California Department Health Services Viral and Rickettsial Disease Laboratory

Mumps Virus Specimen Collection Form

Last Na	ame:	Firs	st Name:	DOB:// Medical Rec #:	
Address:					
Phone: Home () Work ()					
		□ Asian/ Pacifi	c Islander □ Am	□ Non-Hispanic □ Unknown nerican Indian/Alaskan Native □ Unknown □ Other:	
Physician Information: Name: Facility:					
				□ ER / Outpatient	
If hospit	talized, admit date:	/D	ischarge date:	// If patient died, date of death://	
Clinic	al syndrome:				
Swelling of parotid gland ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unk		o 🛮 Unk	History of clinical mumps (prior to current illness): □ Yes □ No □ Unk		
If yes	, give date of onset of	parotid swelling:	//	,	
Swelling of sublingual or ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unk submaxillary glands		o □ Unk	Vaccination History: # of doses (lifetime) of mumps containing vaccine received: Vaccination Dates (if known):///		
Fever		o □ Unk			
URI symptoms (e.g. cough, sore throat) □ Yes		□ Yes □ N	o 🗆 Unk	Reason if not vaccinated:	
Asymptomatic ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unk		o 🛮 Unk	Exposures/Travel within 4 wks of onset (specify details):		
Other, please describe				Traveled outside of California: ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unk If yes, where:	
Comp	lications (e.g, orc	hitis, meningitis	/encephalitis):	Contacts/exposures:	
Disease suspected or test requested:				This section for Virus Laboratory use only. Date received by VRDL and State Accession Number [] SERO	
1 st	Specimen type and/or s	specimen source	Date Collected	1 st	[] ISOL [] FA [] RAB [] EM
2 nd	Specimen type and/or s	specimen source	Date Collected	2 nd	[]BE []LC []
3 rd	Specimen type and/or s	specimen source	Date Collected	3 rd	- [] []
Submitter's Complete Mailing Address				David Schnurr, Ph.D., Acting Chief Viral and Rickettsial Disease Laboratory Division of Communicable Diseases California Department of Health Services 850 Marina Bay Parkway Richmond, CA 94804 phone (510) 307-8585 fax (510) 307-8599	[] E IgM [] E PCR [] H PCR [] C PCR [] code:



CDHS Viral and Rickettsial Disease Laboratory (VRDL) Specimen Collection Guidelines for Mumps Virus Testing

The CDHS Viral and Rickettsial Disease Laboratory (VRDL) encourages submission of specimens from suspected cases of mumps in California. Laboratory diagnosis can be made either by isolation of mumps from urine and/or respiratory specimens or serologic testing.

Appropriate specimens for testing include:

Mumps Serology - VRDL currently performs an IFA assay to measure mumps IgM and IgG antibodies but results must be interpreted with caution since false positive or non-specific reactions are known to occur.

The gold standard remains the demonstration of a significant change (4 fold rise) in titer between the acute and convalescent samples.

Mumps Isolation can be attempted from throat swabs or bucal collected within 9 days of onset of parotitis.

Urine samples are not routinely recommended – Call VRDL for a consultation before collecting or submitting a urine sample.

Mumps Direct Detection by PCR – The VRDL is currently investigating the role of PCR as a tool for evaluation of cases of suspect mumps. *PCR will only be performed if it is accompanied by a blood sample for serological testing.*

At a minimum, both urine and respiratory specimens should be collected. Collection of serum samples in pediatric patients is **optional**.

Specimens should be stored at 4°C and shipped on wet ice or cold pack as soon as possible.

- Respiratory specimens can be held at 4°C for 48 hours before shipping. Otherwise, the specimens should be frozen at -70°C and shipped on dry ice.
- Ideally, urine specimens should be sent within 24 hours of collection. Otherwise, urine should be centrifuged at 2,500 times g for 15 minutes at 4°C to pellet the sediment. The sediment should then be resuspended in 2-3 ml of VTM or any cell culture medium and shipped at 4°C. If the pelleted specimens cannot be shipped within 48 hours, the pellet should be frozen at -70°C and shipped on dry ice, if necessary.

Please contact VRDL: 510.307.8585 for further instructions.

¹ False-positive IgM results by commercial immunofluorescent antibody assays have been reported. If the suspected case has received one or more doses of MMR, missing, delayed or transient IgM responses may also be seen. VRDL utilizes an in-house developed enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for serologic testing for mumps; there are currently no FDA-approved EIAs for detection of mumps IgM antibody.