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## Solving Equations and Inequalities with One Variable: Solving Equations - Part 1 Independent Practice

1. Complete the following table with the properties used to solve $4(x+3)=20$.

| Statements | Proof |
| :---: | :---: |
| $4(x+3)=20$ | Given |
| $4 x+12=20$ |  |
| $4 x=8$ |  |
| $x=2$ |  |

2. Complete the following table with the mathematical statements that correspond to the proofs used to solve $\frac{4(x-3)}{3}=20$.

| Statements | Proof |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{4(x-3)}{3}=20$ | Given |
|  | Multiplication Property of Equality |
|  | Multiplication Property of Equality |
|  | Addition Property of Equality |

3. Consider the equations $5 x+10=30$ and $5(x+10)=30$.

Do they have the same solution? Why or why not?
4. Consider the equations $3 x+2=14$ and $2+3 x=14$.

Do they have the same solution? Why or why not?
5. Consider the equations $7 x-4=31$ and $7 x-4+4=31+4$.

Part A: Will the two equations have the same solution?

Part B: Find the solution to each equation.
6. Consider the equation $3(x+2)=36$

Solve the equation using properties of equality to justify your answer.
7. Consider the equation $\frac{x}{3}+7=13$.

Part A: Write an equivalent equation using a property of equality.

Part B: Solve the original equation and the new equation you wrote in Part A to verify they have the same solution.

