## Food Business Entrepreneurial Training Academy #10: Funding Your Company

#### **Alameda County SBDC**

Hayward Adult School November 4, 2015



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ALAMEDA COUNTY

Community Development Agency





### **Questions To Get Started**

- □ How much money do you have?
- □ What do you need money for?
- □ How much money will you need?
- What type of money is best for your business purpose?



## What might you need Capital For?



## Common Uses for Financing



- □ 1X only Start-up Expenses
- □ Working Capital until revenues cover costs
- Permanent Working Capital to bridge product development and Sales gap
- □ Growth Capital to expand by product lines or territories
- □ Debt-refinancing (difficult loans to secure)



# There are two primary ways to get funding for your business: Debt & Equity So what's the difference?



## Debt is another word for Loan. Banks provide you a loan and they want their money back.



## Equity requires you to give up ownership in your business in exchange for future cash.

The equity provided is called "investment".



## Equity vs. Debt Financing Advantages

#### **Debt Financing**

#### Advantages:

- Relatively Easy & Quick
- Maintain control & ownership
- Interest & other costs tax deductible

#### **Equity Financing**

#### Advantages:

- Unsecured (no collateral)
- Share of financial risk (partners)
- Less pressure to make monthly payments
- May be able to borrow more
- Payback is negotiable



## Equity vs. Debt Financing Disadvantages

#### **Debt Financing**

#### <u>Disadvantages:</u>

- Interest Costs Expensive
- Risk of profits not covering repayment
- Must share financial information
- Lender Restrictions & Limitations

#### **Equity Financing**

#### **Disadvantages:**

- Risk of destroying personal relationships
- Give up part of profits
- Give up part of ownership of business
- Give up some control of business
- Legal restrictions



## **Equity Financing**



## **Equity Sources**

- □ Family & friends
- □ Channel partners

□ Angels



## Food for thought

## People invest in people they know and trust



### Your Network

- Your earliest stage capital is most likely to come from friends and family and their personal contacts
  - Everyone you know and everyone they know
- □ Ask your Family, Friends and Business Associates about investing
- ☐ Equity commitments can help you get a loan
- □ The more equity in place, the "safer" the business will appear to potential lenders, suppliers, landlords, etc.



#### Channel Partners = Access to Cash

- □ Companies you buy from and sell to
- Go over your business plan with them
- □ Probably won't make a direct investment
- Negotiate for preferable trade credit terms
- □ Lower deposits, more days before bills are due and/or higher credit lines
- □ Better terms translate into less cash required



## Angel Investors

- ☐ High net worth individual investors
- ☐ Tend to be early but generally flexible
- ☐ All have their own processes
- □ Who is passionate about your business/product?



## Angel Investor sites

- □ angel.co/food-and-beverages/investors
- □ Angelfoodnet.org
- □ Foodangels.co
- □ Circleup.com
- □ Many more...





- ☐ A recent source of finance for startups
  - A Crowd Funding or "Crowdfunding" platform can be used to raise money for a campaign (may include startup funding)
  - Currently, "Contributors" do not receive ownership, rather they receive something of value (tickets to events, t-shirts, etc.) – this is about to change!
  - Very marketing/social media intensive
  - Build your social media support BEFORE you begin a crowdfunding campaign



 Crowdfunding is forecasted to pass venture capital as a source of business funding in three years

2014: \$16.2 billion worldwide, up 167% from 2013

2015 forecast: \$34.4 billion

2025 forecast: \$93.0 billion (World Bank)

□ 2014 Venture capital: \$48 billion



Top non-equity crowdfunding sites:

- □ Kickstarter.com all or nothing
  - about \$2.0 billion funded to date
- □ Indiegogo option to keep a partial raise
  - -about \$400 million raised to date
- Many rising competitors in niche markets taking market share from the leaders



The SEC just published (Oct. 30) new rules allowing companies to raise equity funding from small investors

- Should start around middle of 2016
  - circleup.com (consumer packaged goods)
  - expect to see kickstarter and indiegogo
  - crowdfunder.com
  - craftfund.com
  - equityeats.com

Many, many more...



## **Debt Financing**



## What banks are looking for

#### The 5 C's of Credit:

- □ 1. Coverage financial forecast
- □ 2. Capital expect to put in at least 20-30% of costs
- □ 3. Capacity experience and good business plan
- ☐ 4. Character FICO score and story
- □ 5. Collateral any assets to back up the loan?



#### Character

Lenders are interested in the type of person you are

- They are lending you money & want to be repaid
- Do you honor your agreements?
- Credit reports are the major source of information on character.

Fair Isaac Corporation (FICO)

- Defacto industry standard for financial institutions
   Know your FICO score before you start
- creditkarma.com, creditsesame.com, creditera.com



## SBA Loan Programs – "The Big 3"

- □ SBA Microloan
- Working Solutions, OBDC, Opportunity Fund
- □ 7(a) Business Loan
- Many commercial banks
- 504 Certified Development Company (CDC) loan
- □ Exclusive 504 lenders, many banks



## SBA Microloans – at a glance

Maximum Loan Amount	\$50,000
Average Loan Amount	\$26,000
Interest Rate	Fixed. Averages 7.9%
Maximum Loan Term	6 years
Collateral	Microlender's own collateral policy
Use of Proceeds	Working capital, inventory, supplies, & equipment only
Volume of Loan Activity in SFDO	57 loans for \$1.5 million, FY 2014
Lenders	Non-profit Microlenders approved by SBA
Special Features	Free technical assistance for the borrower



### Microloan Borrower

#### Characteristics:

- □ A microenterprise may be a start-up
- □ Borrower may have had some credit problems in the past
- Borrower is not a viable candidate for a bank loan

#### Microloan application process:

- □ SBA resource partners, SCORE & SBDC, can assist borrower with financial projections
- □ Borrower discusses financing need with the Microlenders that serve borrower's county
- □ Borrower submits completed application to Microlender



## SBA 7(a) Guaranty Loans – at a glance

Maximum Loan Amount	\$5,000,000
Average Loan Amount	\$490,000
Interest Rate	Usually Variable. Maximum interest rate is generally Prime + 2.75%
Maximum Loan Term	10 years (up to 25 years for real estate)
Collateral	All available collateral (including personal assets) up to loan amount
Use of Proceeds	Working capital, inventory, equipment, RE, debt repayment, bus. acq., franchise
Volume of Loan Activity in SFDO	1,251 loans for \$607 million, FY 2014
Lenders	Most banks, some credit unions, and a few "non-bank lenders"
Special Features	No prepayment penalty unless loan term exceeds 15 years



## SBA 7(a) Borrower

Usually an existing business, although startups are eligible:

- ☐ For each owner of 20% or more of the business, personal credit must be satisfactory (no recent bankruptcies)
- □ Personal credit score must meet lender's minimum requirement.

7(a) loan application process:

- Written business plan is typically required
- SBA resource partners, particularly SBDC, can assist borrower to prepare financial projections
- □ Borrower contacts 7(a) lenders to discuss financing need
- □ Lender provides application forms & reviews application for approval prior to submission to SBA



## SBA 504 CDC Loans – at a glance

Maximum Loan Amount	\$5,000,000 (\$5.5M for manufacturers & energy efficiency projects)
Average Loan Amount	\$869,000
Interest Rate	Fixed. 4.77% as of October 2015
Maximum Loan Term	20 years, fully amortizing
Collateral	2 <sup>nd</sup> D/T on project property
Use of Proceeds	Only for acquisition or construction of commercial RE, or heavy equipment
Volume of Loan Activity in SFDO	221 loans for \$192 million, FY 2014
Lenders	Non-profit Certified Development Companies (CDC's) approved by SBA
Special Features	SBA loan is 100% guaranteed, may not exceed 40% of project value, & is in 2 <sup>nd</sup> lien position behind a non-guaranteed bank loan. Minimum 10% borrower injection.

#### 504 Borrower

Typically a seasoned business that can demonstrate repayment ability from historical cash flow

- Owners have sufficient personal assets to cover minimum 10% down payment (20% for less proven situations)
- □ Borrower seeks to avoid the uncertainty of lease renewals and rent increases, and benefit from commercial RE ownership

#### 504 CDC loan application process

- □ SBA Partner such as the SBDC or real estate broker may introduce borrower to either a 504 CDC, or a bank 1st mortgage lender
- □ CDC and bank 1st mortgage lender work together to coordinate the dual application process



## Non-SBA Loan Programs

#### Non-SBA loan sources include:

- □ Conventional Loans (Major Banks)
- □ Special Funds and Programs
  - OBDC (up to \$250,000)
  - CBB Green Fund
- □ Online Direct Lending Platforms
- □ Peer to Peer Lending
- □ Other



## Peer to Peer Lending

- Arrangement of lending money to unrelated individuals with an intermediary
- Takes place on online "platforms" that facilitate and service the loan
- □ Typically unsecured loans
- □ Platforms validate borrower information
- □ Lenders (individuals) choose to whom they loan funds



## Peer to Peer Lending

- □ zip.kiva.org zero percent loans
- □ lendingclub.com average loan is \$15,000 @ 13.4%
- □ prosper.com average loan is \$13,000 @ 13.9%

Many others...



## Other Financing Sources

- □ Credit cards (watch out!)
- □ Equipment Leases
- □ Accounts Receivable Financing
- □ Trade Credit



## **Incubators**



### Incubators and Accelerators

- □ Many different models of support
  - Incubators usually space-based and early stage
  - Accelerators usually advise after company has started
- May include one or more of the following in exchange for an equity share:
  - space
  - advice
  - funding



### Food Incubators

- La Cocina San Francisco
- Renaissance Center Marin
- Kitchen@812 Pinole

Many commercial kitchens also offer support along with space rental – do your homework...



## **Courting Bankers/Investors**



## Courting the Money

#### **Shop Around!**

Find a lender/investor that likes your type and stage of business

This is a "campaign" that will take a lot of time



## What else banks look for

- ☐ Years in business
- ☐ Your Business Plan
- □ 2 years of monthly financial projections
- □ Secondary Source of Income
- □ Personal Guarantee



"Hmmm that is a REALLY good Business Plan!"



## What Documents to Bring

- A current Profit and Loss Statement and Projected Cash Flow
- Current Personal
   Financial Statement
- Itemized Use of Proceeds
- List of Collateral and estimated value.

- Business Plan
- Schedule of Business Debt
- Personal and Business Tax Returns last 3 years
- Copy of leases and all pertinent agreements



## Don't get a "No"

#### **GET**:

- A referral
- Qualitative advice on your plan
- Quantitative advice on how to change the numerical assumptions
- Information on the competition



## THANKS EVERYONE

