

Cooperating Teacher Handbook

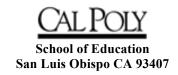


Multiple Subject Credential Program

English Learner Authorized

California Polytechnic State University San Luis Obispo, CA 93407-0389

Revised September 2012



September 2012

Dear Cooperating Teachers:

On behalf of the Multiple Subjects Credential Program (MSCP), we thank you for welcoming a teacher candidate into your classroom. To assist you in working with the teacher candidate, we are providing you with the *Cooperating Teacher Handbook*, which includes an overview of our credential program, requirements for student teaching, and forms you need to complete when evaluating the teacher candidate.

During the Fall 2008 term, we began implementing new teacher credentialing requirements, pursuant to Senate Bill 2042, concerning the teacher performance assessment (TPA) of Multiple Subject credential candidates. The TPA includes embedded signature assignments (also referred to as tasks) during science, history-social science, and literacy-language arts methods courses and a teaching event that focuses on elementary mathematics during student teaching. The teaching event includes tasks for planning, instruction, assessment, reflection, and academic language, as well as videotaping the teacher candidate and students during a lesson. As stated in a letter to superintendents, dated August 15, 2007, from Jack O'Connell, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Dale Janssen, Executive Director of the Commission on Teacher Credentialing:

This assessment of teaching performance is designed to measure the candidate's knowledge, skills, and ability relative to the adopted California Standards for the Teaching Profession, as these are exemplified in the Teaching Performance Expectations (TPEs). All teacher candidates will be required to pass this assessment as of July 1, 2008.

We look forward to working together and thank you for helping shape the future of our profession. If you have any questions, please contact either of us at the contact information below.

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Volunteering at School Site

Prior to the beginning student teaching, students can **volunteer** to observe and help out in their assigned classroom. Students who have done this have found the early start to be quite rewarding, and the same holds true for students who have extended their student teaching until the end of the school year. **To set this in motion, candidates must ask for and receive permission from the school site principal and classroom teacher to work as a volunteer until the student teaching assignment officially begins.**

Student Teaching Team

The MSCP approaches student teaching as a team effort that encompasses the teacher candidate, cooperating teacher, university supervisor as well as the school site, MS Coordinator, and MS Placement Coordinator. Each member of the team has a vital role to create the best possible student teaching experience. The roles and responsibilities of each member are described below.

Teacher Candidate Responsibilities

The teacher candidate will:

- 1. **Meet with his/her cooperating teacher and site principal** prior to the first day of student teaching (unless the date of their placement prevents this).
- 2. **Meet all prerequisite competency requirements** and other requirements prior to beginning student teaching.
- 3. **Ascertain the general dress standards** prevailing for teachers in his/her student teaching situation and conform to these. It is important that teacher candidates be viewed as professionals, and appropriate dress is certainly one contributing factor.
- 4. **Develop lesson plans and units of instruction** so that they mesh appropriately with the curriculum of the cooperating teacher and the school district.
- 5. **Prepare and promptly deliver all written plans and reports** as stipulated by cooperating teacher, university supervisor, and other appropriate persons; expect different requirements from your teacher educators.
- 6. Complete the Demographic Profile Inventory and the Cooperating Teacher Interview.
- 7. **Treat information learned about students and parents** in the course of his assignments as **confidential knowledge**, except when it is the legal responsibility of the teacher candidate to do otherwise. Respect the confidentiality of pupil information by not disclosing personally identifiable information to anyone not directly involved with the pupil or school. Consult with the University Supervisor and/or the Seminar Instructor. If necessary, consult with the Multiple Subject Coordinator and the school-site principal.
- 8. Promptly notify the school-site secretary, cooperating teacher, and university supervisor in case of absence due to illness. If the absences exceed 3 days in a given assignment, contact the MS Coordinator. Absence from student teaching due to illness will be excused for a maximum of 3 days during the quarter. Absence beyond the 3 days will likely require extra student teaching, the exact amount to be determined by the MS Coordinator in consultation with the university supervisor and cooperating teacher. Excessive absences (over 3 days) may result in repeating student teaching or a "no credit" for student teaching.
- 9. For **non-illness absence**, complete the <u>Request Form for Non-Illness Absence from Student Teaching</u> prior to requested dates of absence. Absence for reasons other than illness <u>must</u> be approved by the MS Coordinator and will likely require make-up time.
- 10. **Professionally receive and act upon constructive feedback** offered by the cooperating teacher and the university supervisor during MS Student Teaching Assessment.

- 11. Be familiar with and actively involved in the **teacher candidate assessment process**.
- 12. Fulfill required responsibilities listed in the **student teaching weekly guidelines**.
- 13. Be responsible for carrying out the **legal responsibilities** of classroom teachers when and if you assume substitute teaching responsibility in your assignments (i.e., confidentiality, child abuse, etc.), pursuant to California Penal Code Section 11166.5.
- 14. **Observe district holidays during student teaching**, NOT Cal Poly holidays, unless otherwise notified; and not take off when Cal Poly has a holiday if school district is in session. In addition, if Cal Poly is in session when the school district has a holiday, attend Cal Poly courses as expected.
- 15. **Make special disability needs known** prior to the time of placement if special on-site accommodations are required.

Cooperating Teacher Responsibilities

The cooperating teacher plays a very important role during student teaching, serving as teacher educator, resource person, role model, helper, critic, and confidante. At the same time, however, the cooperating teacher bears primary responsibility to his or her elementary students. Their learning must be a top priority at all times.

During student teaching, the cooperating teacher, in consultation with the university supervisor, is responsible for providing the teacher candidate with the best possible learning experiences. To accomplish this, the cooperating teacher will have the following major responsibilities as well as others that may be appropriate in specific situations:

- 1. When possible, meet with the teacher candidate prior to the beginning of the student teaching experience to provide initial orientation to the classroom and the student teaching experience. The site principal, or his/her designee, will also provide input during this pre-student teaching orientation phase.
- 2. Provide opportunities for the teacher candidate to function as a professional colleague during student teaching and encourage the teacher candidate to become involved in professional organizations, such as the California Reading Association, and to participate in other professional growth opportunities, such as school district workshops.
- 3. Develop a week-by-week <u>and</u> quarter-long plan with the teacher candidate so that the teacher candidate may correlate his or her planning with the cooperating teacher's long-range plans while meeting all requirements of the student teaching experience.
- 4. Assist the teacher candidate in refining and cooperating skills related to subject matter teaching
- 5. Provide **consistent/ongoing** supervision and evaluation of the teacher candidate's work:
 - a. Reading lesson plans before lessons are taught and providing written/oral suggestions;
 - Observing lessons being taught and providing written and oral comments on a weekly basis, including the period of time in which the teacher candidate takes over major responsibility for planning and teaching;
 - c. Encouraging the use of technology to facilitate student learning as well as communication among members of the student teaching team;
 - d. Conferring freely and often with the teacher candidate;
 - e. Working with the university supervisor to help the teacher candidate develop appropriate professional improvement goals; and
 - f. Helping the teacher candidate set up a lesson-plan notebook similar to the one utilized by teachers at your school site.
- 6. Inform the university supervisor when the student encounters serious problems as soon as such problems are identified.

- 7. Meet with university supervisors as required and attend university scheduled teacher candidate supervision meetings.
- 8. Help the teacher candidate carry out the specific week-by-week teacher responsibilities.
- 9. Gradually and patiently turn over instructional responsibilities to the teacher candidates.
- 10. Continue to model new types of lessons for the candidate **throughout the quarter**.

University Supervisor Responsibilities

The university supervisor is a key member of the supervisory team, with responsibilities that are similar, but also somewhat different, from those of the cooperating teacher. The university supervisor is the primary evaluator. In consultation with the cooperating teacher, it is the university supervisor who determines the grade that the teacher candidate receives. In addition, the university supervisor, who is also a teacher educator, will observe a number of lessons and play an instructional role on five or more occasions during the quarter. Selected important responsibilities for the university supervisor follow:

- 1. Plays a coordination and informational role during the orientation sessions provided for his/her teacher candidates and cooperating teachers.
- Handles requests for absence from student teaching not due to illness, and approves decisions regarding make-up work. Helps teacher candidate and cooperating teacher develop plan for make-up work.
- 3. Works collaboratively with the cooperating teacher to orient the teacher candidate to the supervision evaluation cycle employed during Student Teaching I and II.
- 4. Cooperatively supervises the teacher candidate with the cooperating teacher, who will, as the day-to-day on-site teacher educator, carry the major responsibility for classroom guidance, observation, and supervision of the teacher candidate.
- 5. Visits, observes, conducts instructional conferences, and cooperatively supervises the teacher candidate following the general outline spelled out in the weekly schedule; this includes a minimum of five observations, three of which are formal observations and mid-quarter and final assessment conferences.
- 6. Reviews with the teacher candidate the criteria used to evaluate performance and the evaluation process outlined in this handbook.
- 7. Cooperatively completes a summative evaluation for the teacher candidate and considers cooperating teacher input when identifying the appropriate grade for the teacher candidate.
- 8. Use LIME to submit formative and summative evaluations for the teacher candidate.
- 9. Submits grades by the grading deadline via procedures defined by Academic Records; the SOE Credential Office will also have this information.
- 10. Attends staff development meetings scheduled for the team of university supervisors.
- 11. Completes an evaluation form for each cooperating teacher working with assigned teacher candidates.

Cooperating Teacher Tips

As a cooperating teacher, these tips may help you identify ways to create a positive experience that best prepares the teacher candidate to understand the complexity that exists within each teaching assignment. We do not expect you to be able to fulfill all these areas, but we hope you will use this list as a point of reference when mentoring your teacher candidate.

1. Orientating Teacher Candidate to the School Site & Classroom

- a. School site and building layout
- b.Staff
- c. School policies & rules
 - i. Emergency procedures buildings, playground, other?
 - ii. Dress codes or standards
 - iii. Equipment & supply use
 - iv. Telephone use (especially for private calls)
 - v. Releasing students from class for GATE, special services, parents, etc.
 - vi. Appropriateness of items brought to campus
 - vii. Absences & tardiness
 - viii. Bicycles on campus
 - ix. Use of staff room
 - x. Teacher absence, signing in & out
- d. The community served by the school
- e. Schedules and procedures for:
 - i. Rainy day recesses
 - ii. Bus schedules
 - iii. Field trips
 - iv. Guest speaker arrangements
 - v. Reserving rooms, checking out AV equipment, scheduling play areas
 - vi. Campus boundaries for students
- f. Students in the class
 - i. Developmental characteristics of this age level
 - ii. Background of children who might cause difficulty instructionally or behaviorally
 - iii. Information in cumulative files (especially medical & custodial information)
- g. Classroom policies
 - i. Teacher's philosophy of education
 - ii. Discipline strategies
 - iii. Routines
 - Before school & opening routine (roll, lunch count, flag salute, etc.)
 - Lavatory use
 - Passing and collecting papers
 - Dismissal
 - Procurement of supplies & instructional materials
 - Changing physical arrangement of room for instruction
 - Planning methods of instruction and evaluation
 - Fire drill
 - Auditorium expectations/conduct
 - Unusual but regular occurrences (e.g., collecting picture money)
- h. District staff, routines, services

2. Building Rapport with Teacher Candidate

- a. Accept teacher candidate as another teacher; respect opinions and maintain open communication
- b. Give teacher candidate a desk and shelf space to promote a feeling of belonging
- c. Emphasize the need for adequate materials, ideas, and resources

- d. Demonstrate confidence by occasionally leaving the teacher candidate alone in the classroom under appropriate conditions and when the teacher candidate shows readiness
- e. Show an interest in the teacher candidate's work by attending seminars or in other ways becoming acquainted with the teacher candidate's course of study.
- f. Include the teacher candidate, when appropriate, in parent conferences, staff discussions, home visits, faculty social gatherings, professional meetings, and staff room activities.
- g. Give the teacher candidate an opportunity to visit another classroom consistent with Cal Poly guidelines.

3. Including the Teacher Candidate in Activities

- a. Open House and Back-to-School Night
- b. PTA events and preparations
- c. Conferences with parents or other teachers
- d. IEP, SST, and other special services diagnostic & planning sessions
- e. Home visits
- f. Professional, in-service, staff, and grade-level or program meetings/training
- g. Planning sessions with aides, parent volunteers, etc.
- h. Social events

4. Stating Expectations with respect to...

- a. Supervising students
- b. Helping with classroom tasks (closing windows, cleaning boards, preparing materials, filing, etc.)
- c. Following attendance, promptness & absence procedures
- d. Providing written lesson plans
- e. Initiating "teaching" activities
- f. Communicating with me regarding classroom activities and/or problems

5. Scheduling Daily and Weekly Conference Time to discuss...

- a. Daily/weekly plans
- b. Suggestions for improvement
- c. Accomplishments
- d. Problems or concerns
- e. Students and their progress

6. Critiquing the Teacher Candidate

- a. Make comments in a positive, constructive, and consistent manner
- b. Make comments on improvements made
- c. Write summaries for all formal observations
- d. Help the teacher candidate identify strengths and weaknesses and way to improve
- e. Voice approval of well planned and well executed lessons.
- f. Commend extra work efforts.

MSCP Student Teaching Assignment

The MSCP offers two quarters of student teaching: Student Teaching I (7 units or 10 units) and Student Teaching II (12 units). Only teacher candidates who successfully pass Student Teaching I will be promoted to Student Teaching II. Descriptions of each student teaching assignment are given below:

□ Student Teaching I – 7 units

- This is a 5-day-per-week assignment.
- Monday through Thursday, the teacher candidate will leave the school site between noon and 1:00 p.m., depending on his/her schedule at Cal Poly; Friday, the teacher candidate will be at the school site all day.
- The teacher candidate completes a PACT Teaching Event, including videoing a lesson.
- The teacher candidate will teach through the last week of classes at Cal Poly.
- 7, 10, and 12-unit teacher candidates will be eligible to substitute teach for their cooperating teacher. See the University Supervisor for details.

□ Student Teaching I – 10 units

- This is a 4-day-per-week assignment, typically all day Monday through Thursday.
- The teacher candidate will teach through Thursday of finals week at Cal Poly.
- 7, 10, and 12-unit teacher candidates will be eligible to substitute teach for their cooperating teacher. See the University Supervisor for details.

□ Student Teaching II – 12 units

- This is a 5-day-per-week, all-day assignment.
- The teacher candidate will teach through finals week at Cal Poly.
- 7, 10, and 12-unit teacher candidates will be eligible to substitute teach for their cooperating teacher. See the University Supervisor for details.

All teacher candidates attend a student teaching seminar one day a week. On that day, the Teacher candidate may need to leave campus a bit early to reach Cal Poly in time for class. Check with the teacher candidate for the day and time of this seminar class. **Requests for early completion of student teaching will not be granted.**

Student Teaching Weekly Guidelines

The ultimate goal is to have the teacher candidate assume all duties and responsibilities for 2 weeks or more during each quarter of student teaching. However, please note that when we say "or more" we have in mind assuming all, or nearly all, duties and responsibilities for 3 or 4 weeks and not 5 or more. Indeed, we would like the cooperating teacher to model new and evermore challenging lessons for the teacher candidate throughout the quarter, with the exception of the 2 weeks when the teacher candidate steps up to the full-time plate.

Abilities differ, classes differ, and cooperating teachers differ. It is not expected that an exact adherence to these guidelines will take place. If the teacher candidate feels that the pace is too fast or slow, it should be discussed with the cooperating teacher, then the university supervisor, and finally the Multiple Subject Coordinator, if necessary.

Teacher candidates in the second quarter of student teaching (EDUC 456 Student Teaching II) are expected to progress to full-time responsibilities at a **slightly** faster pace. At the same time, we should recall that the 12-unit teacher candidate stays at the school site 1 week longer than the 7-unit first quarter teacher candidate, and that specific 12-unit candidates may benefit from a slightly slower pace.

PART TIME STUDENT TEACHING

Week 1 – Required	Other
Observe cooperating teacher	Attend faculty meeting
☐ Interview cooperating teacher (wk 1)	Develop seating chart
Demographic Profile	Study curriculum materials
Set up workspace with cooperating teacher	☐ Teach at least one lesson
☐ Write letter of introduction to parents	☐ Take over at least one routine
☐ Introduce yourself to school personnel	
Weeks 2-4 – Required ☐ Teach 2-3 lessons or 25% per day ☐ Plan when PACT lesson will happen with CT ☐ Observe, plan, and evaluate lessons as specifically directed by CT ☐ Plan weekly with CT ☐ Prepare for mid-quarter evaluation	Other Support and continue to observe CT Observe in other classrooms Lesson plans approval by CT

Weeks 5 & 6 – Required
Participate in mid-quarter assessment
Finalize plans for PACT teaching event teacher and locate video equipment
Continue weekly planning with CT
Student growth plan, if needed
Weeks 7-9 – Required
Gradually assume full responsibility for 2 weeks including routines and teaching
☐ Make plans for final week of teaching
☐ Submit PACT at appropriate deadline
Continue with growth plan, if needed
Other
Observe in other classrooms
Ask for letter of recommendation
Consider asking principal to observe for a letter of recommendation
Final Week – Required
Final evaluation conference
Continue with most lessons
Return all school property/materials
Start making transition back to CT teaching the class
Other
☐ Visit other classroom/programs
Candidates may observe in other classrooms, or other programs, at any appropriate time
throughout the quarter. Candidates should make every effort to participate in additional
school opportunities such as Back to School Night, Open House, School Carnivals, etc.

FULL TIME STUDENT TEACHING

Week 1 – Required	Other
Observe cooperating teacher	Attend faculty meeting
☐ Interview cooperating teacher (wk 1)	Develop seating chart
Demographic Profile	Study curriculum materials
Write letter of introduction to parents	☐ Take over one or more routine(s)
☐ Introduce yourself to school personnel	☐ Teach at least one lesson
Set up workspace with cooperating teacher	
Weeks 2-4 – Required	Other
☐ Teach 4-5 or 50% lessons per day	☐ Support and continue observing CT
Plan weekly with CT	Observe in other classrooms
Observe, plan, and evaluate, as specifically	Lesson plans approval by CT
directed by cooperating teacher	
Prepare for mid-quarter evaluation	
Weeks 5 & 6 – Required	
Participate in mid-quarter assessment	
Teach at least 50-75% of the day	
Continue weekly planning with cooperating teacher	
Student growth plan, if needed	
Weeks 7-9 – Required	Other
Assume all or most all lessons	Observe in other classrooms
Continue with growth plan, if needed	Ask for letter of recommendation
Make plans for final week of teaching	Consider asking the principal to observe
	for a letter of recommendation
Final Week – Required	Other
Start making transition back	Observe in other classrooms as needed
Final evaluation conference	
Return all school property/materials	
Continue teaching lessons.	

Candidates may observe in other classrooms, or other programs, at any appropriate time throughout the quarter. Candidates should make every effort to participate in additional school opportunities such as Back to School Night, Open House, School Carnivals, etc.

Cooperating Teacher Interview

Candidate's Name	School	
Cooperating Teacher		Grade
Date(s) of Interview		
☐ English Learner Authorized Cooperating Teacher's Email address (for survey purposes)*	BCLAD	

The Questions

Background Info

- 1. Could you tell me a bit about your background as an elementary school teacher?
 - a. How long have you been at this school?
 - b. Biggest joys?
 - c. Greatest frustration?
 - d. Do you have a favorite part of the curriculum?
- 2. Are there specials dates I should be aware of?
 - a. If there will be state testing in this school during this quarter, when will it be?
 - b. Will there be any special half days during this quarter?
 - c. What holidays (dates) will your school be closed?
 - d. Are there dates when you (as cooperating teacher) know you will be out of the classroom or school for professional responsibilities (MAR training or evaluation of other schools, special staff development training, etc.)?

Curriculum

- 3. How do you...
 - a. Develop students' self esteem (confidence in their ability to succeed in school) and academic aspirations (the desire to finish high school or go on to college, etc.).
 - b. Develop citizenship skills in your class.
 - c. Engage in "multicultural" education.
- 4. What approaches do you use to teach
 - a. READING
 - i. What initial and ongoing assessment practices do you use in reading?
 - ii. What have you found out about the home and community literacy practices of your students?
 - iii. Which children receive special instruction and what does this instruction or services related to reading and writing consist of?
 - b. MATH
 - i. How is mathematics instruction organized in this class?
 - c. TECHNOLOGY
 - i. What experiences do your students have with computers and other technologies at your school?
 - ii. What technology do you use in your classroom
 - iii. Is there a computer lab? If so, who leads the lessons in the computer lab?
 - iv. Is it clear to you who of your students spend time on computers at home?
 - d. OTHER SUBJECTS
 - i. Is music, art, and physical education a required part of the curriculum at this grade level in your school? If yes, what are children learning in these areas?
 - ii. In what different ways does your classroom curriculum promote healthy nutrition and healthy living in general? During this quarter, would it be possible for me to teach one health-related lesson as well as one physical education lesson?

Students

- 5. What special programs or practices, if any, are in place in your school and/or classroom to promote the academic achievement of English learners? Which practice, if any, appears to be most successful?
- 6. Are there students in your class who receive special attention, instruction, or services for:
 - a. Learning disabilities or capabilities and/or IEP
 - b. Second Language Learners

- c. Socio-economic status
- d. Cultural, ethnic, or religious background
- e. An individual behavior plan

Planning, Organization, and Management

- 7. If you form instructional groups in your class, how are they formed and why?
- 8. When student work is "graded" or evaluated, what type of criteria and procedures are employed?
- 9. If students are given homework in this class, what types of expectations and routines are involved?
 - a. Is there a school wide homework policy?
 - b. If yes, what are its key points?
- 10. What type of rewards and/or positive reinforcements do you employ in your classroom?
 - a. Does your class have a set of rules and consequences? If yes, what are they?
- 11. What do you do to avoid conflicts and crisis situations in the classroom?

Procedures

- 12. At this school, what signals are used for fire drills and other emergency situations?
 - a. What is the signal for a school-wide lockdown?
 - b. What occurs after these signals are given?
- 13. What procedures/criteria were used to decide which students would be in this class?
 - a. Who was involved in the selection process?
 - b. At what point in the school year were these decisions made?
- 14. What do you consider to be your most important legal responsibilities?
 - a. Does your principal or school district present you with a list of "legal" responsibilities?
 - b. How do teachers become aware of their "legal" responsibilities?

Start of School

- 15. Please describe, in detail, three of four activities that are a regular part of your "first" day of the school year agenda, and explain why these are part of your Day 1 agenda.
- 16. When did you first have access to the school records of your students? How do you utilize these cards?

Evaluations

- 17. Are you observed and evaluated by the principal?
 - a. If so, how often during the school year?
 - b. Does the district have a specific approach to, or way of, observing and evaluating?
 - c. If so, what do they call it?
- 18. Are new teachers (1-3 years) evaluated or treated differently than teachers with more experience (4-20 years)?

Performance Assessment for California Teachers

PACT (Performance Assessment for California Teachers) is a consortium of teacher preparation programs at over 30 public and private California universities. These institutions have joined together to develop a teacher performance assessment (TPA). Successful completion of the TPA is required to earn a California Preliminary Multiple Subject or Single Subject Teaching Credential. PACT assessments are organized into five categories: Planning, Instruction, Assessment, Reflection and Academic Language.

The purpose of the teaching event is to measure and promote candidates' abilities to integrate their knowledge of content, students, and instructional context in making decisions and to stimulate teacher reflection on practice. By probing candidate thinking about student learning through the critical analysis of student work samples, the assessments provide important opportunities for mentoring and self-reflection.

Focus on Student Learning

In the Teaching Event (TE), candidates demonstrate strategies to make content accessible to students and to support students in learning to read, write, and use academic language. Candidates will explain the thinking underlying their teaching decisions and analyze the strategies used to connect students with the content being taught. Candidates will examine the effects of their instructional design and teaching practices on student learning, with particular attention to students with diverse cultural, language, and socio-economic backgrounds and learning needs.

Learning Segment

For the elementary mathematics TE, candidates will plan a learning segment of about <u>one week</u> (approximately 3-5 hours of instruction). The learning segment should include learning objectives for both the curriculum content and the development of academic language related to that content.

Teaching Artifacts and Analysis

Candidates will submit lesson plans, copies of instructional and assessment materials, one or two video clips of their teaching, a summary of whole-class learning, and an analysis of student work samples. Candidates will also write commentaries describing teaching context, analyzing their teaching practices, and reflecting on what they learned about their teaching practice and students' learning.

Role of the Cooperating Teacher

If your teacher candidate has decided to complete their PACT requirement in your classroom, the following are ways you can support their success.

- Assist in developing a timeline for the learning segment
- Make referrals to appropriate curriculum, materials or professional articles
- If needed, assist with dissemination and collection of video permission forms
- Offer to help with videotaping of instruction
- Resist the temptation to step in and assist with students during the learning segment
- Ask probing or clarifying questions that encourage deeper analysis and reflection

MSCP Student Teaching Assessment

During student teaching, all teacher candidates are assessed by their cooperating teacher and university supervisor at mid-quarter and at the end of the quarter. Thirty competencies, categorized within the six domain structure of the California Standards for the Teaching Profession, are measured in the **MS Student Teaching Assessment**. This instrument uses five rating levels:

- **BEGINNING** (Level 1): A level of professional development in which the teacher candidate continuously relies on day-to-day assistance from the cooperating teacher for support, guidance, and survival. A candidate functioning at this level may not be able to provide leadership for the classroom for 2 weeks, and thus may not receive credit for the course. At the end-of-quarter assessment, this candidate has approximately 25% of the competencies scored at the Beginning level.)
- BEGINNING/INTERMEDIATE (Level 2)
- INTERMEDIATE (Level 3): A level of professional development in which the teacher candidate still relies on the cooperating teacher for support but is becoming more self-directed and insightful regarding instructional and classroom management decisions.
- INTERMEDIATE/ADVANCED (Level 4)
- **ADVANCED** (Level 5): A level of professional development in which the teacher candidate is able to teach independently, internalizes what she/he has learned about teaching, and insightfully applies this knowledge in his/her classroom teaching.

The six domains (A-F) and 30 competencies in the MS Student Teaching Assessment are listed below in rubric format to assist you in deciding how to score your evaluation.

Domain A: Developing as	a P	Professional Educator				
1. Displays the ability to meet professi	onal,	, legal, and ethical responsibilities. (Pu	ınctı	uality & Preparedness) (TPE 12)		
□ 0 □ 1- Beginning □	2	3- Intermediate		4		
On a regular basis (approximately once	On	rare occasions, the candidate (a) arrives		The candidate		
per week), the candidate	late	e for school assignments and/or (b) is late	e in	(a) consistently shows up on time or early for		
(a) arrives late for school assignments	han	nding in lesson plans for review and/or (c	:)	school assignments,		
and/or (b) is late in handing in lesson	wil	l attempt to leave the assignment early.		(b) consistently submits lesson plans, lesson		
plans for review and/or				sequences, etc., on time, according to dates set		
(c) leaves the assignment early without				by cooperating teacher and university supervisor;		
official permission from the Associate				and (c) consistently stays at assignment for the		
Dean.				full length of time established by the university.		
2. Displays the ability to meet professi	onal,	, legal, and ethical responsibilities. (TF	PE 1	2)		
□ 0 □ 1- Beginning □	2	☐ 3- Intermediate		4		
The candidate, on a regular basis	The	e candidate, on rare occasions, submits		The candidate consistently submits lesson plans		
(approximately twice per week)	less	son plans that lack (a) a clearly stated		that have		
submits lesson plans that lack (a) a	inst	instructional objective; and/or (b) a logical		(a) clearly stated instructional objectives and (b)		
clearly stated instructional objective;	asse	assessment plan.		logical assessment plans		
and/or (b) a logical assessment plan						
3. Displays professional growth. (TPE	13)					
□ 0 □ 1- Beginning □	2	3- Intermediate		4		
The candidate, on most occasions,	The	e candidate, on most occasions, makes		The candidate consistently makes available a		
lacks a program-wide portfolio that	ava	ailable a program-wide portfolio that (a)		program-wide portfolio that (a) contains		
(a) contains appropriate content in most	con	ntains appropriate content in most section	ıs	appropriate content in most sections and		
sections and	and	l (b) displays the candidate's growth fron	n	(b) displays the candidate's growth from course		
(b) displays the candidate's growth course to course and quarter to quarter.		to course and quarter to quarter.				
from course to course and quarter to						
quarter.						
4. Collaborates with supervisory team t	o im	prove professional practice. (TPE 12)				
□ 0 □ 1- Beginning □	2	☐ 3- Intermediate		4		
Follows the instructions of the	Sho	ows some initiative in developing positive	e	Works constructively and proactively with		

cooperating teacher and university	working relationships with cooperating	cooperating teacher, university supervisor, and support staff to improve student learning and		
supervisor; displays little or no				
initiative in developing positive	with team to plan curriculum, coordinate	reflect on practice.		
working relationships with cooperating	resources, and solve problems.			
teacher and university supervisor.	(TDF 12)			
	lizes insights to improve teaching. (TPE 13)	A S Advanced Net Observed		
□ 0 □ 1- Beginning □	2 3- Intermediate	4		
Begins to reflect on elements of	Reflects on instructional successes and	Consistently and proactively reflects on the		
teaching (e.g., pacing, procedures, discipline, movement, materials, etc.);	dilemmas as required by program; lists insights and hypotheses that result from	relationship between teaching practice and student learning; attempts to improve students'		
insights and hypotheses resulting from	reflection in a clear manner.	learning by utilizing insights.		
reflection are not available or are	reflection in a clear manner.	learning by utilizing insights.		
difficult to understand.				
	entifies steps towards achieving goals. (TPE 13			
0 1- Beginning		4 5- Advanced Not Observed		
Pursues goals identified by the	Sets goals based on self-assessment and other	Sets short-term professional goals based on self-		
cooperating teacher and university	feedback; expands knowledge and skills	assessment of effectiveness, student learning, and		
supervisor; professional goals based on	through available professional development	supervisory feedback; makes use of available		
candidate's own self-assessment are	opportunities (e.g., workshops, post-	professional development opportunities, and		
unavailable or lack clear connection to	observation conferences, seminars, interactive	seeks out new opportunities to realize		
the candidate's student teaching	journals, etc.).	professional goals.		
experience.				
	esponsibilities and maintains a positive attitude	. (TPE 13)		
□ 0 □ 1- Beginning □	2 3- Intermediate	4 5- Advanced Not Observed		
Displays an uneven, on-again/off-	Maintains positive attitude and shows a good	Maintains a positive attitude throughout the		
again, occasionally positive attitude in	understanding of professional responsibilities;	quarter; shows a well-rounded understanding of		
the classroom and/or displays limited	seeks support to balance professional	professional responsibilities and balances		
understanding of professional	responsibilities with other responsibilities.	professional responsibilities with other		
responsibilities.		responsibilities.		
Domain B: Making Subje	ct Matter Comprehensible to St	udents		
	matter content and students' academic developm			
□ 0 □ 1- Beginning □		4		
Has partial (or incomplete) knowledge	Uses knowledge of subject matter and student	Communicates key concepts, skills, and themes		
of subject matter and student	development to identify and successfully teach	in an accurate, clear and coherent manner;		
development; promotes an	key concepts and associated skills.	considers students' cognitive and linguistic		
understanding of key concepts in some		abilities and content knowledge as instructional		
lessons but not others.		plans are constructed.		
	lent understanding of subject matter (TPE 1)			
9. Organizes curriculum to support stud		4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of	2 3- Intermediate Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student	2 3- Intermediate Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts,		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts,		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans.	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks.	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information versions are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans.	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks.	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks.		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information value.	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks.	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information v 0 1- Beginning Focuses on core curriculum and skills.	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. Within and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) Identifies key concepts and skills in core	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information v 0 1- Beginning Focuses on core curriculum and skills. Attempts to relate content to prior	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. Within and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) Identifies key concepts and skills in core curriculum and standards and successfully	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information value of the procuses on core curriculum and skills. Attempts to relate content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. Within and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) Identifies key concepts and skills in core	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information v 0 1- Beginning Focuses on core curriculum and skills. Attempts to relate content to prior	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. Within and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) Identifies key concepts and skills in core curriculum and standards and successfully	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information value of the procuses on core curriculum and skills. Attempts to relate content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is partially successful.	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. Within and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) 2	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information value of the procuses on core curriculum and skills. Attempts to relate content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is partially successful.	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. Vithin and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) 2	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information value of the procuses on core curriculum and skills. Attempts to relate content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is partially successful.	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. Vithin and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) 2	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information value of the content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is partially successful. 11. Develops student understanding the and keep students engaged in the learning of the content of the con	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. within and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) 2	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information value of the procuses on core curriculum and skills. Attempts to relate content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is partially successful. 11. Develops student understanding the and keep students engaged in the learning of the procuse of the proc	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. within and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) 2	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information value of the content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is partially successful. 11. Develops student understanding the and keep students engaged in the learning of the content to use instructional strategies to make the content accessible to	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. within and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) 2	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information value of the procuses on core curriculum and skills. Attempts to relate content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is partially successful. 11. Develops student understanding the and keep students engaged in the learning of the procuse of the proc	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. Vithin and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1)	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information value of the content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is partially successful. 11. Develops student understanding the and keep students engaged in the learning of the content to use instructional strategies to make the content accessible to	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. within and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) 2	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information value of the content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is partially successful. 11. Develops student understanding the and keep students engaged in the learning of the content to use instructional strategies to make the content accessible to	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. Vithin and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1)	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information value of the content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is partially successful. 11. Develops student understanding the and keep students engaged in the learning of the content to use instructional strategies to make the content accessible to students, and is sometimes successful.	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. within and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) Identifies key concepts and skills in core curriculum and standards and successfully connects lessons to previous learning. Ough instructional strategies that are appropriate ing process.(TPE 1, 5) Matches one or more appropriate strategies to subject matter to effectively teach concepts and increase students' participation during lessons.	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information value of the content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is partially successful. 11. Develops student understanding the and keep students engaged in the learning of the content to use instructional strategies to make the content accessible to students, and is sometimes successful.	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. within and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) Identifies key concepts and skills in core curriculum and standards and successfully connects lessons to previous learning. Ough instructional strategies that are appropriate ing process.(TPE 1, 5) Thermediate Matches one or more appropriate strategies to subject matter to effectively teach concepts and increase students' participation during lessons. Esources, and technologies to make subject matter matter to effectively to make subject matter to esources, and technologies to make subject matter to esources.	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information variety of the process on core curriculum and skills. Attempts to relate content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is partially successful. 11. Develops student understanding the and keep students engaged in the learning of the process of the pro	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. Within and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1) 2	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		
Demonstrates some knowledge of curriculum to support student understanding; connections to California content standards and frameworks are usually missing or misguided in lesson plans. 10. Interrelates ideas and information variety of the process on core curriculum and skills. Attempts to relate content to prior lessons within the subject matter, and is partially successful. 11. Develops student understanding the and keep students engaged in the learning of the process of the pro	Uses knowledge of subject matter to promote students' understanding of key concepts, skills and standards; the concepts, etc., usually relate to California content standards and frameworks. Vithin and across subject matter areas. (TPE 1)	Identifies key concepts, skills and units/themes to facilitate student understanding; these concepts, etc., reflect content in California standards and frameworks. 4		

classroom to support student learning;	some materials and resources reflect students'	and technologies to present concepts and skills;
little or no attention paid to students' diversity characteristics and ways to	diversity; also appropriately selects some materials to provide equitable access to	materials are responsive to linguistic diversity
ensure equitable access to knowledge	subject matter.	and other pertinent diversity characteristics of students; resources are made available to all
for all students.	Subject matter.	students.
Domain C: Assessing Stud	lent Learning	
	of information to assess student learning. (TPE	(2)
0 1- Beginning	2 3- Intermediate	4 5- Advanced Not Observed
Uses one or two sources of information	Utilizes two or more appropriate assessments	Utilizes a variety of appropriate assessment tools
to assess student learning and monitor	to accurately monitor student progress.	to accurately monitor student progress and
student progress; occasionally selects		inform instructional decisions
inappropriate assessments and/or		
misinterprets data. 14. Modifies instructional plans to adju	st for student needs (TDF 2)	
0 1- Beginning	2 3-Intermediate	4 5- Advanced Not Observed
Follows lessons as planned; finds it	Adjusts lessons based on informal assessments	Adjusts plans in advance to accommodate levels
difficult to use informal assessment	of student understanding during lesson as well	of skill and interests of most students; makes
data to make adjustments during the	as students' performance during previous	modifications during lessons to address
lesson.	lesson; able to identify and address student	misunderstandings and individual student
15 F (11:1	misunderstandings.	performance.
15. Establishes and communicates learn		A S Administration No.4 Observed
Uses available toutheeles recovered	2 3- Intermediate	Articulates goals based on student content
Uses available textbooks, resources, and curriculum guidelines to develop	Identifies learning goals for lessons utilizing student content standards; goals	standards; clearly communicates learning goals
learning goals; goals are communicated	communicated to students without checking	to students and checks students' understanding of
in a disorganized manner.	for understanding.	goals.
16. Involves and guides all students in	assessing their own learning; displays ability to	get and keep students engaged in the learning
process. (TPE 3, 5)		
□ 0 □ 1- Beginning □	2	4
Checks and monitors work in progress;	Provides students with feedback on work in	Consistently provides students with guide-lines
communicates with students about their progress through school-mandated	progress as well as completed task; encourages some student involvement in	and rubrics to facilitate reflection, self- evaluation, enhanced academic achievement, and
procedures; little or no guidance	correcting their own work.	wider ranging class participation; consistently
		T WIGH TAILSING CIASS DATHCHDAHOH COUSISIEHTV
	correcting their own work.	
provided to students regarding self- evaluation.	correcting their own work.	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to
provided to students regarding self- evaluation.	-	provides feedback to students regarding self-
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g	uide instruction. (TPE 3)	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts.
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student confusion and re-teaches material using the same techniques.	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student confusion and re-teaches material using the same techniques. 18. Communicates with students about	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student confusion and re-teaches material using the same techniques. 18. Communicates with students about 0 1- Beginning	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student confusion and re-teaches material using the same techniques. 18. Communicates with students about 0 1- Beginning Provides students with information	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student confusion and re-teaches material using the same techniques. 18. Communicates with students about 0 1- Beginning Provides students with information about their progress through school-	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student confusion and re-teaches material using the same techniques. 18. Communicates with students about 0 1- Beginning Provides students with information	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 1	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student confusion and re-teaches material using the same techniques. 18. Communicates with students about 0 1- Beginning Provides students with information about their progress through schoolmandated procedures, such as grades on assignments and report cards. Domain D: Engaging and 19. Develops and sequences instruction	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student confusion and re-teaches material using the same techniques. 18. Communicates with students about 0 1- Beginning Provides students with information about their progress through schoolmandated procedures, such as grades on assignments and report cards. Domain D: Engaging and 19. Develops and sequences instruction 0 1- Beginning	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student confusion and re-teaches material using the same techniques. 18. Communicates with students about 0 1- Beginning Provides students with information about their progress through schoolmandated procedures, such as grades on assignments and report cards. Domain D: Engaging and 19. Develops and sequences instruction	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student confusion and re-teaches material using the same techniques. 18. Communicates with students about 0 1- Beginning Provides students with information about their progress through schoolmandated procedures, such as grades on assignments and report cards. Domain D: Engaging and 19. Develops and sequences instruction 0 1- Beginning Develops lessons to address a particular concept or skill utilizing available resources; little sequencing of lessons is evident; little or no attention paid to	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student confusion and re-teaches material using the same techniques. 18. Communicates with students about 0 1- Beginning Provides students with information about their progress through schoolmandated procedures, such as grades on assignments and report cards. Domain D: Engaging and 19. Develops and sequences instruction 0 1- Beginning Develops lessons to address a particular concept or skill utilizing available resources; little sequencing of lessons is evident; little or no attention paid to	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student confusion and re-teaches material using the same techniques. 18. Communicates with students about 0 1- Beginning Provides students with information about their progress through school-mandated procedures, such as grades on assignments and report cards. Domain D: Engaging and 19. Develops and sequences instruction 0 1- Beginning Develops lessons to address a particular concept or skill utilizing available resources; little sequencing of lessons is evident; little or no attention paid to students' linguistic and other instructional needs.	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
provided to students regarding self-evaluation. 17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0 1- Beginning Assists in administering required assessments; recognizes student confusion and re-teaches material using the same techniques. 18. Communicates with students about 0 1- Beginning Provides students with information about their progress through school-mandated procedures, such as grades on assignments and report cards. Domain D: Engaging and 19. Develops and sequences instruction 0 1- Beginning Develops lessons to address a particular concept or skill utilizing available resources; little sequencing of lessons is evident; little or no attention paid to students' linguistic and other instructional needs.	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4
17. Uses the results of assessments to g 0	uide instruction. (TPE 3) 2	provides feedback to students regarding self- evaluation efforts and reflections pertaining to these efforts. 4

	DAIE strategies to promote learning of	language	e and subje	ect matter content	t for English learners.
(ELLs) (TPE 7) 1- Beginning	2 3- Intermediate		4	5- Advanced	☐ Not Observed
Articulates the components that help	Familiar with ELs identified language				ement a specific model
ELs acquire language rapidly (i.e.,	proficiency level (according to the Cali	fornia			earning (i.e., Guided
input, output, and interaction with	English Language Development Test,			Acquisition and	
others); articulates the two dimensions	CELDT); plans and effectively implem				l); can articulate a
of language proficiency: Basic	ELD and/or SDAIE strategies to promo				improve their reading,
interpersonal communication skills	levels of academic content and languag	ge .			an show students how
(BICS) and cognitive academic language proficiency skills (CALPS).	achievements in some lessons.				ademic language and ll help to improve
language proficiency skins (CALFS).			their ELD		ii help to improve
22. Effectively employs instructional s	trategies to promote learning for learner	rs with s			2 6)
□ 0 □ 1- Beginning □	2 3- Intermediate		4	5- Advanced	☐ Not Observed
Selects strategies that occasionally	Selects strategies which are usually suc		Selects str	rategies which suc	ccessfully teach all
(every 3 rd lesson or less) promote	in promoting learning for most LWSN	in the	LWSN m	ost of the time.	
learning for some LWSN in the	classroom.				
classroom; can identify all LWSN.	· ID · I ·	T	•	C C4 1	4
	ion and Designs Learning				ts
	and interests, and considers developmen	tal learni			Nat Observed
Uses available materials and resources	2 3- Intermediate Develops and gathers materials to supp	lamant	4 L	5- Advanced	Not Observed rporate students' prior
for academic lessons with some	available resources; most lessons elicit	lement			ectional and linguistic
attention to students' interests and	students' prior knowledge and respond	to	learning n		ictional and iniguistic
learning needs.	students' interests and learning needs.		learning i	iccus.	
24. Designs & writes daily and/or unit	plans to foster student learning. (TPE 9	9)			
□ 0 □ 1- Beginning □	2 3- Intermediate		4	5- Advanced	☐ Not Observed
Plans for daily lessons and activities	Plans for daily and weekly lessons with			short- and long-to	
based on available materials,	attention to short-term objectives and st	tudent		and link objective	
curriculum outlines and student content	content standards.		learning a	ectivities and stude	ent content standards.
standards.	L-:4-: ECC4: E:		C C4	4 J 4 T	•
Domain F: Creates and M	Laintains Effective Enviro	nment	is for Si	tudent Leai	rning.
	· (EDE 40)				
25. Maintains standards for student bel		1	4 🗆	5 Advanced	Not Observed
25. Maintains standards for student bel 1 Beginning	2 3- Intermediate		4 Uses strat	5- Advanced	Not Observed
25. Maintains standards for student bel 0 1- Beginning Communicates rules and consequences;	2 3- Intermediate Communicates expectations and consec	quences	Uses strat	tegies that prevent	t or lessen disruptive
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30. Promotes social development and	group responsil	bility. (TPE 11)				
□ 0 □ 1- Beginning □	2	3- Intermediate		4	5- Advanced	☐ Not Observed
Encourages student responsibility for		rategies and activities to deve	lop		tes positive student i	
self; creates opportunities for		vidual responsibility and		accepta	ance of responsibiliti	es as members of
individual students to have classroom		f others' rights and needs;			nd small groups; pro	
responsibilities.	students share	e in classroom responsibilities	S.		unities for student le	adership within the
	<u> </u>			classro	om.	
Supervisor and Cooperating Tea	cher Comme	ents				
Areas of commendation:						
Areas needing more attention/pract	tice:					
5						
Teacher candidate's Comments						
Goals for professional growth						



Multiple Subject Substitute Employment Policy

POLICY

In order to serve as a substitute teacher during student teaching the candidate must have either:

- 1. Baccalaureate degree \underline{or} be enrolled in courses that will lead to a BS degree at the end of Student Teaching I;
- 2. approval of the cooperating teacher, university supervisor, and principal;
- 3. an emergency 30-day substitute teaching permit from the appropriate county office of education.

In the Multiple Subject Credential Program, candidates:

- 1. can serve as substitute teacher in the first or second quarter of student teaching;
- 2. can substitute for up to 10 days in each of their student teaching assignments;
- 3. can begin their substitute teaching on Monday of the third week of student teaching;
- 4. <u>cannot</u> serve as a substitute teacher if such subbing will cause them to miss, or come late to, their seminar class or any other class they are enrolled in.

PROCEDURE

The teacher candidate must use this form to obtain signed approvals from the university supervisor, cooperating teacher, and principal. When completed, submit one copy to the Multiple Subject Coordinator and one copy to the School of Education's Student Information Center (02-120).

	Approvals:	
I, the undersigned, give my approval to	(name)	, who
isateachercandidatein(school)		
to substitute teach in his/her assigned st	rudent teaching classroom during:	
[] Fall [] Winter [] Sp	ring quarter	
Cooperating Teacher's Signature:	Date:	
Principal's Signature:	Date:	
University Supervisor's Signature:	Date:	
University Supervisor's Name (<i>PRINT</i>):		

→ The teacher candidate is encouraged to keep a copy of this document in his/her Student Teaching Portfolio. ←



Multiple Subject Request Form for Non-Illness Absence from Student Teaching

- 1. The completed form should be dropped off in the School of Education's Student Information Center (02-120) at least 1 week prior to the date(s) in question.
- 2. The teacher candidate **must** have a plan for fully making up the missed day(s), and this plan has nothing to do with the 3 days set aside for possible illness.
- 3. The form must have the signature of the university supervisor and cooperating teacher before submission to the SOE Student Information Center (02-120). To help provide for consistency in decisions made by individual supervisors, the university supervisor must discuss the plan with the Multiple Subject Coordinator before approving a request.*
- 4. Teacher candidates are expected to get permission from instructors of all courses they would miss.

Teacher candidate's Name	Phone #
Email	
Ellidii	
I am enrolled in:	unit) 🗌 EDUC 456 (12 unit)
The day(a) 8 data(a)	
The day(s) & date(s)	
of my request are:	
What is your specific plan for making up the missed day(s)?	
I approve the above request and plan	
Cooperation Toocher	Data
Cooperating Teacher	Date
University Supervisor	Date

^{*} Teacher candidates can submit this form for review by the Multiple Subject Coordinator via email, but must follow procedures listed above; do not try to cut corners or negotiate private deals.