## Chem 111 Evening Exam #3

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Answer Key – Exam Version B

\* Enter your answers on the bubble sheet. Turn in all sheets. \*

This exam is composed of **25 questions** on 7 pages total.

Go initially through the exam and answer the questions you can answer *quickly*. Then go back and try the ones that are more challenging to you and/or that require calculations.

As discussed in the course syllabus, honesty and integrity are absolute essentials for this class. In fairness to others, dishonest behavior will be dealt with to the full extent of University regulations.

I hereby state that all answers on this exam are my own and that I have neither gained unfairly from others nor have I assisted others in obtaining an unfair advantage on this exam.

Signatura

Signature

$E = hv = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$	Some common ions: PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup> CN CH <sub>3</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	$h = 6.626x10^{-34} J s$ $c = 2.9998x10^8 m s^{-1}$		
$E_n^{H-atom} = -\frac{R_H hc}{n^2}$	$NO_2^ NO_3^ CO_3^{2-}$	$N = 6.022 \times 10^{23} \ mol^{-1}$		
$1 \text{ mL} = 1 \text{ cm}^3$	$SO_3^{2-}$ $SO_4^{2-}$	$R_H = 1.097 \times 10^7 \ m^{-1}$		

PERIODIC TABLE OF THE ELEMENTS

1A	2A	3B	4B	5B	6B	7B	8B	8B	8B	1B	2B	<b>3A</b>	<b>4A</b>	5A	6 <b>A</b>	7 <b>A</b>	8A
1 H																	He He
1.008		7											1	1	1	1	4.003
3	4											5	6	7	8	9	10
Li	Be											В	C	N	O	F	Ne
6.939	9.012											10.81	12.01	14.01	16.00	19.00	20.18
11	12											13	14	15	16	17	18
Na	Mg											Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar
22.99	24.31							r		1		26.98	28.09	30.97	32.07	35.45	39.95
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
K	Ca	Sc	Ti	$\mathbf{V}$	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr
39.10	40.08	44.96	47.90	50.94	52.00	54.94	55.85	58.93	58.71	63.55	65.39	69.72	72.61	74.92	78.96	79.90	83.80
37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe
85.47	87.62	88.91	91.22	92.91	95.94	(99)	101.1	102.9	106.4	107.9	112.4	114.8	118.7	121.8	127.6	126.9	131.3
55	56	57	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86
Cs	Ba	La	Hf	Ta	$\mathbf{W}$	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn
132.9	137.3	138.9	178.5	181.0	183.8	186.2	190.2	192.2	195.1	197.0	200.6	204.4	207.2	209.0	(209)	(210)	(222)
87	88	89	104	105	106	107	108	109									
Fr	Ra	Ac	Unq	Unp	Unh	Uns	Uno	Une									
(223)	226.0	227.0	(261)	(262)	(263)	(262)	(265)	(266)	a								

#### Solubility Rules for some ionic compounds in water

#### Soluble Ionic Compounds

- 1. All sodium (Na<sup>+</sup>), potassium (K<sup>+</sup>), and ammonium (NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>) salts are SOLUBLE.
- 2. All nitrate (NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>), acetate (CH<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup>), chlorate (ClO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>), and perchlorate (ClO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup>) salts are SOLUBLE.
- 3. All chloride (Cl $^-$ ), bromide (Br $^-$ ), and iodide (I $^-$ ) salts are SOLUBLE -- EXCEPT those also containing: lead, silver, or mercury (I) (Pb $^{2+}$ ,Ag $^+$ , Hg $^{2+}$ ) which are NOT soluble.
- 4. All sulfate (SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>) salts are SOLUBLE - EXCEPT those also containing: calcium, silver, mercury (I), strontium, barium, or lead (Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Ag<sup>+</sup>, Hg<sub>2</sub><sup>2+</sup>, Sr<sup>2+</sup>, Ba<sup>2+</sup>, Pb<sup>2+</sup>) which are NOT soluble.

### Not Soluble Ionic Compounds

- 5. Hydroxide (OH<sup>-</sup>) and oxide (O<sup>2-</sup>) compounds are NOT SOLUBLE -- EXCEPT those also containing: sodium, potassium, or barium (Na<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Ba<sup>2+</sup>) which are soluble.
- 6. Sulfide ( $S^{2-}$ ) salts are NOT SOLUBLE -- EXCEPT those also containing: sodium, potassium, ammonium, or barium ( $Na^+$ ,  $K^+$ ,  $NH_4^+$ ,  $Ba^{2+}$ ) which are soluble.
- 7. Carbonate (CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>) and phosphate (PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup>) salts are NOT SOLUBLE -- EXCEPT those also containing: sodium, potassium, or ammonium (Na<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>), which are soluble.

*Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.* 

1. What is the hybridization of the xenon atom in  $XeF_2$ ?

a. sp

- b.  $sp^2$
- c.  $sp^3$
- d.  $sp^3d$
- e.  $sp^3d^2$

ANS:

**TOP: 9.2 Valence Bond Theory** 

2. For which of the following molecules and ions does the central nitrogen atom have  $sp^3$  hybridization?

a.  $NO_2^-$ 

- b. HNO<sub>3</sub>
- c. NOBr
- d. NBr<sub>3</sub>
- e. HNO<sub>2</sub>

ANS:

D

D

**TOP: 9.2 Valence Bond Theory** 

3. What is the molecular geometry around a central atom that is  $sp^3$  hybridized and has two lone pairs of electrons?

a. bent

- c. trigonal-planar
- e. trigonal-bipyramidal

b. linear

d. trigonal-pyramidal

ANS: A TOP: 9.2 Valence Bond Theory

- 4. Which of the following characteristics apply to SO<sub>2</sub>?
  - 1. polar bonds
  - 2. nonpolar molecule
  - 3. linear molecular shape
  - 4. *sp* hybridized

a. 1 only

d. 1, 2, and 3

b. 1 and 2

e. 1, 2, 3, and 4

c. 3 and 4

ANS: A TOP: 9.2 Valence Bond Theory

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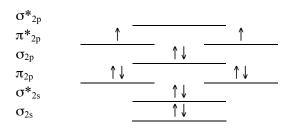
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- 5. A molecular orbital that decreases the electron density between two nuclei is said to be .
  - a. hybridized
- c. antibonding
- e. nonpolar

b. bonding

d. pi-bonding

- ANS:
- **TOP: 9.3 Molecular Orbital Theory**
- 6. The following valence molecular orbital energy level diagram is appropriate for which one of the listed species?



- a.  $B_2^{2-}$
- b. C<sub>2</sub><sup>2-</sup>
- c.  $N_2^{2-}$
- d.  $O_2^{2-}$
- e.  $F_2^{2-}$

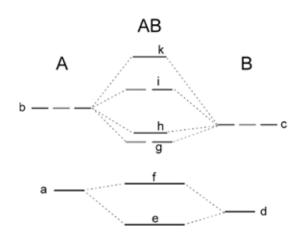
ANS:

C

C

**TOP: 9.3 Molecular Orbital Theory** 

7.



Which picture best represents the electronic distribution in orbital "h"?

a.



c.



e.



b. (A



d.



- ANS: B
- 8. The diatomic AB above is CN<sup>+</sup>. What is the overall bond order?
  - a. 1.0
- b. 1.5

C

- c. 2.0
- d. 2.5
- e. 3.0

ANS:



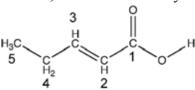
- 9. The picture at right depicts which type of orbital hybridization?

b.  $sp^2$ 

 $sp^3d$ 

ANS: Α

10. In the molecule 2-pentenoic acid, which most closely measures the C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1</sub>-OH angle?



90° a.

120°

e. 180°

109°

145°

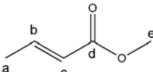
ANS: C

- 11. A central atom in a molecule has a trigonal bipyramidal electron pair geometry. What is the orbital hybridization on that atom?
  - sp

e.  $sp^3d$ 

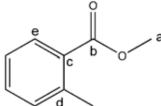
b.  $sp^2$ 

- d.  $sp^4$
- Ε ANS:
- 12. An alcohol will initially react with the molecule below at which position?



ANS: D

13. Which carbon center below is most deficient in electrons?



ANS: В

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- 14. Which of the following statements is/are correct?
  - 1. Water soluble ionic compounds, such as NaCl, are strong electrolytes.
  - 2. Some molecular compounds, such as HCl, are strong electrolytes.
  - 3. Some molecular compounds, such as acetic acid, are weak electrolytes.
  - a. 1 only

c. 3 only

e. 1, 2, and 3

b. 2 only

d. 1 and 2

ANS: E TOP: 3.5 lons and Molecules in Aqueous Solutions

- 15. Which one of the following compounds is a nonelectrolyte when dissolved in water?
  - a. O<sub>2</sub>

c. MgCl<sub>2</sub>

e. KI

b. MgBr<sub>2</sub>

d.  $Zn(NO_3)_2$ 

ANS: A TOP: 3.5 lons and Molecules in Aqueous Solutions

- 16. A precipitate will form when aqueous nickel(II) chloride is added to an aqueous solution of
  - a.  $SrI_2$

c. KOH

e. NaF

- b.  $Cu(NO_3)_2$
- d. Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

ANS: C TOP: 3.6 Precipitation Reactions

- 17. What is the net ionic equation for the reaction of aqueous calcium acetate and aqueous sodium carbonate?
  - a.  $Ca^{2+}(aq) + 2 CH_3CO_2^{-}(aq) \rightarrow Ca(CH_3CO_2)_2(s)$
  - b.  $Na^+(aq) + CH_3CO_2^-(aq) \rightarrow NaCH_3CO_2(aq)$
  - c.  $Na^+(aq) + CH_3CO_2^-(aq) \rightarrow NaCH_3CO_2(s)$
  - d.  $Ca^{2+}(aq) + CO_3^{2-}(aq) \rightarrow CaCO_3(s)$
  - e.  $Ca^{2+}(aq) + 2 Na^{+}(aq) \rightarrow CaNa_2(s)$

ANS: D TOP: 3.6 Precipitation Reactions

- 18. Write a balanced net ionic equation for the reaction of aqueous solutions of baking soda (NaHCO<sub>3</sub>) and acetic acid.
  - a.  $HCO_3^-(aq) + CH_3CO_2H(aq) \rightarrow CH_3CO_2^-(aq) + H_2O() + CO_2(g)$
  - b.  $2 \text{ NaHCO}_3(\text{aq}) + \text{CH}_3\text{CO}_2\text{H}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow 2 \text{ Na}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{aq}) + \text{CH}_4(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ ) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$
  - c.  $NaHCO_3(aq) + H^+(aq) \rightarrow H_2CO_3(s) + Na^+(aq)$
  - d.  $HCO_3^-(aq) + H^+(aq) \rightarrow H_2O() + CO_2(g)$
  - e.  $HCO_3^-(aq) + H^+(aq) \rightarrow H_2CO_3(aq)$

ANS: A TOP: 3.8 Gas-Forming Reactions

- 19. Which molecule in the reaction below is the oxidizing agent?
  - $2 C_2H_6(g) + 7 O_2(g) \rightarrow 4 CO_2(g) + 6 H_2O(g)$
  - a.  $C_2H_6$

- c. CO<sub>2</sub> and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>
- e. None

 $b. \quad O_2$ 

d. CO<sub>2</sub>

ANS: B TOP: 3.9 Oxidation-Reduction Reactions

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20. What is the oxidation number of iodine in sodium periodate, NaIO<sub>4</sub>?

- a. –
- b. 0
- c. +3
- d. +7
- e. +8

ANS:

D TO

**TOP: 3.9 Oxidation-Reduction Reactions** 

21. Consider the reaction

$$2 \text{ Na}_3\text{PO}_4 + 3 \text{ Cu}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \rightarrow \text{Cu}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2 + 6 \text{ Na}_3\text{NO}_3$$

This reaction is best classified as

a. oxidation-reduction

d. acid-base

b. gas-evolving

e. gas-evolving and acid-base

c. precipitation

ANS: C

22. Alka seltzer is a combination of citric acid,  $C_6H_8O_7$ , and  $NaHCO_3^-$ . They react in your glass to form  $C_6H_7O_7^-$ ,  $H_2O$ , and CO2.

What is the oxidation number of the carbon pointed to by the arrow?

- a. 4
- b. 3
- c. 2
- d. 1
- e. 0

ANS: D

23. Mixing Pb(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> with CaCl<sub>2</sub> in water leads to precipitation of

a. a NO<sub>3</sub> salt

d. nothing precipitates

b. A Ca<sup>2+</sup> salt

e. everything precipitates

c. a Pb<sup>2+</sup> salt

ANS: C

24. What is the oxidation number of tin in  $SnO_3^{2-}$ ?

a +2

c. +6

e. 0

b. +4

d. -4

ANS: B

25. What course is this?

a) Bio 152

- c) Sports 01
- e) Election 08

- b) Chem 111
- d) Math 3.14159

ANS: B