EIS IPDP

Supervisor Guidelines

EIS IPDP Supervisor Guidelines





The Early Intervention Specialist Individualized Professional Development Plan (EIS IPDP) is the final part of the credentialing system for Early Intervention Specialists (EIS). An EIS must complete Making It Work and the staff self-assessment prior to starting the EIS IPDP credentialing module. The new system is a streamlined process that decreases the time it takes an EIS to become credentialed. It includes learning activities, observations and demonstrations directly related to the job responsibilities of an EIS.

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Supervision

As the EIS Supervisor, you are required to provide one hour of supervision per week while the EIS is going through the credentialing process. There is opportunity for you to interact with the EIS throughout the EIS IPDP. On several occasions, the EIS is directed to discuss an answer or opinion with his/her supervisor. This document is intended to assist you in supervising the EIS by providing you examples of correct answers and detailed explanations of activities. Supervision needs to be documented on the supervision log provided on pages 4-14 or a document already in use by your program. After the EIS receives his/her certificate, EIS supervision decreases to 3 hours of supervision per quarter. EIS supervision should include:

- documented consultation to include evaluation and development of staff knowledge, skills, and abilities, and case-specific problem solving.
- record review with staff to include a review of documentation in child records to evaluate compliance with the requirements outlined in TAC, and quality, accuracy, and timeliness of documentation.
- observation of the staff providing services (watching staff interactions with children and families) and providing guidance and feedback of your observation.
 - The supervisor attends a visit with staff, and after, meets with staff to discuss the visit, or
 - The staff member records/videos a visit with the family's written consent and reviews the recording/video with his/her supervisor for guidance and feedback.
- staff training on specific topics with staff participation, guidance from supervisor and feedback.

Staff Self-Assessment

Based on the staff self-assessment that should be completed prior to starting the EIS IPDP module, EISs may be required to complete other training activities in addition to the credentialing activities. The supervisor guidelines for the staff self-assessment, including activities required based on the EIS's answers can be found in the Orientation: Making It Work Supervisor Guidelines. Space is provided on the "IPDP Progress Tracker for Early Intervention Specialists" and in the document below for the supervisor to indicate the supplementary activities the EIS is required to complete.

Getting Started in the EIS IPDP

There are a few options available to the EIS for course materials:

- The EIS may print out a course packet which includes the worksheets and handouts from various slides, and store them a binder or folder. Once the EIS comes to the slide that references the document, the EIS can then complete the document. After completion, he/she will need to share the results with his/her supervisor.
- The EIS may print the worksheets and handouts from the associated slide. Once completed, he/she should store them in a binder or folder and share results with his/her supervisor.

EISs use the "IPDP Progress Tracker for Early Intervention Specialists" as a way for EISs to:

• keep track of their progress in the module,

- view the learning objectives for EISs and see how they relate to MIW,
- have an idea of how long it could take to complete an activity, and
- have accountability by having their supervisor sign and date the document.

The module works best if the EIS uses the "Next," "Prev," "Submit," and "Continue" buttons built into the module, and avoids using the menu drop down located on the far left of the module.

Navigating the EIS IPDP Supervisor Guidelines

This guide mimics the format of the "IPDP Progress Tracker for Early Intervention Specialists." It is not necessary to print out this entire document, and it should be used electronically. Programs need to maintain documentation of the completed EIS IPDP. When a program is randomly selected for an EIS Registry audit for the Final IPDP, pages 4-14 of this document or the "IPDP Progress Tracker for Early Intervention Specialists" need to be submitted to the state office, as indicated in the audit request e-mail.

Name of Section **Supervision Log:** Date/Time/ Learning Tasks in EIS Credentialing Module **Supervisor Signature Supervisor Guidance** *can be electronic **Reference Material** Link to Answer Key Indicates supervision is required The required • activity is listed Enter date, time, and supervisor Provides instruction to the The material (article, ٠ When input or • signature webinar, outside supervisor feedback from the If box is gray, feedback is built into module) linked in Indicates if there is a need for • supervisor is module and supervisor input or feedback from the the EIS IPDP required, the feedback/input is not required credentialing supervisor or if feedback is answer key to the If supervision does occur, enter built into the module module activity is linked in date, time, and supervisor this box signature

A description of the layout of the EIS IPDP Supervisor Guidelines is provided below:

Once the EIS has completed all credentialing activities, the program director, EIS supervisor(s), and EIS sign and date page 14 of this document or page 11 of the "IPDP Progress Tracker for Early Intervention Specialists." Programs enter this date into the EIS Registry as the completion date for the Final IPDP. The State Office reviews the data entered and enters an approval date, along with e-mailing the program director a letter of completion and mailing a certificate to your program.

The letter of completion indicates the EIS's due dates for Continuing Professional Education (C.P.E.) and Ethics:

- Ten hours of C.P.E. every year, and
- Three hours of Ethics every two years.

Prior to the annual due date, programs enter the EIS's C.P.E. and Ethics record into the EIS Registry.

EIS Name:

| Mission, Philosophy and Key Principles | Mission, Philosophy and Key Principles | | | | | |
|--|---|--|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Learning Tasks | in EIS Credentialing Module | Date/Time/ Supervisor Signature | | | |
| Supervisor Guidance | Reference Material | Link to Answer Key | Supervisor Signature | | | |
| Feedback built into module | Read about the EIS in TAC | Check your understanding 1.1: find reference in TAC (one question) | | | | |
| EIS should have previously read and signed the Code of Ethics to enter the EIS Registry Feedback built into module for the scenarios EIS is asked to write a response in his/her journal to the final question and discuss with supervisor | Read "EIS Code of Ethics" | <u>Check your understanding 1.2:</u> <u>"Is this ethical?"</u> (four scenarios and one question) | | | | |
| EIS is directed to debrief with supervisor This worksheet is a self-reflection without right or wrong answers | | Self-Reflection Worksheet "Personalized Statement of Excellence" | | | | |
| Feedback built into module | Read "Cultural Competence article 1" | Check your understanding 1.3: "Cultural Awareness vs. Cultural Competence" (drag and drop) | | | | |
| • EIS completes a self-reflection on values and how his/her values have changed from his/her family of origin | | Rank values for self and family of origin (drag and drop) | | | | |
| EIS responds to cultural scenarios and discusses with supervisor | Read "Cultural Competence article 2" | Worksheet "Cultural Scenarios" | | | | |
| • EIS is directed to answer questions at the bottom of the blog and discuss with supervisor | Read blog on cultural differences | Answer questions within blog | | | | |

| Evaluation and Assessment | | | Supervision Log: |
|---|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Supervisor Cuidence | Learning Tasks | in EIS Credentialing Module | Date/Time/ Supervisor Signature |
| Supervisor Guidance | Reference Material | Link to Answer Key | Supervisor Signature |
| EIS researches three medical diagnoses that automatically qualify a child for ECI EIS is directed to debrief with supervisor | Research three medical diagnoses | Worksheet "Medical Diagnosis Activity" | |
| Feedback built into module for multiple choice question EIS writes answer to reflective question in journal and debriefs with supervisor | Read "Environmental Risk Factors" | <u>Check Your Understanding 2.1:</u> <u>Environmental Risk Factors</u> (two questions) | |
| Feedback built into module for true/false question EIS writes answer to reflective question in journal and debriefs with supervisor | Read "Low Birth Weight" | <u>Check Your Understanding 2.2:</u> Low Birth Weight (two questions) | |
| Feedback built into module for true/false question EIS writes answer to question in journal and debriefs with supervisor | Read "Birth Defects" | <u>Check Your Understanding 2.3:</u> <u>Birth Defects</u> (two questions) | |
| Feedback built into module for true/false question EIS writes answer to question in journal and debriefs with supervisor | Read "Prematurity" | <u>Check Your Understanding 2.4:</u> <u>Prematurity</u> (two questions) | |
| Feedback built into module | Read "Evaluation and Eligibility Q&A" | Check your understanding 2.5: BDI-2 and Eligibility (six questions) | |
| EIS writes answer to reflective question in journal and debriefs with supervisor | Watch "BDI & Eligibility The Mythbusters Edition" | <u>Write in Journal</u> | |
| EIS writes answer to reflective question in journal and debriefs with supervisor | Read "Accommodations to Consider When Using the BDI-2 for Children with Disabilities" | <u>Write in Journal</u> | |

| | Learning Tasks | in EIS Credentialing Module | Supervision Log: Date/Time/ |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------|
| Supervisor Guidance | Reference Material | Link to Answer Key | Supervisor Signature |
| EIS writes answer to question in journal and debriefs with supervisor | Watch "Evaluation and Needs Assessment for Very Young Infants" | Write in Journal | |
| Feedback built into module | Watch "Evaluation & Assessment for Children in Bilingual Environments" (Part 1) Cultural Considerations | Check your understanding 2.6: Cultural Considerations (one question) | |
| EIS writes answer to question in journal and debriefs with supervisor | Watch "Evaluation & Assessment for Children in Bilingual Environments" (Part 2) Difference vs. Disorder | Write in Journal | |
| Feedback built into module | Watch "Evaluation & Assessment for Children in Bilingual Environments" (Part 3) Interpreting the BDI-2 | Check your understanding 2.7: Interpreting the BDI-2 (one question) | |
| Provide EIS access to this module, located on the extranet (Eligibility) | Complete "Help with the HELP" module - see supervisor for access | Activities are built into module | |
| Feedback built into module | Z | & check your understanding 2.8: oe's Eligibility one question) | |
| EIS completes form and answers question based on form Feedback built into module along with answer key If additional assistance is needed, sit down with staff and review this activity | check yo Needs Asse | ent, ID and Referral Checklist for Zoe & ur understanding 2.9: ssment, ID and Referral one question) | |

| IFSP | | | Supervision Log: |
|--|---|--|----------------------|
| Supervisor Guidance | Learning Tasks | Date/Time/ Supervisor Signature | |
| Supervisor Guidance | Reference Material | Link to Answer Key | Supervisor Signature |
| Feedback built into module | Watch the CMS Early Steps Module (pages 2-6 and 8) | Check your understanding 3.1: Purpose and Philosophical Foundation (two questions) | |
| EIS writes answer to question in journal and debriefs with supervisor | Read "The Individual Family Service Plan" | Write in Journal | |
| EIS reads an article EIS should take notes on the article or in their journal | Read "Considerations for Planning RBI" | Write Notes in Journal | |
| Feedback built into module | Read "Gathering and Giving Information to Families" | Check your understanding 3.2: Gathering and Giving (three questions) | |
| Feedback built into module Module has <u>linked</u> supervisor guidelines | Complete Global Child Outcomes training | Activities are built into module | |
| EIS reviews pieces of a real IFSP and answers questions in journal Debriefs with supervisor | Review example of poor documentation | Critique documentation & write in journal | |
| EIS critiques outcome based on guidelines EIS writes findings in journal and debriefs with supervisor | Review guidelines for outcomes | Apply outcome guidelines & write in journal | |
| EIS completes the first page of the comprehensive needs assessment and debriefs with supervisor | Listen to Zoe's RBI & comp | lete a comprehensive needs assessment | |

| IFSP Continued | Supervision Log: | | |
|--|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Superviser Cuidenes | Learning Tasks | in EIS Credentialing Module | Date/Time/ Supervisor Signature |
| Supervisor Guidance | Reference Material | Link to Answer Key | |
| • EIS writes a functional, measurable outcome for Zoe and debriefs with supervisor | Review checklist & write an outcome for Zoe | | |
| Feedback built into module | Review new information about Zoe & check your understanding 3.3: Zoe's Periodic Review (one question) | | |

| Service Delivery | ervice Delivery | | | | |
|--|--|--|----------------------|--|--|
| Supervisor Guidance | Learning Tasks | Learning Tasks in EIS Credentialing Module | | | |
| | Reference Material | Link to Answer Key | Supervisor Signature | | |
| Feedback built into module | Read about SST in TAC | Check your understanding 4.1: find reference in TAC (one question) | | | |
| Feedback built into module | Review SST brochure | SST vs. Therapy Diagram (five questions) | | | |
| Feedback built into module | Review "Developmental Red Flags – Birth to 3" | Check your understanding 4.2: Developmental Red Flags (five questions) | | | |
| Provide access to the SST Workbook Examples and answer key to the documentation activities are located in the electronic workbook | Complete SST Workbook | Activities built into SST Workbook | | | |
| List three intervention strategies per child and debrief with supervisor | Watch VI video | Write in Journal | | | |
| • List two additional intervention strategies per child and debrief with supervisor | Read VI article | Write in Journal | | | |
| EIS writes a SST progress note and debriefs with supervisor | Review information | Review information about Zoe & complete SST note | | | |

| Observations & Demonstrations | Observations & Demonstrations | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Supervisor Guidance | Learning Tasks | in EIS Credentialing Module | Supervision Log: Date/Time/ Supervisor Signature | | | |
| Supervisor Guidance | Reference Material | Form Linked in Module | | | | |
| EIS completes an observation based on instruction provided in the module EIS debriefs with supervisor about observations | Complete one observation | Worksheet "Family Observation" | | | | |
| EIS completes two observations of eligibility determination EIS debriefs with supervisor about observations | Complete two observations | Worksheet "Eligibility Determination Observation" | | | | |
| EIS completes one demonstration of eligibility determination for supervisor Supervisor meets with EIS to provide feedback | Complete one demonstration of evaluation and assessment | Worksheet "Eligibility Determination Demonstration" | | | | |
| EIS completes an observation of the initial IFSP based on instruction provided on the worksheet EIS debriefs with supervisor about observations | Observe one initial IFSP | Worksheet "Initial IFSP Observation" | | | | |
| EIS completes an observation of an annual IFSP based on instruction provided on the worksheet EIS debriefs with supervisor about observations | Observe one annual IFSP | Worksheet "Annual Evaluation of the IFSP" | | | | |
| EIS completes an observation of a periodic review based on instruction provided on the worksheet EIS debriefs with supervisor about observations | Observe one periodic review | Worksheet "Observation – Periodic Review" | | | | |
| EIS completes one demonstration of IFSP for supervisor Supervisor meets with EIS to provide feedback | Complete one demonstration of IFSP | Worksheet "IFSP Demonstration" | | | | |

| Observations & Demonstrations Continued | Observations & Demonstrations Continued | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Superviser Cuidence | Learning Tasks | in EIS Credentialing Module | Supervision Log: Date/Time/ Supervisor Signature | | | |
| Supervisor Guidance | Reference Material | Form Linked in Module | Supervisor Signature | | | |
| EIS completes an observation of a service delivery visit based on instruction provided on the worksheet EIS debriefs with supervisor about observations | Observe one service delivery: child with qualitatively different sensory or motor responses | Worksheet "Sensory Motor Child Observation" | | | | |
| EIS completes an observation of a service delivery visit based on instruction provided on the worksheet EIS debriefs with supervisor about observations | Observe one service delivery: child with qualitatively different language or cognition | Worksheet "Language or Cognition Child Observation" | | | | |
| EIS completes an observation of a service delivery visit based on instruction provided on the worksheet EIS debriefs with supervisor about observations | Observe one service delivery: child with qualitatively different emotional or social patterns | Worksheet "Social or Emotional Child Observation" | | | | |
| EIS completes an observation of a service delivery visit based on instruction provided on the worksheet EIS debriefs with supervisor about observations | Observe one service delivery: child with auditory or visual impairment | Worksheet "AI/VI Child Observation" | | | | |
| EIS completes an observation of a service delivery visit based on instruction provided on the worksheet EIS debriefs with supervisor about observations | Observe one service delivery: child with a medical diagnosis | Worksheet "Medical Diagnosis Child Observation" | | | | |
| EIS completes one demonstration of service delivery for supervisor Supervisor meets with EIS to provide feedback | Complete one demonstration of service delivery | Worksheet "Demonstration – Service Delivery" | | | | |

IPDP Progress Tracker for Early Intervention Specialists

| Supplem | entary Activities | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|---|--|------------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| Activity | | | Learning Tasks | Assigned | Date Completed/ Supervisor Signature | | | | |
| Number | Learning Objective for EISs | Reference Material | Application or Assessment | by Supervisor | | | | | |
| SA 1.0 | Develop a basic knowledge of local community resources for families with young children | Activity 6.3 Get to Know Resources in the Community | Repeat activity from Making It Work (debrief with supervisor) | | | | | | |
| | | | Select one resource to review from the MIW Bookshelf: | | | | | | |
| SA 2.0 | Increase knowledge of typical | Child Development book | (debrief with supervisor) | | | | | | |
| SA 2.0 | infant and toddler development (birth – 36 months) | on MIW Bookshelf | Select one resource to review from the MIW Bookshelf: | | | | | | |
| | | | (debrief with supervisor) | | | | | | |
| | Know how the key principles for | | Review Looks Like/Doesn't Look Like from the MIW Bookshelf (debrief with supervisor) | | | | | | |
| SA 3.0 | early intervention are implemented into all aspects of | 7 Key Principles book on MIW Bookshelf | | | | | Review Agreed Upon Practices from the MIW Bookshelf (debrief with supervisor) | | |
| | ECI service delivery | | Review Key Principles and Effective Practices from the MIW Bookshelf (debrief with supervisor) | | | | | | |
| SA 4.0 | Develop an understanding of | View: Celebrating 35 Years of IDEA | View Celebrating 35 years of IDEA video (debrief with supervisor) | | | | | | |
| 5,7 4.0 | IDEA Part C | Reflection Questions | Reflect on these questions in your journal. Debrief with your supervisor. | | | | | | |
| SA 5.0 | Know rules and procedures for ECI Referral and Initial Contact | MIW | Repeat Referral and Initial Contact section in MIW (debrief with supervisor) | | | | | | |

IPDP Progress Tracker for Early Intervention Specialists

| Supplem | entary Activities Continued | | | | |
|-------------------|--|--|--|------------------|---|
| Activity | - Learning (Injective for FINC | | Learning Tasks | Assigned | Date Completed/ Supervisor Signature |
| Number | Learning Objective for EISs | Reference Material | Application or Assessment | by Supervisor | |
| SA 8.0 | Be able to implement effective strategies in SST services | Associations and Blogs book on MIW Bookshelf | Review Early Intervention Strategies from the MIW Bookshelf (debrief with supervisor) | | |
| SA 9.0 | Know rules and procedures for ECI Case Management | MIW | Repeat Case Management section in MIW (debrief with supervisor) | | |
| | | MIW | Repeat Transition section in MIW (debrief with supervisor) | | |
| SA 10.0 | Be able to implement transition activities to meet all requirements | <u>How Can We Facilitate</u> <u>Transition – Key</u> <u>Practices and Strategies</u> | Read article | | |
| | | Reflection Questions | Answer the reflection questions in your journal (debrief with supervisor) | | |
| SA 10.3 | Be able to accurately administer the BDI-2 to determine eligibility | BDI-2 Difficult Items modules located on the ECI Extranet | Complete BDI-2 Difficult Items modules (supervisor will need to provide access to modules) | | |
| SA 12.0 | Be able to explain Family Cost Share, implement procedural safeguards related to FCS & assist families in completing forms. | How to Implement Family Cost Share module | Complete the module (debrief with supervisor) | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Be able to identify strategies to address all areas of | | | | |
| SA 12.1 - 12.5 | development: speech, motor, | See supervisor to discuss required activities | | | |
| | cognitive, social-emotional, and adaptive. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| SA 13 | Be able to establish and build rapport with families | Guidelines for Good Relationships | Read article (debrief with supervisor) | | |

IPDP Progress Tracker for Early Intervention Specialists

| Supplem | entary Activities Continued | | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|------------------|---|
| Activity | Learning Objective | | Learning Tasks | Assigned | Date Completed/ Supervisor Signature |
| Number | for EISs | Reference Material | Application or Assessment | by Supervisor | |
| SA 14.0 | Know how to manage multiple priorities with competing timelines | Managing Multiple Priorities Webinar | Complete the webinar. Write down five tips for managing multiple priorities in your journal (debrief with supervisor) | | |
| SA 15.0 | Know how to manage conflict effectively | Conflict Resolution Skills | Read article (debrief with supervisor) | | |
| | Know when and who to ask for | Lost Art of Asking for Help | Read article (debrief with supervisor) | | |
| SA 16.0 | help when needed | How to Ask for Help Effectively | View video | - | |
| | | Taking Charge of Change | View video | | |
| | A 17.0 Know how to effectively handle change in the workplace | Shift Happens | View video | | |
| SA 17.0 | | | Read the article | | |
| 0.127.00 | | Managing Change and | Write down five strategies or ideas for | | |
| | | Being Flexible in Life | handling change in your journal (debrief with supervisor) | | |
| SA 19.0 | Be able to successfully communicate with team members, referral sources, community partners, and families | Principles of Effective Communication (article and video clips) | Read article and watch the videos (debrief with supervisor) | | |
| SA 20.0 | Use effective interpersonal skills to build quality intervention teams | Twelve Ways to Build anEffective TeamTen Qualities of anEffective Team PlayerEight Essential PeopleSkills | Read articles and write five strategies you learned from the articles that can apply to your teams (discuss with supervisor) | | |
| SA 21.0 | Know how to recognize and respond to ethical dilemmas | Ethics Making Better Decisions | Complete module and all related activities (debrief with supervisor) | | |

Completion Date:

EIS Signature:

2

Program Director Signature:

Supervisor Signature:

2

* Supervisor Guidelines for Supplementary Activities can be found in the Orientation: Making It Work Supervisor Guidelines.

Check your understanding 1.2: "Is this ethical?"



The EIS is asked "how would you respond if you observed a colleague violate the code of ethics?" Supervisors review the EIS's answer with him/her. You may want to make the EIS aware of any policies or procedures your program has relating to ethical violations. Your program may have a specific reporting procedure if an issue arises.

Worksheet: Personalized Statement of Excellence



EISs respond to the phrases in the worksheet to reflect how they internalize the EIS Statement of Excellence. It is an opportunity for EISs to reflect on their own service delivery. Examples of answers are provided; however, there is no right or wrong answer to each section.

Personalized Statement of Excellence

It's your turn to personalize the statement of excellence! As an EIS, how do you meet the description in this statement through the services you provide? Write your answers to each section in the space provided below. Then share your answers with your supervisor.

"We **believe** in responsive and interactive relationships with families, teams and communities. We **empower** families to support their child's development to reach his or her fullest potential. We **value** differences, view them as strengths and appreciate others for their own unique qualities."

We **believe** in responsive and interactive relationships with families, teams and communities. I demonstrate responsive and interactive relationships by...

Examples: being an active listener, demonstrating respect for the family, following up on information from appointment to appointment.

We **empower** families to support their child's development to reach his or her fullest potential. I empower families by...

Examples: reminding families of their strengths, coaching families, providing them with knowledge about their rights/child's disability or delay/ resources.

We value differences, view them as strengths and appreciate others for their own unique qualities.

I show I value differences by...

Examples: being respectful about others' thoughts, beliefs and cultures, incorporating differences into families' routines, discussing only professional matters and not personal matters with families.

Worksheet: Cultural Scenarios



In this worksheet, EISs are provided with cultural scenarios they could encounter. It is important to be knowledgeable about different cultures and appropriately resond when cultural differences arise. Examples of answers are provided below.

Cultural Scenarios

Take a look at the following scenarios. How would you respond to the family in each situation? Write your answers in the spaces provided below. Then share your answers with your supervisor.

During an SST visit, you model to Tom's parents ways to incorporate pretend play into his daily routine. The family
does not have a lot of items in the house, but you find his sister's babydoll. You show Tom's parents how Tom can
pretend to pat the doll to sleep. His parents immediately become upset and say, "Boys do not play with dolls!
Those are for girls!" How do you address their concern? What recommendations would you give to Tom's parents
in place of using a doll for pretend play?

Apologize to the family; recommend other activities to practice pretend play like using a remote control as a telephone; building towers with blocks and letting a monster knock it down; feeding mom or dad from an empty bowl with a spoon.

2. Wayne is over the age of two and only finger feeds himself. In some cultures, children are not encouraged to use utensils until they are over three. In other cultures, families eat entirely with their hands and never teach their children to use utensils. How would you help Wayne's family develop his fine motor and visual perception, which are concerns for the family, without requiring the family to use utensils?

Drawing with crayons/markers/pens/pencils; placing small objects into and out of a container; lacing beads on a string; teaching him to brush his teeth.

3. If the parent is Deaf or hard of hearing, what are some important factors to remember to assist you in building rapport with the family?

Talk to the family and not the interpreter; avoid side conversations with others; be aware of seating arrangements; be mindful of conversational flow and turn taking with the parent when talking; learning some basic sign language and fingerspelling may aid in building rapport and demonstrate your interest in parent's language.

Share your answers with your supervisor.



EIS Credentialing Training 2014

Blog on Cultural Differences



The EIS reads an article from a blog discussing if cultural differences are truly developmental delays. At the end of the article there are four questions. Use your professional judgment to determine if the EIS answered appropriately. Examples are provided below.

- If you were Miguel's service provider, how would you support his family? Discuss with the family their concerns/needs/priorities in relation to his development; incorporate ideas that build on the family's strengths; learn more about what the family values.
- Would you address your observations? Yes
- 3. How would you provide intervention suggestions that were sensitive to his family's cultural beliefs? Using information about what is working for the family; be mindful and respectful of their cultural beliefs.
- 4. Does it matter that his delays might be related to his caregiving and culture? Why or why not? No, the most important thing is to address the family's concerns and priorities. It would be appropriate to have discussion around delays in other developmental areas, but the family makes the final decision in service provision.

Research Medical Diagnoses



The EIS completes worksheet "Medical Diagnosis Activity" by researching three medical diagnoses on the DARS ECI Medical Diagnoses web page. There are links to five different websites to assist in the research. Answers should include typical characteristics associated with the medical diagnosis and how the diagnosis impacts functional development. Answers will vary based on the diagnoses selected.

Check Your Understanding 2.1: Environmental Risk Factors



The first question is a multiple choice question with the ability to select more than one answer. Feedback is built into the module.

The second question is a journal entry about what the EIS would do if a mom on his/her caseload is pregnant and observed interacting with one of the environment risk factors (changing cat litter, hot tubs, lead exposure from old pipes, mercury from broken bulbs, and pesticides and certain chemicals). Review answers with the EIS to ensure responses are sensitive to cultural views. Examples could include helping the mother understand why it is a concern, or providing recommendations on how to avoid these environmental risk factors.

Check Your Understand 2.2: Low Birth Weight



The first question is a true/false question with feedback built into the module.

The second is a journal entry about what guidance the EIS could provide to a family to help a child born with low birth weight stay on track with his/her health and development. Review answers with the EIS to determine if the answers are applicable. Examples could include consulting with a dietician, discussing with the family the importance of attending well child checks, and providing information about meeting developmental milestones.

Check Your Understanding 2.3: Birth Defects



The first question is a true/false question with feedback built into the module.

The second is a journal entry about the systems in place within the EIS's program to provide services to children with birth defects and their families as early as possible. This might be a conversation the EIS has with you or the public outreach coordinator in your program. Review answers with the EIS. Examples could include coordinating with pediatricians or hospital NICUs, staff involved in support groups who are able to network with families and other providers, or fund raising/awareness events providing the opportunity to network.

Check Your Understanding 2.4: Prematurity



BDI & Eligibility Mythbusters Edition



The EIS watches a webinar related to the BDI-2 and Eligibility, then reflects on if he/she has any questions or concerns with the BDI-2. In discussing the EIS's journal entry, take the opportunity to learn if he/she needs additional support or assistance in the eligibility process. Some resources available to assist in a more in-depth understanding are to have the EIS observe additional evaluation visits, the BDI-2 Examiner's Manual, or help the EIS access the BDI Difficult Items modules located on the extranet (Eligibility).

The first question is a true/false question with feedback built into the module.

The second is a journal entry about how prematurity might affect a child's development. Review answers with the EIS. Answers could include higher risk for health problems, delays in physical development, learning, communication, getting along with others, taking care of self, hearing loss, vision problems, dental problems, and behavior problems.

Accommodations when Using BDI-2



The EIS reads an article about using accommodations during evaluation, then, journals on the importance of building rapport with a young child before administering an evaluation. Answers should include three strategies to implement in evaluations to help build rapport. Examples could include being knowledgeable about the child's disability, create a comfortable environment for a child who might be anxious, or be aware of the child's cues.

Evaluation and Needs Assessment for Very Young Infants



The EIS watches a webinar about evaluations for very young infants, then, journals on two ways to ensure infants receive a fair assessment. Answers could include the importance of having appropriate teams at the evaluation and assessment, understanding the purpose of specific test items, or moving to QDD when the BDI-2 does not accurately capture the infant's abilities.

Evaluation and Assessment of Children in Bilingual Environments (Part 2)



The EIS watches a webinar on evaluation and assessment of children in a bilingual environment, then, journals on determining whether children are making errors in communication as a result of learning two languages or a developmental delay/error. Answers could include applying clinical judgment, knowing about the family's culture to learn differences in pronunciation of letters, or increasing the EIS's knowledge of age appropriate errors (mispronouncing R's).

The Individual Family Service Plan



The EIS reads an article, then, journals on two questions:1. What are some steps you are already taking that lead to effective IFSPs?2. What are two additional steps you will implement to lead to effective IFSPs?

Answers will vary. Review answers with the EIS and provide input as needed to assist in implementing the two additional steps.

Poor Documentation



The EIS is provided with a poor example of the routines section of the IFSP along with outcomes created for the same child. Review answers with the EIS. Be sure to include the answers provided below in your supervision if the EIS did not discuss these points.

Poor Documentation

Review this example of a poorly documented comprehensive needs assessment and outcomes. Identify what is missing in the needs assessment, and determine what is needed to make the outcomes functional and measurable. Write your answer in your journal and share with your supervisor.

| | - | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|----------|--------------|----------|------|
| Positiv e Social | Acquiring and Using Knowledge | Taking Appropriate Actions to | Routines | Strength | Need/Concern | Priority | Code |
| | | How your day starts | | | | | |
| х | х | х | How does your child let you know he/she is awake? (cognitive, communication and social-emotional) | | х | | Ι |
| Zed | does not | t let care | giver know when he is awake. He lays in the bed until caregiver g | goes | to ge | et him | າ. |
| No r | need is id | entified in | h what is written here. There is no real description of the routine: st | rengt | h or | need. | |
| x | | x | What does bath time look like for you and your child? Is bath time a fun or stressful time of day? | | х | | 0 |
| Again, n words to | Zed enjoys bath time. He helps undress himself, then splashes and swims around in the water. He doesn't like to have water in his face; he screams. Again, need is checked, but there is no need identified. A need would be present if it said "He does not u words to communicate and will scream when he gets water in his face. Mom would like help getting him use words instead of screaming. It is difficult for him to calm down once he is upset." | | | | | | |
| x | x | х | How does your child play? What does he/she like to play with? Are there times that are easier or more frustrating than others? (cognitive, communication, motor and social-emotional) | х | x | | Ι |
| | Zed will say "hello" into a play phone, put a ball into a basket, and look at books. Transitioning from one toy to another is frustrating. There is no need identified here. You should be able to see what a child needs from a functional standpoint. An example would be "transitioning from one toy to another is frustrating for Zed because he is not able to use words to communicate what toy he wants." | | | | | | |

| Child and Family Outcomes | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Outcome #: | Date Added: 9/01/2014 | Target Date: 3/1/2014 | | | |
| Developmental % Educational % Medical % Social % Other | Measurable Outcome and Criteria What do we want to happen within which rou we will measure success? Outcome #1: We want Zed to understand and res (who/what/where) during routines, like getting dre times per day. Outcome #2: To attend during learning activities a | spond to "Wh- Q's" essed, meals, and play at least 5 | | | |
| These are not functional, measurable outcomes because they are not specific. Outcomes should be specific | | | | | |
| to a routine or a few routines, not all routines. The context or setting is missing. | | | | | |

Apply Outcome Guidelines & Write in Journal



The EIS reviews an outcome he/she previously wrote to verify the outcome meets criteria to be a functional, measurable outcome. If the EIS has not participated in writing an outcome, the supervisor will need to provide the EIS with an outcome to critique. Review findings with the EIS.

Zoe's IFSP: Fill out the RBI



This is a two part activity. First, the EIS listens to a conversation between a service provider and a mom. The EIS fills out the first few parts of the routine section from the IFSP.

Then, the EIS checks the appropriate box to note whether the skill/ability is a strength, a need/concern, and/or a priority, and identifies the child's functional abilities using the codes. The answer key is below. Review answers with the EIS.

ec

| Positive Social-Emotional Skills | Acquiring and Using Knowledge and Skills | Taking Appropriate Actions to Meet Needs | Routines | Strength | Need/Concern | Priority | Code | | | |
|--|---|--|--|----------|--------------|----------|------|--|--|--|
| How Your day starts | | | | | | | | | | |
| x | x | x | How does your child let you know he/she is awake? (cognitive, communication and social-emotional) | Х | | | А | | | |
| She w | She will holler out mommy or daddy if she thinks they are not awake yet. If she hears them | | | | | | | | | |
| some | where i | n the ho | buse, she will go find them. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | x | X | How does your child get out of bed? (adaptive/self-help and motor) | X | | | 0 | | | |
| Zoe cl | Zoe climbs out of her bed on her own. She hangs her legs over the side and slides down on her | | | | | | | | | |
| belly. It's still pretty dark, so Zoe can't judge how far down of a drop it is. Sometimes she will cry | | | | | | | | | | |
| out "Mommy elp" for Mom or Dad to help her down while she's hanging on to the side. She | | | | | | | | | | |
| walks around the house to find Mom and Dad. She often runs into doorways or furniture and | | | | | | | | | | |
| trips. Mom thinks it is because she is not completely awake and still a little disoriented. | | | | | | | | | | |
| X | X | | Is your child happy or sad when he/she wakes up? (social-emotional and communication) | | Х | 1 | 0 | | | |
| She starts out smiling if she doesn't trip and fall or run into something. Then she is crying | | | | | | | | | | |
| and upset for a little bit, mainly because she seems to be frustrated to have hurt herself again. | | | | | | | | | | |
| She trips or runs into something most mornings and a few times throughout the day. Mom | | | | | | | | | | |
| | would really like help with this because Zoe's frustrated and Mom is afraid someone is going to call CPS from all of her bruises. | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 Ca | | 10111 a11 | | | | | | | | |
| | Bathing, dressing, diapering and toileting How does your child help with dressing? X X 2 A | | | | | | | | | |
| | X | X | (communication, adaptive/self-help and motor) | Х | Х | 2 | A | | | |
| Zoe p | Zoe picks out her clothes on her own. She will push her arms through sleeves and puts her legs | | | | | | | | | |
| up while lying on the floor and Mom puts her pants on her. She tries on her own first to put her | | | | | | | | | | |
| pants on, but she can't get her feet in the pants. Zoe's outfits never match! | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Create Outcome for Zoe



The EIS creates a functional, measurable outcome for Zoe based on information gathered from the previous activity. The module provides the EIS with a reminder of the criteria for an outcome, along with additional questions to assist the EIS in writing a quality outcome. There are two sample outcomes embedded into the module. Review outcomes written by the EIS and provide feedback.

Intervention Strategies: Visual Impairment



EIS watches a video of two children with visual impairments. Review journal entries with the EIS. There should be three intervention strategies per child.

Examples for Chloe could be interventionists use tools that make noises to maintain child's interest, verbal cues, provide sound motivates to stimulate movement out of the environment.

Examples for Theo could be uses verbal explanations during therapy, create opportunities for safe exploration, foster self-help skills.

Intervention Strategies: Visual Impairment (Part 2)



EIS reads an article about intervention strategies for children with visual impairments. Review journal entries with the EIS. There should be two additional strategies or techniques the EIS would suggest for Chloe and Theo. Answers will vary. Examples are found in the <u>linked</u> article.

Document SST Visit for Zoe



Based on the information provided in the slides, the EIS is directed to complete a progress note and share with the supervisor. A sample progress note is provided below. Answers will vary. Look for Joint Planning, Observation, Action and Practice, Feedback, Reflection, and Return Demonstration.

| Date of service | MM/DD/YYYY | |
|---|--|--|
| Childs Name/DOB | Zoe | |
| Service Provider Name and Service: | Ronda Burgundy, EIS - SST | |
| Start Time and Duration/ or End Time | HH:MM 1 hour | |
| Method and Location | Individual - Home | |
| Current Status; Changes since last visit | Zoe is tripping and walking into furniture often. She has started VI services and is trying to adjust to wearing glasses. She has started climbing up and down on furniture. | |
| IFSP Outcomes worked on | Will walk through house to find Mom and Dad after waking in mornings without running into furniture or tripping and falling 5 mornings a week for 4 weeks. | |
| Activities with caregiver to address outcomes | Alice stated Zoe has been putting kittens into laundry basket to sleep. Discussed the benefits of having Zoe push the laundry basket to help navigate the room safely. Showed Mom how to have Zoe feel her surroundings with her hands when Zoe bumps into furniture with the laundry basket. While practicing, Mom verbalized to Zoe "you found the back of the couch, notice the back of the couch is dark, and the open area is bright." Explained importance for Mom to continue verbalizing and describing all surroundings to Zoe so Zoe is able to start noticing differences to guide her safely through rooms. | |
| Child's Response to intervention/Progress toward outcome addressed | Zoe remained interested in pushing the laundry basket for several minutes, and I pointed out Zoe began to touch the wall/furniture when she walked into it with the basket. Mom said she will leave the laundry basket outside of Zoe's door to see if Zoe will push it to find them in the morning and report progress next visit. Mom will also show brother and Dad how to feel and describe surroundings to Zoe. | |
| Staff Signature/Title | Ronda Burgundy, EIS | |
| Parent/Caregiver Signature | Alice Lee | |