## Form 3 Mathematics Test

Test 4: Money
Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Section A

Write down the correct letter for each of the following questions.

1. What is the correct term for the decrease in the financial value of an item over a period of time as a result of wear and tear, or age?

A interest
B inflation
C depreciation
D appreciation
2. What is the correct term for the measure of the increase in the general level of prices in a particular country over a period of time?

A income tax
B cost of living
C appreciation
D inflation
3. What is the formula for simple interest?

A $\quad A=P(1+n i)$
B $\quad A=P(1-n i)$
C $\quad A=P(1+i)^{n}$
D $\quad A=P(1-i)^{n}$
4. What is the formula for compound interest?

A $\quad A=P(1+n i)$
B $\quad A=P(1-n i)$
C $\quad A=P(1+i)^{n}$
D $\quad A=P(1-i)^{n}$
5. What is the formula for straight-line depreciation?

A $\quad \mathrm{A}=P(1+n i)$
B $\quad A=P(1-n i)$
C $\quad A=P(1+i)^{n}$
D $\quad A=P(1-i)^{n}$
6. What is the formula for reducing-balance depreciation?

A $\quad \mathrm{A}=P(1+n i)$
B $\quad A=P(1-n i)$
C $\quad A=P(1+i)^{n}$
D $\quad A=P(1-i)^{n}$
7. What is the formula for straight-line appreciation?

A $\quad \mathrm{A}=P(1+n i)$
B $\quad A=P(1-n i)$
C $\quad A=P(1+i)^{n}$
D $\quad A=P(1-i)^{n}$
8. What is the formula for increasing-balance appreciation?

A $\quad \mathrm{A}=P(1+n i)$
B $\quad A=P(1-n i)$
C $\quad A=P(1+i)^{n}$
D $\quad A=P(1-i)^{n}$
9. In the formulae for calculating simple and compound interest, which variable represents the amount invested or borrowed?

A A
B P
C $i$
D $n$
10. If interest is compounded every six months, how will this affect the values of $i$ and $n$ ?

A $\quad i=$ the annual interest rate $\times 6$ and $n=$ the number of years $\div 6$
B $\quad i=$ the annual interest rate $\div 6$ and $n=$ the number of years $\times 6$
C $\quad i=$ the annual interest rate $\times 2$ and $n=$ the number of years $\div 2$
D $\quad i=$ the annual interest rate $\div 2$ and $n=$ the number of years $\times 2$

## Section B

Do not use a calculator to answer these questions.
Show all your calculations.
11. Malebogo invests P1 000 at $12 \%$ compound interest p.a. What will her investment be worth after one year?
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$\qquad$
$\qquad$
12. Thuso borrows P5 000 at $10 \%$ compound interest p.a. How much interest will he owe at the end of the first year?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
13. Start off with the formula $A=P(1+i)^{n}$ and use your knowledge of algebra to derive the following formula: $i=\sqrt[n]{\frac{A}{P}}-1$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
14. The price of a new sound system is P3 000. If the value of the sound system depreciates according to straight-line depreciation at a rate of 10\% per year, what will the value of the sound system be after five years?
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$\qquad$
$\qquad$
15. A trolley of groceries that cost P750 five years ago now costs P1 000.

Calculate the percentage increase in the price.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Section C

You may use a calculator to answer these questions.
Show all your calculations.
16. Isaac takes out a loan of P 45400 at $8.5 \%$ interest p.a. What will he owe after six years, if the interest is compounded on a monthly basis?
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$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
17. Mrs Moketse invested P75 000, with interest compounded quarterly. After 9 months, her investment had earned P5 816.19 in interest. What was the annual interest rate of the investment?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
18. A minibus costs P225 000. What will its book value be after five years, if the annual rate of depreciation is $10.25 \%$ and the depreciation applied is:
a) straight-line depreciation
b) reducing-balance depreciation?
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$\qquad$
$\qquad$
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$\qquad$
19. A trolley of groceries that cost P850 four years ago now costs P1 053. Calculate the annual inflation rate. (Assume a constant annual inflation rate.)
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