$\qquad$ Answer Key - Exam Version B

* Enter your answers on the bubble sheet. Turn in all sheets. *

This exam is composed of $\mathbf{2 5}$ questions on 7 pages total.
Go initially through the exam and answer the questions you can answer quickly. Then go back and try the ones that are more challenging to you and/or that require calculations.

As discussed in the course syllabus, honesty and integrity are absolute essentials for this class. In fairness to others, dishonest behavior will be dealt with to the full extent of University regulations.

I hereby state that all answers on this exam are my own and that I have neither gained unfairly from others nor have I assisted others in obtaining an unfair advantage on this exam.

## Signature

| $E=h v=\frac{h c}{\lambda}$ | Some common ions: |  | $h=6.626 \times 10^{-34} \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{~s}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $E_{n}^{H-\text { atom }}=-\frac{R_{H} h c}{n^{2}}$ | $\mathrm{PO}_{4}{ }^{3-}$ | $\mathrm{CN}^{-}$ | $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2}{ }^{-}$ |
| $1 \mathrm{~mL}=1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ | $\mathrm{NO}_{2}^{-}$ | $\mathrm{NO}_{3}{ }^{2}$ | $\mathrm{CO}_{3}{ }^{2-}$ |
| $\mathrm{SO}_{3}{ }^{2-}$ | $\mathrm{SO}_{4}{ }^{2-}$ | $N=6.9998 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ |  |
|  |  | $R_{H}=1.022 \times 10^{23} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ |  |


| 1 A | 2 A | 3B | 4 B | 5B | 6B | 7B | 8B | 8B | 8B | 1B | 2B | 3A | 4A | 5A | 6A | 7A | 8A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \mathbf{H} \\ & 1.008 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 <br> He <br> 4.003 |
| 3 <br> Li $6.939$ | 4 Be $9.012$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & \mathbf{B} \\ & 10.81 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{6} \mathrm{C} \\ & 12.01 \end{aligned}$ | 7 <br> $\mathbf{N}$ <br> 14.01 | 8 $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{O} \\ 16.00 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & \mathbf{F} \\ & 19.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 10 <br> Ne <br> 20.18 |
| 11 <br> $\mathbf{N a}$ <br> 22.99 | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & \mathbf{M g} \\ & 24.31 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13 <br> Al $26.98$ | 14 <br> Si <br> 28.09 | $\begin{gathered} 15 \\ \mathbf{P} \\ 30.97 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 16 \\ \mathbf{S} \\ 32.07 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 17 <br> Cl <br> 35.45 | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & \text { Ar } \\ & 39.95 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 19 \\ \mathbf{K} \\ \mathbf{3 9 . 1 0} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & \mathbf{C a} \\ & 40.08 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 21 <br> Sc <br> 44.96 | 22 <br> Ti $47.90$ | $\begin{gathered} 23 \\ \mathbf{V} \\ \mathbf{5 0 . 9 4} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 24 Cr $52.00$ | 25 <br> Mn <br> 54.94 | 26 <br> Fe <br> 55.85 | 27 <br> Co <br> 58.93 | 28 <br> Ni <br> 58.71 | 29 <br> Cu $63.55$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & \mathbf{Z n} \\ & \mathbf{6 5 . 3 9} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 31 <br> Ga $69.72$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \\ & \text { Ge } \\ & 72.61 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 33 <br> As <br> 74.92 | 34 <br> Se <br> 78.96 | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & \mathbf{B r} \\ & 79.90 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36 \\ & \text { Kr } \\ & \mathbf{8 3 . 8 0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 37 <br> Rb <br> 85.47 | 38 <br> Sr <br> 87.62 | $\begin{gathered} 39 \\ \mathbf{Y} \\ \mathbf{8 8 . 9 1} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & \mathbf{Z r} \\ & \mathbf{9 1 . 2 2} \end{aligned}$ | 41 <br> Nb <br> 92.91 | 42 <br> Mo $95.94$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \\ & \mathbf{T C} \\ & (99) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 44 <br> Ru <br> 101.1 | 45 <br> $\mathbf{R h}$ <br> 102.9 | 46 <br> Pd <br> 106.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 47 \\ & \mathbf{A g} \\ & 107.9 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 48 <br> Cd $112.4$ | $\begin{aligned} & 49 \\ & \text { In } \\ & 114.8 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 50 <br> Sn <br> 118.7 | 51 <br> Sb <br> 121.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & \text { Te } \\ & 127.6 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $53$ $\mathbf{I}$ $126.9$ | $\begin{aligned} & 54 \\ & \mathbf{X e} \\ & 131.3 \end{aligned}$ |
| 55 Cs $132.9$ | 56 <br> Ba <br> 137.3 | $57$ $\mathbf{L a}$ $138.9$ | 72 <br> Hf <br> 178.5 | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 73 \\ \mathbf{T a} \\ 181.0 \\ \hline \end{array}{ }^{2} \end{aligned}$ | 74 <br> W <br> 183.8 | 75 <br> Re <br> 186.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 76 \\ & \mathrm{OS} \\ & 190.2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 77 \\ & \mathbf{I r} \\ & 192.2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78 \\ & \mathbf{P t} \\ & 195.1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 79 <br> Au $197.0$ | 80 <br> Hg <br> 200.6 | 81 Tl $204.4$ | 82 <br> Pb <br> 207.2 | 83 <br> Bi <br> 209.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 84 \\ & \mathbf{P o} \\ & (209) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 85 <br> At (210) | 86 <br> $\mathbf{R n}$ <br> (222) |
| 87 <br> Fr <br> (223) | 88 <br> Ra <br> 226.0 | 89 <br> Ac <br> 227.0 | 104 Unq (261) | 105 <br> Unp (262) | 106 <br> Unh (263) | 107 <br> Uns (262) | 108 <br> Uno (265) | 109 <br> Une (266) | a |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\qquad$ Answer Key - Exam Version B

## Solubility Rules for some ionic compounds in water

## Soluble Ionic Compounds

1. All sodium $\left(\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, potassium $\left(\mathrm{K}^{+}\right)$, and ammonium $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}\right)$salts are SOLUBLE.
2. All nitrate $\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}\right)$, acetate $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2}^{-}\right)$, chlorate $\left(\mathrm{ClO}_{3}^{-}\right)$, and perchlorate $\left(\mathrm{ClO}_{4}^{-}\right)$salts are SOLUBLE.
3. All chloride $\left(\mathrm{Cl}^{-}\right)$, bromide $\left(\mathrm{Br}^{-}\right)$, and iodide $\left(\mathrm{I}^{-}\right)$salts are SOLUBLE -- EXCEPT those also containing: lead, silver, or mercury (I) $\left(\mathrm{Pb}^{2+}, \mathrm{Ag}^{+}, \mathrm{Hg}^{2+}\right)$ which are NOT soluble.
4. All sulfate $\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}{ }^{2-}\right)$ salts are SOLUBLE - EXCEPT those also containing: calcium, silver, mercury (I), strontium, barium, or lead $\left(\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}, \mathrm{Ag}^{+}, \mathrm{Hg}_{2}{ }^{2+}, \mathrm{Sr}^{2+}, \mathrm{Ba}^{2+}, \mathrm{Pb}^{2+}\right)$ which are NOT soluble.

## Not Soluble Ionic Compounds

5. Hydroxide $\left(\mathrm{OH}^{-}\right)$and oxide $\left(\mathrm{O}^{2-}\right)$ compounds are NOT SOLUBLE -- EXCEPT those also containing: sodium, potassium, or barium $\left(\mathrm{Na}^{+}, \mathrm{K}^{+}, \mathrm{Ba}^{2+}\right)$ which are soluble.
6. Sulfide $\left(\mathrm{S}^{2-}\right)$ salts are NOT SOLUBLE -- EXCEPT those also containing: sodium, potassium, ammonium, or barium $\left(\mathrm{Na}^{+}, \mathrm{K}^{+}\right.$, $\left.\mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}, \mathrm{Ba}^{2+}\right)$ which are soluble.
7. Carbonate $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{3}{ }^{2-}\right)$ and phosphate $\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}{ }^{3-}\right)$ salts are NOT SOLUBLE -- EXCEPT those also containing: sodium, potassium, or ammonium $\left(\mathrm{Na}^{+}, \mathrm{K}^{+}, \mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}\right)$, which are soluble.

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1. What is the hybridization of the xenon atom in $\mathrm{XeF}_{2}$ ?
a. $s p$
b. $s p^{2}$
c. $s p^{3}$
d. $s p^{3} d$
e. $s p^{3} d^{2}$

## ANS: D TOP: 9.2 Valence Bond Theory

2. For which of the following molecules and ions does the central nitrogen atom have $s p^{3}$ hybridization?
a. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}{ }^{-}$
b. $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$
c. NOBr
d. $\mathrm{NBr}_{3}$
e. $\mathrm{HNO}_{2}$

## ANS: D TOP: 9.2 Valence Bond Theory

3. What is the molecular geometry around a central atom that is $s p^{3}$ hybridized and has two lone pairs of electrons?
a. bent
c. trigonal-planar
e. trigonal-bipyramidal
b. linear
d. trigonal-pyramidal

ANS: A TOP: 9.2 Valence Bond Theory
4. Which of the following characteristics apply to $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ ?

1. polar bonds
2. nonpolar molecule
3. linear molecular shape
4. $s p$ hybridized
a. 1 only
d. 1, 2, and 3
b. 1 and 2
e. $1,2,3$, and 4
c. 3 and 4

ANS: A TOP: 9.2 Valence Bond Theory
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5. A molecular orbital that decreases the electron density between two nuclei is said to be .
a. hybridized
c. antibonding
e. nonpolar
b. bonding
d. pi-bonding

ANS: C TOP: 9.3 Molecular Orbital Theory
6. The following valence molecular orbital energy level diagram is appropriate for which one of the listed species?

a. $\quad \mathrm{B}_{2}{ }^{2-}$
b. $\mathrm{C}_{2}{ }^{2-}$
c. $\mathrm{N}_{2}{ }^{2-}$
d. $\mathrm{O}_{2}{ }^{2-}$
e. $\mathrm{F}_{2}{ }^{2-}$

ANS: C TOP: 9.3 Molecular Orbital Theory
7.


Which picture best represents the electronic distribution in orbital "h"?
a.

c.

e.

b.

d.


ANS: B
8. The diatomic AB above is $\mathrm{CN}^{+}$. What is the overall bond order?
a. 1.0
b. 1.5
c. 2.0
d. 2.5
e. 3.0

ANS: C
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9. The picture at right depicts which type of orbital hybridization?
a. sp
b. $\mathrm{sp}^{2}$
c. $\mathrm{sp}^{3}$
d. $\mathrm{sp}^{3} \mathrm{~d}$
e. $s p^{3} d^{2}$

ANS: A
10. In the molecule 2-pentenoic acid, which most closely measures the $\mathrm{C}_{2}-\mathrm{C}_{1}-\mathrm{OH}$ angle?

a. $90^{\circ}$
b. $109^{\circ}$
c. $120^{\circ}$
d. $145^{\circ}$
e. $180^{\circ}$

ANS: C
11. A central atom in a molecule has a trigonal bipyramidal electron pair geometry. What is the orbital hybridization on that atom?
a. sp
b. $\mathrm{sp}^{2}$
c. $\mathrm{sp}^{3}$
d. $\mathrm{sp}^{4}$
e. $s p^{3} d$

ANS: E
12. An alcohol will initially react with the molecule below at which position?


ANS: D
13. Which carbon center below is most deficient in electrons?


ANS: B
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14. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

1. Water soluble ionic compounds, such as NaCl , are strong electrolytes.
2. Some molecular compounds, such as HCl , are strong electrolytes.
3. Some molecular compounds, such as acetic acid, are weak electrolytes.
a. 1 only
c. 3 only
e. 1, 2, and 3
b. 2 only
d. 1 and 2

ANS: E TOP: 3.5 lons and Molecules in Aqueous Solutions
15. Which one of the following compounds is a nonelectrolyte when dissolved in water?
a. $\mathrm{O}_{2}$
c. $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$
e. KI
b. $\mathrm{MgBr}_{2}$
d. $\mathrm{Zn}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$

ANS: A TOP: 3.5 lons and Molecules in Aqueous Solutions
16. A precipitate will form when aqueous nickel(II) chloride is added to an aqueous solution of
a. $\mathrm{SrI}_{2}$
b. $\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$
c. KOH
d. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
e. NaF

## ANS: C TOP: 3.6 Precipitation Reactions

17. What is the net ionic equation for the reaction of aqueous calcium acetate and aqueous sodium carbonate?
a. $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2}^{-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Ca}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)_{2}(\mathrm{~s})$
b. $\mathrm{Na}^{+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2}^{-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{NaCH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{aq})$
c. $\mathrm{Na}^{+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2}^{-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{NaCH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~s})$
d. $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{CO}_{3}{ }^{2-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{CaCO}_{3}(\mathrm{~s})$
e. $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{Na}^{+}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{CaNa}_{2}(\mathrm{~s})$

ANS: D TOP: 3.6 Precipitation Reactions
18. Write a balanced net ionic equation for the reaction of aqueous solutions of baking soda $\left(\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}\right)$ and acetic acid.
a. $\mathrm{HCO}_{3}{ }^{-}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{H}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2}^{-}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}()+\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$
b. $2 \mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{H}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{CH}_{4}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}()+\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$
c. $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{H}^{+}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(\mathrm{~s})+\mathrm{Na}^{+}(\mathrm{aq})$
d. $\mathrm{HCO}_{3}^{-}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{H}^{+}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{)}+\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})\right.$
e. $\quad \mathrm{HCO}_{3}^{-}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{H}^{+}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$

## ANS: A TOP: 3.8 Gas-Forming Reactions

19. Which molecule in the reaction below is the oxidizing agent?

$$
2 \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}(\mathrm{~g})+7 \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{~g})
$$

a. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}$
c. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}$
e. None
b. $\mathrm{O}_{2}$
d. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$

ANS: B TOP: 3.9 Oxidation-Reduction Reactions
$\qquad$ Answer Key - Exam Version B
20. What is the oxidation number of iodine in sodium periodate, $\mathrm{NaIO}_{4}$ ?
a. -1
b. 0
c. +3
d. +7
e. +8

## ANS: D TOP: 3.9 Oxidation-Reduction Reactions

21. Consider the reaction

$$
2 \mathrm{Na}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}+3 \mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cu}_{3}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{2}+6 \mathrm{NaNO}_{3}
$$

This reaction is best classified as
a. oxidation-reduction
d. acid-base
b. gas-evolving
e. gas-evolving and acid-base
c. precipitation

ANS: C
22. Alka seltzer is a combination of citric acid, $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{7}$, and $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}{ }^{-}$. They react in your glass to form $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{7}^{-}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, and CO 2 .


What is the oxidation number of the carbon pointed to by the arrow?
a. 4
b. 3
c. 2
d. 1
e. 0

ANS: D
23. Mixing $\mathbf{P b}\left(\mathbf{N O}_{\mathbf{3}}\right)_{\mathbf{2}}$ with $\mathbf{C a C l}_{\mathbf{2}}$ in water leads to precipitation of
a. a $\mathrm{NO}_{3}{ }^{-}$salt
d. nothing precipitates
b. $\mathrm{ACa}^{2+}$ salt
e. everything precipitates
c. $\mathrm{a} \mathrm{Pb}^{2+}$ salt

ANS: C
24. What is the oxidation number of $\operatorname{tin}$ in $\mathrm{SnO}_{3}{ }^{2-}$ ?
a. +2
b. +4
c. +6
d. -4
e. 0

ANS: B
25. What course is this?
a) Bio 152
c) Sports 01
e) Election 08
b) Chem 111
d) Math 3.14159

ANS: B

