Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) Incident Reporting and Investigation (IRI) Policy

Section: PS 818

Date issued: 2012 02 01 Revision date: 2014 04 01

Preamble

Executive government is responsible for setting standards and developing corporate processes that support permanent heads in ensuring healthy and safe workplaces.

A standardized procedure for incident reporting and investigation captures information for the employer to identify trends and issues in order to be proactive in preventing incidents and reoccurrence of incidents.

Application

This policy applies to all employees of Executive government including individuals hired as employees under contract.

This policy applies to all workplaces of Executive government where any person is injured or could be injured.

Policy

Executive government employees shall report, investigate and implement corrective measures for all incidents occurring in an Executive government workplace in accordance with this policy.

Key Principles

- Permanent heads are ultimately responsible to ensure workplace health, safety and welfare.
- Every employee is responsible for health and safety in the workplace within their level of authority.
- Incident reporting to the permanent head and appropriate supervisors will occur, investigations will be completed and corrective action(s) will be implemented in accordance with this policy.

Definitions

Central Incident Resource

An employee designated by the permanent head to coordinate and manage the required collection and distribution of incident information.

Dangerous Occurrence

Any incident that does not result in, but could have resulted in, a fatality or serious bodily injury, as outlined in *The Occupational Health and Safety Regulations*, 1996 (OHS Regulations), section 9.

First Aid

First Aid means immediate treatment received by someone in the workplace after an incident [OHS Regulations, section 2(y)].

First Aid Register

A First Aid Register (OHS Regulations, Part V) is a written log book required by every workplace for recording every first aid treatment received by someone in the workplace.

Injury

Injury includes any disease or impairment of physical or mental condition [OHS Regulations, section 2(2)] caused by exposure to factors associated with employment. Injuries can occur immediately from an incident, or develop over time after ongoing exposure, such as to hazardous materials leading to illness, repetitive movements leading to strain, etc.

Incident

An event that results in, or may result in, injury to persons. Types of incidents include: Injury; Serious Bodily Injury/Hospitalization (OHS Regulations, section 8); Near Miss; Dangerous Occurrence (OHS Regulations, section 9); and Fatality.

Incident Causes

Causes of an incident are identified during an investigation. There are often multiple causes at different levels including:

- Direct cause of an incident is what occurred immediately before the incident to cause or potentially cause the incident.
- Indirect causes of an incident are the sub-standard acts and/or conditions that lead to the incident occurring and answer "how" the incident happened.
- Root cause is the broader or systemic underlying causes that lead to the incident. These are usually expressed as a deficiency in the safety system and answers "why" the incident happened.

Incident Investigation Team

Employees or external resources that are designated by a Director/ Manager to investigate incidents. Examples include employer and employee Occupational Health Committee (OHC) co-chairs or other OHC members; the Occupational Health Representative (OHR) and the supervisor; ministry safety professionals; external specialists; and/or employees with technical or operational expertise pertinent to the incident.

Near Miss

An unplanned event that did not result in an injury or damage but had the potential to do so. Another familiar term is "close call". A near miss is not as severe as a Dangerous Occurrence.

Reasonably Possible

Performed promptly without delay at the first possible opportunity.

Supervisor

A person who is authorized by the employer to oversee and/or direct the work of others. There are varying levels of supervisory authority (e.g. Assistance Deputy Minister, Director, Manager, front-line, etc.)

Safety Champion

A ministry executive committee member designated by the permanent head to provide health and safety leadership and influence within his/her respective ministry.

Time Loss and No Time Loss Injury

- Time Loss Injury requires an employee to be absent from work beyond the day of injury; an employee is unable to return by his/her next scheduled shift.
- No Time Loss Injury requires no absenteeism or absenteeism for only the remaining portion of his/her shift at the time of injury.

Workplace

The physical location where work related responsibilities are authorized by the employer to be performed.

Roles and Responsibilities

Every employee is responsible for health and safety in the workplace within their level of authority.

Permanent heads have the ultimate accountability for ensuring workplace health and safety legislated requirements and excellence within their respective ministry and are responsible for:

- Achieving and maintaining an injury free workplace;
- Ensuring knowledge transfer of this policy to all employees;
- Designating a Safety Champion and Central Incident Resource;
- Reviewing page one of completed Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101;
- Ensuring decisions and follow up actions are implemented effectively; and
- Holding supervisors accountable for carrying out their responsibilities and adherence to this policy.

Safety Champions are responsible for:

- Gaining a depth of expertise on this policy and related procedures to fulfill this leadership role at the executive level and throughout their respective ministry; and
- Working with employees to ensure effective policy implementation within their respective ministry.

Supervisors are responsible for:

- Ensuring the health and safety of employees and others within their level of authority and area of operational responsibility;
- Ensuring employees receive training to this policy and holding employees and others accountable for carrying out their responsibilities and adherence to this policy;
- Ensuring the scene has been secured after an incident (see Appendices A and B);
- Ensuring completion and distribution of the Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101 (see Appendix C) and follow-up actions in the required time frames (see Appendices A and B);
- Mobilizing and collaborating with the Incident Investigation Team as required (Director/Manager level) (see Appendices A and B) then completing Formal Corrective Action Plan (see Appendix E);
- Obtaining Supervision and Safety training and Incident Investigation training if responsible for performing incident investigations and reporting requirements; and
- Completing the Employer (E1) form as required by Workers
 Compensation Board (WCB) and forwarding the E1 form to the
 Employee Service Centre (ESC) if the injury results in Time Loss
 (see Appendices A and B).

Employees are responsible for:

- Ensuring personal and workplace health and safety;
- Participating in training and adhering to this policy;
- Ensuring the appropriate supervisor is notified of all incidents immediately;
- If first on the incident scene, securing the scene and performing follow up actions as required (see Appendices A and B);
- Collaborating with those investigating an incident; and
- Completing the Worker (W1) form as required by WCB (see Appendices A and B).

Incident Investigation Teams are responsible for:

- Mobilizing as requested;
- Investigating incidents and completing and distributing a report as per the *Investigation and Reporting Guide* (see Appendix D) in the required timeframes (see Appendices A and B); and
- Obtaining incident investigation training.

Central Incident Resources are responsible for:

 Coordinating and supporting ministry incident reporting and investigation processes and statistical reporting.

NOTE: Ministries may determine additional roles and responsibilities.

Incident Reporting

All incidents shall be documented on *Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101* (see Appendix C) and distributed as required.

The Ministry of Labour Relations and Workplace Safety (LRWS), Occupational Health and Safety Division, shall be notified of incidents as prescribed in the OHS Regulations: section 8, Accidents causing serious bodily injury; and section 9, Dangerous occurrences.

Employees and supervisors shall complete the Worker (W1) and Employer (E1) forms as required by (WCB) (see Appendices A and B).

Incident Investigations

All incidents must be initially investigated by the supervisor who is operationally responsible for the area where the incident occurred. Utilize Appendix F to identify possible incident causes that may have contributed to the occurrence of the incident.

Incident Investigation Teams will perform investigations as per the Formal Incident Investigation Report Guide (see Appendix D) when:

 A serious bodily injury/dangerous occurrence incident occurred that causes or could have caused the death of a worker or that requires a worker to be admitted to a hospital as an in-patient (refer to OHS Regulations, sections 8, 9, 29 and 31).

NOTE: Ministries may conduct other investigations.

Forms and Statistics

Statistics and records shall be safeguarded, maintained and communicated as per applicable privacy legislation.

The Central Incident Resource will collate and report incident statistics to the permanent head of their respective ministry and for Executive government roll-up.

First Aid Register entries do not require the completion of Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101. Supervisors shall ensure employees complete First Aid Registers as required by OHS Regulations, section 57, and ensure a list of the entries are maintained/received by OHC co-chairs on a quarterly basis.

Training

All employees shall participate in *Incident Reporting and Investigation* policy training. Policy training is knowledge transfer at a level appropriate to an employee's level of authority and responsibility in order to effectively comply with this policy.

All supervisors shall participate in *Supervision and Safety* training or equivalent.

All employees who perform incident investigations shall obtain *Incident Investigation* training.

NOTE: Participation in Occupational Health Committee Level II or equivalent training meets the requirement for Incident Investigation training.

OHS Legislation

Key sections of the OHS Regulations related to incident investigation and reporting include:

- Section 8 Accidents (incidents) causing serious bodily injury
- Section 9 Dangerous occurrences
- Section 29 Investigation of certain accidents (incidents)
- Section 31 Investigation of dangerous occurrences Refer to the OHS Regulations for specific requirements

There are additional sections in the OHS Regulations where an investigation may be required. Consult your supervisor, local OHC, ministry safety professional or the OHS Division of LRWS for clarification.

Additional Legislation The Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993

The Public Service Act, 1998

The Health Information Protection Act

The Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act

The Saskatchewan Human Rights Code

Appendices Appendix A – OHS Incident Reporting and Investigation Flowchart

Appendix B – OHS Incident Response Procedures

Appendix C – OHS Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101

Appendix D – OHS Formal Incident Investigation
Appendix E – OHS Formal Corrective Action Plan
Appendix F – OHS Incident Cause Reference

Inquiries Public Service Commission, Occupational Health and Safety

Corporate Health and Safety Program Manager



APPENDIX A OHS INCIDENT REPORTING AND INVESTIGATION FLOWCHART

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Incident Occurs

^{1, 2}Immediately inform the appropriate Supervisor, and secure the scene to prevent further incident and disruption

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Call EMS and provide First Aid Treatment, if required

⁵ Supervisor completes OHS Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101 with the assistance of the people involved in the incident

- When the incident causes an employee injury: Employee completes a WCB-W1 form and sends to WCB
- Supervisor completes a WCB-E1 form and sends to WCB
- Employee Service Centre is notified if injury is also Time Loss

Supervisor determines if additional ministryspecific procedures are to be followed

Director/Manager reviews Form 101 and immediately forwards a copy of Page One to Permanent Head and others as required

Supervisor forwards the completed **OHS Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101** to the Director/Manager within 24 - 48 hrs

within 24 – 48 hours of the incident

Is there Serious Bodily Injury or No Yes **Dangerous Occurrence?**

Director/Manager authorizes the Initial Corrective Action Plan as per Form 101

or determines an alternate Corrective Action Plan

Preventative/corrective action is implemented and monitored

Date of completion is documented on the OHS Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101

Director/Manager signs and forwards the completed Form 101

to the Supervisor, affected employee(s), Central Incident Resource, and others as required within seven (7) working days of receiving it

- Further investigation is required Director/Manager immediately notifies LRWS OHS Division by forwarding Page One of Form 101 to the OHS Division
 - Director/Manager arranges for an Incident **Investigation Team to conduct a formal** investigation
- A formal incident investigation is conducted by the Incident Investigation Team
- The Incident Investigation Team completes a **OHS Formal Incident Investigation** (Appendix D) and forwards this to the Director/Manager

within seven (7) working days of beginning the investigation

13 Director/Manager reviews the OHS Formal Incident Investigation and completes an OHS Formal Corrective Action Plan (Appendix E) with assigned responsibilities and due dates

LFGFND: Small numbering corresponds to steps outlined in Appendix B OHS Incident Response Procedures

- Orange indicates actions by everyone
- Yellow indicates actions by supervisor
- Red indicates actions by Director/Manager
- Green indicates actions by Incident Investigation Team

Director/Manager provides a copy of the **OHS Formal Corrective Action Plan**

to Supervisor, employee, Central Incident Resource, and others as required within seven (7) working days of receiving the report

OHS Formal Corrective Action Plan

Preventative/corrective action is implemented and monitored Date of completion is documented on the

Continuous monitoring and evaluation of the process and follow-up actions

15, 16

APPENDIX B OHS INCIDENT RESPONSE PROCEDURES

Section: PS 818-B

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Procedure

In the event of an incident, Supervisors will:

- Be advised immediately that an incident has occurred.
- 2. Ensure the scene is secured to prevent further incident and disruption.
- 3. Ensure Emergency Medical Services have been called (ambulance, fire, police), if required.
- 4. Ensure first aid treatment has been provided by those who are certified/capable, as necessary.
- 5. Complete both sides of the OHS Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101 with input from the people involved in the incident [utilize OHS Incident Cause Reference (Appendix F) to assist in cause identification] and forward it to the Director/Manager within 24-48 hours of the incident. If unforeseen circumstances prevent Form 101 from being completed within the required timeframe, complete Form 101 as soon as possible with explanation for the delay.

NOTE: Determine if additional ministry-specific procedures are to be followed (e.g. violence, environmental, motor vehicle incidents, infectious disease exposure, etc).

Director/Manager will:

- 6. Review OHS Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101 and forward a copy of Page One to the permanent head, the Central Incident Resource, and others, as required, within 24-48 hours of the incident (Page One notifies the permanent head that an incident has occurred).
- 7. If no further investigation is required, ensure Form 101 is thoroughly completed and authorize corrective action via the section of the form titled "Initial Corrective Action Plan" (found at the end of Form 101) or determine an alternate Corrective Action Plan.
- 8. Ensure the Initial Corrective Action Plan is implemented and monitored for effectiveness. Indicate the date that corrective action was/will be completed on the OHS Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101.
- 9. Sign the completed *Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101* and forward a copy to the supervisor, affected employee(s), Central Incident Resource, and others, as required, **within seven days** of receiving it.¹

¹ All completed forms must be filed and distributed in accordance with privacy requirements.

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Further Investigation is required when:

• A Serious Bodily Injury or Dangerous Occurrence incident occurs – an incident that causes or could have caused the death of a worker or that requires a worker to be admitted to a hospital as an in-patient (refer to OHS Regulations, sections 8, 9, 29 and 31).

NOTE: Further investigation is not restricted to this. Ministries may conduct investigations for additional incidents.

If further investigation is required:

- 10. As per OHS Regulations, sections 8 and 9, the Director/Manager shall ensure the OHS Division of LRWS receives notification of the incident, as soon as reasonably possible, by **e-mailing/faxing the completed Page One** of *OHS Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101* to the OHS Division.
- 11. The Director/Manager will mobilize an Incident Investigation Team as soon as reasonably possible and ensure appropriate time and resources are allocated to complete the investigation.²
- 12. The Incident Investigation Team will investigate and compile a report as per the *OHS Formal Incident Investigation Report* (Appendix D) and forward a copy to the Director/Manager as soon as reasonably possible but **within seven days** of beginning the investigation of the incident.³
- 13. The Director/Manager reviews the Incident Investigation Team's OHS Formal Incident Investigation Report, then completes an OHS Formal Corrective Action Plan (Appendix E) form and includes assigned responsibilities and targeted completion dates.
- 14. The Director/Manager provides a copy of the *OHS Formal Corrective Action Plan* to the Incident Investigation Team, affected supervisor(s), affected employee(s) Central Incident Resource and others as required **within seven days** of receiving the Incident Investigation Team's report.
- 15. The *OHS Formal Corrective Action Plan* is implemented and monitored for effectiveness by the Director/Manager.
- 16. The Director/Manager indicates the date of completion on the *OHS Formal Corrective Action Plan*.

² Incident investigation may require collaboration with other ministries.

³ An incident investigation may require more time than seven days. In these instances, the Director/Manager can authorize an agreed upon additional time requirement.

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Workers Compensation Board (WCB)

WCB requires the submission of a completed *Workers Initial Report of Injury (W1)* form and an *Employer's Initial Report of Injury (E1)* form for all incidents that occur at the workplace:

- Where an employee requires medical treatment from a healthcare professional (which may or may not require time away from work);
- That results in time away from work; or
- That does not result in time away from work but has the potential to result in a future claim (e.g. asbestos exposure, needle stick injury, etc.).
- 1. The employee shall complete and submit a WCB Workers Initial Report of Injury (W1) form and provide a copy of it to or notify their immediate supervisor of the submission.
- 2. The employee's supervisor shall complete a WCB *Employer's Initial Report of Injury (E1)* form and submit it to WCB **within five days** from the date of notification of the injury.

Worker WCB forms can be found on-line at http://www.wcbsask.com/workers/worker-resources/

Employer WCB forms can be found online at http://www.wcbsask.com/employers/employer-resources/

Employee Service Centre (ESC)

ESC requires notification of employee injury if Time Loss occurs. Forward a copy of the completed E1 form to ESC if the claim is Time Loss or if it is possible the claim could become a Time Loss.



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Incident #:

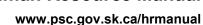
APPENDIX C OHS INCIDENT REPORTING AND INVESTIGATION FORM 101

Section: PS 818-C
Date issued: 2012 02 01
Date updated: 2014 04 01

IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION: (Name of	person involved – complete a separate form for each p	erson)
		Phone Numbers: (home)
Last Name:	First Name:	(work) (cell)
	5+ Male Female	(work)
<u> </u>		(6.)
Supervisor	Supervisor (work) Contact: (cell)	(fax)
Name:	Contact: (cell)	
Complete this section if a government employee:	Ministry:	Division:
Branch:	Region:	Unit:
Work Address:		City/Town:
Employee Occupation: (job title/class)		Employee #:
Date of shift: (dd/mm/yyyy)	Orientation/training for position: (course do	ates) Years/Months in position:
Start time of shift: (am/pm)		
INCIDENT INFORMATION:	and () Leading of Inclined	
Date of Incident: (dd/mm/yyyy) Time of Incide	ent: (am/pm) Location of Incident:	Reported by: Date:
		Reported to: Time:
Other parties involved: (e.g. contractor, public, clien	t, volunteer)	
Others notified: (e.g. 911, police/RCMP, OHS Division)	
TYPE OF INCIDENT: (Charles)		
TYPE OF INCIDENT: (Check one)		
Near Miss (no injury)		Injury/Hospitalization (OH&S Reg, section 8)
Dangerous Occurrence (OH&S Reg, section 9)	Fatality	
INCIDENT CATEGORY: (Check one)	EVENOCUES TO HARMSHIP CURSTANICS	CURS TRIPS FALLS
VIOLENCE ☐ Assault/Violence (e.g. Actual hit/contact)	EXPOSURE TO HARMFUL SUBSTANCES AND/OR ENVIRONMENTS	SLIPS, TRIPS, FALLS From Elevation (e.g. stairs, chairs, heights,
☐ Attempted Violence (e.g. Attempted, miss)	☐ Animal/Insect	ladder, into hole)
☐ Aggression (e.g. Threatened, verbal)	☐ Asbestos	☐ On Ice
PHYSICAL EXERTIONS/STRAINS	☐ Biological/Infectious (e.g. needle-stick,	☐ On Same level (e.g. uneven surface, stumble) ☐ On Slippery Surface (e.g. water, grease, oil)
☐ Lifting (e.g. weight of object/person)	blood/body fluids, hantavirus, hepatitis, HIV, other biohazards)	
☐ Overexertion/bodily motion (e.g. bending,	☐ Chemical (e.g. smoke, fumes, dust, vapors, acid,	TRANSPORTATION ☐ Aviation (e.g. planes, helicopters)
climbing, crawling, overreaching, twisting) Pushing/Pulling (e.g. object stays in contact	gases, liquids, corrosives)	☐ Licensed Motor Vehicle (e.g. boat, bus, car,
with surface and is pulled, pushed or turned)	☐ Electric Shock/Electricity/Arc☐ Heat/Cold	truck, van)
Reflex Motion (e.g. catch a falling object/person)	☐ Noise DAMAGE	Unit(s) Type:
☐ Repetitive Motion	☐ Light/glare ☐ Environmental	Unit(s) #: License Plate #:
CONTACT WITH OBJECT/EQUIPMENT	☐ Radiation ☐ Equipment/Tool	☐ Powered Mobile Equipment (e.g. ATV's,
☐ Caught In/On/Between (e.g. caught in, under, between, crushed, pinched)	☐ Water ☐ Property	construction vehicles, forklifts, lawn mowers, snow-
☐ Contact with Hot/Cold	FIRES, EXPLOSIONS SECURITY	blowers, snowmobile, tractors) Unit Type:
☐ Contact with Object/Equipment (e.g. struck	☐ Explosion ☐ Theft	OTHER (describe)
by or against, stepped on, cut, hit by)	☐ Fire	□ Psychological
Nature of Injury/Area Affected: (Left or Right)	<u>Tre</u> atment <u>Adm</u> inistered:	Lost Time: No Yes Unsure
Nature of Injury/Area Affected. (Legt of Aignt)	None Medical Clinic/Emergency Visit	First work day missed:
	First-aid Hospital stay	(dd/mm/yyyy)
Employee's Description of Incident: (Include detail	ls of the activity at the time of the incident. Add attachme	ents if necessary).
	Date: Employee S	
	(dd/mm/yyyy)	☐ Yes, a WCB W1 form was completed
IMMEDIATE DISTRIBUTION By Supervisor to	□ Director/Manager	Other
OF PAGE 1 ONLY: By Director to:	□ Permanent Head □ Central Incident Resource	□ Other

INITIAL INVESTIGATION FIN	DINGS: (Refer to Append	ix F- Incident Cause Reference C	Guide or ministry-specific inv	estigation tools)	
ANALYCIC. 5:11:			l		
ANALYSIS: Fill in each level of call				ossible.	
What is the <u>direct cause(s)</u> of thi	is incident? (What event of	occurred immediately before the	? incident?)		
What is the indirect cause(s) of t	this incident? (Sub-standa	erd acts and/or conditions Refe	r to Annendiy F - OHS Incide	ent Cause Reference fo	r a list of notential
indirect causes.)	ins incident: (Sub-standa	ra acts ana/or conditions. Neje	r to Appendix r – Oris inclue	int cause rejerence jo	i a list of potential
What is the root cause(s)? (The l	broader or systemic underlyi	ng causes that lead to the incid	ent. Refer to Appendix F – O	HS Incident Cause Refe	erence for a list of
potential root causes.)					
INITIAL CORRECTIVE ACTION	N PLAN: (Actions that	will he taken to correct the	root causes)		
MITTAL CONNECTIVE ACTION	TEAR. (Actions that	will be taken to correct the	Responsible Perso	n Target Date	Completed Date
1.			·		·
2.					
3.					
If incident is a Dangerous Occurre is required. The Director/Manag			perty/equipment/enviro	nmental damage, fu	irther investigation
Attach additional Ministry-specif			/A. Investigation checklists o	or tools. etc.)	
Supervisor Comments:			,		
			☐ Yes	, a WCB E1 form was o	completed
			☐ Yes	, other documentation	was completed
				(describe)	
		Date: (dd/mn	Signature:	Supervisor	
Director/Manager Comments:		(du/IIII	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	the Director/Manage	r has spoken with the
2 cotor, manager comments.				ected employee(s) to d	
		Date:	Signature:		
		(dd/mn	n/yyyy)	Director/Mai	nager
UPON COMPLETION, DISTRIBUTE					
0. 0 00 120, 2.0	By Supervisor to:	□ Director/Manager			
BOTH PAGE 1 & 2:	By Supervisor to: By Director to:	☐ Director/Manager☐ Central Incident Resource			

Human Resource Manual



Saskatchewan Public Service Commission

Incident #:

APPENDIX D OHS FORMAL INCIDENT INVESTIGATION

Section: PS 818-D

Date issued: 2012 02 01 Revision date: 2014 04 01

<u>To be completed by an Investigation Team when a formal investigation is required.</u>

FORMAL INCIDENT INVESTIGATION REPORT

INCIDENT TITLE
Date of Incident
Location of Incident

Investigating Team Members:

Name (Lead)/Title:

Name/Job Title: Name/Job Title: Name/Job Title:

Report Date: Date of completion

FORMAL INCIDENT INVESTIGATION REPORT

Ministry Name

1.	SUMMARY	OF INCIDE	ENT:	

[Provide a high level summary of the incident and what occurred].

2	WHO	WAS	INVOI	VFD:

[List the individuals who were directly involved in the incident].

NAME	ROLE IN INCIDENT	PHONE #

3. INTERVIEWS:

[Identify who was interviewed and when].

DATE	TIME	WHO

4. NATURE OF INJURIES:

[Describe the nature, type and severity of any injuries].

5. PHYSICAL LAYOUT:

[Include a layout map, floor plan or drawing indicating the approximate location and distance of the elements involved in the incident].

6. FACTUAL CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS:

[Provide a step by step of date/time and what occurred leading up to the incident].

DATE/TIME	WHAT OCCURRED

7	PI	HI	ZS	IC	ΔI	[,]	\mathbf{F}	JΤ	D.	\mathbf{F} \mathbf{N}	\mathbf{C}	₹.•

[List any physical evidence gathered during the investigation. Include measurements taken, photographs, samples, etc.].

8. DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE:

[List any documentary evidence gathered during the investigation.(eg. policies, procedures, preventive maintenance documentation, training records, etc.)].

9. INCIDENT CAUSATION FACTORS:

[Identify specific causative factors that contributed to the incident. Refer to Appendix F - Reference Guide – Possible Indirect/Root Causes].

- a. Task/Procedure
 - •
 - •
 - •
 - •
- b. Material/Equipment
 - •
 - •
 - •
 - •
- c. Environment
 - •
 - •
 - •
 - •
- d. People
 - •
 - •
 - •
 - •
- e. Administrative
 - •
 - •
 - •
 - •

11.	Guide – Possible Indirect/Root Causes]. • • • • • ROOT CAUSES:	ine the contributing factors. Refer to Appendix F - Reference root causes. Refer to Appendix F - Reference Guide — Possib	
	[Determine possible corrective actions that will address the	ne deficiencies noted as contributing factors and root causes].	•
	Recommended Action	Complete by: (date)	
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
Lea	nd Investigator's Signature	Date	_

Copies distributed by Director/Manager to:

□ Supervisor

 \square Incident Investigation Team

 \square Employee(s)

☐ Central Incident Resource ☐ OHC Co-chairs (if exist) ☐ Other (list): _____



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ncident #:	APPENDIX E
	OHS FORMAL CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Section: PS 818-E

	5.1.5 i 51			Date issued:	2014 04 01
This form outlines the Director/Mana	ager's corrective actions that will be ta	ken after a Formal Incident II	nvestigation Report has be	en completed and submi	tted.
Ministry:		Division/	Branch:		
Region:			uarters: 'City/Town)		
Incident Date/Time:					
Incident Summary:					
Corrective Actions To Be Take	n		Responsible Person	Target Date	Completion
4					Status/Date
1.					
2.					
3.					
4					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
Follow-up Review is scheduled	d for (Date):		Responsible Perso	n:	
Date: S	ignature:		Job Title/Role:		
Copies distributed by Director/Manager to:	☐ Supervisor ☐ Employee(s) ☐ Incident Investigation Team	☐ Central Incident Resource☐ Other (list):	☐ OHC Co-chairs (if exist)		

APPENDIX F OHS INCIDENT CAUSE REFERENCE

Section: PS 818-F

Date issued: 2014 04 01

1. INDIRECT CAUSES:

Substandard Actions:

- ➤ Client behavior
- > Improper lifting
- Improper loading or placement
- ➤ Inadequately secured
- ➤ Inadequate warning
- ➤ Misbehavior/horseplay
- ➤ Making safety devices inoperable or removing safety devices
- Not using PPE or using it improperly
- ➤ Operating at improper speed
- Operating equipment without training
- Safe Operating Procedure/Guideline or Safety Policy not followed
- ➤ Servicing equipment in operation
- ➤ Unnecessary haste
- Using defective equipment
- Using equipment improperly

Substandard Conditions:

- Congested or restricted area
- Defective tools, equipment or materials
- Dust, smoke
- > Fire and explosion hazards
- ➤ Gases, fumes, vapor
- > Hazardous substances (WHMIS)
- ➤ High/low temperature
- ➤ Improper storage
- ➤ Inadequate guards or barriers
- ➤ Inadequate ventilation
- ➤ Inadequate warning system
- ➤ Inadequate/excessive lighting
- ➤ Infectious substances
- ➤ Noise exposure
- ➤ Poor housekeeping/disorder
- ➤ Radiation exposure
- ➤ Slippery , wet, icy
- Weather

Substandard Vehicle, Machinery, Equipment and Tools, Material:

- ➤ Improper or inadequate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
- ➤ Inadequate fall protection
- ➤ Inadequate guards or barriers
- > Inadequate maintenance
- ➤ Inadequate tools or equipment
- ➤ Not in good working condition
- ➤ Not used according to operating instructions
- ➤ Safety devices not operating
- Wrong vehicle, machinery, equipment, tools or material used

Personal Factors:

- **➢** Distractions
- ➤ Fatigue
- ➤ Improper motivation
- ➤ Inadequate experience
- ➤ Inadequate training
- ➤ Medications/drugs/ alcohol
- ➤ Physical limitations
- ➤ Stress

Job Factors:

- ➤ Abuse or misuse
- ➤ Inadequate oversight/direction
- ➤ Inadequate safe operating procedures/guidelines
- ➤ Inadequate tools or equipment
- ➤ Inadequate work standards
- ➤ Inadequate maintenance
- ➤ Inadequate resources
- ➤ Inadequate supervision
- ➤ Wear and tear

2. ROOT CAUSES:

System Design:

- ➤ Inadequate hazard and risk identification process
- ➤ Inadequate or lack of safe operating procedures, guidelines or safety policy
- Lack of a training program

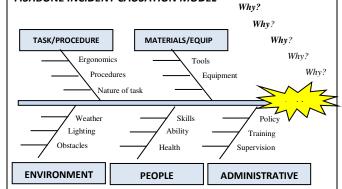
System Implementation:

- ➤ Allowing unsafe behaviours
- > Failure to report incident
- > Inadequate processes
- ➤ Inadequate supervision
- ➤ Inadequate workplace inspections
- ➤ Insufficient supervisor training
- > Insufficient worker orientation
- ➤ Insufficient worker training
- Lack of accountability for safety infractions
- Lack of an Incident analysis process
- Lack of communication plan
- ➤ Lack of emergency response plan
- ➤ Lack of tool box/safety meetings
- ➤ No action taken on recommended corrective actions
- Safe operating procedures not enforced

Management Controls:

- > Emergency preparedness
- ➤ General promotion
- ➤ Health control
- > Hiring and job placement
- ➤ Incident analysis
- ➤ Incident investigations
- ➤ Leadership and administration
- ➤ Management training
- Organizational rules
- ➤ Personal communications
- ➤ Planned inspections
- ➤ Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
- Program evaluation systems/audits
- ➤ Safety/Toolbox meeting(s)
- ➤ Task analysis and procedures
- > Task observation
- ➤ Worker orientation
- ➤ Worker training

FISHBONE INCIDENT CAUSATION MODEL



Tasks/Procedure

- Ergonomics
- Safe work procedures
- Condition changes

Materials/Equipment

- Appropriate tools/materials
- Safety devices
- Equipment failure
- Machinery design/guarding
- Hazardous substances
- Substandard material
- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Environment

- Weather conditions
- Housekeeping/clutter
- Temperature
- Lighting, NoiseAir contaminants

<u>People</u>

- Level of experience
- Level of training
- Physical capability
- Health
- Fatigue
- Stress

<u>Administrative</u>

- Visible active management for support for safety
- Safety policies
- Enforcement of safety policies
- Adequate supervision
- Knowledge of hazards
- Hazard corrective action
- Preventive MaintenanceRegular audits
- Communication