

## ENERGY STAR Certified Homes, Version 3 (Rev. 07) HVAC System Quality Installation Contractor Checklist <sup>1</sup>

Home Address:	City:	State:	Zip	Code:		
System Description <sup>2</sup>	Cooling system for temporary occupant	load?	? ³ Yes □ No □			
1. Whole-Building Mechanical Ventilation Des	. Whole-Building Mechanical Ventilation Design <sup>4</sup>		Builder Verified <sup>5</sup>	Cont. Verified <sup>6</sup>	N/A	
1.1 Ventilation system installed that has been designed to meet ASHRAE 62.2-2010 requirements including, but not limited to, requirements in Items 1.2-1.5. <sup>7</sup>		ling,			-	
1.2 Ventilation system does not utilize an intake duct to the return side of the HVAC system unless the system is designed to operate intermittently and automatically based on a timer and to restrict outdoor air intake when not in use (e.g., motorized damper).				-		
1.3 Documentation is attached with ventilation system type, location, design rate, and frequency and duration of each ventilation cycle.				-		
1.4 If present, continuously-operating vent. & exhaust fans designed to operate during all occupiable hours.						
1.5 If present, intermittently-operating whole-house ventilation system designed to automatically operate at least once per day and at least 10% of every 24 hours.						
2. Heating & Cooling System Design <sup>4,8</sup> - Parantemperatures, home orientation, number of bedrooms, infiltration rate, mechanical ventilation rate, presence o	perfor	mance and in	sulation levels	s,		
	□ 2009 ASHRAE □ Other:				-	
2.2 Duct Design Method:	☐ Manual D ☐ Other:					
2.3 Equipment Selection Method: ☐ Manual S		-			-	
2.4 Outdoor Design Temperatures: 9 Location:		-			-	
2.5 Orientation of Rated Home (e.g., North, South):		F			-	
2.6 Number of Occupants Served by System: 10		ŀ			-	
2.7 Conditioned Floor Area in Rated Home:	Sq. Ft.	ŀ			_	
2.8 Window Area in Rated Home:		ŀ			-	
2.9 Predominant Window SHGC in Rated Home: 11		-				
2.10 Infiltration Rate in Rated Home: 12	Summer: Winter:	-				
2.11 Mechanical Ventilation Rate in Rated Home:	CFM	ŀ				
		-			-	
2.12 Design Latent Heat Gain:		ŀ			•	
2.13 Design Sensible Heat Gain:	BTUh	-			-	
2.14 Design Total Heat Gain:	BTUh	-			-	
2.15 Design Total Heat Loss:	BTUh	ļ			-	
2.16 Design Airflow: <sup>13</sup>	CFM	-			-	
2.17 Design Duct Static Pressure: 14	In. Water Colu	mn				
2.18 Full Load Calculations Report Attached <sup>15</sup>					-	
3. Selected Cooling Equipment, If Cooling Equipment to be Installed						
3.1 Condenser Manufacturer & Model:	<del></del>	ļ				
3.2 Evaporator / Fan Coil Manufacturer & Model: 3.3 AHRI Reference #: 16	<del></del>	-				
3.4 Listed Efficiency:	EER SEER					
•	Fixed orifice	-				
3 71	R-410a	ŀ				
	Variable (ECM / ICM) □ Other:	ŀ				
3.8 Listed Sys. Latent Capacity at Design Cond.: 18	BTUh	-				
3.9 Listed Sys. Sensible Capacity at Design Cond.:						
3.10 Listed Sys. Total Capacity at Design Cond.: 18	BTUh					
3.11 If Listed Sys. Latent Capacity (Value 3.8) ≤ Design Latent Heat Gain (Value 2.12), ENERGY STAR certified dehumidifier installed						
3.12 Listed Sys. Total Capacity (Value 3.10) is 95-115% of Design Total Heat Gain (Value 2.14) or next nominal size <sup>8, 19</sup>						
3.13 AHRI Certificate Attached <sup>16</sup>						
4. Selected Heat Pump Equipment, If Heatpun	•					
, <u></u>	F or Ground-Source: COP	ļ				
4.2 Performance at 17°F: Capacity BTUh Efficiency: COP <sup>20</sup>						
4.3 Performance at 47°F: Capacity BTU	h Efficiency: COP <sup>20</sup>					



## ENERGY STAR Certified Homes, Version 3 (Rev. 07) HVAC System Quality Installation Contractor Checklist 1

5. Selected Furnace, If Furnace to be Installed			Cont. Verified <sup>6</sup>	N/A				
5.1 Furnace Manufacturer & Model:								
5.2 Listed Efficiency: AFUE								
.3 Listed Output Heating Capacity: BTUh								
5.4 Listed Output Heat. Cap. (Value 5.3) is 100-140% of Design Total Heat Loss (Value 2.15) or next nominal size 8.21								
<b>6. Refrigerant Tests</b> - <i>Run system for 15 minutes before testing</i> Note: If outdoor ambient temperature at the condenser is ≤ 55°F or, if known, below the cooling cycle, then the system shall include a TXV, and the contractor shall mark	he manufacturer-recommended min	imum operat	ing temperatu	ure for				
6.1 Outdoor ambient temperature at condenser:	°F DB	α /.						
6.2 Return-side air temperature inside duct near evaporator, during cooling mod	<del></del>							
6.3 Liquid line pressure: psig								
6.4 Liquid line temperature:								
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
6.5 Suction line pressure:	psig							
6.6 Suction line temperature:	°F DB							
7. Refrigerant Calculations								
For System with Thermal Expansion Valve (TXV):  7.1 Condenser saturation temperature:  °F DB (Using Value 6	3)							
7.1 Condenser saturation temperature:								
7.3 OEM subcooling goal: "F DB (value 7.1 value)	140 0.4)							
	<u></u>							
For System with Fixed Orifice:	1.0)							
7.5 Evaporator saturation temperature: °F DB (Using Value 6	5)							
7.6 Superheat value:   "F DB (Value 6.6 – Value 7.5)								
7.7 OEM superheat goal: "F DB (Value 0.5 = Value 7.5)  7.7 OEM superheat goal: "F DB (Using superheat tables and Values 6.1 & 6.2)								
7.8 Superheat deviation: "F DB (Value 7.6 – Value 7.7)								
7.9 Value 7.4 is ± 3°F or Value 7.8 is ± 5°F								
7.10 An OEM test procedure (e.g., as defined for a ground-source heat pump) has been used in place of sub-cooling or super-heat process and documentation has been attached that defines this procedure								
8. Electrical Measurements - Taken at electrical disconnect while comport	nent is in operation							
3.1 Evaporator or furnace air handler fan: amperageline voltage								
8.2 Condenser unit: amperageline voltage								
8.3 Electrical measurements within OEM-specified tolerance of nameplate value								
9. Air Flow Tests								
9.1 Air volume at evaporator: CFM								
9.2 Test performed in which mode? ☐ Heating ☐ Cooling								
9.3 Return duct static pressure: IWC Test	st Hole Location: 23							
9.4 Supply duct static pressure: IWC Test Hole Location: <sup>23</sup>								
9.5 Test hole locations are well-marked and accessible <sup>23</sup>								
9.6 Airflow volume at evaporator (Value 9.1), at fan design speed and full operating load, ± 15% of the airflow required per system design (Value 2.16) or within range recommended by OEM								
10. Air Balance			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	c				
10.1 Balancing report prepared and attached indicating the room name and des individual room airflows measured and documented through one of the follows.	owing options:		in addition,	final				
10.1.1 Measured by contractor using ANSI / ACCA 5 QI-2007 protocol, documented by contractor on the balancing report, & verified by contractor to be within the greater of ± 20% or 25 CFM of design airflow <sup>24</sup> , OR;								
10.1.2 To be measured, documented, and verified by a Rater per Item 1.4.2 of the HVAC System QI Rater Checklist								
11. System Controls								
11.1 Operating and safety controls meet OEM requirements								
<ul> <li>12. Drain pan</li> <li>12.1 Corrosion-resistant drain pan, properly sloped to drainage system, included condensate <sup>25</sup></li> </ul>	·	produces						
HVAC Company Name:		tion: ACCA /	AE / Other	1				
			e:					
Builder Name: <sup>5</sup> Builder Signature: <sup>5</sup>		Date	e:					



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1. This Checklist is designed to align with the requirements of ASHRAE 62.2-2010 and published addenda and ANSI / ACCA's 5 QI-2007 protocol, thereby improving the performance of HVAC equipment in new homes when compared to homes built to minimum code. However, these features alone cannot prevent all ventilation, indoor air quality, and HVAC problems (e.g., those caused by a lack of maintenance by occupants). Therefore, this Checklist is not a guarantee of proper ventilation, indoor air quality, or HVAC performance.

This Checklist applies to ventilation systems; to split air conditioners, unitary air conditioners, air-source heat pumps, and water-source (i.e., geothermal) heat pumps up to 65,000 Btu / h with forced-air distribution systems (i.e., ducts) and to furnaces up to 225,000 Btu / h with forced-air distribution systems (i.e., ducts). All other permutations of equipment (e.g., boilers, mini-split / multi-split systems) and distribution systems are exempt. If the ventilation system is the only applicable system installed in the home, then only Section 1 shall be completed.

One Checklist shall be completed for each system and provided to the Rater.

- 2. Description of HVAC system location or area served (e.g., "whole house", "upper level", "lower level").
- 3. Check "Yes" if this system is to handle temporary occupant loads. Such a system may be required to accommodate a significant number of guests on a regular or sporadic basis and shall be handled by a supplemental cooling system (e.g., a small, single-package unit or split-coil unit) or by a system that can shift capacity from zone to zone (e.g., a variable volume system).
- 4. The person responsible for the heating, cooling, & ventilation design shall be responsible for completing Sections 1 and 2 of this Checklist.
- 5. For Sections 1 through 5, the 'Builder Verified' column shall be used to indicate items verified by the builder (or a firm or HERS Rater hired by the builder). If any Items have been marked 'Builder Verified', then the builder is responsible for these Items and must sign this Checklist. Note that builders are not permitted to verify any Items in Sections 6-12.
- 6. For Sections 1 through 5, the 'Cont. Verified' column shall be used to indicate Items verified by the credentialed contractor (or a firm or HERS Rater hired by the contractor). In contrast, for Sections 6 through 12, the 'Cont. Verified' column shall <u>only</u> be used to indicate Items verified by the credentialed contractor (i.e., neither a builder, nor a firm, nor a HERS Rater are permitted to verify Sections 6 12). The credentialed contractor is responsible for these Items and shall sign this Checklist.
- For proper procedures, exceptions, and selection methods see ASHRAE 62.2-2010 and published addenda. All components shall be
  designed and installed per local codes, manufacturers' installation instructions, engineering documents, and regional ENERGY STAR
  program requirements.
  - The system shall have at least one supply or exhaust fan with associated ducts and controls. Local exhaust fans are allowed to be part of an exhaust ventilation system. Outdoor air ducts connected to the return side of an air handler are allowed to be part of a supply ventilation system if manufacturer requirements for return air temperature are met.
- 8. Heating and cooling loads shall be calculated, equipment shall be selected, and duct systems shall be sized according to the latest editions of ACCA Manuals J, S, & D, respectively, 2009 ASHRAE Handbook of Fundamentals, or other methodology approved by the Authority Having Jurisdiction. The HVAC system design shall be completed for the specific configuration (e.g., plan, elevation, option, and orientation) of the home to be built except as permitted herein.
  - For each house plan with multiple configurations (e.g., orientations, elevations, options), the loads shall be calculated for each potential configuration. If the loads across all configurations vary by  $\leq 25\%$ , then the largest load shall be permitted to be used for equipment selection for all configurations, subject to the over-sizing limits of ACCA Manual S. Otherwise, the contractor shall group the load for each configuration into a set with  $\leq 25\%$  variation and equipment selection shall be completed for each set of loads.
  - For each house plan with multiple configurations, the room-level design airflows shall be calculated for each potential configuration. If the design airflows for each room vary across all configurations by  $\leq 25\%$  or 25 CFM, then the average room-level design airflow shall be permitted to be used when designing the duct system. Otherwise, the contractor shall group the room-level design airflow for each configuration into a set with  $\leq 25\%$  or 25 CFM variation and the duct design shall be completed for the average airflow of that set.
- 9. If the design conditions are dictated by a code or regulation, then the requirements of the lawful or controlling authority supersedes the Manual J or ASHRAE default design values. Otherwise, the default values shall be used. The values for the geographically closest location shall be selected or a justification provided for the selected location.
- 10. The number of occupants among all HVAC systems in the home must be equal to the number of bedrooms, as defined below, plus one. Occupants listed for systems that are indicated in the header as a cooling system for temporary occupant loads, as described in Footnote 3, shall be permitted to exceed this limit.

A bedroom is defined by RESNET as a room or space 70 sq. ft. or greater size, with egress window and closet, used or intended to be used for sleeping. A "den", "library", or "home office" with a closet, egress window, and 70 sq. ft. or greater size or other similar rooms shall count as a bedroom, but living rooms and foyers shall not.

An egress window, as defined in 2009 IRC section R310, shall refer to any operable window that provides for a means of escape and access for rescue in the event of an emergency. The egress window definition has been summarized for convenience. The egress window shall:

- have a sill height of not more than 44 inches above the floor; AND
- have a minimum net clear opening of 5.7 sq. ft.; AND
- have a minimum net clear opening height of 24 in.; AND
- · have a minimum net clear opening width of 20 in.; AND
- be operational from the inside of the room without the use of keys, tools or special knowledge.
- 11. "Predominant" is defined as the SHGC value used in the greatest amount of window area in the home.
- 12. Infiltration rate shall reflect value used in confirmed or projected HERS rating for rated home. Alternatively, use "Average" or "Semi-loose" values for the cooling season infiltration rates and "Semi-tight" or "Average" values for the heating season infiltration rates, as defined by ACCA Manual J, Eighth Edition, Version Two.



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- 13. Design airflow is the design value(s) for the blower in CFM, as determined by using the manufacturer's expanded performance data to select equipment, per ACCA Manual S procedures.
- 14. Design duct static pressure shall account for the installation of a MERV 6 or higher filter.
- 15. The load calculation for the home shall be provided, documenting all design elements and all resulting loads, including but not limited to the values listed in Items 2.1 through 2.17.
- 16. All evaporators and condensing units shall be properly matched as demonstrated by an attached AHRI certificate. If an AHRI certificate is not available, a copy of OEM-provided catalog data indicating acceptable combination selection and performance data shall be attached.
- 17. If the whole-house ventilation system utilizes the HVAC air handler, then the fan speed type shall be ECM / ICM and variable speed, or include a controller (e.g., smart cycler) that reduces the ventilation run time by accounting for hours when HVAC system is heating or cooling the home.
- 18. Listed system capacity at design conditions is to be obtained from the OEM expanded performance data.
- 19. For cooling systems, the next largest nominal piece of equipment may be used that is available to satisfy the latent and sensible requirements. Single-speed systems generally have OEM nominal size increments of ½ ton. Multi-speed or multi-stage equipment may have OEM nominal size increments of one ton. Therefore, the use of these advanced system types can provide extra flexibility to meet the equipment sizing requirements.
- 20. Items 4.2 and 4.3 are not applicable to ground-source heat pumps.
- 21. For warm air heating systems, the output capacity must be between 100% and 140% of calculated system load unless a larger size is dictated by the cooling equipment selection.
- 22. Either factory-installed or field-installed TXV's may be used. For field-installed TXV's, ensure that sensing bulbs are insulated and tightly clamped to the vapor line with good linear thermal contact at the recommended orientation, usually 4 or 8 o'clock.
- 23. Examples of return or supply duct static pressure measurement locations are: plenum, cabinet, trunk duct, as well as front, back, left or right side. Test hole locations shall be well marked and accessible.
- 24. Ducts shall not include coiled or looped ductwork except to the extent needed for acoustical control. Balancing dampers or proper duct sizing shall be used instead of loops to limit flow to diffusers. When balancing dampers are used, they shall be located at the trunk to limit noise unless the trunk will not be accessible when the balancing process is conducted. In such cases, Opposable Blade Dampers (OBD) or dampers located in the duct boot are permitted.
- 25. Condensate pan shall be made of corrosion-resistant materials, to include galvanized steel and plastic. Drain pan shall drain condensate to a conspicuous point of disposal to alert occupants in the event of a stoppage of the primary drainage system; and shall be equipped with a backflow prevention valve when drained to a shared drainage system, such as a storm water management system.