am							
		Tu/Thurs Eve and Sat overnight							
		Tuesday 5pm-7:30pm							
		Thursday 5pm-7:30pm							
		Saturday 10am-Sunday 10am							
		Wed overnight/Sat overnight							
		Wed 5pm-Thursday 9am							
		Sat 12noon-Sun 6pm							
		Wed/Fri eve and Sat overnight							
		Wed 5pm-7:30pm							
		Fri 5pm-7:30pm							
		Sat 5pm-Sun 6pm							
		<u>Wed eve/Sun daytime</u>							
		Wed 5pm-7:30pm							
		Sun 1pm-4pm							
		<u>Supervised visits</u>							
		Supervised visits							
		The supervisor shall be		(person/agency)					
		The times shall be:							

5.2 <u>Parents Living in Same Community: Regular Schedule - At Least Age 3</u> <u>thru School Age</u>.

	Primary physical custody . The child(ren) shall be with the visitation parent Dad Mom at the times listed below and with the other parent (primary physical custodian) at all other times.
	If the court has ordered a weekend plan below, then any "no school" days, such as teacher in-service days, go to the parent with that weekend.
	Alternate weekends: Alternate weekends of Friday 6pm to Monday am/school. Alternate weekends Friday 6pm to Sunday 6pm. Alternate weekends Saturday 10am to Sunday 6pm. Alternate weekends from:
	Every weekend: Every weekend from Friday 6pm to Monday am/school. Every weekend from Friday 6pm to Sunday 6pm. Every weekend from Saturday 10am to Sunday 6pm. Every weekend from:
	Alternate weekends plus weeknight: Alternate weekends from Friday 6pm - Monday am/school plus every Wednesday 6pm - 8pm. Alternate weekends from Friday 6pm - Sunday 6pm plus every Wednesday 6pm - 8pm. Alternate weekends from Saturday 10am to Sunday 6pm plus every Wednesday 6pm - 8pm. Alternate weekends from Saturday 10am to Sunday 6pm plus every Wednesday 6pm - 8pm. Alternate weekends from Saturday 10am to Sunday 6pm plus every Wednesday 6pm - 8pm.
	Shared physical custody. The child(ren) shall be with Dad and Mom at the times listed below.
	Split every week: Dad Mom from Saturday at 6pm to Wednesday after school and the other parent from Wednesday after school until Saturday 6pm. Dad Mom from Sunday 10am to Wednesday after school and the other parent from Wednesday after school until Sunday 10am. Other: Other: Alternate weeks in each home:
	 Alternate weeks in Dad's home and Mom's home with exchanges every Friday at 6pm. Alternate weeks in Dad's home and Mom's home with exchanges every(day) at(time). Other:
	Alternate two weeks in each home: Alternate two weeks in Dad's home and Mom's home with exchanges every Friday at 6pm plus alternate Friday night from 6pm to Saturday noon with other parent.

Alternate two weeks in Dad's home and Mom's home with
exchanges every Friday at 6pm plus alternate Friday night from
6pm to 10pm with other parent.
Alternate two weeks in Dad's home and Mom's home with

5.3 <u>Parents Living in Same Community: Summer Schedule - At Least Age 3</u> <u>thru School Age</u>.

Same schedule as school year:

- The same schedule shall continue through the summer.
- The same schedule shall continue through the summer except that either parent may travel with the child(ren) for up to 15 days 21 days for a vacation with notice to the other parent at least 30 days in advance and a schedule, location and telephone numbers provided at least 10 days before travel.

Opposite schedule as school:

- The summer schedule shall be the exact opposite of the school year schedule for Dad's time and Mom's time.
- The summer schedule shall be the exact opposite of the school year schedule for Dad's time and Mom's time except that either parent may travel with the child(ren) for up to 15 days for a vacation with notice to the other parent at least 30 days in advance and a schedule, location and telephone numbers provided at least 10 days before travel.

Divided summer:

Dad Mom shall have the child(ren) from one week after school is out until
July 15th and 🗌 Dad 🗌 Mom shall have the child(ren) from July 15th until one
week before school starts. The other parent shall have reasonable visits arranged
between the parents during the summer.

Dad Mom shall have the child(ren) from the time school is out until (date) and Dad Mom shall have the child(ren) from

_____ (date) until school starts. The other parent shall have reasonable visits arranged between the parents during the summer.

5.4 <u>Parents Living in Same Community: Winter School Break (December</u> <u>break from school</u>).

Definition: Winter Break is 6pm the last day of school until 6pm the day before school starts again.

Regular schedule or one parent:

whichever parent the child(ren) are with that year under the regular custody schedule shall have those days of Winter Break.

Dad Mom shall have all of Winter Break every year.

All of break alternate years:

Dad	Mom	shall	have	all	of	Winter	Break	in	even	odd years.
Dad	Mom	shall	have	all	of	Winter	Break	in	even	odd years.

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One-half of break:

Dad Mom shall have first half of Winter Break every year and

Dad Mom shall have second half of Winter Break every year.

Dad 🔲 Mom shall have first half of Winter Break in even years and

Dad Mom shall have the second half of Winter Break. The schedule shall be the opposite in odd years.

Christmas Eve/Christmas Day:

the schedule chosen above shall apply.

in addition to the above schedule, the following applies:

One parent Christmas Eve, one parent Christmas Day-same every year:

Dad Mom shall have the child(ren) from 10am until 10pm Christmas Eve and Dad Mom shall have the child(ren) from 10pm Christmas Eve until 6pm Christmas Day every year.

Dad Mom shall have the child(ren) from 10am December 24 until 10am December 25 and Dad Mom shall have the child(ren) from 10am December 25 until 10am December 26 every year.

One parent Christmas Eve and one parent Christmas Day-alternate years:
 Dad Mom shall have the child(ren) from 10am until 10pm
 Christmas Eve and Dad Mom shall have the child(ren) from 10pm
 Christmas Eve until 6pm Christmas Day in even years. The schedule shall be the opposite in odd years.

Dad Mom shall have the child(ren) from 10am December 24 until 10am December 25 and Dad Mom shall have the child(ren) from 10am December 25 until 10am December 26 in even years. The schedule shall be the opposite in odd years.

<u>Travel during Winter Break</u>: The above schedule for Winter Break shall apply unless a parent has elected to travel with the child(ren) under the schedule provided below:

- Either parent may travel with the child(ren) during their time under the above schedule.
- Dad Mom may travel with the child(ren) for the entire Winter Break in even years. Dad Mom may travel for the entire Winter Break in odd years.
- ☐ If either parent is going to exercise the "travel during Winter Break" option, they must provide notice to the other parent no later than ☐ Nov 1 ☐ Nov 15 ☐ Dec 1 ☐ Dec 15 ☐ Other: of when and where they plan to travel with the child(ren). At least ten days prior to traveling, the parent shall provide a schedule, location, and phone numbers for the trip.

5.5 Parents Living in Same Community: Other Holidays.

Mother's Day/Father's Day:
If the child(ren) are not already with the mother/father on this day, then the mother/father shall be entitled to have the child(ren) for up to 6 hours. The mother/father shall give notice to the other parent of the schedule at least two days in advance.
Thanksgiving: □ defined as 10am to 8pm on Thanksgiving Day. □ defined as Wednesday after school until Sunday at 6pm □ Dad □ Mom shall have Thanksgiving every year. □ Dad □ Mom shall have Thanksgiving in even years and □ Dad □ Mom shall have Thanksgiving in even years and □ Dad □ Mom shall have Thanksgiving in even years and □
Halloween: defined as 4pm to 8pm on Halloween day. defined as 4pm on Halloween day tom. on November 1. Dad Mom shall have Halloween every year. Dad Mom shall have Halloween in even years and Dad Mom shall have Halloween in even years and
Easter Sunday: defined as 10am to 6pm on Easter Sunday. defined as 6pm the Saturday before Easter Sunday tom the Monday after Easter Sunday Dad Mom shall have Easter Sunday every year. Dad Mom shall have Easter Sunday in even years and Mom shall have Easter Sunday in odd years.
July 4th:defined as 10am to 8pm on July 4th.defined as 10am on July 4th to 10am on July 5thDadMom shall have July 4th every year.DadMom shall have July 4th in even years andDadMom shall have July 4th in even years andMom shall have July 4th in even years and
Other important holidays: [name and define the holiday by days and time of day] Dad Mom shall have[specify holiday by name] every year. Dad Mom shall have[specify holiday by name] in even years and Dad Mom shall have[specify holiday by name] in odd years.
 Spring Break: defined as 6pm last day of school to 6pm the day before school starts (Sunday). whichever parent the child(ren) are with that year under the regular custody schedule shall have those days of Spring Break. Dad Mom shall have Spring Break every year. Dad Mom shall have Spring Break in even years and Dad Mom shall have Spring Break in even years.

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	 <u>Travel during Spring Break</u>: The above schedule for Spring Break shall apply unless a parent has elected to travel with the child(ren) under the schedule provided hereinbelow. <u>Either parent may travel with the child(ren) during their time under the above schedule.</u> <u>Dad</u> Mom may travel with the child(ren) for the entire Spring Break in even years.
	Dad Mom may travel for the entire Spring Break in odd years and shall give at least 30 days notice to the other parent and a schedule, location and phone numbers at least 10 days before travel.
	 Memorial Day weekend: defined as Friday 6pm to Monday 6pm. Dad Mom shall have Memorial Day weekend every year. Dad Mom shall have Memorial Day weekend in even years and the other parent shall have Memorial Day weekend in odd years.
	 Labor Day weekend: defined as Friday 6pm to Monday 6pm. Dad Mom shall have Labor Day weekend every year. Dad Mom shall have Labor Day weekend in even years and the other parent shall have Labor Day weekend in odd years.
5.6	Parents Living in Same Community: Birthdays.
	Dad's Birthday is: Mom's Birthday is:
	 Parent's Birthday: When it is Dad's or Mom's birthday, the birthday parent shall have their celebration during their regularly scheduled time with the child(ren). When it is Dad's or Mom's birthday, the birthday parent shall be entitled
	to have the child(ren) for up to six hours for a celebration on the birthday and shall give notice to the other parent of their plan to exercise this option at least three days in advance. This visitation shall not interfere with a child's schooling or regularly scheduled activity.
	Child(ren)'s Birthday: When it is a child's birthday each parent shall hold their celebration
	during their regularly scheduled time with the child.
	When it is a child's birthday, Dad shall hold a celebration during even years and Mom shall hold a celebration during odd years.
	The parents shall hold a joint birthday celebration every year with Dad organizing it during even years and Mom organizing it during odd years.
Parent	s Living in Same Community: Transportation and Exchanges of Child(ren).
6.1	 Transportation. The parent receiving the child(ren) shall transport the child(ren). Dad Mom shall provide all the transportation between parents.
6.2	Exchanges.

Exchanges shall be at mother's and father's homes unless the parents agree to another place.

6.

- Exchanges shall be at _____unless the parents agree to another place.
- Exchanges shall occur on time. Each parent shall be on time for the drop off and pick up of the child(ren) and shall have the child(ren) ready. If a parent is more than ______ late without contacting the other parent to make other arrangements, the parent with the child(ren) may proceed with other plans and activities for the child(ren).

7. <u>Move by Parent to a distant geographical community if previously residing in</u> <u>the same community- Notice and Future Schedule</u>.

- Each parent shall give at least 120 days notice to the other parent of any intent to move if possible and if not possible as much notice as is possible.
- When one parent moves, the "Different Communities" part of this plan shall apply until the parents reach a modified parenting plan by agreement or the court decides a modification after one of the parents has filed a Motion to Modify Custody. This shall be considered to be "temporary custody and visitation" and either parent will be free file a motion with the court because of the move arguing that there has been a substantial change in circumstances that requires a modification in the child(ren)'s best interest.
- When one parent moves, the child(ren) shall remain with the non-moving parent and the children shall have visitation with the moving parent as provided in the "Different Communities" part of this plan until the court decides a modification after one of the parents has filed a Motion to Modify Custody. This shall be considered to be "temporary custody and visitation" and either parent will be free file a motion with the court because of the move arguing that there has been a substantial change in circumstances that requires a modification in the child(ren)'s best interest.

8. <u>Parents Living in Different Communities - Custody Schedule</u>.

The parents are or shall soon be living in different communities. The child(ren) shall be with Dad Mom except for the times stated below when our child(ren) shall visit with Dad Mom. If the parents later reside in the same geographic community the Sane Community custody and visitation provisions of this plan listed in paragraphs 5. and 6. above shall apply.

8.1 Parents Living in Different Communities: Infant to Age 3 (or Older).

- The parties' infant/toddler shall have the same visitation as is provided in this plan for the siblings in the other part of this plan.
- Dad Mom Moving Parent shall travel to the community that the child(ren) are in _ times per year, with 30 days notice to the other parent, and shall have daily visits of at least 4 hours and increasing to alternate day overnights. The visiting parent shall provide information as to schedule, location and telephone numbers for each visit.
- Dad Mom Moving Parent shall travel to the community that the child(ren) are in _____ times per year, with 30 days notice to the other parent. After a re-acquaintance, the parent then may take the child(ren) for

a trip. The re-acquaintance visits shall be at least two 4-hour visits on different days in a location familiar to the children and in the presence of a third person with whom the children are familiar and comfortable. The child(ren) may then travel for a visit with Dad Mom Moving Parent for up to _____days. The traveling parent shall provide information as to schedules, locations and telephone numbers for the visit at least ten days in advance.

8.2 <u>Parents Living in Different Communities:</u> Summer Visits - At Least Age <u>3 thru 4 Years (or Older)</u>.

the child(ren), aged 3-4 years, shall have the same visitation set out hereinbelow for the siblings in the other part of this plan.

Dad Mom Moving Parent shall have summer visitation:

3 weeks when age 3

4 weeks when age 4

The visit shall not begin until at least one week after school in the child's community of residence is out [even if a child is not yet in school] and shall end at least one week before school begins in the fall. No later than April 1 each year Dad Mom Moving Parent shall notify the other parent of the dates of the summer visit and what the transportation arrangements will be. The parent shall provide information as to schedules, locations and telephone numbers for the visit at least ten days in advance of travel.

8.3 <u>Parents Living in Different Communities: Summer Visits - At Least Age</u> <u>5 thru School Age</u>.

Dad Mom Moving Parent shall have summer visitation from one week after school is out until one week before school begins. No later than April 1 each year Dad Mom Moving Parent shall notify the other parent of the dates of the summer visitation and what the transportation arrangements will be. The parent shall provide information as to the schedules, locations and telephone numbers for the visit at least ten days in advance of travel.

Dad Mom Moving Parent shall have summer visitation of ______ weeks each summer to begin no earlier than one week after school is out and to end at least one week before school begins. No later than April 1 each year Dad Mom Moving Parent shall notify the other parent of the dates of the summer visitation and what the transportation arrangements will be. The parent shall provide information as to the schedules, locations and telephone numbers for the visit at least ten days in advance of travel.

8.4 <u>Parents Living in Different Communities: Failure to Give Notice / Loss</u> of Summer Visit.

The parent who is entitled to the summer visitation has the duty to notify the other parent of their intention to have the child(ren) for summer visitation by the date provided in the previous paragraph. If the parent has not given notice of the dates they intend to exercise summer visitation, the parent the child(ren) are with may choose the dates. The parent who is entitled to the summer visitation has the duty to notify the other parent of their intention to have the child(ren) for summer visitation by the date we agreed to above. If the parent has not given notice of their intention to exercise summer visitation, the parent the child(ren) are with may assume there shall be no summer visit and make other plans with the child(ren) and the non-custodial parent will have given up their right to have visitation with the child(ren) that summer although the parents may later agree to allow the visitation.

8.5 <u>Parents Living in Different Communities: Winter School Break</u> (Christmas).

<u>Defined</u> as the day school is out until the day before school starts.

One parent every year:

Dad Mom shall have all of this Break every year.

Parents all of break alternate years:

Dad Dad Mom shall have all of Winter Break in deven deven devears.

Dad Mom shall have all of Winter Break in even odd years.

Parent travels:

The parent who does is not in the same community as the child(ren) during this holiday may travel to the child(ren)'s community and shall have time with the child(ren) as follows:

8.6 <u>Parents Living in Different Communities:</u> Spring Break.

<u>Defined</u> as the day school is out until the day before school starts.

One parent every year:

Dad Mom shall have all of this Break every year.

Parents all of break alternate years:

Dad Mom shall have all of Spring Break in even odd years.

Parent travels:

The parent who does is not in the same community as the child(ren) during this holiday may travel to the child(ren)'s community and shall have time with the child(ren) as follows:

8.7 Parents Living in Different Communities: Other Holidays.

- If the parent who does not live in the same community as the child(ren) comes to visit, the parent with the child shall arrange reasonable time for the child(ren) to be with the visiting parent. The visiting parent shall provide information as to schedule, location, and telephone number where the child(ren) will be.
- If the parents have the financial ability to pay and travel is reasonable, considering the distance, time, school, and the child(ren)'s age, the custodial parent may agree to visits with the other parent for other holidays not listed above.

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8.8 Parents Living in Different Communities: Birthdays.

Dad's Birthday is:

Mom's Birthday is: _____

Parent's Birthday:

When it is Dad's or Mom's birthday and the child(ren) are not with that parent, the other parent shall assist the child(ren) in telephoning the birthday parent. Child(ren)'s Birthday:

When it is our child(ren)'s birthday, the parent the child is not with shall telephone the child at that parent's own expense and the other parent shall make the child available to talk with the parent on their birthday.

9. Parents Living in Different Communities: Transportation.

9.1 <u>By Car</u>

- When the parents live in different communities where transportation will be by car, Dad Mom Moving Parent shall provide transportation both ways.
- When the parents live in different communities where transportation will be by car, the parent receiving the child(ren) shall transport the child(ren).

9.2 By Airplane.

- When the parents live in different communities where transportation will be by airplane, they shall assist their child(ren) by considering jet lag, settling in times, and "best option in light of the price" schedules appropriate to the child(ren)'s age and needs.
- When they live in different communities where transportation will be by airplane, the parents shall split the cost of the summer visit each paying half. Dad Mom Moving Parent shall purchase the ticket and the other parent shall reimburse within 30 days. Transportation for other visits shall be paid by the away parent that does not live in the same community as the child(ren).
- When the parents live in different communities where transportation will be by airplane, Dad Mom Moving Parent shall purchase all roundtrip tickets for all trips and the other parent shall reimburse half of the cost of the child(ren)'s ticket within 30 days.
- If a parent cannot financially pay for transportation, then the other parent has the option of [but is not required to] paying for the transportation for the visit to take place.
- When the parents live in different communities where transportation will be by airplane, the child(ren) may miss school half-day 1 day 2 days, if they are otherwise doing well in school, in order to accommodate travel arrangements and be with the other parent.

9.3 <u>Airplane Escorts</u>.

- The parents shall consult with each other about whether an escort is appropriate for the child(ren) when they are going to be making an airplane trip even after the airline on which they will be traveling no longer requires an escort.
- Mom Dad, as the legal custodial parent, shall make the decision as to whether an escort is appropriate for the child(ren) when they are going to be making an airplane trip even after the airline on which they will be traveling no longer requires an escort.
- When the parents live in different communities where transportation will be by airplane, the costs of roundtrip tickets for any escorts, including for a parent, shall be split 50/50.
- When the parents live in different communities where transportation will be by airplane, the costs of roundtrip tickets for any escort shall be paid by the receiving parent.
- When the parents live in different communities where transportation will be by airplane, the costs of roundtrip tickets for a parent escort shall be paid by Dad Mom Moving Parent.

10. <u>Military Parent or Parents [regardless of whether the parents live in the same community or different communities].</u>

Pre-deployment visitation.

The military parent who is being deployed shall have visitation of up to two weeks and the children (if school age) may miss that much school to accommodate the visitation.

Both parents will do their best to work with the child(ren)'s school to get homework, assignments and even testing over the internet if possible. The deploying parent will make sure (as much as possible) that the child(ren) do not fall behind in school.

During the visitation, the deploying parent will be photographed and if possible videotaped taped playing with the child(ren) and doing routine things such as eating meals; bed time routines etc. For pre-teens the deploying parent will be videotaped reading to the child(ren) and pictures from the book will be shown to the video camera. The video should be a half an hour to 45 minutes long. The person the child will be with (whether parent or other custodian) will show the video to the child(ren) at least once a week and as often as the child(ren) request to include (if there is reading of a book), giving the book to the child to follow along with the reading.

Visitation of military parent while on leave:

After a re-acquainting period [if applicable] the visitation parent will have the following visitation:

This visitation will occur:

Until age	onlv	in t	the	child's	community	/ of	residence.
l Onthi age	_ 01119			onnu o	communit	, 01	1031001100.

Once the child is age _____ after a re-acquainting period [if applicable] the parent will be able to exercise visitation during any period the child is not in school as follows:

This visitation will occur either:

In the child(ren)'s community of residence for up to two weeks if the child(ren) are in school during the time visitation can be exercised. the visiting military parent will see that the child(ren) attend school and maintain their usual schedules for extracurricular activities.

In any other location for up to two weeks if the children are not in school at the time the visitation will be exercised.

It will not be grounds to deny visitation that the child is in school (and the military parent should be prepared to exercise their visitation in the child(ren)'s community if the child(ren) are in school) or that the child(ren) have other activities planned or that the military parent intends to exercise visitation in the presence of their own significant other.

11. <u>Vacations and Travel by Child(ren)</u>.

- Either parent may travel with the child(ren) during their own custody time.
- The parent traveling with the child(ren) shall give the other parent at least ______ days' notice before traveling if the travel will be for a period in excess of three days (unless there is an emergency in which case as much notice as possible shall be given), and shall provide the other parent with a schedule, locations and phone numbers at least ____days before traveling.

The child(ren) may travel with others, such as a sports team, church, or school activity, with relatives or similar travel as arranged by the parent the child(ren) are with during that parent's time.

If the child(ren) are traveling with others, such as with a sports team, church, or school activity, with relatives or similar travel for more than ______ days, the parent that has consented to the travel during their time shall give the information to the other parent on day in advance of the travel.

12. Parent Traveling.

If either parent is traveling, they shall let the other parent know in advance where they can be reached in the event of an emergency or if the child(ren) want to contact them.

13. Changes or Modification of the Plan.

The parents can vary this plan for special events, changes in circumstances and to adjust to the child(ren)'s schedule or a parent's schedule when the parents agree. Either parent may choose to take less time than this plan allows with the child(ren). However, when the parents do not agree to change something, this plan is in effect. Either of the parents may file a Motion to Modify Child Custody with the court when they believe that there has been a substantial change in

Page 13 of 18 DR-475 FBKS (10/14)(cs) PARENTING PLAN (LONG) circumstances such that it is in the best interest of the child(ren) that the plan be substantially modified by the court.



Minor changes in the plan, such as travel times or exchange times can be put in a writing, signed by both parents, for clarification and for a record, but are not required to be put in writing and need not be filed with the court.

14. <u>Care of Our Child(ren)</u>.

14.1 Parent Remarks and Behavior.

The child(ren) have the right to be free of bad comments and behavior by one parent about the other. The parents shall not badmouth, criticize, roll eyes, be sarcastic and otherwise be disrespectful of the other parent in the presence of our child(ren) and the parents shall not let others do this.

14.2 Child(ren) as Messengers.

- All communications regarding the child(ren) shall be between the parents only and the parents shall not use the child(ren) or anyone else (unless ordered by a court to use a third party as a messenger) to convey information, ask questions or set up custody changes.
- The parents shall keep a notebook that goes back and forth with the child(ren) that gives information about their schedule, problems, eating, sleeping, cute stories, new experiences and other information for the other parent. The parents shall stop using the notebook only when both parents agree it is no longer necessary.

14.3 Discipline.

- Either parent may use reasonable discipline techniques, but neither parent shall use physical discipline.
- Either parent may use reasonable discipline techniques, with physical discipline as a last resort.
- Either parent may use reasonable discipline techniques, including physical discipline.

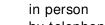
14.4 Education.

Both parents may participate in school conferences, events and activities and may consult with teachers and other school personnel. Each parent may contact the school to receive grades, attendance, calendars, schedules, mailings and notices.

15. <u>Decision-Making</u>.

15.1 <u>Communication Between Parents</u>.

The parents shall communicate with each other:



by telephone

by letter

by social media

- by e-mail
- by text message

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15.2 Day-to-Day Decisions.

Each parent shall make decisions regarding day-to-day care of each child while the child is residing with that parent. Either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health and safety of the child(ren) and will advise the other parent of the decision as soon as possible.

15.3 Records.

Both parents shall have full access to school, day care, medical and other records of the child(ren).

15.4 <u>Braces</u>.

- If a dentist or orthodontist recommends braces for a child the parents shall cooperate to provide them.
- If a dentist or orthodontist recommends braces for a child, the custodial parent shall obtain a second opinion and if it also recommends that the child needs braces then the parents shall provide them.
- The parents shall consider braces as any other non-emergency medical decision.
- Mom Dad, as the legal custodial parent, shall make the decision as to whether a child will be provided with braces if a dentist or orthodontist recommends braces for the child.

16. <u>Disputes</u>.

- Whenever possible the parents shall discuss the issues and attempt to reach an agreement based on what is best for their child(ren) at that particular time.
- If the parents are unable to reach an agreement on an important issue about their child(ren) after they have discussed it with each other, either parent may initiate dispute resolution by:
 - arranging for the parents to meet with a counselor to discuss and try and reach agreement.
 - arranging for the parents to meet with a trained mediator to try and reach an agreement.
 - Mom Dad, as the legal custodial parent, shall make the final decision.

17. <u>Contact with the Child(ren) When with the Other Parent</u>.

17.1 <u>Telephone.</u>

- The parents shall each try to maintain voice mail or answering machines so that the child(ren) can leave and receive the parents' messages.
- The child(ren) may telephone the other parent whenever they want.
- If a message is left from the parent the child(ren) are not with, the other parent shall assist the child(ren) in returning the call.
- Reasonable times to call the child(ren) at the other parent's home are:

between _____ am and _____ pm.

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17.2 <u>Mail</u>.

- The child(ren) shall be given all mail and packages sent by the other parent. If any mail is withheld the other parent shall be informed immediately.
- The child(ren) and the parents may communicate by email and social media when computers are available.
- The child(ren) and the parents may communicate by text messages if cell phones and text message plans are available.
- Either parent may send audio tapes, including story tapes video tapes and DVDs to the child(ren).

18. <u>Child Care</u>.

18.1 Parents Living in Same Community - First Option Other Parent.

Each parent shall call the other parent and give them first option to care for the child(ren) when we need childcare for more than: 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours

18.2 Parents Living in Different Communities - First Option Other Parent.

If the parent who the child(ren) are with will be traveling, is ill, is deployed, is working out of town or otherwise unavailable to personally care for the child(ren) for an extended period, the other parent will be given first option to care for the child(ren) in the child(ren)'s home community or the other parent's community, depending on what is best for the child(ren) at that time.

18.3 One or both parents military

We understand that there may be **temporary** changes in custody or visitation due to deployment or military duty obligations that do not allow the parent to have the child(ren) and that this will not change the obligation to pay child support unless there is also a court order to suspend child support or for the deployed or absent parent to pay child support during this period (unless they are already ordered to pay child support).

These changes to custody or visitation due to deployment or military duty obligations that do not allow the parent to have the child(ren) is **only temporary** and after return of the military parent this parenting plan or agreement will again be fully in effect after any re-acquainting period (if applicable).

Deployment.

If the parent who the child(ren) are with will be deployed, is working out of town or otherwise unavailable to **personally** care for the child(ren) for an extended period due to military service requirements, the other parent will be given first option to care for the child(ren) in the child(ren)'s home community or the other parent's community, depending on what is best for the child(ren) at that time. This means that the child(ren) will live with the other parent and not with grandparents, extended family members or significant others during the custody period or the visitation period the military parent is otherwise entitled to. It may also mean that the child(ren) will be enrolled in school in the other parent's community of residence.

We agree that if the parent who the child(ren) are with will be deployed, is working out of town or otherwise unavailable to **personally** care for the child(ren) for an extended period due to military service requirements,

(state name and relationship to the child(ren) will be given first option to care for the child(ren) in the child(ren)'s home community or in another community, depending on what is best for the child(ren) at that time. The parent who is not affected by their own military service shall have the same custody of or visitation with the child(ren) as is otherwise provided in this agreement.

18.4 Child Care by Other People.

Each parent is free to choose appropriate child care providers.

Any child care provider for our child(ren) shall be:

- a licensed child care provider.
- a close relative or friend.
- over the age of ____

be approved by . Mom . Dad, the legal custodial parent, before being used to care for a child.

19. <u>Grandparents and Extended Family</u>.

- Each parent shall provide the child(ren) with visitation with the grandparents and extended family on their own side of the family as they decide is in the child(ren)'s best interest during their custody time.
- The parents shall cooperate to help the child(ren) attend special events with grandparents and extended family by making reasonable requests of each other, considering the school situation and the child(ren)'s best interest and needs.

Visitation with Grandparents [parent of the military member]:

During deployment the custodial parent and any other person with physical custody of the child(ren) will allow the following visitation with the Grandparents [parent of the military member]:

- Alternating weekend visitation if requested by the grandparents from after school on Friday until 6pm on Sunday during the school year and during summer
- The child(ren) may spend up to 14 days 21 days other [specify amount of time] with the

grandparents if the grandparents provides at least 30 days notice of their intent to exercise the extended visitation. If the grandparents intend to travel with the child(ren) they must also provide a location, schedule and phone number for the travel at least 3 days before the travel.

20. Federal Taxes.

- Federal tax law applies.
- Dad Mom shall claim the child(ren) as a dependent on his/her federal income taxes each year.
- The parents shall alternate years when they shall claim the child(ren) as a dependent on his/her federal income taxes. Dad Mom shall claim the child(ren) as a dependent on his/her federal income taxes in even years and Dad Mom shall claim the child(ren) as a dependent on his/her federal income taxes in odd years.

The parents shall claim their child(ren) as a dependent on federal income taxes each year as follows:

child:		Dad 🗌	Mom
child:	[Dad 🗌	Mom
child:	[Dad 🗌	Mom
child:	[Dad 🗌	Mom
child:	[Dad 🗌	Mom

21. Permanent Fund Dividend.

Dad Mom shall apply for the child(ren)'s Permanent Fund Dividend each year and (1) may use half of the PFD in the best interest of the child(ren); (2) shall place half of the PFD in an interest-bearing account; (3) if it is requested, shall provide the other parent with proof of deposit of the PFD and an annual statement by February 1 of each year; and (4) shall pay any taxes out of the child(ren)'s account.

Dad Mom shall apply for the child(ren)'s Permanent Fund Dividend each year and (1) may use the money in the best interest of the child(ren) or save it; (2) shall keep a written accounting of how the money was used including receipts; and (3) shall pay any taxes.

Dad Mom shall apply for the child(ren)'s Permanent Fund Dividend each year and (1) place the money in an interest-bearing account investment account; (2) shall provide the other parent with proof of deposit of the PFD and an annual statement by February 1 each year; and (3) shall pay the taxes from the child(ren)'s account. Withdrawals from this account may only be made if both parents agree or by a court order.

Dad Mom shall apply for the child(ren)'s Permanent Fund Dividend each year and
(1) shall place the money in an interest-bearing savings account that is in the name of
both parents and requires both parent's signatures for withdrawal of funds; and (2) shall
pay any taxes.