

# **Abbreviated Ground Accident Report**

# Use and Preparation Guide

**APRIL 2011** 





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# DA Form 285-AB Abbreviated Ground Accident Report (AGAR) is a three-page fill-in-the-block/narrative form used for reporting specific ground accidents IAW AR 385-10 and DA PAM 385-40

# **Summary of Reporting Requirements**

# **All Accidents**

**All accidents** (regardless of accident class or personnel duty status) <u>must be reported</u> to the local safety office and to the immediate commander or supervisor whose operation, personnel, or equipment is involved.

# **Accident Classification Criteria**

- Class A. An Army accident in which the resulting total cost of property damage is \$2 million or more; an Army aircraft is destroyed, missing, or abandoned; or an injury and/or occupational illness results in a fatality or permanent total disability. Note that unmanned aircraft system (UAS) accidents are classified based on the cost to repair or replace the UAS. A destroyed, missing, or abandoned UAS will not constitute a Class A accident unless replacement or repair cost is \$2 million or more.
- Class B. The resulting total cost or reportable property damage is \$500,000 or more but less than \$2,000,000; an injury and/or occupational illness results in permanent partial disability (PPD), or three or more personnel are inpatient hospitalized as a result of a single occurrence.
- Class C. The resulting total cost of property damage is \$50,000 or more but less than \$500,000; a nonfatal injury causes any loss of time from work beyond the day or shift on which it occurred, or a nonfatal illness or disability causes loss of time from work or disability at any time (lost-time case).
- Class D. An Army accident in which a nonfatal injury or occupational illness occurs
  that results in restricted work activity, transfer to another job, medical treatment
  greater than first aid, needle stick injuries and cuts from sharps that are contaminated
  from another person's blood, or other potentially infectious material, medical removal
  under medical surveillance requirements of an OSHA standard, occupational hearing
  loss, or a work-related tuberculosis case; total cost of property damage is \$2,000 or
  more but less than \$50,000.

# **On-duty Accidents**

Class A & B accidents. The U.S. Army Combat Readiness/Safety Center (USACRC) must be notified immediately about any Class A or B on-duty Army ground accident. The information required is on the "Telephone Notification of Ground Accident" worksheet, DA Form 7306 on the CRC website or the Army Publishing Directorate website. These accidents are not reported on the AGAR, but are required to be investigated by an accident investigation board (see AR 385-10, paragraph 3-14 for accident board requirements). This report will be completed and submitted to the

USACRC within 90 calendar days from the date of the accident. Report to OSHA within 8 hours after the death of any Army civilian employee from a work related incident or the inpatient hospitalization of 3 or more civilian employees as a result of a work related incident. An activity representative must orally report the fatality/multiple hospitalization by telephone or in person to the area office of the OSHA, and the U.S. Department of Labor, that is nearest to the site of the incident. The representative may also use the OSHA toll-free central telephone number, 1-800-321-OSHA (1-800-321-6742).

Class C & D accidents. Class C accidents will be reported on the AGAR within 90 calendar days of the date of the accident, and Class D accidents will be reported within 30 calendar days for from the date of the accident. Appropriate additional substantiating information should be attached to the AGAR when it is forwarded to the USACRC. Use the AGAR to report civilian personnel injuries in lieu of OSHA Form 301. (OSHA reporting items are integrated into Army forms.)

# **Off-duty Accidents**

- Class A & B accidents. The U.S. Army Combat Readiness/Safety Center (USACRC) must be notified immediately for any Class A or B off-duty Army ground accident involving military personnel. The information required is on the "Telephone Notification of Ground Accident" worksheet DA Form 7306 located on the CRC website or the Army Publishing Directorate website. These accidents will require follow-up with a completed AGAR within 30 calendar days of the date of the accident.
- Class C & D accidents. All Class C and D accidents will be reported on the AGAR within 30 calendar days of the date of the accident.

# **Combat Accident Reporting**

**All classes of accidents.** The AGAR may be used to report all classes of accidents in areas of combat or contingency operations when the theater senior tactical commander determines that the situation, condition, and/or time does not permit normal investigation and reporting procedures. Standard reporting procedures found in AR 385-10 will be used when time and conditions permit. All Class A and B accident initial notification will be telephonic to USACRC.

# GROUND ACCIDENTS NOTIFICATION & REPORTING REQUIREMENTS & SUSPENSES

PEACETIME COMBAT\*2

ACCIDENT	TELEPHONIC			TELEPHONIC	AGAR ONLY
CLASS	NOTIFICATION	AGAR	DA FORM 285	NOTIFICATION	By any Means Possible
	WORKSHEET			WORKSHEET	(ARAS, email, Fax,
					Phone, Hand Carry, Mail)
ON-DUTY		Not	IAI/CAI-90		As time Permits
Α	Immediately *1	Required	days	Immediately *1	(Not to Exceed 60 days)
		Not	IAI/CAI-90		As time Permits
В	Immediately *1	Required	days	Immediately *1	(Not to Exceed 60 days)
		W/in 90			As Time Permits
С	Not Required	days	Not Required	Not Required	(Not to Exceed 60 days)
		W/in 30			As Time Permits
D	Not Required	days	Not Required	Not Required	(Not to Exceed 30 days)
OFF-DUTY		W/in 30			As Time Permits
Α	Immediately *1	days	Not Required	Immediately *1	(Not to Exceed 30 days)
		W/in 30			As Time Permit
В	Immediately *1	days	Not Required	Immediately *1	(Not to Exceed 30 days)
		W/in 30			As Time Permit
С	Not Required	days	Not Required	Not required	(Not to Exceed 30 days)
		W/in 30			As Time Permit
D	Not Required	days	Not Required	Not Required	(Not to Exceed 30 days)

- \*NOTE: 1. USACRC must be notified IMMEDIATELY by phone at DSN 558-2660/3410 or Commercial (334) 255- 2660/3410.
  - When the Senior Tactical Commander determines that the situation, conditions, or time does not permit normal peacetime investigation and reporting, refer to Figure 1-4 in DA PAM 385-40.
     All reporting requirements are in <u>Calendar</u> days.

# CIVILIAN ACCIDENTS NOTIFICATION & REPORTING REQUIREMENTS & SUSPENSES

ACCIDENT CLASS	TELEPHONIC NOTIFICATION WORKSHEET	AGAR	DA FORM 285	OSHA Log 300	OSHA 301
ON-DUTY		Not Required	IAI/CAI-90 days	Yes *2	*3
Α	Immediately *1				
В	Immediately *1	Not Required	IAI/CAI-90 days	Yes *2	*3
С	Not Required	W/in 90 days	Not Required	Yes *2	*3
D	Not Required	W/in 30 days	Not Required	Yes *2	*4
3 or more civilian employees hospitalized	Immediately *1	Not Required	IAI/CAI-90 days	Yes *2	*3

\*NOTE: 1. USACRC must be notified IMMEDIATELY by phone at DSN 558-2660/3410 and unit representative must orally report the fatality/multiple hospitalization by telephone or in person (within 8 hours) to the area office of the OSHA, U.S. Department of Labor, that is nearest to the site of the incident. The representative may also use the OSHA toll–free central telephone

- number, 1–800–321–OSHA (1–800–321–6742). Employers must enter each recordable case on the appropriate OSHA forms within 7 calendar days of receiving information that a recordable case occurred.
- 2. OSHA Form 300-A Summary of Work-Related Injuries and Illnesses. The commander is responsible for preparing an annual summary of injuries and illnesses that occurred during the calendar year. The annual summary, OSHA form 300A, displays the totals from columns G through M of OSHA log 300. The summary also displays the calendar year covered, units name and address.
- 3. If a civilian injury or illness is recordable, the appropriate 285-series will be used in lieu of the OSHA Form 301, Injury and Illness Incident Report. Not reportable to OSHA in Combat/OCONUS.

# **Submitting Reports**

Forward the original of the completed AGAR to USACRC. Units should consult their local Safety Office or Higher Headquarters Safety Office for guidance on the proper routing procedures of accident reports in their command.

When time-sensitive safety-of-use issues are involved, telephonically notify the USACRC (334) 255-2660/3410 or DSN 558-2660/3410.

Forward reports as follows:

 Mail to: Commander, U.S. Army Combat Readiness/Safety Center ATTN: CSSC- O, Quality Control Support Branch Bldg 4905, 5<sup>th</sup> Ave

Fort Rucker, AL 36362-5363

• Fax: (334) 255-2266 or DSN 558-2266

Email: accidentinformation@conus.army.mil

Points of contact for questions or help in completing this form is available at your local Safety Office or at USACRC (334)-255-2256 or DSN 558-2256.

An electronic copy of the DA FORM 285-AB in various formats may be obtained by clicking on <a href="https://safety.army.mil/">https://safety.army.mil/</a>, then click on ACCIDENT REPORTING & INVESTIGATION, then FORMS, then GROUND ACCIDENT FORMS & INSTRUCTIONS, or the Army Publishing Directorate website <a href="http://www.apd.army.mil/">http://www.apd.army.mil/</a>.

The automated reporting system allows for quick and easy reporting through the USACRC web site: <a href="https://safety.army.mil">https://safety.army.mil</a>.

# Safety and Occupational Health Program injury/illness log

Employers must enter each recordable case on the appropriate OSHA forms within 7 calendar days of receiving information that a recordable case occurred. The rule requires employers to keep three forms:

- a. OSHA Form 300, Log of Work-Related Injuries and Illnesses. On the 300 Log, the employer checks one and only one of the outcome columns for each case, the one representing the most serious outcome of the case. If the status changes, then the entry must be changed. For example, if the injured employee is experiencing days away from work then dies, the employer must remove (or line out) the day's away entry and the day count and check the box for a fatality. Only required for Army civilian occupational injuries and illnesses.
- b. OSHA Form 300A, Summary of Work-Related Injuries and Illnesses. This form must be posted at the end of each calendar year from 1 February to 30 April of the year following the year covered by the form.
- c. The OSHA Forms 300 and 300A or equivalent form will be maintained for all Army personnel, military, civilian, and contractors, as defined in DA Pam 385-40. Maintain military occupational injuries/illnesses on a separate log from other personnel.
- d. The DA Form 285-series or DA Form 2397-series forms as appropriate will be used in lieu of the OSHA Form 301, Injury and Illness Incident Report. This form captures data on each injury and illness (the length of service, what time the injury occurred, what time the employee started work).

**Note.** Employers can keep their records on equivalent forms, on a computer, or at a central location, provided they can get information into the system within 7 calendar days after the injury or illness occurs and they can produce the data at the establishment when required. Records must be retained for 5 years.

Department of the Army installations and/or the responsible safety office for the employees will be provided the required information necessary to meet the OSHA recordkeeping requirements (see AR 385-10, para. 3-8b(4) and DA Pam 385–40, App. I). Using the standards outlined in the OSHAct, DA installations and/or the safety office in the employees' chain of command are responsible for ensuring that injuries and occupational illnesses to Army civilians and contractors as defined in AR 385-10, paragraph 3–5, are recorded using the appropriate Army accident reporting forms in accordance with AR 385-10, para. 3–8b(1) and 3–8b(2) and DA Pam 385-40. Note that although a report is required, contractor accidents will not be counted as Army accidents unless one of the conditions listed in AR 385-10, para. 3–3 exists. They are further responsible for maintaining an OSHA Form 300 (Log of Work–Related Injuries and Illnesses) in accordance with OSHAct standards.

# **Detailed Instructions for Completing the AGAR**

Type or print all entries. Continue on blank sheets of paper if necessary, indicating the date of accident, the unit/activity accountable for the accident, and the blocks being continued. For accidents involving more than one person, the entire form will be completed on the most responsible person. An additional AGAR with Blocks 1 through 5, and 11 through 37 (38 if applicable) will be completed for each additional person who contributed to the cause of the accident or was injured in the accident sequence. The instructions are keyed to block numbers. Information not covered in this guide can be found in DA Pam 385-40.

- 1. Block 1. Date and time of accident.
  - a. Enter the year (e.g., 2010)
  - b. Enter the month (e.g., 06)
  - c. Enter the day (e.g., 21)
  - d. Enter the local military time (e.g., 2315)
- **2. Block 2**, Period of day. Check the block that best describes when the accident occurred (day or night). Day is from first light to full night (dark). Night is from full dark (full night) to first light. Dawn is the period between beginning of morning nautical twilight (BMNT) and official sunrise. Dusk is the period of time between official sunset and end of evening nautical twilight (EENT).
- **3. Block 3**. Accident Class. Enter the accident's classification: A, B, C, or D. (See definitions in or AR 385-10, para. 3-4).
- **4. Block 4.** Combat status. Check whether or not the accident occurred during combat. Combat should be checked if the accident occurred in a theater of hostile fire or enemy action, but not as a result of such fire/action. This includes direct preparation for combat, actual combat, or redeployment from a combat theater immediately following combat.
- **5. Block 5.** Unit Identification. Enter information for the unit or organization responsible for the accident. Guidance for determining accident accountability can be found in AR 385-10, paragraph 3-9
- a. Block 5a. Enter the <u>six-digit</u> unit identification code (UIC) for the specific organizational unit or activity responsible for the accident (e.g., WAX2A0).
- b. Block 5b. Unit address. Enter the full military address of unit/organization (e.g., B Company, 2/18 Cavalry, Ft. Bragg, NC 12345-9876).
- c. Block 5c. Unit's Branch. Enter the abbreviation of Army branch the unit is affiliated with (e.g., Armor, Infantry, Engineer, etc.,) Army branches are listed in Table 4–2, p.19 of this publication.
- d. Block 5d. Army Headquarters. Enter the abbreviation for the Army command, Army Service Component Command, or Direct Reporting Unit that the unit/activity belongs to (e.g., Army Materiel Command, U.S. Army Europe and 7th Army, Forces Command, etc..)

- 6. Block 6. Location of the accident.
- a. Block 6a. Enter the exact location of the accident (e.g., building number, street name and address, distance from nearest landmark, etc.)
- *b.* Block 6b. Enter one code for primary function of the accident location, see Table 4–3, pp.19-20 of this publication.
  - c. Block 6c. Enter the grid coordinate or latitude/longitude for the accident location.
  - d. Block 6d. Enter the state or country if outside the United States.
- e. Block 6e. Indicate whether the accident occurred on or off post, and if on post, enter the name of the installation/activity.
- **7. Block 7**. Explosives/Ammunition. Check if explosives, ammunition, or pyrotechnics were involved. Involved meaning the explosives/ammunition had a causal or contributing role in the accident, to include severity of damage or injury/occupational illness. If "Yes" is checked, provide the information specified in DA PAM 385-40, paragraph 5-3, in blocks 9, 39, 42, and the synopsis. Check the appropriate fields in block 39 if the explosive/ammunition was exposed to significant environmental conditions and describe in block 40.

# 8. Block 8. Mission.

- a. Block 8a. Briefly describe the mission the individual or unit was conducting at the time of the accident. If off duty, state so.
  - b. Block 8b. Was the task a Mission Essential Task List task? Check the appropriate box.
- **9. Block 9.** Vehicle/Equipment/Materiel Involved. "Involved" means vehicle/equipment/materiel/property that is damaged, whose use or misuse contributed to the accident or whose materiel failure/malfunction caused and/or contributed to the accident. Include Army and non-Army equipment/materiel. Use one line for each piece of equipment or item and enter the requested information. Continue on blank paper if necessary (be sure to annotate the accident date, location, and block number).
  - a. Block 9a. Enter the name of the equipment /material involved.
  - b. Block 9b. Enter the equipment model.
  - c. Block 9c. Enter the equipment serial number (if applicable).
  - d. Block 9d. Indicate who owns the vehicle/equipment/material (e.g., DOD, DA, Unit, POV, etc.).
  - e Block 9e. Enter an estimate of the damage cost for the piece of equipment listed in Block 9a.
- f. Block 9f. From the list below select the type(s) of collision in which this property/materiel was involved. More than one collision type might be appropriate for the property/materiel. If so, enter up to three, in sequence, in the space provided. If "Other" is selected, specify what type of collision in the space provided. If no collision was involved, leave blank.
  - 1 = Going forward and collided with moving vehicle
  - 2 = Going forward and collided with parked vehicle
  - 3 = Collision while backing
  - **4** = Collision with pedestrian
  - **5** = Collision with object (other than vehicle/pedestrian)
  - **6** = Overturned
  - 7 = Ran off road

8 = Jackknifed

**9** = Going forward & rear-ended with moving vehicle

**10** = Going forward & rear-ended stopped vehicle

**11** = Collision while turning

12 = Other (specify)

**Note:** If the item in block 9a experienced a materiel failure/malfunction that caused or contributed to the accident, complete blocks 9g-9l and block 10. If not, skip to block 11.

g. Block 9g – 9I, Materiel malfunction/failure information. Enter the code that indicates how the component/part failed/malfunctioned (mode of failure, see Table B-3 below). Complete items g through I for each component/part whose failure or malfunction contributed to the accident. Annotate whether an EIR/PQDR (SF 368) was prepared and submitted through appropriate channels for each component/part.

Table B-3 Materiel Failures/Malfunctions

Code: M01	
Keyword/Explanation:	Overheated/burned/melted. Key words: blister, boil, carbonize, char, flame, fuse, or glaze. Excessive heat caused material or equipment to fail or malfunction.
Code: M02	
Keyword/Explanation:	Froze (temperature). Key words: congeal or solidify. Excessive cold caused material/equipment to fail/malfunction.
Code: M03	
Keyword/Explanation:	Obstructed/pinched/clogged. Key words: block, crimp, or restrict. Function of materiel or equipment was hindered or completely cut off by an obstacle.
Code: M04	
Keyword/Explanation:	Vibrated. Key words: oscillate or shake. Side-to-side or forward-and-backward movement of materiel or equipment caused it to fail or malfunction.
Code: M05	
Keyword/Explanation:	Rubbed/worn/frayed. Key words: abrade, chafe, fret, groove, score, or scrape. Friction-producing movement was applied to materiel or equipment to such and extent that it failed or malfunctioned.
Code: M06	
Keyword/Explanation:	Corroded/rusted/pitted. Key words: erode or oxidize. Gradual wearing away (usually by chemical action) of materiel or equipment to such an extent that it failed or malfunctioned.
Code: M07	
Keyword/Explanation:	Overpressured/burst. Key words: balloon, bulge, explode, rupture, or swell. Steady or abrupt force was applied over the surface of materiel or equipment to such an extent that it failed or malfunctioned.
Code: M08	
Keyword/Explanation:	Pulled/stretched. Key word; elongate. Steady or abrupt force applied to materiel or equipment caused it to move toward the force, in whole or in part, to such an extent that it failed or malfunctioned.
Code: M09	
Keyword/Explanation:	Twisted/torqued. Key word: turn. Steady or abrupt application of twisted forces caused materiel or equipment to fail or malfunction.

Code: M10	
Keyword/Explanation:	Compressed/hit/punctured. Key words: chip, collapse, crush, dent, nick, pinch, press. Steady or abrupt application of force that presses/impacts materiel or equipment causing it to fail or malfunction.
Code: M11	<u> </u>
Keyword/Explanation:	Bent/warped. Key words: bow or buckle. Changing material or equipment from an original straight, level, or even condition through the application of force to such an extent that it failed or malfunctioned.
Code: M12	
Keyword/Explanation:	Sheared/cut. Key words: chop or sever. Failure or malfunction was caused by steady or abrupt force applied to materiel, resulting in a break with the two parts sliding parallel to each other in different directions.
Code: M13	
Keyword/Explanation:	Decayed/decomposed. Key words: mildew, rot, or spoil. Chemical or biological action resulted in a gradual decline in material or equipment strength to such an extent that if failed or malfunctioned.
Code: M14	
Keyword/Explanation:	Electric current action. Key words: short, arc, fusing, grounding, amperage, voltage, surge. Action of electric current caused materiel or equipment to fail or malfunction.
Code: M15	
Keyword/Explanation:	No defect but does not meet the mission requirements.
Code: M97	·
Keyword/Explanation:	Insufficient information to determine type of failure.

- **10. Block 10**. Why Did the Materiel Fail/Malfunction (Root Cause)? Materiel failures/malfunctions can be caused by the shortcomings of support. *Specific causes may include:*
- a. Block 10a Support Shortcomings in type, capability, amount, or condition of equipment, supplies, services, or facilities (equipment/materiel not provided or improperly designed, inadequate manufacture or maintenance, or inadequate facilities/services). Determine the underlying reason (root cause(s)) the materiel failed/malfunctioned and check accordingly (see DA Pam 385-40, Appendix B.)
- b. Block 10b. Describe how the materiel failed/malfunctioned and explain why (i.e., explain mode of failure from block 9g and root cause). Example: Block 9g = M05, and Block 10a = "Support Equip/Material improperly designed," enter why the improper design caused the material to fail or malfunction by friction producing movement.

<u>Note:</u> One complete form is required. If more than one individual is involved, submit an additional form, completing only blocks 1-5 and 11-37 (38 if applicable) for each person. Involved means any person who was injured or who took actions or made decisions that caused or contributed to the accident.

# 11. Block 11.

- a. Block 11a. Enter last name, first name, and middle initial of involved person. Include unit name, address, and UIC if it is **different** from block 5a.
- *b.* Block 11b. For Army civilians, Army contractors, or members of the visiting public that are injured, enter their home address.

- 12. Block 12. Enter the SSN of the individual listed in block 11.
- 13. Block 13. Personnel Classification.
- a. Block 13a, Enter the code for the classification (at the time of the accident) of the person listed in block 11. See Table 4-5, p.22 of this publication.
- b. Block 13b, Date assigned/hired. For DOD personnel, enter the date the individual was assigned/hired at the unit/organization.
  - c. Block 13c. Indicate the date of redeployment, if applicable.
- **14. Block 14.** MOS/job series. For Army personnel, enter the full MOS or job series of the individual; e.g., 63B10, GS-0018-14, etc.
- **15.** Block **15**. Duty status.
- a. For DOD personnel, check the appropriate box to reflect the duty status at the time of the accident of the individual listed in block 11. (See Glossary in DA Pam 385-40 for definitions of on- and off-duty status).

**Note:** This determination applies for safety accident reporting purposes only, and has no relation to compensability or line-of-duty decisions.)

- b. If the Soldier was on leave or pass at the time of the accident, check the box and enter the inclusive leave/pass dates (e.g., 20080705).
- **16.** Block **16**. Enter the date of birth for the individual listed in block 11(YYYYMMDD).
- 17. Block 17. Enter the gender for the individual listed in block 11 ("M" for male or "F" for female).
- **18. Block 18**. For DOD personnel, enter the rank/pay grade for the individual listed in block 11 (e.g., E5, 03, GS-11, WG-8).
- **19. Block 19**. Check the appropriate box (for government personnel only) to indicate the military flight status of the individual listed in block 11.
- **20. Block 20.** Most Severe Injury/occupational illness. For the individual listed in block 11, complete Blocks a through d for the most severe injury/occupational illness.
- a. Block 20a, Degree. Enter the code that indicates the severity of the injury/occupational illness to the individual list in block 11 from the table below. If more than one applies, enter the most severe. See Glossary in DA Pam 385-40 for definitions.
  - **a** = Fatal
  - **b** = Permanent Total Disability
  - c = Permanent Partial Disability
  - d = Days Away From Work
  - **e** = Restricted Work Activity (Light duty, profile)
- **f** = Medical Treatment Beyond First Aid (Includes cases of loss of consciousness, needle stick/cuts from sharps)
  - g = First Aid Only
  - **h** = No injury/occupational illness

- *b.* Block 20b, Injury/illness Type. Enter the code below that best describes this person's most serious injury/occupational illness type.
  - A Burns (chemical)
  - **B** Burns (thermal)
  - C Amputation
  - **D** Decompression sickness
  - **E** Asphyxiation (suffocation)
  - F Fractures
  - **G** Dislocation
  - H Abrasions
  - I Concussion
  - J Sprains/strain
  - K Cuts/lacerations
  - L Contusion
  - M Puncture wound
  - N Hernia, rupture
  - O Frostbite
  - P Heatstroke
  - **Q** Heat exhaustion
  - R Noise injury
  - S Needle sticks or cuts from sharps
  - T Loss of consciousness
  - **U** Other (specify). e.g. electrocution
- c. Block 20c, Body Part. Enter the code below that best describes the most seriously injured part of this person's body. Body part entered here should be the one with the injury indicated in previous block.
  - A Body (General, cannot specify)
  - **B** Head
  - C Forehead
  - D Eyes
  - E Nose
  - F Jaw
  - G Neck
  - H Trunk
  - I Chest
  - J Heart K - Back
  - L Shoulder
  - M Arms
  - N Wrist
  - O Hand
  - **P** Fingers
  - Q Leg
  - R Knee
  - S Ankle

- T Foot
- **U**-Toes
- **V** Other
- d. Block 20d, Cause. Enter the code below that best describes the cause of the most serious injury/occupational illness to this individual.
  - A Struck against
  - **B** Struck by
  - **C** Fell from elevation
  - **D** Fell from same level
  - **E** Caught in/under/between
  - **F** Rubbed/abraded
  - **G** Bodily reaction
  - **H** Overexertion
  - I Exposure
  - J External contact
  - K Ingested
  - L Inhaled
  - M Thrown from

### 21. Block 21. Lost time

- a. Block 21a, Days hospitalized. Enter the actual or estimated total number of days this individual will be hospitalized (inpatient/admitted) receiving treatment. Days hospitalized for "observation only" are only included if they miss a day of work.
- b. Block 21b, Days lost not hospitalized. Enter the estimated or actual number of days this individual will be away from work, totally unable to perform any work, on bed rest/quarters, convalescence leave, or time a physician indicated that the individual could not work regardless of whether the individual was scheduled to work. Count all calendar days including weekends and holidays. For example, if the individual was injured on Friday and the individual could work on Monday, if the physician or licensed health care professional indicated they should not work over the weekend, enter 2 days. If there is no information from the physician, enter 0 days. No more the 180 calendar days are required to be annotated.
- c. Block 21c, Days restricted. Enter the actual or estimated number of days the individual was unable to perform one or more routine job functions (regularly performed by the individual at least once per week), or could not work a full work day they would otherwise have been scheduled to work; or a physician or licensed health care professional recommends that the employee not perform one or more routine function of his/her job. Restricted work activities include light duty, profiles and job transfers.
- d. Block 21d, Treated in ER. Check appropriate box regarding ER treatment for individual, otherwise leave blank.

### 22. Block 22.

a. OSHA Log 300 Case Number. For injured personnel, enter the OSHA Log 300 case number for the individual listed in block 11. (Note: Does not apply to off-duty Army civilian personnel/Optional for military personnel).

- b. Enter the name of the physician or other health care professional who treated the individual. Optional for military personnel.
  - c. If treatment was given away from the worksite, enter the name and address of the facility.
- **23. Block 23.** Activity Code. Enter the code that best describes this individual's activity at the time of the accident. Complete block 38 if the activity is parachuting.
  - **A** Soldiering
  - **B** Combat soldiering
  - **C** Physical training
  - D Weapons firing/handling
  - **E** Engineering or construction
  - **F** Communication
  - G Security/law enforcement
  - **H** Fire-fighting
  - I Patient care
  - **J** Test/study/experiments
  - **K** Educational
  - L Information and art
  - **M** Food and drug inspection
  - **N** Laundry/dry cleaning services
  - O Pest/plant control
  - P Operating vehicle/vessel
  - **Q** Handling animal
  - R Maintenance/repair/ servicing
  - **S** Fabricating
  - T Handling material/ passengers
  - **U** Janitorial/housekeeping, grounds keeping
  - **V** Food/drink preparations
  - **W** Supervisory
  - X Office
  - Y Counseling/advisory
  - **Z** Sports
  - **AA** Hobbies
  - **BB** Passenger
  - **CC** Human movement
  - **DD** Horseplay
  - **EE** By-standing/spectating
  - FF Personal hygiene/ eating/sleeping
  - **GG** Parachuting
- **24.** Block **24**. Briefly describe this individual's activity at the time of the accident. For example, the Soldier was a right rear passenger in the vehicle at the time of the accident; the individual was performing maintenance on a split rim tire in the maintenance shop, etc.
- **25. Block 25.** Personal Protective Clothing and Equipment (PPE). If PPE is not required and was not used, skip to block 26. Check block for the type of personal protective equipment that was required or used. Check "Yes" if it was available. Otherwise, check "No" and explain in block 40.

Check "Yes" if the equipment was used. Otherwise, check "No." If it was not used and it was required and available, be sure to include the failure or error in the appropriate blocks and explain in block 40. NOTE: Restrain systems are those such as the Gunner's Restraint System in military vehicles.

- **26. Block 26.** Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not this individual's use of alcohol or drugs (include prescription, over the counter, supplements or illegal drugs) caused or contributed to the accident. If "Yes" is checked, explain in block 40.
- **27.** Block **27.** Equipment this Person was associated with. Enter the item number (e.g., #1, #2) from block 9 that indicates which piece of equipment this individual was associated with.
- **28. Block 28.** Licensed to Operate Equipment.
- a. Block 28a. If this individual was operating a vehicle or equipment (at the time of the accident) that required a license, complete the following information. Check the appropriate block. If no, skip to block 29.
- b. Block 28b. Check "Yes" if the individual has attended the mandatory 4 hours of classroom instruction in traffic safety and indicate the date of the training. Otherwise, check "No."
- c. Block 28c. If the individual was operating a motorcycle in this accident, check yes if the individual is motorcycle safety foundation certified and enter the date. Otherwise, check "No."
- 29. Block 29. Duty Hours.
  - a. Block 29a. Enter the time the Soldier or employee began work.
- b. Block 29b. State how many continuous hours this individual was on duty without sleep before the accident.
- **30.** Block **30.** Hours Sleep. Enter the number of hours of sleep (cumulative) this individual had in the past 24 hours.
- **31. Block 31**. Tactical Training. Indicate whether the activity listed in blocks 23 and 24 was part of tactical training. Field exercise and tactical training begin when the individual reports to his or her primary duty location for movement to the field site and ends when he or she arrives back at the primary duty location from the field.
- **32.** Block **32.** Type Training Facility. If the individual was participating in any type of training, enter the code for the type of training facility being used. If not applicable, leave blank. Code/Facility
  - A = Garrison
  - **B** = Local training area
  - **C** = Major training area
  - D = NTC
  - **E** = JRTC
  - F = CMTC
  - G = Standard range facility/live fire
  - **H** = Other (specify)

- **33.** Block **33.** Last Training. For the activity specified in blocks 23 and 24, enter the number of months since the last time the individual received training prior to the accident.
- **34. Block 34.** Named exercise. Check "Yes" if activity listed in blocks 23 and 24 was part of a field exercise or a named operation. Indicate the name of the exercise or operation (major and local field training exercise) if it has a name (e.g., Team Spirit, OIF/OEF). Check "No" if activity was not part of a field exercise or named operation.
- **35.** Block **35.** Night Vision System. Indicate if night vision systems (devices) were being used by this individual at the time of the accident (e.g., night vision goggles, AN/PVS-14). If used, specify the type. If they caused or contributed to the accident, explain in Block 40.
- **36. Block 36.** Individual Mistake(s) that Caused/Contributed to the accident or severity of injury or occupational illness/damage.
- a. Block 36a. In your opinion, did this individual make a mistake(s) that caused and/or contributed to the accident? If the answer is YES, complete Blocks 36b, 36c, and Block 37. If NO, skip to Block 39.
- b. Block 36b. Enter the code from Table B-2, p. 23 of this publication, which best indicates the type of mistake or task error (TE) made by this individual. There should be one TE per finding.
- c. Block 36c. Describe the mistake and how it caused/contributed to the accident. Be specific, e.g., block 36a-YES; block 36b-52; block 36c- "The M109A3 howitzer driver trainee, while being ground guided into parking space, performed improper braking and improper foot placement on pedal. That is, when given the signal to stop, the driver moved his foot left to apply brakes and depressed upper level of accelerator pedal instead. Consequently, the vehicle ran over the ground guide's foot and fractured it." Attach continuation sheets as needed.
- **37. Block 37.** Why the Mistake(s) was made (system inadequacies/root cause [SI]). Mistakes can be caused by shortcomings of support, standards/procedures, training, leaders, or the individual. Specific causes include:
- Support Shortcomings in type, capability, amount or condition of equipment, supplies, services, facilities, and number and type personnel.
- Standards/procedures Standards/procedures not clear or not practical or standards/procedures do not exist.
- Training School training, Unit training, or Experience/On–the–Job training insufficient in content/amount.
- Leader Direct, Unit Command, or Higher Command Supervision not ready, willing, or able to enforce known standards.
- Individual Soldier knows and is trained to standard but elects not to follow standard (self–discipline—mistake due to own personal factors).
- a. Block 37a. Identify why the mistake was made (specific root cause(s)). See Table B-5, pp. 26-29 of this publication, for definitions. Check the box next to the associated root cause (multiple boxes can be checked).
- b. Block 37b. Describe the root cause(s) and tell how it/they caused the mistake. See Table B-5, pp. 26-29of this publication, for definitions. For example, if block 37a = "Support Equip/Materiel Improperly Designed," then block 37b might say something like, "Design of accelerator pedal on M109 series, unlike M110, consists of two distinct levels with upper level immediately adjacent to

brake pedal. As a result, when M109A3 howitzer driver was given the signal to stop, he moved his foot left to apply brakes and depressed upper level of accelerator pedal instead (SI-11) (which caused the TE, improper braking—improper foot placement on pedal)." Attach continuation sheets as needed.

- **38. Block 38.** Parachuting information. If the activity for the individual listed in block 11 is parachuting, complete blocks 38a through q.
- a. Jumper Height In inches (example 5'8" would be 68")
- b. Jumper Weight In pounds (round up at > 1/2 lb or 8 ozs, example 168 1/2 lbs would be rounded up to 169 lbs)
- c. Type of Jump Static line, non-tactical; static line, mass tactical (night or day); freefall, non-tactical; freefall, tactical (night and day)
- d. Parachute Type/Model Self explanatory
- e. Equipment List type equipment (For example, rucksack (ALICE), weapon, LBE, AIR PAC)
- f. Weight of Equipment Give approximate weight of jumper's equipment, in pounds
- g. Wind Direction/Speed Jump height, drop zone What was the wind direction (in degrees) and speed (in knots) at jump altitude and on ground when jumper exited aircraft?
- h. Jump Altitude Altitude jumpers' exited aircraft (in feet)
- i. Position in the Stick What number in stick was jumper to exit the door?
- j. Door Exited Self explanatory
- k. Time Pre-jump Conducted Date and time (time in Zulu)
- Date of Last Jump Self explanatory
- m. Type of Last Jump See letter c above
- n. Number of Previous Jumps Self explanatory
- o. Date Graduated from Basic Airborne Training (yyyymmdd)
- p. Type Aircraft Self explanatory
- q. Accident Factors (parachute) improper exit, static line injury, broken static line, parachute malfunction, entanglement, lost/stolen air, oscillation, unstable position, dragged on drop zone, tree landing, drop zone hazard (specify), or other. Explain as necessary.
- **39.** Block **39.** Environmental conditions. Enter the code(s) (no more than three from the list below) to indicate the conditions present at the time of the accident. Also indicate if the condition caused or contributed to the accident by checking the Caused/Contributed block b, and, if YES, explain in Block 40.

# Code/Condition

- A = Clear/dry
- **B** = Bright/glare
- C = Dark/dim
- **D** = Fog/condensation/frost
- E = Mist/rain/sleet/hail
- F = Snow/ice
- **G** = Dust/fumes/gasses/smoke/vapors
- **H** = Noise/bang/static
- I = Temperature/humidity (cold/heat)
- J = Storm/hurricane/tornado
- **K** = Wind/gust/turbulence

- L = Vibrate/shimmy/sway/shake
- **M** = Radiation/laser/sunlight
- **N** = Holes/rocky/rough/rutted/uneven
- **O** = Inclined/steep
- **P** = Slippery (not due to precipitation)
- **Q** = Air pressure (bends, decompression, altitude, hypoxia)
- **R** = Lightning/static electricity/grounding
- **S** = Electromagnetic radiation (EMR)
- **T** = OTHER (specify)
- **40. Block 40.** Synopsis. Provide a brief synopsis of the accident explaining what and how the accident happened. If need be, continue on a separate sheet of paper annotating the block number and attach it to the report. The synopsis should include the events leading up to the accident, the actual accident sequence, and the post accident scene and actions. For example, if a Soldier was involved in an off-duty POV accident, be sure to indicate where the Soldier was going, where he/she was coming from, etc. Also, please include the following information:

# FOR on-duty accidents:

- At what level was the mission/training conducted (individual, crew, squad, platoon, company, battalion, brigade, etc.)?
- Who was in charge during the mission/training (rank/position)?
- Who was the senior leader present during the mission/training (rank/position)?

# FOR off-duty accidents:

- Indicate whether the Soldier was on leave, pass, or PCSing, or TDY? If so,
  - How long was the Soldier on leave/Pass when the accident occurred?
  - Did the accident occur while the Soldier was enroute to/from his/her destination?
- Was the Soldier deployed within the 365 days prior to the accident (yes/no)? If yes,
  - When did the Soldier return from the deployment?
  - Where was the deployment?
  - How long was the deployment?
- Was the Soldier recently notified that he/she would deploy soon?
- Was there leader contact prior to the accident (yes/no)? If yes,
  - What level of leadership?
  - What type of contact (brief, ASMIS-1, trip planning, counseling, vehicle inspection, other)
- Did the Soldier have a history of risky behavior, such as recurring traffic violations, negative counseling, extreme sports or hobbies, violent acts, or other dysfunctional events?
  - Were there other factors such as abrupt changes to training rotations or assignments that might have encouraged celebratory binging behavior (yes/no)? (That is, grabbing as much "fun" as possible because uncertainties in training or deployment status give the Soldier little stability to plan when he/she might have another chance for off-duty pleasures.) If so, comment.
- **41. Block 41.** Corrective Action(s) Taken or Planned. Briefly describe all actions taken, planned, or recommended to eliminate, or at least reduce, the root cause(s) of this accident and prevent similar accidents from happening. See Table B-6, pp. 29-30 of this publication.

**42. Block 42.** Explosive/Ammunition. If block 7 was checked "Yes," complete blocks (a through d) as appropriate; lot numbers, quantity, net explosive weight (NEW) of all ammunition and explosives involved, and DODIC or DODAC.

<u>Note:</u> If the explosive/ammunition was exposed to significant environmental conditions, the environmental conditions should be checked in block 39, and an explanation of the conditions and their effect on the explosive/ammunition should be provided in the synopsis. Significant environmental conditions include the following: extremely high/low temperatures; electromagnetic environmental effects (E³); e.g., radiated energy (RFI) (such as being in close proximity to a radar site), electromagnetic energy (EMR), electrostatic energy or high voltage; water or high humidity; or prolonged exposure to direct sunlight.

# 43. Block 43. Point of Contact.

- a. Block 43a. Enter the name, rank, and position of the individual from the unit/organization who can answer questions about this accident report.
  - b. Block 43b. Enter the phone number for the individual listed in 43a.
  - c. Block 43c. Enter the AKO email address for the individual listed in block 43a.
- **44. Block 44.** Command Review. As locally required.
- **45.** Block **45**. Safety Office Review.
- a. Block 45a. Enter the name, rank and title of the safety office reviewing official (usually the next higher office from individual in block 43).
  - b. Block 45b. Enter the DSN and commercial phone number of the safety office reviewing official.
  - c. Block 45c. Enter the AKO email address of the individual listed in 45a.
  - d. Block 45d. Enter the date the report was reviewed.
  - e. Block 45e. Enter the local report number (safety office use only).

Table 4-2 **Army Branches** 

Army Branch	Abbreviation	
Adjutant General	AG	
Air Defense Artillery	AD	
Armor	AR	
Army Medical Specialist Corps	SP	
Army Nurse Corps	AN	
Aviation	AV	
Chaplain	CH	
Chemical	CM	
Dental Corps	DC	
Engineers	EN	
Field Artillery	FA	
Finance Corps	FC	
Infantry	IN	
Judge Advocate General's Corps	JA	
Logistics	LG	
Medical Corps	MC	
Medical Service Corps	MS	
Military Intelligence	MI	
Military Police	MP	
Ordnance	OD	
Public Affairs	PA	
Quartermaster Corps	QM	
Signal Corps	SC	
Special Forces	SF	
Transportation Corps	TC	
Veterinary Corps	VC	

# Table 4-3

# **Types of Accident Locations**

	Type Location
	71
Mainte	enance/fabrication facility
A1	Vehicle facility (motor pool, maintenance shop)
A2	Aircraft facility (hangar)
A3	Vessel facility (boat overhaul/rebuild facility)
A4	Engineer facility (carpentry/electrical/plumbing shop)
A5	Other maintenance facility
Travel	ways
B1	Pedestrian way (sidewalk)
B2	Vehicle trail (tank trail)
B3	Roadway (street, curb, shoulder, driveway)
B4	Parking lot
B5	Aircraft way (flight line, runway)
B6	Railroad

Other operational facilities/areas C1 Office building

- C2 Communications facility C3 Construction site C4 Security/law-enforcement facility C5 Bridge C6 Dam C7 **Navigation locks** C8 Barge C9 Dredge C10 Floating plant C11 Vessel (not elsewhere coded) C12 ARNG/Reserve armory **Training Areas** D1 Range—small arms/individual weapons D2 Range—crew-served weapons D3 Range—aerial firing/bombing Range—infiltration course D4 D5 Dedicated nonfiring training area (obstacle/confidence course, parachute drop zone, landing zone, stagefield) D6 Temporary training area (unit assembly area, bivouac area) D7 Range—EOD Range—Tirehouse D8 D9 **Urban Training** Service facilities E1 Library E2 Chapel/church E3 Child-care center E4 Post office E5 Laboratory Medical care facility E6 E7 Fire station E8 Commissary Post exchange E9 E10 Dining facilities E11 Post exchange, service station, gas station E12 Museum E13 Animal-care facility E14 Refuse disposal area E15 Laundry/cleaning facility Terrain and water locations F1 Sloped terrain (ditch, mountain) F2 Wooded terrain (forest, swamp, marsh) F3 Open terrain (field, desert) F4 Moving bodies of water (creek, stream, river) F5 Standing bodies of water (pond, lake, ocean) Lake shore/beach F6 Storage facilities G1 Storage buildings (ammunition bunker, warehouse, barn, storage shed)
- G2 Outside storage area (POL dump, property disposal area)

# Plants and factories

H1 Heating plant

H2	Printing plant
H3	Electric generating plant (includes power substations)
H4	Ammunition/weapons manufacturing plant
<u>H5</u>	Other industrial plants and factories
Recre	eation/entertainment facilities
<b>I</b> 1	Indoor facilities (bowling alley, gym, movie theater,
	swimming pool)
12	Outdoor facilities (playing fields, golf course, swimming pool)
Hous	ing facilities
J1	Family housing
J2	Individual housing (BOQ, barracks, rooms)
Freig	ht and passenger terminals
K1	Airport/airfield (includes control tower)
K2	Rail station/yard
K3	Port/dock/wharf
K4	Vehicle terminal (bus station, truck terminal)
Scho	ol facilities
L1	Kindergarten through grade 12
L2	Army-operated technical/occupational training facilities/classrooms (aviation/
	maintenance school)
L3	Non–Army–operated technical/occupational training facilities/classrooms (university/college classes)
Hobb	y shop
M1	Auto hobby shop
M2	Woodworking hobby shop
<u>M3</u>	Other hobby shop

# Table 4–4 Pay Grade/Rank Codes

Pay Grade/Rank Codes												
Grade/Code	Description											
01–10	Commissioned officer											
W1–W5	Warrant officer											
E1-E9	Enlisted service member											
GS1-GS18 &	DOD civilian employee											
GM13-GM18												
WG1-WG18 &	Wage board employee											
WS13-WS18												
NSPS	National Security Personnel System											
XN	Foreign National											
X-1	Foreign officer											
X-2	Foreign enlisted											
CAC	Contractor employee											
CIV	Non-DOD civilian											
DAC	Department Army Civilian											
KAD	USMA											
ROTC	ROTC students											
NRPT	Not Reported											

OC WOC/OC UNK Unknown

UNKE Unknown Enlisted UNKO Unknown Officer

OTH Personnel other than above

# Table 4–5 Personnel Classification Codes

	milei Classification Codes
Code	Description
A	Active Army
В	Army civilian
С	Army contractor
C1	Army direct contractor
D	Non-appropriated Fund employee
E0	Other US military personnel
E1	Navy
E2	Air Force
E3	Marine Corps
F0	Foreign Military
F1	Foreign National Direct Hire
F2	Foreign National Indirect Hire
F3	Foreign National KATUSA
F4	Foreign Military Attached
G	Dependent
M	Government, Other
NO	National Guard
N1	NG Tech
N2	NG IDT
N3	NG AT
N4	NG ADSW
N5	NG AGR
N6	NG ADT
N7	NG Activated
0	Other
Р	Public
RO	Reserve
R1	Reserve IDT
R2	Reserve AT
R3	Reserve ADT
R4	Reserve FTM
R5	Reserve Tech
R6	Reserve Activated
R7	Reserve AGR
Τ	ROTC
U	Unknown
Z	Not reported

### Table B-2

# **Ground Specific**

**Individual mistakes/task errors** - Errors made by personnel not in a supervisory capacity or a supervisor that makes an error not related to supervisory responsibilities. For example, a supervisor was injured because he failed to wear his seatbelt.

Code: 01

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate planning - Failed to properly organize or coordinate.

Improper modification of the plan during execution.

Code: 02

Keyword/explanation: Improperly/failed to lock/block/secure, (for example, load).

Code: 03

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate inspection/check of vehicle or equipment (before, during, after operations check). Failed to use the appropriate checklist or TM to perform the inspection.

Code: 04

Keyword/explanation: Improper application of safety equipment, device, guard, sign, signal, or PPE. Failed to adhere to posted warning signs/signals/guards. Failed to use required safety equipment, device, guard, sign, signal or PPE.

Code: 05

Keyword/explanation: Operating while fatigued when not necessary/directed.

Code: 06

Keyword/explanation: Improper use of equipment - Did not use equipment when required.

Used right equipment improperly. Used wrong equipment.

Code: 07

Keyword/explanation: Improper lifting - Used incorrect lifting technique. Failed to use appropriate assistance.

Code: 08

Keyword/explanation: Failed to take appropriate precautions for adverse environmental conditions (rain, haze, fog, snow, ice, reduced visibility).

Code: 09

Keyword/explanation: Improper body position - Hazardous position. Awkward position. Unprotected position (sleeping, eating).

Code: 10

Keyword/explanation: Improperly walked, ran, or climbed.

Code: 11

Keyword/explanation: Failed to stay alert, remain awake, or attentive to what was happening (situational awareness to environment, conditions, or operations). Failed to pay attention. Improperly divided attention. Improperly monitored. Improperly scanned. Fell asleep.

Code: 12

Keyword/explanation:

Failed to ensure adequate clearance/space (enough room) for operation.

Code: 13

Keyword/explanation: Misjudged clearance (improperly estimated/evaluated).

Keyword/explanation: Improper weapons and ammunition handling - Improper sighting, aiming, firing, throwing. Unauthorized use or handling. Improper carrying, lifting, transporting. Improper clearing, disarming, unloading. Improper assembling, cleaning, disassembling. Improper disposal or turn-in.

Code: 16

Keyword/explanation: Improperly pulled or pushed equipment or material.

**Code: 17** 

Keyword/explanation: Failed to firmly grip/hold equipment/material.

Code: 18

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate improvising/troubleshooting.

**Code: 19** 

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate crew coordination/communication.

- -Improper actions sequence improper sequencing or timing of actions with other crewmembers; for example, driver initiated vehicle movement before receiving clearance from ground guide or senior occupant.
- -Failure to offer assistance, information, or warning, (for example, driver failed to warn other crewmembers of impending hazard (rollover)).
- -Lack of positive communication, (for example, transmission, acknowledgement, or confirmation using standard terminology with specific qualifiers); (for example, tank commander failing to confirm crewmembers were clear before traversing turret).
- -Failure to announce decision/action that affects other crewmembers' duties, (for example, occupant failed to announce to the driver their decision to dismount the vehicle during a momentary halt).
- -Failed to direct/request assistance from other crewmembers, (for example, although neither track command (TC) nor driver could see, the TC failed to direct a crewmember to dismount and act as a ground guide).

Code: 20

Keyword/explanation: Improper assembly.

Code: 21

Keyword/explanation: Under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

Codes 22-39 reserved for future use.

### VEHICLE/EQUIPMENT SPECIFIC

Code: 40

Keyword/explanation: Excessive speed. Exceeding the posted speed limits. Excessive speed for conditions.

Code: 41

Keyword/explanation: Improper passing. Misjudged clearance while passing. Passing at an unsafe time or place. Failed to take precautions when passing pedestrians.

**Code: 42** 

Keyword/explanation: Improper turning. Failed to yield the right-of-way while turning. Oversteering while turning. Improper U–Turn.

Code: 43

Keyword/explanation: Failed to yield the right-of-way other than when turning.

Code: 44

Keyword/explanation: Failed to stop at a controlled intersection.

Keyword/explanation: Improperly stopped or parked.

Code: 46

Keyword/explanation: Improper backing.

**Code: 47** 

Keyword/explanation: Failed to use a ground guide when required.

**Code: 48** 

Keyword/explanation: Ground guide used improper/incorrect position, signal, or procedure.

Code: 49

Keyword/explanation: Following too close for environmental conditions or vehicle speed/design.

Code: 50

Keyword/explanation: Driving in the wrong lane.

**Code: 51** 

Keyword/explanation: Improper lane change.

Code: 52

Keyword/explanation: Improper braking. Improper placement on the pedal. Too much or too little

pressure. Applied too soon or too late.

Code: 53

Keyword/explanation: Improperly shifted/placed gear selector on vehicle or equipment.

Code: 54

Keyword/explanation: Abrupt control/steering response (except while turning).

Code: 55

Keyword/explanation: Improperly mounted or dismounted vehicle/equipment.

Code: 56

Keyword/explanation: Operating vehicle/equipment with known malfunction/unsafe mechanical

conditions.

Codes: 57-74 reserved for future use.

**Leader/Supervisory Mistakes/Task Errors** - Errors made by personnel acting in a leader or supervisory capacity in which they failed to execute a task associated with supervisory responsibilities.

**Code: 75** 

Keyword/explanation: Improper personnel selection/assignment. Inexperienced. Untrained.

Unlicensed. Impaired, (for example, fatigued).

**Code: 76** 

Keyword/explanation: Knowingly allowed equipment operator to violate procedures.

**Code: 77** 

Keyword/explanation: Failure to ensure proper positioning of personnel prior to vehicle/equipment

operation. Code: 78

Keyword/explanation: Failure to brief or provide adequate information.

Code: 79

Keyword/explanation: Failure to assign responsibilities before or during the mission.

Code: 80

Keyword/explanation: Inadequately/improperly selected site location/termination point, (for example, size, obstacles/environmental hazards/crew experience).

Keyword/explanation: Improperly prepared site location, (for example, type/placement of markers/detection/removal of obstacles/hazards).

Code: 82

Keyword/explanation: Failed to ensure adequate inspection/check of vehicle or equipment (before, during, after operations check) was conducted. Failed to ensure the appropriate checklist or TM to perform the inspection was used.

Code: 83

Keyword/explanation: Failed to conduct adequate pre-mission inspection of personnel or equipment.

Code: 84

Keyword/explanation: Failed to ensure repairs, services, modifications, installations, or maintenance such as lubrication/inspections, were completed in accordance with appropriate TMs and SOPs.

Code: 85

Keyword/explanation: Failed to take appropriate/timely actions to prevent or stop violations of safe operations/procedures; for example, make on the spot corrections.

Code: 86

Keyword/explanation: Failed to enforce use of personal protective equipment.

**Code: 87** 

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate mission planning.

- -Inadequate time allowed for pre-mission preparation. Set mission start time which did not allow adequate pre-mission preparation.
- -Set/permitted inappropriate mission start time for environmental/weather conditions.
- -Mission execution failure to properly modify the plan or procedure(s) in response to mission events, conditions, or circumstances. Improperly modifying the plan during execution.
- -Pre-mission planning failure to choose appropriate options for known conditions and contingencies and develops this into a course of action to maximize probability of mission accomplishment. Risk management, operational, and logistical decisions.

**Code: 97** 

Keyword/explanation: Insufficient information to determine the mistake or task error.

### Table B-5

System inadequacies/readiness shortcomings/root causes ("Why" the error, failure, or malfunction occurred)

**LEADER FAILURE** occurs when leaders fail to monitor mission execution and planning, correct inappropriate behavior, take appropriate action, or emphasize correct procedures that allowed subordinates to commit task errors or results in a materiel failure.

Code: 01

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate/improper supervision by higher command.

Code: 02

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate/improper supervision by staff officer.

Code: 03

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate/improper supervision by unit command.

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate/improper supervision by direct supervisor/noncommissioned officer in charge/platoon leader/instructor. Note: Inadequate supervision becomes a root cause when it leads to accident-causing personnel mistakes or materiel failure/malfunctions. Inadequate supervision is more clearly identifiable at the immediate-supervisor level.

Code: 04A

Keyword/explanation: When a leader who is not in the individual chain of command fails to make an on-the-spot correction.

**TRAINING FAILURE** occurs when training is incorrect, incomplete, insufficient for performance to standard.

Code: 05

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate school training. School training becomes a root cause when people make accident-causing mistakes because the school training was inadequate in content or amount.

Code: 06

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate unit/on-the-job training. Unit/on-the-job training becomes a root cause when people make accident-causing mistakes because the training provided was inadequate in content or amount.

Code: 07

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate experience. Supervised on-the-job experience is the follow-up to school and unit training programs. Experience becomes a root cause when people make accident-causing mistakes because the experience provided was inadequate in content or amount.

Code: 08

Keyword/explanation: Habit interference becomes a root cause when a person makes an accident-causing error because task performance was interfered with either the way he usually performs similar tasks, or the way he usually performs the same task under different conditions or with different equipment.

**STANDARDS FAILURE** occurs when standards do not exist or they are unclear, impractical, or inadequate.

**Code: 09** 

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate written procedures for operation under normal or abnormal/emergency conditions. Inadequate written procedures (AR, TM, SOP, written directives) become the root causes when they lead to accident-causing mistakes or material failures/malfunctions.

**SUPPORT FAILURE** occurs when the type, amount, capabilities, condition of the support is sufficient to correctly perform the mission. Support includes: personnel, equipment, materiel, supplies, services, or facilities.

Code: 10

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate facilities/service. Inadequate facilities or services become root causes when the maintenance, space and/or support provided for personnel and materiel to accomplish their functions cause mistakes or failures/malfunctions that lead to accidents. (Examples of facilities or services are recreation areas, POL services, housing, medical clinics/hospitals, weather service, storage areas, maintenance facilities, and property disposal.)

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate/improper equipment design or equipment not provided. Improperly designed equipment and materiel or lack of equipment/materiel become root causes when the design or lack of equipment leads to accident-causing personnel errors or materiel failures/malfunctions.

Code: 12

Keyword/explanation: Insufficient number or type of personnel. Insufficient number or type of personnel becomes a root cause when people make accident-causing mistakes or material fails/malfunctions because the number or type of personnel was insufficient.

Code: 13

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate quality control, manufacture, packaging, or assembly. The inadequate manufacture, assembly, packaging, or quality control of materiel becomes a root cause when it leads to accident causing personnel errors or materiel failures/malfunctions. Note: (Includes original manufacture and rebuild.)

Code: 14

Keyword/explanation: Inadequate maintenance. Inadequate maintenance. Inadequate maintenance (inspection, installation, troubleshooting, recordkeeping) becomes a root cause when it leads to accident-causing personnel errors or material failures/malfunctions.

**INDIVIDUAL FAILURE** occurs when the individual knows the standard and is trained to standard but elected not to follow the standard.

Code: 15

Keyword/explanation: Fear/Excitement/Anger (inadequate composure). Each person is a part of the system. Therefore, his state of mind is a system element. Inadequate composure is a temporary state of mind that becomes a root cause when a person makes an accident-causing error because of fear, excitement, or some related emotional factor made clear, rational thought impossible.

Code: 16

Keyword/explanation: Overconfidence/complacency in abilities. Overconfidence is a temporary state of mine that becomes a root cause when an accident is caused by a person's unwarranted reliance on their own ability to perform a task, the ability of someone else to perform a task, the performance capabilities of equipment or other materiel.

**Code: 17** 

Keyword/explanation: Lack of confidence. Lack of confidence is temporary of mind that becomes a root cause when accident is caused by a person's unwarranted lack of reliance on his own ability to perform the task, the ability of someone else to perform the task, the performance capabilities of equipment or other material.

**Code: 18** 

Keyword/explanation: Haste. A temporary state of mind that becomes a root cause when a person makes a mistake because they are in a hurry and the error contributes to or causes an accident.

**Code: 19** 

Keyword/explanation: Fatigue (self-induced). Fatigue is a temporary physical and/or mental state that becomes a root cause when a person makes an accident-causing error because of reduced physical or metal capabilities resulting from previous activity and/or lack of rest.

Code: 20

Keyword/explanation: Effects of alcohol, drugs, illness. The temporary effects of alcohol, drugs, or illness become a root cause when a person makes an accident-causing error because of reduced physical or mental capabilities resulting from one or more of these effects.

Keyword/explanation: Poor attitude/indiscipline. A temporary state of mind that becomes a root cause when a person's unwarranted or willful disregard for existing standards or know safe conduct results in an error that causes or contributes to an accident.

Code: 22

Keyword/explanation: Environment conditions. Unknown or unavoidable conditions, which result in materiel failure or induce human error.

**Code: 97** 

Keyword/explanation: Insufficient information to determine system inadequacy/cause.

### Table B-6

### Recommendations/controls/corrective actions/countermeasures

Code: 01

Keyword/explanation: Improve school training. The improvement recommended should be directed toward the content or amount of school training needed to correct the accident-causing error. For example: Provide school training for the person who made the error due to not being school trained. Improve the content of a school training program to better cover the task in which the error was made. Expand the amount of school training given on the task in which the error was made.

Code: 02

Keyword/explanation: Improve unit training. The improvement recommended should be directed toward the content or amount of unit training needed to correct the accident-causing error. For example: Provide unit training for the person who made the error due to not being unit trained. Improve the content of unit training to better cover the task in which the error was made. Expand the amount of unit training given on the task in which the error was made.

Code: 03

Keyword/explanation: Revise procedures for operation under normal or abnormal/emergency conditions. The changes recommended should be directed toward changing existing procedures or including new ones. If the change is to an AR, TM, FM, Soldier's Manual, or other Army publication, tell the date when DA Form 2028 was submitted.

Code: 04

Keyword/explanation: Ensure personnel are ready to perform. The purpose of this recommendation is to encourage supervisors to make sure that their people are capable of performing a job before making an assignment. They should consider training, experience, physical condition, and psychophysiological state, (for example, fatigue, haste, excessive motivation, overconfidence, effects of alcohol/drugs.)

Code: 05

Keyword/explanation: Inform personnel of problems and remedies. This recommendation should be used when it is necessary to relay accident-related information to people at unit, installation, Army Command (ACOM), or DA levels.

Code: 06

Keyword/explanation: Positive command action. The purpose of this corrective action is to recommend that the supervisor take action to encourage proper performance and discourage improper performance by the personnel.

Keyword/explanation: Provide personnel resources required for the job. This recommendation is intended to prevent an accident caused by not enough qualified people being assigned to perform the job safely.

Keyword/Explanation: Redesign (or provide) equipment or materiel. This recommendation is made when equipment or materiel caused or contributed to an accident because:

- a. The required equipment or materiel was not available.
- b. The equipment or materiel used was not properly designed.

### Code: 09

Keyword/explanation: Improve (or provide) facilities or services. This recommendation is made when facilities or services lead to an accident because—

- a. The required facilities or services were not available.
- b. The facilities or services used were inadequate.

# Code: 10

Keyword/explanation: Improve quality control. This recommendation is directed primarily toward the improvement of training, manufacturing, and maintenance operations where poor quality products (personnel or materiel) have led to accidents.

# **Code: 11**

Keyword/explanation: Perform studies to get solutions to root cause. This recommendation should be made when corrective actions cannot be determined without special study. Such studies can range from informal efforts at unit level to highly technical research projects performed by DA-level agencies.

# Example of completed DA Form 285-AB, Page 1 Abbreviated Ground Accident Report (AGAR)

	U.S. ARMY ABBREVIATED GROUND ACCIDENT REPORT (AGAR)  For use of this form, see and DA Pamphiet 385-40; the proponent agency is OCSA  CSOCS-308														MBOL											
1. TI	ME & DATE OF ACC	IDENT	a. Yr	200	g b. Mth	05 c.	Day 1	0 d.	Time 0015 2.	PERIOD (			usk	Dawn		CD	T CLASS ]	В	4. C	OMBAT \$1	TATUS	Co	mbat 🔀	Non-	Combat	
5. UNIT IDENTIFICATION a. UIC (6-digit Code) WBAWBO b.Unit Address B.Co, A-111 BN, Fort Fun, CA 33356 c. Unit's Branch TC													5d. Ar	5d. Army HQ's FORSCOM												
6. LC	OCATION OF ACCIDE	ENT	. Exac Corner		ation A and B s	street, F	t. Fun,	CA								E	. Type Loc B3 (insert 385-40)		e from	DA Pam	1	6c. Grid Coordinates/Lat-Long MJ123456				
d. St	tate/Country Califo	rnia/U	SA		ē.	Off Po	,									XPLOSIVE	S/AMM	IO INVO	LVED?	Ye	es 🛛 No					
8. M	ISSION a. Briefly	/ describ	e the r	nissio	n.	ty															b. METL	Task?	Ye	es No		
9. V	9. VEHICLE/EQUIPMENT/MATERIEL INVOLVED																									
	a. Type of Item (Nor	menciati	ıre)			b. Make	/Model	#		c. Şerlal	#				d. Own	iersi	hlp		. Estim	ated Cost	of Dam	age	f. Vehicle	Colli	sion	
	POV					Honds	/Accor	d 4dr		VIN#					SGT S	Smi	ith (POV)	) 5	0.00				7&6			
#1	Materiel Fallure/Mai	function	Inform	ation	(Biks 9g-9	N)																				
	g. Fallure Mode		h. P	art N	omenciatu	re			I. Part#			J.	Part	NSN				k. P	art Man	ufacturer 0	ode		I. EIR/QD	R Sul	bmitted	
																							Yes		No	
	a. Type of Item (Nor	menciati	ıre)			b. Make	:/Model	#		c. Şerlal	#				d. Own	iersi	hlp		. Estim	ated Cost	of Dam	age	f. Vehicle Collision			
#2	Materiel Fallure/Mai	function	Inform	ation	(Biks 9g-9	N)																				
	g. Fallure Mode		h. P	art N	omenciatu	re		I. Part≠			j. Part N\$N				k. Part Manufacturer Code					I. EIR/QDR Submitted						
																				Yes		No				
10.	WHY DID THE MATE					(Check t	he root o	causes	(s) in Bik 10a.	in Bik 10b	., ехрі	iain h	ow the	root						how the m		falled/ma	ifunctioned	and		
ā.	LEADE (Not ready, willing enforce star	g, or able	e to		STDS/PR Not clear,			ical) (Short comings in type, capal				SUPPORT billty, amount or condition of equip/supp ervices/facilities)				supplies/										
	Direct Supervision				AR	SOP			Equip/Materiel	Improperly	Designed Inadequate Ma			uate Manufacture												
	Unit Command Supe	rvision			тм	Other			Equip/Materiel	Not Provide	ed			Inade	quate N	Main	itenance									
	Higher Command Su	upervisio	n		FM	None	Exists		Inadequate Fac	:IIItles/\$erv	ices			Other				7								
	NAME (Last, First,		lude Ad	ddres	s and UIC	II.	12. 8	SN			13a.	PER	SONN	EL CL	ASSIFI	CAT	TION	13b.	DATE	ASSIGNE	D/HIRE	D (YYY)	(MMDD)			
	erent than Biks 5a an	0 50.)						1	11-22-2333		A										20/					
5mi	ith, Joey K.						13c.	DATE	OF REDEPLO	YMENT	14.	MOS	JOB 8	ERIE	9	1	ISa. DUTY	STAT	TUS	15b. JF 0		061112	leave/pass	1		
							FROM	СОМ	BAT ZONE, IF		l					ŀ	On-du		-	Leave	I Da		YYYYMME			
11b.	HOME ADDRESS						APPL	ICABL	E (YYYYMMDI	D)	88P	20						l'				20080509 Date to (YYYYMMDD)				
	0 K Street								20070922						⊠ off-du			-1		Δ '	Pass Date to (Y			20080512		
Ave	onville, CA 31111						16. D	ов (у	YYYMMDD)			17. GENDER			18. PAY GRADE			RADE	19. FLIGH			HT STATUS				
							19830110					M E-5				Yes No										
DA	FORM 285-AB,	FEB 2	2009							PREVIOU	S EDIT	TION	18 OB	SOLET	TE.									P	AGE 1 of 3	

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# Example of completed DA Form 285-AB, Page 2

20.	MOST SEVERE INJURY (See	Instructions)	a. De	gree C		ate of De	eath (YYYYMN	(DD) b. T	ype	F	. Body P	art B		d. Ca	suse A				
21.	LOST TIME		ACTIV	ACTIVITY OF INDIVIDUAL Provide code (from list in instructions) and describe in space below.												_			
a.	Days Hospitalized	90	23. A	CTIVITY C	ODE (If	2	4. SPECIFIC	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVI	TY/TASK	(									
b.	Days lost not Hospitalized			y is parach															
١.	Days Restricted	30	comp	ete Blk 38	)	S	ervice memt	er was operating his P	OV at t	he time of the ac	cident.								
G.	Days Restricted	180	P																
d.	Treated in ER Yes	No																	
22a.	OSHA Log 300 Case No.		1																
b.	Name of Physician		1																
c.	Name and Address of Treatme	ent Facility	┨																
						2	8. ALCOHOL	DRUGS CAUSE/CONT		27. EQUIP THIS	PERSOI	N WAS ASS	SOCIATED	WITH?					
25.	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQ	UIPMENT					Yes BAC	% 0.09 □ No □	Unknown	(Enter Item I	lo. from l	3/k 9)							
		AVA	ILABLE	? USE	n2	<u>—Ľ</u>				#1									
CHE	CK APPROPRIATE BLOCK(S)	Ye:		Yes	No.	N/A 2		D TO OPERATE EQUIPME	NT 28	b. MANDATORY 4									
X	a. Seat Belt		$\vdash$	$\top$	X		Yes	No N/A		Yes	No	If Yes, Da	ite: 20080	122	_				
Ï	b. Goggles/glasses/visor			一		2	8c. MSF CER	TIFIED		29. DUT	HOURS								
F	c. Gloves		ĦĒ	市	Ħ	Ħ	Yes	No If Yes, Date:		a. Tin	e work b	egan (e.g.,	0645): 06	05					
	d. Ear Plugs			ΤĒ	ΠI		☐ 1€3	No Il les, Date.	ii res, bate.		b. Continuous hours: 12								
	e. IBA																		
	f. Other (Specify)						IO. HRS SLEE .AST 24			32. TYPE TRAIN	ING FACILITY 33. LAST TRAINING								
	g. Helmet					$\square$	Yes No												
	DOT Approved (if Motorcycle		No			4													
34.	FIELD EXERCISE/NAMED OP						35. NIGHT VISION SYSTEM USED												
	Yes No If Yes, pr	rovide name:					Yes No If Yes, provide type:												
36.	DID INDIVIDUAL MAKE A MIS	TAKE THAT CAI	JSED/C	NTRIBUT	ED TO A	CCIDEN	IT OR SEVERI	TY OF INJURY/DAMAGE?	In Blk a	, indicate if individu	al made	a mistake.	If yes, pro	vide the	code				
	n instructions) in Blk b and des																		
a. Mi	stake c. Tell what	the mistake was	and hov	it caused	contribu	ted to the	e accident or s	erverity of injury/damage.											
X	Yes No Service me	mber (SM) tra	veled a	t exessiv	speed	in cont	travention to	the posted speed limit	. The S	M was traveling	approxi	mately 60	0-70 MPH	in a 3	0 MPH zon	e.			
		unable to con	trol vel	icle on t	ie curv	ing road	d. Soldier fai	led to utilize his seatb	elt. Sol	diers team chief:	ailed to	utilize Cl	RM and b	rief th	em prior to				
b. C	ode departure f	rom job site. (	Multip	e codes i	n block	36b re	quire multip	le findings, attach cont	inuatio	n sheets and add:	tional A	GARs as	needed.)						
04,0	5,21,40																		
37.	WHY WAS THE MISTAKE MA	DE? (ROOT CA	USE) (C	heck the r	oot caus	e(s) in B	Nka. In Blkb,	tell how the root cause(s)	led to the	e mistake.)									
a. LEADER TRAINING STDS/PROCEDUR								SUPPO		INDIVIDUAL									
	(Not ready, willing, or able to enforce standards)	,	(Not cl	ear/Not ;	practical)	al) (Shortcomings in type, capabili equip/supplies/serv					(Mistake	e due to ow	n perso	nal factors)					
$\boxtimes$	Direct Supervision	Content/Amoun	<del>\</del>	AR	Ιп	SOP	$\dashv_{\sqcap}$	Equip/Materiel Improperly Designed	Тп	Inadequate Manufacture	+	Poor/Bad	Attitude	$\boxtimes$	Fatigue				
	Unit Command	Unit	+-	] TM	+	Other	╅	Equip/Materiel Not	1	Inadequate		Overconfi	ident	$\boxtimes$	Alcohol, Dru	ıgs			
屵	Supervision L Higher Command		$\frac{1}{2}$	<del>'                                     </del>	┞		$\dashv \bot$	Provided Inadequate	╀	Maintenance	+								
Higher Command Experience, Supervision OJT				FM		None e	exists	Facilities/Services		Other		In a Hurry	У		Fear/Exciter	ment			

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# Example of completed DA Form 285-AB, Page 3

	Example of o	ompioto	d DA I OIIII 200-	ND, I ago o							
37b. Describe root cause(s) (reason) and te The soldiers decision making process	•	the consumption	on of alcohol. The soldier had	d no known history	of speeding o	r other traf	fic related	l offenses,			
and always demonstrated good driving											
38. PARACHUTE INFORMATION FOR PER	RSON LISTED IN BIk 11.										
a. Jumper Height	g. Wind Direction/Speed at		m. Type of Last Jump		39. ENVIRONN a. Present:	MENTAL CON	NDITIONS				
b. Jumper Weight	Jump Height Drop 2	Zone	n. Number of Previous Jumps		#1 C	Yes	No	Unk			
c. Type of Jump	h. Jump Altitude		Date Graduated Basic Airborne     (YYYYMMDD)	e Training	#2 A	Yes	No	Unk			
d. Parachute Type/Model	i. Position in Stick		(TTTMMDD)		#3	Yes	No	Unk			
e. Equpiment	j. Door Exited		p. Type Aircraft		#1 C	Yes	No No	Unk			
	k. Time Pre-jump Conducted		q. Accident Factors (parachute):	(Explain as necessary )	#2 A	Yes	⊠ No	Unk			
f. Wt. of Equipment	I. Date of Last Jump		]		#3	Yes	No	Unk			
40. PROVIDE BRIEF SYNOPSIS OF ACDT	(Use additional sheets if required)	(Explain sequence	e of events, tell how acdt happened.	.)							
two soldiers back to their home static barracks they changed clothes and be shoppette back to the barracks with S road. The driver lost control of the ve rolled down the 15' embankment land	gan drinking beer. A little bef GGT Smith driving. He accele hicle while negotiating the cu	ore midnight the rated to a speed rves and slid of	ey ran out of beer and drove to d between 60-70 MPH within ff the roadway into a gravel are	o a nearby shoppette 1/3 of a mile prior to ea on the right side t	to purchase no entering intuition	more beer. o a series o an embank	They depa of S-curve ement ther	arted the s in the n barrel			
41. CORRECTIVE ACTION(S) TAKEN OR P	PLANNED										
a. Unit Level: 1) Commander, B Co, A-111 BN; a) Ensure all personnel returning from deployments report to their supervisor for instructions and appropriate briefings prior to releasing them from duty. b) Brief all unit personnel on the facts and circumstances surrounding this accident. 2) Commander, A-111 BN, establish a policy for integrating personnel back into the unit after deployments. b. Higher Level: None c. Army Level: None (Use continuation sheets as needed)											
42. EXPLOSIVE/AMMUNITION INFORM.	ATION ITEM 1		ITEM 2	ITEM 3							
a. Lot#											
b. Quantity											
c. Net Explosive Weight (NEW)											
d. DoDIC/DoDAC											
43. POINT OF CONTACT INFORMATION (	ON THE ACCIDENT	•									
<ul> <li>a. Name (Last, First, MI), Rank Position/I Johnson, Mary, A. MAJ, BN Safey O</li> </ul>				b. Telephone No. DSN: <u>333-2222</u>							
Johnson, Mary, A. MAJ, DN Saley O	incer				COM: (111) 333-2222						
				c. Email Address:	mary.johnso						
44. COMMAND REVIEW a. Name Whi		b. Signature		c. Rank LTC	d. Da	te (YYYYMML	DD) 2008	0528			
45. SAFTETY OFFICE REVIEW a. Name	e, Rank & Title Johnny A. Per		ef, BDE Ground Safety			one Number	2011.5	33-1212			
c. Email Address johnny.a.perso	on@us.army.mil	d. Date Review	wed (YYYYMMDD) 20080528	e. Local Report No.	(Safety Office	use only) ()	80510-01	11			

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# Example of completed DA Form 285-AB, Page 1, Civilian Example

					UND ACCIE et 385-40; the p					R)					REQU	IREMENTS CSO	CONTROL CS-308	SYMBOL				
1. TII	ME & DATE OF ACCIDENT	a. Yr 20	08	8 b. Mth	07 c. C	ay 21	d. 1	1033	PERIOD (			)usk	Dawn		DT CL	ASS C	4. C	OMBAT STAT	US Co	ombat 🔀	Non-Combat	
5. UN	IT IDENTIFICATION a. UIC	(6-digit C	od	e) WXM	SA0	b.Unit	Addr	ess 44th Er	ngineer B	N, F	t. Br	agg, l	IC XX	XXX	c. Un	it's Branc	h EN		5d. Aı	rmy HQ's	ORSCOM	
6. LO	CATION OF ACCIDENT B.	99 - R5311 b. Type Location D7							on			id Coordinates/Lat-Long 1911321245										
d. St	ate/Country	Off Pos	t Xo	n Pos	t Name: Fort	Bragg, N	IC							7. E	KPLOSIVES/AMMO INVOLVED? Yes No							
8. MISSION a. Briefly describe the mission. Setting up EOD training house for next day operations b. METL Task? Yes No																						
9. VEHICLE/EQUIPMENT/MATERIEL INVOLVED																						
	a. Type of Item (Nomenclatur	e)			b. Make	Model #			c. Serial	#				d. Own	ership		e. Estin	nated Cost of [	Damage	f. Vehicle Collision		
	Hand grenade				MK2 F	RAG			Unknow	n				US A1	my					NA		
#1	Materiel Failure/Malfunction I	nformatio	n (	(Blks 9g-9l	)												•					
	g. Failure Mode	h. Part	No	menclatur	е			i. Part#			j	j. Part NSN			k. Part M			ufacturer Code	I. EIR/QDR Submitted			
	M07	Grenad	le	Hand, Fr	ag MK2	2		MIL-G-205	62			NSN	1330-	00-028	3-583	7				Yes	No	
	a. Type of Item (Nomenclatur	e)			b. Make	Model #			c. Serial	#				d. Own	ership		e. Estin	nated Cost of [	Damage	f. Vehicle	Collision	
EOD Facility Locally						y built					DA				\$26,85	52.00						
#2	Materiel Failure/Malfunction I	nformatio	n (	(Blks 9g-9l	)																	
	g. Failure Mode	h. Part	No	menclatur	е		i. Part#			j			j. Part NSN			k. Part Mar		anufacturer Code		I. EIR/QDR Submitted		
	M15																		Yes	⊠ No		
10.	NHY DID THE MATERIEL FA causes(s) led to the materiel				Check th	e root c	auses	(s) in Blk 10a.	In Blk 10b	)., exp	plain l	how th	e root					e how the mate y (root cause).	riel failed/m	alfunctione	i and	
a. (Not ready, willing, or able to enforce standards)  LEADER  STDS/PROCEDUR (Not clear, Not prace							tical) (Short comings in type, capabi					SUPPORT lity, amount or condition of equip/s vices/facilities)				re re	covered	ailed to explo Dud grenad	e explodeo	l while wo	orker was	
	Direct Supervision		]	AR	SOP			Equip/Materiel l	mproperly	Desi	gned		Inadequate Manufacture				performing repairs on training facility. Worker wa injured and portions of the facility failed to work					
	Unit Command Supervision		]	ТМ	Other			Equip/Materiel l	Not Provide	ed		X	Inade	quate M	aintena	Assistant and will and assistant of the				efore furt	her use is	
	Higher Command Supervisior	ı [		FM	None E	xists		Inadequate Fac	ilities/Servi	ices		$\boxtimes$	Other			at	MIOIIZEC					
	NAME (Last, First, MI) (inclu	ide Addre	ss	and UIC i	f	12. SS	SN			13a	. PEI	RSONI	NEL CL	ASSIFIC	CATION	1	3b. DATE	ASSIGNED/H	IRED (YYY	YMMDD)		
diffe	rent than Blks 5a and 5b.)						3	21-45-0987		В												
	va, Roger I.																		20010613	}		
٠.	g 4905, Smoke Bomb Hil	1						OF REDEPLO	MENT	14.	MOS	S/JOB	SERIES	6	15a.	DUTY ST	ATUS	15b. IF OFF				
	Bragg, NC WAMSA0					FROM COMBAT ZONE, IF APPLICABLE (YYYYMMDD)				GS-0802				$\boxtimes$	On-duty		Leave	Date from	(YYYYMMD	D)		
	HOME ADDRESS Albacom Ln.														Off-duty		Pass	Date to (Y	ate to (YYYYMMDD)			
	ng Lake, NC 23344					16. DO	OB (Y	YYYMMDD)			17. GENDER				18. PAY GRADE				19. FLIGH	T STATUS		
	<u> </u>					5	- ( /				M M				GS-9				Yes			
						19491212																

DA FORM 285-AB, FEB 2009

PREVIOUS EDITION IS OBSOLETE.

PAGE 1 of 3 APD PE v1.00

# Example of completed DA Form 285-AB, Page 2 Civilian Example

20. N	OST SEVERE INJURY (See Instructions) a. Degree D Date of									f Death (YYYYMMDD)			b. Type		K	c. Body P	art A		d. Ca	use	В
21. L	OST TIME				ACTIVI	TY OF	INDI	/IDUA	L Prov	ide code	(from lis	t in instructions) and	d describe	in sp	ace below.						
a. Days Hospitalized 12 23. ACTIVITY CODE (If									24. SPECIFIC DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY/TASK												
b.	Days lost not Hospitaliz	activity is parachutin complete Blk 38)								Individual was setting up the EOD explosive training facility for next day training operations.											
C.	Days Restricted		90	)	R																
d.	Treated in ER 🛛 🦞	Yes		No																	
22a.	22a. OSHA Log 300 Case No. 24																				
b. Name of Physician Dr. Rashish																					
C.	Name and Address of	Treatm	nent F	acility																	
	tteville Hospital																				
Owe	n Drive and All Ame	erican	1																		
25. F	PERSONAL PROTECTI	IVE EQ	UIPM	IENT AVAI	LABLE?		USED <sup>®</sup>		NI/A	26. ALC	OHOL/[	RUGS CAUSE/CO	NT		27. EQUIP THI			SSOCIATED	WITH?		
CHECK APPROPRIATE BLOCK(S) Yes No Yes								No	N/A	□Yes	BAC %	. □ No	Unkr	nown	(Enter Item		3lk 9)				
	a. Seat Belt				$\perp \Box$		] [								Training Facil						
4	b. Restraint System					L	] [				_	TO OPERATE EQI	UIPMENT		28b. MANDATO	_			NING		
C. Goggles/glasses/visor								<u> </u>		Yes No No If Yes, Date:								_			
✓ d. Gloves         ✓         ✓         ✓         ✓								4	<u> </u>	28c. MS	F CERT	TFIED			29. DUTY HOU a. Ti	RS me work be	egan (e.	g., 0645): 07	30		
e. Ear Plugs							Щ	Yes	Yes No If Yes, Date: b. Continuous hours: 3 hrs						-		-				
	f. IBA g. Other (Specify)	TT3 T	T-4	-	╁╬	H	]   [ a   r	╬	屵	30. HRS SLEEP 31. TACTICAL TRAINING					32. TYPE TRAINING FACILITY 33. LAST TRAINING						
X	h. Helmet	Hard F	iat		╁╫	2	1   1	┽	屵	LAST 24		31. TACTICAL I	RAINING		B/G	NING FACI	LIIY	8 months		16	
	DOT Approved (if Mo	otorcycl	le) ?	Yes	No 🗌		]   [			7		Yes	⊠ No		D/G			o monuis	agu		
34. F	FIELD EXERCISE/NAM	IED OF	PERAT	TION								35. NIGHT VISI	ON SYST	EM U	SED						
	Yes No If	Yes, p	rovide	name:						Yes No If Yes, provide type:											
36 [	DID INDIVIDUAL MAKE	ΔMIS	TAKE	THAT CALLS	SED/CO	ITRI	RUTE	ΤΟ Δ	CCIDE	NT OR 9	EVERIT	TY OF INJURY/DAM	MAGE2 In	RIV a	indicate if individ	lual mada i	a mietal	e Ifves pro	vida tha	code	
	instructions) in Blk b a				525700	*****	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, 107	00101	-111 0111	JEVE!!!	TO INCOMPAN	INOL. III	DIK a,	, maicate ii maivit	ruar mauc e	a motan	ic. II yes, pro	vide the	COUC	
a. Mi	stake c. Te	ell what	t the n	nistake was a	nd how	t cau	sed/co	ntribut	ed to t	he accide	ent or se	rverity of injury/dam	age.								
$\times$	Yes No Indiv	zidual	and s	supervisor f	failed to	ens	ure a	visua	1 chec	k of the	work a	area was complet	ed prior	to co	nducting site s	etup at an	explos	sives trainin	g facili	tv. Up	on
	movi											h was dimly lit, a									
b. Co				en physicall											•			•			
01, 0	03, 82																				
37. V	WHY WAS THE MISTA	KE M/	ADE?	(ROOT CAU	ISE) (Ch	eck t	he roo	t caus	e(s) in	Blk a. In	Blk b, t	ell how the root cau	ıse(s) led t	to the	mistake.)						
a.	LEADER		T	RAINING		ST	DS/PI	ROCE	DURE	S		S	UPPORT					INDIVI	DUAL		
	(Not ready, willing, or able to enforce standar			sufficient in tent/Amount		(No	t clea	r/Not p	ractica	al)	(Sho			apability, amount or condition of es/services/facilities)				(Mistake due to own personal factors)			
$\boxtimes$	Direct Supervision			School		AF	3		SOP		$\boxtimes$	Equip/Materiel Improperly Designe	ed		Inadequate Manufacture		Poor/E	Bad Attitude		Fatigu	ie
	Unit Command Supervision	[		Unit		TN	И		Othe	r		Equip/Materiel Not Provided			Inadequate Maintenance		Overco	onfident		Alcoh	ol, Drugs
	Higher Command Supervision			Experience, OJT		FN	И		None	exists		Inadequate Facilities/Services		X	Other		In a H	urry		Fear/E	Excitement

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# Example of completed DA Form 285-AB, Page 3 Civilian Example

37b. Describe root cause(s) (reason) and te			one () I fill t	64 - 21 41 4190	12. 1					
Supervisor and injured individual fail			CRM). Individual was overcon	fident in his abilities	s, and m a hu	ry to get th	ie job don	2.		
Improper structure design and placen 38. PARACHUTE INFORMATION FOR PE		ment.								
a. Jumper Height	g. Wind Direction/Speed at		m. Type of Last Jump		39. ENVIRONI	MENTAL CO	NDITIONS			
b. Jumper Weight	Jump Height Drop	Zone	n. Number of Previous Jumps		a. Present: #1 A	Yes	No	Unk		
c. Type of Jump	h. Jump Altitude		o. Date Graduated Basic Airborn	e Training	#2 C	Yes	No	Unk		
d. Parachute Type/Model	i. Position in Stick		(YYYYMMDD)		#3	Yes	No	Unk		
e. Equpiment	j. Door Exited		p. Type Aircraft		b. Caused/Co #1 A	ntributed: Yes	No No	Unk		
	k. Time Pre-jump Conducted		q. Accident Factors (parachute):	(Explain as necessary)	#2 C	Yes	⊠ No	Unk		
f. Wt. of Equipment	I. Date of Last Jump			#3	Yes	No	Unk			
40. PROVIDE BRIEF SYNOPSIS OF ACDT	(Use additional sheets if required,	)(Explain sequen	nce of events, tell how acdt happened	1.)						
41. CORRECTIVE ACTION(S) TAKEN OR F Unit Level- Commander 44th EN BN	N (1)Brief organization on the									
Higher Level - Commander XVII AE (3)Consider the use of on-site medica DA Level - Commander USACRC, p	al personnel when working in	and around h	azardous materials.(4)Ensure p					es.		
42. EXPLOSIVE/AMMUNITION INFORM	IATION ITEM 1		ITEM 2	ITEM 3		ITEM 4				
a. Lot#	Fragments being an	nalyzed								
b. Quantity	1									
c. Net Explosive Weight (NEW)	Unknown									
d. DoDIC/DoDAC	Unknown									
43. POINT OF CONTACT INFORMATION	ON THE ACCIDENT									
a. Name (Last, First, MI), Rank Position/	Title			b. Telephone No.	DSN: 239-	1234				
Snodgrass, Samuel A.					COM: (910	) 123-456	7			
GS9/Safety Specialist/Ground Safety 44th Eng BN Ft. Bragg	7			c. Email Address:	Snodgrass.A	Samuel@	us.army.m	il		
44. COMMAND REVIEW a. Name Kro	ckett, David I.	b. Signatu	ure Original Signed	c. Rank Col	d. Da	d. Date (YYYYMMDD) 20080818				
45. SAFTETY OFFICE REVIEW a. Name	e, Rank & Title Champion, JP,	GS13, XVIII	ABN CORP Safety Director	•	b. Phone Number 236-321-4321					
c. Email Address JPChampionI	Email Address JPChampionIII@us.army.mil d. Date Reviewed (YYYYMMDD) 20080818 e. Local Report No.									

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# For questions regarding ground accident reporting contact: (334) 255-2256 or DSN 558-2256

# TO OBTAIN A COPY OF THE BLANK DA FORM 285 AB, CLICK ON THE FOLLOWING SITE:

http://www.apd.army.mil/ or https://safety.army.mil/

# TO FIND MORE INFORMATION ON ACCIDENT REPORTING AND INVESTIGATION, VISIT THE US ARMY COMBAT READINESS/SAFETY CENTER HOME PAGE:

https://safety.army.mil

# ELECTRONICALLY SUBMIT THE AGAR TO

accidentinformation@conus.army.mil

Digits through LRAS <a href="https://safety.army.mil">https://safety.army.mil</a>

# REACH THE USACRC HELP DESK AT

HelpDesk@conus.army.mil

