Chapter 10 Workpacket Money and Banking							
Multiple Choice Identify the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.							
	rest in monthly installments.	the house for puter, you use for a car, you	the owner.				
	<ul> <li>Which of the following is an example</li> <li>a. purchasing a toy for \$8.99</li> <li>b. lending a friend \$25.00</li> <li>c. opening a savings account at a bad</li> <li>d. checking the price of a camera at</li> </ul>	nnk	unit of account? before buying it at the lowest price				
			using shells as money instead of coins? uniformity divisibility				
	Which of the following is an example a. a fur coat b. diamonds	of representat c. d.	ive money? gold earrings an IOU note				
	What is the purpose of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)?  a. to make sure that banks do not fail  b. to make sure that customers do not lose money if a bank fails  c. to make sure that banks charge a fair amount of interest on loans  d. to make sure that the government has enough gold to cover its expenses						
6.	What did the Federalists believe about a. They believed that the banking state. They believed an international bacc. They believed that a centralized d. They believed that state government.	t banking? ystem already anking system banking systen	in existence was sufficient. would be best. n was necessary.				
	What occurred during the Free Banki. a. Currency varied widely from stat b. Repaying of loans was not closel c. The Second Bank of the United S d. The dollar bill was introduced.	ng Era? te to state. y monitored.					
	What were "greenbacks"?  a. paper currency used by the Confederacy during the Civil War  b. privately issued currency used by the Union during the Civil War  c. copper coins used by the Confederacy during the Civil War  d. commodity money used by the Union during the Civil War						
	What is a mortgage used to purchase? a. car b. real estate	_	college tuition business expenses				

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10.	0. Which of the following is NOT an example of a liquid asset?			
	a. cash	c.	a certificate of deposit	
	b. travelers' checks	d.	a checking account	
11.	Why is using coins as money easier than using	golo	•	
 	a. coins are more durable	c.		
	b. coins are more portable	d.	coins are more limited in supply	
12.	What happens during a bank run?		11 3	
 	a. The government orders a bank to close.			
	b. States charter more banks than needed.			
	c. The price of gold suddenly increases.			
	d. More customers withdraw money than the	ban	k has on hand.	
13.	What condition is necessary for a fiat money sy	yster	n to work?	
	a. Money owed must be paid on time.			
	b. The government must control the money s	uppl	y.	
	c. Banks must hold sufficient gold to cover a	ny p	aper money they give out.	
	d. Customers with checking accounts cannot	earr	interest on those accounts.	
 14.	What happens when you make a purchase using	g a c	redit card?	
	a. The credit card issuer pays the store.			
	b. The money is immediately deducted from	•		
	c. The amount of the purchase is deducted fr		* *	
	d. The place where you made the purchase re	eceiv	res the money within 24 hours.	
 15.	What is the largest source of income for banks'	?		
	a. the interest they receive from loans			
	b. fees charged to customers for accounts			
	c. money deposited in savings accounts			
	d. special accounts such as NOW accounts			
 16.	Which of the following was NOT a cause of the	e Sa	-	
	a. bad loans	c.	high interest rates	
	b. the gold reserve act	d.	deregulation of the industry	
 17.	Which of the following is NOT an example of	M1	-	
	a. currency	c.	travelers' checks	
	b. a mutual fund	d.	a checking account	

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Name:			ID: A
Matching			
	Ide	entifying Key Terms	
		tch each term with the correct statement below.	
	a.	currency	
	b.	commodity money	
	c.	default	
	d.	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)	
	e.	Federal Reserve System	
	f.	fiat money	
	g.	interest	
	ĥ.	money market mutual fund	
	i.	principal	
	i.	representative money	

	j. representative money
 18.	money that has value because the government has ordered that it is an acceptable means to pay debts
 19.	the central banking system of the United States
 20.	failure to pay back a loan
 21.	the amount of money borrowed
 22.	coins and paper bills used as money
 23.	the price paid for the use of borrowed money
 24.	objects that have value in themselves and that are also used as money
 25.	money pooled from small investors and used to purchase government or corporate bonds