

2015 EVENT RISK ASSESSMENT TEMPLATE

No matter the nature or size of your event, your event will have risks. It is your responsibility as the event organiser, to identify and manage these risks.

Event organisers can effectively manage risks by anticipating, understanding and making sensible decisions on how to manage and control risks. This process is called Risk Management and in order to know what risks need to be managed, a risk assessment needs to be conducted.

Why does an event need to manage risks?

Event sites and activities are considered to be places of work and there are industry acts, regulations standards and guidelines that event organisers should be developing their procedures in accordance with these documents. There are also high penalties for failure to comply with the regulations and the risk of an event site being shut down by Worksafe for non compliance.

And of course, no one wants to see anyone hurt or have a bad experience at their event. If you manage the risks and know the regulations, then damage to property or injury to the public can be avoided. For further information on Risk Assessments – please refer to the contractors/sub contractors handbook for health and safety in the work place.

What is a Risk Assessment?

A risk assessment is the process of identifying and quantifying the probability of a harmful effect to an item or an individual. To assess risks, an objective evaluation of the risks are considered and ranked by using a basic formula of rating the potential loss and the probability of occurrence.

HOW TO DO A RISK ASSESSMENT

FIND IT

List all of the hazards or possible situations associated with the event activity that may expose people to injury, illness or disease. List these hazards in the 'hazards' column of the template

Use experts or experienced people to advise you on your risk assessment.

ASSESS IT

Rate or assess what the 'likelihood' is of people being exposed to the hazard and what the 'consequences' could be as a result of the hazard occurring.

Use the Risk Ranking Matrix in the template.

FIX IT

Identify what practical measures could be put in place to eliminate or reduce the likelihood of the hazard occurring. This is where changes are made to the event to reduce the risks.

Use the hierarchy of control system to minimise or eliminate exposure to hazards. It is a widely accepted system promoted by numerous safety organisations.

Use the **Hierarchy of Control** table to guide you as to what type of controls you could put in place to manage the hazards once you have assessed their risk level.

LIKELIHOOD	RISK RANKING MATRIX						
HIGH	5	10	15	20	25		
SIGNIFICANT	4	8	12	16	20		
MODERATE	3	6	6	12	15		
LOW	2	4	6	8	10		
NEGLIGIBLE	1	2	3	4	5		
CONSEQUENCE	NEGLIGIBLE	LOW	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC		



LIKELIHOOD DEFINITIONS						
A high likelihood	 It is expected to occur in most circumstances There is a strong likelihood of the hazards reoccurring 					
A significant likelihood	 Similar hazards have been recorded on a regular basis Considered that it is likely that the hazard could occur 					
A moderate likelihood	Incidents or hazards have occurred infrequently in the past					
A low likelihood	 Very few known incidents of occurrence Has not occurred yet, but it could occur sometime 					
A negligible likelihood	 No known or recorded incidents of occurrence Remote chance, may only occur in exceptional circumstance 					

CONSEQUENCE DEFINITIO	NS
Catastrophic	 Multiple of single death Costs to Event of up to \$5 million International and National Media outrage
Major	 Serious health impacts on multiple or single persons or permanent disability. Costs to Event between \$2.5 – \$5 million National media outrage
Moderate	 More than 10 days rehabilitation required for injured persons Costs to Event between \$200,000 and \$2.5 million Local media and community concern
Low	 Injury to person resulting in lost time and claims Costs to Event between \$50,000 and \$200,000 Minor isolated concerns raised by stakeholders, customers
Negligible	 Persons requiring first aid Costs to Event up to \$50,000 Minimum impact to reputation

How to control hazards

By determining the consequences and likelihood of risks occurring, you can now, aim to eliminate, minimise and control the hazards. Use the hierarchy of control system to minimise or eliminate exposure to hazards. It is a widely accepted system promoted by numerous safety organisations. Referring to the hierarchy will help you decide what controls to put in place to manage the hazards once you have assessed their risk level.

HEIRACHY OF CONTROLS						
ELIMINATION	Remove or stop the hazard if possible, remove the cause or source of the hazard, by eliminating the					
Eliminate the hazard	machine, task or work process. If this is not practical, then substitute.					
SUBSTITUTION Use a less hazardous process- use a less-noisy machine for the task, or introduce a less-noisy w						
Substitute the process	process. If this is not practical, then engineer.					
ENGINEERING Introduce enclosures and barriers around or between the hazards. Improve maintenance procedures.						
Change the equipment	this is not practical, then:					
ISOLATION	Separate or isolate the hazard or equipment from people by relocation or by changing the operation. If					
	this is not practical, then administer					
ADMINISTRATIVE	Design and communicate written or verbal procedures that prevent the hazard from occurring. If this is					
	not practical, then PPE					
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE	Provide protective equipment appropriate to the risk. Provide training information and supervision to					
EQUIPMENT (PPE)	ensure that personal hearing protection is fitted, used and maintained appropriately. Equipment that					
	protects the person exposed to the hazard.					



Event Management Risk Assessment Template EXAMPLE RISK ASSESSMENT

EXAMPLE

The information provided in this example template document provides you with hazards and controls that are typical of an event.

Solutions to reduce or remove the risks have also been provided. Each event is different and pose their own 'special' risks so it important that the event organiser thinks outside the list of examples provided in this document and considers what the 'other' risks may be that are unique to your event.

Name of Event:	Rugby	Tournament			
Date of Event	27 September – 3 Oc	ctober 2014 Site Supervisor:		Ben Safe	
Location of Event:	Owen Delany Park				
Hazards	Persons Affected	Control / Actions		Risk	Responsibility
Electricity cables/wires causing injury or trip/fall.	Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players Spectators	Cables covers used where nee be placed out of way of foot tra		4	Site Supervisor Contractor
Electricity - Injury from electric shock, burns.	Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players Spectators	Fixed electrical installation correctly installed by qualified electrician and inspected regularly. All repairs by qualified electrician. Players are warned not to take electrical items into shower/wet areas. In case of electrical storm, flood lights to be fenced off. All electrical circuits in the changing areas are protected by residual current devices.		10	Site Supervisor
Inadequate Lighting - Injury from slips and trips, bruising and cuts.	Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players Spectators	Both internal & external lighting Emergency lighting is provided External stairways are marked	in the grandstand.	10	Site Supervisor
Falling items and External Fixtures.	Contactor Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players Spectators	The fabric of the building appears to be satisfactory with no obvious signs of unstable or loose material. Grounds maintenance equipment is kept secured. External seating/tables are maintained, secured and in good condition. Wooden fences are in good order with no sharp edges/nails protruding)		8	Site Supervisor
Slips, Trips or Falls in Changing room/showers - Injury from cuts and bruises	Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players Spectators	Non slip surface within changing rooms (concrete) and on floor of shower area. Floors are in good order		8	Site Supervisor
Hot surfaces and Water - Injury from burns and scalds	Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players Spectators	Beware of hot water in urns & a highlighted with warning signs.	zips. Hot water	8	Site Supervisor
Hygiene, illness or injury in Changing rooms	Team Staff & Players Referees	Change rooms cleaned daily, h taught & encouraged Change rooms monitored for d		8	Site Supervisor
Hazardous Substances - Ingestion or coming into contact with the body.	Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players Spectators	All hazardous substances are secured away.		10	Site Supervisor
Erection of temporary structures causes an injury to contractor or member of the public.	Contactor Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players Spectators	Engineer the hazard by cordoning off the area. Site supervisor/s to monitor the area and ensure that the public are not entering the work space.		10	Site Supervisor Contractor
Temporary infrastructure blows away and causes injury to person or equipment	Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players Spectators	Ensure that all Temporary infrastructure is adequately secured. Monitor wind speeds via NZR's access to metconnect prior to and during the event.		10	Site Supervisor Contractor
Ground conditions	Players Referees Staff/Volunteers	ODP Ground staff to maintain a ground daily and confirm with t that the field is safe for play.		6	Ground Staff Tournament Director



Use this Risk Assessment for evaluating risk based on likelihood and consequence

EXAMPLE RISK ASSESSMENT

Hazards	Persons Affected	Control / Actions	Risk	Responsibility
Hard or sharp objects on the field causing injury	Players Referees Spectators	Fields checked by Ground staff and the following; Team Management before training, Referee & Tournament Director on match days	6	Ground Staff Tournament Director
Crowd injury if site was evacuated in an emergency.	Contactor Staff/Volunteers	Develop and communication and evacuation plan	6	Site Supervisor
Pole/goal posts collapse	Players Referees Spectators	Ensure goals are securely set up before start of game. Visual inspection by Ground supervisor & referee. Correct goal post padding to be used. Regular inspection by facilities staff to ensure that goals are in good working condition	10	Ground Staff
Litter on site	Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players Spectators	Adequate number of provided bins - plastic & aluminium recycling bins & general rubbish bins. Volunteers and staff briefed to keep venue litter free	4	Cleaner
Moving Vehicles & ground equipment/Machinery	Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players Spectators	Control areas where vehicles will be moving and use warning signage. Speed restricted to 10km within OD Park. Signs put up prior to start of event. E.g. Parking Signs	20	Site Supervisor
Food Poisoning	Contactor Spectators Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players	All food vendors have relevant food vendor permits from the Taupō District Council	10	Event Organiser Contractor
Weather Hot /humid conditions Cold/wet/icy conditions	Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players Spectators	Staff to ensure appropriate clothing for weather conditions is worn. Sunscreen & water provided for staff	12	Staff
Aggression from crowd	Staff/Volunteers Team Staff & Players Spectators	On the rare occasions that the crowd are aggressive they are to be kept away from the edge of the playing area and security/Police will take control of the situation.	3	Security
Lost Children Child/Parent		Announcements will be made informing spectators to contact a member of the security/staff if they have become separated from their parents or child. Lost child to stay with a staff member until the parent is located. If this proves unsuccessful a missing person report will be completed and police will be notified.		Security



Event Management Risk Assessment Template EXAMPLE RISK ASSESSMENT

CONTRACTORS

If you have organised contractors to be onsite during your event, you will also need to include risks associated with their business also.

Event: Food Stalls Date of Even			nt: 27, 30 Sept & 3 Oct 2015 Location of Eve		nt: Owen Delany Park	
Risk Management Team: Safe and Care			Site Supervisor: Kim Safe		Company: Cool Coffee	
Hazards	Person	s Affected	Control / Actions		Risk	Responsibility
Manual Handling of Milk Crates	Staff		Eliminate the Risk: Max lift 20kg, Bend and Lift. Area clear of obstacles		1	Site Supervisor
Slips, Trips, Falls and Cuts	5	Staff	Administrative Control: Good Housekeeping. Equipment maintained to prevent leakage to floor. First Aid Kit and Fire Extinguisher available. Eliminate the Risk: Cleaning up any spillages immediately. Use electrical safety non trip mats for external electrical leads		2	Risk Management Site Supervisor
Hot Water	\$	Staff	Administrative Control: Working thermometer to ensure temperature exceeds 55°c Eliminate the Risk: Keep work area clear to prevent spillage		1	Risk Management
Machinery	Staff		Administrative Control: Pre-check carried prior to starting, trained staff in cleaning and operation		1	Site Supervisor
Patrons	Cus	stomers	Eliminate the Risk: Keep the serving area clean and clear at all times		2	Site Supervisor
General Public	Gene	ral Public	Eliminate the Risk: Keep work area free of rubbish. Keep access door closed		2	Site Supervisor



Please complete the following template and return to your Venue contact.

Print as many of the following page as you need and provide attachments as necessary to support the plan being effective (e.g. maps, photos, procedure, plans, insurances, licenses).

Event Organiser:	
Event Name:	
Document Owner:	
Postal Address:	Physical Address (<i>if differs from Postal</i>):
Contact Number:	Email:
Description of Event:	
Location of event:	
Start date:	Finish date:
Person in Charge of Event:	
Risk Assessment completed by:	Contact number:
Venue Warden/Site Supervisor:	Contact number:



Emergency Procedures

Please ensure you include the following items

- Incident Command System insert a flow chart of contacts incase of emergency including name, title and contact number.
- Evacuation Procedure*
- Fire extinguisher locations*
- Weather Policy if applicable
- Media Policy if applicable

*TDC to provide for their venues.



Date of Event Site Supervisor: Location of Event:	
Hazards Persons Affected Control / Actions Risk Respons	bility

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Attachments – Maps, Photographs, Diagrams

Use this Risk Assessment for evaluating risk based on likelihood and consequence.

MAPS (show on map the following):

- Bump in / bump out access
- Floor plan
- Public parking
- Emergency Vehicle Access during an event

Insert map/sketch here – e.g. Google map



Attachments – Permits, License & Templates

In this section you are required to include the all Permits, License & Templates.

Some examples of things to include are Your Company's Health & Safety Policy, Scaffolding tickets, Contractors Agreement & Induction List, Volunteer Agreement & Induction List

For you convenience we have included the following documents

- Taupō District Council Health & Safety Policy Statement 2015
- Near Hit Card
- Incident report All event organiser shall complete an incident report for all incidents and provide a copy to the TDC Event Manager within 48 hours



Attachments – Permits, License & Templates



HEALTH AND SAFETY POLICY STATEMENT

Taupo District Council will ensure that due diligence is implemented, by taking reasonable practicable steps to ensure the safety of all employees, contractors, visitors and members of the public. Taupo District Council is committed to continuous improvement and Health and Safety is implemented in all work environments and decisions. All staff have a responsibility to ensure the Health and Safety of themselves and colleagues. Taupo District Council will comply with the Health and Safety Employment Act 1992 and amendments, Health and Safety in Employment regulations1995, standards, relevant codes of practice and safe operating procedures.

Management will:

- Commit the resources needed to ensure the work environment is a safe and healthy
 place to work, focused on the prevention of harm or potential harm to ourselves,
 others, staff, contractors, visitors and members of the public.
- Take all reasonable practicable steps to ensure that the Health and Safety of contractors, visitors and members of the public is not put at risk from work carried out from a person undertaking or conducting the business.
- Take all reasonable practicable steps to eliminate risk, if it is not practicable to eliminate, then to minimise those risks to health and safety.
- Ensure that Hazard and Risk Management is implemented, and all employees are aware of this process.
- Ensure that the reporting and recording of all hazards, risk, accidents, incidents and near misses are reported accurately and in a timely way to the appropriate person and that an investigation is undertaken if necessary. Encourage early reporting of discomfort or pain.
- Ensure employees have the opportunity and are encouraged to be fully involved in the development of safe workplace practices.
- Encourage an early return to work of employees following a workplace injury, illness or disability, and will look to proactively manage the rehabilitation process.
- Annually set and review health and safety objectives.

Employees:

Employees are to take all reasonable practicable steps to ensure the safety of themselves and others. This is set out by:

- Following all safe work policies, procedures, rules and instructions.
- Complying with the Hazard and Risk Management system, and take all reasonable practicable steps to eliminate risk or minimise.
- Taking an active role in the rehabilitation and return to work process.
- Accurately and timely reporting, to the appropriate person, all hazards, risks, accidents, incidents and near misses. Report pain or discomfort early.
- Ensuring your own safety at work and no action or inaction by you at work causes
- harm to any other person.

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The Health & Safety Committee consists of the CEO or a member of the Senior Leadership Group, representation from Human Resources, union members, two members from the H&S Representatives and other elected employee representatives. The Committee is annually responsible for the continued implementation, planning, monitoring and reviewing of health and safety policies, systems, procedures and practices. A formal feedback report to the Senior Leadership Group will be provided annually.

Rob Williams Chief Executive Officer

March 2015



Attachments – Permits, License & Templates

Near Miss Card
A near miss is a close call that had the potential to cause injury
Name of person completing this form:
Date: Time: am / pm
What happened:
Who was involved:(Names):
Where did it occur:
Why and how did it happen:
How could this Near Miss be avoided from happening again?
What property/vehicle damage was sustained: (If vehicle damaged complete form obtained in vehicle)
Was this caused by an existing hazard: Yes/No
Give this form to your H&S Representative



Attachments – Permits, License & Templates

Injured Person Name:	DOB:	Address:		Injury location:		Injury Type:				
				eg head, arm,		eg cut, burn, abrasion				
	Male / Female			body						
	Ph:									
Type of incident:	🗆 Injury 🗆 Incide	□ Injury □ Incident □ At Risk Behaviour □ Illness								
Category:	□ Minor Harm □	l Serious Harm	□ Fata	ality 🗆	Vehicle inv	volved				
Severity Level:	3 = High 2 = M 1 = Low	edium (plea	um (please circle)							
Reported by:	□ Employee □ C	ontractor D Th	tractor Third Party Da			Date reported:				
	Name:		Position:							
Location & Tim	ne of Incident		Incident Description							
Incident happened off si	ite									
Department										
Location										
Position										
Supervisor										
Incident Date										
Incident Time										
Started work Time										
Head and Neck Respiratory Right Arm Wrist/Hand Right Leg Right Foot Left Foot	Arm	scription:								
Treatment:	Medical Condi	tion:	Days C							
No Treatment	Fully Fit			t Time Injury		days off				
□ First Aid	Restricted D	outies								
Medical Treatment	□ Other									
Hospitalisation										
Office Use Only										
Entered in Vault	Yes/No									

NOTE: All information contained within is private and confidential for company personnel records only.

Serious harm accidents are to be reported to work safe NZ as per legislative requirements, and TDC event manager is to be advised of any such event without delay.



Attachments – Permits, License & Templates

Serious Harm Procedure

Manager/Supe Phone 0800 03			to Contact WorkS ed to WorkSafe:	afe NZ								
Reported to Wo	orkSafe by:	Name:	Name:									
WorkSafe repre	esentative nam	e: Name:	Name:									
Scene Held: Y	/N (circle one)	Scene Releas	sed: Y/N	Date:	Time:							
Scene Release (WorkSafe, NZ Pol	-	Name:	L									
Hazard Manag	ement Proces	S										
Hazard related	to accident/inc	dent: <i>E.g. "Slid</i>	e" AC Baths:									
Analysis/cause c	of accident/incident.											
Initial investiga	tion by:	Name:										
Investigation da	ate:/	/ Requ	ires more investio	gation: Y/N <i>(cir</i> e	cle one)							
ID safety equip	ment used:											
Did safety equi	pment fail: Y/N	J (circle one)										
Equipment/mag	chinery involved	1:										
Preventative ac	ction required:	Y/N (circle one)	Action take	en date:/_	/							
Action taken by	/: (Name)											
Sighted by					Date:							
Copied to (✓):	H&S Advisor	H&S Rep	Supervisor	Other:								

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