UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-0

| | Form 10-Q | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| (Mark [X] | One) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(c OF 1934 | d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT |
| | For the quarterly period ended | March 31, 2010 |
| | or | |
| [] | TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 OF 1934 | (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT |
| | For the transition period from | to |
| | Commission file number | 0-09782 |
| | REAL ESTATE ASSOCIATES LI (Exact name of registrant as specif | |
| | California (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) | 95-3547609 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) |
| | 55 Beattie Place, PO B Greenville, South Caroli (Address of principal execut | na 29602 |
| | (864) 239-1000 (Registrant's telephone number, ir | ncluding area code) |
| by Section for for | ate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has ction 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act or such shorter period that the registrant was r een subject to such filing requirements for the | of 1934 during the preceding 12 months required to file such reports), and (2) |
| corpo: pursua months | ate by check mark whether the registrant has submate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data Fiant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of some solution of the such shorter period that the registrance. [] Yes [] No | le required to be submitted and posted this chapter) during the preceding 12 |
| filer. | ate by check mark whether the registrant is a la a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller report a accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "sm a Exchange Act. | ing company. See the definitions of |
| Lar | ge accelerated filer [] | Accelerated filer [] |
| | -accelerated filer [] not check if a smaller reporting company) | Smaller reporting company [X] |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). [] Yes [X] No

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

REAL ESTATE ASSOCIATES LIMITED II BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands)

| | March 31, 2010 (Unaudited) | December 31, <u>2009</u> (Note) |
|--|---|---------------------------------|
| <u>ASSETS</u> | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents Investments in Local Limited Partnerships (Note 2) Other receivables (Note 2) Total assets | \$ 995 <u>9</u> \$ <u>1,004</u> | \$ 1,034 9 \$ 1,043 |
| LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' (DEFICIENCY) CAPITAL | | |
| Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 13 | \$ 26 |
| Contingencies (Note 5) | | |
| Partners' (deficiency) capital: | | |
| General partners | (189) | (189) |
| Limited partners | 1,180 | 1,206 |
| | 991 | 1,017 |
| Total liabilities and partners' (deficiency) | | |
| capital | \$ <u>1,004</u> | \$ <u>1,043</u> |

Note: The balance sheet at December 31, 2009 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

REAL ESTATE ASSOCIATES LIMITED II STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited) (in thousands, except per interest data)

| | Three Mont | ths Ended |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | March | 31, |
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Revenues: | | |
| Interest income | \$ | \$1 |
| Operating expenses: | | |
| Management fees - partners (Note 3) | 15 | 15 |
| Administrative | 1 | 4 |
| Legal and accounting | 10 | 11 |
| Total operating expenses | 26 | 30 |
| Loss from Partnership operations | (26) | (29) |
| Distributions in excess of investment in Local Limited Partnerships (Note 2) | | 12 |
| Net loss | \$(26) | \$(17) |
| Net loss allocated to general partners (1%) Net loss allocated to limited partners (99%) | \$ (26) | \$ (17) |
| Net loss per limited partnership interest (Note 1) | \$ <u>(26</u>) \$ <u>(2.45</u>) | \$ <u>(17</u>) \$ <u>(1.60</u>) |

REAL ESTATE ASSOCIATES LIMITED II STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PARTNERS' (DEFICIENCY) CAPITAL (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except interest data)

| | General | Limited | |
|--|------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | Partners | Partners | <u>Total</u> |
| Partnership interests (A) | | <u>10,626</u> | |
| Partners' (deficiency) capital, December 31, 2009 | \$ (189) | \$ 1,206 | \$ 1,017 |
| Net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2010 | | <u>(26</u>) | (26) |
| Partners' (deficiency) capital, March 31, 2010 | \$ <u>(189</u>) | \$ <u>1,180</u> | \$ <u>991</u> |

⁽A) Consists of 10,626 partnership interests at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

REAL ESTATE ASSOCIATES LIMITED II STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (in thousands)

| | Three Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|
| | March 31, | |
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net loss | \$ (26) | \$ (17) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash | | |
| used in operating activities: | | |
| Changes in accounts: | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | (13) | (12) |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (39) | (29) |
| Cash flows used in investing activities: | | |
| Advance to Local Limited Partnership | | (4) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (39) | (33) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | 1,034 | 1,091 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$ <u>995</u> | \$ <u>1,058</u> |

Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

General

The information contained in the following notes to the unaudited financial statements is condensed from that which would appear in the annual audited financial statements; accordingly, the financial statements included herein should be reviewed in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes thereto contained in the annual report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 prepared by Real Estate Associates Limited II (the "Partnership"). Accounting measurements at interim dates inherently involve greater reliance on estimates than at year end. The results of operations for the interim period presented are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire year.

In the opinion of the Partnership's management, the accompanying unaudited financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting primarily of normal recurring items) necessary to present fairly the financial position as of March 31, 2010 and the results of operations and changes in cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

The general partners share a one percent interest in profits and losses of the Partnership. The limited partners share the remaining 99 percent interest which is allocated in proportion to their respective individual investments. The general partners of the Partnership are National Partnership Investments Corp. (the "Corporate General Partner" or "NAPICO") and National Partnership Investment Associates. The Corporate General Partner is a subsidiary of Apartment Investment and Management Company ("AIMCO"), a publicly traded real estate investment trust.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

The Partnership's management evaluated subsequent events through the time this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q was filed.

Method of Accounting for Investments in Local Limited Partnerships

The investments in local limited partnerships (the "Local Limited Partnerships") are accounted for using the equity method.

Net Loss Per Limited Partnership Interest

Net loss per limited partnership interest was computed by dividing the limited partners' share of net loss by the number of limited partnership interests outstanding at the beginning of the year. The number of limited partnership interests used was 10,626 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009.

Variable Interest Entities

The Partnership consolidates any variable interest entities in which the Partnership holds a variable interest and is the primary beneficiary. Generally, a variable interest entity, or VIE, is an entity with one or more of the following characteristics: (a) the total equity investment at risk is not sufficient to permit the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support; (b) as a group the holders of the equity investment at risk lack (i) the ability to make decisions about an entity's activities through voting or similar rights, (ii) the obligation to absorb the expected losses of the entity, or (iii) the right to receive the expected residual returns of the entity; or (c) the equity investors have voting

Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

rights that are not proportional to their economic interests and substantially all of the entity's activities either involve, or are conducted on behalf of, an investor that has disproportionately few voting rights. The primary beneficiary of a VIE is generally the entity that has (a) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance, and (b) the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

In determining whether it is the primary beneficiary of a VIE, the Partnership considers qualitative and quantitative factors, including, but not limited to: which activities most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and which party controls such activities; the amount and characteristics of the Partnership's investment; the obligation or likelihood for the Partnership or other investors to provide financial support; and the similarity with and significance to the business activities of the Partnership and the other investors. Significant judgments related to these determinations include estimates about the current and future fair values and performance of real estate held by these VIEs and general market conditions.

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Partnership holds variable interests in nine VIEs for which the Partnership is not the primary beneficiary. The Partnership has concluded, based on its qualitative consideration of the partnership agreement, the partnership structure and the role of the general partner in each of the Local Limited Partnerships, that the general partner of each of the Local Limited Partnerships is the primary beneficiary of the respective Local Limited Partnership. In making this determination, the Partnership considered the following factors:

- the general partners conduct and manage the business of the Local Limited Partnerships;
- the general partners have the responsibility for and sole discretion over selecting a property management agent for the Local Limited Partnerships' underlying real estate properties;
- the general partners are responsible for approving operating and capital budgets for the properties owned by the Local Limited Partnerships;
- the general partners are obligated to fund any recourse obligations of the Local Limited Partnerships;
- the general partners are authorized to borrow funds on behalf of the Local Limited Partnerships; and
- the Partnership, as a limited partner in each of the Local Limited Partnerships, does not have the ability to direct or otherwise significantly influence the activities of the Local Limited Partnerships that most significantly impact such entities' economic performance.

The nine VIEs consist of Local Limited Partnerships that are directly engaged in the ownership and management of nine apartment properties with a total of 515 units. The Partnership is involved with those VIEs as a non-controlling limited partner equity holder. The Partnership's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with the unconsolidated VIEs is limited to the Partnership's recorded investments in and receivables from these VIEs, which were approximately \$4,000 at both March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009. The Partnership may be subject to additional losses to the extent of any financial support that the Partnership voluntarily provides in the future.

Recent Accounting Pronouncement

In December 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update 2009-17, Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved with Variable Interest Entities, or ASU 2009-17, which is effective for fiscal years

Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

beginning after November 15, 2009. ASU 2009-17, which modifies the guidance in FASB Accounting Standards Codification, or FASB ASC, Topic 810, "Consolidation", introduces a more qualitative approach to evaluating VIEs for consolidation and requires a company to perform an analysis to determine whether its variable interests give it a controlling financial interest in a VIE. This analysis identifies the primary beneficiary of a VIE as the entity that has (a) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance, and (b) the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits that could potentially be significant to the VIE. In determining whether it has the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly affect the VIE's performance, ASU 2009-17 requires a company to assess whether it has an implicit financial responsibility to beneficiary status rather than periodic, event-driven assessment of primary beneficiary status rather than periodic, event-driven assessments as previously required, and incorporates expanded disclosure requirements. The Partnership adopted ASU 2009-17 effective January 1, 2010. The adoption of ASU 2009-17 did not have a significant effect on the Partnership's financial statements.

Note 2 - Investments in and Advances to Local Limited Partnerships

As of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Partnership holds limited partnership interests in nine Local Limited Partnerships. As of March 31, 2010, the Local Limited Partnerships own residential low income rental projects consisting of 515 apartment units. The mortgage loans of these projects are payable to or insured by various governmental agencies.

The Partnership, as a limited partner, does not have a contractual relationship with the Local Limited Partnerships or exercise control over the activities and operations, including refinancing or selling decisions, of the Local Limited Partnerships that would require or allow for consolidation. Accordingly, the Partnership accounts for its investments in the Local Limited Partnerships using the equity method. The Partnership is allocated profits and losses of the Local Limited Partnerships based upon its respective ownership percentage (between 95% and 99%). Distributions of surplus cash from operations from most of the Local Limited Partnerships are restricted by the Local Limited Partnerships' Regulatory Agreements with the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") and/or are restricted by the terms of the mortgages encumbering the Projects. These restrictions limit the distribution to a portion, generally less than 10%, of the initial invested capital. The excess surplus cash is deposited into a residual receipts reserve, of which the ultimate realization by the Partnership is uncertain as HUD frequently retains it upon sale or dissolution of the Local Limited Partnership. The Partnership is allocated profits and losses and receives distributions from refinancings and sales in accordance with the Local Limited Partnerships' partnership agreements. These agreements usually limit the Partnership's distributions to an amount substantially less than its ownership percentage in the Local Limited Partnership.

The individual investments are carried at cost plus the Partnership's share of the Local Limited Partnership's profits less the Partnership's share of the Local Limited Partnership's losses, distributions and impairment charges. The Partnership is not legally liable for the obligations of the Local Limited Partnerships and is not otherwise committed to provide additional support to them. Therefore, it does not recognize losses once its investment in each of the Local Limited Partnerships reaches zero. Distributions from the Local Limited Partnerships are accounted for as a reduction of the investment balance until the investment balance is reduced to zero.

Note 2 - Investments in and Advances to Local Limited Partnerships (continued)

When the investment balance has been reduced to zero, subsequent distributions received are recognized as income in the accompanying unaudited statements of operations. Operating distributions from the Local Limited Partnerships in which the Partnership's investment in the Local Limited Partnerships has been reduced to zero were approximately \$12,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. The Partnership did not receive any distributions from Local Limited Partnerships during the three months ended March 31, 2010.

During the three months ended March 31, 2009, the Partnership advanced approximately \$4,000 to one Local Limited Partnership, Branford Development Associates, to fund a tax payment, which is included in other receivables. While not obligated to make advances to any of the Local Limited Partnerships, the Partnership made this advance in order to protect its economic investment in the Local Limited Partnership. The Partnership expects to receive repayment of this advance during the second quarter of 2010.

For those investments where the Partnership has determined that the carrying value of its investments approximates the estimated fair value of those investments, the Partnership's policy is to recognize equity in income of the Local Limited Partnerships only to the extent of distributions received and amortization of acquisition costs from those Local Limited Partnerships. Therefore, the Partnership limits its recognition of equity earnings to the amount it expects to ultimately realize.

The Partnership has no carrying value in investments in Local Limited Partnerships as of March 31, 2010 or December 31, 2009.

The following are unaudited condensed combined estimated statements of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 for the Local Limited Partnerships in which the Partnership has invested (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Revenues | | |
| Rental and other | \$ <u>1,123</u> | \$ <u>1,123</u> |
| Expenses | | |
| Depreciation | 109 | 107 |
| Interest | 160 | 175 |
| Operating | 665 | 664 |
| | 934 | 946 |
| Net income | \$ <u>189</u> | \$ <u>177</u> |

The current policy of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") is to not renew the Housing Assistance Payment ("HAP") Contracts on a long term basis on the existing terms. In connection with renewals of the HAP Contracts under current law and policy, the amount of rental assistance payments under renewed HAP Contracts will be based on market rentals instead of above market rentals, which may not be the case under existing HAP Contracts. The payments under the renewed HAP Contracts may not be in an amount that would provide sufficient cash flow to permit owners of properties subject to HAP Contracts to meet the debt service requirements of existing loans insured by the Federal Housing Administration ("FHA") unless such mortgage loans are restructured. In order to address the reduction in payments under HAP Contracts as a result of current policy, the Multi-family Assisted Housing Reform

Note 2 - Investments in and Advances to Local Limited Partnerships (continued)

and Affordability Act of 1997 ("MAHRAA") provides for the restructuring of mortgage loans insured by the FHA with respect to properties subject to the Section 8 program. Under MAHRAA, an FHA-insured mortgage loan can be restructured into a first mortgage loan which will be amortized on a current basis and a low interest second mortgage loan payable to FHA which will only be payable on maturity of the first mortgage loan. This restructuring results in a reduction in annual debt service payable by the owner of the FHA-insured mortgage loan and is expected to result in an insurance payment from FHA to the holder of the FHA-insured loan due to the reduction in the principal amount. MAHRAA also phases out project-based subsidies on selected properties serving families not located in rental markets with limited supply, converting such subsidies to a tenant-based subsidy.

When the HAP Contracts are subject to renewal, there can be no assurance that the Local Limited Partnerships in which the Partnership has an investment will be permitted to restructure its mortgage indebtedness under MAHRAA. In addition, the economic impact on the Partnership of the combination of the reduced payments under the HAP Contracts and the restructuring of the existing FHA-insured mortgage loans under MAHRAA is uncertain.

Note 3 - Transactions With Affiliated Parties

Under the terms of the Restated Certificate and Agreement of Limited Partnership, the Partnership is liable to NAPICO for an annual management fee equal to 0.4 percent of the Partnership's original remaining invested assets of the Local Limited Partnerships and is calculated at the beginning of each year. Invested assets are defined as the costs of acquiring project interests, including the proportionate amount of the mortgage loans related to the Partnership's interests in the capital accounts of the respective partnerships. For each of the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, the fee was approximately \$15,000.

Note 4 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments

FASB ASC Topic 825, "Financial Instruments", requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the balance sheet, for which it is practicable to estimate fair value. Fair value is defined as the amount at which the instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The Partnership believes that the carrying amount of other assets and liabilities reported on the balance sheet at March 31, 2010 that require such disclosure approximated their fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

Note 5 - Contingencies

The Corporate General Partner is involved in various lawsuits arising from transactions in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management and the Corporate General Partner, the claims will not result in any material liability to the Partnership.

Note 6 - Subsequent Event

On April 21, 2010, the Partnership entered into an Assignment and Assumption Agreement with a third party relating to the assignment of the limited partnership interest held by the Partnership in Valebrook Associates for a total price of \$2,600,000. As a condition of closing, the assignee must obtain the consent of the operating general partner of Valebrook Associates on or before May 21, 2010. In the event such consent is timely obtained, the transaction is expected to close in June 2010. The Partnership's investment balance in this Local Limited Partnership was zero at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a "safe harbor" for forward-looking statements in certain circumstances. Certain information included in this Quarterly Report contains or may contain information that is forward-looking within the meaning of the federal securities laws, including, without limitation, statements regarding the Partnership's future financial performance and the effect of government regulations. Actual results may differ materially from those described in these forward-looking statements and, in addition, will be affected by a variety of risks and factors some of which are beyond the Partnership's control including, without limitation: financing risks, including the availability and cost of financing and the risk that the Partnership's cash flows from operations may be insufficient to meet required payments of principal and interest; national and local economic conditions; the general level of interest rates; the terms of governmental regulations that affect the Partnership and its investment in limited partnerships and interpretations of those regulations; the competitive environment in which the Partnership operates; real estate risks, including fluctuations in real estate values and the general economic climate in local markets and competition for residents in such markets; litigation, including costs associated with prosecuting or defending claims and any adverse outcomes; and possible environmental liabilities, including costs, fines or penalties that may be incurred due to necessary remediation of contamination of properties presently owned or previously owned by the limited partnerships in which the Partnership has invested. Readers should carefully review the Partnership's financial statements and the notes thereto, as well as the other documents the Partnership files from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Corporate General Partner monitors developments in the area of legal and regulatory compliance.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Partnership's primary source of funds includes distributions from Local Limited Partnerships in which the Partnership has invested. It is not expected that any of the Local Limited Partnerships in which the Partnership has invested will generate cash flow from operations sufficient to provide for distributions to limited partners in any material amount. An infrequent source of funds would be funds received by the Partnership as its share of any proceeds from the sale of a property owned by a Local Limited Partnership or the Partnership's sale of its interest in a Local Limited Partnership. There were no distributions made by the Partnership to its limited partners during the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009.

The properties in which the Partnership has invested, through its investments in the Local Limited Partnerships, receive one or more forms of assistance from the Federal Government. As a result, the Local Limited Partnerships' ability to transfer funds either to the Partnership or among themselves in the form of distributions, loans or advances is generally restricted by these government assistance programs. These restrictions, however, are not expected to impact the Partnership's ability to meet its cash obligations.

Distributions received from Local Limited Partnerships are accounted for as a reduction of the investment balance until the investment balance has been reduced to zero. Subsequent distributions received are recognized as income. Operating distributions from the Local Limited Partnerships in which the Partnership's investment in the Local Limited Partnerships has been reduced to zero were approximately \$12,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. The Partnership did not receive any distributions from Local Limited Partnerships during the three months ended March 31, 2010.

As of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Partnership had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$995,000 and \$1,034,000, respectively. Cash and cash equivalents are on deposit with a financial institution. Cash equivalents can be converted to cash to meet obligations of the Partnership as they arise.

Results of Operations

At March 31, 2010, the Partnership has investments in nine Local Limited Partnerships, all of which own housing projects, most of which were substantially rented. Partnership, as a limited partner, does not have a contractual relationship with the Local Limited Partnerships or exercise control over the activities and operations, including refinancing or selling decisions of the Local Limited Partnerships that would require or allow for consolidation. Accordingly, the Partnership accounts for its investment in the Local Limited Partnerships using the equity method. Thus the individual investments are carried at cost plus the Partnership's share of the Local Limited Partnership's profits less the Partnership's share of the Local Limited Partnership's losses, distributions and impairment charges. However, since the Partnership is not legally liable for the obligations of the Local Limited Partnerships, or is not otherwise committed to provide additional support to them, it does not recognize losses once its investment in each of the Local Limited Partnerships reaches zero. Distributions from the Local Limited Partnerships are accounted for as a reduction of the investment balance until the investment balance is reduced to zero. Subsequent distributions received are recognized as income in the statements of operations. For those investments where the Partnership has determined that the carrying value of its investments approximates the estimated fair value of those investments, the Partnership's policy is to recognize equity in income of the Local Limited Partnerships only to the extent of distributions received and amortization of acquisition costs from those Local Limited Partnerships. Therefore, the Partnership limits its recognition of equity earnings to the amount it expects to ultimately realize. The Partnership recognized no equity in loss of limited partnerships for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, as the Partnership's investment in all Local Limited Partnerships had been reduced to zero prior to January 1, 2009.

Operating distributions from the Local Limited Partnerships in which the Partnership's investment in the Local Limited Partnerships has been reduced to zero were approximately \$12,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009. There were no operating distributions received from the Local Limited Partnerships during the three months ended March 31, 2010. This amount was recognized as income on the statements of operations included in "Item 1. Financial Statements", in accordance with the equity method of accounting.

During the three months ended March 31, 2009, the Partnership advanced approximately \$4,000 to one Local Limited Partnership, Branford Development Associates, to fund a tax payment, which is included in other receivables. While not obligated to make advances to any of the Local Limited Partnerships, the Partnership made this advance in order to protect its economic investment in the Local Limited Partnership. The Partnership expects to receive repayment of this advance during the second quarter of 2010.

The current policy of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") is to not renew the Housing Assistance Payment ("HAP") Contracts on a long term basis on the existing terms. In connection with renewals of the HAP Contracts under current law and policy, the amount of rental assistance payments under renewed HAP Contracts will be based on market rentals instead of above market rentals, which may not be the case under existing HAP Contracts. The payments under the renewed HAP Contracts may not be in an amount that would provide sufficient cash flow to permit owners of properties subject to HAP Contracts to meet the debt service requirements of existing loans insured by the Federal Housing Administration ("FHA") unless such mortgage loans are restructured. In order to address the reduction in payments under HAP Contracts as a result of current policy, the Multi-family Assisted Housing Reform and Affordability Act of 1997 ("MAHRAA") provides for the restructuring of mortgage loans insured by the FHA with respect to properties subject to the Section 8 program. Under MAHRAA, an FHA-insured mortgage loan can be restructured into a first mortgage loan which will be amortized on a current basis and a low interest second mortgage loan payable to FHA which will only be payable on maturity of the first mortgage loan. This restructuring results in a reduction in annual debt service payable by the owner of the FHA-insured mortgage loan and is expected to result in an insurance payment from FHA to the holder of the FHA-insured loan due to the reduction in the principal amount. MAHRAA also phases out project-based subsidies on selected properties serving families not located in rental markets with limited supply, converting such subsidies to a tenantbased subsidy.

When the HAP Contracts are subject to renewal, there can be no assurance that the Local Limited Partnerships in which the Partnership has an investment will be permitted to restructure its mortgage indebtedness under MAHRAA. In addition, the economic impact on the Partnership of the combination of the reduced payments under the HAP Contracts and the restructuring of the existing FHA-insured mortgage loans under MAHRAA is uncertain.

A recurring partnership expense is the annual management fee. The fee is payable to the Corporate General Partner and is calculated at 0.4 percent of the Partnership's original remaining invested assets at the beginning of each year. The management fee is paid to the Corporate General Partner for its continuing management of Partnership affairs. Management fees were approximately \$15,000 for each of the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009.

Operating expenses, other than management fees, consist of legal and accounting fees for services rendered to the Partnership and administrative expenses. Legal and accounting fees were approximately \$10,000 and \$11,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Administrative expenses were approximately \$1,000 and \$4,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The decrease in administrative expenses is due to the timing and costs associated with communications with investors.

The Partnership, as a limited partner in the Local Limited Partnerships in which it has invested, is subject to the risks incident to the construction, management, and ownership of improved real estate. The Partnership's investments are also subject to adverse general economic conditions, and, accordingly, the status of the national economy, including substantial unemployment, concurrent inflation and changing legislation which could increase vacancy levels, rental payment defaults, and operating expenses, which in turn, could substantially increase the risk of operating losses for the projects.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Partnership owns limited partnership interests in unconsolidated Local Limited Partnerships, in which the Partnership's ownership percentage ranges from 95% to 99%. However, based on the provisions of the relevant partnership agreements, the Partnership, as a limited partner, does not have control or a contractual relationship with the Local Limited Partnerships that would require or allow for consolidation under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (see "Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" of the financial statements in "Item 1. Financial Statements"). There are no lines of credit, side agreements or any other derivative financial instruments between the Local Limited Partnerships and the Partnership. Accordingly the Partnership's maximum risk of loss related to these unconsolidated Local Limited Partnerships is limited to the recorded investments in and receivables from the Local Limited Partnerships. See "Note 2 - Investments in and Advances to Local Limited Partnerships" of the financial statements in "Item 1. Financial Statements" for additional information about the Partnership's investments in unconsolidated Local Limited Partnerships.

Other

In addition to its indirect ownership of the general partnership interest in the Partnership, AIMCO and its affiliates owned 1,740 limited partnership interests in the Partnership representing 16.37% of the outstanding limited partnership interests at March 31, 2010. It is possible that AIMCO or its affiliates will acquire additional limited partnership interests in exchange for cash or a combination of cash and units in AIMCO Properties, L.P., the operating partnership of AIMCO. Pursuant to the Partnership Agreement, unitholders holding a majority of the limited partnership interests are entitled to take action with respect to a variety of matters that include, but are not limited to, voting on certain amendments to the Partnership Agreement and voting to remove the Corporate General Partner. Although the Corporate

General Partner owes fiduciary duties to the limited partners of the Partnership, the Corporate General Partner also owes fiduciary duties to AIMCO as its sole stockholder. As a result, the duties of the Corporate General Partner, as corporate general partner, to the Partnership and its limited partners may come into conflict with the duties of the Corporate General Partner to AIMCO as its sole stockholder.

Variable Interest Entities

The Partnership consolidates any variable interest entities in which the Partnership holds a variable interest and is the primary beneficiary. Generally, a variable interest entity, or VIE, is an entity with one or more of the following characteristics: (a) the total equity investment at risk is not sufficient to permit the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support; (b) as a group the holders of the equity investment at risk lack (i) the ability to make decisions about an entity's activities through voting or similar rights, (ii) the obligation to absorb the expected losses of the entity, or (iii) the right to receive the expected residual returns of the entity; or (c) the equity investors have voting rights that are not proportional to their economic interests and substantially all of the entity's activities either involve, or are conducted on behalf of, an investor that has disproportionately few voting rights. The primary beneficiary of a VIE is generally the entity that has (a) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance, and (b) the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

In determining whether it is the primary beneficiary of a VIE, the Partnership considers qualitative and quantitative factors, including, but not limited to: which activities most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and which party controls such activities; the amount and characteristics of the Partnership's investment; the obligation or likelihood for the Partnership or other investors to provide financial support; and the similarity with and significance to the business activities of the Partnership and the other investors. Significant judgments related to these determinations include estimates about the current and future fair values and performance of real estate held by these VIEs and general market conditions.

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Partnership holds variable interests in nine VIEs for which the Partnership is not the primary beneficiary. The Partnership has concluded, based on its qualitative consideration of the partnership agreement, the partnership structure and the role of the general partner in each of the Local Limited Partnerships, that the general partner of each of the Local Limited Partnerships is the primary beneficiary of the respective Local Limited Partnership. In making this determination, the Partnership considered the following factors:

- the general partners conduct and manage the business of the Local Limited Partnerships;
- the general partners have the responsibility for and sole discretion over selecting a property management agent for the Local Limited Partnerships' underlying real estate properties;
- the general partners are responsible for approving operating and capital budgets for the properties owned by the Local Limited Partnerships;
- the general partners are obligated to fund any recourse obligations of the Local Limited Partnerships;
- the general partners are authorized to borrow funds on behalf of the Local Limited Partnerships; and
- the Partnership, as a limited partner in each of the Local Limited Partnerships, does not have the ability to direct or otherwise significantly influence the activities of the Local Limited Partnerships that most significantly impact such entities' economic performance.

The nine VIEs consist of Local Limited Partnerships that are directly engaged in the ownership and management of nine apartment properties with a total of 515 units. The Partnership is involved with those VIEs as a non-controlling limited partner equity

holder. The Partnership's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with the unconsolidated VIEs is limited to the Partnership's recorded investments in and receivables from these VIEs, which were approximately \$4,000 at both March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009. The Partnership may be subject to additional losses to the extent of any financial support that the Partnership voluntarily provides in the future.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States which require the Partnership to make estimates and assumptions. The Partnership believes that of its critical accounting policies, the following may involve a higher degree of judgment and complexity.

Method of Accounting for Investments in Local Limited Partnerships

The Partnership, as a limited partner, does not have a contractual relationship with the Local Limited Partnerships or exercise control over the activities and operations, including refinancing or selling decisions, of the Local Limited Partnerships that would require or allow for consolidation. Accordingly, the Partnership accounts for its investments in the Local Limited Partnerships using the equity method. The Partnership is allocated profits and losses of the Local Limited Partnerships based upon its respective ownership percentage (between 95% and 99%). Distributions of surplus cash from operations from most of the Local Limited Partnerships are restricted by the Local Limited Partnerships' Regulatory Agreements with the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") and /or are restricted by the terms of the mortgages encumbering the Projects. These restrictions limit the distribution to a portion, generally less than 10%, of the initial invested capital. The excess surplus cash is deposited into a residual receipts reserve, of which the ultimate realization by the Partnership is uncertain as HUD frequently retains it upon sale or dissolution of the Local Limited Partnership. The Partnership is allocated profits and losses and receives distributions from refinancings and sales in accordance with the Local Limited Partnerships' partnership agreements. These agreements usually limit the Partnership's distributions to an amount substantially less than its ownership percentage in the Local Limited Partnership.

The individual investments are carried at cost plus the Partnership's share of the Local Limited Partnership's profits less the Partnership's share of the Local Limited Partnership's losses, distributions and impairment charges. The Partnership is not legally liable for the obligations of the Local Limited Partnerships and is not otherwise committed to provide additional support to them. Therefore, it does not recognize losses once its investment in each of the Local Limited Partnerships reaches zero. Distributions from the Local Limited Partnerships are accounted for as a reduction of the investment balance until the investment balance is reduced to zero. When the investment balance has been reduced to zero, subsequent distributions received are recognized as income in the statements of operations.

For those investments where the Partnership has determined that the carrying value of its investments approximates the estimated fair value of those investments, the Partnership's policy is to recognize equity in income of the Local Limited Partnerships only to the extent of distributions received and amortization of acquisition costs from those Local Limited Partnerships. Therefore, the Partnership limits its recognition of equity earnings to the amount it expects to ultimately realize.

ITEM 4T. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

The Partnership's management, with the participation of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the Corporate General Partner, who are the equivalent of the Partnership's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, respectively, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of

the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the Corporate General Partner, who are the equivalent of the Partnership's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, respectively, have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

(b) Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

There has been no change in the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter to which this report relates that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

See Exhibit Index.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

REAL ESTATE ASSOCIATES LIMITED II

By: National Partnership Investments Corp.

Corporate General Partner

Date: May 13, 2010 By: /s/Steven D. Cordes

Steven D. Cordes

Senior Vice President

/s/Stephen B. Waters Stephen B. Waters Date: May 13, 2010 By:

Senior Director of Partnership Accounting

REAL ESTATE ASSOCIATES LIMITED II EXHIBIT INDEX

| Exhibit | Description of Exhibit |
|---------|--|
| 3 | Articles of incorporation and bylaws: The Registrant is not incorporated. The Partnership Agreement was filed with Form S-11 #266171 which is hereby incorporated by reference. |
| 3.1 | Amendments to Restated Certificate and Agreement of Limited Partnership. Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 24, 2005. |
| 3.2 | Restated Certificate and Agreement of Limited Partnership (complete text as amended). Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 24, 2005. |
| 10 | Material contracts: The Registrant is not party to any material contracts, other than the Restated Certificate and Agreement of Limited Partnership dated December 4, 1979, and the twenty-one contracts representing the Partnership's investment in Local Limited Partnerships as previously filed at the Securities and Exchange Commission, File #266171, which is hereby incorporated by reference. |
| 10.1 | Assignment and Assumption Agreement by and between Real Estate Associates Limited II, a California limited partnership, and Equity Resource Fund 2009 Limited Partnership, a Massachusetts limited partnership, dated April 21, 2010. (Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 21, 2010). |
| 31.1 | Certification of equivalent of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules $13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)$, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 31.2 | Certification of equivalent of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules $13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)$, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.1 | Certification of equivalent of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |

CERTIFICATION

- I, Steven D. Cordes, certify that:
- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Real Estate Associates Limited II;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)), for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 13, 2010

/s/Steven D. Cordes

Steven D. Cordes

Senior Vice President of National Partnership Investments Corp., equivalent of the chief executive officer of the Partnership

CERTIFICATION

- I, Stephen B. Waters, certify that:
- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Real Estate Associates Limited II;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)), for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 13, 2010

/s/Stephen B. Waters

Stephen B. Waters

Senior Director of Partnership Accounting of National Partnership Investments Corp., equivalent of the chief financial officer of the Partnership

Certification of CEO and CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Real Estate Associates Limited II (the "Partnership"), for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2010 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Steven D. Cordes, as the equivalent of the Chief Executive Officer of the Partnership, and Stephen B. Waters, as the equivalent of the Chief Financial Officer of the Partnership, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Partnership.

/s/Steven D. Cordes
Name: Steven D. Cordes
Date: May 13, 2010

/s/Stephen B. Waters Name: Stephen B. Waters Date: May 13, 2010

This certification is furnished with this Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not be deemed filed by the Partnership for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.