REFERENCE TITLE: alternative fuel incentive remedies

State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-fourth Legislature Seventh Special Session 2000

HB 2005

Introduced by Representative Burns R

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 28-5805, 41-1516, 42-5159, 42-6004, 43-1086, 43-1086.01, 43-1086.02, 43-1174, 43-1174.01 AND 43-1174.02, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTION 42-5061, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2000, CHAPTER 63, SECTION 5, CHAPTER 401, SECTION 1 AND CHAPTER 405, SECTION 23; REPEALING SECTION 42-5061, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2000, CHAPTER 372, SECTION 7; REPEALING SECTIONS 9-500.19, 11-269.05, 28-737, 28-4414 AND 30-814, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; PROVIDING FOR DELAYED REPEAL OF SECTIONS 43-1086, 43-1086.01, 43-1086.02, 43-1174, 43-1174.01 AND 43-1174.02, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; BLENDING MULTIPLE ENACTMENTS; RELATING TO ALTERNATIVE FUEL INCENTIVES.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 1 2 Section 1. Section 28-5805, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 28-5805. Motor vehicle powered by alternative fuel: 5 classification; vehicle license tax; definitions 6 A. A separate classification of motor vehicles is established for purposes of taxation pursuant to article IX, section 11, Constitution of 7 8 Arizona, that consists of motor vehicles powered by alternative fuel AND THAT 9 WERE INITIALLY REGISTERED IN THIS STATE BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2002. 10 Β. Notwithstanding section 28-5801, the vehicle license tax rate for a 11 motor vehicle that has a gross vehicle weight of twelve thousand pounds or 12 less and that is classified under this section is as follows: 13 On initial registration, a one-time vehicle license tax of fifty 1. 14 dollars. 15 2. On renewal of registration, a one-time vehicle license tax of 16 thirty-five dollars. 17 C. Notwithstanding section 28-5801, the registering officer shall 18 collect at the time of application for and before registration of the motor 19 vehicle that has a gross vehicle weight of more than twelve thousand pounds 20 and that is classified under this section an annual license tax of four dollars for each one hundred dollars in value. 21 During the first twelve 22 months of the life of the motor vehicle as determined by its initial 23 registration, the value is one per cent of the manufacturer's base retail 24 price of the motor vehicle. During each succeeding twelve month period the 25 value of the motor vehicle is fifteen per cent less than the value of the 26 preceding twelve month period. The minimum amount of the license tax 27 computed under this subsection is five dollars per year for each motor vehicle subject to the tax. 28 29 D. Except as specifically provided in this section, the vehicle 30 license tax on a motor vehicle classified under this section is governed by 31 this article. 32 E. Proof of eligibility for the special license tax rate provided by 33 this section shall be provided as follows: 34 1. For an original equipment manufactured alternative fuel vehicle, 35 the dealer who sells the motor vehicle shall provide to the department of 36 transportation and the owner of the motor vehicle a certificate indicating: 37 (a) That the motor vehicle is powered by an alternative fuel. 38 (b) The emission classification of the motor vehicle as low, 39 inherently low, ultralow or zero. 40 2. For a converted motor vehicle or a motor vehicle that is assembled 41 by the owner, the department of environmental quality or an agent of the 42 department of environmental quality shall provide a certificate to the 43 department of transportation and the owner of the motor vehicle indicating 44 that the motor vehicle is powered by an alternative fuel. 45 F. For purposes of this section:

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"Alternative fuel" has the same meaning prescribed in section 1. 1-215.

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2. "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle that meets the safety standards of 4 the national highway traffic safety administration and includes neighborhood 5 electric vehicles that meet the standards prescribed in 49 Code of Federal 6 Regulations section 571.500, except that, if a vehicle is designed to be 7 operated at speeds of twenty miles per hour or less, the vehicle is not 8 required to have a seventeen digit vehicle identification number.

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- Sec. 2. Section 41-1516, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 41-1516. Arizona clean air fund; purposes; vehicle certification program; definition

12 A. The Arizona clean air fund is established consisting of the 13 following:

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1. Monies appropriated by the legislature.

15 2. Monies from the air quality fund pursuant to section 49-551, 16 subsection C, paragraph 2.

17 3. Any monies that are appropriated to state agencies for alternative 18 fuel vehicles or conversion of conventional vehicles to operate on 19 alternative fuels and that have not been spent by the state agency at the end 20 of each fiscal year.

21 4. Monies collected pursuant to section 49-543, subsection B, except 22 that beginning on January 1, 2001 until the contract entered into pursuant to 23 section 49-545 and in effect on April 28, 2000 expires, the department shall 24 deposit, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, sixteen dollars eighty-one 25 cents of the fee collected pursuant to section 49-543, subsection B in area A 26 as defined in section 49-541 and two dollars fifty-one cents of the fee 27 collected pursuant to section 43-543, subsection B in area B as defined in 28 section 49-541 in the emissions inspection fund established by section 49-544 29 for the purpose of reducing the emissions inspection fees prescribed pursuant 30 to section 49-543, subsection A.

31 5. Monies from the state lottery fund pursuant to section 5-522, 32 subsection A, paragraph 4.

33 6. Monies deposited pursuant to sections 28-737, 28-876, 28-2416, 34 43-1086 and 43-1174.

35 36 7. Any other monies received through gifts, grants and donations.

B. The director shall administer the fund.

37 C. Except as provided in subsection 0 of this section, monies in the 38 fund may be used for any of the following:

39 1. To promote public use of alternative fuels by providing individual 40 grants for alternative fuel delivery systems that have had their equipment 41 certified by the department of commerce energy office as follows:

42 (a) A grant of not more than one hundred thousand dollars for each 43 variation of alternative fuel type dispensed through a newly constructed 44 alternative fuel delivery system or an alternative fuel delivery system that

1 is added to an existing facility if the alternative fuel delivery system is 2 accessible to the general public.

3 (b) In addition to the grant prescribed in subdivision (a) of this 4 paragraph, a grant for one hundred per cent of the cost of installing or 5 retrofitting automatic debit or credit card access to an alternative fuel 6 delivery system that is accessible to the general public.

7 (c) A grant of not more than fifty thousand dollars or the cost of the 8 alternative fuel delivery system, whichever is less, for each variation of 9 alternative fuel type dispensed through a newly constructed alternative fuel 10 delivery system or an alternative fuel delivery system that is added to an 11 existing facility if the alternative fuel delivery system is not accessible 12 to the general public.

13 (d) A grant of not more than fifty thousand dollars for retrofitting a 14 private alternative fuel delivery system to make it accessible to the general 15 public.

16 (e) A grant of not more than fifty thousand dollars for retrofitting 17 an alternative fuel delivery system owned by this state or a political 18 subdivision of this state to make it accessible to other governmental 19 entities.

20 2. Not more than one-half of the monies deposited in the fund shall be 21 used by the department to establish a program that would provide grants to 22 individuals, small businesses or nonprofit corporations for the purchase and 23 installation of an alternative fuel delivery system for use on the 24 individual's, small business' or nonprofit corporation's property in this 25 state. Grants awarded pursuant to this paragraph shall not be more than the 26 cost of the alternative fuel delivery system. The cost of the alternative 27 fuel delivery system does not include the cost of wall sockets or extension 28 cords. The department of commerce shall promptly notify the department of 29 revenue of individuals and small businesses that have received a grant 30 pursuant to this paragraph and the amount of the grant. For the purposes of 31 this paragraph, "small business" has the same meaning prescribed in section 32 41-1001.

33 3. Grants to school districts to pay a portion of the cost incurred 34 for the alternative fuels program prescribed in section 15-349.

Grants to community college districts to pay a portion of the cost
 incurred for the alternative fuels program prescribed in section 41-803.

5. Grants to cities and towns to pay a portion of the cost incurred for the alternative fuels vehicle program and for the incremental cost of alternative fuel buses pursuant to section 9-500.04.

40 6. Grants to counties to pay a portion of the cost incurred for the 41 alternative fuels program prescribed in section 49-474.01.

42 7. Grants to nonprofit corporations to pay a portion of the cost 43 incurred by nonprofit corporations in acquiring alternative fuel vehicles. 11.

8. Grants to provide service to fleets that have been converted for use of alternative fuel within the previous five years so that the vehicles in the fleets may function on alternative fuel.

9. To pay the costs of high occupancy vehicle lane sign markings required by section 28-2416 and the costs of providing the information prescribed in section 28-5801, subsection A, paragraph 2.

7 10. Administrative costs incurred by the department in administering8 the programs prescribed in this subsection.

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To conduct public awareness programs for alternative fuels.

10 12. To provide for training for persons involved in alternative fuel 11 activities with automobiles.

12 13. To allocate resources to reduce the cost of converting or acquiring
13 alternative fuel vehicles and equipment as prescribed by sections 43-1086,
14 43-1086.01, 43-1086.02, 43-1174, 43-1174.01 and 43-1174.02.

15 14. To allocate resources to reduce the cost of an alternative fuel as 16 prescribed by sections 43-1086, 43-1086.01, 43-1086.02, 43-1174, 43-1174.01 17 and 43-1174.02.

D. Except as provided in subsections E and O of this section, the department shall use fifty per cent of the monies deposited in the fund in fiscal years 2000-2001 through 2009-2010 to provide grants to persons for purchasing alternative fuel vehicles, converting conventionally fueled vehicles to operate on an alternative fuel or retrofitting alternative fuel vehicles, except that:

24 Beginning on July 1, 2002, if twelve months after deposit of the 1. 25 monies applications for grants pursuant to this subsection have not been 26 submitted in a total amount equal to the prescribed percentage of the monies 27 deposited, the department shall use the difference between the prescribed 28 percentage of the monies deposited and the total amount of grant applications 29 to provide grants to a regional planning agency in a county with a population 30 of more than one million two hundred thousand persons for conversion of 31 diesel fleets in the county to use alternative fuels or for acquisition of 32 alternative fuel vehicles to replace diesel fleets in the county.

Any monies that are provided to a regional planning agency pursuant
to paragraph 1 of this subsection and that are not spent within six months
revert to the fund to be used for grants as provided in this subsection.

36 E. The time periods prescribed in subsection D of this section are 37 rolling time periods and begin whenever monies are deposited in the fund. 38 Neighborhood electric vehicles as defined in section 43-1086 are not eligible 39 for grants pursuant to subsection D of this section. A grant provided 40 pursuant to subsection D of this section for the purchase of an alternative 41 fuel vehicle or the conversion of a conventionally fueled vehicle to operate on alternative fuel shall be in an amount that is equal to the amount of the 42 43 tax credit prescribed in section 43-1086, subsection B or 43-1174, subsection 44 The department of commerce shall promptly notify the department of Β. 45 revenue of persons who have received a grant pursuant to subsection D of this

1 section and the amount of the grant. If monies are not available for grants 2 to persons pursuant to subsection D of this section, the department of 3 commerce shall provide the eligible person with an affidavit stating that 4 monies are not available in the fund for grants, that the person would 5 qualify for a grant if monies were available in the fund and that the person 6 is eligible for a tax credit pursuant to section 43-1086 or 43-1174. The 7 department of commerce shall not provide grants pursuant to subsection D of 8 this section in a calendar year after the month in which the motor vehicle 9 division reports to the department as provided in section 43-1086 that the 10 number of new alternative fuel vehicles, excluding neighborhood electric 11 vehicles, vehicles registered pursuant to section 28-2511 and commercial 12 vehicles, newly registered in this state in the current calendar year exceeds 13 one per cent of the total number of motor vehicles registered in this state 14 in the previous calendar year. If grants are not provided in a calendar year 15 based on a motor vehicle division report pursuant to section 43-1086, the 16 restriction only applies to the remainder of that calendar year. If a person 17 who applies for a grant pursuant to subsection D of this section submits a 18 purchase order and proof of at least a ten per cent down payment on an 19 alternative fuel vehicle, conversion or retrofit or a bill of sale for an 20 alternative fuel vehicle, conversion or retrofit at the time of application, 21 the department shall secure monies for a grant for that person until the 22 person completes the transaction and the department shall not use those 23 monies to provide grants to a regional planning agency pursuant to subsection 24 D, paragraph 1 of this section if the transaction is completed within one 25 In order to qualify for a grant pursuant to subsection D of this year. 26 section or a tax credit pursuant to section 43-1086 or 43-1174, a person 27 shall apply for a grant pursuant to subsection D of this section no later 28 than one year after the person purchases, converts or retrofits an 29 alternative fuel vehicle.

F. The department shall use monies in the fund for a grant to pay for the cost of an alternative fuel delivery system at northern Arizona university that is accessible to the general public. The amount of this grant shall not be more than three hundred thousand dollars. Alternative fuel sold from that alternative fuel delivery system shall not be marked up more than fifteen per cent.

36 G. The department shall use monies in the fund for grants to pay costs 37 incurred for successful certification tests that are necessary to meet the 38 requirements of memorandum 1-A issued by the United States environmental 39 protection agency, that are performed in this state and the results of which 40 are filed with the department of commerce energy office, except that fees 41 required by the United States environmental protection agency are not 42 eligible for grants pursuant to this subsection. Costs that are eligible for 43 grants pursuant to this subsection include the following:

Procurement and operating costs for a single platform, including
 expenses for testing a vehicle up to its degradation mileage limit.

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1 2. The cost of conversion equipment and installation for the single 2 engine platform.

3 3. Expenses directly related to the process of obtaining certification,4 including:

- (a) Personnel time.
- (b) Additional materials.

(c) Specialized equipment rentals or leases.

8 (d) Operating costs and payments on purchased specialized emissions 9 equipment during the time it is required for the certification process.

10 (e) The cost of installation for specialized emissions testing 11 equipment.

12 (f) Ongoing maintenance, upgrading and repair costs for specialized 13 emissions testing equipment during the time it is used for certification 14 testing.

(g) The costs involved in obtaining technical information or accesscharges for information used for the certification process.

17 (h) Independent emissions laboratory fees required for validating18 certification criteria.

(i) Facility expenses that are prorated to the equivalent area of the required size of one bay large enough to house the platform and the necessary related equipment to perform the certification research and development and validation testing.

H. The department shall use monies in the fund to pay for one-half of the hydrogen program grants awarded pursuant to section 41-1515 in fiscal year 2000-2001 and fiscal year 2001-2002. Notwithstanding section 41-1515, an applicant for a grant of monies provided pursuant to this subsection shall provide funding in an amount that at least equals the grant award and if monies provided pursuant to this subsection are not used within five years the monies revert to the Arizona clean air fund.

30 I. No later than January 1, 2007, the department shall use monies in 31 the fund to provide grants for at least sixteen natural gas delivery systems. 32 These grants shall be provided to private entities to install and operate 33 natural gas delivery systems that are accessible to the general public at the 34 private entities' existing motor vehicle fueling stations. These grants 35 shall be provided for at least eight natural gas delivery systems in area A 36 as defined in section 49-541, at least three natural gas delivery systems in 37 area B as defined in section 49-541, one natural gas delivery system in 38 Kingman, one natural gas delivery system in Yuma, one natural gas delivery 39 system in Casa Grande, one natural gas delivery system in Show Low and one 40 natural gas delivery system in Payson. A recipient of a grant pursuant to 41 this subsection shall not charge for natural gas provided from a delivery system installed and operated under the grant more than the following amounts 42 43 over the recipient's cost of the natural gas:

44 1. Fifteen cents per gallon to cover the cost of compression, including45 electricity, maintenance and wear and tear.

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2. An additional fifteen cents per gallon as profit.

2 J. If a grant is awarded pursuant to this section for an alternative 3 fuel delivery system located at a fueling station, the price of the 4 alternative fuel sold from the alternative fuel delivery system shall be 5 included on the standardized sign that contains the price of other fuels sold 6 at the fueling station. The department of commerce energy office shall design these signs, including the alternative fuel logo for these signs. 7 8 Notwithstanding any other law and because the legislature finds it a matter 9 of statewide concern, these signs shall be uniform throughout the state and 10 local ordinances, rules or laws are preempted for design, placement, size, 11 type and height.

12 K. The department may provide certification of alternative fuel 13 vehicles and equipment converted or purchased in previous tax years if the 14 taxpayer provides appropriate documentation to the department and if the 15 department deems the documentation and certification acceptable.

L. Except as provided in sections 43-1086 and 43-1174, tax credits for alternative fuel vehicles authorized pursuant to state law shall only be allowed if the vehicle meets one of the following:

19 1. The vehicle engine is certified to meet at a minimum the United 20 States environmental protection agency low emission vehicle standard pursuant 21 to 40 Code of Federal Regulations section 88.104-94 or 88.105-94.

22 2. The vehicle engine meets the requirements of the addendum to 23 memorandum 1-A, issued by the United States environmental protection agency, 24 as printed in the federal register, volume 62, number 207, October 27, 1997, 25 pages 55635 through 55637.

3. The vehicle engine is the subject of a waiver for that specific engine application from the United States environmental protection agency's memorandum 1-A requirements and that waiver is documented to the reasonable satisfaction of the department.

M. The director shall report annually to the legislature on the status of the Arizona clean air fund including a report on expenditures from the fund pursuant to this section. The report shall include a summary of alternative fuel delivery systems for which funding was provided during the preceding fiscal year. The report shall be submitted to the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives no later than September 1 of each year.

N. Monies in the Arizona clean air fund are exempt from the provisions of section 35-190 relating to lapsing of appropriations. On notice from the department of commerce, the state treasurer shall invest and divest monies in the fund as provided by section 35-313, and monies earned from investment shall be credited to the fund.

42 0. The department shall not provide grants or affidavits to any person
43 who enters into a contract or signs a purchase order for any of the following
44 beginning on October 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001:

- 1 1. The purchase of an alternative fuel vehicle as defined in section 2 43-1086.
- 3 2. The conversion of a conventionally fueled vehicle to operate on an4 alternative fuel.
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3. The retrofitting of an alternative fuel vehicle.

- 6 4. The purchase and installation of an alternative fuel delivery 7 system for use on an individual's, small business' or nonprofit corporation's 8 property in this state pursuant to subsection C, paragraph 2 of this section.
- 9 5. Alternative fuel delivery system construction or modification 10 pursuant to subsection C, paragraph 1 of this section.

11 P. No later than November 13, 2000, each person who sells alternative 12 fuel vehicles in this state, who converts conventionally fueled vehicles to 13 operate on an alternative fuel in this state, who sells or installs 14 alternative fuel delivery systems for use on an individual's, small business' 15 or nonprofit corporation's property in this state or who constructs or 16 modifies alternative fuel delivery systems in this state shall provide 17 information to the department of commerce, in a form determined by the 18 department of commerce in consultation with the department of revenue, that 19 is necessary to administer this program and to determine the full extent to 20 which individuals and businesses are potentially eligible for grants pursuant 21 to this section. The information shall include all persons who entered into 22 contracts or signed purchase orders on or after January 1, 2000 through 23 October 19, 2000 but shall not include any cancellations that occur before 24 November 13, 2000. The department of commerce shall send a notice to each 25 person known to the department to be required to provide information pursuant 26 to this subsection. The department of commerce and the department of revenue 27 shall keep confidential any social security numbers, other assigned taxpayer 28 identification numbers or telephone numbers provided in the information 29 required pursuant to this section. For the purposes of this subsection, the 30 department of commerce is exempt from the rule making requirements of chapter 31 6 of this title.

Q. For the purposes of this section, "alternative fuel delivery
 system" means any facility that provides for the fueling of an alternative
 fuel vehicle.

Sec. 3. Section 42-5061, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by Laws 2000, chapter 63, section 5, chapter 401, section 1 and chapter 405, section 23, is amended to read:

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42-5061. Retail classification; definitions

A. The retail classification is comprised of the business of selling tangible personal property at retail. The tax base for the retail classification is the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the business. The tax imposed on the retail classification does not apply to the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from:

1. Professional or personal service occupations or businesses which 1 2 involve sales or transfers of tangible personal property only as 3 inconsequential elements.

- 4 2. Services rendered in addition to selling tangible personal property 5 at retail.
- 6 3. Sales of warranty or service contracts. The storage, use or 7 consumption of tangible personal property provided under the conditions of 8 such contracts is subject to tax under section 42-5156.

9 Sales of tangible personal property by any nonprofit organization 4. 10 organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes and recognized by 11 the United States internal revenue service under section 501(c)(3) of the 12 internal revenue code.

13 5. Sales to persons engaged in business classified under the 14 restaurant classification of articles used by human beings for food, drink or 15 condiment, whether simple, mixed or compounded.

16 6. Business activity which is properly included in any other business 17 classification which is taxable under article 1 of this chapter.

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The sale of stocks and bonds. 7.

19 Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or tent, 8. 20 regulator and tank, on the prescription of a member of the medical, dental or 21 veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such substances.

22 9. Prosthetic appliances as defined in section 23-501 prescribed or 23 recommended by a health professional licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 24 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 or 29.

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Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips. 10. Prescription eyeglasses or contact lenses.

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12. Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901.

28 Durable medical equipment which has a federal health care financing 13. 29 administration common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by medicare, 30 is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, chapter 7, 8, 13, 31 14, 15, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is primarily and customarily 32 used to serve a medical purpose, is generally not useful to a person in the 33 absence of illness or injury and is appropriate for use in the home.

34 14. Sales to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if 35 the vendor ships or delivers the tangible personal property out of this 36 state.

37 15. Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 3 of 38 this chapter and section 42-5074.

39 16. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture food 40 stamp coupons issued under the food stamp act of 1977 (P.L. 95-113; 91 Stat. 41 958) or food instruments issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act 42 (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; 42 United States Code 43 section 1786).

44 17. Textbooks by any bookstore that are required by any state 45 university or community college.

1 Food and drink to a person who is engaged in business which is 18. 2 classified under the restaurant classification and which provides such food 3 and drink without monetary charge to its employees for their own consumption 4 on the premises during the employees' hours of employment.

5 Articles of food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible 19. 6 personal property to a school district if such articles and accessory 7 tangible personal property are to be prepared and served to persons for 8 consumption on the premises of a public school within the district during 9 school hours.

10 20. Lottery tickets or shares pursuant to title 5, chapter 5, 11 article 1.

12 21. The sale of precious metal bullion and monetized bullion to the 13 ultimate consumer, but the sale of coins or other forms of money for 14 manufacture into jewelry or works of art is subject to the tax. In this 15 paragraph:

16 "Monetized bullion" means coins and other forms of money which are (a) 17 manufactured from gold, silver or other metals and which have been or are 18 used as a medium of exchange in this or another state, the United States or a 19 foreign nation.

20 (b) "Precious metal bullion" means precious metal, including gold, 21 silver, platinum, rhodium and palladium, which has been smelted or refined so 22 that its value depends on its contents and not on its form.

23 22. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel which are subject to a tax imposed 24 under title 28, chapter 16, article 1 or 2, sales of use fuel to a holder of 25 a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 28-5739, sales 26 of aviation fuel which are subject to the tax imposed under section 28-8344 27 and sales of jet fuel which are subject to the tax imposed under article 8 of 28 this chapter.

29 23. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in the business 30 of leasing or renting such property under the personal property rental 31 classification if such property is to be leased or rented by such person.

32 24. Tangible personal property sold in interstate or foreign commerce 33 if prohibited from being so taxed by the Constitution of the United States or 34 the constitution of this state.

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Tangible personal property sold to: 25.

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(a) A qualifying hospital as defined in section 42-5001.

37 (b) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 38 42-5001 if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely 39 to provide health and medical related educational and charitable services.

40 (c) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 41 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, 42 therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for blind, 43 visually impaired and multihandicapped children from the time of birth to age 44 twenty-one.

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(d) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 42-5001.

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(e) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under 4 section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.

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6 (f) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) 7 8 of the internal revenue code and that provides residential apartment housing 9 for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that 10 qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible personal property is 11 used by the organization solely to provide residential apartment housing for 12 low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies 13 for a federal housing subsidy.

14 Magazines or other periodicals or other publications by this state 26. 15 to encourage tourist travel.

16 27. Tangible personal property sold to a person that is subject to tax 17 under this article by reason of being engaged in business classified under 18 the prime contracting classification under section 42-5075, or to a 19 subcontractor working under the control of a prime contractor that is subject 20 to tax under article 1 of this chapter, if the property so sold is any of the 21 following:

22 (a) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any real property, 23 structure, project, development or improvement as part of the business.

24 (b) Used in environmental response or remediation activities under 25 section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

26 (c) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any lake facility 27 development in a commercial enhancement reuse district under conditions 28 prescribed for the deduction allowed by section 42-5075, subsection B, 29 paragraph 8.

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The sale of a motor vehicle to: 28.

31 (a) A nonresident of this state if the purchaser's state of residence 32 does not allow a corresponding use tax exemption to the tax imposed by 33 article 1 of this chapter and if the nonresident has secured a special 34 thirty-day nonresident registration of the vehicle by applying according to 35 section 28-2154.

36 (b) An enrolled member of an Indian tribe who resides on the Indian 37 reservation established for that tribe.

38 29. Tangible personal property purchased or leased in this state by a 39 nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) 40 of the United States internal revenue code and that engages in and uses such 41 property exclusively for training, job placement or rehabilitation programs 42 or testing for mentally or physically handicapped persons.

43 Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization 30. 44 that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6)of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated with a major 45

1 league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association 2 and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any 3 private shareholder or individual.

4 31. Sales of commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code 5 section 2, that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in or 6 from which the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future delivery 7 subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the United States 8 commodity futures trading commission.

9 32. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization 10 that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), 11 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the internal revenue code if the organization 12 sponsors or operates a rodeo featuring primarily farm and ranch animals and 13 no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any 14 private shareholder or individual.

15 33. Sales of new semitrailers, as defined in section 28-101, 16 manufactured in Arizona, or new parts manufactured in Arizona for 17 semitrailers sold by the manufacturer to a person who holds an interstate 18 commerce commission license for use in interstate commerce.

19 34. Sales of seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, cuttings and other 20 propagative material to persons who use those items to commercially produce 21 agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops in this 22 state.

35. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are only useful to assist a person who is physically disabled as defined in section 46-191, has a developmental disability as defined in section 36-551 or has a head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be more independent and functional.

28 36. Sales of tangible personal property that is shipped or delivered 29 directly to a destination outside the United States for use in that foreign 30 country.

31 37. Sales of natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a 32 motor vehicle.

38. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer felts,
 sold to a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in paper
 manufacturing.

36 39. Coal, petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and electricity 37 sold to a qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or 38 processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 and directly used or consumed in 39 the generation or provision of on-site power or energy solely for 40 technology manufacturing, producing or processing environmental or 41 environmental protection. This paragraph shall apply for fifteen full 42 consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper 43 manufacturing machine is placed in service. In the case of an environmental 44 technology manufacturer, producer or processor who does not manufacture 1 paper, the time period shall begin with the date the first manufacturing, 2 processing or production equipment is placed in service.

3 Sales of liquid, solid or gaseous chemicals used in manufacturing, 40. 4 processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical operations, research 5 and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, printing, if using or 6 consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an integrated system of 7 chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials from which the product 8 is produced for the purpose of causing or permitting a chemical or physical 9 change to occur in the materials as part of the production process. This 10 paragraph does not include chemicals that are used or consumed in activities 11 such as packaging, storage or transportation but does not affect any 12 deduction for such chemicals that is otherwise provided by this section. For 13 purposes of this paragraph, "printing" means a commercial printing operation 14 and includes job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and bookbinding.

property liquidation 15 Through December 31, 1994, personal 41. 16 transactions, conducted by a personal property liquidator. From and after 17 December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation transactions shall be 18 taxable under this section provided that nothing in this subsection shall be 19 construed to authorize the taxation of casual activities or transactions 20 under this chapter. In this paragraph:

(a) "Personal property liquidation transaction" means a sale of personal property made by a personal property liquidator acting solely on behalf of the owner of the personal property sold at the dwelling of the owner or upon the death of any owner, on behalf of the surviving spouse, if any, any devisee or heir or the personal representative of the estate of the deceased, if one has been appointed.

(b) "Personal property liquidator" means a person who is retained toconduct a sale in a personal property liquidation transaction.

42. Sales of food, drink and condiment for consumption within the premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, the department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.

43. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property.

44. Livestock and poultry feed, salts, vitamins and other additives for livestock or poultry consumption that are sold to persons who are engaged in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or who are engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

42 45. Sales of implants used as growth promotants and injectable 43 medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 8 of this subsection, for 44 livestock or poultry owned by or in possession of persons who are engaged in 45 producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or who are 1 engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For purposes of this 2 paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

46. Sales of motor vehicles at auction to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if the vehicles are shipped or delivered out of this state, regardless of where title to the motor vehicles passes or its free on board point.

7 47. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in business and 8 subject to tax under the transient lodging classification if the tangible 9 personal property is a personal hygiene item which is furnished to and 10 intended to be consumed by the transient during the transient's occupancy.

11 48. Sales of alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, to a used 12 oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used oil fuel 13 under section 49-426 or 49-480.

49. Sales of materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded
libraries including school district libraries, charter school libraries,
community college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state,
county or municipal libraries for use by the public as follows:

18 19 (a) Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985.

(b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994.

20 50. Tangible personal property sold to a commercial airline and 21 consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for serving 22 the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without additional 23 charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For purposes of this 24 paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a federal certificate 25 of public convenience and necessity or foreign air carrier permit for air 26 transportation to transport persons, property or United States mail in 27 intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

51. THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2001, sales of alternative fuel vehicles, as defined in section 43-1086, and equipment that is installed in a conventional motor vehicle to convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215. FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2001, SALES OF ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND CONVERSION EQUIPMENT ARE SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS SECTION.

52. Sales of any spirituous, vinous or malt liquor by a person that is licensed in this state as a wholesaler by the department of liquor licenses and control pursuant to title 4, chapter 2, article 1.

53. Sales of tangible personal property to be incorporated or installed as part of environmental response or remediation activities under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

B. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by
subsection A of this section, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income
derived from sales of the following categories of tangible personal property
shall be deducted from the tax base:

44 1. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in manufacturing,
 45 processing, fabricating, job printing, refining or metallurgical operations.

1 The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job printing", 2 "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer to and include 3 those operations commonly understood within their ordinary meaning. 4 "Metallurgical operations" includes leaching, milling, precipitating, 5 smelting and refining.

6 2. Mining machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of 7 extracting ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including 8 equipment required to prepare the materials for extraction and handling, 9 loading or transporting such extracted material to the surface. "Mining" 10 includes underground, surface and open pit operations for extracting ores and 11 minerals.

3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business classified under the telecommunications classification and consisting of central office switching equipment, switchboards, private branch exchange equipment, microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment including optical fiber, coaxial cable and other transmission media which are components of carrier systems.

4. Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in
 producing or transmitting electrical power, but not including distribution.
 Transformers and control equipment used at transmission substation sites
 constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting electrical power.

5. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used or to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of breedings or ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or production.

6. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry, including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings, seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.

Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other
 accessories and related equipment sold to:

31 (a) A person holding a federal certificate of public convenience and 32 necessity, a supplemental air carrier certificate under federal aviation 33 regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121) or a foreign air 34 carrier permit for air transportation for use as or in conjunction with or 35 becoming a part of aircraft to be used to transport persons, property or 36 United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

37 (b) Any foreign government for use by such government outside of this38 state.

(c) Persons who are not residents of this state and who will not use such property in this state other than in removing such property from this state. This subdivision also applies to corporations that are not incorporated in this state, regardless of maintaining a place of business in this state, if the principal corporate office is located outside this state and the property will not be used in this state other than in removing the property from this state. 8. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft, aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

9. Railroad rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control equipmentused directly to transport persons or property.

7 10. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or 8 used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for 9 commercial purposes.

10 11. Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles which are used directly 11 to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a governmentally 12 adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program and which are sold 13 to bus companies holding a federal certificate of convenience and necessity 14 or operated by any city, town or other governmental entity or by any person 15 contracting with such governmental entity as part of a governmentally adopted 16 and controlled program to provide urban mass transportation.

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12. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604.

18 13. New machinery and equipment consisting of tractors, tractor-drawn 19 implements, self-powered implements, machinery and equipment necessary for 20 extracting milk and for producing livestock, and machinery and equipment 21 necessary for cooling milk and producing livestock, and drip irrigation lines 22 not already exempt under paragraph 6 of this subsection and that are used for 23 commercial production of agricultural, horticultural, viticultural and 24 floricultural crops and products in this state. In this paragraph:

(a) "New machinery and equipment" means machinery and equipment which
 have never been sold at retail except pursuant to leases or rentals which do
 not total two years or more.

28 (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that 29 are electric-powered.

30 Machinery or equipment used in research and development. In this 14. 31 paragraph, "research and development" means basic and applied research in the 32 sciences and engineering, and designing, developing or testing prototypes, 33 processes or new products, including research and development of computer 34 software that is embedded in or an integral part of the prototype or new 35 product or that is required for machinery or equipment otherwise exempt under 36 this section to function effectively. Research and development do not include manufacturing quality control, routine consumer product testing, 37 38 market research, sales promotion, sales service, research in social sciences 39 or psychology, computer software research that is not included in the 40 definition of research and development, or other nontechnological activities 41 or technical services.

42 15. Machinery and equipment that are purchased by or on behalf of the 43 owners of a soundstage complex and primarily used for motion picture, 44 multimedia or interactive video production in the complex. This paragraph 45 applies only if the initial construction of the soundstage complex begins 1 after June 30, 1996 and before January 1, 2002 and the machinery and 2 equipment are purchased before the expiration of five years after the start 3 of initial construction. For purposes of this paragraph:

4 (a) "Motion picture, multimedia or interactive video production" 5 includes products for theatrical and television release, educational 6 presentations, electronic retailing, documentaries, music videos, industrial 7 films, CD-ROM, video game production, commercial advertising and television 8 episode production and other genres that are introduced through developing 9 technology.

10 (b) "Soundstage complex" means a facility of multiple stages including 11 production offices, construction shops and related areas, prop and costume 12 shops, storage areas, parking for production vehicles and areas that are 13 leased to businesses that complement the production needs and orientation of 14 the overall facility.

15 16. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the following 16 to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, control or 17 transmit telecommunications information:

(a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission
 service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations parts 25 and
 100.

21 (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both of 22 the following conditions are met:

(i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes,
 transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or on
 behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data
 transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations
 parts 25 and 100.

(ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the facility to or on behalf of those services.

For purposes of subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means the three hundred sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date on which the tangible personal property is purchased or the date on which the direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service first transmits information to its customers.

37 17. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, 38 fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 14 of this 39 subsection, of semiconductor products. For purposes of this paragraph, 40 "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an environment 41 where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and contamination are 42 precisely controlled within specified parameters, without regard to whether 43 the property is actually contained within that environment or whether any of 44 the property is affixed to or incorporated into real property. Clean room:

(a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable 1 2 partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to reduce 3 contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, chemical purity 4 or other environmental conditions or manufacturing tolerances, as well as the 5 production machinery and equipment operating in conjunction with the clean room environment. 6

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(b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovable 8 component of the building that houses the clean room environment.

9 Machinery and equipment used directly in the feeding of poultry, 18. 10 the environmental control of housing for poultry, the movement of eggs within 11 a production and packaging facility or the sorting or cooling of eggs. This 12 exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.

13 Machinery or equipment, including related structural components, 19. 14 that is employed in connection with manufacturing, processing, fabricating, 15 job printing, refining, mining, natural gas pipelines, metallurgical 16 operations, telecommunications, producing or transmitting electricity or 17 research and development and that is used directly to meet or exceed rules or 18 regulations adopted by the federal energy regulatory commission, the United 19 States environmental protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory 20 commission, the Arizona department of environmental quality or a political 21 subdivision of this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water 22 or air pollution.

23 20. Machinery and equipment that are sold to a person engaged in the 24 commercial production of livestock, livestock products or agricultural, 25 horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops or products in this state 26 and that are used directly and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or 27 reduce air, water or land pollution.

28 21. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to 29 originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television 30 signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United States 31 32 Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order issued 33 April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This paragraph does 34 not exempt any of the following:

35 (a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or 36 equipment described in this paragraph.

37 (b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or equipment 38 for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under this paragraph.

39 (c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television station 40 has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1, 2009, 41 whichever occurs first.

42 C. The deductions provided by subsection B of this section do not 43 include sales of:

44 1. Expendable materials. For purposes of this paragraph, expendable 45 materials do not include any of the categories of tangible personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of the cost or useful life of that property.

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2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools.

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3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.

5 4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing 6 activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in 7 subsection B, paragraph 16 of this section.

8 5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except buses 9 or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant to 10 subsection B, paragraph 11 of this section, without regard to the use of such 11 motor vehicles.

6. Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of whateverkind or character not specifically included as exempt.

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7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.

D. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income from retail sales of automobiles does not include any amount attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States Code section 4001.

18 E. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by subsection A of this section, there shall be deducted from the tax base the 19 20 gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales of machinery, 21 equipment, materials and other tangible personal property used directly and 22 construct qualified environmental predominantly to а technology 23 manufacturing, producing or processing facility as described in section 24 41-1514.02. This subsection applies for ten full consecutive calendar or 25 fiscal years after the start of initial construction.

F. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income from retail sales of heavy trucks and trailers does not include any amount attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States Code section 4051.

30 G. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income 31 from the sale of use fuel, as defined in section 28-5701, does not include 32 any amount attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States 33 Code section 4091.

H. If a person is engaged in an occupation or business to which subsection A of this section applies, the person's books shall be kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and the gross income from sales of services, and if not so kept the tax shall be imposed on the total of the person's gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and gross income from services.

I. If a person is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at both wholesale and retail, the tax under this section applies only to the gross proceeds of the sales made other than at wholesale if the person's books are kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of each class, and if the books are not so kept, the tax under this section applies to the gross proceeds of every sale so made. 1 J. A person who engages in manufacturing, baling, crating, boxing, 2 barreling, canning, bottling, sacking, preserving, processing or otherwise 3 preparing for sale or commercial use any livestock, agricultural or 4 horticultural product or any other product, article, substance or commodity 5 and who sells the product of such business at retail in this state is deemed, 6 as to such sales, to be engaged in business classified under the retail 7 classification. This subsection does not apply to businesses classified 8 under the:

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1. Transporting classification.

- 10 2. Utility classification.
- 11 3. Telecommunications classification.
- 12 4. Pipeline classification.
- 13 5. Private car line classification.

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- 15 7. Job printing classification.
- 16 8. Prime contracting classification.

17 9. Owner builder sales classification.

6. Publication classification.

10. Restaurant classification.

19 K. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the 20 following shall be deducted from the tax base for the retail classification:

Sales made directly to the United States government or its
 departments or agencies by a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer.

23 2. Sales made directly to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or 24 repairer if such sales are of any ingredient or component part of products 25 sold directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies 26 by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer.

3. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is used in performing a contract between the United States government and a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in performing a subcontract with a government contractor who is a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to the government under the terms of the contract or subcontract.

4. Sales of overhead materials or other tangible personal property to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer if the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the property by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer will be exempt under paragraph 3 of this subsection.

L. There shall be deducted from the tax base fifty per cent of the
gross proceeds or gross income from any sale of tangible personal property
made directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies,
which is not deducted under subsection K of this section.

42 M. The department shall require every person claiming a deduction 43 provided by subsection K or L of this section to file on forms prescribed by 44 the department at such times as the department directs a sworn statement 1 disclosing the name of the purchaser and the exact amount of sales on which 2 the exclusion or deduction is claimed.

N. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income
 does not include:

5 1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor vehicle 6 if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the retailer.

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2. The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302.

8 0. There shall be deducted from the tax base the amount received from 9 sales of solar energy devices, but the deduction shall not exceed five 10 thousand dollars for each solar energy device. Before deducting any amount 11 under this subsection, the retailer shall register with the department as a 12 solar energy retailer. By registering, the retailer acknowledges that it 13 will make its books and records relating to sales of solar energy devices 14 available to the department for examination.

P. In computing the tax base in the case of the sale or transfer of wireless telecommunications equipment as an inducement to a customer to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064, gross proceeds of sales or gross income does not include any sales commissions or other compensation received by the retailer as a result of the customer entering into or continuing a contract for the telecommunications services.

Q. For the purposes of this section, a sale of wireless telecommunications equipment to a person who holds the equipment for sale or transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064 is considered to be a sale for resale in the regular course of business.

27 R. Retail sales of prepaid calling cards or prepaid authorization 28 numbers for telecommunications services, including sales of reauthorization 29 of a prepaid card or authorization number, are subject to tax under this 30 section.

S. For the purposes of this section, the diversion of gas from a pipeline by a person engaged in the business of operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment to pressurize the pipeline, is not a sale of the gas to the operator of the pipeline.

36 T. If a seller is entitled to a deduction pursuant to subsection B, 37 paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section, the department may require the 38 purchaser to establish that the requirements of subsection B, paragraph 16, 39 subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied. If the purchaser cannot 40 establish that the requirements of subsection B, paragraph 16, subdivision 41 (b) of this section have been satisfied, the purchaser is liable in an amount 42 equal to any tax, penalty and interest which the seller would have been 43 required to pay under article 1 of this chapter if the seller had not made a 44 deduction pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this 45 section. Payment of the amount under this subsection exempts the purchaser

1 from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter and 2 related to the tangible personal property purchased. The amount shall be 3 treated as transaction privilege tax to the purchaser and as tax revenues 4 collected from the seller to designate the distribution base pursuant to 5 section 42-5029.

6 U. FOR PURPOSES OF SECTION 42-5032.01, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL SEPARATELY 7 ACCOUNT FOR REVENUES COLLECTED UNDER THE RETAIL CLASSIFICATION FROM 8 BUSINESSES SELLING TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AT RETAIL:

9 1. ON THE PREMISES OF A MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY THAT IS OWNED, LEASED OR
10 OPERATED BY THE TOURISM AND SPORTS AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO TITLE 5, CHAPTER 8.

2. AT PROFESSIONAL FOOTBALL CONTESTS THAT ARE HELD IN A STADIUM
 LOCATED ON THE CAMPUS OF AN INSTITUTION UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE ARIZONA
 BOARD OF REGENTS.

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U. For the purposes of this section:

1. "Aircraft" includes:

16 (a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal 17 aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator 18 under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.

(b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or attached
 as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a
 certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

22 2. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft 23 accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically 24 contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation.

25 3. "Selling at retail" means a sale for any purpose other than for 26 resale in the regular course of business in the form of tangible personal 27 property, but transfer of possession, lease and rental as used in the 28 definition of sale mean only such transactions as are found on investigation 29 to be in lieu of sales as defined without the words lease or rental.

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 Ψ_{-} W. For purposes of subsection K of this section:

1. "Assembler" means a person who unites or combines products, wares
 or articles of manufacture so as to produce a change in form or substance
 without changing or altering the component parts.

2. "Manufacturer" means a person who is principally engaged in the fabrication, production or manufacture of products, wares or articles for use from raw or prepared materials, imparting to those materials new forms, qualities, properties and combinations.

38 3. "Modifier" means a person who reworks, changes or adds to products,
 39 wares or articles of manufacture.

40 4. "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross 41 proceeds of sales or gross income derived from which would otherwise be 42 included in the retail classification, and which are used or consumed in the 43 performance of a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead 44 expense account and allocated to various contracts based upon generally 1 accepted accounting principles and consistent with government contract 2 accounting standards.

5. "Repairer" means a person who restores or renews products, wares or articles of manufacture.

5 6. "Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any 6 person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing of supplies or services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to the performance of one 7 8 or more government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's 9 obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken or 10 assumed and that includes provisions causing title to overhead materials or 11 other tangible personal property used in the performance of the subcontract 12 to pass to the government or that includes provisions incorporating such 13 title passing clauses in a government contract into the subcontract.

Sec. 4. Repeal

Section 42-5061, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by Laws 2000,
 chapter 372, section 7, is repealed.

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Sec. 5. Section 42-5159, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 42-5159. Exemptions

A. The tax levied by this article does not apply to the storage, use or consumption in this state of the following described tangible personal property:

Tangible personal property sold in this state, the gross receipts
 from the sale of which are included in the measure of the tax imposed by
 articles 1 and 2 of this chapter.

25 2. Tangible personal property the sale or use of which has already 26 been subjected to an excise tax at a rate equal to or exceeding the tax 27 imposed by this article under the laws of another state of the United States. 28 If the excise tax imposed by the other state is at a rate less than the tax 29 imposed by this article, the tax imposed by this article is reduced by the 30 amount of the tax already imposed by the other state.

31 3. Tangible personal property, the storage, use or consumption of 32 which the constitution or laws of the United States prohibit this state from 33 taxing.

4. Tangible personal property which directly enters into and becomes
 an ingredient or component part of any manufactured, fabricated or processed
 article, substance or commodity for sale in the regular course of business.

37 5. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel, the sales, distribution or use of 38 which in this state is subject to the tax imposed under the provisions of 39 title 28, chapter 16, article 1 or 2, use fuel which is sold to or used by a 40 person holding a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 41 28-5739, aviation fuel, the sales, distribution or use of which in this state 42 is subject to the tax imposed under section 28-8344, and jet fuel, the sales, 43 distribution or use of which in this state is subject to the tax imposed 44 under article 8 of this chapter.

6. Tangible personal property brought into this state by an individual 1 2 who was a nonresident at the time the property was purchased for storage, use 3 or consumption by the individual if the first actual use or consumption of 4 the property was outside this state, unless the property is used in 5 conducting a business in this state.

6 7. Purchases of implants used as growth promotants and injectable 7 medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 16 of this subsection, for 8 livestock and poultry owned by, or in possession of, persons who are engaged 9 in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products, or who are 10 engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For purposes of this 11 paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

12 8. Livestock, poultry, supplies, feed, salts, vitamins and other 13 additives for use or consumption in the businesses of farming, ranching and 14 feeding livestock or poultry, not including fertilizers, herbicides and 15 insecticides. For purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

16 Seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, cuttings and other propagative 9. 17 material for use in commercially producing agricultural, horticultural, 18 viticultural or floricultural crops in this state.

19 10. Tangible personal property not exceeding two hundred dollars in any 20 one month purchased by an individual at retail outside the continental limits 21 of the United States for the individual's own personal use and enjoyment.

22 11. Advertising supplements which are intended for sale with newspapers 23 published in this state and which have already been subjected to an excise 24 tax under the laws of another state in the United States which equals or 25 exceeds the tax imposed by this article.

26 12. Materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded libraries 27 including school district libraries, charter school libraries, community 28 college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state, county or 29 municipal libraries for use by the public as follows:

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(a) Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985.

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(b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994. 13. Tangible personal property purchased by:

33 (a) A hospital organized and operated exclusively for charitable 34 purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any 35 private shareholder or individual.

36 (b) A hospital operated by this state or a political subdivision of 37 this state.

38 (c) A licensed nursing care institution or a licensed residential care 39 institution or a residential care facility operated in conjunction with a 40 licensed nursing care institution or a licensed kidney dialysis center, which 41 provides medical services, nursing services or health related services and is 42 not used or held for profit.

43 (d) A qualifying health care organization, as defined in section 44 42-5001, if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely 45 to provide health and medical related educational and charitable services.

1 (e) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 2 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, 3 therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for blind, 4 visually impaired and multihandicapped children from the time of birth to age 5 twenty-one.

6 (f) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under 7 section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code and that engages 8 in and uses such property exclusively for training, job placement or 9 rehabilitation programs or testing for mentally or physically handicapped 10 persons.

11 (g) A person that is subject to tax under article 1 of this chapter by 12 reason of being engaged in business classified under the prime contracting 13 classification under section 42-5075, or a subcontractor working under the 14 control of a prime contractor, if the tangible personal property is any of 15 the following:

16 (i) Incorporated or fabricated by the contractor into a structure, 17 project, development or improvement in fulfillment of a contract.

18 (ii) Used in environmental response or remediation activities under19 section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

(iii) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any lake facility
development in a commercial enhancement reuse district under conditions
prescribed for the deduction allowed by section 42-5075, subsection B,
paragraph 8.

(h) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under
section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code if the property is purchased
from the parent or an affiliate organization that is located outside this
state.

28 (i) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 29 42-5001.

30 (j) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under 31 section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves 32 meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.

33 (k) A person engaged in business under the transient lodging 34 classification if the property is a personal hygiene product which is 35 furnished without additional charge to and intended to be consumed by the 36 transient during the transient's occupancy.

37 (1) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a 38 nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) 39 of the internal revenue code and that provides residential apartment housing 40 for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that 41 qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible personal property is 42 used by the organization solely to provide residential apartment housing for 43 low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies 44 for a federal housing subsidy.

1 14. Commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code section 2, 2 that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in or from which 3 the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future delivery subject to the 4 rules of a commodity market regulated by the United States commodity futures 5 trading commission.

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15. Tangible personal property sold by:

7 (a) Any nonprofit organization organized and operated exclusively for 8 charitable purposes and recognized by the United States internal revenue 9 service under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

10 (b) A nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under 11 section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the 12 organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national 13 touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's 14 net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

15 (c) A nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under 16 section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the 17 internal revenue code if the organization sponsors or operates a rodeo 18 featuring primarily farm and ranch animals and no part of the organization's 19 net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

20 16. Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or tent, 21 regulator and tank, on the prescription of a member of the medical, dental or 22 veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such substances.

17. Prosthetic appliances, as defined in section 23-501, prescribed or
 recommended by a person who is licensed, registered or otherwise
 professionally credentialed as a physician, dentist, podiatrist,
 chiropractor, naturopath, homeopath, nurse or optometrist.

18. Prescription eyeglasses and contact lenses.

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19. Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips.

20. Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901.

21. Durable medical equipment which has a federal health care financing administration common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by medicare, is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, chapter 7, 13, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, is generally not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury and is appropriate for use in the home.

36 22. Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 3 of 37 this chapter and section 42-5074.

38 23. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture food 39 stamp coupons issued under the food stamp act of 1977 (P.L. 95-113; 91 Stat. 40 958) or food instruments issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act 41 (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; 42 United States Code 42 section 1786).

43 24. Food and drink provided without monetary charge by a taxpayer which
44 is subject to section 42-5074 to its employees for their own consumption on
45 the premises during the employees' hours of employment.

4

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1 25. Tangible personal property that is used or consumed in a business 2 subject to section 42-5074 for human food, drink or condiment, whether 3 simple, mixed or compounded.

- 26. Food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible personal property if they are to be prepared and served to persons for consumption on the
- 6 premises of a public school in a school district during school hours.
- 7 27. Lottery tickets or shares purchased pursuant to title 5, chapter 5,8 article 1.

9 28. Textbooks, sold by a bookstore, that are required by any state 10 university or community college.

11 29. Magazines, other periodicals or other publications produced by this 12 state to encourage tourist travel.

30. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer felts,
 purchased by a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in paper
 manufacturing.

16 31. Coal, petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and electricity 17 purchased by a qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or 18 processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 and directly used or consumed in 19 the generation or provision of on-site power or energy solely for 20 technology manufacturing, producing or processing or environmental 21 environmental protection. This paragraph shall apply for fifteen full 22 consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper 23 manufacturing machine is placed in service. In the case of an environmental 24 technology manufacturer, producer or processor who does not manufacture 25 paper, the time period shall begin with the date the first manufacturing, 26 processing or production equipment is placed in service.

27 32. Motor vehicles that are removed from inventory by a motor vehicle 28 dealer as defined in section 28-4301 and that are provided to:

(a) Charitable or educational institutions that are exempt from
 taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

- 31
- (b) Public educational institutions.

32 (c) State universities or affiliated organizations of a state 33 university if no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the 34 benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

35 33. Natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor 36 vehicle.

37 34. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are only 38 useful to assist a person who is physically disabled as defined in section 39 46-191, has a developmental disability as defined in section 36-551 or has a 40 head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be more independent and 41 functional.

42 35. Liquid, solid or gaseous chemicals used in manufacturing, 43 processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical operations, research 44 and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, printing, if using or 45 consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an integrated system of

chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials from which the product 1 2 is produced for the purpose of causing or permitting a chemical or physical 3 change to occur in the materials as part of the production process. This 4 paragraph does not include chemicals that are used or consumed in activities 5 such as packaging, storage or transportation but does not affect any 6 exemption for such chemicals that is otherwise provided by this section. For 7 purposes of this paragraph "printing" means a commercial printing operation 8 and includes job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and bookbinding.

9 36. Food, drink and condiment purchased for consumption within the 10 premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of 11 the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, the 12 department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.

13 37. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible 14 personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a motor 15 carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 16 and who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property.

17 38. Tangible personal property which is or directly enters into and 18 becomes an ingredient or component part of cards used as prescription plan 19 identification cards.

39. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is used in performing a contract between the United States government and a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in performing a subcontract with a government contractor who is a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to the government under the terms of the contract or subcontract. For purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from which would otherwise be included in the retail classification, and which are used or consumed in the performance of a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead expense account and allocated to various contracts based upon generally accepted accounting principles and consistent with government contract accounting standards.

34 (b) "Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any 35 person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing of supplies or 36 services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to the performance of one 37 or more government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's 38 obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken or 39 assumed, and that includes provisions causing title to overhead materials or 40 other tangible personal property used in the performance of the subcontract 41 to pass to the government or that includes provisions incorporating such title passing clauses in a government contract into the subcontract. 42

40. Through December 31, 1994, tangible personal property sold pursuant 44 to a personal property liquidation transaction, as defined in section 45 42-5061. From and after December 31, 1994, tangible personal property sold pursuant to a personal property liquidation transaction, as defined in section 42-5061, if the gross proceeds of the sales were included in the measure of the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter or if the personal property liquidation was a casual activity or transaction.

5 41. Wireless telecommunications equipment that is held for sale or 6 transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a contract 7 for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064.

8 42. Alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, purchased by a used 9 oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used oil fuel 10 under section 49-426 or 49-480.

11 Tangible personal property purchased by a commercial airline and 43. 12 consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for serving 13 the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without additional 14 charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For purposes of this 15 paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a federal certificate 16 of public convenience and necessity or foreign air carrier permit for air 17 transportation to transport persons, property or United States mail in 18 intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

19 44. THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2001, alternative fuel vehicles, as defined in 20 section 43-1086, and equipment that is installed in a conventional motor 21 vehicle to convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative fuel, as defined 22 in section 1-215. FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2001, ALTERNATIVE FUEL 23 VEHICLES AND CONVERSION EQUIPMENT IF THE GROSS PROCEEDS OF THE SALES WERE 24 INCLUDED IN THE MEASURE OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY ARTICLE 1 OF THIS CHAPTER.

45. Gas diverted from a pipeline, by a person engaged in the business of operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, and used or consumed for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment that pressurizes the pipeline.

46. Tangible personal property that is excluded, exempt or deductible
 from transaction privilege tax pursuant to section 42-5063.

47. Tangible personal property purchased to be incorporated or
 installed as part of environmental response or remediation activities under
 section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

B. In addition to the exemptions allowed by subsection A of this section, the following categories of tangible personal property are also exempt:

37 Machinery, or equipment, used directly in manufacturing, 1. 38 processing, fabricating, job printing, refining or metallurgical operations. The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job printing", 39 40 "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer to and include 41 those operations commonly understood within their ordinary meaning. "Metallurgical operations" includes leaching, milling, 42 precipitating, 43 smelting and refining.

44 2. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of extracting
 45 ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including equipment

1 required to prepare the materials for extraction and handling, loading or 2 transporting such extracted material to the surface. "Mining" includes 3 underground, surface and open pit operations for extracting ores and 4 minerals.

5 3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business 6 classified under the telecommunications classification under section 42-5064 7 and consisting of central office switching equipment, switchboards, private 8 branch exchange equipment, microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment 9 including optical fiber, coaxial cable and other transmission media which are 10 components of carrier systems.

4. Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in
 producing or transmitting electrical power, but not including distribution.
 Transformers and control equipment used at transmission substation sites
 constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting electrical power.

5. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used or to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of breedings or ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or production.

6. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry, including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings, seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.

Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other
 accessories and related equipment sold to:

(a) A person holding a federal certificate of public convenience and
necessity, a supplemental air carrier certificate under federal aviation
regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121) or a foreign air
carrier permit for air transportation for use as or in conjunction with or
becoming a part of aircraft to be used to transport persons, property or
United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

30 (b) Any foreign government for use by such government outside of this 31 state, or sold to persons who are not residents of this state and who will 32 not use such property in this state other than in removing such property from 33 this state.

8. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft, aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

38 9. Rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control equipment used
 39 directly to transport persons or property.

40 10. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or 41 used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for 42 commercial purposes.

Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles which are used directly
to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a governmentally
adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program and which are sold

to bus companies holding a federal certificate of convenience and necessity or operated by any city, town or other governmental entity or by any person contracting with such governmental entity as part of a governmentally adopted and controlled program to provide urban mass transportation.

5

12. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45–604.

6 13. New machinery and equipment consisting of tractors, tractor-drawn 7 implements, self-powered implements, machinery and equipment that are 8 necessary for extracting milk, and for cooling milk and livestock, and drip 9 irrigation lines not already exempt under paragraph 6 of this subsection and 10 used for commercial production of agricultural, horticultural, viticultural 11 and floricultural crops and products in this state. In this paragraph:

12 (a) "New machinery and equipment" means machinery or equipment which 13 has never been sold at retail except pursuant to leases or rentals which do 14 not total two years or more.

15 (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that 16 are electric-powered.

17 14. Machinery or equipment used in research and development. In this 18 paragraph, "research and development" means basic and applied research in the 19 sciences and engineering, and designing, developing or testing prototypes, 20 processes or new products, including research and development of computer 21 software that is embedded in or an integral part of the prototype or new 22 product or that is required for machinery or equipment otherwise exempt under 23 this section to function effectively. Research and development do not 24 include manufacturing quality control, routine consumer product testing, 25 market research, sales promotion, sales service, research in social sciences 26 or psychology, computer software research that is not included in the 27 definition of research and development, or other nontechnological activities 28 or technical services.

15. Machinery and equipment that are purchased by or on behalf of the owners of a soundstage complex and primarily used for motion picture, multimedia or interactive video production in the complex. This paragraph applies only if the initial construction of the soundstage complex begins after June 30, 1996 and before January 1, 2002 and the machinery and equipment are purchased before the expiration of five years after the start of initial construction. For purposes of this paragraph:

36 (a) "Motion picture, multimedia or interactive video production" 37 includes products for theatrical and television release, educational 38 presentations, electronic retailing, documentaries, music videos, industrial 39 films, CD-ROM, video game production, commercial advertising and television 40 episode production and other genres that are introduced through developing 41 technology.

42 (b) "Soundstage complex" means a facility of multiple stages including
43 production offices, construction shops and related areas, prop and costume
44 shops, storage areas, parking for production vehicles and areas that are

1 leased to businesses that complement the production needs and orientation of 2 the overall facility.

3 16. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the following 4 to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, control or 5 transmit telecommunications information:

6 (a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission 7 service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations parts 25 and 8 100.

9 (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both of 10 the following conditions are met:

(i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or on behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations parts 25 and 100.

16 (ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, 17 transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data 18 transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the facility 19 to or on behalf of those services.

For purposes of subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means the three hundred sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date on which the tangible personal property is purchased or the date on which the direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service first transmits information to its customers.

25 17. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, 26 fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 14 of this 27 subsection, of semiconductor products. For purposes of this paragraph, 28 "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an environment 29 where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and contamination are 30 precisely controlled within specified parameters, without regard to whether 31 the property is actually contained within that environment or whether any of 32 the property is affixed to or incorporated into real property. Clean room:

(a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable
 partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to reduce
 contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, chemical purity
 or other environmental conditions or manufacturing tolerances, as well as the
 production machinery and equipment operating in conjunction with the clean
 room environment.

39 (b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovable40 component of the building that houses the clean room environment.

18. Machinery and equipment that are used directly in the feeding of poultry, the environmental control of housing for poultry, the movement of eggs within a production and packaging facility or the sorting or cooling of eggs. This exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.

19. Machinery or equipment, including related structural components, 1 2 that is employed in connection with manufacturing, processing, fabricating, 3 job printing, refining, mining, natural gas pipelines, metallurgical 4 operations, telecommunications, producing or transmitting electricity or 5 research and development and that is used directly to meet or exceed rules or 6 regulations adopted by the federal energy regulatory commission, the United 7 States environmental protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory 8 commission, the Arizona department of environmental quality or a political 9 subdivision of this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water 10 or air pollution.

11 20. Machinery and equipment that are used in the commercial production 12 of livestock, livestock products or agricultural, horticultural, viticultural 13 or floricultural crops or products in this state and that are used directly 14 and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or reduce air, water or land 15 pollution.

16 21. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to 17 originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television 18 signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the 19 telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United States 20 Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order issued 21 April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This paragraph does 22 not exempt any of the following:

(a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or
 equipment described in this paragraph.

(b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or equipment
 for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under this paragraph.

(c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television station
 has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1, 2009,
 whichever occurs first.

30 C. The exemptions provided by subsection B of this section do not 31 include:

1. Expendable materials. For purposes of this paragraph, expendable materials do not include any of the categories of tangible personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of the cost or useful life of that property.

36 37 2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools.

3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.

4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing
 activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in
 subsection B, paragraph 16 of this section.

5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except buses or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 11 of this section, without regard to the use of such motor vehicles. 1 2

6. Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of whatever kind or character not specifically included as exempt.

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7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.

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D. The following shall be deducted in computing the purchase price of 5 electricity by a retail electric customer from a utility business:

6 1. Revenues received from sales of ancillary services, electric 7 distribution services, electric generation services, electric transmission 8 services and other services related to providing electricity to a retail 9 electric customer who is located outside this state for use outside this 10 state if the electricity is delivered to a point of sale outside this state.

11 Revenues received from providing electricity, including ancillary 2. 12 services, electric distribution services, electric generation services, 13 electric transmission services and other services related to providing 14 electricity with respect to which the transaction privilege tax imposed under 15 section 42-5063 has been paid.

16

E. The tax levied by this article does not apply to:

17 The storage, use or consumption in Arizona of machinery, equipment, 1. 18 other tangible personal property if used directly and materials or construct 19 predominantly а qualified environmental to technology 20 manufacturing, producing or processing facility, as described in section 21 41-1514.02. This paragraph applies for ten full consecutive calendar or 22 fiscal years after the start of initial construction.

23 2. The purchase of electricity by a qualified environmental technology 24 manufacturer, producer or processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 that is 25 used directly in environmental technology manufacturing, producing or 26 processing. This paragraph shall apply for fifteen full consecutive calendar 27 or fiscal years from the date the first paper manufacturing machine is placed 28 In the case of an environmental technology manufacturer, in service. 29 producer or processor who does not manufacture paper, the time period shall 30 begin with the date the first manufacturing, processing or production 31 equipment is placed in service.

32 F. The following shall be deducted in computing the purchase price of 33 electricity by a retail electric customer from a utility business:

34 1. Fees charged by a municipally owned utility to persons constructing 35 residential, commercial or industrial developments or connecting residential, 36 commercial or industrial developments to a municipal utility system or 37 systems if the fees are segregated and used only for capital expansion, 38 system enlargement or debt service of the utility system or systems.

39 2. Reimbursement or contribution compensation to any person or persons 40 owning a utility system for property and equipment installed to provide 41 utility access to, on or across the land of an actual utility consumer if the 42 property and equipment become the property of the utility. This deduction 43 shall not exceed the value of such property and equipment.

- For the purposes of subsection B of this section: G.
- 44 45
- "Aircraft" includes: 1.

(a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal 1 2 aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator 3 under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.

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(b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or attached 5 as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a 6 certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

2. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft 7 8 accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically 9 contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation.

10 H. For purposes of subsection D of this section, "ancillary services", "electric distribution service", "electric generation service", "electric 11 12 transmission service" and "other services" have the same meanings prescribed 13 by section 42-5063.

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Sec. 6. Section 42-6004, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 42-6004. Exemption from municipal tax

16 A. A city, town or special taxing district shall not levy a 17 transaction privilege, sales, use or other similar tax on:

18 1. Exhibition events in this state sponsored, conducted or operated by 19 a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 20 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the 21 organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national 22 touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's 23 net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

24 2. Interstate telecommunications services, which include that portion 25 of telecommunications services, such as subscriber line service, allocable by 26 federal law to interstate telecommunications service.

27

3. Sales of warranty or service contracts.

28 4. Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state for use 29 outside this state if the vendor ships or delivers the motor vehicle to a 30 destination outside this state.

31

5. Interest on finance contracts.

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6. Dealer documentation fees on the sales of motor vehicles.

33 7. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from a 34 contract from constructing any lake facility development in a commercial 35 enhancement reuse district established pursuant to section 9-499.08.

36 8. Sales of food or other items purchased with United States 37 department of agriculture food stamp coupons issued under the food stamp act 38 of 1977 (P.L. 95-113; 91 Stat. 958) or food instruments issued under section 39 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, 40 section 4302; 42 United States Code section 1786) but may impose such a tax 41 on other sales of food. If a city, town or special taxing district exempts 42 sales of food from its tax or imposes a different transaction privilege rate 43 on the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from sales of food and nonfood 44 items, it shall use the definition of food prescribed by rule adopted by the 45 department pursuant to section 42-5106.
9. Sales of motor vehicles that use alternative fuel as defined in
 section 1-215, THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2001. FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2001,
 A CITY, TOWN OR SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICT MAY LEVY A TAX ON THOSE SALES.

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10. Sales of internet access services to the person's subscribers and customers. For the purposes of this paragraph:

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6 (a) "Internet" means the computer and telecommunications facilities 7 that comprise the interconnected worldwide network of networks that employ 8 the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor or 9 successor protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio.

(b) "Internet access" means a service that enables users to access
 content, information, electronic mail or other services over the internet.
 Internet access does not include telecommunication services provided by a
 common carrier.

B. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, on:-

17 <u>1.</u> natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor 18 vehicle.

19 2. Any business activity conducted at or tangible personal property 20 purchased, leased or rented by any qualified theme park, themed amusement 21 park or other nonathletic entertainment facility that is subject to taxation 22 under article 4 of this chapter.

C. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, gross receipts, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, on gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from any of the following:

A motor carrier's use on the public highways in this state if the
 motor carrier is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article
 4.

2. Leasing, renting or licensing a motor vehicle subject to and upon
which the fee has been paid under title 28, chapter 16, article 4.

32 3. The sale of a motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts 33 and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle to a 34 motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, 35 article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing, renting or licensing 36 such property.

4. Incarcerating or detaining in a privately operated prison, jail or detention facility prisoners who are under the jurisdiction of the United States, this state or any other state or a political subdivision of this state or of any other state.

5. Transporting for hire persons, freight or property by light motor
vehicles subject to a fee under title 28, chapter 15, article 4.

6. Except as provided in section 42-6104, a contract from constructing
any lake facility development in a commercial enhancement reuse district
established pursuant to section 9-499.08.

D. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, in excess of one-tenth of one per cent of the value of the entire product mined, smelted, extracted, refined, produced or prepared for sale, profit or commercial use, on persons engaged in the business of mineral processing, except to the extent that the tax is computed on the gross proceeds or gross income from sales at retail.

8 E. In computing the tax base, any city, town or other taxing 9 jurisdiction shall not include in the gross proceeds of sales or gross 10 income:

1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor vehicle 12 if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the retailer.

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- 14
- 15

The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302.
 Sec. 7. Section 43-1086, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:
 43-1086. Credit for alternative fuel vehicles; definitions

A. Except as provided in subsection K of this section, for taxable years prescribed in subsection J of this section, a credit against taxes imposed by this title is allowed to each taxpayer who applies for a grant pursuant to section 41-1516 unless the vehicle is a neighborhood electric vehicle and who does any of the following:

Purchases or leases, for a period of at least one year, one or more
 new original equipment manufactured alternative fuel vehicles for use in this
 state.

24 2. Incurs expenses during the taxable year for converting one or more 25 conventionally fueled vehicles for use in this state to operate on an 26 alternative fuel.

3. On or before June 30, 2000, purchases or leases, for a period of at least one year, one or more used alternative fuel vehicles for use in this state, except that a tax credit is not allowed pursuant to this section for the purchase or lease of a used neighborhood electric vehicle that is purchased or leased on or after January 1, 2000.

32

B. The amount of the credit is equal to the following:

For a new low emission vehicle twelve thousand pounds or less gross
 vehicle weight, thirty per cent of the cost or five thousand dollars,
 whichever is more.

2. For a used low emission vehicle twelve thousand pounds or less gross vehicle weight, fifteen per cent of the cost or two thousand five hundred dollars, whichever is more.

39 3. For a new ultralow or inherently low emission vehicle, forty per 40 cent of the cost or seven thousand five hundred dollars, whichever is more.

4. For a used ultralow or inherently low emission vehicle, twenty per 42 cent of the cost or three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars, whichever is 43 more.

5. For a new zero or super ultralow emission vehicle, fifty per cent of the cost or ten thousand dollars, whichever is more.

6. For a used zero emission vehicle: 1 2 (a) That is purchased, twenty-five per cent of the cost or five 3 thousand dollars, whichever is more. 4 (b) That is leased, twenty-five per cent of the cost or two thousand 5 five hundred dollars, whichever is more. 6 7. For a new low emission vehicle over twelve thousand pounds gross 7 vehicle weight, thirty per cent of the cost or thirty thousand dollars, 8 whichever is more. 9 8. For a used low emission vehicle over twelve thousand pounds gross 10 vehicle weight, fifteen per cent of the cost or fifteen thousand dollars, 11 whichever is more. 12 9. For conversion of a vehicle over twelve thousand pounds gross 13 vehicle weight, the greatest of the following: 14 (a) Thirty per cent of the actual price of the vehicle plus the cost 15 of conversion. 16 (b) Thirty per cent of the original manufacturer's base retail price 17 of the vehicle. 18 (c) Thirty thousand dollars. 19 For purchase of a converted vehicle over twelve thousand pounds 10. 20 gross vehicle weight, fifteen per cent of the cost or fifteen thousand 21 dollars, whichever is more. 22 For conversion of any other vehicle the greatest of the following: 11. 23 (a) Thirty per cent of the actual purchase price of the vehicle plus 24 the cost of conversion. 25 (b) Thirty per cent of the original manufacturer's base retail price 26 of the vehicle. 27 (c) Five thousand dollars. 28 (d) The amount of the tax credit prescribed in paragraph 3 or 4 of 29 this subsection if the taxpayer can demonstrate that the converted vehicle 30 qualifies as an ultralow or inherently low emission vehicle. 31 (e) The amount of the tax credit prescribed in paragraph 5 or 32 paragraph 6, subdivision (a) of this subsection if the taxpayer can 33 demonstrate that the converted vehicle qualifies as a zero or super ultralow 34 emission vehicle. 35 12. For purchase of any other converted vehicle, fifteen per cent of 36 the cost or two thousand five hundred dollars, whichever is more. 37 Notwithstanding any other paragraph of this subsection, for a new 13. 38 neighborhood electric vehicle that is purchased on or after July 1, 2000, 39 fifty per cent of the cost of the vehicle or one thousand dollars, whichever 40 is more. In order to qualify for a tax credit pursuant to this paragraph, a 41 taxpayer shall certify on forms provided by the department that the vehicle 42 has not been, and will not be, used on a golf course, except for use as a 43 maintenance vehicle for a golf course. If a tax credit is taken for a 44 vehicle pursuant to this paragraph and the vehicle is used on a golf course 45 other than as a maintenance vehicle, the tax credit is subject to recapture - 38 -

by the department, and the taxpayer is subject to a civil penalty of one thousand dollars. Civil penalties collected pursuant to this paragraph shall be deposited in the Arizona clean air fund established by section 41-1516.

C. Except as provided in subsection K of this section, a tax credit is allowed pursuant to subsection B, paragraphs 1 through 8 and 13 of this section only if the vehicle is certified to meet the United States environmental protection agency emission standards for the particular type of vehicle for which the credit is claimed as prescribed by 40 Code of Federal Regulations section 88.104-94 or 88.105-94.

D. In order to qualify for a tax credit pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 9 or 10 of this section, a motor home as defined in section 28-4301 that is converted to use liquefied petroleum gas shall have a fuel tank for onboard storage of liquefied petroleum gas that holds at least thirty gallons.

15 E. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the taxes due under this title 16 on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the 17 following apply:

If the vehicle is not a neighborhood electric vehicle, the taxpayer
 may elect either of the following:

(a) To be paid the amount of the claim not used to offset taxes under
this title in the same manner as a refund granted under section 42-1118,
PAYABLE, AT THE TAXPAYER'S OPTION, EITHER AS A SINGLE LUMP SUM PAYMENT, OR IN
THREE EQUAL ANNUAL PAYMENTS PLUS FIVE PER CENT SIMPLE INTEREST ON THE UNPAID
BALANCE. Refunds, INCLUDING ANNUAL INSTALLMENT AND INTEREST PAYMENTS, made
pursuant to this subdivision are subject to setoff pursuant to section 421122.

27 (b) To use the amount as a credit to offset taxes under this title 28 over ten consecutive taxable years in compliance with any statute of 29 limitations provided in this title or title 42.

2. If the vehicle is a neighborhood electric vehicle, the amount of the credit not used to offset taxes under this title may be carried forward to the next five consecutive taxable years as a credit against subsequent years' income tax liability.

34 F. Except as provided in subsection K of this section, if a person 35 purchases an alternative fuel vehicle and then leases the vehicle to another 36 person, the lessor is not entitled to take a tax credit pursuant to this 37 section for the purchase of the vehicle but may claim a share of the tax 38 credit for the lease of the vehicle as provided in the lease agreement, 39 except that the total amount claimed by the lessor and lessee shall not be more than the credit allowed pursuant to this section and a person who 40 41 purchases an alternative fuel vehicle and then leases the vehicle to a 42 governmental entity is entitled to take a tax credit pursuant to this section 43 for the purchase of the vehicle.

G. Except as provided in subsection K of this section, notwithstanding subsection B of this section and if the vehicle is not a neighborhood electric vehicle:

1. If a person receives a grant pursuant to section 41-1516 for the purchase of an alternative fuel vehicle or the conversion of a conventionally fueled vehicle to operate on alternative fuel on or before June 30, 2003, the tax credit pursuant to this section shall only be for the incremental cost of the purchase or conversion.

9 If the person applies for a grant pursuant to section 41-1516 on or 2. 10 before June 30, 2003 and submits to the department of revenue an affidavit issued by the department of commerce stating that monies are not available in 11 the Arizona clean air fund for grants, that the person would qualify for a 12 13 grant if monies were available in the fund and that the person is eligible 14 for a tax credit pursuant to this section or section 43-1174, the person is 15 eligible for a tax credit in the amount prescribed in this section plus the 16 incremental cost of the purchase or conversion.

17 3. If a person receives a grant pursuant to section 41-1516 for the 18 purchase of an alternative fuel vehicle or for the conversion of a 19 conventionally fueled vehicle to operate on alternative fuel on or after July 20 1, 2003 through December 31, 2009, the person is not eligible for a tax 21 credit pursuant to this section.

H. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in
which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of
the tax credit that would have been allowed for a joint return.

I. Co-owners of a business, including partners in a partnership and shareholders of an S corporation as defined in section 1361 of the internal revenue code, may each claim only the pro rata share of the credit allowed under this section based on the ownership interest. The total of the credits allowed all such owners may not exceed the amount that would have been allowed for a sole owner of the business.

31 J. Except as provided in subsection K of this section, tax credits are 32 allowed pursuant to this section through the taxable year ending on or before 33 December 31, 2009, except that tax credits are not allowed for purchases or 34 conversions that occur in a calendar year after the month in which the motor 35 vehicle division reports to the department that the number of new alternative 36 fuel vehicles, excluding neighborhood electric vehicles, vehicles registered 37 pursuant to section 28-2511 and commercial vehicles, newly registered in this 38 state in the current calendar year exceeds one per cent of the total number 39 of motor vehicles registered in this state in the previous calendar year. If 40 tax credits are not allowed in a calendar year based on a motor vehicle 41 division report pursuant to this subsection, the restriction only applies to 42 the remainder of that calendar year. On or before the fifteenth day of each 43 calendar month the motor vehicle division shall submit a report to the 44 department of revenue and the department of commerce energy office that 45 contains the number of new alternative fuel vehicles, excluding neighborhood

1 electric vehicles, vehicles registered pursuant to section 28-2511 and 2 commercial vehicles, newly registered in this state in the current calendar 3 year at the end of the previous month and whether that number exceeds one per 4 cent of the total number of motor vehicles registered in this state in the 5 previous calendar year. The motor vehicle division shall provide a copy of 6 this report to each motor vehicle dealer association in this state. The 7 motor vehicle division shall base the numbers of new alternative fuel 8 vehicles in these reports on manufacturers' certificates of origin.

9 K. The credit provided by this section is not allowed for any of the 10 following:

The purchase or lease of an alternative fuel vehicle that is made
 pursuant to a contract or purchase order entered into during the period
 beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001.

14 2. The purchase or lease of an alternative fuel vehicle that is made 15 during the period beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19, 16 2001 if the purchase or lease is not made pursuant to a contract or purchase 17 order entered into by the taxpayer before October 20, 2000.

3. Any expense incurred for conversion of a conventionally fueled
 vehicle to operate on alternative fuel that is made pursuant to a contract or
 purchase order entered into during the period beginning on OR AFTER October
 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001.

4. Any expense incurred for conversion of a conventionally fueled vehicle to operate on alternative fuel <u>during the period beginning</u> on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 <u>through October 19, 2001</u> if the expense is not incurred pursuant to a contract or purchase order entered into by the taxpayer before October 20, 2000.

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L. For purposes of this section:

"Alternative fuel" has the same meaning prescribed in section
 1-215.

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2. "Alternative fuel vehicle":

31 (a) Means a self-propelled vehicle that is registered and titled in 32 this state for operation on the highways and that is primarily propelled by 33 an alternative fuel.

34 (b) Includes neighborhood electric vehicles, bi-fuel vehicles and35 dedicated vehicles.

36 (c) Does not include such vehicles as a golf cart as defined in 37 section 28-101 unless the golf cart qualifies as a neighborhood electric 38 vehicle, a motorcycle, a motor driven cycle, a moped or an implement of 39 husbandry as defined in section 28-101, a motorized wheelchair as defined in 40 section 28-601, an electric bicycle or a vehicle, such as a forklift, that is 41 not designed primarily for operation on highways.

42 (d) If the vehicle is powered by electricity, may include an onboard43 auxiliary motor that is designed and used to recharge batteries.

1 3. "Bi-fuel vehicle" means a vehicle that is capable of operating on 2 both gasoline or an alternative fuel but does not include a vehicle that is 3 capable of operating on a mixture of two or more fuel types.

4 4. "Dedicated vehicle" means a vehicle that is capable of operating 5 only on a single alternative fuel.

6 5. "Incremental cost" means the amount by which the cost of an 7 alternative fuel vehicle exceeds the cost of the same model of conventionally 8 fueled vehicle that is similarly equipped and for a zero emission vehicle is 9 assumed to be ten thousand dollars or twenty-five per cent of the cost, 10 whichever is more.

11 "Neighborhood electric vehicle" means a motor vehicle that has 6. 12 alternative fuel vehicle special plates or an alternative fuel vehicle 13 sticker issued pursuant to section 28-2416 and that meets the standards 14 prescribed in 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 571.500, except that, if 15 a vehicle is designed to be operated at speeds of twenty miles per hour or 16 less, the vehicle is not required to have a seventeen digit vehicle 17 identification number.

Sec. 8. Section 43-1086.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

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43-1086.01. Credit for vehicle refueling apparatus and infrastructure; definition

22 A. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, for taxable 23 years beginning after December 31, 1998, a credit against taxes imposed 24 pursuant to this title is allowed to each taxpayer who purchases a vehicle 25 refueling apparatus, including storage tanks, for installation on one or more 26 properties located in this state for the taxpayer's use. The amount of the 27 tax credit for each vehicle refueling apparatus is the cost of the vehicle 28 refueling apparatus.

29 B. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, for taxable 30 years beginning after December 31, 1998, a credit against taxes imposed 31 pursuant to this title is allowed to each taxpayer who installs any 32 infrastructure necessary for operation of a vehicle refueling apparatus 33 purchased for installation on the taxpayer's property located in this state 34 as provided in subsection A of this section, including gas or electric 35 infrastructure from the closest main or transformer but not more than one 36 The amount of the tax credit for installation of hundred feet. 37 infrastructure is the cost of the installation of the infrastructure.

38 C. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the taxes due under this title 39 on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the 40 taxpayer may elect either of the following:

41 To be paid the amount of the claim not used to offset taxes under 1. 42 this title in the same manner as a refund granted under section 42-1118, 43 PAYABLE, AT THE TAXPAYER'S OPTION, EITHER AS A SINGLE LUMP SUM PAYMENT, OR IN 44 THREE EQUAL ANNUAL PAYMENTS PLUS FIVE PER CENT SIMPLE INTEREST ON THE UNPAID BALANCE. Refunds, INCLUDING ANNUAL INSTALLMENT AND INTEREST PAYMENTS, made
 pursuant to this paragraph are subject to setoff pursuant to section 42-1122.

2. To use the amount as a credit to offset taxes under this title over ten consecutive taxable years in compliance with any statute of limitations provided in this title or title 42.

D. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the tax credit that would have been allowed for a joint return.

E. Co-owners of a business, including partners in a partnership and shareholders of an S corporation, as defined in section 1361 of the internal revenue code, may each claim only the pro rata share of the credit allowed under this section based on the ownership interest. The total of the credits allowed all such owners may not exceed the amount that would have been allowed for a sole owner of the business.

15 F. The credit provided by this section is not allowed for any of the 16 following:

17 1. The purchase of a vehicle refueling apparatus, including storage 18 tanks, that is made pursuant to a contract or purchase order entered into 19 during the period beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19, 20 2001.

2. The purchase of a vehicle refueling apparatus, including storage
 tanks, that is made during the period beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000
 through October 19, 2001 if the purchase is not made pursuant to a contract
 or purchase order entered into by the taxpayer before October 20, 2000.

25 3. Any installation of infrastucture INFRASTRUCTURE necessary for the 26 operation of a vehicle refueling apparatus that is made pursuant to a 27 contract or purchase order entered into during the period beginning on OR 28 AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001.

4. Any installation of infrastucture INFRASTRUCTURE necessary for the operation of a vehicle refueling apparatus that is made during the period beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001 if the installation is not made pursuant to a contract or purchase order entered into by the taxpayer before October 20, 2000.

34 G. No later than November 13, 2000, each person who sells or installs 35 vehicle refueling apparatuses, including storage tanks, shall provide 36 information to the department of commerce, in a form determined by the 37 department of commerce in consultation with the department of revenue, that 38 is necessary to administer this program and to determine the full extent to 39 which taxpayers are potentially eligible for tax credits pursuant to this 40 The information shall include all purchases and installations section. 41 described in subsection F of this section on or after January 1, 2000 through 42 October 19, 2000 but shall not include any cancellations that occur before 43 November 13, 2000. The department of commerce shall send a notice to each 44 person known to the department to be required to provide information pursuant 45 to this subsection. The department of commerce and the department of revenue 1 shall keep confidential any social security numbers, other assigned taxpayer 2 identification numbers or telephone numbers provided in the information 3 required pursuant to this section. For the purposes of this subsection, the 4 department of commerce is exempt from the rule making requirements of title 5 41, chapter 6.

H. For the purposes of this section, "vehicle refueling apparatus"means any of the following:

8 1. A maximum ten to fifteen standard cubic feet per minute natural gas 9 compression appliance used for slow fill, on-site refueling.

10 2. Equipment necessary to provide an electric charge for an electric 11 vehicle, excluding wall sockets and extension cords.

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3. Tanks used to store liquefied petroleum gas.

13 Sec. 9. Section 43–1086.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 14 read:

43-1086.02. Credit for alternative fuel delivery systems; definitions

A. Except as provided in subsection I of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1997, a credit against taxes imposed by this title is allowed to each taxpayer who incurs construction costs or operating costs during the taxable year for constructing or operating an alternative fuel delivery system in this state that is capable of dispensing an alternative fuel to an alternative fuel vehicle.

23

B. The amount of the credit is equal to the following:

1. For an alternative fuel delivery system that is accessible to the general public or for an alternative fuel delivery system that is dispensing a renewable fuel, one hundred per cent of the costs incurred up to a maximum of four hundred thousand dollars. A taxpayer may take a credit pursuant to this paragraph for each variation of alternative fuel type dispensed through the alternative fuel delivery system.

2. For an alternative fuel delivery system that does not satisfy paragraph 1 of this subsection, fifty per cent of the costs incurred up to a maximum of two hundred thousand dollars. A taxpayer may take a credit pursuant to this paragraph for each variation of alternative fuel type dispensed through the alternative fuel delivery system.

35 C. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the taxes due under this title 36 on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the 37 taxpayer may elect either of the following:

1. To be paid the amount of the claim not used to offset taxes under this title, in the same manner as a refund granted under section 42-1118, PAYABLE, AT THE TAXPAYER'S OPTION, EITHER AS A SINGLE LUMP SUM PAYMENT, OR IN THREE EQUAL ANNUAL PAYMENTS PLUS FIVE PER CENT SIMPLE INTEREST ON THE UNPAID BALANCE. Refunds, INCLUDING ANNUAL INSTALLMENT AND INTEREST PAYMENTS, made pursuant to this paragraph are subject to setoff pursuant to section 42-1122. 1 To use the amount as a credit to offset taxes under this title over 2. 2 ten consecutive taxable years in compliance with any statute of limitations provided in this title or title 42.

3

4 D. If a tax credit is allowed pursuant to this section for an 5 alternative fuel delivery system located at a fueling station, the price of 6 the alternative fuel sold from the alternative fuel delivery system shall be 7 included on the standardized sign that contains the price of other fuels sold 8 at the fueling station. The department of commerce energy office shall 9 design these signs, including the alternative fuel logo for these signs. 10 Notwithstanding any other law and because the legislature finds it a matter 11 of statewide concern, these signs shall be uniform throughout the state and 12 local ordinances, rules or laws are preempted for design, placement, size, 13 type and height.

14 E. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in 15 which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of 16 the tax credit that would have been allowed for a joint return.

17 F. If the taxpayer enters into a lease agreement for the alternative 18 fuel delivery system, the lessor may claim a share of the tax credit allowed 19 under this section as provided in the lease agreement, except that the total 20 amount claimed by the lessor and lessee shall not be more than the tax credit 21 allowed under this section.

22 Co-owners of a business, including partners in a partnership and G. 23 shareholders of an S corporation as defined in section 1361 of the internal 24 revenue code, may each claim only the pro rata share of the credit allowed 25 under this section based on the ownership interest. The total of the credits 26 allowed all such owners may not exceed the amount that would have been 27 allowed for a sole owner of the business.

28 H. A person who receives a grant pursuant to section 41-1516 is not 29 eligible to claim a credit pursuant to this section for the amount of the 30 grant. Except as provided in subsection I of this section, if the cost of 31 the alternative fuel delivery system exceeds the amount of the grant, a 32 person may claim a credit for the amount in excess of the amount of the grant 33 not to exceed the limits imposed by this section.

34

The credit provided by this section is not allowed for either: Ι.

35 1. Construction costs or operating costs of an alternative fuel 36 delivery system that are made pursuant to a contract entered into during the 37 period beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001.

38 2. Construction costs or operating costs of an alternative fuel 39 delivery system that are incurred during the period beginning on OR AFTER 40 October 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001 if the costs are not incurred 41 pursuant to a contract entered into by the taxpayer before October 20, 2000.

42 J. No later than November 13, 2000, each person who provides 43 construction or operating services to alternative fuel delivery systems shall 44 provide information to the department of commerce, in a form determined by 45 the department of commerce in consultation with the department of revenue,

that is necessary to administer this program and to determine the full extent 1 2 to which taxpayers are potentially eligible for tax credits pursuant to this 3 section. The information shall include all costs described in subsection I 4 of this section on or after January 1, 2000 through October 19, 2000 but 5 shall not include any cancellations that occur before November 13, 2000. The 6 department of commerce shall send a notice to each person known to the 7 department to be required to provide information pursuant to this subsection. 8 The department of commerce and the department of revenue shall keep 9 any social security numbers, other assigned taxpayer confidential 10 identification numbers or telephone numbers provided in the information 11 required pursuant to this section. For the purposes of this subsection, the 12 department of commerce is exempt from the rule making requirements of title 13 41, chapter 6.

14

K. For the purposes of this section:

1. "Alternative fuel" has the same meaning prescribed in section
 1-215.

17 2. "Alternative fuel delivery system" has the same meaning prescribed18 in section 41-1516.

19 3. "Alternative fuel vehicle" has the same meaning prescribed in 20 section 43–1086.

4. "Construction costs" means those costs associated with the
 construction of an alternative fuel delivery system.

5. "Operating costs" means those costs directly associated with the dispensing of alternative fuel through an alternative fuel delivery system plus a reasonable charge for overhead functions. Operating costs do not include any expenses directly or indirectly associated with the dispensing of gasoline or diesel fuel or the sale of items at retail not connected with the dispensing of alternative fuels.

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6. "Renewable fuel" means electricity or solar energy.

30 Sec. 10. Section 43–1174, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 31 read:

32

43-1174. Credit for alternative fuel vehicles; definitions

A. Except as provided in subsection J of this section, for taxable years prescribed in subsection I of this section, a credit against taxes imposed by this title is allowed to each taxpayer who applies for a grant pursuant to section 41-1516 unless the vehicle is a neighborhood electric vehicle and who does any of the following:

Purchases or leases, for a period of at least one year, one or more
 new original equipment manufactured alternative fuel vehicles for use in this
 state.

41 2. Incurs expenses during the taxable year for converting one or more 42 conventionally fueled vehicles for use in this state to operate on an 43 alternative fuel.

44 3. On or before June 30, 2000, purchases or leases, for a period of at 45 least one year, one or more used alternative fuel vehicles for use in this state, except that a tax credit is not allowed pursuant to this section for the purchase or lease of a used neighborhood electric vehicle that is purchased or leased on or after January 1, 2000.

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B. The amount of the credit is equal to the following:

5 1. For a new low emission vehicle twelve thousand pounds or less gross 6 vehicle weight, thirty per cent of the cost or five thousand dollars, 7 whichever is more.

8 2. For a used low emission vehicle twelve thousand pounds or less 9 gross vehicle weight, fifteen per cent of the cost or two thousand five 10 hundred dollars, whichever is more.

11 3. For a new ultralow or inherently low emission vehicle, forty per 12 cent of the cost or seven thousand five hundred dollars, whichever is more.

4. For a used ultralow or inherently low emission vehicle, twenty per
 cent of the cost or three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars, whichever is
 more.

16 5. For a new zero or super ultralow emission vehicle, fifty per cent 17 of the cost or ten thousand dollars, whichever is more.

18

6. For a used zero emission vehicle:

19 (a) That is purchased, twenty-five per cent of the cost or five 20 thousand dollars, whichever is more.

(b) That is leased, twenty-five per cent of the cost or two thousand five hundred dollars, whichever is more.

7. For a new low emission vehicle over twelve thousand pounds gross
vehicle weight, thirty per cent of the cost or thirty thousand dollars,
whichever is more.

8. For a used low emission vehicle over twelve thousand pounds gross
vehicle weight, fifteen per cent of the cost or fifteen thousand dollars,
whichever is more.

9. For conversion of a vehicle over twelve thousand pounds gross
vehicle weight, the greatest of the following:

31 (a) Thirty per cent of the actual price of the vehicle plus the cost 32 of conversion.

33 (b) Thirty per cent of the original manufacturer's base retail price34 of the vehicle.

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(c) Thirty thousand dollars.

36 10. For purchase of a converted vehicle over twelve thousand pounds 37 gross vehicle weight, fifteen per cent of the cost or fifteen thousand 38 dollars, whichever is more.

11. For conversion of any other vehicle the greatest of the following:

40 (a) Thirty per cent of the actual purchase price of the vehicle plus 41 the cost of conversion.

42 (b) Thirty per cent of the original manufacturer's base retail price 43 of the vehicle.

44 (c) Five

(c) Five thousand dollars.

1 (d) The amount of the tax credit prescribed in paragraph 3 or 4 of 2 this subsection if the taxpayer can demonstrate that the converted vehicle 3 qualifies as an ultralow or inherently low emission vehicle.

4 (e) The amount of the tax credit prescribed in paragraph 5 or 5 paragraph 6, subdivision (a) of this subsection if the taxpayer can 6 demonstrate that the converted vehicle qualifies as a zero or super ultralow 7 emission vehicle.

8 12. For purchase of any other converted vehicle, fifteen per cent of 9 the cost or two thousand five hundred dollars, whichever is more.

10 13. Notwithstanding any other paragraph of this subsection, for a new 11 neighborhood electric vehicle that is purchased on or after July 1, 2000, 12 fifty per cent of the cost of the vehicle or one thousand dollars, whichever 13 is more. In order to qualify for a tax credit pursuant to this paragraph, a 14 taxpayer shall certify on forms provided by the department that the vehicle 15 has not been, and will not be, used on a golf course, except for use as a 16 maintenance vehicle for a golf course. If a tax credit is taken for a 17 vehicle pursuant to this paragraph and the vehicle is used on a golf course 18 other than as a maintenance vehicle, the tax credit is subject to recapture 19 by the department, and the taxpayer is subject to a civil penalty of one 20 thousand dollars. Civil penalties collected pursuant to this paragraph shall 21 be deposited in the Arizona clean air fund established by section 41-1516.

C. Except as provided in subsection J of this section, a tax credit is allowed pursuant to subsection B, paragraphs 1 through 8 and 13 of this section only if the vehicle is certified to meet the United States environmental protection agency emission standards for the particular type of vehicle for which the credit is claimed as prescribed by 40 Code of Federal Regulations section 88.104-94 or 88.105-94.

D. In order to qualify for a tax credit pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 9 or 10 of this section, a motor home as defined in section 28-4301 that is converted to use liquefied petroleum gas shall have a fuel tank for onboard storage of liquefied petroleum gas that holds at least thirty gallons.

33 E. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the taxes due under this title 34 on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the 35 following apply:

If the vehicle is not a neighborhood electric vehicle, the taxpayer
 may elect either of the following:

(a) To be paid the amount of the claim not used to offset taxes under
this title, in the same manner as a refund granted under section 42-1118,
PAYABLE, AT THE TAXPAYER'S OPTION, EITHER AS A SINGLE LUMP SUM PAYMENT, OR IN
THREE EQUAL ANNUAL PAYMENTS PLUS FIVE PER CENT SIMPLE INTEREST ON THE UNPAID
BALANCE. Refunds, INCLUDING ANNUAL INSTALLMENT AND INTEREST PAYMENTS, made
pursuant to this subdivision are subject to setoff pursuant to section 42-

1 (b) To use the amount as a credit to offset taxes under this title 2 over ten consecutive taxable years in compliance with any statute of 3 limitations provided in this title or title 42.

2. If the vehicle is a neighborhood electric vehicle, the amount of the credit not used to offset taxes under this title may be carried forward to the next five consecutive taxable years as a credit against subsequent years' income tax liability.

8 F. Except as provided in subsection J of this section, if a person 9 purchases an alternative fuel vehicle and then leases the vehicle to another 10 person, the lessor is not entitled to take a tax credit pursuant to this 11 section for the purchase of the vehicle but may claim a share of the tax 12 credit for the lease of the vehicle as provided in the lease agreement, 13 except that the total amount claimed by the lessor and lessee shall not be 14 more than the credit allowed pursuant to this section and a person who 15 purchases an alternative fuel vehicle and then leases the vehicle to a 16 governmental entity is entitled to take a tax credit pursuant to this section 17 for the purchase of the vehicle.

18 G. Except as provided in subsection J of this section, notwithstanding 19 subsection B of this section and if the vehicle is not a neighborhood 20 electric vehicle:

1. If a person receives a grant pursuant to section 41-1516 for the purchase of an alternative fuel vehicle or the conversion of a conventionally fueled vehicle to operate on alternative fuel on or before June 30, 2003, the tax credit pursuant to this section shall only be for the incremental cost of the purchase or conversion.

26 2. If the person applies for a grant pursuant to section 41-1516 on or 27 before June 30, 2003 and submits to the department of revenue an affidavit 28 issued by the department of commerce stating that monies are not available in 29 the Arizona clean air fund for grants, that the person would qualify for a 30 grant if monies were available in the fund and that the person is eligible 31 for a tax credit pursuant to this section or section 43-1086, the person is 32 eligible for a tax credit in the amount prescribed in this section plus the 33 incremental cost of the purchase or conversion.

34 3. If a person receives a grant pursuant to section 41-1516 for the 35 purchase of an alternative fuel vehicle or for the conversion of a 36 conventionally fueled vehicle to operate on alternative fuel on or after July 37 1, 2003 through December 31, 2009, the person is not eligible for a tax 38 credit pursuant to this section.

H. Co-owners of a business, including corporate partners in a partnership, may each claim only the pro rata share of the credit allowed under this section based on the ownership interest. The total of the credits allowed all such owners may not exceed the amount that would have been allowed for a sole owner of the business.

44 I. Except as provided in subsection J of this section, tax credits are 45 allowed pursuant to this section through the taxable year ending on or before

December 31, 2009, except that tax credits are not allowed for purchases or 1 2 conversions that occur in a calendar year after the month in which the motor 3 vehicle division reports to the department as provided in section 43-1086 4 that the number of new alternative fuel vehicles, excluding neighborhood 5 electric vehicles, vehicles registered pursuant to section 28-2511 and 6 commercial vehicles, newly registered in this state in the current calendar 7 year exceeds one per cent of the total number of motor vehicles registered in 8 this state in the previous calendar year. If tax credits are not allowed in 9 a calendar year based on a motor vehicle division report pursuant to section 10 43-1086, the restriction only applies to the remainder of that calendar year.

11 J. The credit provided by this section is not allowed for any of the 12 following:

The purchase or lease of an alternative fuel vehicle that is made
 pursuant to a contract or purchase order entered into during the period
 beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001.

The purchase or lease of an alternative fuel vehicle that is made
 during the period beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19,
 2001, if the purchase or lease is not made pursuant to a contract or purchase
 order entered into by the taxpayer before October 20, 2000.

3. Any expense incurred for conversion of a conventionally fueled vehicle to operate on alternative fuel that is made pursuant to a contract or purchase order entered into during the period beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001.

4. Any expense incurred for conversion of a conventionally fueled vehicle to operate on alternative fuel <u>during the period beginning</u> on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 <u>through October 19, 2001</u>, if the expense is not incurred pursuant to a contract or purchase order entered into by the taxpayer before October 20, 2000.

29

K. For purposes of this section:

30 1. "Alternative fuel" has the same meaning prescribed in section 31 1-215.

32 2. "Alternative fuel vehicle", "incremental cost" and "neighborhood
 33 electric vehicle" have the same meaning prescribed in section 43-1086.

34 Sec. 11. Section 43-1174.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 35 read:

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43-1174.01. <u>Credit for vehicle refueling apparatus</u> infrastructure; definition

and

A. Except as provided in subsection E of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1998, a credit against taxes imposed pursuant to this title is allowed to each taxpayer who purchases a vehicle refueling apparatus, including storage tanks, for installation on one or more properties located in this state for the taxpayer's use. The amount of the tax credit for each vehicle refueling apparatus is the cost of the vehicle refueling apparatus.

B. Except as provided in subsection E of this section, for taxable 1 2 years beginning after December 31, 1998, a credit against taxes imposed 3 pursuant to this title is allowed to each taxpayer who installs any 4 infrastructure necessary for operation of a vehicle refueling apparatus 5 purchased for installation on the taxpayer's property located in this state 6 as provided in subsection A of this section, including gas or electric 7 infrastructure from the closest main or transformer but not more than one 8 hundred feet. The amount of the tax credit for installation of 9 infrastructure is the cost of the installation of the infrastructure.

10 C. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the taxes due under this title 11 on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the 12 taxpayer may elect either of the following:

13 1. To be paid the amount of the claim not used to offset taxes under 14 this title in the same manner as a refund granted under section 42-1118, 15 PAYABLE, AT THE TAXPAYER'S OPTION, EITHER AS A SINGLE LUMP SUM PAYMENT, OR IN 16 THREE EQUAL ANNUAL PAYMENTS PLUS FIVE PER CENT SIMPLE INTEREST ON THE UNPAID 17 BALANCE. Refunds, INCLUDING ANNUAL INSTALLMENT AND INTEREST PAYMENTS, made 18 pursuant to this paragraph are subject to setoff pursuant to section 42-1122.

19 2. To use the amount as a credit to offset taxes under this title over 20 ten consecutive taxable years in compliance with any statute of limitations 21 provided in this title or title 42.

D. Co-owners of a business, including corporate partners in a partnership, may each claim only the pro rata share of the credit allowed under this section based on the ownership interest. The total of the credits allowed all such owners may not exceed the amount that would have been allowed for a sole owner of the business.

27 E. The credit provided by this section is not allowed for any of the 28 following:

The purchase of a vehicle refueling apparatus, including storage
 tanks, that is made pursuant to a contract or purchase order entered into
 during the period beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19,
 2001.

2. The purchase of a vehicle refueling apparatus, including storage tanks, that is made during the period beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001 if the purchase is not made pursuant to a contract or purchase order entered into by the taxpayer before October 20, 2000.

37 3. Any installation of infrastucture INFRASTRUCTURE necessary for the 38 operation of a vehicle refueling apparatus that is made pursuant to a 39 contract or purchase order entered into during the period beginning on OR 40 AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001.

41 4. Any installation of infrastucture INFRASTRUCTURE necessary for the 42 operation of a vehicle refueling apparatus that is made during the period 43 beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001 if the 44 installation is not made pursuant to a contract or purchase order entered 45 into by the taxpayer before October 20, 2000.

F. No later than November 13, 2000, each person who sells or installs 1 2 vehicle refueling apparatuses, including storage tanks, shall provide 3 information to the department of commerce, in a form determined by the 4 department of commerce in consultation with the department of revenue, that 5 is necessary to administer this program and to determine the full extent to 6 which taxpayers are potentially eligible for tax credits pursuant to this 7 The information shall include all purchases and installations section. 8 described in subsection E of this section on or after January 1, 2000 through 9 October 19, 2000 but shall not include any cancellations that occur before 10 November 13, 2000. The department of commerce shall send a notice to each 11 person known to the department to be required to provide information pursuant 12 to this subsection. The department of commerce and the department of revenue 13 shall keep confidential any social security numbers, other assigned taxpayer 14 identification numbers or telephone numbers provided in the information 15 required pursuant to this section. For the purposes of this subsection, the 16 department of commerce is exempt from the rule making requirements of title 17 41. chapter 6.

18 G. For the purposes of this section, "vehicle refueling apparatus" 19 means any of the following:

A maximum ten to fifteen standard cubic feet per minute natural gas
 compression appliance used for slow fill, on-site refueling.

22 2. Equipment necessary to provide an electric charge for an electric 23 vehicle, excluding wall sockets and extension cords.

3. Tanks used to store liquefied petroleum gas.

25 Sec. 12. Section 43-1174.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 26 read:

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43-1174.02. <u>Credit for alternative fuel delivery systems;</u> definitions

A. Except as provided in subsection H of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1997, a credit against taxes imposed by this title is allowed to each taxpayer who incurs construction costs or operating costs during the taxable year for constructing or operating an alternative fuel delivery system in this state that is capable of dispensing an alternative fuel to an alternative fuel vehicle.

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B. The amount of the credit is equal to the following:

1. For an alternative fuel delivery system that is accessible to the general public or for an alternative fuel delivery system that is dispensing a renewable fuel, one hundred per cent of the costs incurred up to a maximum of four hundred thousand dollars. A taxpayer may take a credit pursuant to this paragraph for each variation of alternative fuel type dispensed through the alternative fuel delivery system.

42 2. For an alternative fuel delivery system that does not satisfy
43 paragraph 1 of this subsection, fifty per cent of the costs incurred up to a
44 maximum of two hundred thousand dollars. A taxpayer may take a credit

1 pursuant to this paragraph for each variation of alternative fuel type 2 dispensed through the alternative fuel delivery system.

C. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the taxes due under this title on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the taxpayer may elect either of the following:

1. To be paid the amount of the claim not used to offset taxes under
this title, in the same manner as a refund granted under section 42-1118,
PAYABLE, AT THE TAXPAYER'S OPTION, EITHER AS A SINGLE LUMP SUM PAYMENT, OR IN
THREE EQUAL ANNUAL PAYMENTS PLUS FIVE PER CENT SIMPLE INTEREST ON THE UNPAID
BALANCE. Refunds, INCLUDING ANNUAL INSTALLMENT AND INTEREST PAYMENTS, made
pursuant to this paragraph are subject to setoff pursuant to section 42-1122.

12 2. To use the amount as a credit to offset taxes under this title over 13 ten consecutive taxable years in compliance with any statute of limitations 14 provided in this title or title 42.

15 If a tax credit is allowed pursuant to this section for an D. 16 alternative fuel delivery system located at a fueling station, the price of 17 the alternative fuel sold from the alternative fuel delivery system shall be 18 included on the standardized sign that contains the price of other fuels sold 19 at the fueling station. The department of commerce energy office shall 20 design these signs, including the alternative fuel logo for these signs. 21 Notwithstanding any other law and because the legislature finds it a matter 22 of statewide concern, these signs shall be uniform throughout the state and 23 local ordinances, rules or laws are preempted for design, placement, size, 24 type and height.

E. If the taxpayer enters into a lease agreement for the alternative fuel delivery system, the lessor may claim a share of the tax credit allowed under this section as provided in the lease agreement, except that the total amount claimed by the lessor and lessee shall not be more than the credit allowed under this section.

F. Co-owners of a business, including corporate partners in a partnership, may each claim only the pro rata share of the credit allowed under this section based on the ownership interest. The total of the credits allowed all such owners may not exceed the amount that would have been allowed for a sole owner of the business.

G. A person who receives a grant pursuant to section 41-1516 is not eligible to claim a credit pursuant to this section for the amount of the grant. Except as provided in subsection H of this section, if the cost of the alternative fuel delivery system exceeds the amount of the grant, a person may claim a credit for the amount in excess of the amount of the grant not to exceed the limits imposed by this section.

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H. The credit provided by this section is not allowed for either:

Construction costs or operating costs of an alternative fuel
 delivery system that are made pursuant to a contract entered into during the
 period beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001.

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2. Construction costs or operating costs of an alternative fuel delivery system that are incurred during the period beginning on OR AFTER October 20, 2000 through October 19, 2001 if the costs are not incurred pursuant to a contract entered into by the taxpayer before October 20, 2000.

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4 5 I. No later than November 13, 2000, each person who provides 6 construction or operating services to alternative fuel delivery systems shall 7 provide information to the department of commerce, in a form determined by 8 the department of commerce in consultation with the department of revenue, 9 that is necessary to administer this program and to determine the full extent 10 to which taxpayers are potentially eligible for tax credits pursuant to this 11 section. The information shall include all costs described in subsection H 12 of this section on or after January 1, 2000 through October 19, 2000 but 13 shall not include any cancellations that occur before November 13, 2000. The 14 department of commerce shall send a notice to each person known to the 15 department required to provide information pursuant to this subsection. The 16 department of commerce and the department of revenue shall keep confidential 17 any social security numbers, other assigned taxpayer identification numbers 18 or telephone numbers provided in the information required pursuant to this 19 section. For the purposes of this subsection, the department of commerce is 20 exempt from the rule making requirements of title 41, chapter 6.

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J. For the purposes of this section:

1. "Alternative fuel" has the same meaning prescribed in section
 1-215.

24 2. "Alternative fuel delivery system" has the same meaning prescribed 25 in section 41-1516.

26 3. "Alternative fuel vehicle" has the same meaning prescribed in 27 section 43-1086.

28 4. "Construction costs" means those costs associated with the 29 construction of an alternative fuel delivery system.

5. "Operating costs" means those costs directly associated with the dispensing of alternative fuel through an alternative fuel delivery system plus a reasonable charge for overhead functions. Operating costs do not include any expenses directly or indirectly associated with the dispensing of gasoline or diesel fuel or the sale of items at retail not connected with the dispensing of alternative fuels.

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6. "Renewable fuel" means electricity or solar energy.

Sec. 13. Repeal; delayed repeal

38A. Sections 9-500.19, 11-269.05, 28-737, 28-4414 and 30-814, Arizona39Revised Statutes, are repealed from and after December 31, 2000.

40 B. Sections 43-1086, 43-1086.01, 43-1086.02, 43-1174, 43-1174.01 and 41 43-1174.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, are repealed from and after December 42 31, 2004.

 43 Sec. 14. <u>Report on cost of alternative fuel vehicle incentives;</u> <u>transfer from budget stabilization fund</u> A. On or before June 15, 2001 through 2005, the department of revenue shall report to the governor, the state treasurer, the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives, the governor's office of strategic planning and budgeting and the joint legislative budget committee the following amounts:

6 1. The aggregate dollar amount of the alternative fuel related credits 7 claimed under sections 43-1086, 43-1086.01, 43-1086.02, 43-1174, 43-1174.01 8 and 43-1174.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, for payment during that fiscal 9 year.

10 11 2. The actual amount paid to date in that fiscal year.

3. The projected amount remaining to be paid in that fiscal year.

The projected amounts to be paid in following fiscal years through
 2004-2005.

B. On or before June 25, 2001 through 2005, the staff director of the joint legislative budget committee and the governor's office of strategic planning and budgeting shall jointly notify the governor, the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives of the cost to the state general fund in the current fiscal year of the alternative fuel related credits claimed under sections 43-1086, 43-1086.01, 43-1086.02, 43-1174, 43-1174.01 and 43-1174.02, Arizona Revised Statutes.

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29 30 Sec. 15. Limit on increase in expenditure of state revenues through fiscal year 2004-2005; appropriation freeze for fiscal years 2001-2002 and 2002-2003

31 Α. Until fiscal year 2004-2005, and notwithstanding any other law, all 32 state budget units and other government entities receiving state revenues 33 shall not increase the expenditure of budgeted monies for any nonemergency 34 program, including personnel, operating expenses and other budget items, in 35 excess of the amount appropriated for fiscal year 2000-2001 adjusted 36 according to the annual percentage change in the GDP price deflator, as 37 defined in section 41-563, Arizona Revised Statutes, and any annual increase 38 in the population of this state according to population estimates developed 39 by the department of economic security.

B. The legislature shall freeze the nonemergency appropriations for state entities in the fiscal year 2001-2002 and 2002-2003 biennial budget cycle at the fiscal year 2000-2001 expenditure levels adjusted by the annual percentage change in the GDP price deflator, as defined in section 41-563, Arizona Revised Statutes, and any annual increase in the population of this state according to population estimates developed by the department of

economic security. If state general fund revenues in fiscal year 2001-2002 1 2 or 2002-2003 exceed the amount authorized by this subsection for 3 appropriation, the legislature shall transfer up to \$____ __ to the 4 alternative fuel incentives expense trust fund, established by section 16 of 5 If state general fund revenues in fiscal year 2001-2002 or this act. 6 2002-2003 exceed the amount authorized by this subsection for appropriation plus the amount transferred to the alternative fuel incentives expense trust 7 8 fund, the legislature may appropriate or rebate the excess amount according 9 to current budget priorities.

10 C. The joint legislative budget committee shall review all emergency 11 expenditures required by law that exceed the expenditure level authorized.

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Sec. 16. Alternative fuel incentives expense trust fund

A. The alternative fuel incentives expense trust fund is established consisting of:

15 1. All state revenues received for fiscal year 1999-2000 that exceed 16 the expenditures authorized for fiscal year 1999-2000. That amount is 17 transferred from the state general fund to the alternative fuel incentives 18 expense trust fund on the effective date of this act.

All state revenues received for fiscal years 2000-2001, 2001-2002
 and 2002-2003 that are in excess of the expenditures authorized for fiscal
 year 2000-2001.

B. The state treasurer shall administer the fund. The state treasurer
shall invest and divest monies in the fund as provided by section 35-313,
Arizona Revised Statutes, and monies earned from investment shall be credited
to the fund.

C. Monies in the fund shall be used exclusively to pay persons who qualify for a tax credit pursuant to section 43-1086, 43-1086.01, 43-1086.02, 43-1174, 43-1174.01 or 43-1174.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, and who apply to the department of commerce for payment on or before December 31, 2002.

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Sec. 17. Delayed repeal; reversion

Section 16 of this act, relating to the alternative fuel incentives expense trust fund, is repealed on April 1, 2003. On that date the state treasurer shall transfer all monies remaining unexpended in the alternative fuel incentives expense trust fund to the budget stabilization fund established by section 35-144, Arizona Revised Statutes.

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Sec. 18. Requirements for enactment; two-thirds vote

Pursuant to article IX, section 22, Constitution of Arizona, this act is effective only on the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the members of each house of the legislature and is effective immediately on the signature of the governor or, if the governor vetoes this act, on the subsequent affirmative vote of at least three-fourths of the members of each house of the legislature.