Name	Date	Class

Introduction to Earth Science • Guided Reading and Study

Safety in the Science Laboratory

This section explains why preparation is important when carrying out scientific investigations. It also describes what you should do if an accident occurs.

Use Target Reading Skill

As you read, make an outline about science safety that you can use for review. Use the red headings for the main ideas and the blue headings for supporting ideas.

I. Safety in the lab A. Preparing for the lab B. C. II. Safety in the field III.

Safety in the Lab

- 1. Is the following sentence true or false? No amount of preparation can help you with safety when doing science activities in the laboratory. _____
- **2.** Circle the letter that states when you should begin preparing for a lab.
 - **a.** 1 hour ahead of the lab
 - **b.** 10 minutes ahead of the lab
 - **c.** the morning of the lab
 - **d.** 1 day before doing the lab

3.	In preparing for a lab, it is important to review the	he general safety
	guidelines, which can be found in	of your book.

4.	What should you do if something is unclear to you about the lab before you begin?
5.	What is the most important safety rule when performing a lab?

6. Is the following sentence true or false? You should never try anything on your own in the lab without asking your teacher first. ______

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ntr	oduction to Earth Sci	ence • Guided Readii	ng and Study			
7.	a. They identify safeb. They alert you to	ch sentence that is true about the sentence that you slow sipossible dangers in doing ecific instructions about to work carefully.	nould use. g the lab.			
Mai	tch the symbol with its n	neaning by writing the corr	ect letter beside each symbol.			
	_ 8.	a. Corrosive Chemicalb. Breakage				
	o II	c. Disposal				
l 1.	When you have comp	oleted a lab, you should _	your work area.			
12.	2. How should lab wastes be disposed of?					
13.	0		ould wash your hands after working			
	in the laboratory ever	i ir you don't think they	re dirty			
Saf	fety in the Field					
14.	 a. Circle the letter of each step you should take whenever you do field work. a. Work alone as much as possible. b. Dress appropriately for any conditions you will encounter. c. Tell an adult where you will be. d. Ask an adult or classmate to accompany you. 					
15.	 Possible hazards that you might encounter during a field investigation include a. traffic. b. severe weather. c. poisonous plants. d. all of the above 					
ln (Case of an Accide	nt				
16.	What should you do	immediately whenever a	n accident occurs?			
17.	Circle the letter of eacyour skin while doing	ch step you should take is g a lab.	f you spill something on			

- - **a.** Cover the skin with a clean dressing.
 - **b.** Wash your hands.
 - c. Flush the skin with large amounts of water.
 - **d.** Do nothing unless the skin blisters.