

ANDREW M. CUOMO Governor

**HOWARD A. ZUCKER, M.D., J.D.**Acting Commissioner

**SALLY DRESLIN, M.S., R.N.** Executive Deputy Commissioner

## Refusal of Newborn Screening for Religious Reasons

Infant s name	ant s Date of Birth		
Infant s Place of Birth			
I, the undersigned parent or legal guardian of infant	_ boy _	girl	Last name have made the decision not to have the above infant
Hospital of birth screened by the New York State Newborn Screening P			e
I understand that the New York State law mandates the page and only exempts infants from this requirement if nurse-midwife attending the birth or the administrative recognized religious organization whose teachings and	at all info f the par e officer	ants shent or g	guardian of the infant advises the physician or hospital that the parent or guardian is a member of a
I have been advised of the benefits of the newborn s I accept the legal responsibility for the consequence			
Signed:Parent or legal guardian			Date:
Print Name:			
Witnessed by: Medical personnel (signature)			
I have explained the means by which the newborn screen consequences to this infant of not performing these test guardian had about these tests.			
Name (print)			
Title			
Signature			

Print and send original to:

NYS Newborn Screening Program
David Axelrod Institute
120 New Scotland Avenue
Albany, NY 12208

Retain a copy for this child's permanent record

## Disorders Identified by the New York State Newborn Screening Program

	Group	Condition
	Endocrinology	Congenital adrenal hyperplasia
Litaociiiology		Congenital hypothyroidism
Hemoglobinopathies		Hb SS disease (Sickle cell anemia)
		Hb SC disease
		Hb CC disease
		Other hemoglobinopathies
ır	nfectious Diseases	HIV-1 infection (HIV-1)
Amino Acid Disorders		Homocystinuria (HCY)
		Hypermethioninemia (HMET)
		Maple Syrup Urine Disease (MSUD)
		Phenylketonuria (PKU) and Hyperphenylalaninemia (HyperPHE) Tyrosinemia (TYR)
		Carnitine-acylcarnitine translocase deficiency (CAT)
		Carnitine palmitoyltransferase I (CPT-1) and II (CPT-II) deficiencies
		Carnitine uptake defect (CUD)
		2,4-Dienoyl-CoA reductase deficiency (2,4Di)
		Long-chain 3-hydoxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (LCHAD)
		Medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (MCAD)
Fatty Acid Oxidatio Disorders  We tappoint a control of the contro	Fatty Acid Oxidation	Medium-chain ketoacyl-CoA thiolase deficiency (MCKAT)
	Disorders	Medium/short-chain hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (M/SCHAD)
		Mitochondrial trifunctional protein deficiency
		Multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (MADD) [also known as Glutaric
		acidemia type II (GA-II)]
		Short-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (SCAD)
ä		Very long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (VLCAD)
f Met		Glutaric acidemia type I (GA-I)
		3-Hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl-CoA lyase deficiency (HMG)
0 0		Isobutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (IBCD)
SZ		Isovaleric acidemia (IVA)
Ë		Malonic acidemia (MA)
n A	Organic Acid	2-Methylbutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (2-MBCD)
ō	Disorders	3-Methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase deficiency (3-MCC)
욘	Disolueis	3-Methylglutaconic acidemia (3-MGA)
_		2-Methyl-3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (MHBD)
		Methylmalonyl-CoA mutase deficiency (MUT), Cobalamin A,B (Cbl A,B) and Cobalamin C,D (Cbl C,D) cofactor deficiencies and other Methymalonic acidemias
		(MMA)
		Mitochondrial acetoacetyl-CoA thiolase deficiency (beta-ketothiolase deficiency) (BKT)
		Multiple carboxylase deficiency (MCD)
		Propionic acidemia (PA)
		Argininemia (ARG)
Urea Cycle Disorders		Argininosuccinic academia (ASA)
	Disorders	Citrullinemia (CIT)
		Adrenoleukodystrophy (X-linked) (ALD)
		Biotinidase deficiency (BIOT)
Other Genetic Conditions		Cystic Fibrosis (CF)
		Galactosemia (GALT)
		Krabbe Disease
		Pompe Disease
		Severe Combined Immunodeficiency Disease (SCID)
		200000

For more information on the New York State Newborn Screening Program and the disorders in the panel please visit our webpage at <a href="https://www.wadsworth.org/newborn-screening-program">www.wadsworth.org/newborn-screening-program</a>