SCHOOL CALENDAR
2015-2016


Words and terms to learn:
Cloven, regurgitated, insulin, glands,
digested, chambers, hooves

## Recommended Reading:

Little Joe by Sandra Neil Wallace
Amazing Grazing by Cris Peterson
Beef Cattle in the Story of Agriculture by Susan Anderson and JoAnne Buggey The Beef Princess of Practical County by Michelle Houts

| Sunday | Monday Tuesday |  | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 1 |
| 2 | 3 <br> The average annual per capita consumption of beef is around 66 pounds. | 4 <br> Christopher Columbus brought cattle with him on his second voyage to the New World in 1493. | 5 <br> There are more than one million cattle operations in the United States | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & \text { Male cattle used for breeding } \\ & \text { are called bulls. } \end{aligned}$ | 7 <br> The most tender cut of beef is beef tenderloin, or Filet Mignon. | 8 |
| 9 | 10 <br> Ground beef is the most popular form of beef It is used to make hamburgers. | 11 <br> Beef is a good source of ZIP (Zinc, Iron \& Protein). | 12 <br> Cattle can eat around 40 pounds of food each day | 13 <br> Beef cattle have cloven, or split hooves. | 14 <br> Ear tags are one way farmers mark their cattle for easier recognition. | 15 |
| 16 | 17 <br> A cow's diet is a mixture of grain, hay, grass and supplements. | 18 <br> The cattle family (Bovidae) also includes sheep, goats, goat-antelopes and antelopes. | 19 <br> Cattle weighing 1,000 pounds will produce about 1,600 hamburgers. | $20$ <br> Cattle have a stomach with fou different chambers | 21 <br> Female cows, prior to giving birth, are called heifers. | 22 |
| $23$ $30$ | 24 <br> Cattle can see in color, just like people. 31 <br> It takes the hide of 3.8 steers to make 72 footballs. | $25$ <br> Cattle's partially digested regurgitated food is called cud. | 26 <br> Many medicines, including insulin, are made from the glands of cattle. | 27 <br> Depending on the breed, calves can weigh between $60-100$ pounds at birth. | 28 <br> Leather, from cowhide, is used to make footballs, basketballs, gloves, jackets and wallets. | 29 |



## September 2015

## Recommended Reading:

Apple Picking Time by Michele Benoit Slawson Apples by Gail Gibbons
Johnny Appleseed by Madeline Olsen From Seed to Apple by Anita Ganeri

| Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | 31 | 1 <br> Americans eat an average of 18 pounds of apples per year. | 2 <br> The GoldRush apple, a sweettart yellow apple, is the llinois state fruit. | 3 <br> There are approximately 7,500 varieties of apples grown throughout the world. | 4 <br> Apple trees are difficult to grow from seeds. Therefore, most trees are grafted to produce a new tree. | 5 |
| 6 | 7 <br> The apple was brought to the United States by the Pilgrims in 1620 . | 8 <br> Apples are a great source of fiber, containing 5 grams. Most of the fiber is in the peel. | 9 <br> The apple tree originated in an area between the Caspian and the Black Sea. | 10 <br> It takes about 36 apples to create one gallon of apple cider. | 11 <br> The science of apple growing is called pomology. | 12 |
| 13 | 14 <br> Apples are a member of the rose family. | 15 <br> Most apples are still picked by hand in the fall. | 16 <br> Apple trees take four to five years to produce their first fruit. | 17 <br> Two pounds of apples make one 9-inch pie. | 18 <br> The crabapple tree is the only apple tree native to North America. | 19 |
| 20 | 21 <br> Sunlight causes a chemical reaction in the sugars of apples. This is why they change colors. | 22 <br> Fresh apples float because 25\% <br> of their volume is air. | 23 <br> Of the 2,500 varieties of apples grown in the United States, 100 varieties are grown commercially. | 24 <br> Apples were the favorite fruit of the ancient Greeks and Romans. | 25 <br> Apple varieties range in size from a little larger than a cherry to as large as a grapefruit. | 26 |
| 27 | 28 <br> The top apple producing states are Washington, New York, Michigan, Pennsylvania and California. | 29 <br> Archeologists found evidence that humans have enjoyed apples since at least 6,500 B.C | $29$ <br> Apples are fat, sodium and cholesterol free | 1 | 2 | 3 |



Words and terms to learn:
Piglet, litter, insulin, domesticated, manure,
fertilizer, annually

## October 2015

## Recommended Reading:

A Hog Ate My Homework by Gary Metivier
Pigs \& Pork in the Story of Agriculture by Susan Anderson \& JoAnne Buggey Pigs will be Pigs by Amy Axelrod
Pigs by Gail Gibbons

| Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 1 <br> An average litter includes 8 to 12 piglets. Piglets weigh $2^{1 / 2}$ pounds at birth. | $2$ <br> Pigs cannot sweat, so farmers use fans and sprinklers to keep them cool. | 3 |
| 4 | 5 <br> As pigs grow, they can eat up to 9 pounds of feed per day. | 6 <br> Insulin is made from pigs ${ }^{\prime}$ adrenal glands and helps people with diabetes lower their blood sugar. | 7 <br> Pigs are very smart. They rank as the fourth most intelligent animal. | 8 <br> Pork is the food and products that come from pigs. Some examples are bacon, ham sausage, and pork chops. | 9 <br> Mature pigs drink up to <br> 5 gallons of water each day. | 10 |
| 11 | 12 <br> There are more than 180 species of pigs, found on every continent except Antarctica. continent except Antarcica. | 13 <br> Pigs weigh about 250 pounds by the time they are four to six months old. | 14 <br> The pig dates back 40 million years. By 4900 B.C., pigs were domesticated in China | 15 <br> The explorer, Hernando de Soto, landed with America's first 13 pigs at Tampa Bay, Florida, in 1539. | 16 <br> When first sold, hot dogs were called "red hots" and did not come on a bun. | 17 |
| 18 | 19 <br> lowa is the largest pork producing state in the United States, with Illinois ranking fourth. | 20 <br> A pig's tongue contains 15,000 taste buds. By comparison, the human tongue has 9,000 taste buds. | 21 <br> Research shows that pork tenderloin is just as lean as a kinless chicken breast. | 22 <br> Salt pork was shipped to Valley Forge to feed the Continental Army in the winter of $1776-77$. <br> Army in the winter of 1776-77 | $23$ <br> Hog manure is often spread on fields as fertilizer | 24 |
| 25 | 26 <br> The pork industry contributes $\$ 1.8$ billion to the lllinois economy annually. | 27 <br> Mother pigs are called sows. Baby pigs are called piglets. | 28 <br> The average person will eat twenty 240 pound pigs in their lifetime. | 29 <br> Pigs are one of the few animals that will not overeat. | 30 <br> Hot dogs were introduced to the public at the 1904 St. Louis World's Fair. | 31 |



| Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 <br> Corn is grown in every state in the United States. | 3 <br> There are several types of corn. The most common types are field corn, sweet corn and popcorn. | 4 <br> A kernel is the yellow seed on an ear of corn. One ear of corn averages 800 kernels in 16 rows. | 5 <br> Fossilized corn cobs and pollen found in Mexico suggest that corn was first domesticated by to 7,000 years ago, | 6 <br> One bushel of corn weighs <br> 56 pounds. | 7 |
| 8 | 9 <br> Each corn kernel contains four major components: starch, protein, oil and fiber. | 10 <br> Native Americans taught the settlers of Jamestown how to grow their own corn | 11 <br> An acre of corn will give off 4,000 gallons of water per day in evaporation. | 12 <br> More than half of the corn grown in the United States is fed to livestock. | 13 <br> Scientists created a road deicer made from corn. | 14 |
| 15 | 16 <br> Most corn grown in Illinois is field corn, which is used for ethanol production, animal feed \& processing | 17 <br> Tassels, stalks, husks, ears, leaves, roots and kernels are all part of a corn plant. | $18$ <br> Sweet corn is sweet because it turns starch into sugar. | 19 <br> Field corn is also known as dent corn, which is higher in starch and lower in sugar than sweet corn. | 20 <br> Processed corn is soaked and milled (ground) so that the germ oil, starch, gluten and hulls can be separated. | 21 |
| 22 | $23$ <br> One bushel of corn produces 2.8 gallons of ethanol. | 24 <br> Ethanol, a high performance fuel made from corn, is a renewable resource; gasoline is not. | 25 <br> Corn plastic is more environmentally friendly than petroleum based plastic, and it is completely biodegradable. | 26 <br> Illinois, Indiana, lowa, Nebraska and Minnesota grow more than $62 \%$ of the corn grown in the U.S. | $27$ <br> Popcorn is the official Illinois snack food. | 28 |
| 29 | 30 <br> Ethanol reduces greenhouse gas emissions by $40-50 \%$ whe compared directly to gasoline. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

Words and terms to learn:
Erosion, biodegradable, mature, species

## Recommended Reading:

Christmas Tree Farm by Ann Purmell
Mr. Willowby's Christmas Tree by Robert Barry
The Beautiful Christmas Tree by Charlotte Zolotow The Pine Tree Parable by Liz Curtis Higgs

| Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 29 | 30 | 1 <br> 98\% of all Christmas trees are grown on tree farms. | 2 <br> Using small candles to light a Christmas tree dates back to the middle of the $17^{\text {h }}$ century | 3 <br> Thomas Edison's assistant, Edward Johnson, developed the idea of electric lights for Christmas trees in 1882 | 4 <br> Christmas trees take an average <br> of $7-10$ years to mature. | 5 |
| 6 | 7 <br> More than 2,000 trees are usually planted per acre. At harvest, 750 trees usually remain. | 8 <br> Oregon is the leading producer of Christmas trees in the United States. | 9 <br> In the first week, a tree in your home will consume as much as a quart of water per day | 10 <br> In 1856, Franklin Pierce, the $14^{\text {th }}$ President of the United States, was the first President to place a Christmas tree in the White House. | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & \text { Chistmas trees are grown in all } \\ & \text { so staes. } \end{aligned}$ | 12 |
| 13 | 14 <br> The most common Christma tree species are: Balsam fir Douglas fir, Fraser fir, Noble fir Blue spruce, Scotch pine, and White pine. | 15 <br> Recycled trees are used to make sand and soil erosion barriers, and are placed in ponds for fish shelter. | 16 <br> Christmas trees remove dust and pollen from the air. | 17 <br> The first recorded reference to <br> the Christmas tree dates back <br> to the $16^{\text {th }}$ century | 18 <br> Until the 1930s, most Christmas trees grew wild in orests or in abandoned fields. | 19 |
| 20 | 21 <br> In the United States, there are about one million acre dedicated to tree farming. Each acre provides enoug oxygen for 18 people. | 22 <br> As a long term crop, trees allow a natural build-up of bird and animal populations. | 23 <br> There are about 350,000 acres in production for growing Christmas trees in the U.S, much of it preserving green space. | 24 <br> Christmas tree lights were first mass produced in 1890 | 25 <br> In 1851, the first Christmas tree retail lot in the United States was started in New York. | 26 |
| 27 | 28 <br> There are close to 350 million Christmas trees currently growing on tree farms in the United States, all planted by farmers. | 29 <br> Over 100,000 people are employed tullo or pat-1time in the Christmas tree industry. | 30 <br> There are almost 15,000 farms growing Christmas trees in the United States | 31 <br> Christmas trees are biodegradable, which means they will break down and become part of the soil again. | 1 | 2 |



Words and terms to learn:
Beta-carotene, acute, gestation, calcium, ruminant,
silage, pasteurization

## Recommended Reading:

The Milk Makers by Gail Gibbons
Clarabelle by Cris Peterson
Ice Cream: The Full Scoop by Gail Gibbons MILK! Life on a Dairy Farm by Ruth Owen

| Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 1 <br> Most dairy cows are milked 2-3 times per day. On average, a milk per day. | 2 |
| 3 | 4 <br> It takes more than 21 pounds of whole milk to make one pound of butter. | 5 <br> The natural yellow color of butter comes mainly from the beta-carotene found in the grass cows eat. | 6 <br> A typical dairy cow weighs 1,500 pounds and consumes about 100 pounds of dry matter each day | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & \text { Cows have an acute sense of } \\ & \text { smell, and can smell something } \\ & \text { up to six miles away. } \end{aligned}$ | 8 <br> Cheddar cheese is the most popular natural cheese in the United States. | 9 |
| 10 | 11 <br> The average cow drinks 25-50 gallons of water each dayabout a bathtub's worth. | 12 <br> Plastic milk bottles were first introduced in the United States in 1967 | 13 <br> McDonalds uses approximately four million gallons of low-fat vanilla yogurt each year in its Fruit ' $n$ ' Yogurt Parfait. | 14 <br> The most common breed of dairy cow found in the U.S. is the Holstein. | 15 <br> Female dairy cows must give birth to a calf to produce milk | 16 |
| 17 | 18 <br> Milk provides your body with calcium, which is needed for healthy bones and teeth | 19 <br> The milk you purchase is fresh. In most cases, only two days have passed from milking the cow to stocking the grocery store shelves. | 20 <br> It takes 12 pounds of whole milk to make one gallon of ice cream. Vanilla is the most popular flavor. | $21$ <br> Americans eat over 31 pounds of cheese each year | 22 <br> The gestation (pregnancy) period for cows is nine months. | 23 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 24 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | 25 <br> A dairy cow's diet includes hay, silage and grain. Silage is fermented corn, wheat or hay with the stalks and leaves. | 26 <br> Dairy cattle are called ruminants because they have four compartments in their stomach. | 27 <br> All 50 states in the United States have dairy farms. | 28 <br> Louis Pasteur discovered the process called pasteurization which kills bacteria and protects purity and flavor. | 29 <br> Americans eat about 350 slices of pizza per second, or almost 3 billion pizzas (made with Mozzarella cheese) per year | 30 |



## February 2016

| Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 31 | 1 <br> The term Equus is the scientific term used for our modern day equines (horses) | 2 <br> There are more than 350 breeds of horses and ponies around the world | 3 <br> A large enclosure to hold a horse is called a paddock. | 4 <br> Mustangs are the wild horses of the Western plains. Mustang means "ownerless." | 5 <br> Gait is a term used to describe the way a horse moves. | 6 |
| 7 | 8 <br> The average life span of a horse is $20-25$ years, though they can live for up to 30 years. | 9 <br> A hand is a unit used to measure the height of a hors A hand is equal to 4 inch | 10 <br> Hippology is the study <br> of horses. | 11 <br> Filly is the name for a young female horse. A young male horse is a colt. | 12 <br> Horses are herbivores and prefer a diet of fresh grass and hay (dried grass. | 13 |
| 14 | 15 <br> When a horse is born, its legs are almost their full adult length | 16 <br> Horses generally sleep standing up. | 17 <br> Professionals that trim horses hooves are called farriers Horses' hooves need to be trimmed every 6-8 weeks. | $18$ <br> A group of horses is a herd. | 19 <br> Tack is the name given to brushes, saddles and other equipment used to ride and care for horses. | 20 |
| 21 | $22$ <br> A thoroughbred horse can run a mile in about 90 seconds. | 23 <br> The height of a horse is measured from the ground to their withers, which is the high point between a horse's shoulder blades. | 24 <br> The four natural gaits of a horse are the walk, trot, canter and gallop. | 25 <br> A yearling is a horse that is between one and two years old. | 26 <br> Modern day equines are classified into four groups based on their size-miniatures, ponies, light weights and heavy weights, or draft horses. | 27 |
| 28 | 29 <br> The smallest breed of horse, the Falabella, grows to only 30 inches in height. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |



POULTRY (Mid Season)

| Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | 29 | 1 <br> By 3000 B.C., Egyptians had domesticated, or tamed, fowl that were laying eggs for man to eat. | 2 <br> Eggs contain the highest known quality food protein | $3$ <br> Laying hens sit on eggs for 2 days until they hatch. | 4 <br> The yellow portion of the egg is called the yolk. | 5 |
| 6 | 7 <br> A hen requires 24-26 hours to produce an egg. | 8 <br> Chickens make sounds with actual meaning. They give different alarm calls when threatened by different predators. | 9 <br> Chickens need grit, which is a mixture of angular, hard crushed rock, in their diet to produce eggs. | 10 <br> Chickens raised for their meat are called broilers or fryers. | 11 <br> Male chickens are called roosters. | 12 |
| 13 | 14 <br> You can tell whether an egg is fresh or stale by dropping it in a stale one will float. | 15 <br> The top 5 egg producing states are Iowa, Indiana, Ohio California and Pennsylvania. | 16 <br> The comb is a fleshy crest on chicken's head, and the wattle is the hanging flap of skin under their beaks. | 17 <br> Chickens are usually fed corn, wheat and soybean meal. | 18 <br> Female chickens are called pullets for their first year or until they begin to lay eggs, usually around 20 weeks. | 19 |
| 20 | 21 <br> Hens typically need to eat about four pounds of feed to produce a dozen eggs. | 22 <br> The color of an egg shell specifies the breed of chicken laying the egg and not the hen's diet. | 23 <br> Chickens can travel up to 9 miles per hour | 24 <br> Most eggs are laid between <br> 7 am and 11 am. | 25 <br> Eggs are a good source of lutein, important for eye health | 26 |
| 27 | 28 <br> Chickens are not completely flightless. They can get airborne enough to make it over a fence or into a tree. | $29$ <br> Only fertilized eggs will hatch | 30 <br> The house or cage in which a chicken lives is called a coop. | 30 <br> Chickens are omnivores <br> They eat seeds and insects but also eat larger prey like small mice and lizards. | 1 | 2 |



Words and terms to learn:
Legumes, amino acids, biodiesel, renewable,
biodegradable, extracting, consumption

## Recommended Reading

Soybeans in the Story of Agriculture by Susan Anderson and JoAnne Buggey
The Super Soybean by Raymond Bial
From Seed to Plant by Gail Gibbons
Oh Say Can You Seed by Bonnie Worth

| Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | $1$ <br> Farmers in China began growing soybeans more than 5,000 years ago | 2 |
| 3 | 4 <br> Biodiesel is a renewable fuel made from soybeans. It is biodegradable and non-toxic | 5 <br> During the Civil War, soybeans were used in place of coffee because real coffee was scarce. | 6 <br> The soybean is the highest natural source of dietary fiber. | 7 <br> A bushel of soybeans weighs about 60 pounds. | 8 <br> A soybean seed grows a little tail-like root called a radical. This becomes the plant's main root. | 9 |
| 10 | 11 <br> Soybeans are good for crop rotation because they leave nitrogen in the soil for the next crop. | 12 <br> Each soybean plant grows 60-80 pods, and each pod has three to four beans insid. | 13 <br> Soy ink is used in over $95 \%$ of America's dally newspapers. | 14 <br> One acre of soybeans can produce 82,368 crayons. | $15$ <br> Illinois plants enough soybeans to cover nine million football fields. | 16 |
| 17 | 18 <br> Soybeans are bushy, green plants that are three to five feet tall, called legumes. | 19 <br> In the 1920s, Dr. John Harvey Kellogg developed soy milk and meat substitutes from soybeans. | $20$ <br> Henry Ford used soybeans for paint and plastic in his cars. | 21 <br> In the fall, the soybean plant turns brown and the leaves drop off before they are harvested. | 22 <br> Soybeans are a source of high quality protein and contain ali eight of the essentia amino acids. | 23 |
| 24 | 25 <br> In 1904, George Washington Carver discovered a method of extracting soybean oil. | 26 <br> The average American consumes nearly half a cup of soybeans in some form each day. | 27 <br> More soybeans are grown in the United States than anywhere else in the world | 28 <br> One and a half gallons of biodiesel and 48 pounds of soybean meal can be produced from one bushel of soybeans. | 29 <br> The soybean is used for animal and human consumption, as well as consumer and industrial use. | 30 |



May 2016

Recommended Reading:
From Wheat to Pasta by Robert Egan BREAD! Life on a Wheat Farm by Ruth Owen Food: Bread by Louis Spilsbury
Grains by jill Kalz

| Sunday | Monday Tuesday |  | Wednesday Thursday |  | Friday | Saturday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $2$ <br> More foods are made with wheat than any other cereal grain. | 3 <br> One bushel of wheat yields 60 pounds of whole wheat flour or 42 pounds of white flour. | 4 <br> The wheat produced in Illinois is soft red winter wheat, which is used in cake mixes and pretzels. | 5 <br> A kernel of wheat, called the wheat berry, is the seed from which the wheat plant grows. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 6 \\ \text { Wheat kernels are ground } \\ \text { into flour. } \end{array}$ | 7 |
| 8 | 9 <br> The rest of the wheat plant below the spiked head is called straw (after harvest), which is bundled and used as animal bedding. | 10 <br> Wheat is harvested, or taken out of the fields, by combines where the kernel is separated from the straw. | 11 <br> A wheat plant is an annual grass plant that grows to be two to four feet tall. | 12 <br> Kansas produces the most wheat of any state in the nation. | 13 <br> The wheat from area farms is collected at grain elevators and then shipped to flour mils. | 14 |
| 15 | 16 <br> A wheat head contains 50 to <br> 75 kernels. | 17 <br> One bushel of wheat makes 5,000 four-inch cookies or fills 53 boxes of cereal | 18 <br> Swiss lake dwellers were grinding wheat kernels and water to bake flatbread by 7000-6000 B.C. | 19 <br> Wheat germ is the embryo of the wheat kernel that will develop into a wheat plant. | 20 <br> A modern combine can harvest 1,000 bushels of wheat per hour. | 21 |
| 22 | 23 <br> Wheat yields have improved by approximately $1 / 2$ bushel pe acre each year since 1900 . | $24$ <br> Wheat is grown in 42 states. | 25 <br> New varieties of wheat can take up to 17 years to develop before they are available for farmers to plant. | 26 <br> A family of four can live 10 years off of the bread produced from one acre of wheat. from one acre of wheat | 27 <br> Wheat plants grow many leaves and send up 3-12 stems called top of each tiller and matures into a wheat head. | 28 |
| 29 | 30 <br> In Illinois, 83\% of the wheat grown is in the southern half of the state, from Springfield south. | 31 <br> Each American consumes, on average, 53 pounds of bread per year. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |



Words and terms to learn:
Colonial, radius, originated, staple,
ingredient, edible

Recommended Reading:
The Pumpkin Patch by Margaret McNamara Just Your Average Princess by Kristina Springer From Seed to Pumpkin by Wendy Pfeffer Too Many Pumpkins by Linda White

| Sunday |  | Monday |  | Tuesday |  | Wednesday |  | Thursday |  | Friday | Saturday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 29 | 30 |  | 31 |  |  | Illinois produces more <br> pumpkins than any other <br> state and more than | 2 |  | 3 | It takes 110 days for pumpkin vine to produ mature pumpkins | 4 |
| 5 | 6 |  | 7 | Pumpkin seeds contain protein and iron, and can be roasted as a snack. | 8 |  | 9 | The name pumpkin <br> riginates from "pepon," |  |  | 11 |
| 12 |  | Pumpkins are a fruit beca they are the part of the plant that contains seeds |  |  |  | Morton, Illinois, is known <br> The Pumpkin Capital of <br> the World | 16 | "maxemeon." |  | (timplis | 18 |
| 19 | 20 |  |  | Native Americans used pumpkin as a staple in | 22 |  |  | Pumpkins can range in siz over 1,000 pounds |  |  | 25 |
| 26 |  | In early colonial times, pumpkins were used as an pies, not the filling | 28 | the iliginssanaded |  | ly 2016 | 30 |  |  |  | 2 |
| Sunday |  | Monday |  | Tuesday |  | Wednesday |  | Thursday |  | Friday | Saturday |
| 26 | 27 |  | 28 |  | 29 |  | 30 |  | 1 | A single vine from a pumpkin can grow up to 20 feet long | 2 |
| 3 |  | Native Americans taught <br> the Pilgrims how to grow | 5 |  |  | Pumpkins are members <br> of the Cucurbita family | 7 |  | 8 |  | 9 |
| 10 | 11 |  |  | The flowers of a pumpkin have 5 petals and |  | 3 and cuambes. | 14 | Pumpinis are opswater | 15 |  | 16 <br> Native Americans flattened trips of pumpkins, dried |
| 17 |  |  |  |  | pumpkins producedcommercially in the U.S. are |  | 21 |  | $22 \begin{gathered} \text { ciant pumphinis san gown } \\ \text { spouns } \end{gathered}$ |  | 23 |
| 24 | 25 |  | 26 |  |  |  | 28 | Pumpkins seeds are also known as pepitas. | 29 |  | 30 |
| 31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

AG MAGS ARE AVAILABLE ON-LINE AND IN CLASSROOM SETS OF 30.


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| :--- | :--- | :--- |
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| Careers | Pork | Urban |
| Corn | Pumpkin | Water |
| Dairy | Renewable Energy |  |



