

CERTIFIED STAFF PROFESSIONAL GROWTH PROCESS

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SECTION 1: EVALUATION COMMITTEE PROCESS and MEMBERS

Members of the Teacher Evaluation System Committee, included the President of the Yorkville CUSD 115 Education Association and certified staff representing the schools in the District, developed the Professional Growth Process. The development process included ongoing communication with certified staff and professional development of both certified staff and administration. The Board of Education approved the plan prior to implementation.

Members of the Evaluation System Committee

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SECTION 2: INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW OF DANIELSON FRAMEWORK

INTRODUCTION

The Professional Growth Process is a result of collaboration and cooperation between the Yorkville Education Association and the Yorkville CUSD 115 district administration. The plan expresses what we believe effective teachers do in the classroom and what the most recent educational research reflects regarding improving student learning through evaluation.

The Professional Growth Process is based upon the philosophy of the four teaching component domains from the teaching research of Charlotte Danielson, "Enhancing Professional Practice, A Framework for Teaching" and "Teacher Evaluation, To Enhance Professional Practice" by Charlotte Danielson and Thomas McGreal.

Danielson Framework

Enhancing Professional Practice: A Framework for Teaching, 2nd Edition, by Charlotte Danielson established the basics of the Teacher Evaluation Plan with local language revisions that best fit our learning and teaching philosophy. The frameworks are a research-based set of components of instruction that are grounded in a constructivist view of learning and teaching. The framework is an invaluable tool to be used as a foundation for professional conversations among practitioners as they seek to enhance their skill in the complex task of teaching.

The framework will serve as the foundation of Yorkville's recruitment and hiring, mentoring, coaching, professional development, and teacher evaluation process, thus linking all these activities together and helping teachers become more thoughtful practitioners.

The actions teachers can take to improve student learning are clearly identified and fall under four domains of teaching responsibility: Designing Knowledge Work, Creating a Safe and Orderly Environment for Knowledge Work, Facilitating Knowledge Work, Professional and Leadership Responsibilities. Within the domains are 23 components and 76 descriptive elements that further refine our understanding of what teaching is all about.

The framework for teaching is based on the Praxis III: Classroom Performance Assessment criteria developed by Educational Testing Service, National Board for Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS) and is compatible with INTASC standards.

SECTION 3: STATEMENT OF PHILOSOPHY

This Professional Growth Process aligns with and supports the Mission, Values and Goals of Yorkville CUSD #115.

MISSION:

District	Professional Growth Process
Cultivating learners who enrich society.	This commitment to a high-quality educational
	process for every student is supported by the
	development of a professional growth process that
	recognizes the significance of this mission.

VALUES:

Value	District	Professional Growth Process
Success of All Students	We believe all students can	Our Professional Growth Process
	learn at a high level.	supports continuous improvement of
		instructional practices that promote
		the development of all students.
High Expectations	We believe improvement begins	Our Professional Growth Process
	with high expectations for	allows each staff member to be
	everyone in the learning	actively involved in establishing
	community.	personal growth expectations to
		improve personal practice.
Continuous	We believe in continuous	Our Professional Growth Process
Improvement/Shared	improvement.	cycle facilitates the continuous
Accountability		growth and development of effective
		teaching practices.
Respect, Integrity and	We believe that the learning	Our Professional Growth Process
Diversity	community must take	develops respect and integrity
	responsibility to help every	between all team members while
	member learn and succeed.	recognizing the diversity of our staff
		in multiple areas.
Teamwork	We believe that effective	Our Professional Growth Process is
	communication and	based upon clear communication
	collaboration among and	frameworks and guidelines that
	between students, their families,	foster an environment of personal
	and staff creates high	and professional satisfaction.
	satisfaction and productivity.	
Effectiveness and	We believe that resources	Our Professional Growth Process is
Efficiency	should be used effectively and	research based and proven to be the
	efficiently to ensure the	most effective and efficient method
	community a return on its	to improve professional teaching
	investment.	practice.

GOALS:

District

- Goal 1 Every student will demonstrate growth in applying 21st Century Skills to ensure readiness for college and career success.
- Goal 2 We will ensure student engagement and support by strengthening comprehensive curriculum, instruction, and assessment systems throughout the District.
- **Goal 3** We will attract and retain a high quality, collaborative and empowered staff who cultivate learning and engagement in every classroom.
- **Goal 4** We will relentlessly build trust and shared responsibility in providing the highest quality education for our students through parent and community partnerships.
- Goal 5 We will steward resources effectively and efficiently to sustain educational excellence.

SECTION 4: PROFESSIONAL GROWTH PROCESS DEFINITIONS

<u>Best Practices</u> – Research based methods that are effective in improving student achievement

<u>Component</u> – Within the four domains, there are twenty-three categories (called components) that define teaching.

<u>Consulting Teacher</u> – An educational employee as defined in the Educational Labor Relations Act who has at least five years of teaching experience and a reasonable familiarity with the assignment of the teacher being evaluated, and who received an "Excellent" rating on his/her most recent evaluation. The Consulting Teacher is selected by the Evaluator and is used for the purpose of supporting the Teacher during the Remediation Plan.

<u>Differentiated Process</u> – An evaluation process that is responsive to different variations in job assignments, responsibilities and years of experience in Yorkville

<u>Documentation</u> – Evidence/information that supports or explains a position

Effective System – Quality assurance and continuous learning that lead to improved achievement

<u>Effective Teaching</u> – Instructional practices that result in increased student growth, as defined in the practices outlined at the proficient and excellent levels of the Yorkville Frameworks for Teaching

<u>Individual Growth Plan (IGP)</u> – A plan jointly developed by the evaluator and teacher, which results in the continuous improvement of student learning. The evaluator and mentor shall be available to provide assistance to the teacher in the development of a professional goal, but the responsibility for developing the steps necessary to achieve the goal shall rest with the teacher. In the unlikely event that the evaluator and the teacher do not reach mutual agreement, the evaluator shall be responsible for establishing the goals.

Observation (Formal) – Observing classroom instruction is one of the most powerful practices in which evaluators engage to improve teaching and learning. Formal observations provide valuable opportunities for the teacher and evaluator to discuss the planning process, collect evidence on the teacher's instruction and classroom environment, and dialogue with the teacher after the observation is complete.

Formal observations shall be at least 30 minutes in length or a class period, if applicable. Formal observations shall be preceded by a planning conversation and followed by a wrap-up conversation. Non-tenured teachers will be formally observed at least two times during the school year.

Tenured certified staff that receives an overall rating of Proficient and Excellent may be formally observed within a two year Individual Growth Plan cycle, with additional formal observations at the discretion of the evaluator. Tenured certified staff with an overall rating of Needs Improvement will be formally observed at least one time within a one year Professional Development Plan cycle, with additional formal observations at the discretion of the evaluator.

<u>Observation (Informal)</u> – Informal observations provide the opportunity to reflect on the entire professional performance of a teacher both inside and outside the classroom. Informal observations may include professional behavior in a variety of settings and/or interactions between a variety of individuals: students, colleagues, parents, administrators or other school staff, as well as involvement in extra-curricular functions or community sponsored activities.

Observing classroom instruction and teacher professional interactions is one of the most powerful practices in which evaluators engage to improve teaching and learning. Informal observations provide valuable opportunities for more frequent interaction between the evaluator and the teacher. Evidence of teaching, aligned with the Framework for Teaching, will be collected by the evaluator and shared in writing with the teacher. The informal observation and follow-up conversations are important job-embedded opportunities for individual professional development because the data collected provides fertile ground for ongoing discussions about teaching and learning, in addition to overall professional performance.

Informal observations that are included in an evaluation are expected to be documented and shared with the teacher. Examples of documentation include use of the evaluation process observation form or a written memo, e-mail or other writing that memorializes the observation and is shared with the teacher.

<u>Performance Ratings (Domain) – Judgment of teacher job performance on each of the four domains based upon evidence collected during informal and formal observations.</u> According to state requirements, teacher performance shall be rated as: *excellent*, *proficient*, *needs improvement* or *unsatisfactory*.

<u>Performance Ratings (Summative)</u> – Overall judgment of teacher job performance based on the ratings earned on each of the four domains. According to state requirements, teacher performance shall be rated as: *excellent*, *proficient*, *needs improvement*, or *unsatisfactory*.

<u>Professional Development Plan (PDP)</u> – The Performance and Evaluation Reform Act includes language regarding the creation of a Professional Development Plan for a teacher in contractual continued service (tenured) who is rated "needs improvement." This Professional Development Plan (PDP):

- is to be created within 30 days after the completion of an evaluation resulting in the "needs improvement" rating
- is to be developed by the evaluator in consultation with the teacher and take into account the tenured teacher's on-going professional responsibilities including his/her regular teaching assignments
- is to be directed to the areas that need improvement and include supports that the district will provide to address the performance areas identified as needing improvement
- does not have a required minimum or maximum length of time (the plan can last until the teacher is evaluated in the next school year)

SECTION 5: ROLES OF ADMINISTRATORS AND TEACHERS IN PROFESSIONAL GROWTH PROCESS

Evaluator's Responsibilities

- o Communication with the teacher including teaching domain alignment feedback
- o Meeting to discuss expectations based on the teaching domains, district and school goals
- o Review school improvement plan
- Provide training in administering relevant standardized testing
- o Conduct informal observations and provide written feedback when appropriate
- o Conduct formal observation (minimum of 30 minutes) in classroom) including pre and post conferences
- Continuously provide feedback to teacher regarding teaching domains
- O Conduct summative conference and notify teacher of continued employment

Teacher's Responsibilities

- Understand and implement the teaching domains
- o Meet with the evaluator to ensure adherence to the teaching domains
- o Take personal responsibility for attaining Proficient or Excellent performance
- o Complete all forms and meet all timelines
- o Provide evidence to support the evaluation process

Domain 1	Conversations about Teaching		
Planning and	(examples, not expectations)		
Preparation	(examples, not expectations)		
1a: Demonstrating	Knowledge of Content and the Structure of the Discipline (displays solid knowledge in the		
Knowledge of Content	important concepts in the discipline and how these relate to one another)		
and Pedagogy	For example:		
o Knowledge of	 Teacher consistently provides a clear explanation and/or demonstration of the content verbally to students 		
o Knowledge of content and the	Teacher familiarizes himself or herself with district curricular materials and resources		
structure of the	Teacher answers students' questions accurately		
discipline	Teacher relates concepts within the discipline to one another		
 Knowledge of prerequisite 	Knowledge of Prerequisite Relationships (teacher's plans and practice reflect accurate		
relationships	understanding of prerequisite relationships among topics and concepts)		
 Knowledge of 	For example:		
content-related	 Teacher plans instruction that scaffolds skills and concepts to build student understanding Teacher relates the skills and concepts of the discipline to other skills and concepts within the 		
pedagogy	discipline		
	Teacher relates the skills and concepts of the discipline to skills and concepts in other		
	disciplines		
	 Teacher plans learning experiences that build on the students' prior understanding of the skills and concepts 		
	Teacher designs questions that build on students' background in the content area		
	Knowledge of Content-Related Pedagogy (teacher's plans and practice reflect a familiarity with a wide range of effective pedagogical approaches in the discipline)		
	For example:		
	T selects appropriate strategies to engage students in the content		
	T is able to plan alternative strategies within a lesson to meet the learning needs of most		
	students T is open to trying new strategies and building upon existing practices to help students		
	understand the concept		
1b: Demonstrating	Knowledge of Child and Adolescent Development (teacher displays accurate understanding of the		
Knowledge of Students	typical developmental characteristics of the age-group, as well as exceptions to the general patterns) For example:		
 Knowledge of child 	T develops lessons, activities, and experiences that are developmentally appropriate for the age		
and adolescent	level		
developmentKnowledge of the	T differentiates lessons, activities, and experiences to meet the needs of exceptional learners		
Knowledge of the learning process	Knowledge of the Learning Process (knowledge of how students learn is accurate and current,		
 Knowledge of 	and the teacher applies this knowledge to the class as a whole and to groups of students)		
students' skills,	For example:		
knowledge, and language	 T plans take into consideration high order thinking skills such as comparing, analyzing, applying, translating, predicting, and evaluating. 		
proficiency	T's lesson plans make use of mental models, thinking maps, and visual tools for problem-		
o Knowledge of	solving and decision-making appropriate for the developmental stage of the Ss		
students' interests and cultural heritage	 T understands the current research on the brain and its connection to student learning T understands how the Ss' preexisting knowledge relates to how they develop new 		
Knowledge of	understandings		
students/ special			
needs	Knowledge of Students' Skills, Knowledge, and Language Proficiency (recognizes the value of understanding students' skills, knowledge, and language proficiency and displays this		
	knowledge for groups of students)		
	For example:		
	o T studies S data (standardized and state test results, diagnostic test results, common summative		
	and formative assessments, and report cards from the prior and current year) and draws conclusions for groups of Ss for instructional planning		
	 T uses ongoing assessment strategies, including pre-tests, to ascertain the skill levels of Ss 		
	T uses assessment tools to flexibly group Ss in learning activities		
	T gathers information through observations of Ss in instructional and non-instructional activities.		
	activities Knowledge of Students' Interests and Cultural Heritage (recognizes the value of understanding		
	students' interests and cultural heritage and displays this knowledge for groups of students)		

For Example:

- T has Ss complete an interest survey and uses this information when designing learning experiences for groups of Ss
- T solicits information from parents or guardians about their child and takes that information into account when designing learning experiences
- T examines resources and materials for cultural sensitivity
- T plans homework assignments or projects that offer opportunities for Ss to explore their families cultural heritage and share it with the class

Knowledge of Students' Special Needs (aware of students' special learning and medical needs) For example:

T meets with other school personnel, such as the school nurse, guidance counselor/social worker, or special educator, to understand the needs of Ss

T maintains and communicates records that pertain to the medical or learning needs to substitutes or other adults who interact with the class

T is mindful of designing lessons that accommodate the medical or learning needs of Ss T proactively seeks and uses reports from physicians, guidance counselors/social workers, instructional specialists, or parents to build relationships with individual Ss.

1c: Setting Instructional Outcomes

- Value, sequence, and alignment
- Clarity
- o Balance
- Suitability for diverse learners

Value, Sequence, and Alignment (most outcomes represent high expectations and rigor and important learning in the discipline. They are connected to a sequence of learning) For example:

- T uses national, state, or local standards to align outcomes and shows in writing or orally the connection of individual lesson outcomes to standards.
- o Outcomes represent the big ideas of the discipline but are tailored for the lesson and unit
- Outcomes are scaffolded, build on prior learning, and establish a foundation for future learning
- o T's plans reference previous lessons and units to sequence outcomes in the discipline

Clarity (all the instructional outcomes are clear and written in the form of student learning. Most suggest viable methods of assessment)

For example:

- T describes the instructional outcomes in terms of what Ss will learn
- Outcomes are specific and attainable in the time allotted
- Outcomes are written with consideration of how Ss will demonstrate their achievement of the outcomes
- Current outcomes are connected to previous outcomes

Balance (outcomes reflect several types of learning and opportunities for coordination) For example:

- Outcomes coordinate with learning among several disciplines
- o T plans lessons that require factual and higher-order thinking skills
- o Process and content align with the outcomes
- Most outcomes push Ss to take appropriate educational risks

Suitability for Diverse Learners (most of the outcomes are suitable for all students in the class and based on evidence of student proficiency. However, the needs of some individual students may or may not be accommodated)

For example:

- T considers students' cultures, special needs, and skill levels when planning instructional outcomes for groups of Ss
- o T plans instructional strategies that allow most Ss to achieve the outcomes
- T plans for choice by groups of Ss to work toward achieving outcomes

1d: Demonstrating Knowledge of Resources

- Resources for classroom use
- Resources to extend content knowledge and pedagogy
- Resources for students

Resources for Classroom Use (teacher displays **awareness** of resources available for classroom use through the school or district and **some familiarity** with resources outside the school and on the internet)

For example:

- Teacher selects several resources for Students' use
- Teacher selects resources that contain the same content but are written at varying reading levels
- Teacher extends the lesson with resources outside of the classroom, such as guest speakers and field experiences
- Teacher prepares Students to use the Internet appropriately and provides Students with access to the Internet as a tool for extending their learning
- Teacher appropriately incorporates Internet resources, such as an educational video, into classroom instruction
- Teacher often uses resources from professional organizations to support Student learning

- Teacher incorporates the library resource center, computer lab, and other school resources in lesson activities and assignments
- o Teacher incorporates community resources to enrich and complement lesson objectives

Resources to Extend Content, Knowledge and Pedagogy (teacher displays **awareness** of resources to enhance content and pedagogical knowledge available through the school or district and has **some familiarity** with resources outside the school and on the internet)
For example:

- o Teacher uses multiple avenues, including the Internet, to deepen content knowledge
- o Teacher explores district offerings that enhance content knowledge or pedagogical knowledge
- Teacher works with colleagues through both structural means-such as lesson preparation, book studies, professional learning communities, and groups that look at student work-and more informal means, such as team meetings, to expand content knowledge or pedagogical skill
- Teacher explores connections with professional organizations to enhance knowledge of the content
- Teacher explores options offered by universities to deepen professional content knowledge as well as Student content knowledge

Resources for Students (teacher displays **awareness** of resources for students available through the school or district and **some familiarity** with resources outside the school and on the Internet)

- Teacher creates lists of community resources and Web sites and makes them available to Students in multiple formats, including electronically
- Teacher suggests resources that are available to Students outside of school, such as the local public libraries and museums
- o Teacher provides resources that match various levels of Students' skills
- Teacher encourages Students to use resources to expand learning beyond the school term or year, including resources for summer or vacation time
- Teacher utilizes school and district resources, including social, health, and cultural as well as academic, for Students
- Teacher makes contact with school personnel to make resource available for Students and/or families

1e Designing Coherent Instruction

- Learning activities
- o Instructional materials and resources
- o Instructional goals
- Lesson and unit structure

Learning Activities (all of the learning activities are suitable to students or to the instructional outcomes and most represent significant cognitive challenge, with some differentiation for different groups of Students)

For example:

- Teacher ensures that units and lessons support instructional outcomes, reflecting important concepts of the content
- Teacher makes use of district's curriculum map to build on prior knowledge and move learning forward
- o Activities present Students with opportunities for high-level thinking
- Activities permit Student choice and offer opportunities for Students to work with their classmates
- Learning experiences align to the desired instructional outcomes

Instructional Materials and Resources (all of the materials and resources are **suitable** to students, **support the instructional outcomes**, and are **designed to engage** students in meaningful learning) For example:

- Teacher finds a collection of materials and resources that support the intended learning
- o The learning resources are varied
- The materials and resources appropriately challenge the Students
- o The materials and resources engage Students in the learning
- Teacher revises commercially developed materials and resources to ensure that they are suitable

 $\label{limit} \textbf{Instructional Groups} \ (\text{instructional groups are } \textbf{varied} \ \text{as appropriate to the students and the different instructional outcomes})$

For example:

- o Teacher considers the intended learning of the lesson when determining groups
- o Teacher considers the different learning needs of the Students when determining groups
- o Teacher considers the number of Students per group that will maximize learning
- o Teacher demonstrates a variety of grouping strategies

Lesson and Unit Structure (lesson or unit has a **clearly defined structure** around which activities are organized. Progression of activities is **even**, with **reasonable time allocations**)

F.	
	For example:
	Teacher plans units and lessons that allow sufficient time for Students to engage in meaningful
	learning that ensures that Students achieve the identified outcomes
	Teacher structures each activity to build on the previous activities
	Teacher plans are complete, from opening to closure
16. D	O Daily lesson plans show alignment and coherence with the overall unit plan
1f: Designing Student Assessments	Congruence with Instructional Outcomes (all the instructional outcomes are assessed through the approach to assessment. Assessment methodologies may have been adapted for groups of
AssessmentsCongruence with	students)
instructional	For example:
outcomes	Teacher lesson plans show a connection of each instructional outcome to its corresponding
Criteria and	assessment
standards	Teacher designs or selects each assessment to match its corresponding type of instruction
 Design of formative 	Students can demonstrate that understand their understanding in a variety of ways
assessments	Teacher's lesson plans show modifications or adaptations of an assessment for groups of
Use of planning	Students as needed
o est of planning	Stadenta ta necesaria
	Criteria and Standards (assessment criteria and standards are clear)
	For Example:
	Teacher can clearly articulate the assessment criteria
	Teacher prepares and plans to explain to Students the grading guidelines for major assessments
	Teacher plans multiple forms of formative assessments for Students who may not meet
	standards on the first attempt
	Design of Formative Assessments (teacher has a well-developed strategy for using formative
	assessment and has designed particular approaches)
	For example:
	Teacher reflects on the usefulness and effectiveness of formative assessments
	Teacher continues to add to the repertoire of formative assessment approaches or strategies
	Teacher develops a variety of formative assessments
	o Teacher shares with colleagues the rationale behind choosing a certain formative assessment to
	measure Student progress on a specific skill, concept, or process
	Use of Planning (teacher uses assessment results to plan for future instruction for groups of
	students)
	For example:
	Teacher's plans demonstrate how teacher uses information from state and district tests and
	assessments to instruct groups of students
	Teacher communicates, orally or in writing, how grouping for future instruction is based on
	information from assessments
	Teacher develops new assignments and activities in response to information from assessments
	common protocol
	Teacher uses the results of assessments to locate and select new or varied materials and
D 2	resources, including technology resources
Domain 2	Observation of Teaching
Creating a Safe and Orderly Environment	(examples, not expectations)
for Knowledge Work	
2a Creating an	Teacher Interactions with Students (teacher-student interactions are friendly and demonstrate
environment of Respect	general caring and respect. Such interactions are appropriate to the age and cultures of the
and Rapport	students. Students exhibit respect for the teacher.
Teacher interactions	For example:
with students	Teacher call the Students by name
Student interactions	Teacher greets Students as they walk in the door
with other students	Teacher uses "we" statements to make Students feel part of the group
	Teacher attentively listens to Students
	Teacher uses positive oral, written, and non-verbal language with Students
	Teacher uses information from families to interact with Students
	Teacher creates and maintains an environment where Students feel free to take risks and ask
	questions
	Student Interactions with Other Students (Student Interactions are generally polite and
	respectful):
1	For example:

Students use polite language when they work together Students respect each other in a variety of group settings Students listen carefully to one another during class activities 2b Establishing a Importance of the Content (Teacher conveys genuine enthusiasm for the content, and students Culture for Learning by demonstrate consistent commitment to its value) **Supporting the Vision** For example: and Mission of Teacher shares with Students personal learning experiences, such as a new technique or Yorkville Schools strategy he or she is trying, a book he or she had read, or a peer observation with a colleague Importance of the Teacher states the learning goal for the lesson and explains the lesson's importance and purpose content Teacher reinforces the importance of work with charts and posters that convey high Expectations for expectations learning and Teacher's voice inflection and body language convey enthusiasm for the learning achievement Student pride in **Expectations for Learning and Achievement** (Instructional outcomes, activities and assignments, and classroom interactions convey high expectations for most students) work For example: Teacher sets achievable, high standards for Students Teacher discusses the importance and significance of the content and shares personal experiences related to the topic Teacher models high expectations through language when conversing with most Students Teacher communicates to Students with relationship between achievement and hard work and Student Pride in Work (Students accept the teacher's insistence on work of high quality and demonstrate pride in the work) Students turn in quality work on time Students are engaged in their work and give their best effort at all times Management of Instructional Groups (Small-group work is well organized, and most students are 2c: Managing productively engaged in learning while **unsupervised** by the teacher) **Classroom Procedures** Management of For example: **Instructional Groups** Teacher has established procedures for group work, such as listening and sharing Management of responsibilities transitions Teacher assigns Students roles for work within the group Teacher instructs on social skills that will promote expected group behavior Management of materials and Teacher ensures Students understand what they are to do in groups supplies Teacher provides Students with feedback on how they have worked as a group Performance of noninstructional duties Management of Transitions (transitions occur smoothly, with little loss of instructional time) Supervision of For example: volunteers and para Teacher establishes procedures for each transition that occurs throughout session Teacher models transitions to Students professionals Teacher provides a signal for attention Management of Materials and Supplies (routines for handling materials and supplies occur smoothly, with little loss of instructional time) For example: Teacher establishes, teaches, and monitors the routines of the classroom Materials are organized and ready for Student work Teacher utilizes an organization system to store learning activities and supplies Performance of non-instructional Duties (efficient systems for performing non-instructional duties are in place, resulting in minimal loss of instructional time For example: Teacher has developed routines for what to do during an emergency situation, when to take a bathroom break, a Student finishes work early, or a Student is absent Supervision of Volunteers and Paraprofessionals (volunteers and paraprofessionals are **productively** and **independently** engaged during the **entire** class) Teacher provides guidelines and appropriate activities for classroom volunteers Teacher provides appropriate activities and support for teaching associates 2d: Managing Student **Expectations** (standards of conduct are clear to all students) **Behavior** For example: Teacher posts rules that are visible to all Students Expectations Monitoring of Teacher shares standards of conduct with families of Students

student behavior	Teacher explains and models expectations of classroom behavior for the Students
 Response to student 	Teacher states rules in a positive manner
misbehavior	Teacher reviews rules with Students as necessary as activities in the classroom change
	Monitoring of Student Behavior (teacher is alert to student behavior at all times).
	For example:
	Teacher is alert for potential problems in the classroom
	Teacher walks around, spending time in each quadrant of the classroom
	Teacher scans the faces of the Students, making eye contact
	Teacher devises nonverbal signals for individual Students to redirect their efforts
	Teacher makes eye contact with the Students potentially misbehaving
	Teacher provides positive individual and classroom reinforcement
	Teacher provides positive individual and classroom removement
	Response to Student Misbehavior (teacher's response to misbehavior is appropriate and
	successful and respects the student's dignity, or student behavior is generally appropriate)
	For example:
	Teacher talks to the Student privately to remove the audience of the other Students
	Teacher makes a conscious effort to improve relationships with the Students, for example by
	discussing topics other than school with the Student
	Teacher respectfully communicates with families to address and enlist their assistance with Student behavior
	Teacher develops individualized behavior plans Teacher distinguished behavior plans
	Teacher distinquishes between Student misbehaviors that require teacher versus administrator
2 O 11 BI 1 I	action
2e: Organizing Physical	Safety and Accessibility (classroom is safe, and learning is equally accessible to all students)
Space	For example:
o Safety and	Classroom is free of unnecessary clutter
accessibility	o Teacher assures that there are established walkways in the classroom and that these walkways
o Arrangement of	are free of clutter
furniture and use of	Teacher provides opportunities for colleagues to observe the classroom and give feedback
physical resources	about the physical arrangement
	Teacher ensures that each Student has easy access to all resources, materials, and supplies
	Teacher ensures that potentially dangerous materials, such as chemicals, are stored safely and
	that Students are instructed in how to handle them
	Teacher ensures that each Student is positioned appropriately in the classroom and can see the
	board, hear the teacher, and access needed materials and supplies
	Arrangement of Furniture and Use of Physical Resources (physical resources are used skillfully,
	and the furniture arrangement is a resource for learning activities)
	For example:
	Instructional resources are easily accessible and do not obstruct movement or view
	Teacher has designated furniture placement based on instruction
	Teacher arranges desks or tables to be free to readily monitor and assist Students
	Teacher has arranged clear traffic patterns that connect the learning areas of the room
2f: Managing School	Building and District Management Tasks (teacher is aware of building and district management
Procedures and	tasks and procedures)
Emergency Situations	For example:
 Building and 	o Completes building and district management tasks in a timely manner without late notices from
District	administration
Management Tasks	o Completed tasks are free of errors
 Crisis Situation 	Crisis Situation Preparation (teacher is aware of building and district crisis response procedures)
Preparation	For example:
	Current crisis plans are communicated to students and clearly posted in the classroom
	Follows procedures correctly in drill/practice situations
Domain 3	Observations of Teaching
Facilitating Knowledge	(examples, not expectations)
Work	
3a: Communicating	Expectations for Learning (purpose for the lesson or unit is clear , including its position within
Clearly and Accurately	broader learning)
 Expectations for 	For example:
learning	Teacher clearly defines and communicates to Students the lesson's targeted learning objective
 Directions and 	,
procedures	Directions and Procedures (directions and procedures are clear to students)
 Explanations of 	For example:

content Use of oral and written language	 As needed to ensure Students clearly understand the directions, Teacher delivers directions through multiple modalities and checks for understanding by asking clarifying questions and observing Student behavior
	Explanations of Content (explanation of content is appropriate and connects with student's knowledge and experience)
	For example: Teacher regularly clarifies content in multiple ways, using auditory, visual, and kinesthetic approaches, visual organizers, analogies, etc.
	Use of Oral and Written Language (teacher's spoken and written language is clear and correct, conforming to standard English. Vocabulary is appropriate to the students' ages and interests)
3b: Using Questioning	Quality of Questions (most of teacher's questions are of high quality, and the teacher gives
and Discussion Techniques	adequate wait time for students to respond) For example:
Quality of questions	Teacher structures questions at the level of Bloom's Taxonomy appropriate to the Students and
 Discussion techniques 	employs best-practice questioning techniques
Student participation	Discussion Techniques (teacher creates a genuine discussion among students stepping aside when appropriate)
	For example:
	 Teacher aims for questioning and discussion among Students, rather than strictly between the Teacher and Students
	Teacher uses focused-questioning protocol to keep questions deep and on-topic
	Student Participation (teacher successfully engages all students in the discussion) For example:
	Teacher regularly uses a variety of strategies (think-pair-share, thumbs up/down, journal response, exit slips, etc.) to engage all Students in critical questions during the lesson.
3c: Engaging Students	Activities and Assignments (most activities and assignments are appropriate to students, and
in the Work	almost all students are cognitively engaged in exploring content)
Activities and assignmentsGrouping of	For example: o Teacher incorporates strategies for engaging Students, such as making content relevant to Student lives, providing Students with choice and a sense of control, and capitalizing of peer
students o Instructional materials and	 interactions and the social nature of learning. Teacher make the instruction accessible by differentiating activities and assignments for most Students most of the time.
o Structure and pacing	Grouping of Students (instructional groups are productive and fully appropriate to the students or to the instructional purposes of the lesson)
	For example: Teacher flexibility uses multiple types of Student groups and methods to form them (whole-class, learning pairs, student-selected, teacher-selected, etc.)
	Teacher decides on the grouping according to the instructional purpose and Student needs
	Instructional Materials and Resources (instructional materials and resources are suitable to the instructional purposes and engage students mentally)
	For example:
	 Teacher has the suitable instructional materials necessary for the lesson available for all Students. These may include textbooks, readings, maps, charts, videos, workbooks, or access to the Internet and technology.
	Structure and Pacing (lesson has a clearly defined structure around which the activities are organized, and pacing is generally appropriate)
	For example: O Teacher keeps to an organized structure or agenda to ensure appropriate time for all facets of the lesson
	 Teacher maximizes instructional time Students are engaged in all portions of the lesson
3d: Affirming the	Assessment Criteria (students are fully aware of the criteria and performance standards by which
Performance of	their work will be evaluated)
Students Assessment criteria	For example: Teacher clearly defines and communicates to Students the assessment criteria and methods that
o Monitoring of	will be used to evaluate mastery of the lesson's targeted learning objectives

student learning • Feedback to students	Manitoring of Students Learning (teacher manitors the progress of groung of students in the
Feedback to studentsStudent self-	Monitoring of Students Learning (teacher monitors the progress of groups of students in the curriculum, making limited use of diagnostic prompts to elicit information)
assessment and	For example:
monitoring of	Teacher regularly monitors Students mastery of targeted learning objectives through the use of
progress	exit slips, formative assessments, questioning, monitoring Student work, Student responses, etc.
	Feedback to Students (teacher feedback to students is timely and of consistently high quality) For example:
	Teacher clearly communicates the information gathered through their monitoring of Student learning (see above) in a way that will help the Student become aware of areas of needed improvement and how to further their learning in that area
	Student Self-Assessment and Monitoring of Progress (students frequently assess and monitor the quality of their own work against the assessment criteria and performance standards) For example:
	 Teacher engages Students in the process of monitoring their own learning (see above) and in the development of the plan to master the targeted concept
3e: Demonstrating	Lesson Adjustment (teacher makes a minor adjustment to the lesson, and the adjustment occurs
Flexibility and	smoothly)
Responsiveness Through Monitoring	For example: Teacher continuously uses whole-class assessment techniques to monitor Student progress and
and Modifying the Work	Teacher continuously uses whole-class assessment techniques to monitor Student progress and makes adjustments to the pacing, materials or instructional techniques as needed
 Lesson adjustment Response to students 	Response to Students (teacher successfully accommodates students' questions or interests) For example:
 Persistence 	Teacher regularly elicits Student questions about the lesson topic
	Teacher incorporates Student interests and experience into the instruction
	 Teacher decides whether to answer Students questions during the lesson or at a later time depending on the appropriateness of the question
	Persistence (teacher persists in seeking approaches for students who have difficulty learning, drawing on a broad repertoire of strategies)
	For example: Teacher identifies the Students who are not mastering the targeted learning objectives and uses
	available resources to provide the necessary support to succeed
Domain 4	Observation of Teaching
Professional and	(examples, not expectations)
Leadership	
Responsibilities	
4a: Reflecting on Teaching	Accuracy (makes an accurate assessment of a lesson's effectiveness and the extent to which it achieved its instructional outcomes and can cite general references to support the judgment)
o Accuracy	For example:
O Use in future teaching	Teacher uses formative assessments, assessments of Student participation, assessment of Student behavior and engagement, accuracy of Student responses, etc.
	Use in Future Teaching (make a few specific suggestions about what to try another time when
	teaching the lesson) For example:
	Teacher modifies the instructional materials used, changes Student groupings and/or provides
	visual supports for concepts that were difficult for the Students, etc.
4b: Maintaining	Student Completion of Assignments (teacher's system for maintaining information on student
Accurate Records	completion of assignments is fully effective)
o Student completion	For example: Teacher accurately records Student's completion of required work and follows up with
of assignments Student progress in	Teacher accurately records Student's completion of required work and follows up with Students who have missing assignments
o Non-instructional records	Student Progress in Learning (teacher's system for maintaining information on student progress in learning is fully effective)
	For example:
	 Teacher keeps accurate record of Student's progress through skill checklist, accuracy on homework, formative and summative assessment results, conferencing with Students, etc.
	Non-instructional Records (teacher's system for maintaining information on non-instructional

	activities is fully effective)
	For example:
1 0	Attendance, lunch, field trip permission slips, instructional material inventory, etc.
4c: Communicating	Information about the Instructional Group (provides frequent information to families, as
with Families	appropriate, about the instructional program)
o Information about	For example:
the instructional	Teacher provides the parents with a syllabus, homework procedures, contact information,
group	weekly/monthly communication, class web-page, helpful strategies for parents, etc.
Information about	
individual students	Information about Individual Students (communicates with families about Student's progress on
Engagement of familiar in the	a regular basis , respecting cultural norms, and is available as needed to respond to family
families in the instructional	outcomes)
	For example: Teacher communicates Student's progress via phone calls, notes home, sending graded work
program	o Teacher communicates Student's progress via phone calls, notes home, sending graded work home, meeting with parents, etc.
	Engagement of Families in the Instructional Groups (efforts to engage families in the
	instructional program are frequent and successful)
	For example:
	Teacher designs learning activities that involve parents or other family members through
41.6.4.2.4	interviews, cooperation learning activities, participation in field trips, classroom activities, etc.
4d: Contributing	Relationships with Colleagues (relationships with colleagues are characterized by mutual support
Leadership to the	and cooperation)
School and District Relationships with	For example: O Teacher is a contributing member of a grade level or content area team in which they
_	Teacher is a contributing member of a grade level or content area team in which they respectfully and professionally collaborate with colleagues on Student achievement
colleagues o Involvement in a	respectionly and professionarily conaborate with coneagues on Student achievement
culture of	Involvement in a Culture of Professional Inquiry (teacher actively participates in a professional
professional inquiry	learning community)
Service to the school	For example:
and district	Teacher regularly and respectfully collaborates with colleagues, which may include special area
	Teachers, school specialists, content-area specialists, or special educators, to plan instruction
	that meets the needs of all learners. The focus of their collaboration may include creating
	common assessments, reviewing Student assessment data, identifying and sharing best
	instructional practices, etc.
	Service to the School and District (Teacher volunteers to participate in school events and district
	initiatives, making a substantial contribution)
	For example:
	o Teacher participates in school events outside of their regular classroom duties that contribute to
	the Student's learning opportunities and experience. Examples include volunteering for
	community involvement activities, supervising after school clubs or activities, mentoring new
4 6 4 3	teachers, participating on district committees, etc.
4e: Growing and	Enhancement of Content Knowledge and Pedagogical Skill (teacher seeks out opportunities for
Developing	professional development to enhance content knowledge and pedagogical skill)
Professionally Enhancement of	For example:
Enhancement of acentant knowledge	Attending professional development events, taking university classes, reading professional literature, teaching university classes, leading in district workshops, etc.
content knowledge	literature, teaching university classes, leading in-district workshops, etc.
and pedagogical	Receptivity to Feedback from Colleagues (teacher welcomes feedback from colleagues, from
skill o Receptivity to	supervisors, or through professional collaboration)
Receptivity to feedback from	For example: O Teacher is receptive to constructive feedback from peers and evaluators, and responds to
colleagues	feedback to improve teaching and learning.
Service to the	rectouck to improve teaching and rearning.
profession	Service to the Profession (teacher participates actively in assisting other educators)
protession	For example:
	Teacher shares resources, effective instructional practices and professional knowledge with
	other members of the professional learning community
4f: Showing	Integrity and Ethical Conduct (teacher displays high standards of honesty, integrity, and
Professionalism	confidentiality in interactions with colleagues, students, and the public)
o Integrity and ethical	
conduct	Service to and Advocacy for Students (teacher is active in servicing students and advocates to
Service to and	ensure that all students receive a fair opportunity to succeed)
advocacy for	For example:
,	

0	students Decision Making	O Teacher is aware of Student needs (learning and otherwise) and meets those needs or advocates for the Student by connecting them with appropriate resources
0	Compliance with school and district regulations	Decision-Making (teacher maintains an open mind and a focus on the best interest of the student when participating in team or department decision making)
		Compliance with School and District Regulations (teacher complies fully with school and district regulations)
		For example: Attendance and participation at team and building meetings, completion of required reports and paperwork, compliance with district professional dress and behavior expectations, etc.

SECTION 7: STANDARDS of TEACHING PERFORMANCE

Domain 1 – Demonstrates effective planning and preparation in designing knowledge work through:	Domain 2 – Creates a safe and orderly environment for knowledge work by:
 a. Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy b. Knowledge of students c. Selecting instructional goals d. Demonstrating Knowledge of Resources e. Demonstrating Coherent Instruction f. Assessing Student Learning Through Student Generated Producs 	 a. Creating and environment of Respect and Rapport b. Establishing a Culture for Learning by Supporting the Vision and Mission of Yorkville Schools c. Managing Classroom Procedures d. Managing Student Behavior e. Managing Physical Space f. Managing School Procedures and Emergency Situations
Domain 3 – Demonstrates effective Facilitation of knowledge work by:	Domain 4 – Demonstrates professionalism and leadership Responsibility by:
 a. Communicating Clearly and Accurately b. Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques c. Engaging Students in the Work d. Affirming the Performance of Students e. Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness Through Monitoring and Modifying the Work 	 a. Reflecting on Teaching b. Maintaining Accurate Records c. Communicating with Families d. Contributing Leadership to the School and District e. Growing and Developing Professionally f. Showing Professionalism

Under this evaluation plan, the professional teaching standards to which each teacher is expected to conform were adapted for Yorkville CUSD 115's needs from the Charlotte Danielson, Frameworks for Teaching. In addition to the teaching framework, frameworks are provided for:

Library/Media Specialist

School Counselors

Certified School Nurse

All of the frameworks are organized around levels of performance that represent an educator's growth and development throughout his/her career. The evaluation plan is focused on accountability for all aspects of the profession. Just as educators work to meet the needs of each student learner, this evaluation plan addresses the needs of each individual certified staff member.

Framework for Teaching: Levels of Performance

These levels of performance are included in this plan to support teacher self-reflection, inform and structure professional conversations between teachers and evaluators, and suggest areas for further learning. These levels contribute to a teacher's summative rating system.

UNSATISFACTORY	Documented observations reveal significant weaknesses in areas outlined in this plan and			
	require direct intervention by an administrator. Continued performance at this level would			
	have a negative impact upon the student and school environment.			
NEEDS	Documented observations reveal evidence of knowledge and skills required to practice,			
IMPROVEMENT	but performance is inconsistent, which may be due to lack of experience, expertise, and/or			
	commitment. This level is generally considered minimally competent for teachers early in			
	their careers and in need of specific support in tenure years.			
PROFICIENT	Documented observations reveal performance at a level that indicates a thorough			
	knowledge of teaching practice with some areas that indicate a need for continued			
	development, but no major identifiable weaknesses. The educator is a self-actualizing			
	individual who impacts very positively upon students and the school environment.			
EXCELLENT	Documented observations reveal performance of an exceptional quality with no major			
	identifiable weaknesses. The educator is a self-actualizing individual who impacts very			
	positively upon students and the school environment.			

SECTION 8: EVALUATION RATING SYSTEM

Operating Principles

<u>Domain:</u> Ratings in Yorkville CUSD 115 Teacher Evaluation System

- Excellent Excellent ratings in at least half of the components of the domain, with the remaining components rated no lower than *Proficient*.
- **Proficient** No more than one component rated *Needs Improvement*, with the remaining components rated at *Proficient* or higher.
- **Needs Improvement** More than one component rated *Needs Improvement*, with the remaining components rated as *Proficient* or higher.
- **Unsatisfactory** <u>Any</u> component rated as *Unsatisfactory*.

Overall: Ratings in Yorkville CUSD 115 Teacher Evaluation System

- Excellent Excellent ratings in at least two or more of the domains, with the remaining domains rated no lower than *Proficient*.
- **Proficient** No more than one domain rated *Needs Improvement*, with the remaining domains rated at *Proficient* or higher.
- **Needs Improvement** More than one domain rated *Needs Improvement*, with the remaining domains rated as *Proficient* or higher.
- Unsatisfactory <u>Any</u> domain rated *Unsatisfactory*

Non-Tenured Teacher Contract Renewal – Each non-tenured teacher will receive a final summative rating and a recommendation for renewal or non-renewal of his/her contract. It is understood that non-tenured teachers in years 1 and 2 may receive a final summative rating of Needs Improvement as they are emerging towards proficiency. After receiving mentoring and coaching supports during years 1 and 2, non-tenured teachers in years 3 and 4 are expected to maintain a final summative rating of Proficient or higher.

Tenured Teachers are expected to maintain an overall Summative Rating of Proficient or higher. If a Tenured Teacher receives an overall Summative Rating of Needs Improvement, a Professional Development Plan will be developed.

If a Tenured Teacher exhibits evidence of Unsatisfactory practice, an overall Summative Evaluation may be conducted at any time during the contractual school year. An overall Summative Rating of Unsatisfactory will result in the development of a Remediation Plan in accordance with the law.

An example of how to arrive at domain and summative ratings can be found on the following pages.

Examples of How to Arrive at a Domain and Final Summative Rating

Domain Ratings in Yorkville CUSD 115 Teacher Evaluation System

- Excellent Excellent ratings in at least half of the components of the domain, with the remaining components rated no lower than *Proficient*.
- **Proficient** No more than one component rated *Needs Improvement*, with the remaining components rated at *Proficient* or higher.
- **Needs Improvement** More than one component rated *Needs Improvement*, with the remaining components rated as *Proficient* or higher.
- **Unsatisfactory** <u>Any</u> component rated as *Unsatisfactory*.

Domain 2 for Teachers – Creating a Safe and Orderly Environment for Knowledge Work					
Component	Unsatisfactory	Needs	Proficient	Excellent	
		Improvement			
2a			X		
2b		X			
2c		X			
2d			X		
2e				X	
2f			X		
Final Domain		X			
Rating					

Overall Ratings in Yorkville CUSD 115 Teacher Evaluation System

- **Excellent** *Excellent* rating in at least two or more of the domains, with the remaining domains rated as *Proficient*.
- **Proficient** No more than one domain rated *Needs Improvement*, with the remaining domains rated at *Proficient* or higher.
- **Needs Improvement** More than one domain rated *Needs Improvement*, with the remaining domains rated as *Proficient* or higher.
- **Unsatisfactory** <u>Any</u> domain rated *Unsatisfactory*.

Final Summative Rating				
Domain	Unsatisfactory	Needs	Proficient	Excellent
		Improvement		
Domain 1			X	
Domain 2		X		
Domain 3			X	
Domain 4				X
Overall Rating			X	

SECTION 9: OVERVIEW OF THE PROFESSIONAL GROWTH PROCESS

CERTIFIED	NON-	NON-	TENURED	
STAFF	TENURED	TENURED		
PURPOSE	Promote student learnin quality of teaching Promote student learnin continuous professiona understanding of learning and collective inquiry. Develop each individual professional contributed district levels Induct new certified stand vision of Yorkville Support new certified stand vision of Yorkville formative process with expectations. Build relationships between teachers Validate the hiring/sele	ng through a commitment to I learning, shared ng (professional growth) al's capacity for on to the team, building and aff into the culture, mission at CUSD 115. taffs' growth through a in clearly defined ween administrator(s) and action process ried data to inform decisions	highest quality of Promote student I commitment to commitment to collearning, shared understood learning (professional context of the context	learning through a continuous professional understanding of cional growth), and dividual's capacity for ribution to the team, crict levels kille CUSD 115 givision, and mission deacher growth through the sess that promotes and examination of the relationships among
WHO	Year 1 & 2 Non-tenured All first and second year non-tenured certified staff	Year 3 & 4 Non-tenured All third and fourth non- tenured certified staff	Tenured – Proficient & Excellent All tenured, certified staff who receive an overall rating of Proficient or Excellent (See Section 8)	Tenured – Needs Improvement All tenured, certified staff who receive an overall rating of Needs Improvement (See Section 8)
WHAT	Formative process focused on clearly defined expectations as outlined in the evaluation plan and Danielson Framework for Teaching Ongoing conversations based upon evidence gathered by both teacher and administrator (e.g. logs, teacher reflection, lesson planning, student work, formal and informal observations) Identification of teaching practice areas of celebration and concentration based upon Formative Feedback Summaries,	 Formative process focused upon a collaboratively developed Individual Growth Plan (IGP) based on the Danielson Framework for Teaching and school/district goals and priorities. Areas outside of the Growth Plan may be addressed with the educator and if necessary, a more focused plan may be developed by the evaluator for the benefit of the teacher's professional development. Ongoing conversations based on evidence gathered by both 	Formative process focused upon a collaboratively developed Individual Growth Plan based on the Danielson Framework for Teaching and school/district goals and priorities Areas outside of the Individual Growth Plan may be addressed with the educator and if necessary, a more focused plan may be developed by the administrator for the benefit of the teacher's	Formalized process focused upon improving identified areas of professional practice through a Professional Development Plan (PDP) based upon the Danielson Framework. The PDP is to be created within 30 days after the completion of the evaluation resulting in the overall "Needs Improvement" rating The PDP is developed by the evaluator in consultation with the teacher and takes into account the tenured teacher's on-

SUMMATIVE EVALUATION	formative conversations, and Summative Evaluation. • District provides Thoughtful Classroom instruction to continue the development of classroom skills.	teacher and evaluator. Data collection and reflection process done in collaboration with the evaluator. Evidence of growth in professional contributions at team, building and/or district level. Identification of student growth focus for the following year based on the Danielson Framework for teaching Tenure is determined.	professional improvement Ongoing conversations based on evidence gathered by both teacher and administrator Teacher driven progress monitoring data collection and reflection in collaboration with the administrator Evidence of growth in professional contributions and team, building and/or district level Identification of growth focus for the following year based on the Danielson Framework for Teaching Individual Goal Plan may be developed in collaboration with other tenured certified staff	going professional responsibilities including his/her regular teaching assignments PDP includes evidence of progress/achieve ment of goal & supports that the district will provide to address the performance areas identified as needing improvement PDP will run for one year with summative evaluation before 45 days end of school year. Proficient or Excellent Summative Rating return to evaluation schedule and Individual Growth Plan. Needs Improvement or Unsatisfactory Rating move to Remediation Plan.
EVALUATION				

EVALUAT	TION TIMELINE FOR TENURED – NEE	EDS IMPROVEMENT
TIME OF YEAR	PROCESS	FORMS
Within 30 school days or before the end of the school year of a Teacher receiving an Overall Rating of Needs Improvement	 Review Framework for Teaching PGP Rubric to confirm Areas of Strengths and Areas of Needed Improvement Evaluator in collaboration with the Teacher create the Professional Development Plan (PDP) Review the District Examples for Teaching Practices as appropriate and discuss District Supports 	 Staff Summative Evaluation Form Professional Development Plan Form District identified supports
By September 1 st of school year	Confirm Implementation of Professional Development Plan with Teacher, Evaluator, and any Certified Staff who will provide support for the plan; Adjust Professional Development Plan as needed	 Staff Summative Evaluation with Domains 1-4 – Form Professional Development Plan -
By Winter Break of the school year	One or more Informal Observations and reflective conversations One or more Formal Observations	 PGP Pre-Observation – Form B PGP Observation - Form C PGP Post-Observation – Form D Summary of Post Observation Conference – Form E
By end of January	PDP Progress meeting to confirm Areas of Strengths and Needed Improvement on the Framework for Teaching PGP Rubric; Identify additional support if needed and preview remainder of school year	
After Winter Break of School Year	One or more Informal Observations and reflective conversations, as needed (optional) One or more Formal Observations, as needed (optional)	 PGP Pre-Observation – Form B PGP Observation – Form C PGP Post-Observation – Form D Summary of Post Observation Conference – Form E
45 days before the end of the school year	Summative Evaluation Conference Tenured Certified Next Steps: Overall Rating of Proficient or Excellent – Individual Growth plan by October 15 of next year Overall Rating of Needs Improvement – Remediation Plan Overall Rating of Unsatisfactory – Remediation Plan	Staff Summative Evaluation – Form

Unsatisfactory Tenured PGP Process Chart

EVALUATION TIMELINE FOR TENURED – UNSATISFACTORY				
	DEVELOPMENT OF REMEDIATO	N PLAN		
	In accordance with Chapter 105ILCS 5/2			
TIME OF YEAR	PROCESS	FORMS		
Within 30 calendar days of Teacher receiving an Overall Rating of Unsatisfactory	 Review of Teacher's Framework for Teaching Formative/Summative Evaluation Form to confirm the Area of Unsatisfactory Practice Develop Remediation Plan with Teacher to address deficiencies cited, provided that the deficiencies are remediable Assign a Consulting Teacher to support Remediation Plan 	 Staff Summative Evaluation - Form I Remediation Plan Districts supports identified 		
At beginning of the 90 day Remediation Plan	Confirm implementation of Remediation Plan between Teacher, Evaluator, and Consulting Teacher	 Staff Summative Evaluation Form I Remediation Plan 		
By the midpoint of the Remediation Plan, and throughout the remainder of the Remediation Period	 One (1) or more Informal Observations Formal Observations (at the discretion of the administrator) 	 PGP Pre-Observation – Form B PGP Observation – Form C PGP Post-Observation - Form D Summary of Post Observation Conference – Form E 		
At the midpoint of the Remediation Plan	Summative Evaluation is conducted and reviewed with the Teacher	Staff Summative Evaluation - Form J		
After the midpoint of the Remediation Plan	 One or more Informal Observations and reflective conversations One or more Formal Observations 	 PGP Pre-Observation – Form B PGP Observation – Form C PGP Post-Observation – Form D Summary of Post Observation Conference – Form E 		
At the conclusion of the Remediation Plan period	Summative Evaluation Conference Tenured Certified Next Steps Overall Rating of Proficient or Excellent – Individual Growth Plan through reinstatement to the district's evaluation schedule Overall Rating of Needs Improvement or Unsatisfactory – Recommendation for Dismissal (Section 24-12).	Staff Summative Evaluation - Form I		

Note: a Remediation Plan must be created in accordance with the requirements of the Illinois School Code. Should any provision of this document contradict statutory requirements, the statute will be followed. In that event, the remaining provision of this document that continue to be consistent with law will remain in full force and effect.

Evaluation Process Timeline and Forms

Staff (S) and Administrators (A)

	4 Weeks After 1st Day of School	Before Winter Break	February 1	Ma	rch 1
Tenure Summative (On Cycle)	Review the District Expectations and Evaluation Process Forms • Self-Assessment of Practice (S)	One or more (as needed) Informal Observations and reflective conversations between Sept. – March At least one Formal Observation • Pre-Observation (S) • Formal Observation (A) • Post Observation-Form (Reflection) (S) • Summary of Post Observation Conference (A)		Forms • Staff Summative Self-Reflection	Forms • Staff Summative Evaluation and Narrative-Form
Tenure Non-Summative (Off Cycle)	Review the District Expectations and Professional Growth Process Forms Self-Assessment of Practice (S) Individual Growth Plan Goal and Action Plan (S)			March 15 Goal Progress Form	Before the end of the year (May 31) discuss progress of goal with administrator Goal Progress
Non-Tenure (All Years)	Review the District Expectations and Professional Growth Process Forms Self-Assessment of Practice (S)	One or more Informal Observations and reflective conversations between September-February At least one Formal Observation Forms • Pre-Observation (S) • Formal Observation (A) • Post Observation (Reflection) (S) • Summary of Post Observation Conference (A)	One or more Informal Observations and reflective conversations between September-February At least one Formal Observation Forms • Pre-Observation (S) • Formal Observation (A) • Post Observation (Reflection) (S) • Summary of Post Observation Conference (A)	Forms • Staff Summative Self-Reflection (S)	Forms • Staff Summative Evaluation and Narrative

PROFESSIONAL GROWTH PROCESS

FORMS

Domain 1 Designing Knowledge Work

Component	Unsatisfactory	Needs Improvement	Proficient	Excellent
Component 1a	Makes content errors or fails to correct student	Teacher displays a simple understanding of	Teacher demonstrates solid understanding of	Teacher demonstrates an extensive knowledge
Demonstrating	errors; teacher displays little understanding of	content and content-related teaching practices.	the content concepts, prerequisite	of content and content-related practices,
Knowledge of Content	the content or the structure of the discipline,	Knowledge does not extend to its concepts,	relationships, and connection to the other	showing evidence of a continued search for
and Pedagogy	or of content-related teaching practices.	prerequisites relationships, connections with	disciplines but does not extend to possible	improved practice. Teacher actively builds on
		other disciplines, or to possible student	student misconceptions. Instructional	concepts, knowledge of prerequisites, and
		misconceptions	practices reflect current content-related	misconceptions when planning instruction or
			knowledge.	seeking causes for student misunderstanding.
Component 1b	Teacher makes little or no attempt to acquire	Teacher demonstrates a partial knowledge of	Teacher demonstrates an extensive knowledge	Teacher demonstrates a thorough knowledge
Demonstrating	knowledge of students' backgrounds, skills, or	students' backgrounds, skills, and interests and	of students' backgrounds, skills, and interests,	of all aspects of students' backgrounds , skills,
Knowledge of Students	interests. No such information is used for	attempts to use this knowledge in planning for	and uses this knowledge to plan for groups of	and interests, and uses this knowledge to plan
	planning.	the class as a whole.	students.	for individual student learning.
Component 1c	Teacher's instructional goals focus on	Teacher's instructional goals focus on	Teacher's instructional goals focus on	Teacher's instructional goals reflect high-level
Selecting Instructional	insignificant learning rather than content from	significant content from the curriculum	significant content from the curriculum	learning related to the content of the
Goals	curriculum framework, are unsuitable for	framework, but are unsuitable for some	framework that is suitable for most students in	curriculum frameworks; they are adapted,
	students, or are stated only as activities. Goals	students in the class; they include instructional	the class; they reflect opportunities for	where necessary, to the needs of individual
	permit only a cursory means of assessment.	activities, some of which permit an authentic	integration and permit varied and authentic	students, and permit varied authentic methods
		means of assessment. They reflect more than	methods of assessment.	of assessment.
		one type of learning, but educator makes no		
		attempt at coordination or integration.		
Component 1d	Teacher is unaware of and/or doesn't use	Teacher demonstrates an adequate knowledge	Teacher is fully aware of and uses technologies	Teacher actively seeks out and uses
Demonstrating	technologies and other resources either for	and use of technologies and other resources	and other resources available for teaching and	technologies and other resources for teaching
Knowledge of	teaching or for students who need them or the	available either or for students who need	knows how to gain access to the resources for	from professional organizations and the
Resources	resources utilized are unsuitable for students	them. Resources used are aligned with the	most students who need them. Resources	community that represent high level learning
	and are not aligned with the district curriculum	district curriculum and Illinois State Learning	used are aligned with the district curriculum	suitable for all students and are aligned with
	and Illinois Learning Standards.	Standards.	and Illinois State Learning Standards.	district curriculum and Illinois State Learning
				Standards; resources for students in need are
				accessed in the school and larger community.
Component 1e	The various elements of the teacher's	The various elements of the teacher's	A majority of the elements of the teacher's	All elements of the teacher's instructional
Designing Coherent	instructional design do not support the stated	instructional design support the stated	instructional design support the stated	design support the stated instructional goals
Instruction	instructional goals or engage students in	instructional goals or engage students in	instructional goals and engages groups of	and are differentiated when appropriate to
	meaningful, relevant work; teacher's	meaningful work to a limited extent; teacher's	students in meaningful, relevant work;	make them suitable to all students and to
	instructional plan has no defined structure.	instructional plan has a clearly defined	teacher's instructional plan has a clearly	engage them in meaningful work; teacher's
	They are suitable for only some students.	structure and sequence and demonstrates	defined structure and sequence.	instructional plan is highly coherent, showing
0	Total of a second language	partial knowledge of students and resources.	Total of a consequent of the state of the state of	clear structure and sequence.
Component 1f	Teacher's approach to assessing student	Teacher's assessment plan is partially aligned	Teacher's assessment plan is aligned with the	Teacher's assessment plan is fully aligned with
Assessing Student	learning lacks congruence with the	with the instructional goals and includes	instructional goals and the criteria and	the instructional goals; criteria and standards
Learning Through Student-Generated	instructional goals and contains no clear criteria or standards for student products;	criteria and standards for student products that are not entirely clear or understood by the	standards for student products have been clearly communicated and are understood by	for products have been developed with student input and clearly communicated; students
Products	•			-
FIOUUCIS	assessment results are not used to design future student work.	students; assessment results are used to design future work for the class as a whole.	students; assessment results are used to design future work for groups of students and	monitor own progress in achieving goals; assessment results are used to design future
	Tatale Student Work.	Tatale Work for the class as a Wildle.	individuals.	work for individuals. Educator monitors
			individuals.	progress in achieving the goals.
				progress in achieving the godis.

Domain 2 Creating Safe and Orderly Environment

Component	Unsatisfactory	Needs Improvement	Proficient	Excellent
Component 2a Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport	Interactions in teacher's classroom, both teacher/student and among students, are negative and inappropriate, characterized by sarcasm, insults, and conflict.	Interactions in teacher's classroom are generally appropriate and free from conflict but may be characterized by occasional displays of insensitivity or lack of responsiveness to cultural or development differences among students. Students do not demonstrate negative behavior toward others.	Interactions in teacher's classroom reflect general warmth and caring and are respectful of the cultural and developmental differences among groups of students. Students exhibit respect toward educator and each other.	Interactions in teacher's classroom are highly respectful, reflecting genuine warmth and caring towards individuals and sensitivity to students' cultures and levels of development. Students themselves ensure maintenance of high levels of civility among members of the class.
Component 2b Establishing a Culture for Learning by Supporting the Vision and Mission of Yorkville CUSD 115	The classroom reflects an unsuitable culture for learning, characterized by low teacher commitment to the content, low expectations for student achievement, and little student persistence and satisfaction in the work.	Classroom environment reflects an unpredictable culture for learning, characterized by little teacher commitment to the content, modest or inconsistent expectations for student achievement, and inconsistent student persistence and satisfaction in the work. Teacher and students are performing at a minimal level.	Classroom environment reflects a positive culture for learning with commitment to the content evident by both teacher and students, high expectations for student achievement, and student persistence and pride in the work.	Classroom environment reflects a genuine culture for learning. Students assume much of the responsibility for the culture by persisting and taking pride in their work, initiating improvements to their products, and holding their work to the highest standard.
Component 2c Managing Classroom Procedures	Classroom routines and procedures are nonexistent or inefficient, resulting in the loss of much instructional time.	Classroom routines and procedures have been established by the teacher but function unevenly or inconsistently, with some loss of instructional time. Safe procedures are followed.	Classroom routines and procedures have been established by the teacher and function smoothly with little loss of instructional time.	Classroom routines and procedures have been established with student input and are seamless in their operation, with students assuming considerable responsibility for their implementation.
Component 2d Managing Student Behavior	Student behavior in the classroom is consistently poor; teacher has established no clear expectations; no monitoring of student behavior is evident, and responses to student misbehavior are inappropriate	Student behavior in the classroom is inconsistent. Teacher makes an effort to establish standards of conduct for students, to monitor student behavior and to appropriately respond to student misbehavior.	Student behavior in the classroom is consistently correct. Teacher is aware of student behavior, has established clear standards of conduct and responds to student misbehavior in ways that are appropriate and respectful to the student.	Student behavior in the classroom is entirely appropriate with evidence of student participation in setting expectations and monitoring of behavior. Teacher monitoring is subtle and preventive; responses to student misbehavior are sensitive to individual student needs.
Component 2e Managing Physical Space	Teacher makes poor use of the environment, resulting in unsafe or inaccessible conditions for some students or a serious mismatch between the physical arrangement and the learning activities.	Teacher's classroom is safe and essential learning is accessible to all students; physical arrangement partially supports the learning activities. Teacher may attempt to modify the physical arrangement to suit learning activities, with partial success.	Teacher's classroom is safe and learning activities are accessible to all students; physical arrangement and other resources are deliberately chosen to support the learning activities. Teacher makes effective use of physical resources.	Teacher's classroom is safe; physical resources are deliberately organized to support the learning activities, including those with special needs. Students take ownership in ensuring the physical environment supports the learning of all students.
Component 2f Managing School Procedures and Emergency Situations	Teacher ignores established school procedures; does not follow established procedures in emergency situations and compromises student safety; is not knowledgeable of or does not comply with applicable safety regulations.	Teacher follows established school procedures; generally follows established procedures in emergency situations and does not compromise student safety; has limited knowledge of or has minimum compliance with applicable safety regulations.	Teacher anticipates unsafe circumstances, makes suggestions to address safety concerns; follows established procedures in emergency situations.	Teacher anticipates unsafe circumstances, makes suggestions and/or initiates actions with administrator's approval to address safety concerns; follows established procedures in emergency situations.

Domain 3 Facilitating Knowledge Work

Component	Unsatisfactory	Needs Improvement	Proficient	Excellent
Component 3a	Teacher's oral and written communication	Teacher's oral and written communication is	Teacher's oral and written communication is	Teacher's oral and written communication is
Communicate Clearly	contains errors or is unclear and inappropriate	correct but is not completely appropriate to	consistently clear and appropriate to students	clear and expressive, includes learning
and Accurately	to students; does not include learning	students or is unclear regarding learning	and includes learning objectives.	objectives, and indicates the anticipation of
	objectives.	objectives, requiring further explanations to		possible student misconceptions.
		avoid confusion.		
Component 3b	Teacher makes poor use of questioning and	Teacher makes uneven use of questioning and	Teacher's use of questioning and discussion	Teacher's students formulate many high-level
Using Questioning and	discussion techniques, consistently using low	discussion techniques, including some high-	techniques reflect high-level questions, varied	questions and assume responsibility for
Discussion Techniques	level questions, little discussion, and limited	level questions, attempts to solicit varied	ideas, and full participation by all students.	participation of all students in discussions.
	student participation.	ideas during discussion and moderate student		
		participation.		
Component 3c	Students are not intellectually engaged in	Students are partially intellectually engaged	Students are intellectually engaged throughout	Students are highly engaged throughout the
Engaging Students in	significant learning as a result of inappropriate	as a result of activities or materials of uneven	the learning as a result of appropriate activities	learning and make material contributions to
the Work	activities or materials, lack of recognition of	quality, lack of recognition of students'	and materials, appropriate recognition of	the representation of content, the activities,
	students' individual needs (culture,	individual needs (culture, visual/auditory	students' individual needs (culture,	and the materials; the lesson is adapted as
	visual/auditory impairment, etc.) and levels of	impairment, etc.) and levels of understanding,	visual/auditory impairment, etc.) and levels of	needed to the needs of individuals (RtI
	understanding, poor representation of content,	inconsistent representation of content, or	understanding, instructive representations of	processes are in place), and the structure and
	or lack of structure or pacing.	uneven structure or pacing.	content, and suitable structure and pacing.	pacing of learning allow for student reflection
				and closure.
Component 3d	Teacher's feedback to students is meaningless,	Teacher's feedback to students is inconsistent	Teacher's feedback to students is meaningful,	Teacher's feedback to students is meaningful,
Affirming the	infrequent, of poor quality, and not received in	in its meaningfulness, frequency and quality	frequent, and timely; feedback produces	frequent, timely and of consistently high
Performance of	a timely manner; feedback does not foster	and timeliness; feedback that produces	student persistence with the work.	quality; students are encouraged to seek
Students	student persistence with the work.	student persistence with the work is		feedback from peers and other adults.
		inconsistent.		
Component 3e	Teacher adheres to the instructional plan in	Teacher demonstrates limited flexibility and	Teacher makes appropriate adjustments to	Teacher is highly responsive and makes major
Demonstrating	spite of evidence of poor student	responsiveness to students' needs and	instructional plans and responds to students'	adjustments in instructional plans as a result
Flexibility and	understanding or students' interests and	interests during the learning; teacher assumes	interest and questions during the learning;	of students' interests and questions during
Responsiveness	questions; teacher assumes no responsibility	some responsibility for student success but	teacher actively seeks ways to ensure	the learning; teacher persists in ensuring the
Through Monitoring	for student's failure to understand.	does not actively seek ways to ensure	successful learning for all students.	success of all students.
and Modifying the		successful learning for all students.		
Work				

Domain 4 Professional and Leadership Responsibilities

Component	Unsatisfactory	Needs Improvement	Proficient	Excellent
Component 4a	Teacher reflection on instruction, student work,	Teacher's reflection on instruction, student	Teacher reflection on instruction, student work,	Teacher reflection on instruction, student
Reflecting on Teaching	and products is absent or inaccurate; teacher	work and products is generally accurate; yet	and products is accurate; teacher can cite	work, and products is highly accurate and
	cannot propose ideas for improvement	makes few suggestions for improvement.	general characteristics and make specific	perceptive; teacher can cite specific examples
		Teacher can make global suggestions for	suggestions for improvement or alternative	and draw on an extensive repertoire to
		improvement.	strategies.	suggest alternative strategies.
Component 4b	Teacher has no system for maintaining accurate	Teacher maintains and/or submits	Teacher has an effective and efficient system	Teacher has an effective and efficient system
Maintaining Accurate	records or the system is in disarray, resulting in	records/reports in a timely manner; yet	for maintaining accurate records which uses	for maintaining accurate records which
Records	errors and confusion. Teacher does not	teacher has a rudimentary and only partially	the available technologies.	maximizes the use of available technologies;
	prepare and/or submit records/reports in a	effective system. Records are accurate.		students contribute to its maintenance.
	timely manner.			
Component 4c	Teacher provides little or no information to	Teacher complies with school procedure for	Teacher communicates frequently with families	Teacher communicates frequently and
Communicating with	families and/or makes few or inappropriate	communicating with families and makes an	and actively seeks ways to engage them in the	sensitively with families and successfully
Families	attempts to engage them in the instructional	effort to engage them in the instructional	instructional program; varied communication	engages them in the instructional program;
	program. Teacher is not available to students	program; limited or at times ineffective	techniques that include the available	wide ranges of communication techniques
	and parents at reasonable times.	communication techniques are employed.	technologies are employed.	that include the available technologies are
		Educator is available to students and parents		employed; students participate in
		at reasonable times.		communicating with families.
				Parent/community concerns are handled
				sensitively and effectively.
Component 4d	Teacher's relationships with colleagues are	Teacher's relationships with colleagues are	Teacher actively cultivates relationships with	Teacher demonstrates leadership and
Contributing	negative or self-serving; teacher avoids being	cordial; teacher participates and assumes	colleagues that are collaborative and	articulates how his/her actions make a
Leadership to the	involved in school and district events or	responsibility in school and district projects	productive; teacher actively initiates	substantial contribution to school and district
School and District	projects; actively works against school district	when specifically asked but sees no	participation in school and district activities,	projects; teacher uses influence with others to
	initiatives.	connection between his/her efforts and the	events and projects that contribute to a	promote collegiality and a positive culture for
		outcome.	positive culture for learning and sees efforts in	learning. Actively supports and implements
			relation to a positive outcome.	the school/district improvement plans.
Component 4e	Teacher does not participate in professional	Teacher participates in professional	Teacher actively participates in professional	Teacher actively pursues professional
Growing and	development activities even when activities are	development activities when participation is	development activities, seeking out	development and uses the gained knowledge
Developing	clearly needed for the improvement of	convenient, required or needed for re-	opportunities to enhance knowledge and skills;	and skill to make a substantial contribution to
Professionally	teaching. No evidence is apparent of	licensure. Little application of new learning is	application of new skills use in the classroom	the profession through such activities as
	application of new learning.	evident in practice.	are apparent.	conducting action research, mentoring new
				teachers, and assuming training roles.
Component 4f	Teacher's sense of professionalism is low;	Teacher attempts to serve students based on	Teacher participates with colleagues in a	Teacher assumes a leadership role in ensuring
Showing	teacher contributes to practices that are self-	the best information; attempts are genuine	genuine effort to ensure that all students are	that school practices and procedures assure
Professionalism	serving or harmful to students. Teacher	but inconsistent. Teacher complies minimally	well served by the school. Teacher complies	that all students, particularly those
Including but not	consistently fails to comply with Board policies	with Board policies and district procedures	with Board policies and district procedures and	traditionally underserved, are honored in the
limited to the areas of	and district procedures and timelines.	and timelines.	timelines.	school. Models high standards of attendance
Attendance				and punctuality, advocating for students, and
				meets all professional responsibilities.
				Teacher complies fully with Board policies and
				District procedures and timelines.

PRE-OBSERVATION FORM

Name:	Click here to enter text.	Sch	ool Year:	Click here to enter text.	
School:	Click here to enter text.	Subject:	Click here	to enter text.	
Evaluator:	Click here to enter text	Grade:	Click here	to enter text	

Conversation	Conversation Components		Observable Components			
Domain 1	Domain 4	Domain 2	Domain 3			
Lesson design	Professional Responsibilities	Classroom Environment	Facilitating Knowledge Work			
1a. Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy 1b. Demonstrating Knowledge of Students 1c. Selecting Instructional Goals 1d. Demonstrating Knowledge of Resources 1e. Designing Coherent Instruction	 4a. Reflecting on Teaching 4b. Maintaining Accurate Records 4c. Communicating with Families 4d. Contributing Leadership to the District 4e. Growing and Developing Professionally 4f. Showing Professionalism 	 2a. Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport 2b. Establishing a Culture of Learning by Supporting the Vision and Mission of Yorkville CUSD 115 2c. Managing Classroom Procedures 2d. Managing Student Behavior 	3a. Communicate Clearly and Accurately 3b. Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques 3c. Engaging Students in the Work 3d. Affirming the Performance of the Students 3e. Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness Through			
1f. Assessing Student Learning		Managing Physical Space Managing School Procedures and Emergency Situations	Monitoring and Modifying the Work			

Self-Assessment

Following completion of your Self-Assessment, discussed your **performance** in each of the four domains. **Questions for the Teacher to complete/discuss:**

- 1. Briefly describe the **techniques** you use to become knowledgeable about your students. (1b) Click here to enter text.
- 2. Briefly describe the **students** in your class including the cultural composition, ethnic background, and/or heritage, those with special needs, and/or those with limited English proficiency. (1b) Click here to enter text.
- 3. Briefly describe the **background knowledge and skills** of your students. (1b) Click here to enter text.
- 4. Discuss your **goals** for the lesson. What do you expect the students to learn? (1a & 1c) Click here to enter text.
- 5. The learning environment is key to helping students be successful learners. State the classroom rules, procedures, and expectations for student behavior in your classroom. (Optional evidence could include classroom rules chart, parent letter, class schedule(s), substitute teacher file, etc.) How have you changed your organizational procedures/arrangement based on previous feedback? (2a, 2c, 2d, 2e) Click here to enter text.
- How have you differentiated and adjusted your teaching through questions, discussion, and activities?
 (3b, 3c, 3e)
 Click here to enter text.

OBSERVATION FORM

Teacher:	Grade Level/Subject:
Observer:	Date/Time:
Formal Informa	al

	Conversation	Components		Observable	Con	ponents
	Domain 1	Domain 4		Domain 2		Domain 3
	Lesson design	Professional Responsibilities		Classroom Environment		Facilitating Knowledge Work
1a.	Demonstrating Knowledge	4a. Reflecting on Teaching	2a.	Creating an Environment of	3a.	Communicate Clearly and
	of Content and Pedagogy	4b. Maintaining Accurate		Respect and Rapport		Accurately
1b.	Demonstrating Knowledge	Records	2b.	Establishing a Culture of	3b.	Using Questioning and
	of Students	4c. Communicating with		Learning by Supporting the		Discussion Techniques
1c.	Selecting Instructional	Families		Vision and Mission of	3c.	Engaging Students in the Work
	Goals	4d. Contributing Leadership		Yorkville CUSD 115	3d.	Affirming the Performance of
1d.	Demonstrating Knowledge	to the District	2c.	Managing Classroom		the Students
	of Resources	4e. Growing and Developing		Procedures	3e.	Demonstrating Flexibility and
1e.	Designing Coherent	Professionally	2d.	Managing Student Behavior		Responsiveness Through
	Instruction	4f. Showing Professionalism	2e.	Managing Physical Space		Monitoring and Modifying the
1f.	Assessing Student		2f.	Managing School Procedures		Work
	Learning			and Emergency Situations		

Time	Actions & Statements/Questions by Teacher and Students	Component

POST OBSERVATION FORM (Teacher Reflection)

Name:	Click here to enter text.	Date/Time:	Click here to enter text.
School:	Click here to enter text.		

1. In general, how successful was the lesson? Did the students learn what you intended for them to learn? How do you know?

Click here to enter text.

a. Describe the key components of your lesson that helped or hindered your students' overall engagement (e.g., communication, discussion, questions, student grouping, materials/resources, pacing, instructional flexibility, etc. (3a,3b, 3c)

Click here to enter text.

b. What evidence do you have that the student learning goals were met? (3d)

Click here to enter text.

2. Comment on your classroom procedures, student engagement, and your use of physical space. To what extent did these contribute to student learning?

Click here to enter text.

3. Comment on different aspects of your instructional delivery (e.g., activities, grouping of students, materials and resources). To what extent were they effective?

Click here to enter text.

4. If you had an opportunity to teach this lesson again to the same group of students, what would you do differently?

Click here to enter text.

5. What did you learn from this lesson that will help your teaching in the future? What do you hope to be able to share with your colleagues after this teaching lesson?

Click here to enter text.

SUMMARY OF POST OBSERVATION FORM

Teacher:	Click here to enter text.	<u> </u>
Date:	Click here to enter text.	_
Reflection	of lesson: (Strengths, Areas of Gro	owth):
Click here to	enter text.	
Next Steps		
Click here to		
Teacher: _	Da	nte:
Evaluator	: Da	nte:

SELF REFLECTION OF PRATICE

Carefully reflect on your teaching performance in all four domains. Complete the Self-Assessment referencing the domain component. Prepare to discuss your strengths and areas for growth in all domains during the Initial Summative Conference with your evaluator .

Notes for discussion of performance:

Domain 1 Designing Knowledge Work	
1a. Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy	
1b. Demonstrating Knowledge of Students	
1c. Selecting Instructional Goals	
1d. Demonstrating Knowledge of Resources	
1e. Demonstrating Coherent Instruction	
1f. Assessing Student Learning Through Student Generated Pr	oducts
Strengths	Areas for Growth
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.

Domain 2 Creating a Safe and Orderly Environment for Knowledge Work

- 2a. Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport
- 2b. Establishing a Culture for Learning by Supporting the Vision and Mission of Yorkville Schools.
- 2c. Managing Classroom Procedures
- 2d. Managing Student Behavior
- 2e. Managing Physical Space
- 2f. Managing School Procedures and Emergency Situations

Strengths	Areas for Growth
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.

SELF REFLECTION OF PRATICE

Domain 3 **Facilitating Knowledge Work** 3a. Communicating Clearly and Accurately 3b. Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques 3c. Engaging Students in the Work 3d. Affirming the Performance of Students 3e. Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness Through Monitoring and Modifying the Work Strengths **Areas for Growth** Click here to enter text. Click here to enter text. Domain 4 **Professional and Leadership Responsibilities** 4a. Reflecting on Teaching 4b. Maintaining Accurate Records 4c. Communicating with Families 4d. Contributing Leadership to the School and District 4e. Growing and Developing Professionally 4f. Showing Professionalism **Areas for Growth Strengths** Click here to enter text. Click here to enter text.

INDIVIDUAL GROWTH PLAN GOAL FORM

Directions: Use Form F, Self-Assessment of Practice to determine and develop an Individual Growth Plan Goal.

	Individual Growth Plan Goal Criteria				
S	Specific Standards Based	• Is the goal clearly focused on what is to be accomplished?			
	-	Why is this important?			
		 Is it based on the Framework for Teaching? 			
M	Measurable	 Can this goal be measured? 			
		Will I be able to collect evidence of achievement?			
		 Is this goal based upon multiple sources of data? 			
Α	Aligned	 Is this goal aligned to district and school improvement goals? 			
	and	 Will resources be available to achieve this goal? 			
R	Relevant	 How will this goal enhance teaching /professional practice? 			
		 How will this goal enhance learning opportunities for students? 			
Т	Time Bound	• Can this goal be attained within the required timeframe?			

- When: Provide time frame for goal process.
- Who: List the students or staff that will be involved in the goal.
- What: List specific area of teaching/student learning that needs to be improved.
- Data Source: List data tool(s) that will measure progress of goal. Data tools include rubrics, check sheets, tests, etc.

Example: Focus on Component 2c – Managing Classroom Procedure and 3c – Engaging Students in Learning:

During 2012-2013 school year **(WHEN)**, the 6th Grade Team **(WHO)** will increase instructional learning time and student engagement at the beginning of class through 1) improved student transitions between core classes and 2) "high interest" Core Content bell work **(WHAT)**, as measured by number of 25 or less tardy yellow slips and 90% student bell work completion **(DATA SOURCE)**.

INDIVIDUAL GROWTH PLAN FORM – Action Plan

Name: Click here to enter text. Position: Click here to enter text. School Click here to enter Year: text.				
Growth Goal: Click here	to enter text.			
The Goal addresses which D	•			
Which School and/or District Click here to enter to	ct Improvement Goal(s) are a	addressed by this Goal:		
Activities and/or Steps to be Taken	Persons/Resources Needed	Documentation	Timeline and Deadlines	
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.	
Feedback/Revision: Click here to enter text.				
I have reviewed the above I				
Teacher's Signature	Teacher's Signature: Date:			
Evaluator:		Date:		
*If Tenured, mark if this is a If yes, list colleague(s):Click	Collaboration Plan: Yes [here to enter text.	□ No		

Name:	Click here to enter text.		School Year:	Click here to ent	er text.		
School:	Click here to enter text.	,	Subject: Click here t	o enter text.			
Evaluator:	Click here to enter text.		Grade: Click here t	o enter text.			
EMPLOYER	E STATUS						
☐ 1 ST year No	\square 1 ST year Non-Tenure \square 2 nd Year Non-Tenure \square 3 rd Year Non-Tenure \square 4 th Year Non-Tenure \square Tenure						
Observation d	ates included in the basis of this	s summative evaluation	on:				
Formal Observ	ation Dates: Click here to	enter text.					
Informal Obser	rvation Dates: Click here to	enter text.					
			,				
		Unsatisfactory	Needs Improvement	Proficient	Excellent		
Domain 1 Designing Kn	nowledge Work						
Domain 2 Creating Safe	and Orderly Environment						
Domain 3 Facilitating K	nowledge Work						
Domain 4 Professional a Responsibiliti	and Leadership						
	Overall Rating:	Unsatisfactory	Needs Improvement	Proficient	 Excellent		
We have conducted a conversation on the rubrics. The teacher has the right to attach written comments within (10) school days of completion of this form for inclusion in their personnel file maintained in the Human Resource Department. Teacher Signature: Date:							
	Signature indicates only that the teacher has read and understands the evaluation.						
Administrator	· Signature:			Date:			

Designing Knowledge Work

	Unsatisfactory	Needs Improvement	Proficient	Excellent
1a. Demonstrating knowledge of content and pedagogy				
1b. Demonstrating knowledge of students				
1c. Selecting Instructional Goals				
1d. Demonstrating knowledge of resources				
1e. Designing coherent instruction				
1f. Assessing Student Learning through Student- Generated Products				
Domain Rating				
Opportunities for Growth Domain 1: Click here to enter text. Opportunities for Growth Domain 1: Click here to enter text.				

Creating a Safe and Orderly Environment for Knowledge Work

	Unsatisfactory	Needs Improvement	Proficient	Excellent	
2a. Creating an environment of respect and rapport					
2b. Establishing a Culture for Learning by Supporting the Vision and Mission of Yorkville CUSD 115					
2c. Managing Classroom Procedures					
2d. Managing Student Behavior					
2e. Managing Physical Space					
2f. Managing School Procedures and Emergency Situations					
Domain Rating					

Facilitating Knowledge Work

	Unsatisfactory	Needs Improvement	Proficient	Excellent	
3a. Communicate Clearly and Accurately					
3b. Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques					
3c. Engaging Students in the Work					
3d. Affirming the Performance of Students					
3e. Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness Through Monitoring and Modifying the Work					
Domain Rating					
Strengths for Domain 3: Click here to enter text.					
Opportunities for Growth Domain 3: Click here to enter text.					

Professional and Leadership Responsibilities

	Unsatisfactory	Needs Improvement	Proficient	Excellent
4a. Reflecting on Teaching				
4b. Maintaining Accurate Records				
4c. Communicating with Families				
4d. Contributing Leadership to the School and District				
4e. Growing and Developing Professionally				
4f. Showing Professionalism Including but not limited to the area of attendance				
Domain Rating				
Strengths for Domain 4: Click here to enter text. Opportunities for Growth Domain 4:				
Click here to enter text.				

STAFF SUMMATIVE SELF-REFLECTION FORM

One of the most powerful activities for professional learning is self-assessment and reflection on professional practice. Based upon feedback and data from administration, professional peers, and your own needs and interests, reflect on the strengths and areas for growth within your professional practices:

Domain 1

Strengths	Growth Opportunities
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Next Steps:	
Click here to enter text.	

Domain 2		
Strengths	Growth Opportunities	
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.	
Next Steps:		
Click here to enter text.		

STAFF SUMMATIVE SELF-REFLECTION FORM

Domain 3

Strengths	Growth Opportunities
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.
Next Steps: Click here to enter text.	

Domain 4

Domain 4			
Strengths	Growth Opportunities		
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.		
Next Steps: Click here to enter text.			

GOAL PROGRESS FORM

Name:	Date:		
Stateme	ent of Goal:		
Staff me	ember reflects on and completes the following questions:		
1.	Summarize the progress that you have made towards your goal.		
2.	What new knowledge did you gain from this process?		
3.	How did you apply your new knowledge?		
4.	What was the effect on student learning?		
5.	What are your next steps?		
Adı	Administrator completes upon receipt of staff member's reflection.		
Cor	mmendations:		
Idea	as for future goals:		

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Name:		Superv	Supervisor/Evaluator:		
Date of PDP:	: Within 30 Da	ys of above rating			
Areas of Imp	provement:	Rationale for	Rationale for Area(s) of Improvement:		
Domain/Con	nponent:	Expectations	Expectations for Effective Teaching:		
			Taken from a review of the Framework for Teaching and District Indicators of effective practice.		
Specific and actions taken the areas iden needing important of the second of the secon	directed to address ntified as rovement.	Tasks to complete: Te a minimum or maxim	ks to complete: Supports and Resources: Target Date: Date of Completion:		
next school ye	ear.			i tuot untili tilo touoi	ior is evaranced in the
Domain/Com Taken and rep	peated from abo	Indicator of Progree Data/artifacts/obse Area	gress: ervation records/other sources ap	ppropriate to the im	provement
Evaluator:			Teacher:		
Date:	Date:		Date:		
*Signatures a	bove indicate the	he plan above was devel	oped by the evaluator in consult	ation with the teach	her.
Teacher Com	pletion of Profe	essional Development P	lan: Yes No		
Evaluator: Date:			Teacher: Date:		
•	s sionature's si	gnature does not necess	arily indicate agreement with the	contents but does	s acknowledge that the

^{*}The teacher's signature's signature does not necessarily indicate agreement with the contents, but does acknowledge that the evaluation meeting occurred and that I received a copy of this professional development plan.

PGP APPENDIX:

RESOURCE GUIDES

Informal and Formal Observation Steps

Informal Observation Steps:

- Evaluators will use Form C: Informal Observation for the purpose of documenting observed evidence-based teaching practices in a variety of settings.
- The data obtained from the informal observation will be used to guide Teachers towards effective professional practices.
- The data from the informal observations will be used to guide Teachers towards effective professional practices.
- The data from the informal observations will be gathered by the Evaluator and used in part for the formative and summative
 evaluations
- The Teacher will receive a copy Form C: Informal Observation, as filled out by the Evaluator in a reasonable amount of time. If requested, by either the Evaluator or the Teacher, a follow-up conversation can occur.
- Observed practices that are harmful will be immediately addressed and corrected.

Formal Observation Steps:

Pre-Observation Steps:

Based on a mutually agreed upon dates for both the pre-conference and the formal observation the Teacher will complete the following steps:

- Complete Form F: Self-Assessment of Practice
- Complete Form B: PGP Pre-Observation Form.
- Bring two hard copies of this completed form to the Pre-Observation Conference.
- The Evaluator and Teacher will discuss the completed form in preparation for the observation.

Observation Steps:

- Evaluator will document the observation of teaching.
- The Teacher will complete and submit Form D: PGP Post-Conference to the Evaluator.
- The Evaluator will send the Teacher the completed From C: PGP Observation.

Post-Observation Steps:

- A post-observation conference will be held after each formal observation.
- Form D: PGP Post-Conference that was submitted to the evaluator before the conference will be discussed during the formative conference.
- The PGP Observation Form will be reviewed and by be modified based upon additional information, dialogue, and the Evaluator and Teacher will collaboratively mark levels of performance on the Framework for Teaching Domains.
- The Teacher and Evaluator will collaboratively determine and document Domain Strengths, Areas of Growth, and Next Steps on the Summary of Post Observation Conference Form E.

Summative Conference Steps:

- A summative conference will be held once per year for Non-Tenured and Tenured-Needs Improvement and once every two years for Tenured-Proficient/Excellent.
- The Teacher will submit to the Evaluator the Staff Summative Self-Reflection Form and either the Teacher or Evaluator may schedule a meeting to discuss From J: Summative Self-Reflection.
- The Teacher and Evaluator will discuss the overall rating of each domain based upon evidence of professional practice and levels of performance documented throughout the process.
- Evaluator will present Summative rating using Form I: Staff Summative Evaluation Form in accordance with Yorkville CUSD 115 PGP process.

PGP Process

Tenured Individual Goal Plan Guiding Questions

Modified from Talking about Teaching: Leading Professional Conversations by Charlotte Danielson, 2009, these guiding questions, are just samples, that may help you focus your reflection on student learning and your teaching practices.

WHAT CONSTITUTES IMPORTANT LEARNING?

- What are the key purposes of your learning activities?
- Does the purpose reflect important learning and a view of content as conceptual understanding rather than rote repetition of facts and procedures?

WHAT CAUSES LEARNING?

- What are students actually doing on a regular basis in your classroom activities?
- What is the level of intellectual rigor?
- What choices do students have?
- What are their opportunities for reflection and closure on their learning?

HOW ARE STUDENTS MOTIVATED?

- To what extent have you succeeded in creating a learning community in class?
- To what degree do students assume responsibility for their learning on a daily basis?

Guide Sheet for Developing Individual Growth Plan

Individual Growth Plans will be developed related to student learning and teacher skill improvement. Professional goals will represent learning for the teacher and go beyond basic implementation of district curriculum or initiatives. Each form in the Individual Growth Plan represents a critical component for developing pedagogy and supporting student learning. Teachers complete Form F: Self-Assessment of Practice in each Domain to reflect on professional strengths and opportunities and to select one target for improvement. Teachers Use Form G: Individual Growth Plan Goal Form as a step-by-step tool for determining a professional growth goal. Finally, teachers complete Form H: Individual Growth Plan Action Plan Form to design and implement a plan for continuous improvement of teacher effectiveness.

Form F: Self-Assessment of Practice Form Domains 1 – 4: To develop a professional goal, certified staff will reflect on data regarding past professional skills and student needs, i.e., past evaluations, self-assessment based on the Framework for Teachers, SIP goals, District 115 goals, grade level/subject area data, classroom assessments (both formative and summative), and feedback from others. Form F: Self-Assessment of Practice Form will support certified staff to determine an area of learning for Form G: Individual Growth Plan Goal Form.

Form G: Individual Growth Plan Goal Form: When developing an Individual Growth Goal the following needs to be considered:

- When: Provide a time frame for goal process.
- Who: List the students or staff that will be involved in the goal.
- What: List specific area of teaching/learning that needs to be improved.
- Data Source: List data tool(s) that will measure progress of goal. Data tools include rubrics, check sheets, tests, etc.

Examples:

Instructional Goal – During 2011-12, 90% of third grade students will meet benchmarks in Reading Comprehension as measured by MAPS assessment.

Classroom Environment Goal – In the next year, YMS will increase instructional time by improving student transitions between the between classrooms as measured by 25 or less tardy slips and 90% student bell work completion.

Form H: Individual Growth Plan Action Plan Form: Develop an Individual Action Plan for implementing the professional goal. Complete the following parts of the action plan:

- Professional Goal: Transfer from Form G: Individual Growth Plan Goal Form
- District or School Improvement Goal: List any district and/or school goal that links to your Individual Growth Plan goal in "District/School Improvement Goal" box.
- Action Steps/Activities: Describe specific, aligned action steps that will be implemented to support the goal.
- Timelines: Align timelines to the specific actions listed in Action Steps.
- Resources: Brainstorm resources that align to the activities.
- Documentation: Describe what happened during the action steps/activities.
- Signatures: Teacher and Principal should review and sign Form H: Individual Growth Plan Action Plan Form to confirm that they have read and conferenced. If Tenured, please mark yes or no if this is a collaborative plan. If it is a collaborative plan, please list the names of the colleagues.

Sample - INDIVIDUAL GROWTH PLAN FORM - Action Plan

Name: Susie Sample School Year: 2011-2012			
Growth Goal: <u>During 2011-12,</u> transition, as measured by a59			tional times by 2 minutes pe
Which School and/or District II	mprovement Goal(s) are addre	essed by this IGP?:	
There is a climate of high acad	emic and social expectations f	or student success.	
The goal addresses componen	ts in (check all that apply):		
Domain 1 Compon	ent (s) X Domain 2 Co		
Domain 3 Compon	ent (s)Comain 4 Co		assroom procedures udent behavior
Activities and/or Steps to be Taken	Persons/Resources Needed	Documentation	Timeline and Deadlines
Pre-observation to record current transition times. Brainstorm strategies to reduce transition times with peer observer Implement 1 strategy Follow-up observation If strategy worked, goal met. If strategy did not decrease transition times, try strategy 2 and repeat. Feedback/Revision:	Observation Book Staff member/peer observer who conducted observation Tools associated with strategy	Initial observation to establish baseline data Planning notes from brainstorming and peer discussions Notes from peer observation	Within a week of the observation Within a week of the brainstorming session Within 3-4 weeks of implementation of strategy 1
Teacher's S	above Individual Goal Acti	Date:	
*If Tenured, mark if this is a			ague(s):

Sample Elementary Ed. Staff SUMMATIVE SELF-REFLECTION FORM

One of the most powerful activities for professional learning is self-assessment and reflection on professional practice. Based upon feedback and data from administration, professional peers, and your own needs and interests, reflect on the strengths and areas for growth within your professional practices:

Strengths	Domains/Components	Growth Opportunities
Basic Knowledge of Writing	Domain 1: Designing	Identify essential grade level
process	Knowledge Work	outcomes for writing process
process	1a. Demonstrating Knowledge	outcomes for writing process
	of Content and Pedagogy	D
Exploration of Daily 5	1b.Demonstrating Knowledge of	Become more aware of
	students	students' instructional levels
Realistic and student friendly	1c. Selecting Instructional Goals	
learning targets	1d. Demonstrating Knowledge of	
Touring targets	Resources	
	1e. Designing Coherent Instruction	
	1f. Assessing Student Learning	
	Through Student Generated Products	

Next Steps:

Develop formative assessments to guide instruction and determine mastery level of writing outcomes.

Use MAP data to guide differentiated instruction.

T1	Domain 2: Crasting a Safa and	T
Implement morning meeting	Domain 2: Creating a Safe and	Improve the management and
	Orderly Environment	content of center activities
Collaborate with students to	2a. Creating an Environment of	Content of Content detry thes
	Respect and Rapport	
formulate class rules and	2b. Establishing a Culture for	
procedures	Learning by Supporting the Vision	
	and Mission of Yorkville CUSD 115	
Manage transitions	2c. Managing Classroom Procedures	
Tridiago d'alibitions	2d. Managing Student Behavior	
	2e. Managing Physical Space	
	2f. Managing School Procedures and	
	Emergency Situations	

Next Steps:

Work with peers/administration to develop plans to improve center activities

Observe a teacher who facilitates the Daily 5 efficiently and effectively

Strengths	Domains/Components	Growth Opportunities
Use of technology for student	Domain 3: Facilitating	Use questioning techniques
engagement	Knowledge Work	that promote higher level
onsusonioni	3a. Communicate Clearly and	
	Accurately	thinking
Web-based parent & student	3b. Using Questioning and	

communication to enhance instruction and access resources	Discussion Techniques 3c. Engaging Students in the Work 3d. Affirming the Performance of Students 3e. Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness Through Monitoring and Modifying the Work	Create and implement assessment that are aligned to instructional targets
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Next Steps:

Use Bloom's Taxonomy Question chart on a daily basis to promote deeper student thinking

Develop aligned formative assessments that guide instruction

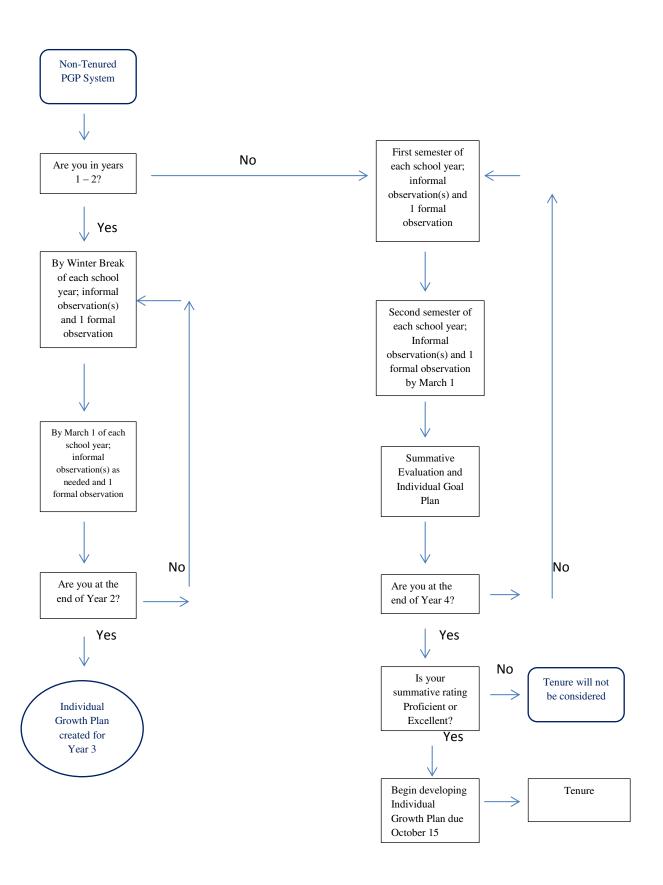
Utilize MAP data for targeted and specific instruction

D DI C 1	D	TT I T. I . I . I . II.
Participate in PLC and	Domain 4: Professional and	How do I track student writing
ongoing professional	Leadership Responsibilities	progress (e.g. record keeping
development	4a. Reflecting on Teaching	in addition to a portfolio)?
development	4b. Maintaining Accurate Records	in addition to a portiono):
	4c. Communicating with Families	
Reflective tools for improving	4d. Contributing Leadership to the	Teach parent volunteers how
teaching and learning	School and District	to coach student think instead
	4e. Growing and Developing	of providing answers
	Professionally	or providing answers
	4f. Showing Professionalism	
	Including but not limited to the area	
	of Attendance	

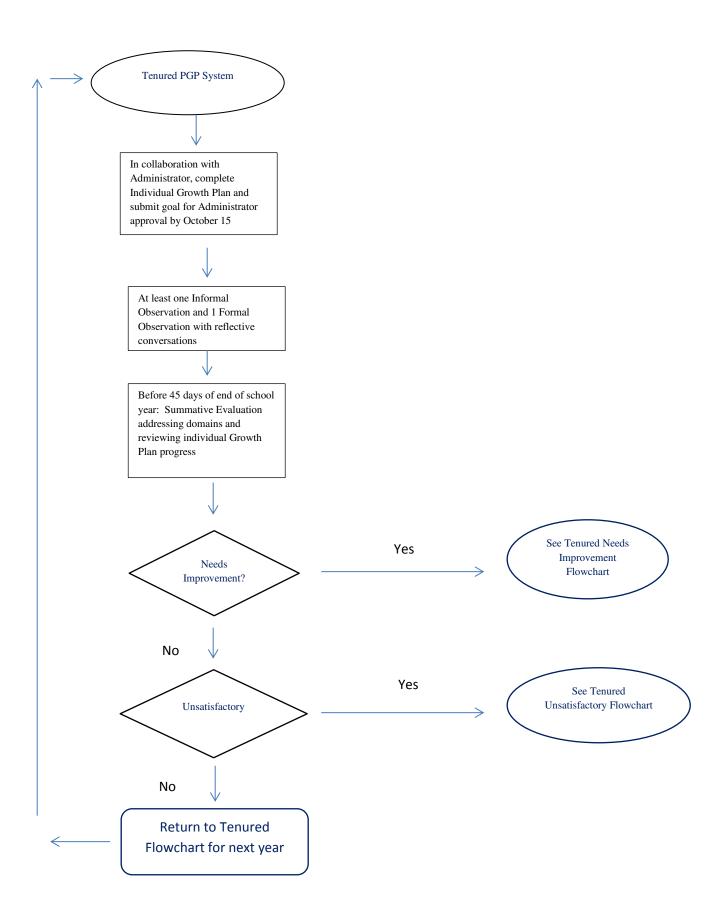
Next Steps:

Research different models of student portfolios Work with BLT to design and organize parent volunteer training

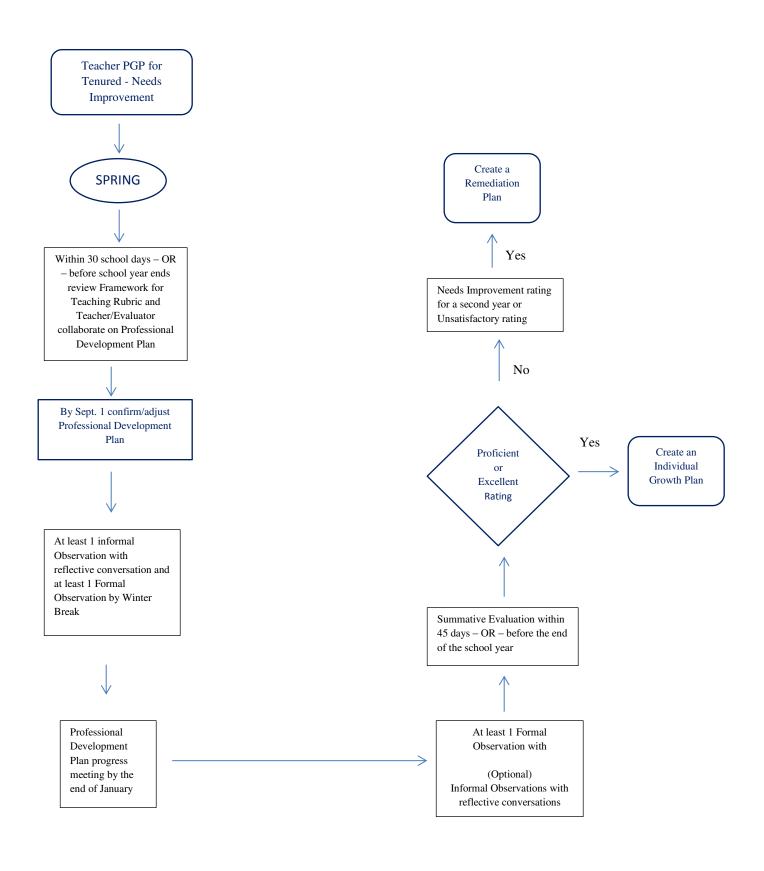
Non-Tenured Flowchart



Tenured Flowchart



Tenured Needs Improvement Flowchart



Unsatisfactory Flowchart

