

THE NUTS AND BOLTS OF BUDGETING

Oh no! The dreaded "B" word: budget! Many people are scared to death of the very idea of a budget. It drums up images of living on bread and water and a dull, dreary, no-frills way of life. That's not what we're talking about!

The truth is, the budget is your key to success! Like Dave says, money makes a fantastic servant, but it is a horrible master. And if you don't tell your money where to go and what to do, it will definitely master you the rest of your life. In Cash Flow Planning, you'll learn how to make your money work for you and how to put together a household budget that really works!



WISDOM

"Be diligent to know the state of your flocks, and attend to your herds."

-Old Testament

BUDGETING BASICS

Video 1: The Truth About Budgeting

Money is <u>Active</u> .
You must do a written <u>Cash</u> <u>Flow</u> plan every month.
You must also keep your checking account Balanced .
Overdrafts are a sign of <u>Crisis</u> <u>Living</u> and sloppy, lazy money habits.
Use <u>Duplicate</u> checks if necessary.
If not managed and made to behave, theATM
card and the <u>Debit</u> card are certain to
become budget busters.

REASONS WE DON'T DO A CASH FLOW PLAN

Most people hate the word "budget" for four reasons:

- 1. It has a <u>Straitjacket</u> connotation.
- 2. It has been used to <u>Abuse</u> them.
- 3. They've never had a budget that <u>Worked</u>.
- 4. Paralysis from Fear of what they will find.

WISDOM

"People don't plan to fail, they fail to plan."

-Anonymous

"To accomplish great things, we must dream as well as act."

-Anatole France

Cash flow plans do not work when you:

- 1. Leave things Out .
- 2. Overcomplicate your plan.
- 3. Don't actually _____ it.
- 4. Don't actually <u>Live</u> on it.

Video 2: Why Bother?

REASONS WE SHOULD DO A CASH FLOW PLAN

A written plan removes the "management by Crisis" from your finances.

Managed money goes <u>Farther</u>.

A written plan, if actually lived and agreed on, will remove many of the <u>Money</u> <u>Fights</u> from your marriage.

KEY POINT

Budgeting is not a method by which you make other people behave. Budgeting is a method by which you make money behave.

Most adults are pretty good at budgeting—when they bother to do it on purpose. Some basics include:

- Keeping up with your receipts and writing them in your account register.
- Using your bank's online tools to keep a close eye on your spending.

Remember the Four Walls No matter how tight your budget gets, never lose sight of these four priorities: 1. FOOD 2. SHELTER 3. CLOTHING 4. TRANSPORTATION

WISDOM

"You were born to win, but to be the winner you were born to be, you must plan to win and prepare to win. Then, and only then, can you legitimately expect to win."

–Zig Ziglar

"The safest way to double your money is to fold it over and put it in your pocket."

-Kin Hubbard

"Plans are only good intentions unless they immediately degenerate into hard work."

-Peter Drucker

-	lly lived and agreed on, will Guilt , Shame
	that may now be a part of
buying necessities such	as food or clothing.
remove many of the _	lly lived and agreed on, will Overdrafts from
your life, consequently	removing a lot of <u>Stress</u> .
-	lly lived and agreed on, will rspending in a certain area.
•	owerful method is a <u>Zero</u> - <u>Envelope</u> system.

Video 3: Building a Better Budget

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT FORMS

Welcome to the wonderful world of cash flow management! By filling out just a few forms, your new financial plan will start to unfold right in front of you. You'll immediately identify problem areas and learn how to close the valve of wasteful spending, because you'll know exactly where all of your dollars are going!

It will probably take a little while to complete the forms the first time. After that initial startup, however, you'll get better and better until budgeting becomes second nature.

Complete the whole set of forms to get started. Then, you'll only need to do the Monthly Cash Flow Plan (Form 5), Allocated Spending Plan (Form 7) or the Irregular Income Plan (Form 8) once a month. Dave will teach you which form best fits your specific situation. This should only take about 30 minutes a month once you get in the habit.

You'll also want to update the whole set of forms once a year or whenever you experience a dramatic positive or negative financial event (such as receiving a large inheritance or paying for a major house repair).

Use the examples on the following pages as a guide. You can download all the forms in a printable PDF format from the website, and you can even use the online budgeting tool as a replacement for the Monthly Cash Flow Plan (Form 5).

Are you ready? It's time to make those dollars dance! Go for it!

MAJOR COMPONENTS OF A HEALTHY FINANCIAL PLAN

Complete first Budget	NOW!				
Make an appt. with lawyer	June 6				
Begin debt snowball	July I				
NA	NA				
On hold until Baby Step 3	NA				
On hold until Baby Step 4	NA				
On hold until Baby Step 5	NA				
Start tithing	June 15				
Get Financial Peace Jr.	August				
Done	NA				
Done	NA				
Check company options	This week				
Check current policy details	July I				
Check replacement cost	This week				
I (We) <u>Joe & Suzie Public</u> , (a) responsible adult(s), do hereby promise to take the above stated actions by the above stated dates to financially secure the wellbeing of my (our) family and myself (ourselves). Signed: <u>Joe Q. Public</u> Date: <u>June 2</u> Signed: Suzie Q. Public Date: June 2					
	Make an appt. with lawyer Begin debt snowball NA On hold until Baby Step 3 On hold until Baby Step 4 On hold until Baby Step 5 Start tithing Get Financial Peace Jr. Done Check company options Check current policy details Check replacement cost Public s by the above stated dates to financially reself (ourselves). Date: Date: Jur				

O2 CONSUMER EQUITY SHEET

Item/Describe	Value -	Debt =	Equity
Real Estate	\$180,000	\$149,000	\$31,000
Real Estate			
Car	\$2,500		\$2,500
Car	\$3,000		\$3,000
Cash On Hand			
Checking Account			
Checking Account			
Savings Account	\$1,600		\$1,600
Money Market Account			
Mutual Funds			
Retirement Plan 1	\$400		\$400
Retirement Plan 2	\$8,000		\$8,000
Cash Value (Insurance)			
Household Items	\$30,000		\$30,000
Jewelry			
Antiques			
Boat			
Unsecured Debt (Negative)			
Credit Card Debt (Negative)			
Other			
Other			
Other			
TOTAL	\$225,500	\$149,000	\$76,500

O3 INCOME SOURCES

Source	Amount	Period/Describe
Salary 1	\$2,716	Ist of Month
Salary 2	*9 45	Ist \$ 15th - \$47250
Salary 3		
Bonus		
Self-Employment		
Interest Income		
Dividend Income		
Royalty Income		
Rents		
Rents		
Notes	- <u></u>	
Alimony		
Child Support		
AFDC		
Unemployment		
Social Security		
Pension		
Annuity		
		
Disability Income		
Cash Gifts		
Trust Fund	- 	
Other		
Other		
Other		
Omei		
TOTAI	\$3.66	

LUMP SUM PAYMENT PLANNING

Payments you make on a non-monthly basis, such as insurance premiums and taxes, can be budget busters if you do not plan for them every month. Therefore, you must annualize the cost and convert these to monthly budget items. That way, you can save the money each month and will not be caught off-guard when your bi-monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual bills come due. Simply divide the annual cost by 12 to determine the monthly amount you should save for each item.

Item Needed	Annual Amount		Monthly Amount
Real Estate Taxes		/ 12 =	
Homeowner's Insurance		/ 12 =	
Home Repairs		/ 12 =	
Replace Furniture		/ 12 =	
Medical Bills		/ 12 =	
Health Insurance		/ 12 =	
Life Insurance		/ 12 =	
Disability Insurance		/ 12 =	
Car Insurance		/ 12 =	
Car Repair/Tags		/ 12 =	
Replace Car		/ 12 =	
Clothing		/ 12 =	
Tuition		/ 12 =	
Bank Note		/ 12 =	
IRS (Self-Employed)		/ 12 =	
Vacation		/ 12 =	
Gifts (including Christmas)	\$1,200	/ 12 =	\$100
Other:		/ 12 =	

MONTHLY CASH FLOW PLAN

Every single dollar of your income should be allocated to some category on this form. When you're done, your total income minus expenses should equal zero. If it doesn't, then you need to adjust some categories (such as debt reduction, giving or saving) so that it does equal zero. Use some common sense here too. Do not leave things like clothes, car repairs or home improvements off this list. If you don't plan for these things, you're only setting yourself up for failure later.

Yes, this budget form is long. It's really long. We do that so that we can list practically every expense imaginable on this form to prevent you from forgetting something. Don't expect to put something on every line item. Just use the ones that are relevant to your specific situation.

Every main category on this form has subcategories. Fill in the monthly expense for each subcategory, and then write down the grand total for that category. Later, as you actually pay the bills and work through the month, use the "Actually Spent" column to record what you really spent in each area. If there is a substantial difference between what you budgeted and what you spent, then you'll need to readjust the budget to make up for the difference. If one category continually comes up over or short for two or three months, you'll need to adjust the budgeted amount accordingly.

Notes:

- An asterisk (*) beside an item indicates an area for which you should use a cash envelope system.
- The emergency fund should get all the savings until you've completed your full emergency fund of three to six months of expenses (Baby Step 3).
- Don't forget to include your annualized items from the Lump Sum Payment Planning sheet (Form 4), including your Christmas gift planning.

MONTHLY CASH FLOW PLAN

Budgeted Item	Sub Total	TOTAL	Actually Spent	% of Take Home Pay
CHARITABLE GIFTS		\$366		10%
SAVING Emergency Fund Retirement Fund College Fund HOUSING First Mortgage Second Mortgage	\$224 \$915	<u>\$224</u>		<u>6%</u>
Real Estate Taxes Homeowner's Ins. Repairs or Mn. Fee Replace Furniture Other	\$50	\$965		27%
Electricity Water Gas Phone Trash	\$100 \$55 \$75 \$45			
Cable	_\$2 _	\$296		_8%
*FOOD *Grocery *Restaurants	\$360 \$50	\$HO		12%
TRANSPORTATION Car Payment Car Payment *Gas and Oil *Repairs and Tires Car Insurance License and Taxes Car Replacement	\$150 \$80	\$230		5%
PAGE 1 TOTAL		\$2,491		

MONTHLY CASH FLOW PLAN (CONTINUED)

Budgeted Item	Sub Total	TOTAL	Actually Spent	% of Take Home Pay
*CLOTHING *Children *Adults *Cleaning/Laundry	\$100 	\$100		3%
MEDICAL/HEALTH Disability Insurance Health Insurance Doctor Bills Dentist	\$300 \$50 \$20			
Optometrist Medications PERSONAL		\$370		_10%_
Life Insurance Child Care *Baby Sitter	_\$65_ 			
*Toiletries *Cosmetics *Hair Care	#60			
Education/Adult School Tuition School Supplies				
Child Support Alimony Subscriptions Organization Dues	 \$25			
Gifts (incl. Christmas) Miscellaneous *Blow Money	\$50 \$100	<u>\$300</u>		_8%_
PAGE 2 TOTAL		\$770		

MONTHLY CASH FLOW PLAN (CONTINUED)

Budgeted Item	Sub Total	TOTAL	Actually Spent	% of Take Home Pay
RECREATION *Entertainment Vacation DEBTS (Hopefully \$0!) Visa 1 Visa 2 Master Card 1 Master Card 2 American Express Discover Card Gas Card 1 Gas Card 2 Dept. Store Card 1 Dept. Store Card 2 Finance Co. 1 Finance Co. 2	\$50 \$25 \$100 \$75 \$50	\$75_	Spent	Home Pay
Credit Line Student Loan 1 Student Loan 2 Other Other Other	\$100	\$325		9%_
PAGE 3 TOTAL PAGE 2 TOTAL PAGE 1 TOTAL GRAND TOTAL		\$400 \$770 \$2,491 \$3661		
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME		#3661 ZERO		

RECOMMENDED PERCENTAGES

How much of your income should be spent on housing, giving, food, etc.? Through experience and research, we recommend the following percentages. However, you should remember that these are only recommended percentages. If you have an unusually high or low income, then these numbers could change dramatically. For example, if you have a high income, the percentage spent on food will be much lower than someone with a low income.

If you find that you spend much more in one category than we recommend, however, it may be necessary to adjust your lifestyle in that area in order to enjoy more freedom and flexibility across the board.

Item	Actual %	Recommended %
CHARITABLE GIFTS	10%	10-15%
SAVING	6%	5-10%
HOUSING	21%	25-35%
UTILITIES	8%	5-10%
FOOD	12%	5-15%
TRANSPORTATION	5%	10-15%
CLOTHING	3%	2-7%
MEDICAL/HEALTH	10%	5-10%
PERSONAL	8%	5-10%
RECREATION	2%	5-10%
DEBTS	9%	5-10%

ALLOCATED SPENDING PLAN

This form goes into deeper detail than the Monthly Cash Flow Plan (Form 5). Here, you will allocate—or spend—all of your money from each individual pay period.

There are four columns on this form, representing the four weeks in a given month. You will use one column for each week you get paid. If you are married and your spouse earns an income, you will both use this same form. For weeks in which you both receive a paycheck, add those two incomes together and use a single column.

Now, go down the list and allocate each expense to a specific payday, using your bills' due dates as a guide. For example, if your phone bill is due on the 22nd and you get paid on the 15th and 30th, then you know that you would probably pay that bill from your income on the 15th. The point is to anticipate your upcoming expenses and income and plan accordingly.

Beside each line item, you'll see two blanks separated by a slash (/). Put the expense to the left of the slash and the remaining income from that pay period to the right of the slash. As you work your way down the column, the income remaining should diminish until you reach a perfect zero at the bottom of the list. If you have money left over at the end of the column, go back and adjust an area, such as savings or giving, so that you spend every single dollar.

NOTES:

- If you have an irregular income, such as self-employment or commissions, you should use the Irregular Income Planning sheet (Form 8) instead of the Allocated Spending Plan (Form 7).
- 2. If you know that you have an impulse spending problem, you may want to allocate more money to the "Blow" category. That way, you are at least setting up some spending boundaries.
- 3. An asterisk (*) beside an item indicates an area for which you should use a cash envelope system.

ALLOCATED SPENDING PLAN

PAY PERIOD:	_1 / 1	_1_/_8_	1_/_15	
ITEM: INCOME	_\$3, 88		<u>\$472</u>	
CHARITABLE	<u>366 / 282</u> 2	/	/	/
SAVING Emergency Fund Retirement Fund College Fund	<u>224/259</u> 8 /	/	/	/
HOUSING First Mortgage Second Mortgage Real Estate Taxes Homeowner's Ins. Repairs or Mn. Fees Replace Furniture Other:	915 / 1683 / / /	/	//	/
UTILITIES Electricity Water Gas Phone Trash Cable	100 / 1583 / / _45 / 1538 / _21 / 1517	/	/_ 55_/ <u>361</u> 15_/ <u>292</u> /_ /_	/
*FOOD *Grocery *Restaurants	2 <u>00 / 1311</u> 25 / 1292	/		/

ALLOCATED SPENDING PLAN (CONTINUED)

TRANSPORTATION					
Car Payment	/	/	/	/	 /
Car Payment	/	/	/	/	 /
* Gas and Oil	<u> 15 / 1211</u>	/	15_	/_32	 /
* Repairs and Tires	/	/	/	/	 /
Car Insurance	<u>80 / 1131</u>	/	/	/	 /
License and Taxes	/	/	/	/	 /
Car Replacement	/	/	/	/	 /
*CLOTHING					
* Children	/	/	/	/	 /
* Adults	<u>100 / 1037</u>	/	/	/	 /
* Cleaning/Laundry	/	/	/	/	 /
MEDICAL/HEALTH					
Disability Insurance	/	/	/	/	 /
Health Insurance	<u>300/_131</u>	/	/	/	 /
Doctor	50/681	/	/	/	 /
Dentist	/	/	20	/12_	 /
Optometrist	/	/	/	/	 /
Medications	/	/	/	/	 /
PERSONAL					
Life Insurance	65/622	/	/	/	 /
Child Care	/	/	/	/	 /
* Baby Sitter	/	/	/	/	 /
* Toiletries	/	/	/	/	 /
* Cosmetics	/	/	/	/	 /
* Hair Care	/	/	/	/	 /
Education/Adult	60 / 562	/	/	/	 /
School Tuition	/	/	/	/	 /
School Supplies	/	/	/	/	 /
Child Support	/	/	/	/	 /

ALLOCATED SPENDING PLAN (CONTINUED)

Alimony Subscriptions Organization Dues Gifts (incl. Christmas) Miscellaneous	//////	/	/	/
*BLOW \$\$	<u>100 / 381</u>	/	/	/
RECREATION				
* Entertainment	<u>50 / 331</u>	/	/	/
Vacation	<u>25 / 312</u>	/	/	/
DEBTS (Hopefully \$0!)				
Visa 1	100 /212	/	/	/
Visa 2	/	/	/	/
MasterCard 1		/	/	/
MasterCard 2	/	/	/	/
American Express	50 / 81	/	/	/
Discover Card	/	/	/	/
Gas Card 1	/	/	/	/
Gas Card 2	/	/	/	/
Dept. Store Card 1	/	/	/	/
Dept. Store Card 2	/	/	/	/
Finance Co. 1	/	/	/	/
Finance Co. 2	/	/	/	/
Credit Line	/	/	/	/
Student Loan 1	/	/	/	/
Student Loan 2	/	/	/	/
Other	/	/	/	/
Other	_81_/_0_	/	_12/_0	/

Many people have an "irregular" income, which simply means that their compensation fluctuates from month to month. This is especially common for the self-employed, as well as commission-based salespeople. While this makes it more difficult to predict your income, you are still responsible for doing a monthly budget!

The Monthly Cash Flow Plan (Form 5) should remain a crucial part of your plan, as it lays out exactly how much money you need to bring home each month to survive and prosper. However, instead of doing the Allocated Spending Plan (Form 7), you will use this Irregular Income Planning sheet.

On this form, simply look at the individual items from your Monthly Cash Flow Plan sheet and prioritize them by importance. Ask yourself, "If I only have enough money to pay one thing, what would that be?" Put that at the top of your list. Then, ask yourself, "If I only have enough money to pay one more thing, what would that be?" That's number two. Keep this up all the way down the list.

With your list in place, you're ready to get paid. If you get a \$1,500 paycheck, you will spend that \$1,500 right down the list until it is gone, recording the cumulative amount spent in the "Cumulative Amount" column. At that point, you're finished spending, no matter what remains unpaid on the list. That's why the most important things are at the top of the list, right?

Be prepared to stand your ground. Things usually have a way of seeming important when they are only urgent. For example, a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to see your favorite band perform live may seem important, but in reality, it is only urgent, meaning that it is time-sensitive. Urgency alone should not move an item to the top of this list!

Item	Amount	Cumulative Amount	
JC Penney	\$150	\$150	
Sears	\$250	\$400	
Visa	\$500	\$900	
Vacation - part	\$200	\$1100	
Christmas	\$400	\$1500	

O9 BREAKDOWN OF SAVINGS

After you have fully funded your emergency fund, you can start to save for other items, such as furniture, car replacement, home maintenance or a vacation. This sheet will remind you that every dollar in your savings account is already committed to something. For example, it's a bad idea to take money away from car repairs to pay for an impulse Hawaiian vacation, even if you pay cash for it. What would you do if the car broke down the week you got back home? However, it can be okay to re-assign the dollars to another category, as long as you do it on purpose and it doesn't put you in a pinch in another category. Keep up with your breakdown of savings every month, one quarter at a time.

Item	Balance By Month		
	October	November	December
Emergency Fund (1) \$1,000			
Emergency Fund (2) 3–6 months			
Retirement Fund			
College Fund			
Real Estate Taxes			
Homeowner's Insurance			
Repairs or Mn. Fee			
Replace Furniture			
Car Insurance			
Car Replacement	\$600	<u> \$700</u>	<u> </u>
Disability Insurance			
Health Insurance	<u> \$500</u>	<u> \$500</u>	<u>\$500</u>
Doctor			
Dentist			
Optometrist			
Life Insurance			
School Tuition			
School Supplies			
Gifts (incl. Christmas)	<u> \$500</u>	\$650_	\$800
Vacation			
Other			
Other			
TOTAL	\$1,600	\$1,850	\$2,100

Go online to take your quiz for Cash Flow Planning!

NEXT STEPS

Something get your attention in this lesson? Write it down!

ANSWER KEY

Active Do Cash Flow Live Balanced **Crisis** Crisis Living **Farther** Duplicate **Money Fights** ATM Guilt Debit Shame Straitjacket Fear Abuse **Overdrafts** Worked Stress Fear Overspending Leave Zero Out Envelope **Overcomplicate**

KEY POINTS

- 1. Spend every dollar on paper, on purpose, before the month begins.
- 2. Try the envelope system for the next three months.
- 3. Give your budget 90 days to really start working.

QUESTIONS FOR REFLECTION

1.	What are the benefits of a written cash flow plan?			
2.	How can a written budget impact a marriage or empower a single person?			
3.	Does budgeting come naturally to you? Would you consider yourself a Nerd or a Free Spirit?			

4.	How can the Four Walls (food, shelter, clothing, transportation) help you prioritize your spending?		
5.	What is your reaction to the concept of a cash envelope system? What are the pros and cons in your opinion?		
6.	Why is it important to set aside a little "blow money" every month?		

PERSONAL APPLICATION

After viewing Cash Flow Planning, be sure to complete these action items before moving on to the next lesson.

- Complete your first monthly zero-based budget using the Monthly Cash Flow Plan form in the back of this workbook or in the online resources.
- Complete these additional forms in the back of this workbook or in the online resources:
 - Major Components of a Healthy Financial Plan
 - Consumer Equity Sheet
 - Income Sources
 - · Lump Sum Payment Planning

SUCCESS STORY

When we first started Dave's plan, I could not have known how it would change our lives!

We started our Total Money Makeover two and a half years ago. We paid off \$16,000 in debt (mainly car loans and credit cards) and saved \$20,000 for our emergency fund in less than one year! Each month, we would find more ways to save money, and each month it got easier to live within our new budget.

At first, it was me pushing my husband, but once we got down to just our mortgage, my husband came home with the "crazy" idea of paying the house off quickly! We've knocked \$35,000 off our mortgage since then, and we're still going strong!

Dave's plan changed our lives, and I recommend it every chance I get!

-Laura