Name:	Seventh Grade Social Studies
Date:	Mr. LaBrache/Miss Rice
Section:	5/11/12

Life in Rome:

Classroom Outline

Directions:

Below you will find a series of statements about life in Rome, some of which have blank lines in them. Your job will be to listen and read along with the rest of the class, and fill in the missing spots as we go along. PAY ATTENTION, you would not want to miss anything.

Three Social Classes: (436 – 438)

- 1) Roman society was divided into three major classes; they were the
- 2) The highest class of people included ______ and _____ and

_____, _____ and _____.

3) This group made up what percentage of the population of Rome?

- 4) The three types of jobs that people in this class could hold would be:
 - a. ______ b. _____
 - c. _____

5) The second level of citizens included ______ and _____.

6) The types of jobs that people in the second level of citizenry could have would be:

- a. _____ d. ____ b. _____ e. ____
- C. _____
- 7) About what percentage of the population of Rome was made of the lowest class of people?
- 8) A ______ was a slave who was freed by their masters.
- 9) Slaves in the ______ usually had an easier life than slaves on ______.

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Changes in Social Level: (page 439)

- 1) The key to improving your social position in Ancient Rome was ______.
- 2) When soldiers retired many of them would join the _____ class.
- 3) Some Romans would help their former slaves start a business as long as the owner received ______.

Rich and Poor:

(pages 440 – 441)

- 1) An emperor might command a personal slave population of how many? ______.
- 2) Most of the people in the city lived in apartments called ______.
- 3) In crowded conditions like this ______ and _____ were serious problems.
- 4) About ______ of the babies born in Rome did not live through their first year.
- 5) About ______ of all Roman children did not live to be ______ years old.

<u>Benefits of Life in Rome:</u> (pages 443 – 446)

- 1) The government gave free ______ to male citizen on a regular basis.
- 2) A great system of ______ carried millions of gallons of water to the people of Rome.
- 3) One of the main areas where 20,000 Romans could gather for entertainment was called the ______.
- 4) The Coliseum was home to many entertaining events like:
 - a. _____
 - b. _____