OM-222 166U 2011–01

Processes

Induction Heating

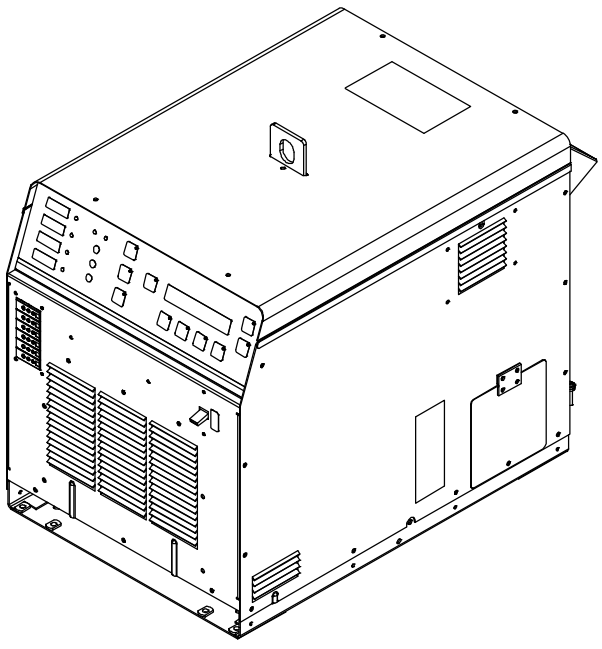
Description

3 Phase AC

Induction Heating Power Source

ProHeat® 35

CE And Non CE Models



OWNER'S MANUAL

File: Induction Heating

Visit our website at

www.MillerWelds.com

From Miller to You

Thank you and *congratulations* on choosing Miller. Now you can get the job done and get it done right. We know you don't have time to do it any other way.

That's why when Niels Miller first started building arc welders in 1929, he made sure his products offered long-lasting value and superior quality. Like you, his customers couldn't afford anything less. Miller products had to be more than the best they could be. They had to be the best you could buy.

Today, the people that build and sell Miller products continue the tradition. They're just as committed to providing equipment and service that meets the high standards of quality and value established in 1929.

This Owner's Manual is designed to help you get the most out of your Miller products. Please take time to read the Safety precautions. They will help you protect yourself against potential hazards on the worksite.

ISO 9001 REGISTERED QUALITY SYSTEM

Miller is the first welding equipment manufacturer in the U.S.A. to be registered to the ISO 9001 Quality System Standard.

We've made installation and operation quick and easy. With Miller you can count on years of reliable service with proper maintenance. And if for some reason the unit needs repair, there's a Troubleshooting section that will help you figure out what the problem is. The parts list will then help you to decide the exact part you may need to fix the problem. Warranty and service information for your particular model are also provided.

Miller Electric manufactures a full line of welders and welding related equipment. For information on other quality Miller products, contact your local Miller distributor to receive the latest full line catalog or individual specification sheets. **To locate your nearest distributor or service agency call 1-800-4-A-Miller, or visit us at www.MillerWelds.com on the web.**

TRUE BLUE® WARRANTY

Working as hard as you do – every power source from Miller is backed by the most hassle-free warranty in the business.

Miller®

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DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

for European Community (CE marked) products.

MILLER Electric Mfg. Co., 1635 Spencer Street, Appleton, WI 54914 U.S.A. declares that the product(s) identified in this declaration conform to the essential requirements and provisions of the stated Council Directive(s) and Standard(s).

Product/Apparatus Identification:

Product	Stock Number
PROHEAT 35 W/TEMPERATURE CONTROL 400-460V, CE	907432

Council Directives:

- 2006/95/EC Low Voltage
- 2004/108/EC Electromagnetic Compatibility

Standards:

- IEC 60974-1: 2005 Arc Welding Equipment – Welding Power Sources
- IEC 60974-10:2007 Arc Welding Equipment Electromagnetic Compatibility Requirements

Signatory:

October 26, 2010

David A. Werba

Date of Declaration

MANAGER, PRODUCT DESIGN COMPLIANCE

240667C

SECTION 1 – SAFETY PRECAUTIONS – READ BEFORE USING

ihom _2010-03

Protect yourself and others from injury — read and follow these precautions.

1-1. Symbol Usage

DANGER! – Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. The possible hazards are shown in the adjoining symbols or explained in the text.

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. The possible hazards are shown in the adjoining symbols or explained in the text.

NOTICE *– Indicates statements not related to personal injury.*

☞ *Indicates special instructions.*

This group of symbols means Warning! Watch Out! ELECTRIC SHOCK, MOVING PARTS, and HOT PARTS hazards. Consult symbols and related instructions below for necessary actions to avoid the hazards.

1-2. Induction Heating Hazards

The symbols shown below are used throughout this manual to call attention to and identify possible hazards. When you see the symbol, watch out, and follow the related instructions to avoid the hazard. The safety information given below is only a summary of the more complete safety information found in the Safety Standards listed in Section 1-5. Read and follow all Safety Standards.

Only qualified persons should install, operate, maintain, and repair this unit.

During operation, keep everybody, especially children, away.

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

Touching live electrical parts can cause fatal shocks or severe burns. The power circuit and output bus bars or connections are electrically live whenever the output is on. The input power circuit and machine internal circuits are also live when power is on. Incorrectly installed or improperly grounded equipment is a hazard.

- Do not touch live electrical parts.
- Enclose any connecting bus bars and coolant fittings to prevent unintentional contact.
- Wear dry, hole-free insulating gloves and body protection.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulating mats or covers big enough to prevent any physical contact with the work or ground.
- Additional safety precautions are required when any of the following electrically hazardous conditions are present: in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings, or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling, or lying; or when there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground. For these conditions, see ANSI Z49.1 listed in Safety Standards. And, do not work alone!
- Disconnect input power before installing or servicing this equipment. Lockout/tagout input power according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147 (see Safety Standards).
- Use only nonconductive coolant hoses with a minimum length of 18 inches (457 mm) to provide isolation.
- Properly install and ground this equipment according to its Owner's Manual and national, state, and local codes.
- Always verify the supply ground – check and be sure that input power cord ground wire is properly connected to ground terminal in disconnect box or that cord plug is connected to a properly grounded receptacle outlet.
- When making input connections, attach proper grounding conductor first – double-check connections.
- Keep cords dry, free of oil and grease, and protected from hot metal and sparks.
- Frequently inspect input power cord for damage or bare wiring – replace cord immediately if damaged – bare wiring can kill.
- Turn off all equipment when not in use.
- Do not use worn, damaged, undersized, or poorly spliced cables.
- Do not drape cables over your body.
- Do not touch power circuit if you are in contact with the work, ground, or another power circuit from a different machine.
- Use only well-maintained equipment. Repair or replace damaged parts at once. Maintain unit according to manual.
- Wear a safety harness if working above floor level.
- Keep all panels and covers securely in place.

SIGNIFICANT DC VOLTAGE exists in inverter power sources AFTER removal of input power.

- Turn Off inverter, disconnect input power, and discharge input capacitors according to instructions in Maintenance Section before touching any internal parts.

FUMES AND GASES can be hazardous.

Induction Heating of certain materials, adhesives, and fluxes can produce fumes and gases. Breathing these fumes and gases can be hazardous to your health.

- Keep your head out of the fumes. Do not breathe the fumes.
- If inside, ventilate the area and/or use local forced ventilation to remove fumes and gases.
- If ventilation is poor, wear an approved air-supplied respirator.
- Read and understand the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) and the manufacturer's instruction for adhesives, fluxes, metals, consumables, coatings, cleaners, and degreasers.
- Work in a confined space only if it is well ventilated, or while wearing an air-supplied respirator. Always have a trained watchperson nearby. Fumes and gases from heating can displace air and lower the oxygen level causing injury or death. Be sure the breathing air is safe.
- Do not heat in locations near degreasing, cleaning, or spraying operations. The heat can react with vapors to form highly toxic and irritating gases.
- Do not overheat coated metals, such as galvanized, lead, or cadmium plated steel, unless the coating is removed from the heated area, the area is well ventilated, and while wearing an air-supplied respirator. The coatings and any metals containing these elements can give off toxic fumes if overheated. See coating MSDS for temperature information.

FIRE OR EXPLOSION hazard.

- Do not overheat parts.
- Watch for fire; keep extinguisher nearby.
- Keep flammables away from work area.
- Do not locate unit on, over, or near combustible surfaces.
- Do not install unit near flammables.
- Do not operate where the atmosphere may contain flammable dust, gas, or liquid vapors (such as gasoline).
- After completion of work, inspect area to ensure it is free of sparks, glowing embers, and flames.
- Use only correct fuses or circuit breakers. Do not oversize or bypass them.

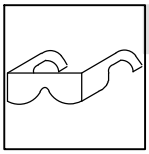
INDUCTION HEATING can burn.

- Do not touch hot parts bare-handed.
- Allow cooling period before handling parts or equipment.
- Do not touch or handle induction head/coil during operation.
- Keep metal jewelry and other metal personal items away from head/coil during operation.
- To handle hot parts, use proper tools and/or wear heavy, insulated welding gloves and clothing to prevent burns.

1-3. Additional Symbols for Installation, Operation, and Maintenance

FALLING EQUIPMENT can injure.

- Use handle and have person of adequate physical strength lift unit.
- Move unit with hand cart or similar device.
- For units without a handle, use equipment of adequate capacity to lift and support unit.
- Keep equipment (cables and cords) away from moving vehicles when working from an aerial location.
- If using lift forks to move unit, be sure forks are long enough to extend beyond opposite side of unit.
- Follow the guidelines in the Applications Manual for the Revised NIOSH Lifting Equation (Publication No. 94–110) when manually lifting heavy parts or equipment.



FLYING METAL OR DIRT can injure eyes.

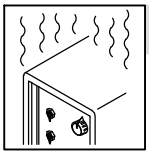
- Wear approved safety glasses with side shields or wear face shield.

MOVING PARTS can injure.

- Keep away from moving parts such as fans.
- Keep all doors, panels, covers, and guards closed and securely in place.
- Have only qualified persons remove doors, panels, covers, or guards for maintenance and troubleshooting as necessary.
- Reinstall doors, panels, covers, or guards when maintenance is finished and before reconnecting input power.

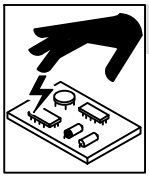
ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS (EMF) can affect Implanted Medical Devices.

- Wearers of Pacemakers and other Implanted Medical Devices should keep away.
- Implanted Medical Device wearers should consult their doctor and the device manufacturer before going near arc welding, spot welding, gouging, plasma arc cutting, or induction heating operations.



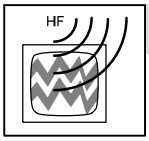
OVERUSE can cause OVERHEATING

- Allow cooling period.
- Reduce output or reduce duty cycle before starting to heat again.
- Follow rated duty cycle.



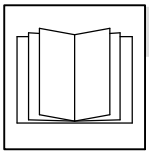
STATIC (ESD) can damage PC boards.

- Put on grounded wrist strap BEFORE handling boards or parts.
- Use proper static-proof bags and boxes to store, move, or ship PC boards.



H.F. RADIATION can cause interference.

- High-frequency (H.F.) can interfere with radio navigation, safety services, computers, and communications equipment.
- Have only qualified person familiar with electronic equipment perform this installation.
- The user is responsible for having a qualified electrician promptly correct any interference problem resulting from the installation.
- If notified by the FCC about interference, stop using the equipment at once.
- Have the installation regularly checked and maintained.
- Keep high-frequency source doors and panels tightly shut.



READ INSTRUCTIONS.

- Read and follow all labels and the Owner's Manual carefully before installing, operating, or servicing unit. Read the safety information at the beginning of the manual and in each section.
- Use only genuine replacement parts from the manufacturer.
- Perform maintenance and service according to the Owner's Manuals, industry standards, and national, state, and local codes.

1-4. California Proposition 65 Warnings

Welding or cutting equipment produces fumes or gases which contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects and, in some cases, cancer. (California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq.)

Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. *Wash hands after handling.*

This product contains chemicals, including lead, known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. *Wash hands after use.*

For Gasoline Engines:

Engine exhaust contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

For Diesel Engines:

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

1-5. Principal Safety Standards

Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, ANSI Standard Z49.1, from Global Engineering Documents (phone: 1-877-413-5184, website: www.global.ihs.com).

Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, CSA Standard W117.2, from Canadian Standards Association, Standards Sales, 5060 Spectrum Way, Suite 100, Ontario, Canada L4W 5NS (phone: 800-463-6727, website: www.csa-international.org).

OSHA, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for General Industry, Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 1910, Subpart Q, and Part 1926, Subpart J, from U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954 (phone: 1-866-512-1800) (there are 10 OSHA Regional Offices—phone for Region 5, Chicago, is 312-353-2220, website: www.osha.gov).

National Electrical Code, NFPA Standard 70, from National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269 (phone: 1-800-344-3555, website: www.nfpa.org and www. sparky.org).

Canadian Electrical Code Part 1, CSA Standard C22.1, from Canadian Standards Association, Standards Sales, 5060 Spectrum Way, Suite 100, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada L4W 5NS (phone: 800-463-6727, website: www.csa-international.org).

Safe Practice For Occupational And Educational Eye And Face Protection, ANSI Standard Z87.1, from American National Standards Institute, 25 West 43rd Street, New York, NY 10036 (phone: 212-642-4900, website: www.ansi.org).

Applications Manual for the Revised NIOSH Lifting Equation, The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), 1600 Clifton Rd, Atlanta, GA 30333 (phone: 1-800-232-4636, website: www.cdc.gov/NIOSH).

1-6. EMF Information

Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized electric and magnetic fields (EMF). Welding current creates an EMF field around the welding circuit and welding equipment. EMF fields may interfere with some medical implants, e.g. pacemakers. Protective measures for persons wearing medical implants have to be taken. For example, access restrictions for passers–by or individual risk assessment for welders. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:

1. Keep cables close together by twisting or taping them, or using a cable cover.
2. Do not place your body between welding cables. Arrange cables to one side and away from the operator.
3. Do not coil or drape cables around your body.
4. Keep head and trunk as far away from the equipment in the welding circuit as possible.
5. Connect work clamp to workpiece as close to the weld as possible.
6. Do not work next to, sit or lean on the welding power source.
7. Do not weld whilst carrying the welding power source or wire feeder.

About Implanted Medical Devices:

Implanted Medical Device wearers should consult their doctor and the device manufacturer before performing or going near arc welding, spot welding, gouging, plasma arc cutting, or induction heating operations. If cleared by your doctor, then following the above procedures is recommended.

SECTION 2 – CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ – LIRE AVANT UTILISATION

Se protéger, ainsi que toute autre personne travaillant sur les lieux, contre les étincelles et le métal chaud.

2-1. Signification des symboles

DANGER! – Indique une situation dangereuse qui si on l'évite pas peut donner la mort ou des blessures graves. Les dangers possibles sont montrés par les symboles joints ou sont expliqués dans le texte.

Indique une situation dangereuse qui si on l'évite pas peut donner la mort ou des blessures graves. Les dangers possibles sont montrés par les symboles joints ou sont expliqués dans le texte.

***NOTE** – Indique des déclarations pas en relation avec des blessures personnelles.*

☞ *Indique des instructions spécifiques.*

Ce groupe de symboles veut dire Avertissement! Attention! DANGER DE CHOC ELECTRIQUE, PIECES EN MOUVEMENT, et PIECES CHAUDES. Consulter les symboles et les instructions ci-dessous y afférant pour les actions nécessaires afin d'éviter le danger.

2-2. Dangers relatifs au soudage à l'arc

Les symboles présentés ci-après sont utilisés tout au long du présent manuel pour attirer votre attention et identifier les risques de danger. Lorsque vous voyez un symbole, soyez vigilant et suivez les directives mentionnées afin d'éviter tout danger. Les consignes de sécurité présentées ci-après ne font que résumer l'information contenue dans les normes de sécurité énumérées à la section 2-5. Veuillez lire et respecter toutes ces normes de sécurité.

L'installation, l'utilisation, l'entretien et les réparations ne doivent être confiés qu'à des personnes qualifiées.

Au cours de l'utilisation, tenir toute personne à l'écart et plus particulièrement les enfants.

UNE DÉCHARGE ÉLECTRIQUE peut entraîner la mort.

Le contact de composants électriques peut provoquer des accidents mortels ou des brûlures graves. Le circuit électrique et les barres collectrices ou les connexions de sortie sont sous tension lorsque l'appareil fonctionne. Le circuit d'alimentation et les circuits internes de la machine sont également sous tension lorsque l'alimentation est sur marche. Des équipements installés ou reliés à la borne de terre de manière incorrecte sont dangereux.

- Ne pas toucher aux pièces électriques sous tension.
- Protéger toutes les barres collectrices et les raccords de refroidissement pour éviter de les toucher par inadvertance.
- Porter des gants isolants et des vêtements de protection secs et sans trous.
- S'isoler de la pièce à couper et du sol en utilisant des housses ou des tapis assez grands afin d'éviter tout contact physique avec la pièce à couper ou le sol.
- D'autres consignes de sécurité sont nécessaires dans les conditions suivantes : risques électriques dans un environnement humide ou si l'on porte des vêtements mouillés ; sur des structures métalliques telles que sols, grilles ou échafaudages ; en position coincée comme assise, à genoux ou couchée ; ou s'il y a un risque élevé de contact inévitable ou accidentel avec la pièce à souder ou le sol. Dans ces conditions, voir ANSI Z49.1 énuméré dans les normes de sécurité. En outre, ne pas travailler seul !
- Couper l'alimentation d'entrée avant d'installer l'appareil ou d'effectuer l'entretien. Verrouiller ou étiqueter la sortie d'alimentation selon la norme OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147(se reporter aux Principales normes de sécurité).
- N'utiliser que des tuyaux de refroidissement non conducteurs ayant une longueur minimale de 457 mm pour garantir l'isolation.
- Installer le poste correctement et le mettre à la terre convenablement selon les consignes du manuel de l'opérateur et les normes nationales, provinciales et locales.
- Toujours vérifier la terre du cordon d'alimentation. Vérifier et s'assurer que le fil de terre du cordon d'alimentation est bien raccordé à la borne de terre du sectionneur ou que la fiche du cordon est raccordée à une prise correctement mise à la terre.
- En effectuant les raccordements d'entrée, fixer d'abord le conducteur de mise à la terre approprié et revérifier les connexions.
- Les câbles doivent être exempts d'humidité, d'huile et de graisse; protégez–les contre les étincelles et les pièces métalliques chaudes.
- Vérifier fréquemment le cordon d'alimentation afin de s'assurer qu'il n'est pas altéré ou à nu, le remplacer immédiatement s'il l'est. Un fil à nu peut entraîner la mort.
- L'équipement doit être hors tension lorsqu'il n'est pas utilisé.
- Ne pas utiliser des câbles usés, endommagés, de grosseur insuffisante ou mal épissés.
- Ne pas enrouler les câbles autour du corps.
- Ne pas toucher le circuit électrique si l'on est en contact avec la pièce, la terre ou le circuit électrique d'une autre machine.
- N'utiliser qu'un matériel en bon état. Réparer ou remplacer sur-le-champ les pièces endommagées. Entretenir l'appareil conformément à ce manuel.
- Porter un harnais de sécurité si l'on doit travailler au-dessus du sol.
- S'assurer que tous les panneaux et couvercles sont correctement en place.

Il reste une TENSION DC NON NÉGLIGEABLE dans les sources de soudage onduleur UNE FOIS le moteur coupé.

- Avant de toucher des organes internes, couper l'onduleur, débrancher l'alimentation et décharger les condensateurs d'alimentation conformément aux instructions indiquées dans la partie maintenance.

LES FUMÉES ET LES GAZ peuvent être dangereux.

Le chauffage à induction de certains matériaux, adhésifs et flux génère des fumées et des gaz. Leur inhalation peut être dangereuse pour votre santé.

- Ne pas mettre sa tête au-dessus des vapeurs. Ne pas respirer ces vapeurs.
- À l'intérieur, ventiler la zone et/ou utiliser une ventilation forcée au niveau de l'arc pour l'évacuation des fumées et des gaz.
- Si la ventilation est médiocre, porter un respirateur anti-vapeurs approuvé.
- Lire et comprendre les spécifications de sécurité des matériaux (MSDS) et les instructions du fabricant concernant les adhésifs, les

flux, les métaux, les consommables, les revêtements, les nettoyants et les dégraisseurs.

- Travailler dans un espace fermé seulement s'il est bien ventilé ou en portant un respirateur. Demander toujours à un surveillant dûment formé de se tenir à proximité. Des fumées et des gaz provenant du chauffage peuvent déplacer l'air, abaisser le niveau d'oxygène et provoquer des lésions ou des accidents mortels. S'assurer que l'air ambiant ne présente aucun danger.
- Ne pas chauffer dans des endroits se trouvant à proximité d'opérations de dégraissage, de nettoyage ou de pulvérisation. La chaleur peut réagir en présence de vapeurs et former des gaz hautement toxiques et irritants.
- Ne pas surchauffer des métaux munis d'un revêtement tels que l'acier galvanisé, plaqué au plomb ou au cadmium, à moins que le revêtement ne soit enlevé de la zone chauffée, que la zone soit bien ventilée et, si nécessaire, en portant un respirateur. Les revêtements et tous les métaux contenant ces éléments peuvent dégager des fumées toxiques s'ils sont surchauffés. Voir les informations concernant la température dans les spécifications de revêtement MSDS.

Risque D'INCENDIE OU D'EXPLOSION.

- Ne pas surchauffer les composants .
- Attention aux risques d'incendie: tenir un extincteur à proximité.

- Stocker des produits inflammables hors de la zone de travail.
- Ne pas placer l'appareil sur, au-dessus ou à proximité de surfaces inflammables.
- Ne pas installer l'appareil à proximité de produits inflammables.
- Ne pas faire fonctionner l'appareil si l'air ambiant est chargé de particules, gaz, ou vapeurs inflammables (vapeur d'essence, par exemple).
- Une fois le travail achevé, assurez–vous qu'il ne reste aucune trace d'étincelles incandescentes ni de flammes.
- Utiliser exclusivement des fusibles ou coupe–circuits appropriés. Ne pas augmenter leur puissance; ne pas les ponter.

LE CHAUFFAGE PAR INDUCTION peut provoquer des brûlures.

- Ne pas toucher des parties chaudes à mains nues.
- Laisser refroidir les composants ou équipements avant de les manipuler.

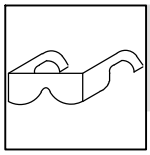
- Ne pas toucher ou manipuler la tête/l'enroulement à induction pendant le fonctionnement.
- Tenir les bijoux et autres objets personnels en métal éloignés de la tête/de l'enroulement pendant le fonctionnement.
- Ne pas toucher aux pièces chaudes, utiliser les outils recommandés et porter des gants de soudage et des vêtements épais pour éviter les brûlures.

2-3. Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance

LA CHUTE DE L'ÉQUIPEMENT peut provoquer des blessures.

- Utiliser la poignée et demander à une personne ayant la force physique nécessaire pour soulever l'appareil.
- Déplacer l'appareil à l'aide d'un chariot ou d'un engin similaire.

- Pour les unités sans poignée, utiliser un équipement de levage de capacité suffisante pour lever l'appareil.
- Tenir l'équipement (câbles et cordons) à distance des véhicules mobiles lors de toute opération en hauteur.
- En utilisant des fourches de levage pour déplacer l'unité, s'assurer que les fourches sont suffisamment longues pour dépasser du côté opposé de l'appareil.
- Suivre les consignes du Manuel des applications pour l'équation de levage NIOSH révisée (Publication Nº94–110) lors du levage manuelle de pièces ou équipements lourds.



DES PIECES DE METAL ou DES SALETES peuvent provoquer des blessures dans les yeux.

- Porter des lunettes de sécurité à coques latérales ou un écran facial.

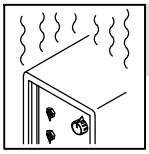
DES ORGANES MOBILES peuvent provoquer des blessures.

- S'abstenir de toucher des organes mobiles tels que des ventilateurs.
- Maintenir fermés et verrouillés les portes, panneaux, recouvrements et dispositifs de protection.

Les CHAMPS ÉLECTROMAGNÉTIQUES (CEM) peuvent affecter les implants médicaux.

- Les porteurs de stimulateurs cardiaques et autres implants médicaux doivent rester à distance.

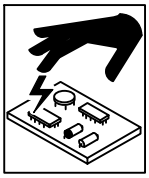
- Les porteurs d'implants médicaux doivent consulter leur médecin et le fabricant du dispositif avant de s'approcher de la zone où se déroule du soudage à l'arc, du soudage par points, du gougeage, de la découpe plasma ou une opération de chauffage par induction.



L'EMPLOI EXCESSIF peut SURCHAUFFER L'ÉQUIPEMENT.

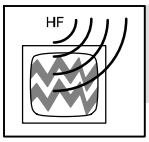
- Prévoir une période de refroidissement
- Réduire le courant de sortie ou le facteur de marche avant de recommencer le chauffage.

- Respecter le cycle opératoire nominal.



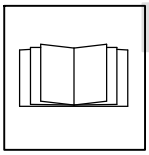
LES CHARGES ÉLECTROSTATIQUES peuvent endommager les circuits imprimés.

- Établir la connexion avec la barrette de terre AVANT de manipuler des cartes ou des pièces.
- Utiliser des pochettes et des boîtes antistatiques pour stocker, déplacer ou expédier des cartes PC.



LE RAYONNEMENT HAUTE FRÉQUENCE (HF) risque de provoquer des interférences.

- Le rayonnement haute fréquence (HF) peut provoquer des interférences avec les équipements de radio-navigation et de communication, les services de sécurité et les ordinateurs.
- Demander seulement à des personnes qualifiées familiarisées avec des équipements électroniques de faire fonctionner l'installation.
- L'utilisateur est tenu de faire corriger rapidement par un électricien qualifié les interférences résultant de l'installation.
- Si le FCC signale des interférences, arrêter immédiatement l'appareil.
- Effectuer régulièrement le contrôle et l'entretien de l'installation.
- Maintenir soigneusement fermés les portes et les panneaux des sources de haute fréquence.



LIRE LES INSTRUCTIONS.

- Lire et appliquer les instructions sur les étiquettes et le Mode d'emploi avant l'installation, l'utilisation ou l'entretien de l'appareil. Lire les informations de sécurité au début du manuel et dans chaque section.
- N'utiliser que les pièces de rechange recommandées par le constructeur.
- Effectuer l'entretien en respectant les manuels d'utilisation, les normes industrielles et les codes nationaux, d'état et locaux.

2-4. Proposition californienne 65 Avertissements

⚠ **Les équipements de soudage et de coupage produisent des fumées et des gaz qui contiennent des produits chimiques dont l'État de Californie reconnaît qu'ils provoquent des malformations congénitales et, dans certains cas, des cancers. (Code de santé et de sécurité de Californie, chapitre 25249.5 et suivants).**

⚠ **Les batteries, les bornes et autres accessoires contiennent du plomb et des composés à base de plomb, produits chimiques dont l'État de Californie reconnaît qu'ils provoquent des cancers et des malformations congénitales ou autres problèmes de procréation. *Se laver les mains après manipulation.***

⚠ **Ce produit contient des éléments chimiques, dont le plomb, reconnus par l'État de Californie pour leur caractère cancérogène ainsi que provoquant des malformations congénitales ou autres problèmes de procréation. *Se laver les mains après toute manipulation.***

Pour les moteurs à essence :

⚠ **Les gaz d'échappement des moteurs contiennent des produits chimiques dont l'État de Californie reconnaît qu'ils provoquent des cancers et des malformations congénitales ou autres problèmes de procréation.**

Pour les moteurs diesel :

⚠ **Les gaz d'échappement des moteurs diesel et certains de leurs composants sont reconnus par l'État de Californie comme provoquant des cancers et des malformations congénitales ou autres problèmes de procréation.**

2-5. Principales normes de sécurité

Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, ANSI Standard Z49.1, from Global Engineering Documents (phone: 1-877-413-5184, website: www.global.ihs.com).

Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, CSA Standard W117.2, from Canadian Standards Association, Standards Sales, 5060 Spectrum Way, Suite 100, Ontario, Canada L4W 5NS (phone: 800-463-6727, website: www.csa-international.org).

OSHA, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for General Industry, Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 1910, Subpart Q, and Part 1926, Subpart J, from U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954 (phone: 1-866-512-1800) (there are 10 OSHA Regional Offices—phone for Region 5, Chicago, is 312-353-2220, website: www.osha.gov).

National Electrical Code, NFPA Standard 70, from National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269 (phone: 1-800-344-3555, website: www.nfpa.org and www. sparky.org).

Canadian Electrical Code Part 1, CSA Standard C22.1, from Canadian Standards Association, Standards Sales, 5060 Spectrum Way, Suite 100, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada L4W 5NS (phone: 800-463-6727, website: www.csa-international.org).

Safe Practice For Occupational And Educational Eye And Face Protection, ANSI Standard Z87.1, from American National Standards Institute, 25 West 43rd Street, New York, NY 10036 (phone: 212-642-4900, website: www.ansi.org).

Applications Manual for the Revised NIOSH Lifting Equation, The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), 1600 Clifton Rd, Atlanta, GA 30333 (phone: 1-800-232-4636, website: www.cdc.gov/NIOSH).

2-6. Informations relatives aux CEM

Le courant électrique qui traverse tout conducteur génère des champs électromagnétiques (CEM) à certains endroits. Le courant de soudage crée un CEM autour du circuit et du matériel de soudage. Les CEM peuvent créer des interférences avec certains implants médicaux comme des stimulateurs cardiaques. Des mesures de protection pour les porteurs d'implants médicaux doivent être prises: par exemple, des restrictions d'accès pour les passants ou une évaluation individuelle des risques pour les soudeurs. Tous les soudeurs doivent appliquer les procédures suivantes pour minimiser l'exposition aux CEM provenant du circuit de soudage:

1. Rassembler les câbles en les torsadant ou en les attachant avec du ruban adhésif ou avec une housse.
2. Ne pas se tenir au milieu des câbles de soudage. Disposer les câbles d'un côté et à distance de l'opérateur.
3. Ne pas courber et ne pas entourer les câbles autour de votre corps.
4. Maintenir la tête et le torse aussi loin que possible du matériel du circuit de soudage.
5. Connecter la pince sur la pièce aussi près que possible de la soudure.
6. Ne pas travailler à proximité d'une source de soudage, ni s'asseoir ou se pencher dessus.
7. Ne pas souder tout en portant la source de soudage ou le dévidoir.

En ce qui concerne les implants médicaux :

Les porteurs d'implants doivent d'abord consulter leur médecin avant de s'approcher des opérations de soudage à l'arc, de soudage par points, de gougeage, du coupage plasma ou de chauffage par induction. Si le médecin approuve, il est recommandé de suivre les procédures précédentes.

SECTION 3 – DEFINITIONS

3-1. Warning Label Definitions

Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards as shown by the symbols.

1 Electric shock from wiring can kill.

1.1 Wear dry insulating gloves. Do not wear wet or damaged gloves.

1.2 Disconnect input plug or power before working on machine.

2 Induction heating can cause injury or burns from hot items such as rings, watches, or parts.

2.1 Do not wear metal jewelry and other metal personal items such as rings and watches during operation.

2.2 Do not touch hot parts or hot head/coil.

3 Induction heating sparks can cause fire. Do not overheat parts and adhesives.

3.1 Keep flammables away from heating operation. Do not heat near flammables.

3.2 Heating sparks can cause fires. Have a fire extinguisher nearby and have a watchperson ready to use it.

4 Breathing heating fumes can be hazardous to your health. Read Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) and manufacturer's instructions for material used.

4.1 Keep your head out of the fumes.

4.2 Use forced ventilation or local exhaust to remove the fumes.

4.3 Use ventilating fan to remove fumes.

5 Always wear safety glasses or goggles during and around heating operations to prevent possible injury.

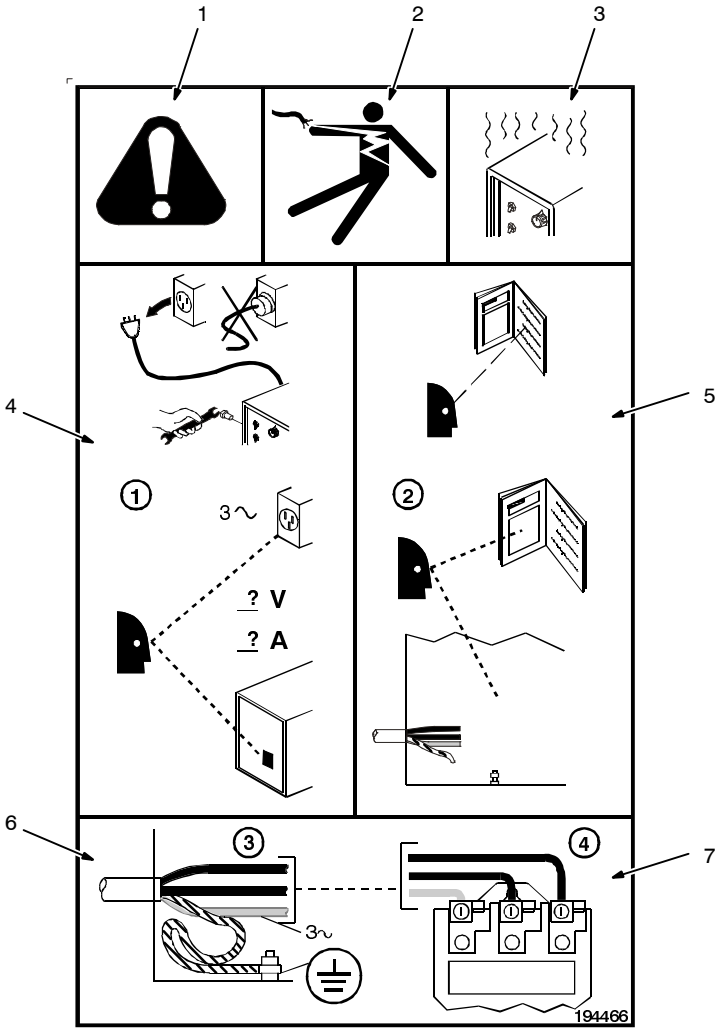
5.1 Wear either safety glasses or full goggles depending on type of operation and nearby processes.

6 Do not remove or paint over (cover) the label.

7 Become trained and read the instructions before working on the machine or heating.

190 025

3-2. Warning Label Definitions (Continued)



1 Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards as shown by the symbols.

2 Electric shock from wiring can kill.

3 Overuse can cause overheating. Follow rated duty cycle.

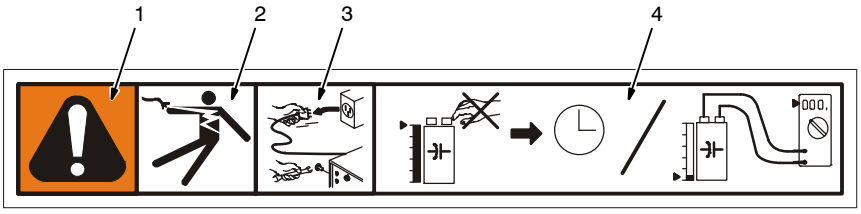
4 Disconnect input plug or power before working on machine.

5 Become trained and read the instructions before working on the machine.

6 Connect green or green/yellow grounding conductor to ground terminal.

7 Connect input conductors (L1, L2 And L3) to line terminals.

194 466



1 Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards as shown by the symbols.

2 Electric shock from wiring can kill.

3 Disconnect input plug or power before working on machine.

4 Do not touch input capacitor(s). Allow time for capacitor(s) to discharge. Check input capacitor(s) voltage (see Section 9-7).

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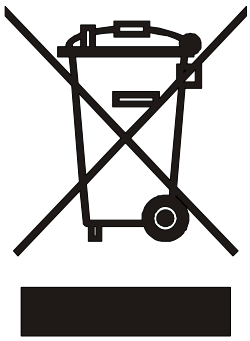
3-3. WEEE Label (For Products Sold Within The EU)



Do not discard product (where applicable) with general waste.

Reuse or recycle Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) by disposing at a designated collection facility.

Contact your local recycling office or your local distributor for further information.

3-4. Symbols And Definitions

☞ *Some symbols are found only on CE products.*

A	Amperes	V	Volts	∿	Alternating Current	X	Duty Cycle
IP	Degree Of Protection	Hz	Hertz	⌒	Circuit Protection	⊖→	Output
↑	Increase	⏚	Line Connection	I_1	Primary Current	I_2	Rated Current
U_1	Primary Voltage	U_2	Load Voltage		Read Instructions		Three Phase Static Frequency Converter-Transformer-Frequency Converter
I_{1max}	Rated Maximum Supply Current	P_{1max}	Maximum Power Consumption	3∿	Three Phase	%	Percent
	Remote		Panel/Local		High Temperature	V	Voltage Input
O	Off	I	On				

Notes

SECTION 4 – INSTALLATION

4-1. Important Information Regarding CE Products (Sold Within The EU)

Information On Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

This Class A equipment is not intended for use in residential locations where the electrical power is provided by the public low–voltage supply system. There may be potential difficulties in ensuring electromagnetic compatibility in those locations, due to conducted as well as radiated disturbances.

This equipment complies with IEC 61000–3–12 provided that the short–circuit power Ssc is greater than or equal to 8,911,817 at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a short–circuit power Ssc greater than or equal to 8,911,817.

4-2. Serial Number and Rating Label Location

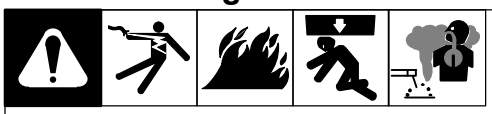
The serial number and rating information for the power source is located on the front of the machine. Use the rating labels to determine input power requirements and/or rated output. For future reference, write serial number in space provided on back cover of this manual.

4-3. Specifications

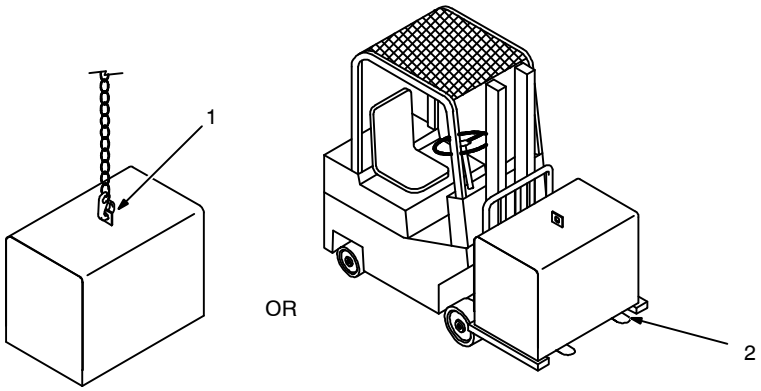
Output Frequency	Rated Output		Required Reflective Inductance	Amperes Input at Rated Load Output 50 or 60 Hz, Three-Phase			kVA	kW	Overall Dimensions	Weight	IP Rating
	Single Output	Dual Output		400 V	460 V	575 V					
5 To 30 kHz	35 kW At 100% Duty Cycle 350 A (RMS), 700 V (RMS)	35 kW At 100% Duty Cycle 700 A (RMS), 700 V (RMS)	2.5 To 50 µh	60 A	50 A	40 A	39	37	Length: 36-3/4 in. (993 mm) Width: 21-1/2 in. (546 mm) Height: 29 in. (737 mm)	227 lb (103 kg)	23CM
Storage Temperature Range –40° F (–40° C) to 122° F (50° C)											
*While idling											

Notes

4-4. Selecting A Location



Movement



1 Lifting Eye

2 Lifting Forks

Use lifting eye or lifting forks to move unit.

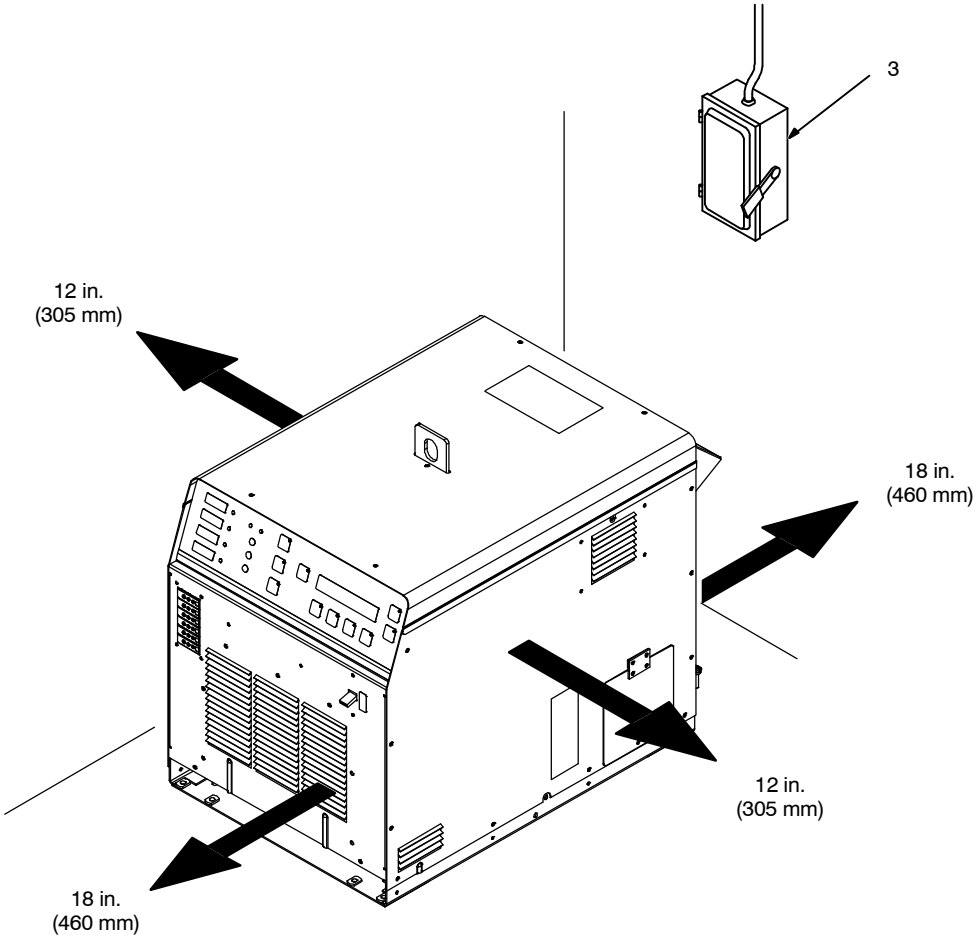
If using lifting forks, extend forks beyond opposite side of unit.

3 Line Disconnect Device

Locate unit near correct input power supply.

Special installation may be required where gasoline or volatile liquids are present – see NEC Article 511 or CEC Section 20.

Location And Airflow



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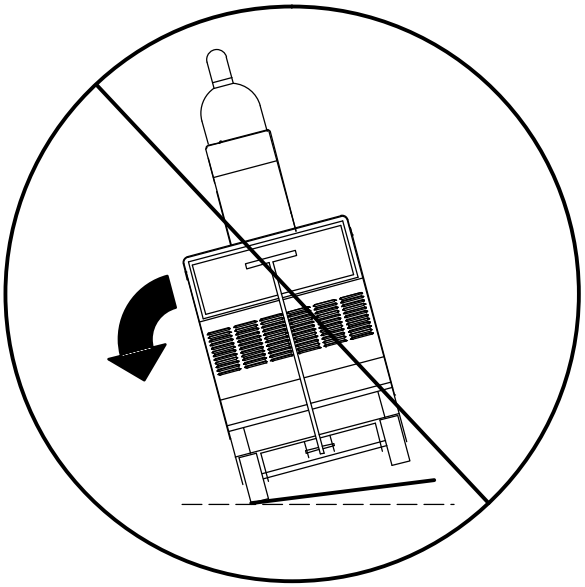
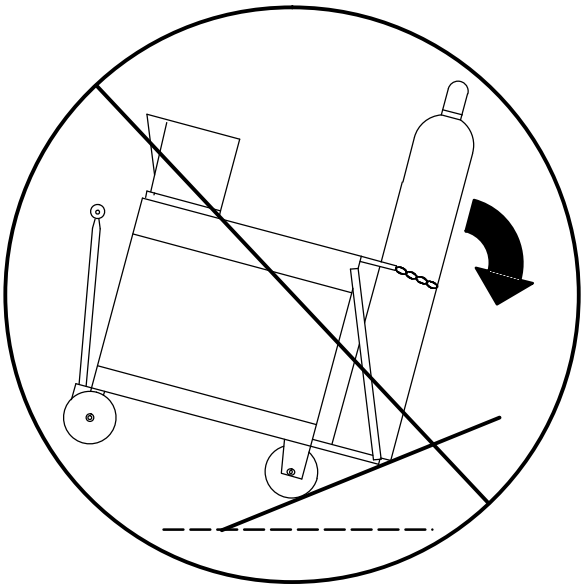
4-5. Tipping

Do not move or operate unit where it could tip.





4-6. Electrical Service Guide

Failure to follow these electrical service guide recommendations could create an electric shock or fire hazard. These recommendations are for a dedicated branch circuit sized for the rated output and duty cycle of the welding power source.

	50 Hz Three Phase	60 Hz Three Phase	
Input Voltage (V)	400	460	575
Input Amperes (A) At Rated Output	60	50	40
Max Recommended Standard Fuse Or Circuit Breaker Rating In Amperes [1]			
Circuit Breaker [1], **Time-Delay Fuses** [2]	70	61	45
Normal Operating Fuses[3]	80	70	60
Min Input Conductor Size In AWG [4]	6	8	8
Max Recommended Input Conductor Length In Feet (Meters)	254 (77)	214 (65)	334 (102)
Min Grounding Conductor Size In AWG [4]	8	8	10

Reference: 2008 National Electrical Code (NEC) (including article 630)

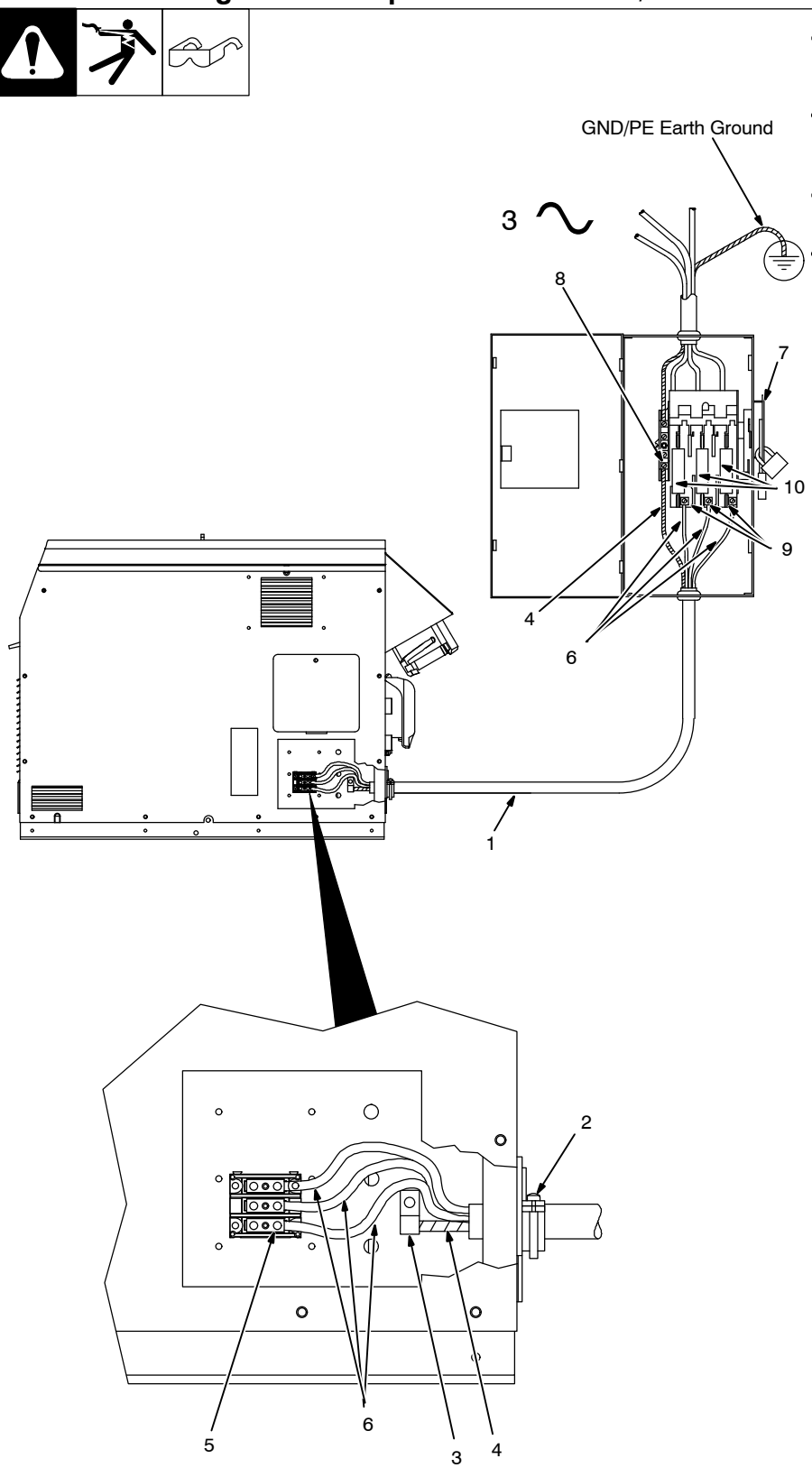
1 If a circuit breaker is used in place of a fuse, choose a circuit breaker with time-current curves comparable to the recommended fuse.

2 “Time-Delay” fuses are UL class “RK5” . See UL 248.

3 “Normal Operating” (general purpose - no intentional delay) fuses are UL class “K5” (up to and including 60 amps), and UL class “H” (65 amps and above).

4 Conductor data in this section specifies conductor size (excluding flexible cord or cable) between the panelboard and the equipment per NEC Table 310.16. If a flexible cord or cable is used, minimum conductor size may increase. See NEC Table 400.5(A) for flexible cord and cable requirements.

4-7. Connecting 3-Phase Input Power For 460/575 Volt Models



Installation must meet all National and Local Codes – have only qualified persons make this installation.

Disconnect and lockout/tagout input power before connecting input conductors from unit.

Make input power connections to the welding power source first.

Always connect green or green/yellow conductor to supply grounding terminal first, and never to a line terminal.

☞ *The circuitry in this unit automatically adapts the power source to the primary voltage being applied. Check input voltage available at site. This unit can be connected to either 460 or 575 VAC input power.*

See rating label on unit and check input voltage available at site.

1 Input Power Conductors (Customer Supplied Cord)

Select size and length of conductors using Section 4-6. Conductors must comply with national, state, and local electrical codes. If applicable, use lugs of proper amperage capacity and correct hole size.

Welding Power Source Input Power Connections

2 Strain Relief

Route conductors (cord) through strain relief and tighten screws.

3 Machine Grounding Terminal

4 Green Or Green/Yellow Grounding Conductor

Connect green or green/yellow grounding conductor to welding power source grounding terminal first.

5 Welding Power Source Line Terminals

6 Input Conductors L1 (U), L2 (V) And L3 (W)

Connect input conductors L1 (U), L2 (V) and L3 (W) to welding power source line terminals.

Close and secure access door on welding power source.

Disconnect Device Input Power Connections

7 Disconnect Device (switch shown in OFF position)

8 Disconnect Device (Supply) Grounding Terminal

Connect green or green/yellow grounding conductor to disconnect device grounding terminal first.

9 Disconnect Device Line Terminals

Connect input conductors L1 (U), L2 (V) And L3 (W) to disconnect device line terminals.

10 Over-Current Protection

Select type and size of over-current protection using Section 4-6 (fused disconnect switch shown).

Close and secure door on line disconnect device. Remove lockout/tagout device, and place switch in the On position.

Tools Needed:

3/8 in.

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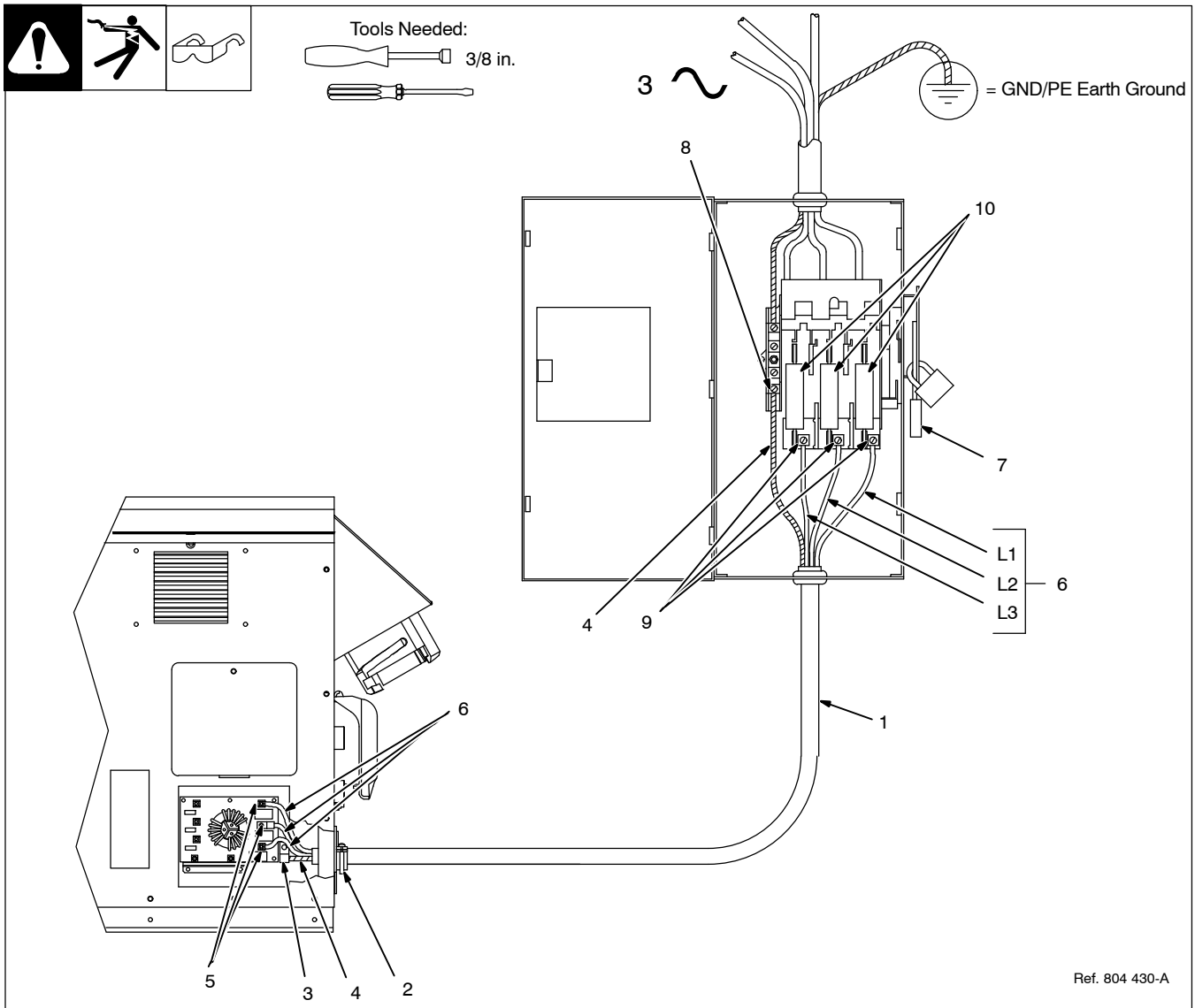
4-8. Connecting 3-Phase Input Power For 400/460 Volt IEC And CE Models



Installation must meet all National and Local Codes – have only qualified persons make this installation.

Disconnect and lockout/tagout input power before connecting input conductors from unit.

Make input power connections to the welding power source first.

Always connect green or green/yellow conductor to supply grounding terminal first, and never to a line terminal.

☞ *The circuitry in this unit automatically adapts the power source to the primary voltage being applied. Check input voltage available at site. This unit can be connected to either 400 or 460 VAC input power.*

See rating label on unit and check input voltage available at site.

1 Input Power Conductors (Customer Supplied Cord)

Select size and length of conductors using Section 4-6. Conductors must comply with national, state, and local electrical codes. If applicable, use lugs of proper amperage capacity and correct hole size.

Welding Power Source Input Power Connections

2 Strain Relief

Route conductors (cord) through strain relief and tighten screws.

3 Machine Grounding Terminal

4 Green Or Green/Yellow Grounding Conductor

Connect green or green/yellow grounding conductor to welding power source grounding terminal first.

5 Welding Power Source Line Terminals

6 Input Conductors L1 (U), L2 (V) And L3 (W)

Connect input conductors L1 (U), L2 (V) and L3 (W) to welding power source line terminals.

Close and secure access door on welding power source.

Disconnect Device Input Power Connections

7 Disconnect Device (switch shown in OFF position)

8 Disconnect Device (Supply) Grounding Terminal

Connect green or green/yellow grounding conductor to disconnect device grounding terminal first.

9 Disconnect Device Line Terminals

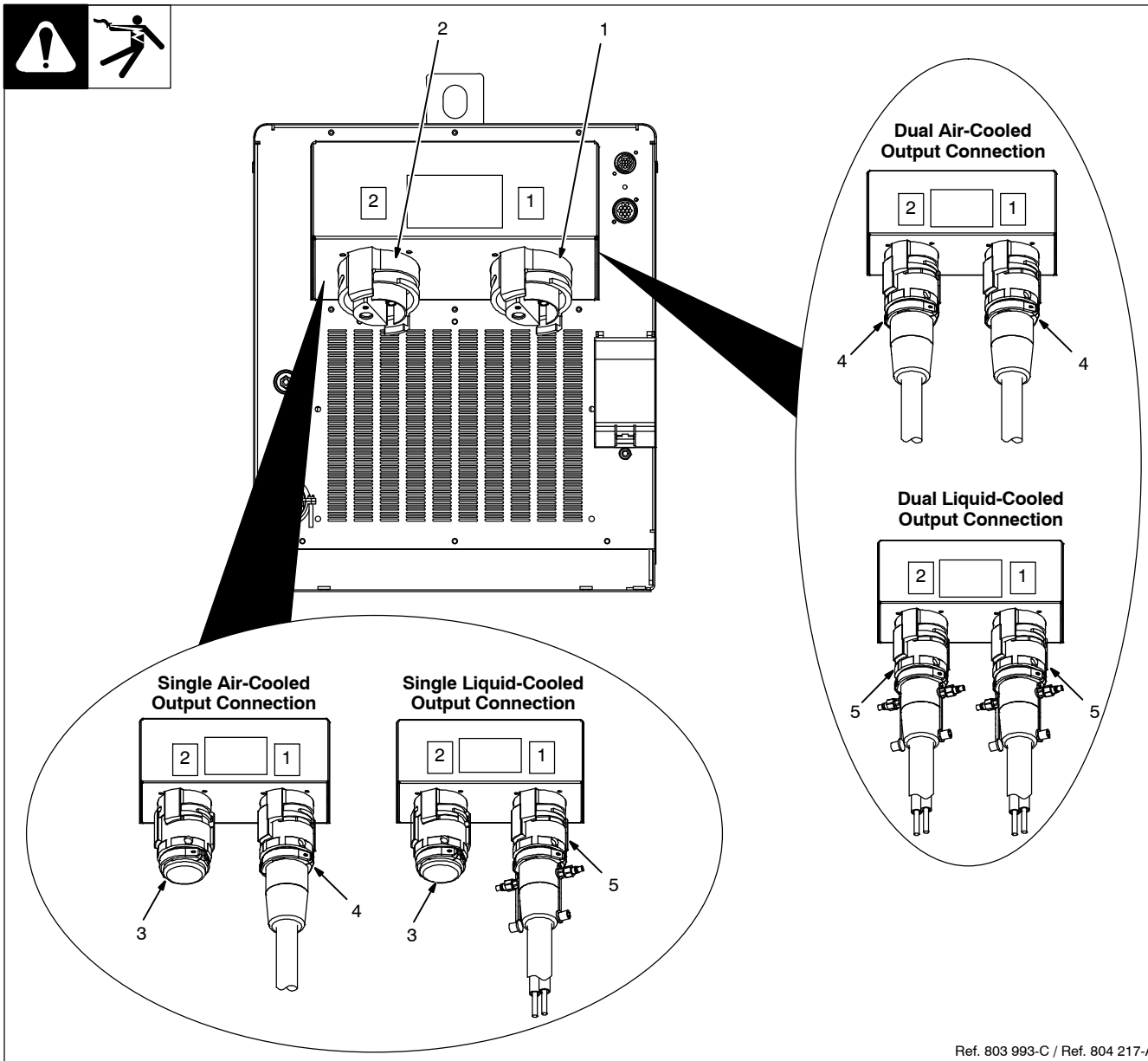
Connect input conductors L1 (U), L2 (V) And L3 (W) to disconnect device line terminals.

10 Over-Current Protection

Select type and size of over-current protection using Section 4-6 (fused disconnect switch shown).

Close and secure door on line disconnect device. Remove lockout/tagout device, and place switch in the On position.

4-9. Power Source Output Connections



Ref. 803 993-C / Ref. 804 217-A

1 Output Connector 1

2 Output Connector 2

3 Protective Plug

4 Air-Cooled Extension Cable

5 Liquid-Cooled Extension Cable

The power source is capable of single or dual output. When connected for single power output, up to 35 kW is available at the single output connection. When connected for dual power, output power is divided between the two output connections.

⚠ **Do not move or disconnect cables while output is on.**

Single Air-Cooled Output Connection

Connect air-cooled output extension cable to Output Connector 1 or Output Connector 2. Connect Protective Plug to remaining Output Connector.

Single Liquid-Cooled Output Connection

Connect liquid-cooled output extension cable to Output Connector 1 or Output Connector 2. Connect Protective Plug to remaining Output Connector.

Dual Air-Cooled Output Connection

Connect air-cooled output extension cables to Output Connector 1 and Output Connector 2.

☞ *Extension cables must be the same length: 25 ft (7.6 m), 50 ft (15.2 m), or 75 ft (22.8 m).*

☞ *Blankets must be the same size.*

Dual Liquid-Cooled Output Connection

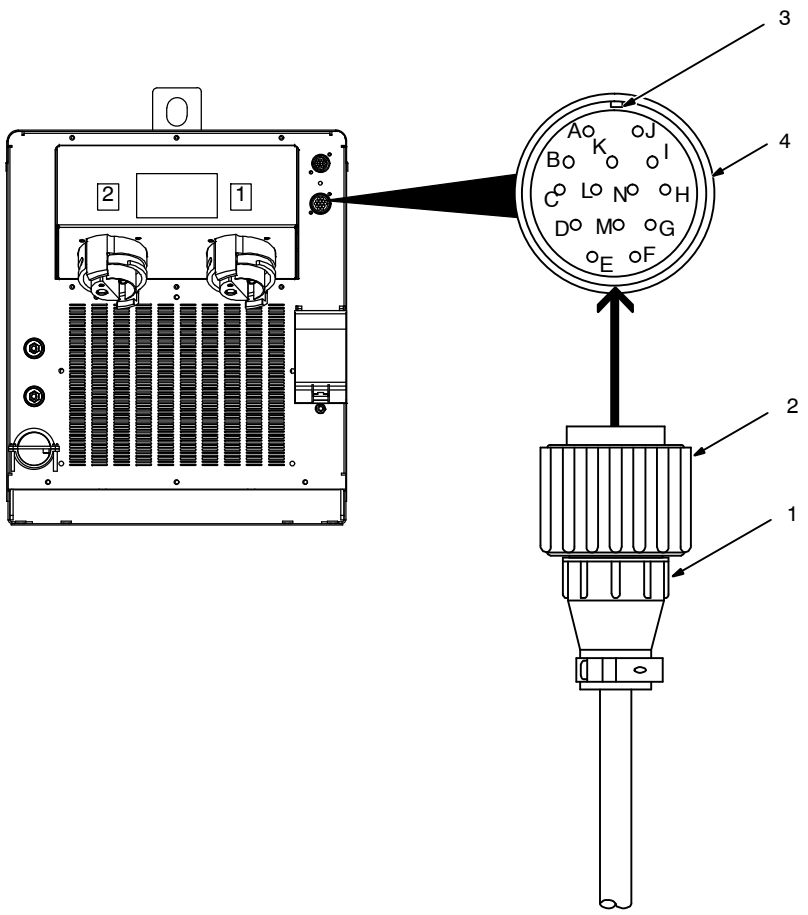
Connect liquid-cooled output extension cables to Output Connector 1 and Output Connector 2.

☞ *Extension cables must be the same length: 10 ft (3 m), 25 ft (7.6 m), or 50 ft (15.2 m).*

☞ *Heating cables must be the same length: 30ft (9.1 m), 50 ft (15.2 m), 80ft (24.2 m), or 140 ft (42.7 m).*

☞ *Total length of heating and extension cables must not exceed 360 ft (110 m). The extension cable is counted twice the length because it has a supply and return hose.*

4-10. Remote 14 Receptacle RC14 Information and Connections



1 Plug
2 Threaded Collar
3 Keyway
4 Remote 14 Receptacle RC14 (See Section 4-11)

To connect to receptacle, align keyway, insert plug and tighten threaded collar.

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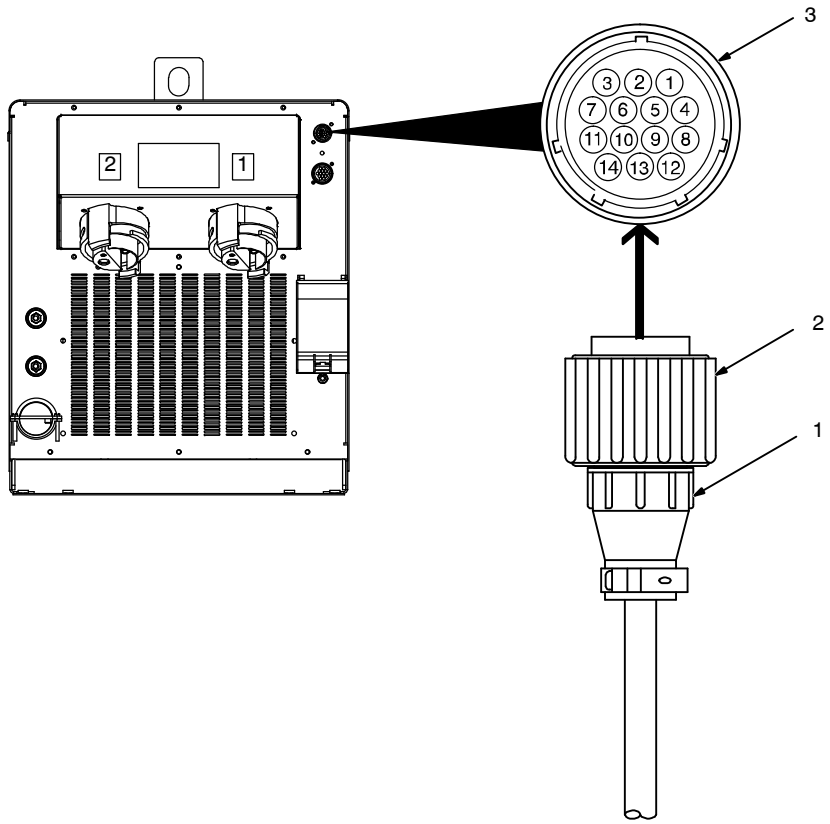
4-11. Remote 14 Socket Information

Socket	REMOTE 14	Socket Information
A B	**Remote Contactor**	+24 volts DC. Contact closure to A completes 24 volts DC contactor control circuit.
C D E G	**Remote Output Control**	Command reference; +10 volts DC. Control circuit common. Input command signal (potentiometer wiper or 0 to +10 volts DC). Not used.
F, J	**Power Source Fault**	Absence of internal contact closure between F and J signals power source fault to remote control device (an external power source must be used).
H I L M N K	**Remote Metering**	Not used. Actual frequency output signal (1 volt/10 kHz). Average power output signal (1 volt/10 kW). Voltage output signal RMS (1 volt/100 volts). Total current output signal RMS (1 volt/100 amperes). Chassis common.

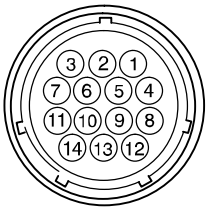
4-12. Temperature Recorder Receptacle RC9 Information And Connections



1 Plug
2 Threaded Collar
3 Temperature Recorder Receptacle RC9 (See Section 4-13)

To connect to receptacle, insert plug and tighten threaded collar.

4-13. Temperature Recorder Socket Information



Socket No.	Socket Information
1	Thermocouple No. 1 (TC1), 0-10 volt DC signal [0V = –50° F (–46° C), 10V = 1500° F (816° C)]
2	Thermocouple No. 2 (TC2), 0-10 volt DC signal [0V = –50° F (–46° C), 10V = 1500° F (816° C)]
3	Thermocouple No. 3 (TC3), 0-10 volt DC signal [0V = –50° F (–46° C), 10V = 1500° F (816° C)]
4	Thermocouple No. 4 (TC4), 0-10 volt DC signal [0V = –50° F (–46° C), 10V = 1500° F (816° C)]
5	Signal Common
6	Thermocouple No. 5 (TC5), 0-10 volt DC signal [0V = –50° F (–46° C), 10V = 1500° F (816° C)]
7	Thermocouple No. 6 (TC6), 0-10 volt DC signal [0V = –50° F (–46° C), 10V = 1500° F (816° C)]
8	Unused
9	Unused
10	Chassis Ground
11	Unused
12	Unused
13	Unused
14	Unused

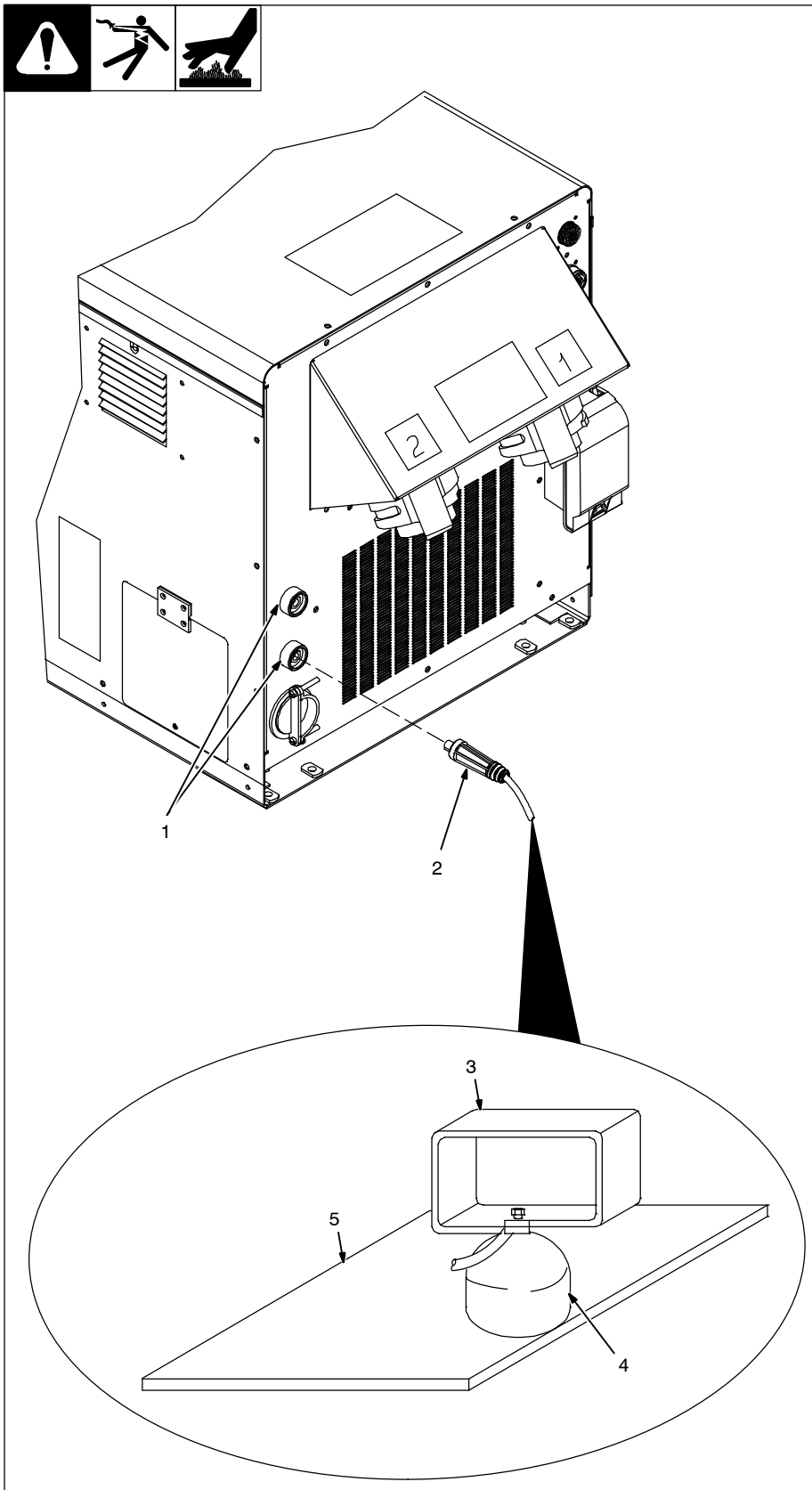
***** The voltage to temperature calculation is:

(DC Volts Out x 155) – 50 = °F

(DC Volts Out x 86.1) – 45.4 = °C

The ProHeat display should read ±6 °F or ±3.3 °C.

4-14. Secondary Insulation Protection



Secondary insulation protection circuitry automatically shuts down the power source output if a potentially hazardous condition exists at the heating device connected to the power source (e.g. insulation has broken down on a heating blanket causing the conductor to come into contact with the workpiece or a heating coil touches the workpiece causing a short in the output circuit).

The supplied ground lead(s) must be connected between the workpiece and power source to provide proper secondary insulation protection from a short in the output circuit.

For single output, only one ground lead is required. For dual output , use both ground leads.

1 Receptacles

2 Plug

To connect plug, align key with keyway, insert end into receptacle, and rotate plug until tight.

3 Handle

4 Magnet

☞ *The secondary isolation magnet must be in contact with bare metal (free from rust, paint, grease, etc.).*

5 Workpiece

Use handle to place magnet on the workpiece.

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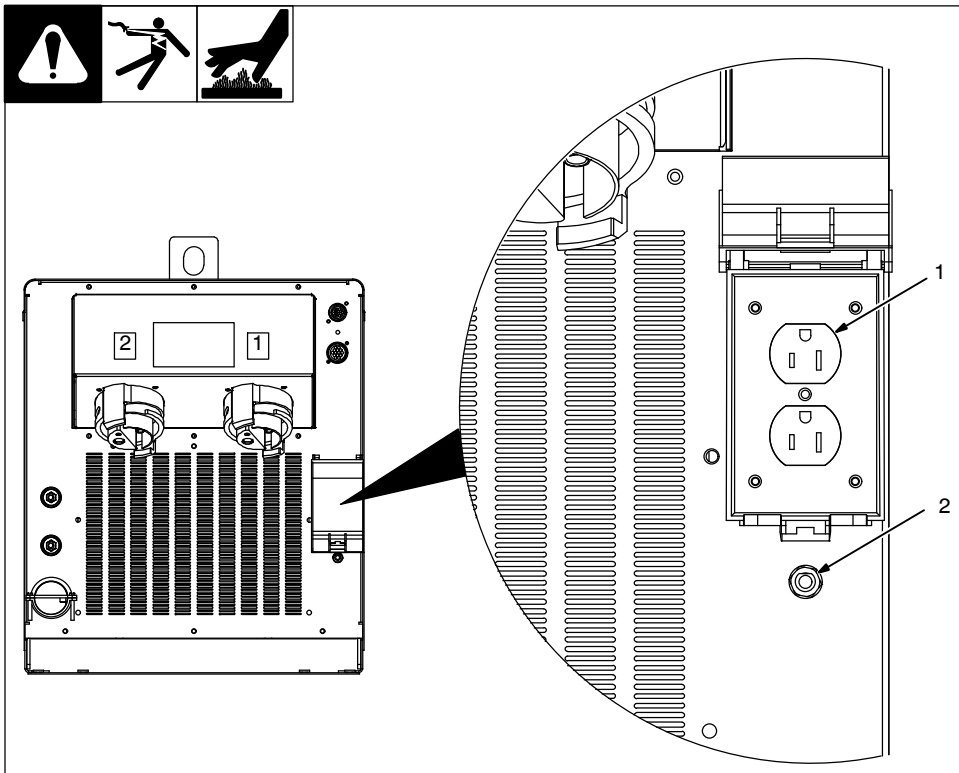
4-15. 115 Volt AC Duplex Receptacle And Supplementary Protector



1 115 VAC 2.5 A Single-Phase AC Receptacle RC1

2 Supplementary Protector CB1 (2.5 A)

The receptacle supplies nominal 115 volts AC auxiliary power for use with the optional digital recorder. Maximum output from receptacle is 2.5 amperes.

CB1 protects 115 volt receptacle RC1 from overload. If CB1 opens, RC1 does not work.

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4-16. Locating Thermocouples

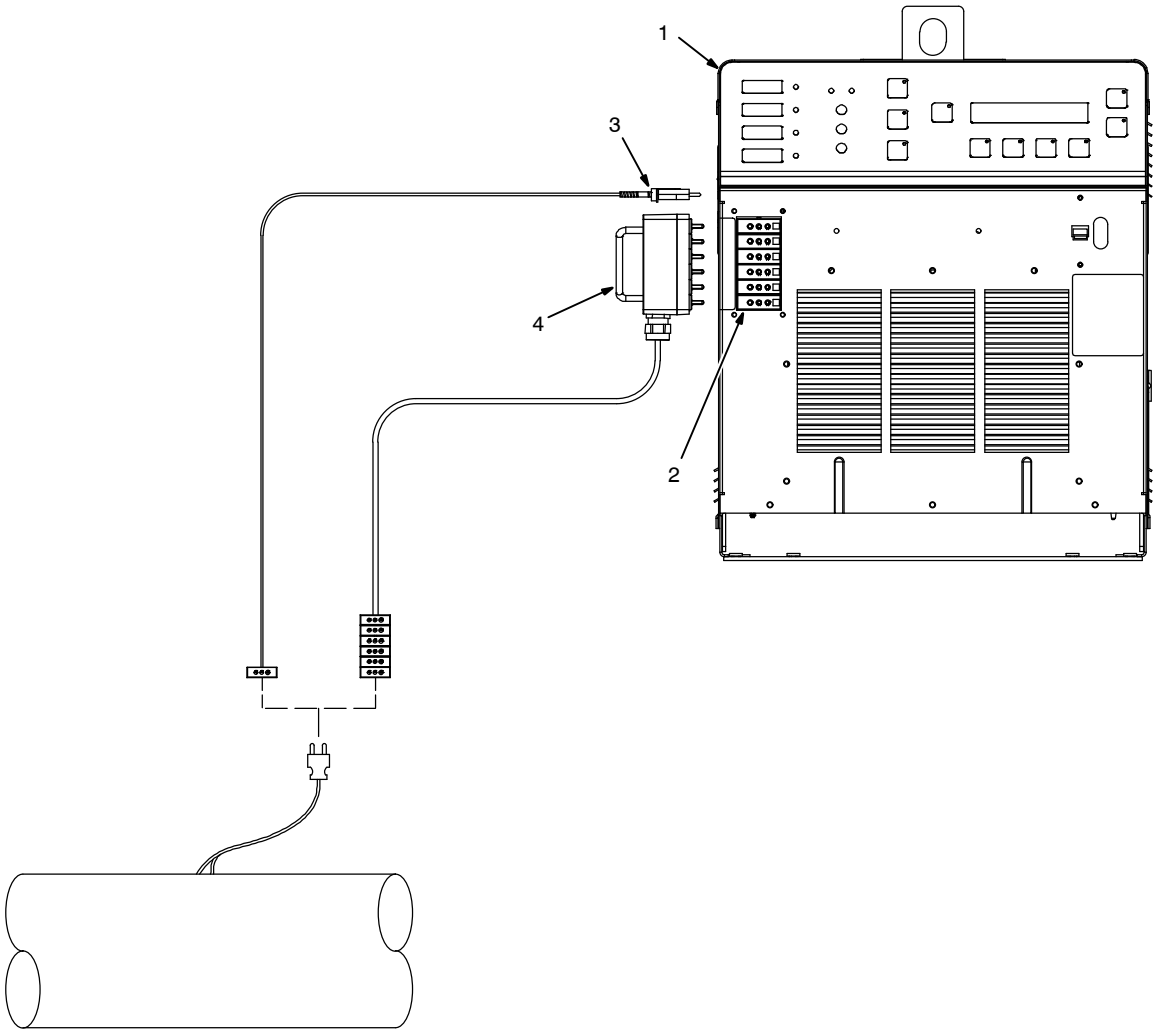
Thermocouple location is one of the most critical steps in the Heat Treatment Operation.

Thermocouples shall be located as follows to provide a survey of heating uniformly and enable time and temperature control:

1. Locate thermocouples to ensure that the full area of the heat band is monitored.
   - The code normally specifies the number of thermocouples to be used based on the pipe diameter.
   - The control thermocouple is placed in the plane of the weld (center of the heat zone).
   - The control thermocouple is placed at the top of the pipe in a standard pipe joint configuration. In other applications, the thermocouple should be located in the hottest portion of the weldment to be stress relieved.
2. Consider all nozzles and other welded attachments that cause potential heat sinks through metal mass or cold spots due to heat convection or conduction, and have additional thermocouples applied.
3. Attach a spare thermocouple beside control thermocouples.
4. Attach thermocouples to ensure uniformity of temperature in both thin and thick workpieces.
5. Physically inspect all thermocouples for continuity and mark them by an identification number corresponding to the recorder channel.
6. Match the drawings of the workpiece indicating the numerous thermocouple locations, controlling thermocouple locations, etc. to weld identification information.
7. The system is equipped with 3-pin thermocouple connections at the front of the unit. Six thermocouples can be attached to the power source.
   - The system is equipped with 3-pin connectors to accommodate shielded extension cables. The shielded cables protect from electrical interference.
8. Type K thermocouple wire has a positive and negative wire. The positive wire is marked as solid yellow or striped yellow. The connector screw terminals are marked positive and negative. Be sure to attach the wire to the connector with proper polarity.

9. The following describes the thermocouple routing from work to power source.

- Type K thermocouple wire (two wire) is attached directly to the workpiece using a Thermocouple Attachment Unit (see next section for information on attaching thermocouples).
- The other end is fitted with a 2-pin type K connector.
- The 2-pin connector plugs into the 3-pin composite extension cable. The extension cable has a six-channel block of 3-pin female connectors. The pin size locates the position of the 2-pin connector on the extension.
- The extension cable contains six, 3-wire bundles of shielded cable.
- The 3-pin male extension cable plugs into the 3-pin female connector on the front of the power source.



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For temperature control mode, the power source must have (as a minimum) one thermocouple connected to receptacle TC1. If multiple thermocouples are desired, either use individual thermocouple plugs or the thermocouple extension cable.

To connect thermocouples to the power source, proceed as follows:

☞ *Do NOT weld thermocouples to workpiece while thermocouple cable is connected to the power source.*

Turn Off power source.

1 Power Source

2 Thermocouple Receptacles

3 Individual Thermocouple Extension Cable

4 Multiple Thermocouple Extension Cable

Align plug pin(s) with receptacle socket(s) and push plug into receptacle.

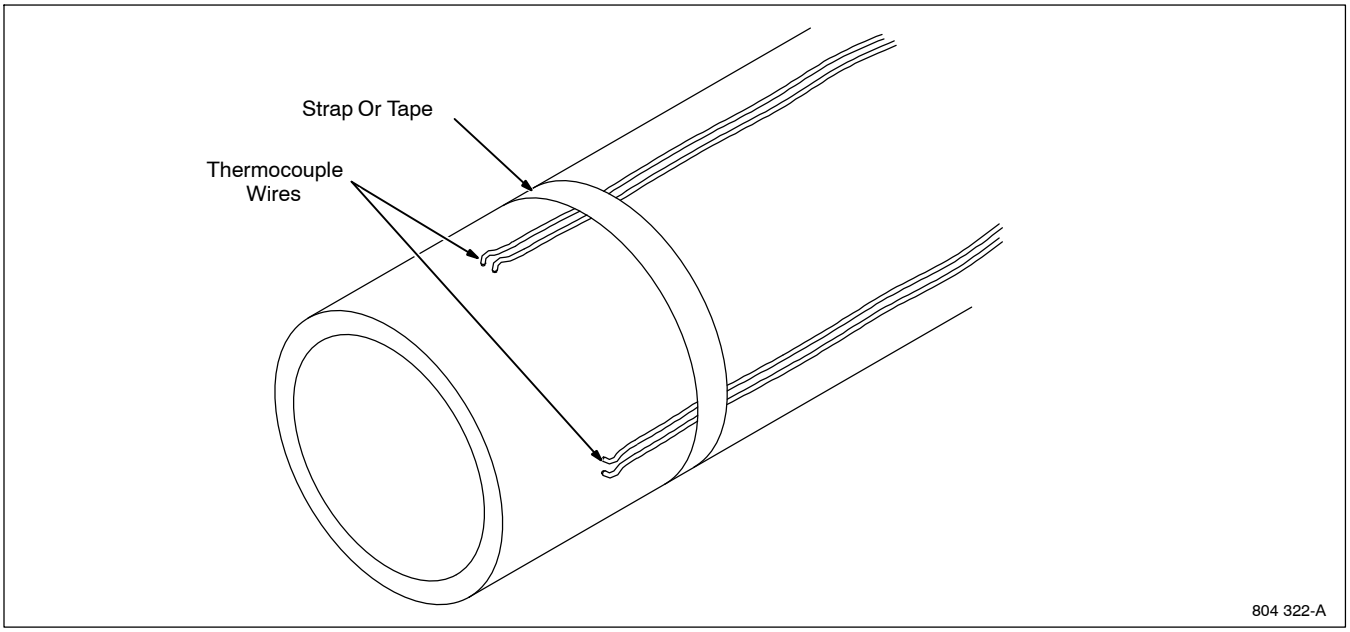
4-17. Attaching Welded Thermocouples

☞ *Do NOT weld thermocouples while connected to power source.*

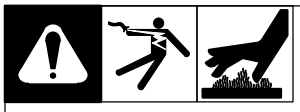
1. Attach thermocouples using a portable Thermocouple Attachment Unit (TAU). This unit spot welds thermocouple wire directly to the workpiece. This method of thermocouple attachment ensures accurate temperature measurement.
2. Clean (file or grind) any loose scale or rust from the workpiece at the places where the wires will be attached.
3. Clean the location for the lead magnet to minimize resistance. Place the magnet as near to the thermocouple positions as possible.
4. Strip 1/4 in. of insulation from the thermocouple wires.
5. Set the output variable control of the TAU to about eighty percent (80%).
6. Grasp one of the stripped wires with the tip of the jaws of the application pliers.

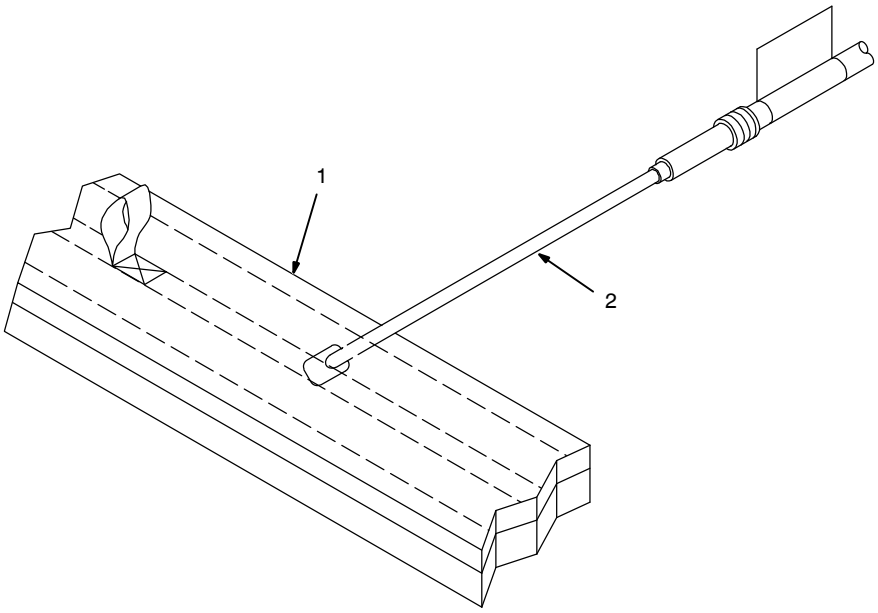
☞ *Don't touch both wires of the thermocouple to the pliers at the same time when energizing the Thermocouple Attachment Unit. This will cause the thermocouple wire to fuse to the pliers, rather than the workpiece.*

7. Press the end of the wire to the workpiece at ninety degrees to the surface, and maintain a firm pressure. Make sure the Thermocouple Attachment Unit is charged and wait for the ready light to glow.
8. Press discharge button, and the wire should weld to the workpiece. There will be a sharp crack and a slight arc flash.
9. Repeat the process with the other wire, placing it approximately 1/4 in. away from the first wire. Attach a spare thermocouple, and support both thermocouples approximately 18 in. back from the connection with a band or fiber tape.
10. Carefully bend the wire over at right angles. This brings the thermocouple wires out along or parallel to the workpiece. It also tests the strength of the weld. If the weld shows signs of breaking, remove the wire, restrip the end, and repeat the process.



4-18. Using Contact Thermocouple Sensors





1 Blanket

2 Contact Thermocouple Sensor (See Product Literature Sheet)

The welded thermocouples discussed previously can be used for preheating or stress relieving. Welded thermocouples are normally used in stress relieving applications because of their accuracy and ability to withstand high temperatures.

As an alternative, in preheating applications a contact thermocouple sensor can be used. This eliminates the need to weld thermocouples and the sensor can be moved during the preheat process to check temperatures at other locations on the joint. (Contact thermocouple sensors are limited to 500°F [260°C].)

☞ *If the contact thermocouple sensor is removed, the temperature recorder (if used) will display a short duration of heat drop.*

The contact thermocouple sensor can be plugged into the thermocouple extension cable or a Type K 25 ft. armored extension cable*. One of these extensions is required for each sensor.

In preheating applications, the sensor must be placed under the induction coil. To be accurate, the sensor flat end must be held against the heated surface. If water-cooled or air-cooled coils overlap at any location in your installation, it is recommended that a second sensor be placed at that location.

NOTICE *– Failure to follow these recommendations could cause heat damage in the blanket or coil.*

Temperatures at the weld joint can be checked with temperature sensitive crayons to verify the preheat temperature.

Placing Contact Thermocouple Sensor

Place sensor between blanket and metal material. The sensor must be in contact with the material being heated. The tip of the sensor should be positioned in the approximate center of the blanket anywhere along the blanket length.

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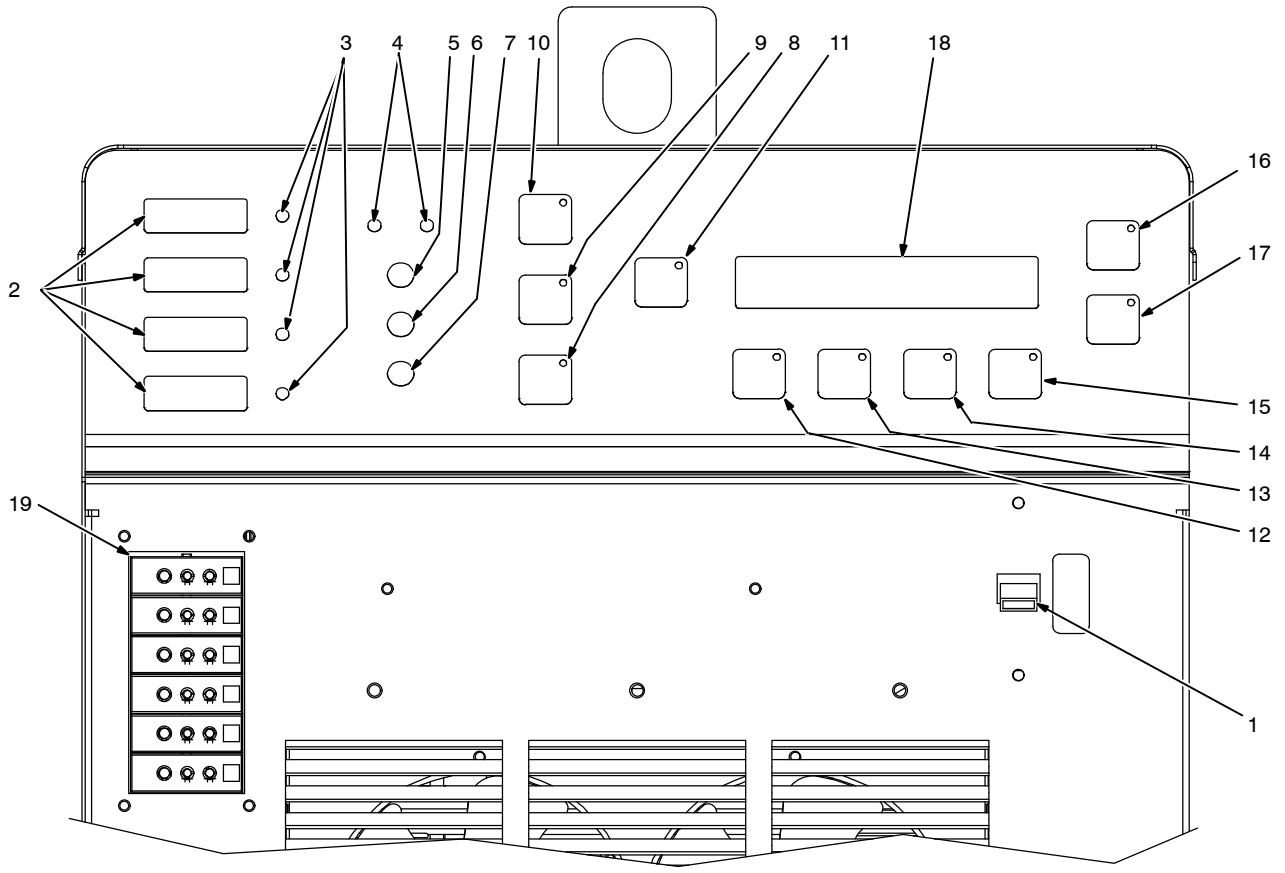
SECTION 5 – COMPONENTS AND CONTROLS

5-1. Controls



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☞ *When a control panel button is pushed the yellow lamp lights to indicate activation.*

1 Power Switch

Use switch to turn power source On and Off.

2 TC1–4 Temperature Display

Provides temperature display of thermocouples 1 through 4.

3 Control Thermocouple LEDs

LEDs indicate which thermocouples (1–4) are used to control the heating process.

4 Temperature Units LEDs

LEDs indicate units for temperature measurements (°F or ° C).

5 Fault LED

LED lights to indicate a system fault condition.

6 Limit LED

LED lights to indicate a system limit condition.

7 Heat On LED

LED lights to indicate the power source output is energized.

8 Stop Button

Use button to stop a heating process.

9 Hold Button

Use button to hold a heating process.

10 Run Button

Use button to run a heating process.

11 Cursor Button

Use button to move selection cursor in the 4 x 40 LCD display (item 18).

12 Program Button

Use button to program the process control.

13 Run Status Button

Use button to display real time operating status.

14 Parameter Button

Use button to display real time power source operating parameters.

15 Cooler Button

Use button to turn cooler On and Off.

16 Increase Button

Use button to increase values in set-up screen.

17 Decrease Button

Use button to decrease value in program screen.

18 4 x 40 LCD Display

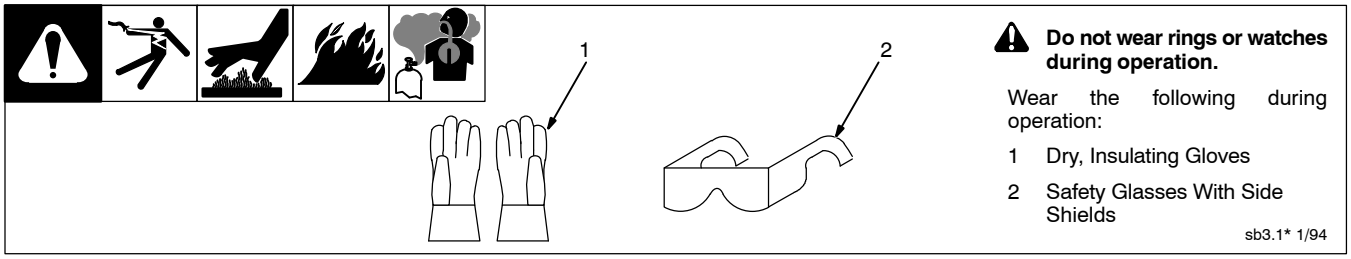
Displays programming, runs status, parameter, fault and limit conditions, and troubleshooting guide.

19 Thermocouple Input Receptacles

Use receptacles for type K thermocouple inputs.

SECTION 6 – SETUP AND OPERATION

6-1. Safety Equipment



Do not wear rings or watches during operation.

Wear the following during operation:

1 Dry, Insulating Gloves

2 Safety Glasses With Side Shields

sb3.1* 1/94

6-2. System Description

The ProHeat 35 Induction Heating Power Source is designed to function either as an air-cooled system or a liquid-cooled system. Depending on the system type (either air-cooled or liquid-cooled), the power source is automatically configured to operate and provide an output appropriate for the type of connected heating device.

A special identifier, embedded within the extension cable connector, provides the means for the power source to configure itself by recognizing the type of extension cable(s) attached to its output connectors.

Designed to provide a single level of output (up to 35 kW), the ProHeat 35 power source has two panel mounted connectors that are connected in parallel to the power source output. This design allows the system to operate with either a single output extension cable or two output extension cables.

If a single output extension cable is used, a protective plug (provided with the system) **MUST** be placed on the unused output connector or the system will not operate. If two output extension cables are used, they both **MUST** be of the same type (either both air-cooled or both liquid-cooled) or the system will not operate (in this case, the protective plug is not used). When two extension cables and heating devices are utilized on the system, the extension cable lengths and heating devices MUST be identical (see Section 4-9).

The ProHeat 35 is intelligent to the point that it will automatically adjust output power levels if internal system operating parameters or internal temperatures reach or exceed specific set limits (see Section 9).

6-3. Important System Guidelines

NOTICE *– When using multiple ProHeat systems on the same workpiece, keep the the coil(s) from each system at least 1 ft (30 cm) apart. The ProHeat 35 may be damaged if coils are placed closer together.*

6-4. Power Source/System Setup

To view the System Setup screen, simultaneously press the Parameters 

and Program  buttons and the following screen will appear on the display:

System Setup Screen

```
Degree Units: >°F            SYSTEM SETUP
Tolerance...: ±25      Backlight: Yes
Input Type..: K TC  Control Mode: Manual
Power Output: 35 KW  System Lock: No
```

To change a setting:

- Press the Cursor  button to move the cursor to the parameter to be changed
- Press Increase  or Decrease  button to select desired set-up feature.

Possible selections:

Degree Units: °F / °C

Tolerance: ±5 to 99 in °F (±3 to 55 in °C)

Backlight: Yes / No

Input Type: K TC

Control Mode: Temp / Manual / Remote / Time

Power Output: 1 to 35

System Lock: Yes / No

Degree Units – press the Increase  or Decrease  buttons to select temperature units. Selection will drive the °F / °C indicator LEDs.

- The factory default is °F.
- Changing from °F to °C will convert stored program values: ramp temperature, soak temperature, ramp rate, and temperature tolerance.

Tolerance – press the Increase  or Decrease  button to select the desired temperature tolerance.

- The factory default is ±25 °F.

Backlight – press the Increase  or Decrease  button to turn LCD display backlight On or Off.

- The factory default is On.

Input Type – press the Increase  or Decrease  button to select the desired temperature input device.

- The factory default and only selection is K TC.

Control Mode – press the Increase  or Decrease  button to select the desired method of system control, either Temperature, Remote, Manual, or Power vs Time (Time). For more details about methods of control, see Section 6-5.

- The factory default is temperature based control.

Power Output – press the Increase  or Decrease  button to adjust the maximum power source output.

- The factory default is 35 kW.

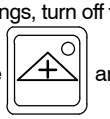
System Lock – press the Increase  or Decrease  button to lock or unlock the operator interface to prevent tampering with any programs. Yes indicates the system is locked, and No indicates the system is unlocked.

- The factory default is No (unlocked).

Display Contrast – press and hold the cursor and press the Increase  button to darken, or press the Decrease  button to lighten the contrast.

☞ *All parameters in System Setup are considered global, and any changes to the system set-up parameters will apply to all programs.*

6-4-1. Factory Defaults

To reset the system back to factory default settings, turn off the power source, and wait until the display goes blank. Turn on the power source. When the display lights, press and hold the Increase  and Decrease  buttons. A message will display Press Program to reset factory defaults. Release the Increase  and Decrease  buttons, and press the Program  button.

6-5. Programming

Programming allows the operator to setup a program for a particular heating process. The selections available are Temperature, Remote, Manual, or Power vs Time (Time).

6-5-1. Temperature-Based Control

Temperature-based control operates the system and controls the heating process based on temperature feedback from thermocouple inputs. Thermocouples must be used for this mode of operation or the system will not operate. Within the temperature-based mode there are four different processes available as follows: Preheat, Bakeout, PWHT (Post-Weld Heat Treat), and Custom Program.

Press the Program button to access the programming mode. Use the cursor button to move the cursor to the desired temperature-based process, then press the Program button again to select the process.

6-5-1-1. Preheat

The preheat process is a simple method of heating material to a desired temperature and holding that temperature for a specific period of time. When this process is selected, the following screen will appear on the LCD display:

Preheat Screen

```
Mode.......: Preheat
Control TC.: 1
Temperature: 400
Soak Time..: 01:00:00
```

The default position of the cursor is next to Control TC. Press the Increase  or Decrease  button to select the number of control thermocouples to be used for the program. Selections are as follows: 1, 1,2, 1,2,3, or 1,2,3,4. TC1 **MUST** always be a control thermocouple. TC2 thru TC4 can be used for controlling or monitoring. When a thermocouple is selected as control, the LED adjacent to the seven-segment display illuminates.

Use the Cursor  button to move the cursor to the desired selection (Temperature or Soak Time), and press the Increase  or Decrease  button to change the value to the desired setting.

☞ *The minimum and maximum temperature settings for preheat are 0 and 1450 ° F (–18 and 788 °C). The minimum and maximum soak times are 0 and 100 hours. When the system is utilizing air-cooled blankets, the maximum temperature setting is 400 °F (204 °C). If the program setting is above 400 °F (204 °C), the following screen will appear on the LCD display when the Run button is pressed:*

Maximum Temperature Message Screen

```
Cannot enter Run mode
Programmed temperature settings
exceed air cooled limits
(400 °F, 204 °C)
```

6-5-1-2. Bake-Out

The bake-out process allows the operator to program a temperature and soak time as well as a cooling rate from bake-out if desired. When this process is selected, the following screen appears on the display:

Bake-Out Screen

```
Mode......: Bake-Out
Control TC:>1
Soak Temp.:  600  Soak Time: 01:00:00
Cool Temp.:  200  Cool Rate:  600 °/Hr
```

The default position of the cursor is next to Control TC. Press the Increase  or Decrease  button to select the number of control thermocouples to be used for the program. Selections are as follows: 1, 1,2, 1,2,3, or 1,2,3,4. TC1 **MUST** always be a control thermocouple. TC2 thru TC4 can be used for controlling or monitoring. When a thermocouple is selected as control, the LED adjacent to the seven-segment display illuminates.

Use the Cursor  button to move the cursor to the desired selection (Soak Temperature, Soak Time, Cool Temperature, or Cool Rate), and press the Increase  or Decrease  button to change the value to the desired setting.

☞ *The minimum and maximum soak and cool temperature settings for bake-out are 0 and 1450 °F(–18 and 788 ° C). The minimum and maximum soak times are 0 and 100 hours. The minimum and maximum cool rates are 10 and 9999 °/hr. When the system is utilizing air-cooled blankets, the maximum temperature setting is 400 °F(204 °C). If the program setting is above 400 °F (204 °C), the following screen will appear on the LCD display when the Run button is pressed:*

Maximum Temperature Message Screen

```
Cannot enter Run mode
Programmed temperature settings
exceed air cooled limits
(400 °F, 204 °C)
```

6-5-1-3. PWHT (Post-Weld Heat Treat)

The post-weld heat treat process allows the operator to program a post-weld heat treat where ramp temperature (on increase and decrease) and ramp rates are the same. When this process is selected, the following screen appears on the display:

PWHT Screen

```
Mode......: PWHT
Control TC:>1,2
Ramp Temp.:  200  Ramp Rate:  600 °/Hr
Soak Temp.:  400  Soak Time: 01:00:00
```

The default position of the cursor is next to Control TC. Press the Increase or Decrease button to select the number of control thermocouples to be used for the program. Selections are as follows: 1, 1,2, 1,2,3, or 1,2,3,4. TC1 **MUST** always be a control thermocouple. TC2 thru TC4 can be used for controlling or monitoring. When a thermocouple is selected as control, the LED adjacent to the seven-segment display illuminates.

Use the Cursor button to move the cursor to the desired selection (Ramp Temperature, Ramp Rate, Soak Temperature, or Soak Time), and press the Increase or Decrease button to change the value to the desired setting.

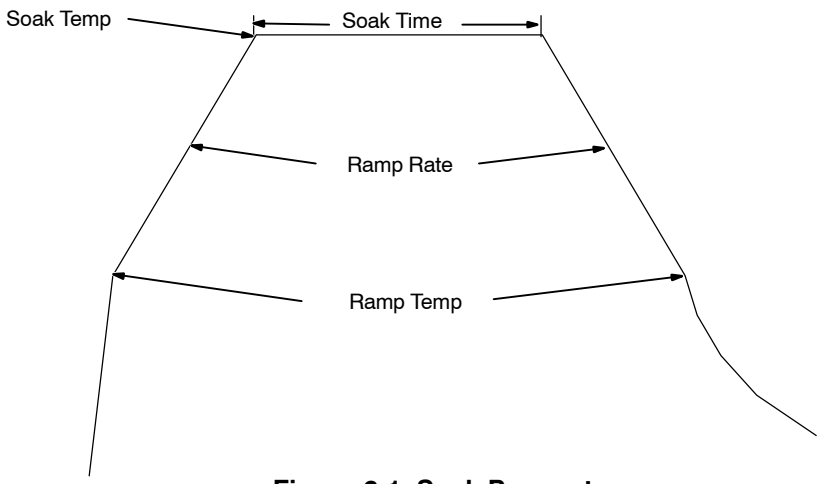


Figure 6-1. Soak Parameters

☞ *The minimum and maximum ramp temperature settings for PWHT are 0 and 1450 °F (–18 and 788 °C). The minimum and maximum ramp rates are 10 and 9999 °F/hr (6 and 5555 °C/hr). The minimum and maximum soak temperatures are 0 and 1450 °F (–18 and 788 °C). The minimum and maximum soak times are 0 and 100 hours. When the system is utilizing air-cooled blankets, the maximum temperature setting is 400 °F (204 °C). If the program setting is above 400 °F (204 °C), the following screen will appear on the LCD display when the Run button is pressed.*

Maximum Temperature Message Screen

Cannot enter Run mode

Programmed temperature settings

exceed air cooled limits

(400 °F, 204 °C)

6-5-1-4. Custom Program

In Custom Program, the operator can create a custom program with multiple steps or nonsymmetrical heat treat programs where the heating and cooling rates and temperatures are different. When this process is selected, the following screen appears on the display:

☞ *This is the screen for initial use of the system. Subsequent use of custom program will revert to the last program used.*

Custom Program Screen

```
Mode.......: Custom Program
Segment....:  1
Type.......: End
Control TC.: 1
```

The default position of the cursor is next to Segment. Press the Increase  or Decrease  button to increase or decrease the segment number, unless the segment type is End. In this case, the segment number will advance to segment 1.

Use the Cursor  button to move the cursor to the desired selection (Type or Control TC), and press the Increase  or Decrease  button to change the value to the desired setting. When the cursor is moved to the Type selection, pressing the Increase  or Decrease  button changes the segment type to Step, Ramp, Soak, or End. The functions of each segment type are as follows:

- Step increases the temperature in the part at full-programmed power. A maximum temperature of 1450° F (788° C) can be programmed.
- Ramp increases or decreases the temperature in the part at a controlled rate in degrees per hour. A maximum temperature of 1450° F (788° C) and a maximum rate of 9999° F/hr (5555° C/hr) can be programmed.
- Soak will hold the temperature for a programmed time. The minimum and maximum soak times are 0 and 100 hours.
- End is programmed to indicate the completion of the cycle and termination of output power.

Step Function

When type is set to Step, the following screen appears on the display:

Custom Program Screen

```
Mode.......: Custom Program
Segment....:  1
Type.......:>Step
Temperature:  600
```

Use the Cursor  button to move the cursor to the Temperature position and the initial temperature can be adjusted using the Increase  or Decrease  button.

Pressing the Cursor  button again automatically advances the program to the next segment number.

Ramp Function

When type is set to Ramp, the following screen appears on the display:

Custom Program Screen

```
Mode.......: Custom Program
Segment....:  1
Type.......: Ramp
Temperature:  600  Ramp Rate:  600 °/Hr
```

Use the Cursor  button to move the cursor to the Temperature or Ramp Rate position and use the Increase  or Decrease  button to set the desired value.

When the cursor is in the Ramp Rate position, pressing the Cursor  button again automatically advances the program to the next segment number.

Soak Function

When type is set to Soak, the following screen appears on the display:

Custom Program Screen

```
Mode.......: Custom Program
Segment....:  1
Type.......:>Soak
Soak Time..: 00:01:00
```

Use the Cursor  button to move the cursor to the Soak Time position and use the Increase  or Decrease  button to set the desired value.

When the cursor is in the Soak Time position, pressing the Cursor  button again automatically advances the program to the next segment number.

End Function

When type is set to End, the following screen appears on the display:

Custom Program Screen

```
Mode.......: Custom Program
Segment....:> 2
Type.......: End
Control TC.: 1
```

The only changeable parameter in the End segment is selecting the number of thermocouples. Use the Cursor  button to move the cursor to the Control TC position. Press the Increase  or Decrease  button to select the number of control thermocouples to be used for

the program. Selections are as follows: 1, 1,2, 1,2,3, or 1,2,3,4. TC1 **MUST** always be a control thermocouple. TC2 thru TC4 can be used for controlling or monitoring. When a thermocouple is selected as control, the LED adjacent to the seven-segment display illuminates.

A custom program can contain up to 10 segments. To view Program parameters, position the cursor at segment and use the Increase  or Decrease  button to advance through the segment numbers until the End segment. When a segment number is changed, appropriate segment parameter information appears on the display.

Typical 5-Segment Custom Program

Custom Program Screen

```
Mode.......: Custom Program
Segment....:  1
Type.......:>Step
Temperature:  600
```

Temperature increases to 600 degrees at full-programmed power.

Custom Program Screen

```
Mode.......: Custom Program
Segment....:  2
Type.......: Ramp
Temperature:>1250  Ramp Rate:  600 °/Hr
```

Controlled heating to 1250 degrees F at a ramp of 600 degrees per hour.

Custom Program Screen

```
Mode.......: Custom Program
Segment....:  3
Type.......: Soak
Soak Time..:>01:00:00
```

Soak at 1250 degrees F for a period of 1 hour.

Custom Program Screen

```
Mode.......: Custom Program
Segment....:  4
Type.......:>Ramp
Temperature:  600  Ramp Rate:  600 °/Hr
```

Controlled cooling to 600 degrees F at a rate of 600 degrees per hour.

Custom Program Screen

```
Mode.......: Custom Program
Segment....:  5
Type.......: End
Control TC.: 1
```

End segment ends the heat treat cycle. Controller is programmed to control the process using four thermocouples.

6-5-2. Manual Control

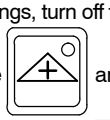
Manual control allows programming of a specific power level for a specific period of time. When this process is selected, the following screen appears on the display:

Manual Program Screen

```
Mode....: Manual        Power..:  0.0 KW
Command.:  0.0 KW       Current:    0 A
Run Time: 00:03:00      Voltage:    0 V
                      Frequency:  4.5 KHz
```

The only programmable selections are Command power and Run Time. Command can be adjusted to deliver up to 35 KW (based on maximum power selected in the set-up screen) for a period of up to 99 hours, 59 minutes, 59 seconds.

Power source operating power, current, voltage, and frequency are shown on the right-hand side of the display.

To reset the system back to factory default settings, turn off the power source, and wait until the display goes blank. Turn on the power source. When the display lights, press and hold the Increase  and Decrease  buttons. A message will display Press Program to reset factory defaults. Release the Increase  and Decrease  buttons, and press the Program  button.

6-5-3. Remote Control

If Remote was selected as the control mode in the system setup screen, the following screen appears for programming:

```
Mode....: Remote        Power..:  0.0 KW
Run Time:>00:03:00      Current:    0 A
                        Voltage:    0 V
                      Frequency:  4.5 KHz
```

Time is the only parameter that can be set. The values are 0 – 99:59:59.

6-5-4. Power vs Time Control

Power vs Time control operates the system and controls the heating process based on programmed time and power.

Press the Program button to access the programming mode. Use the cursor button to move the cursor between Mode, Segment, Type, Power, and Time.

```
Mode...: Timed
Segment:  1
Type...:>Power Level
Power..:  0.0 KW        Time: 00:00:00
```

The default position of the cursor is next to Program. Press the Increase  or Decrease  button.

Use the Cursor  button to move the cursor to the desired selection, and press the Increase  or Decrease  button to change the value to the desired setting.

Possible selections Timed:

Segment: 1 – 10

Type: Power Level, Slope, End

Power: 0.0 – 35 Time: 00:00:00 – 99:59:59 or infinity

6-6. Run Status

Run status allows the operator to check status of a program during in-process heating. Depending on the control mode (Temperature or Manual) and the temperature based mode (Preheat, Bake-Out, PWHT, or Custom), different style screens appear on the display. Run status is for monitoring purposes only and has no selectable or changeable parameters.

6-6-1. Temperature Based Control

6-6-1-1. Preheat, Bake-Out And PWHT Run Status Screen

Run Status Screen

```
Mode.......: Preheat          TC5:   77
Target Temp: ----             TC6:   77
Countdown..: --:--:--
Status.....: Stopped
```

Mode displays the programming mode (Preheat, Bake-Out, PWHT, or Custom Program). During active operation, Target Temp shows the target temperature based on the specific program, Countdown shows the time remaining in a soak segment, and Status shows the program segment type (step, soak, ramp, hold, or stopped). TC5 and TC6 display the temperature of thermocouples 5 and 6. This screen is for monitoring purposes only.

6-6-1-2. Custom Program

Run Status Screen

```
Mode.......: Custom Program   TC5:   77
Target Temp: ----             TC6:   77
Countdown..: --:--:--      Segment:  1
Status.....: Stopped
```

During active operation, Target Temp shows the target temperature based on the active segment, Countdown shows the time remaining in a soak segment, and Status shows the program segment type (step, soak, ramp, hold, or stopped) of the active segment and the active segment number. TC5 and TC6 display the temperature of thermocouples 5 and 6. This screen is for monitoring purposes only.

6-6-2. Manual Control

Run Status Screen

```
Mode.....: Manual              TC5:   77
Power....:  0.0 KW             TC6:   77
Countdown: --:--:--
Status...: Stopped
```

During active operation, Power shows the actual power delivered from the power source, Countdown shows the time remaining in the heating cycle, and Status indicates if the system is running or stopped. TC5 and TC6 display the temperature of thermocouples 5 and 6. This screen is for monitoring purposes only.

☞ *No changes can be made to the run status screen, and the Cursor, Increase and Decrease buttons are not functional.*

6-6-3. Remote Control

```
Mode.....: Remote      TC5: 77
Power....:  0.0 KW     TC6: 77
Countdown: 00:00:00
Status...: Stopped
```

During active operation, Power shows the actual power delivered from the power source, Countdown shows the time remaining of the heating cycle, and Status indicates if the system is running or stopped. This screen is for monitoring purposes only.

☞ *No changes can be made to the run status screen, and the Cursor, Increase and Decrease buttons are not functional.*

6-6-4. Power vs Time Control

```
Mode...: Power vs Time    TC5: 77
Segment:  1               TC6: 77
Type...: End
Power..:  0.0 KW   Countdown: 00:00:00
```

Mode displays the control mode. Also displayed are the present program segment, Segment type, current power level and remaining time of the current segment.

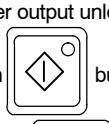
6-7. Parameters

During active operation, the Parameters screen allows the operator to monitor the power source output operating parameters. These parameters include output power, output amperage, output voltage, and output frequency. In addition, temperatures of thermocouples TC5 and TC6 are also displayed. The Parameters screen is for monitoring purposes only and has no selectable or changeable parameters.

Parameters Screen

```
Power....:  0.0 KW          TC5:   77
Current..:    0 A           TC6:   77
Voltage..:    0 V
Frequency:  4.5 KHz
```

6-8. Cooler

The Cooler  button is used to turn the cooler On or Off on systems using liquid-cooled output cables. Systems using liquid-cooled output cables will not deliver output unless the cooler is On. If the cooler is not started prior to initiating a heating cycle, the system will automatically start the cooler when the Run  button is pressed. Pressing the Stop  button does not shut off the cooler. The cooler must be shut off separately by pressing the Cooler  button.

When power source output is energized, the cooler cannot be turned off. If the Cooler  button is pressed while output is energized, the following screen will appear on the display:

Cooler Message Screen

```
Cooler cannot be turned off
while output is on
```

☞ *The Cooler button is inactive when no cooler is detected and no liquid-cooled output cable is attached.*

6-9. Real-Time Operation

Each time the unit is first turned On it initiates a system check routine that includes verification of communication between circuit boards and checking for output isolation faults. During this check routine, all displays and LEDs illuminate and the following screen appears on the display:

Power Up Message Screen

```
ProHeat
Firmware Revision X.XX
Copyright (c) 2005 - 2009
Miller Electric Mfg. Co.
```

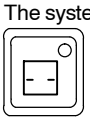
X.XX indicates the firmware revision number installed in the unit.

If an error is detected during the check routine, the system fault LED illuminates and an error message screen appears on the display (see Section 9-5).

When the check routine is completed successfully, the operator interface defaults to the following:

- The Stop  button indicator LED illuminates to indicate no heating cycle is in process.
- The temperature displays indicate actual temperature from the TC's (thermocouples). If no thermocouples are connected, the displays indicate OPEN.
- Control LEDs illuminate to indicate the number of control TC's in the last program.
- The appropriate degree units (°F or °C) light illuminates.
- The display defaults to the Run Status screen from the last program used and the Run Status  button indicator LED illuminates.
- If no fault or limit conditions are present, system status lights are not illuminated.

Once set up is complete for the desired program procedure (see Section 6-4), pressing the Run  button will initiate a heating cycle. When a program run is initiated, the Run  button yellow indicator LED illuminates and the Heat On blue indicator LED illuminates to indicate output is present to the coil. The cycle will continue until the end of the program is reached or the Stop  button is pressed.

The system has a hold function that will maintain a temperature or hold the soak time of any active temperature controlled program. Pressing the Hold  button will only activate the hold function while in the run mode. If the system is not in the run mode, the following screen will appear on the display:

Hold Message Screen

Must be running to enter Hold mode

In addition, when running in Manual operating mode, the Hold  button is not functional. If the system is running in Manual operating mode, pressing the Hold  button will cause the following screen to appear on the display:

Hold Message Screen

Hold mode not available when
temperature control is not active

Pressing the Hold  button will activate the hold function while running a temperature controlled program. While in the hold mode, the parameters for the program in process can be modified. The cycle will continue after pressing the Run  button. A change of program parameters during the hold will not change the original program. The original program parameters are maintained for the next heating cycle.

To make changes to a program while in run mode, press the Hold  button and the yellow indicator LED will illuminate, and the Run  button yellow indicator LED will turn off. When in hold, the system will maintain the actual temperature of the hottest thermocouple while the program is being changed.

- Press the Program  button and the yellow indicator LED will illuminate. The display will change to show the current mode of operation or the current segment of a Custom Program.
- Use the Cursor  button to move the cursor to the parameter that will be changed.
- Press the Increase  or Decrease  button to make desired changes.
- Press the Run  button to resume program operation and the yellow indicator LED will illuminate, and the Hold  button yellow indicator LED will turn off.

Any program parameter (temperatures, rates, times, or number of TC's) can be changed while in hold. In a custom based program, any segment number can be changed; however, if the operation of a segment has already been completed in a program, the change to that segment will not affect the program function.

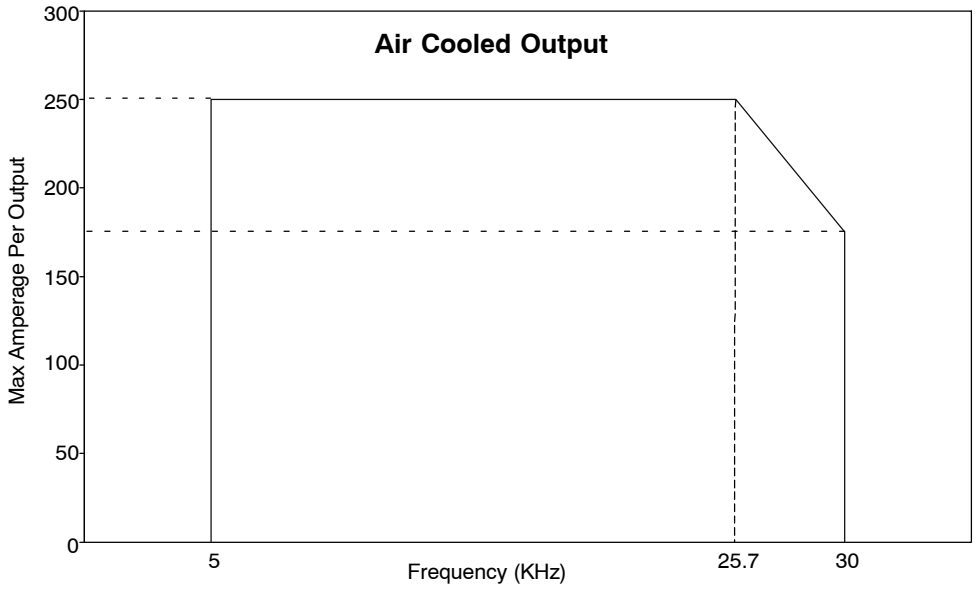
- Press the Stop  button to end the program.

6-10. System Operating Characteristics

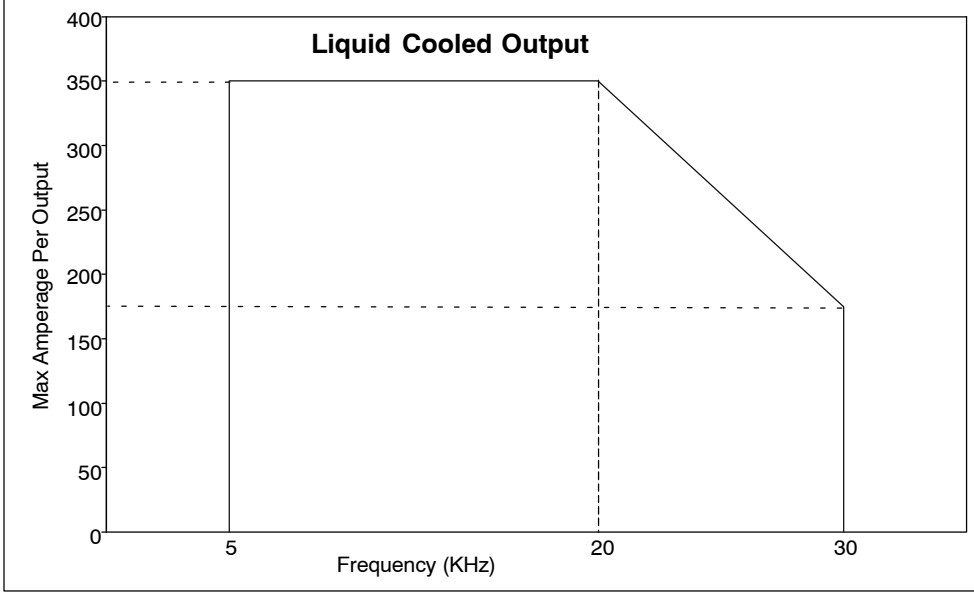
The power source delivers a high-frequency alternating current output that energizes the coil creating the magnetic field used to heat the workpiece. The power source output characteristics are a function of the configuration, type and number of coils used as shown in the following table:

Table 6-1. Power Source Output Characteristics

Output Type	Maximum Amperage	Maximum Voltage	Frequency Range
Air Cooled Single and Dual	250 A per output for 15 minutes. After 15 minutes, power steps down to limit current to 150 amperes per output for continuous operation.	700 V	5 – 25.7 kHz
	See Note 1	700 V	25.7 – 30 kHz
Single Liquid Cooled	350 A	700 V	5 – 20 kHz
	See Note 2	700 V	20 – 30 kHz
Dual Liquid Cooled	350 A per output/700 A total	700 V	5 – 20 kHz
	See Note 2	700 V	20 – 30 kHz



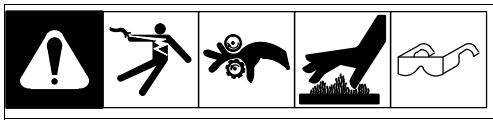
☞ *Note 1: In the frequency range of 25.7 to 30 KHz, the maximum output amperage decreases linearly from 250 down to 175 amperes per output. Regardless of frequency, after 15 minutes the maximum output is reduced to 150 amperes per output.*



☞ *Note 2: In the frequency range of 20 to 30 KHz, the maximum output decreases linearly from 350 down to 175 amperes per output.*

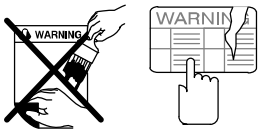
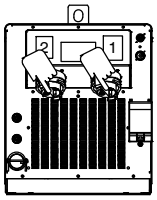
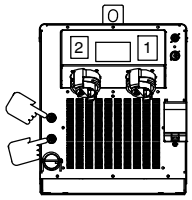
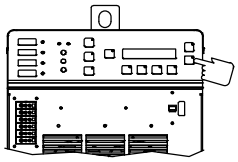
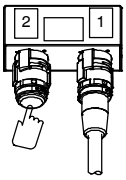
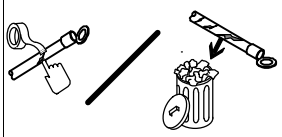
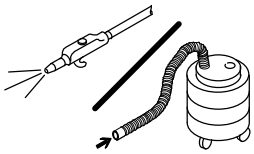
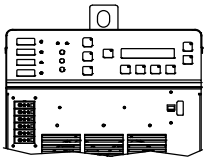
SECTION 7 – MAINTENANCE

7-1. Routine Maintenance

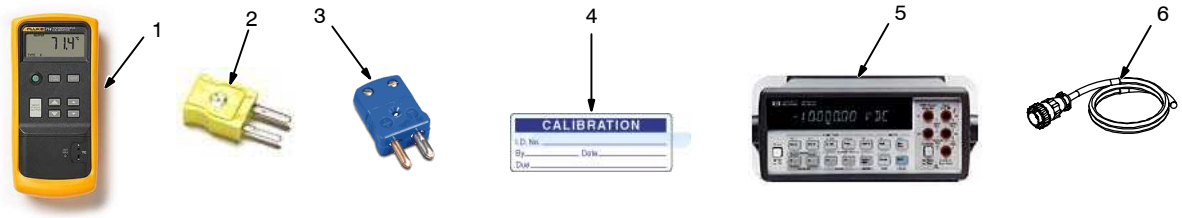


Disconnect power before maintaining.

☞ *Maintain more often during severe conditions.*

	✓ = Check ◇ = Change ◯ = Clean ☆ = Replace * To be done by Factory Authorized Service Agent				Reference
Every **3** Months	 ☆ Damaged or Unreadable Labels	 ◯ Output Connector Contacts	 ◯ Ground Sense Lead Receptacles	 ◯ Operator Interface Overlay	Section 4-9, 4-14
	 ✓ Integrity Of Protective Plug, Replace If Necessary	 ✓☆Cracked Cables			
Every **6** Months	 ◯ Inside Unit				Section 9-8
Every **Year**	 ✓ Verify Unit Calibration				Sections 7-2, 7-3

7-2. Calibration Verification Equipment



1 Thermocoupler Calibrator

Suggested calibrator from Fluke item 714 or equivalent.

2 Type K Mini Connector

Suggested connector from Fluke item 80CK–M or equivalent.

A length of type K thermocouple wire is required. Connect red to negative and yellow to positive when wiring connectors.

3 Type K 2-Pin Male Connector

Suggested connector from Newport item OST–K–M or equivalent

4 Calibration Label

Suggested label from Q–CEES item QCC306BU or equivalent.

5 Precision Digital Voltmeter (DVM)

Suggested meters are Agilent Multimeter or Hewlett Packard Multimeter Model 34401A or equivalent. DVM must be able to read to three decimal places (0.000).

6 Interconnecting Cable

MILLER Part No. 300168 can be used to connect the Recorder to the DC power supply.

7-3. Calibration Verification Procedure

Calibration verification should be done every year. Use appropriate Certificate of Calibration to record calibration information. A spreadsheet could also be used to record the information.

7-3-1. Initial Set Up

1. Power switch off
2. Have qualified person connect primary power to ProHeat 35.
3. Turn ProHeat 35 power switch on.
4. Press and hold the Program button, then press Parameters to enter setup mode.
5. Press Cursor button 4 times to get to Control Mode line.
6. Press the Decrease button to change to Manual, if necessary.
7. Press the Run Status button. (TC5 and TC6 will show in upper right-hand corner of display)
8. Let unit idle for a minimum of 15 minutes before checking calibration.
9. Turn on Fluke 714 Thermocouple Calibrator and Precision DVM. Leave them on for a minimum of 15 minutes before checking calibration.

7-3-2. TC Input/Output Check

1. Connect precision DVM (DC Volts set to display in thousandths) to RC9. This is the top connector located on the back of the ProHeat 35. Red lead to pin 1 and black to pin 5.
2. Set TC calibrator to 382.0 °F or 194.5 °C. Connect to TC1 input jack on front of ProHeat.
3. Verify TC display value of (±3°F) or (±2°C). RC9 output has a tolerance of (±6°F) or (±3.3°C). DVM reads 2.787 VDC (±0.038) (2.749 – 2.825).
4. Enter DVM values into calibration certificate If you are creating your own spreadsheet use the following calculation.

The voltage to temperature calculation is:
(DC Volts Out x 155) – 50 = °F
(DC Volts Out x 86.1) – 45.4 = °C

5. Repeat steps 1.–4. for TC2 – TC6 input jacks.

For TC2 move red precision DVM lead to RC9 pin 2.
For TC3 move red precision DVM lead to RC9 pin 3.
For TC4 move red precision DVM lead to RC9 pin 4.
For TC5 move red precision DVM lead to RC9 pin 6.
For TC6 move red precision DVM lead to RC9 pin 7.
Note: TC5 and TC6 will show in upper right-hand corner of display.

6. Repeat steps 1.–5. with TC calibrator set to 882.0 °F or 472.2 °C, verify TC display value (±3°F) or (±2°C). RC9 output has a tolerance of (±6°F) or (±3.3°C). DVM reads 6.013 VDC (±0.038) (5.975 – 6.041).
7. Repeat steps 1.–5. with TC calibrator set to 1382.0 °F or 750 °C, verify TC display value (±3°F) or (±2°C). RC9 output has a tolerance of (±6°F) or (±3.3°C). DVM reads 9.239 VDC (±0.038) (9.201 – 9.277).

7-3-3. Finishing Procedure

1. If ProHeat 35 was set for Temp in Control Mode follow steps 7-3-1, steps 4.–6. to change it back to Temp.

2. Turn ProHeat 35 power switch off.
3. Have qualified person disconnect primary power.
4. Remove precision DVM and TC calibrator.
5. Complete calibration label & place it on unit directly above TC1 display.
   I.D. No. (TC board serial number) Be sure the serial number matches the board in the machine.
   By (your initials) Date (today's date)
   Due (date 1 year from today)
6. Print a copy of the certificate to send with the ProHeat 35.
7. If entering data in a spreadsheet, save data.

Notes

Company Name
Street
PO Box
City, State, Zip Code

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

TCI Serial Number: **Calibration Date:**
Certified by: **Re-Calibration Date:**

Company name does hereby certify the above instrument was calibrated against standards maintained by Company name and meets or exceeds all published specifications.
The accuracy of these standards is directly traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

	PRIMARY STANDARD 382 (°F)		PRIMARY STANDARD 882 (°F)		PRIMARY STANDARD 1382 (°F)	
	Voltage Out (V)	Equivalent Temp (°F)	Voltage Out (V)	Equivalent Temp (°F)	Voltage Out (V)	Equivalent Temp (°F)
CHANNEL 1						
CHANNEL 2						
CHANNEL 3						
CHANNEL 4						
CHANNEL 5						
CHANNEL 6						

Instrumentation Used:

Thermocouple Calibrator: **Serial Number:**
Calibrated Multimeter: **Serial Number:**

Company Name
Street
PO Box
City, State, Zip Code

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

TCI Serial Number: **Calibration Date:**
Certified by: **Re-Calibration Date:**

Company name does hereby certify the above instrument was calibrated against standards maintained by Company name and meets or exceeds all published specifications.
The accuracy of these standards is directly traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

	PRIMARY STANDARD 194 (°C)		PRIMARY STANDARD 472 (°C)		PRIMARY STANDARD 750 (°C)	
	Voltage Out (V)	Equivalent Temp (°C)	Voltage Out (V)	Equivalent Temp (°C)	Voltage Out (V)	Equivalent Temp (°C)
CHANNEL 1						
CHANNEL 2						
CHANNEL 3						
CHANNEL 4						
CHANNEL 5						
CHANNEL 6						

Instrumentation Used:

Thermocouple Calibrator: **Serial Number:**
Calibrated Multimeter: **Serial Number:**

SECTION 8 – SAFETY PRECAUTIONS FOR SERVICING

Protect yourself and others from injury — read and follow these precautions.

8-1. Symbol Usage

OM-___ - Date, safety_ihtm 2010–03

DANGER! – Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. The possible hazards are shown in the adjoining symbols or explained in the text.

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. The possible hazards are shown in the adjoining symbols or explained in the text.

NOTICE *– Indicates statements not related to personal injury.*

☞ *Indicates special instructions.*

This group of symbols means Warning! Watch Out! ELECTRIC SHOCK, MOVING PARTS, and HOT PARTS hazards. Consult symbols and related instructions below for necessary actions to avoid the hazards.

8-2. Servicing Hazards

The symbols shown below are used throughout this manual to call attention to and identify possible hazards. When you see the symbol, watch out, and follow the related instructions to avoid the hazard.

Only qualified persons should service, test, maintain, and repair this unit.

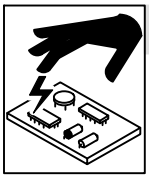
During servicing, keep everybody, especially children, away.

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch live electrical parts.
- Turn Off induction heating power source and disconnect and lockout input power using line disconnect switch, circuit breakers, or by removing plug from receptacle, or stop engine before servicing unless the procedure specifically requires an energized unit.
- Insulate yourself from ground by standing or working on dry insulating mats big enough to prevent contact with the ground.
- Do not leave live unit unattended.
- If this procedure requires an energized unit, have only personnel familiar with and following standard safety practices do the job.
- When testing a live unit, use the one-hand method. Do not put both hands inside unit. Keep one hand free.
- Disconnect input power conductors from deenergized supply line BEFORE moving an induction heating power source.

SIGNIFICANT DC VOLTAGE exists in inverter power sources AFTER removal of input power.

- Turn Off inverter, disconnect input power, and discharge input capacitors according to instructions in Troubleshooting Section before touching any parts.

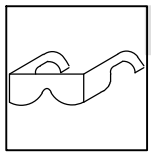


STATIC (ESD) can damage PC boards.

- Put on grounded wrist strap BEFORE handling boards or parts.
- Use proper static-proof bags and boxes to store, move, or ship PC boards.

FIRE OR EXPLOSION hazard.

- Do not place unit on, over, or near combustible surfaces.
- Do not service unit near flammables.

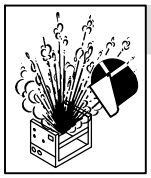


FLYING METAL or DIRT can injure eyes.

- Wear safety glasses with side shields or face shield during servicing.
- Be careful not to short metal tools, parts, or wires together during testing and servicing.

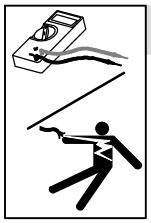
INDUCTION HEATING can burn.

- Do not touch hot parts bare handed.
- Allow cooling period before handling parts on equipment.
- Do not touch or handle induction head/coil during operation.
- Keep metal jewelry and other metal personal items away from head/coil during operation.
- To handle hot parts, use proper tools and/or wear heavy, insulated welding gloves and clothing to prevent burns.



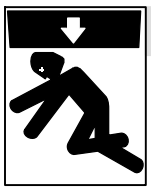
EXPLODING PARTS can injure.

- Failed parts can explode or cause other parts to explode when power is applied to inverters.
- Always wear a face shield and long sleeves when servicing inverters.



SHOCK HAZARD from testing.

- Turn Off induction heating power source before making or changing meter lead connections.
- Use at least one meter lead that has a self-retaining spring clip such as an alligator clip.
- Read instructions for test equipment.

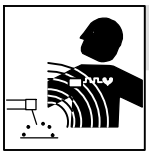


FALLING EQUIPMENT can injure.

- Use lifting eye to lift unit only, NOT running gear, gas cylinders, or any other accessories.
- Use equipment of adequate capacity to lift and support unit.
- If using lift forks to move unit, be sure forks are long enough to extend beyond opposite side of unit.
- Follow the guidelines in the Applications Manual for the Revised NIOSH Lifting Equation (Publication No. 94–110) when manually lifting heavy parts or equipment.

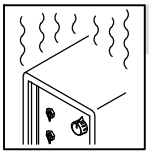
MOVING PARTS can injure.

- Keep away from moving parts such as fans.
- Have only qualified persons remove doors, panels, covers, or guards for maintenance and troubleshooting as necessary.
- Keep hands, hair, loose clothing, and tools away from moving parts.
- Reinstall doors, panels, covers, or guards when maintenance is finished and before reconnecting input power.



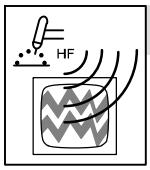
ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS (EMF) can affect Implanted Medical Devices.

- Wearers of Pacemakers and other Implanted Medical Devices should keep away from servicing areas until consulting their doctor and the device manufacturer.



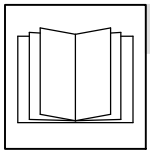
OVERUSE can cause OVERHEATING.

- Allow cooling period; follow rated duty cycle.
- Reduce current or reduce duty cycle before using induction heating equipment again.
- Do not block or filter airflow to unit.



H.F. RADIATION can cause interference.

- High-frequency (H.F.) can interfere with radio navigation, safety services, computers, and communications equipment.
- Have only qualified persons familiar with electronic equipment install, test, and service H.F. producing units.
- The user is responsible for having a qualified electrician promptly correct any interference problem resulting from the installation.
- If notified by the FCC about interference, stop using the equipment at once.
- Have the installation regularly checked and maintained.
- Keep high-frequency source doors and panels tightly shut, keep spark gaps at correct setting, and use grounding and shielding to minimize the possibility of interference.



READ INSTRUCTIONS.

- Use Testing Booklet (Part No. 150 853) when servicing this unit.
- Consult the Owner's Manual for welding safety precautions.
- Use only genuine replacement parts from the manufacturer.
- Read and follow all labels and the Technical Manual carefully before installing, operating, or servicing unit. Read the safety information at the beginning of the manual and in each section.

8-3. California Proposition 65 Warnings

Welding or cutting equipment produces fumes or gases which contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects and, in some cases, cancer. (California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq.)

Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

This product contains chemicals, including lead, known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. *Wash hands after use.*

For Gasoline Engines:

Engine exhaust contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

For Diesel Engines:

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

8-4. EMF Information

Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized electric and magnetic fields (EMF). Welding current creates an EMF field around the welding circuit and welding equipment. EMF fields may interfere with some medical implants, e.g. pacemakers. Protective measures for persons wearing medical implants have to be taken. For example, access restrictions for passers–by or individual risk assessment for welders. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:

1. Keep cables close together by twisting or taping them, or using a cable cover.
2. Do not place your body between welding cables. Arrange cables to one side and away from the operator.
3. Do not coil or drape cables around your body.
4. Keep head and trunk as far away from the equipment in the welding circuit as possible.
5. Connect work clamp to workpiece as close to the weld as possible.
6. Do not work next to, sit or lean on the welding power source.
7. Do not weld whilst carrying the welding power source or wire feeder.

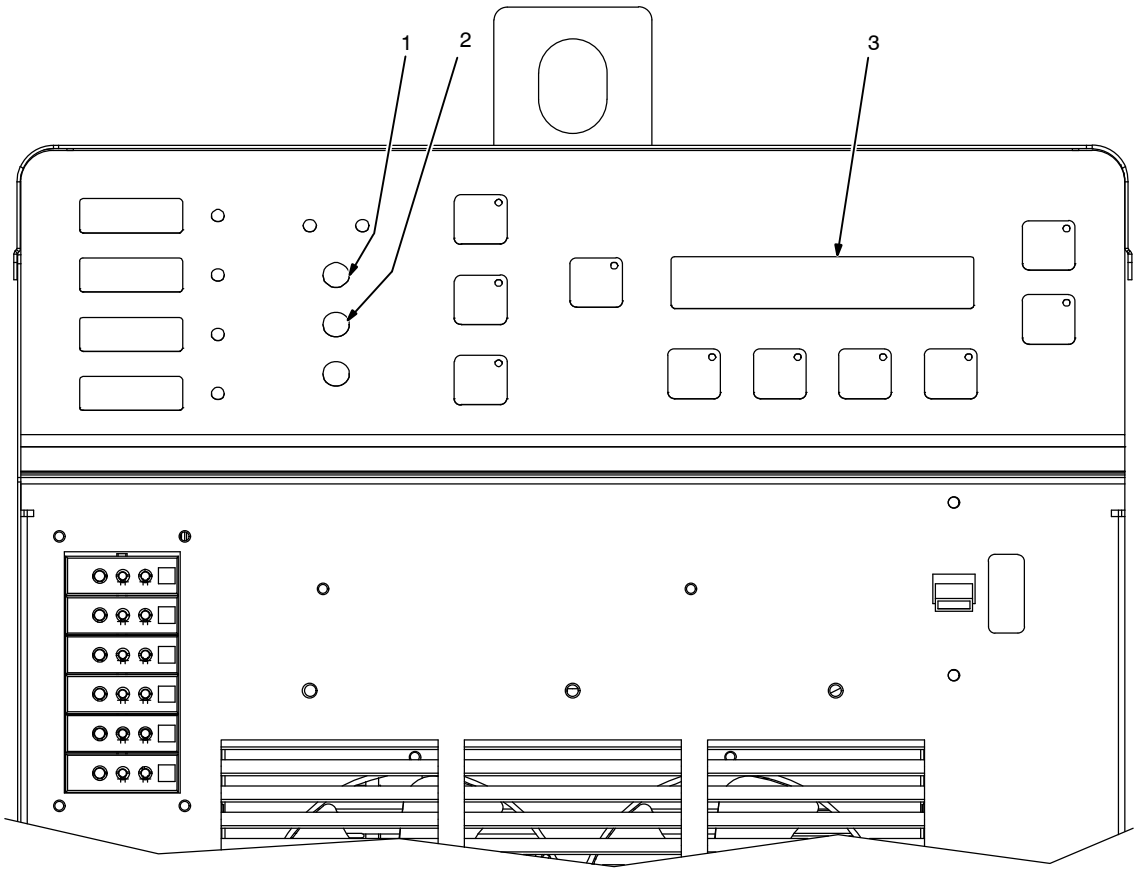
About Implanted Medical Devices:

Implanted Medical Device wearers should consult their doctor and the device manufacturer before performing or going near arc welding, spot welding, gouging, plasma arc cutting, or induction heating operations. If cleared by your doctor, then following the above procedures is recommended.

SECTION 9 – DIAGNOSTICS & TROUBLESHOOTING

The ProHeat 35 power source has on-board capabilities to aid in troubleshooting problems should any conditions occur during operation. This troubleshooting capability consists of the Fault LED, Limit LED, and message screens that appear on the front panel LCD display.

9-1. Operator Interface Indicators



803 995-B

1 Fault LED

LED lights to indicate a system fault condition.

2 Limit LED

LED lights to indicate a system limit condition.

3 4 x 40 LCD Display

Displays programming, run status, parameters, fault and limit conditions, and troubleshooting guide.

9-2. Limit Conditions

A limit condition indicates that the system has encountered an open thermocouple or is outside the range of its optimum operating conditions or parameters. Should a limit condition occur during operation, the yellow Limit LED will flash to indicate a problem. If the active screen on the LCD display is Run Status or Parameters, a message describing the particular limit condition will appear on the display. If the active screen is Program, press the Run Status  button to display the limit condition.

In a limit condition, the power source will continue to deliver output power and protect itself from damage by reducing the output power. This situation allows the operator time to determine the best action to correct the problem as described by the limit message on the LCD display.

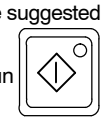
If a limit condition occurs, there are two selectable options:

- Acknowledge the limit and continue operation.
- Terminate operation to correct the problem causing the limit.

Pressing the Decrease  button will acknowledge the limit and continue operation with the existing set up. In the acknowledge state, the yellow Limit LED will stop flashing and remain on continuously. The LCD display will revert to an active screen once the Program  button, Run Status  button, or Parameters  button is pressed.

If a new limit condition should occur after the first is acknowledged, the yellow Limit LED will start flashing to indicate a new problem. To display the limit condition, press the Run Status  button and the LCD display will show a message describing the new and previous limit messages.

To obtain additional information regarding the limit condition and suggested solutions to resolve the limit, press the Increase  button, and the LCD display will indicate possible solutions based on the type of limit condition.

If the operator determines that the best course of action is to terminate operation and make suggested changes to the setup to eliminate the limit condition, press the Stop  button. After changes are made to the setup, press the Run  button to restart the process.

9-3. Limit Condition Codes

Limit Condition	Additional Information
L01: Thermocouple #1 Open	Check for open temperature sensor and repair Change to back-up temperature sensor
L02: Themocouple #2 Open	Check for open temperature sensor and repair Change to back-up temperature sensor
L03: Thermocouple #3 Open	Check for open temperature sensor and repair Change to back-up temperature sensor
L04: Thermocouple #4 Open	Check for open temperature sensor and repair Change to back-up temperature sensor
L05: Thermocouple #5 Open	Check for open temperature sensor and repair Change to back-up temperature sensor
L06: Thermocouple #6 Open	Check for open temperature sensor and repair Change to back-up temperature sensor
L07: Output Voltage Limit	Tighten blanket against pipe surface
L08: Output Voltage Limit	Increase number of turns Increase coil space Shorten extension cable Increase insulation width
L09: Output Current Limit	Tighten blanket against pipe surface
L10: Output Current Limit	Increase number of turns Decrease coil space Tighten cable on insulation
L11: Coolant Overtemp Limit	Check coolant flow and level Clean coolant filters and heat exchanger Increase number of turns Verify appropriate insulation thickness

Limit Condition	Additional Information
L12: Power Source Overtemp Limit	Check for blocked vents Clean wind tunnel heat sinks
L13: Cable Connection	Check for loose/open output connection Verify all output cables are same type Verify receptacle plug connected

9-4. Fault Conditions

A fault condition occurs if the system encounters an isolation fault, encounters operating conditions outside operational limits, or if there is a serious problem with the system. Should a fault condition occur, the output is immediately turned off, the red Fault LED flashes and the Stop  button LED flashes. If the active screen on the LCD display is Run Status or Parameters, a message describing the particular fault condition will appear on the display. If the active screen is Program, press the Run Status  button to display the fault condition.

Pressing the Decrease  button will acknowledge the fault and the red Fault LED will stop flashing and remain on continuously. However, the Stop  button LED will continue to flash indicating that the process has stopped.

To obtain additional information regarding the fault condition and suggested solutions to resolve the fault, press the Increase  button, and the LCD display will indicate possible solutions based on the type of fault condition. In most cases, a fault condition will indicate that service is required.

9-5. Fault Condition Codes

Fault Condition	Additional Information
F51: Thermocouple #1 Internal Fault	Service required
F52: Themocouple #2 Internal Fault	Service required
F53: Thermocouple #3 Internal Fault	Service required
F54: Thermocouple #4 Internal Fault	Service required
F55: Thermocouple #5 Internal Fault	Service required
F56: Thermocouple #6 Internal Fault	Service required
F57: CJT Sensor Internal Fault	Service required
F58: Output Voltage Fault	Service required
F59: Output Current Fault	Service required
F60: Temperature Sensor Fault	Check control TC connections Check control TC extension cable
F61: Coolant Flow Fault	Check for coolant leak Clean for coolant blockage Check coolant filter and level Check coolant connections
F62: Isolation Fault	Check for exposed conductor Clean for moisture on cables
F63: Line Voltage Fault	Check line voltage
F64: Power Source Overtemp Fault	Verify power source vents and wind tunnel are unobstructed
F65: Current Source Fault	Service required
F66: Under Frequency Fault	Check for loose or open connections in output cable Decrease number of turns Decrease coil space
F67: Over Frequency Fault	Verify heating cable properly wrapped Verify material being heated is magnetic

Fault Condition	Additional Information
F68: Cable Connection Fault	Check for loose/open output connection Verify all output cables are same type Verify receptacle plug connected
F69: Coolant Overtemp Fault	Check coolant flow and level Clean coolant filters and heat exchanger Increase number of turns Verify appropriate insulation thickness
F70: Internal Communication Fault	Service required
F71: Internal Thermistor Fault	Service required
F72: Coolant Thermistor Fault	Service required
F73: Decoupled/Open Coil	Check for loose/open output connection. Tighten coil/blanket.
F74: Isolation Fault Self-Test Error	Service required
F75: Internal Power Supply Fault	Service required
F76: Current Source Control Fault	Service required
F77: Power Source Internal Comm Fault	Service required
F78: Output Current Sense Fault	Check for loose/open output connection or an extension cable connected with no coil attached at the end.

9-6. System Diagnostic Screens

Additional system diagnostics are available and accessible through the operator interface. Detail operational parameters can be accessed by pressing and holding the Run Status  button and pressing the Parameters 

button.

When this feature is initially activated, the following screen appears on the LCD display:

System Diagnostic Screen

```
RemCmd: 1023 Off     Cable1: LQD   DIAG1
 OutI1:    0 A       Cable2: LQD
 OutI2:    0 A       ClntFR: 0.75 GPM
IsrcFb:    0 A       ClrSts: Flowing
```

RemCmd – This is the value of the remote command and the status of the remote contactor.

☞ *Remote controls can be used to enable/disable output in all control modes. They only affect output power level when the control mode is set to Remote.*

Out I1 – This is the value of the output current on output 1.

Out I2 – This is the value of the output current on output 2.

Isrc FB – This is the value of the amperage in the current source inverter.

Cable 1 – This is the cable type hooked up to output number one. Possible labels:

- AIR – for an air-cooled cable
- LQD – for a liquid-cooled cable
- PLUG – for a protective plug
- OPEN – no cable or plug in place

Cable 2 – This is the cable type hooked up to output number two. Possible labels:

- AIR – for an air-cooled cable
- LQD – for a liquid-cooled cable
- PLUG – for a protective plug
- OPEN – no cable or plug in place

ClntFR – This is the coolant flow rate (in GPM) from the cooler on a liquid-cooled system.

ClrSts – This is the status of the cooler. Possible labels:

- Off
- Flowing

The second diagnostic screen is available by again pressing and holding the Run Status  button and pressing the Parameters 

button.

System Diagnostic Screen

```
VLnA–B: 460V  Therm1:   75         DIAG2
VLnB–C: 460V  Therm2:   75  Therm5: OPEN
VLnC–A: 460V  Therm3:   75  ClrTmp:   77
  VBus: 650V  Therm4: OPEN  RmtFlw: Off
```

VLnA-B – This is the phase to phase line voltage between phases A and B.

VLnB-C – This is the phase to phase line voltage between phases B and C.

VLnC-A – This is the phase to phase line voltage between phases C and A.

VBus – This is the DC bus voltage.

Therm1 – This is the temperature of the current source primary heatsink.

Therm2 – This is the temperature of the bridge heatsink.

Therm3 – This the the temperature of the current source secondary heatsink.

Therm4 – Open (not used).

Therm5 – Open (not used).

ClrTmp – This is the temperature of the coolant on a liquid-cooled system.

- OPEN – no cooler is detected.

RmtFlw – This is the status of the relay contacts for remote coolant flow on a liquid-cooled system.

- OFF
- ON

☞ *RmtFlw feature is unsupported on the current platform.*

9-7. Removing Wrapper and Measuring Input Capacitor Voltage

Tools Needed:

5/16, 3/8 in.

900 Volts dc can be present on the capacitor bus and significant DC voltage can remain on capacitors after unit is Off. Always check the voltage on inverter assembly as shown to be sure the input capacitors have discharged before working on unit.

Turn Off welding power source, and disconnect input power.

Significant DC voltage can remain on capacitors after unit is Off. Always check the voltage as shown to be sure the input capacitors have discharged before working on unit.

Remove right side panel and disconnect fan motor FM3.

1 Current Source Interconnect Board PC4

2 Voltmeter

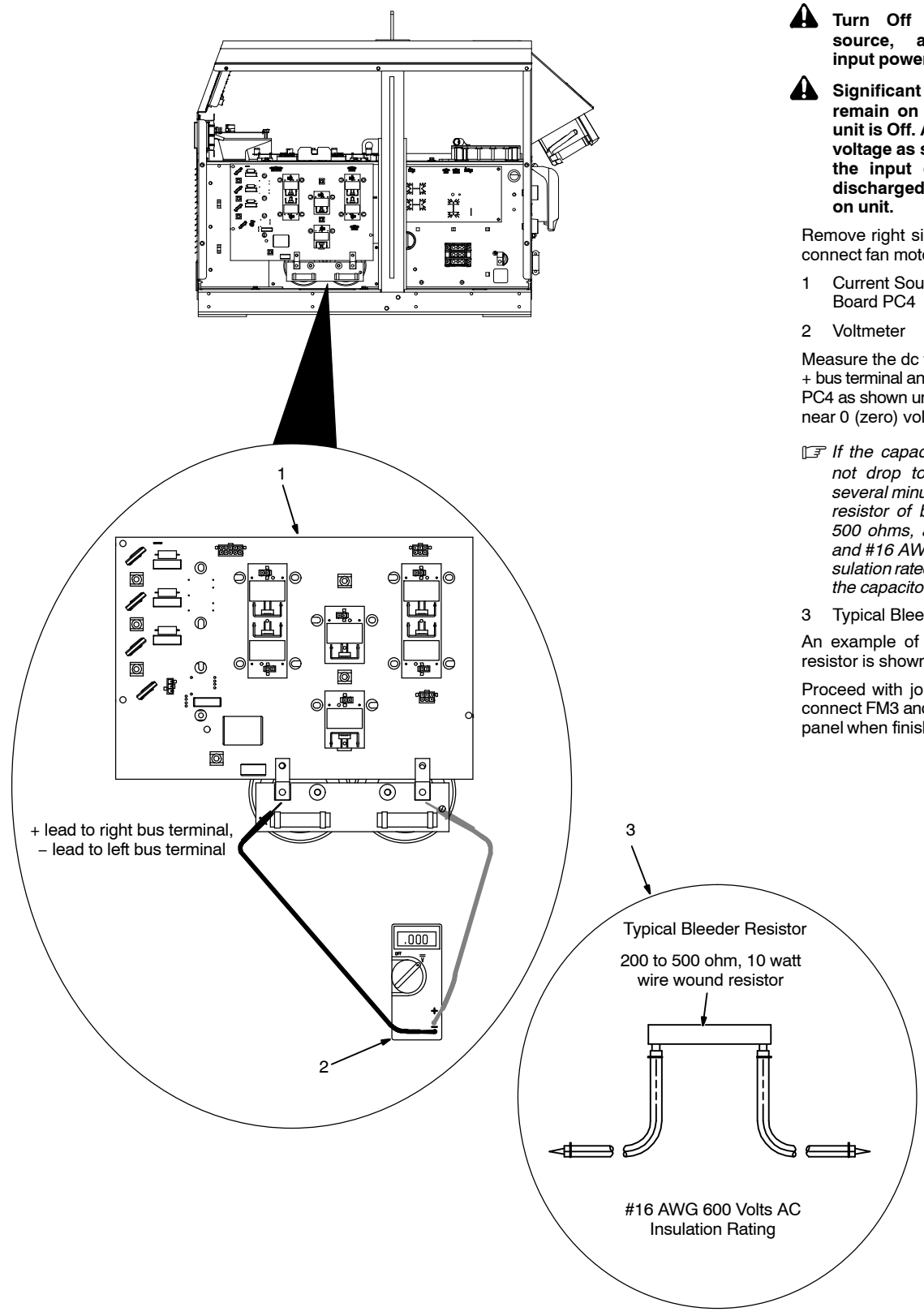
Measure the dc voltage across the + bus terminal and – bus terminal on PC4 as shown until voltage drops to near 0 (zero) volts.

☞ *If the capacitor voltage does not drop to near zero after several minutes, use a bleeder resistor of between 200 and 500 ohms, at least 10 watts, and #16 AWG 600 volts ac insulation rated wire to discharge the capacitor(s).*

3 Typical Bleeder Resistor

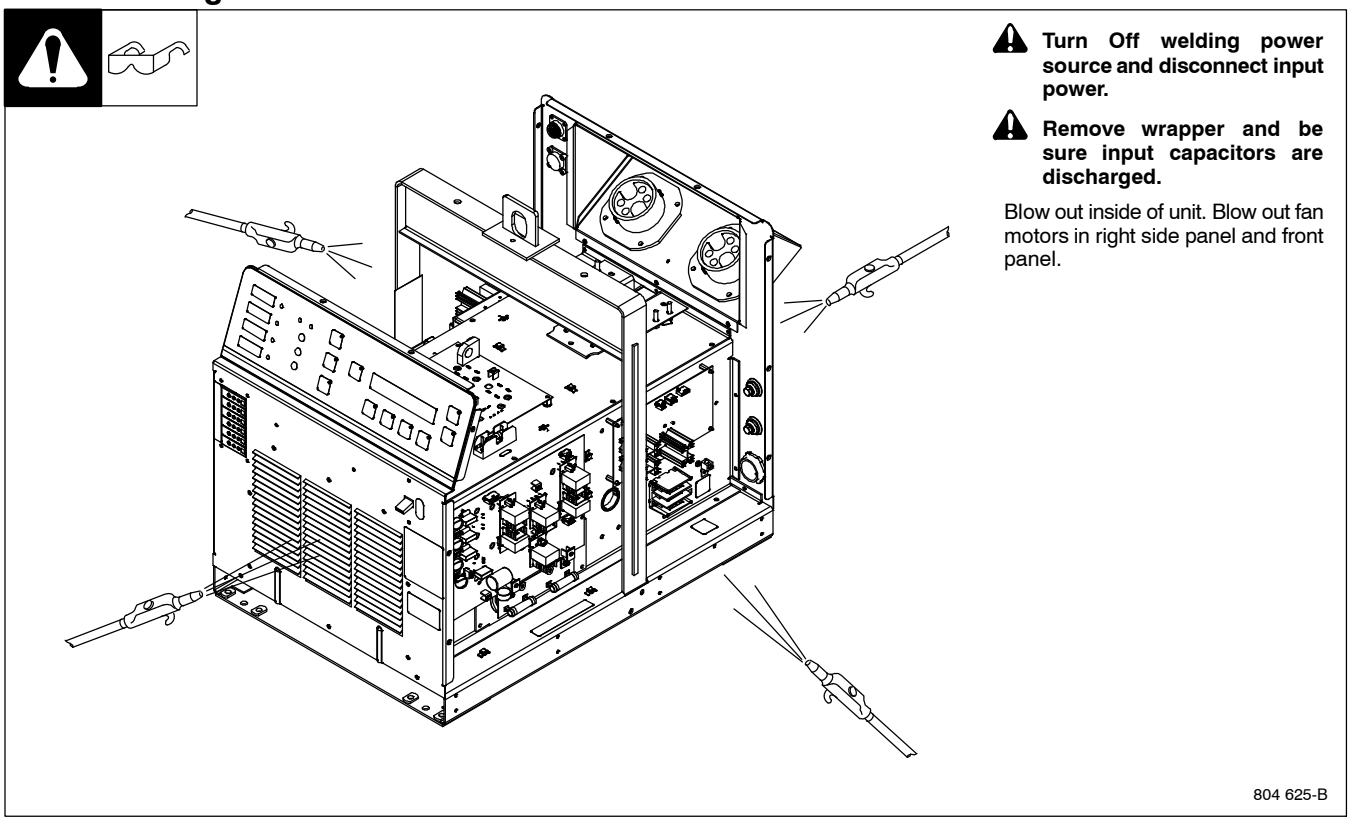
An example of a typical bleeder resistor is shown on this page.

Proceed with job inside unit. Reconnect FM3 and reinstall right side panel when finished.



804 519-B

9-8. Blowing Out Inside Of Unit



Turn Off welding power source and disconnect input power.

Remove wrapper and be sure input capacitors are discharged.

Blow out inside of unit. Blow out fan motors in right side panel and front panel.

804 625-B

Notes

MATERIAL THICKNESS REFERENCE CHART

24 Gauge (.025 in.)

22 Gauge (.031 in.)

20 Gauge (.037 in.)

18 Gauge (.050 in.)

16 Gauge (.063 in.)

14 Gauge (.078 in.)

1/8 in. (.125 in.)

3/16 in. (.188 in.)

1/4 in. (.25 in.)

5/16 in. (.313 in.)

3/8 in. (.375 in.)

1/2 in. (.5 in.)

Notes

SECTION 10 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM

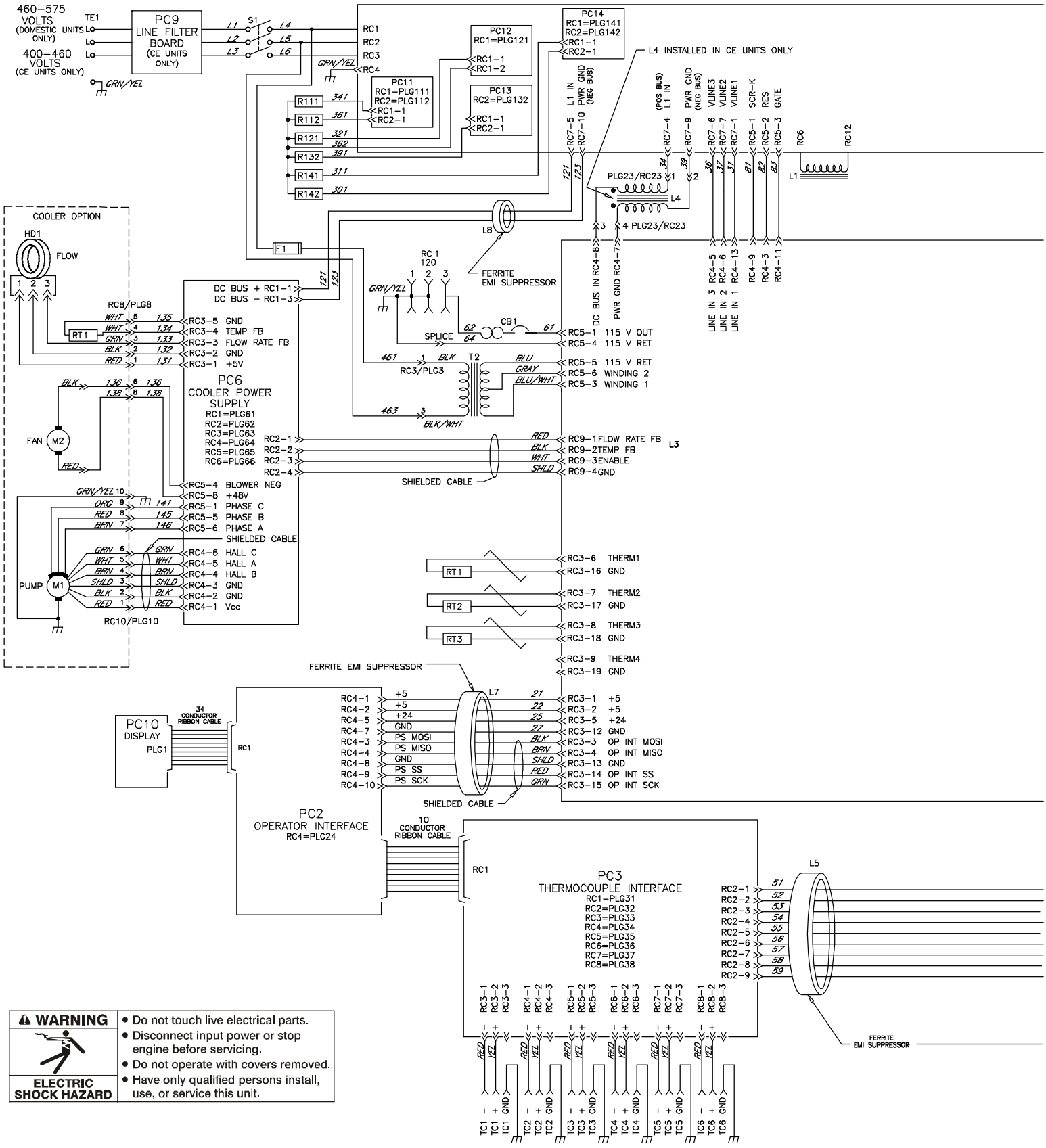
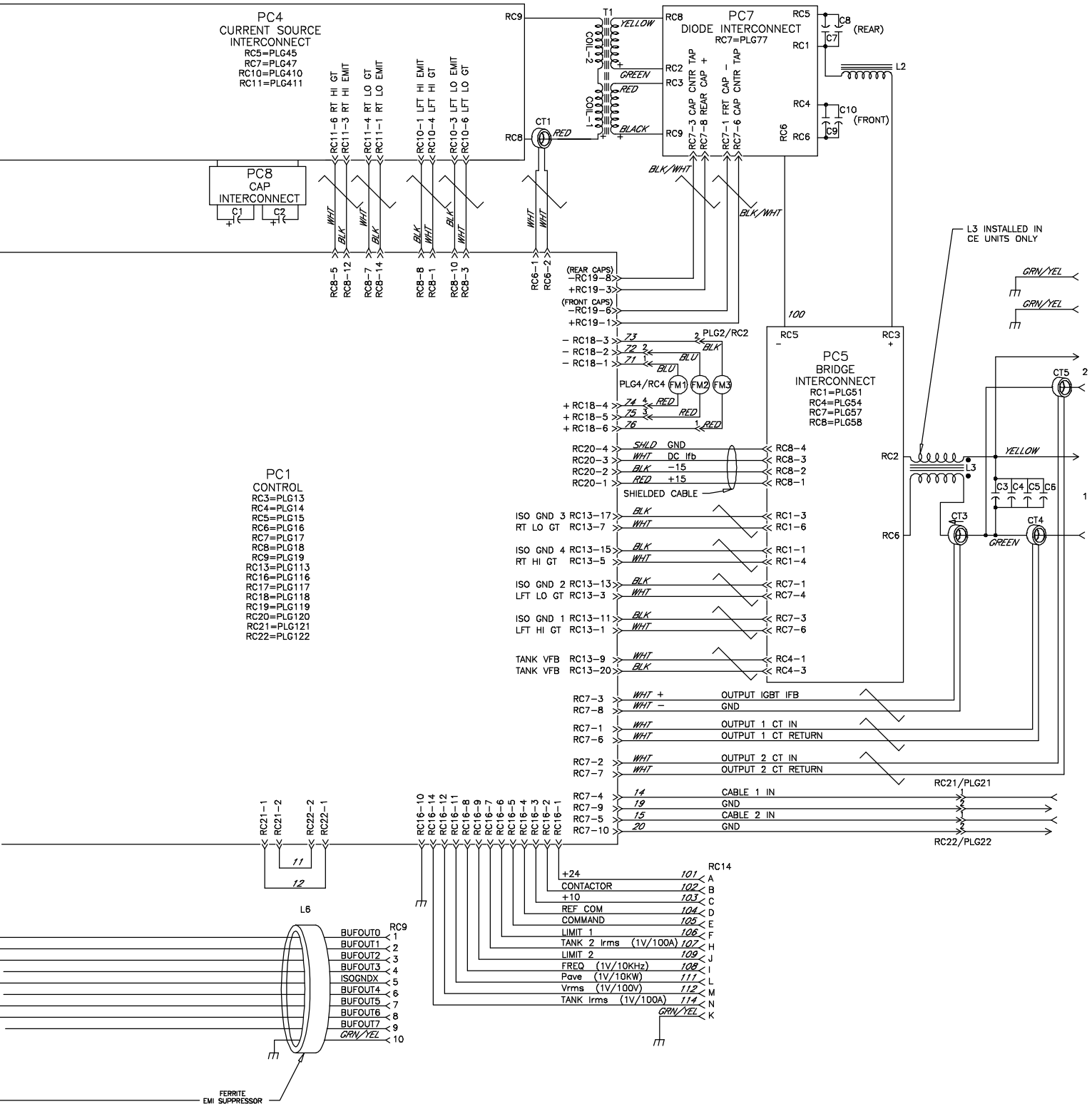


Figure 10-1. Circuit Diagram


PC4
CURRENT SOURCE
INTERCONNECT
RC5=PLG45
RC7=PLG47
RC10=PLG410
RC11=PLG411
PC8
CAP
INTERCONNECT
C1
C2
PC7
DIODE INTERCONNECT
RC7=PLG77
T1
COIL-2
COIL-1
YELLOW
GREEN
RED
BLACK
CT1
C8
(REAR)
C7
C10
(FRONT)
C9
L2
BLK/WHT
L3 INSTALLED IN
CE UNITS ONLY
GRN/YEL
(REAR CAPS)
–RC19–8
+RC19–3
(FRONT CAPS)
–RC19–6
+RC19–1
100
PLG2/RC2
PLG4/RC4
FM1
FM2
FM3
PC5
BRIDGE
INTERCONNECT
RC1=PLG51
RC4=PLG54
RC7=PLG57
RC8=PLG58
CT5
CT3
CT4
C3
C4
C5
C6
L3
PC1
CONTROL
RC3=PLG13
RC4=PLG14
RC5=PLG15
RC6=PLG16
RC7=PLG17
RC8=PLG18
RC9=PLG19
RC13=PLG113
RC16=PLG116
RC17=PLG117
RC18=PLG118
RC19=PLG119
RC20=PLG120
RC21=PLG121
RC22=PLG122
SHIELDED CABLE
SHLD GND
DC Ifb
–15
+15
ISO GND 3 RC13–17
RT LO GT RC13–7
ISO GND 4 RC13–15
RT HI GT RC13–5
ISO GND 2 RC13–13
LFT LO GT RC13–3
ISO GND 1 RC13–11
LFT HI GT RC13–1
TANK VFB RC13–9
TANK VFB RC13–20
OUTPUT IGBT IFB
GND
OUTPUT 1 CT IN
OUTPUT 1 CT RETURN
OUTPUT 2 CT IN
OUTPUT 2 CT RETURN
CABLE 1 IN
CABLE 2 IN
RC21/PLG21
RC22/PLG22
+24
CONTACTOR
+10
REF COM
COMMAND
LIMIT 1
TANK 2 Irms (1V/100A)
LIMIT 2
FREQ (1V/10KHz)
Pave (1V/10KW)
Vrms (1V/100V)
TANK Irms (1V/100A)
RC14
L6
RC9
BUFOUT0
BUFOUT1
BUFOUT2
BUFOUT3
ISOGNDX
BUFOUT4
BUFOUT5
BUFOUT6
BUFOUT7
FERRITE
EMI SUPPRESSOR

218 057-J

SECTION 11 – PARTS LIST

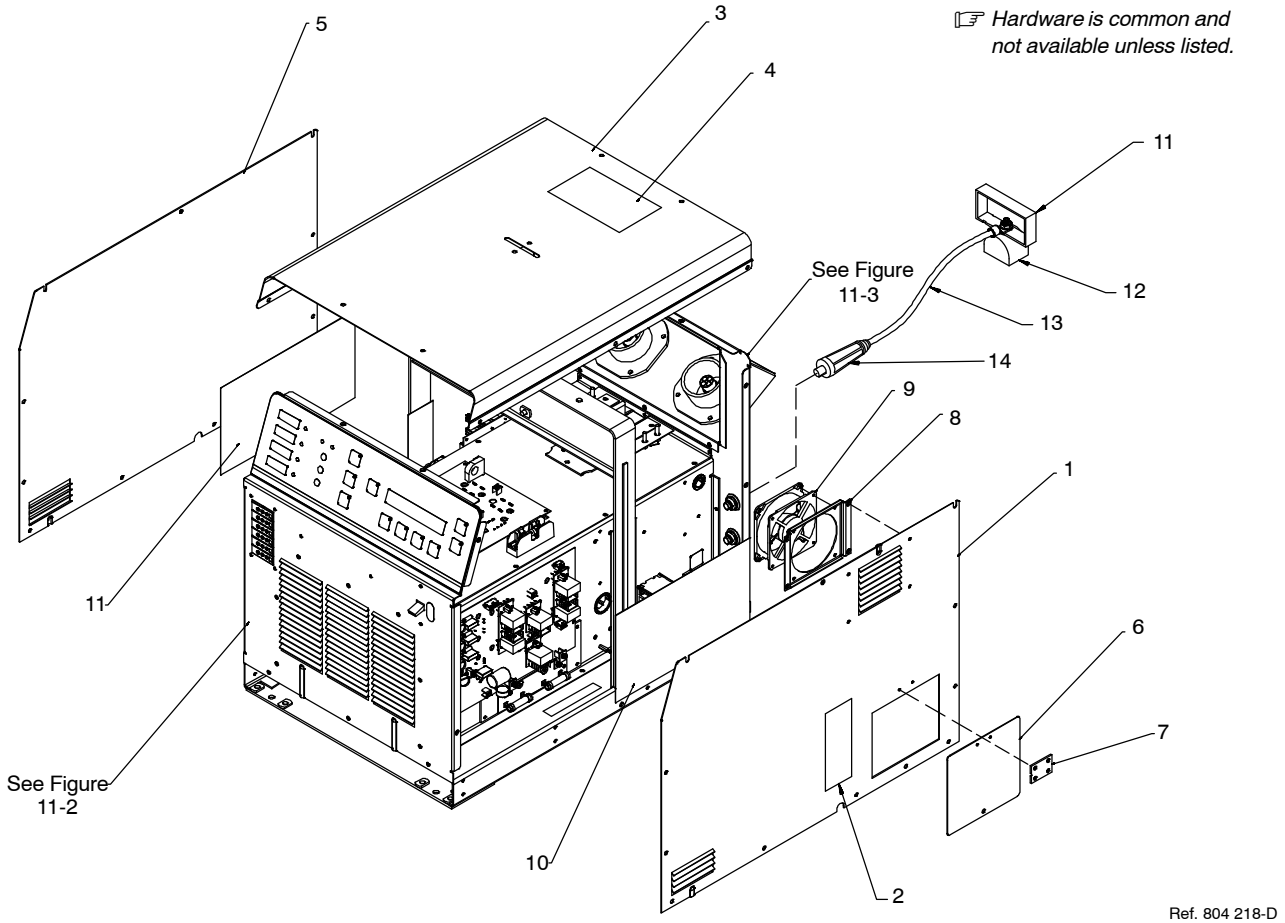


Figure 11-1. Wrappers

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
Figure 11-1. Wrappers				
1		+217 470	PANEL, side RH	1
2		217 860	LABEL, warning electric shock and input pwr (FR)	1
2		194 466	LABEL, warning electric shock and input pwr (CE)	1
3		+217 325	COVER, top	1
4		147 876	LABEL, warning general precautionary induction heat	1
4		190 025	LABEL, warning general precautionary wordless induction heat	1
5		217 334	PANEL, side LH	1
6		217 468	DOOR, primary board	1
7		218 280	HINGE, cont polyolefin copolymer	1
8		222 106	BRACKET, mtg fan	1
9	FM3	236 263	FAN, muffin 24VDC 3000 RPM 130 CFM	1
10		206 270	INSULATOR, side RH	2
11		198 035	HANDLE	1
12		197 931	MAGNET, permanent	1
13		197 900	CABLE, work ground	1
14		127 836	PLUG, tw lk insul male	1
	RC2	135 635	HOUSING PLUG+PINS, (service kit)	1
	PLG2	131 054	HOUSING RCPT+SKTS, (service kit)	1
	PLG61	131 204	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1
	PLG63	115 094	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1

+When ordering a component originally displaying a precautionary label, the label should also be ordered.

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

☞ *Hardware is common and not available unless listed.*

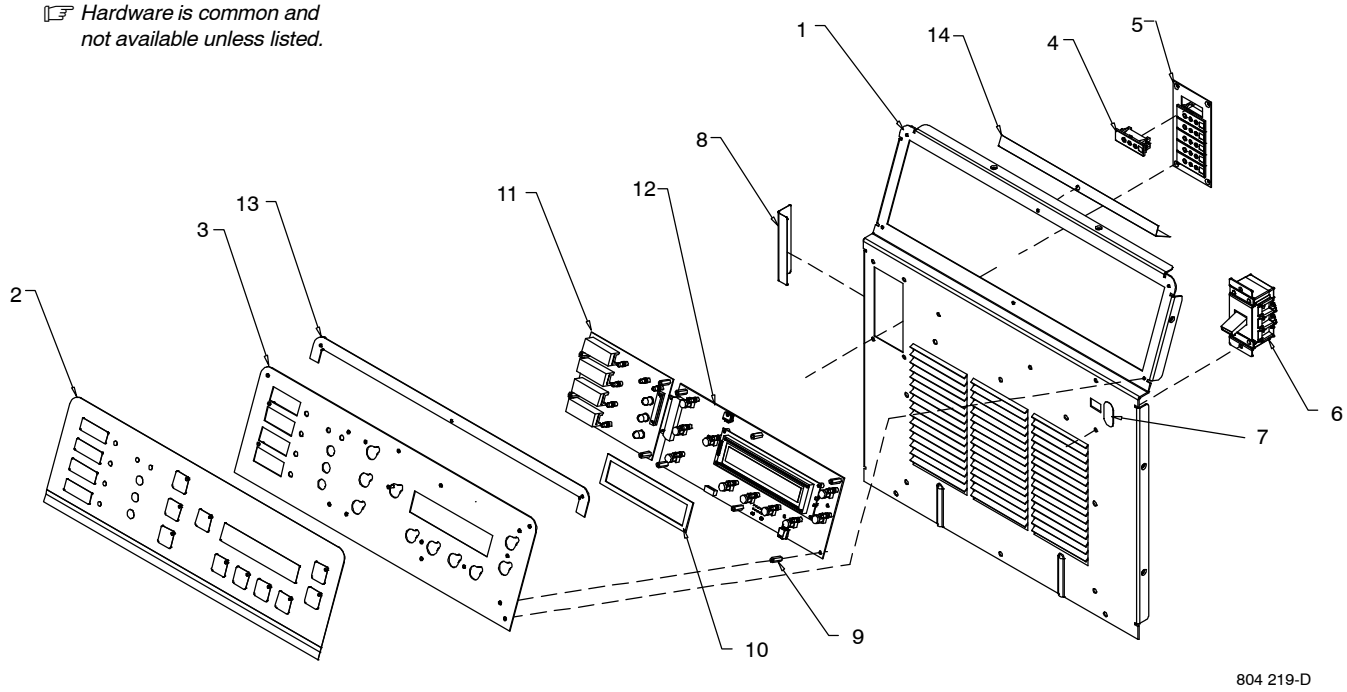


Figure 11-2. Front Panel

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
Figure 11-2. Front Panel				
1		217 323	PANEL, front	1
2		216 225	NAMEPLATE, ProHeat 35	1
3		216 224	PANEL, operator interface	1
4	TC1–TC6	218 686	RECEPTACLE ASSY, thermocouple	6
5		217 327	PLATE, TC receptacle	1
6	S1	244 920	SWITCH, tgl 3pst 40A 600VAC scr term wide tgl	1
7		212 810	LABEL, on–off w/symbols	1
8		221 493	LABEL, TC 1–6	1
9		115 440	STANDOFF, no 6-32	14
10		224 143	GASKET, meter lens	1
11	PC10	239 271	CIRCUIT CARD ASSY, display	1
12	PC2	239 231	CIRCUIT CARD ASSY, operator interface	1
	PLG24	115 091	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1
13		247 615	GASKET, operator interface proheat	1
14		246 430	DEFLECTOR	1

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

☞ *Hardware is common and not available unless listed.*

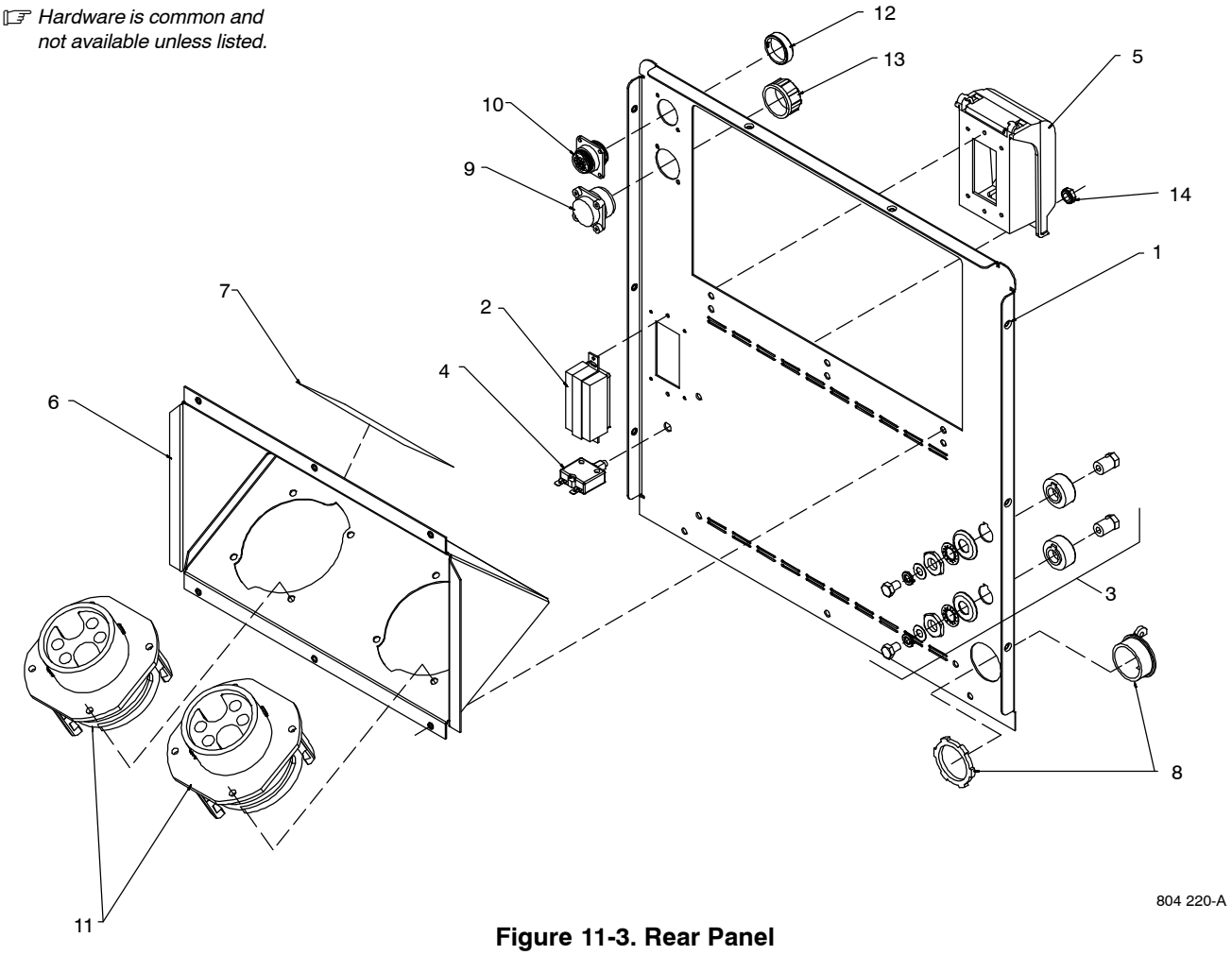


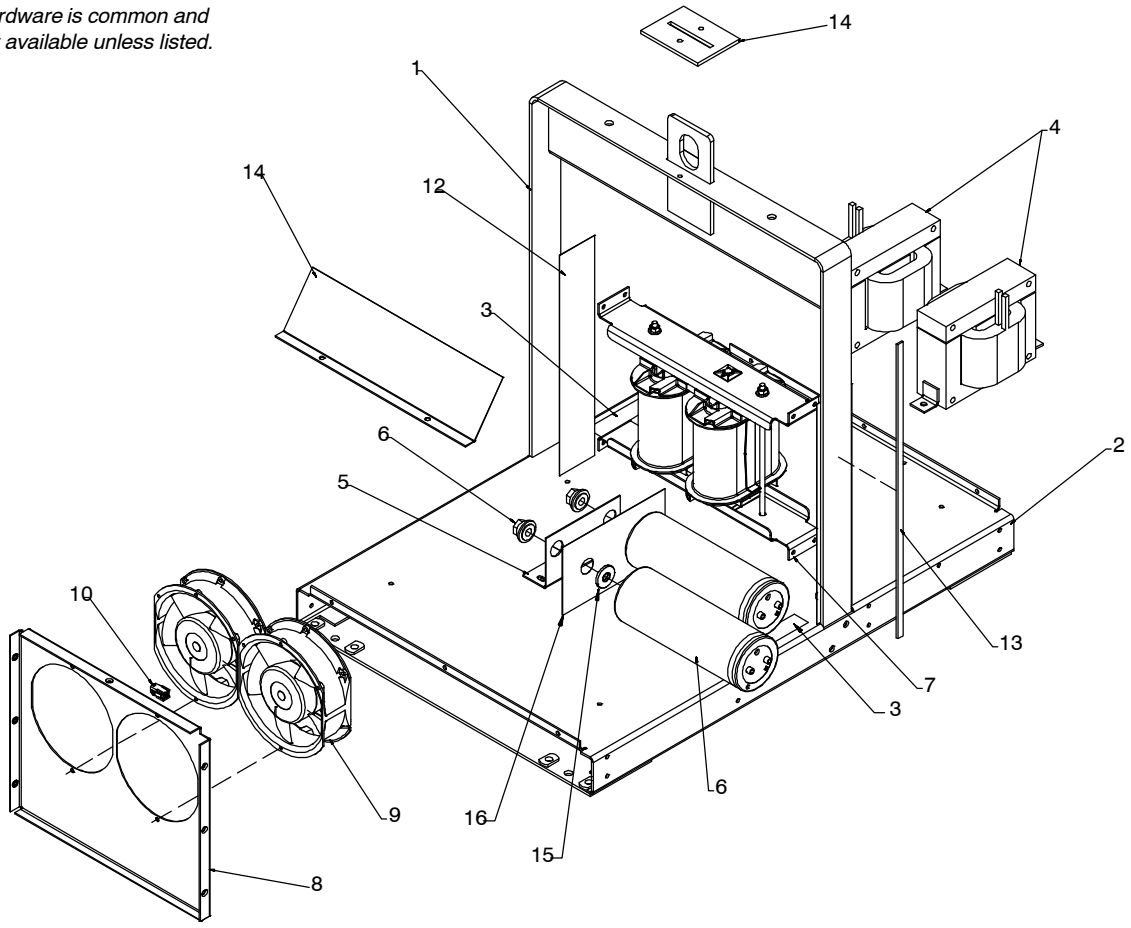
Figure 11-3. Rear Panel

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
1		217 324	PANEL, rear	1
2	RC1	174 207	RECEPTACLE, str dx grd 2P 3W 15 A 125 V	1
3		127 837	RECEPTACLE, tw lk insul fem (dinse type)	2
4	CB1	089 807	SUPPLEMENTARY PROTECTOR, man reset 1P 2.5 A 250 VAC	1
5		220 824	COVER, receptacle weatherproof duplex	1
6		+218 689	PANEL, rear output	1
7		602 498	LABEL, danger high voltage	1
8		010 467	CONNECTOR, clamp cable 1.250	1
9	RC14	143 976	RCPT W/SKTS, (service kit)	1
10	RC9	047 637	HOUSING PLUG+PINS, (service kit)	1
11		224 989	RECEPTACLE ASSY, output (with leads)	2
		234 531	SHELL, w/contact pin and socket (service kit for 224 989)	0
12		224 042	CONNECTOR, circ CPC protective cap	1
13		170 391	CONNECTOR, circ MS protective cap	1
14		147 195	NUT, 375–27 .54 hex .25 H nyl	1
	RC21,22	135 635	HOUSING PLUG+PINS, (service kit)	2
	PLG21,22	131 054	HOUSING RCPT+SKTS, (service kit)	2

+When ordering a component originally displaying a precautionary label, the label should also be ordered.

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

☞ *Hardware is common and not available unless listed.*



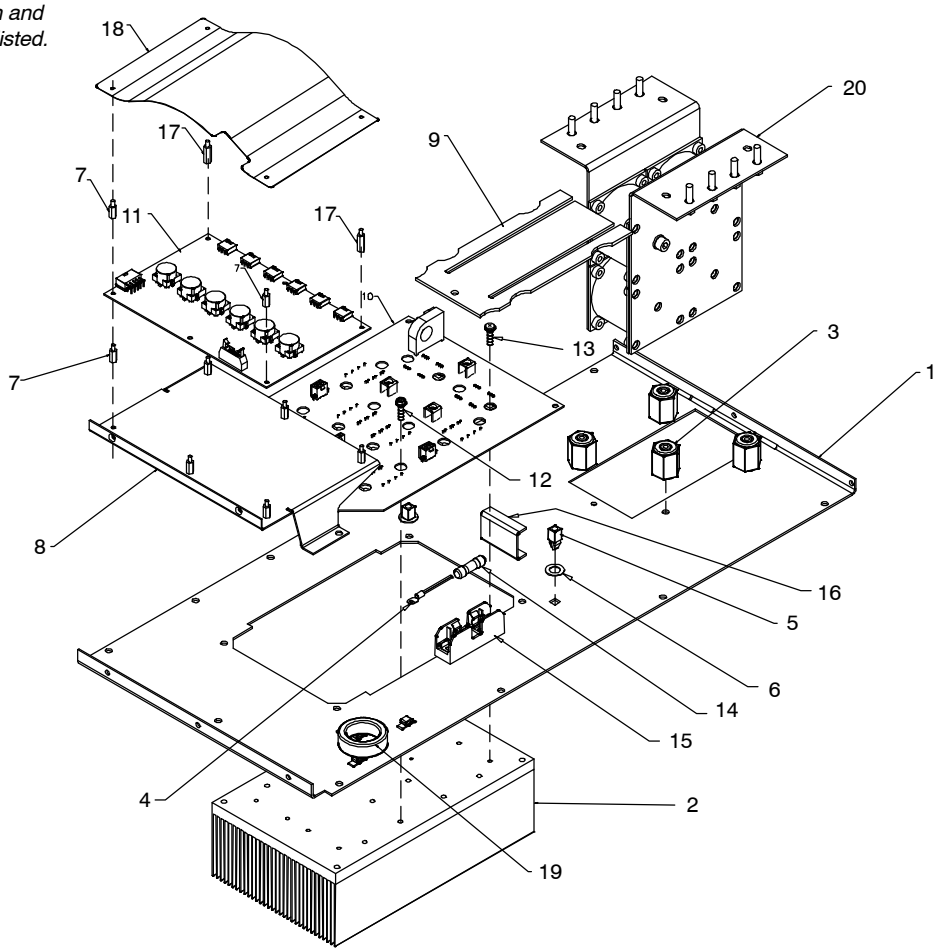
804 221-D

Figure 11-4. Base w/Components

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
1		217 328	FRAME, lifting	1
2		213 865	BASE ASSY	1
3		213 939	LABEL, warning electric shock can kill significant	2
3		227 085	LABEL, warning electric shock can kill wordless 150	2
4	L1,L2	218 692	INDUCTOR	2
5		216 815	BRACKET, cap support	1
6	C1,2	213 870	CAPACITOR, elctlt	2
7	T1	213 583	TRANSFORMER, hf	1
7	T1	227 065	TRANSFORMER, hf (400V model)	1
8		216 629	BRACKET, fan	1
9	FM1,FM2	222 728	FAN, nuffin 48 V	2
10	RC4	115 090	HOUSING PLUG+PINS, (service kit)	1
11		217 992	BAFFLE, air bottom	1
12		224 973	INSULATOR, lift frame	2
13		603 115	WEATHERSTRIPPING	2
14		026 627	GASKET, lifting eye cover	1
	PLG4	115 094	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1
15		226 837	WASHER, rubber .343 id x .875 od x .093 thk	2
16		226 838	INSULATOR, capacitor	1

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

☞ *Hardware is common and not available unless listed.*



804 222-D

Figure 11-5. Top Windtunnel

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 11-5. Top Windtunnel

... 1	.....	218 424 ..	WINDTUNNEL, top	1
... 2	.....	218 684 ..	HEAT SINK, AC commutator	1
... 3	.....	025 248 ..	STANDOFF, insul .250–20 x 1.250 lg x .437 thd	4
... 4	... RT2	222 327 ..	THERMISTOR, ntc 30 k ohm at 25 deg C 24 in lead	1
... 5	.....	083 147 ..	GROMMET, scr no 8/10 panel hole .312 sq .500 high	2
... 6	.....	605 339 ..	WASHER, TOOTH .377 ID X 0.507 OD X .022T stl pld	2
... 7	.....	098 691 ..	STAND–OFF,NO 6–32 X .500 LG .250 hex stl m&f	6
... 8	.....	217 326 ..	BRACKET, TC interface	1
... 9	.....	250 975 ..	INSULATOR, tank cap	1
.....		229 382 ..	SUPPORT, leads bridge output	1
... 10	... PC5	239 257 ..	KIT, circuit card assy intrcnct bridge	1
... 11	... PC3	239 236 ..	CIRCUIT CARD ASSY, TC interface	1
... 12	.....	208 591 ..	SCREW, M 5– .8X 12 soc hd–torx stl pld sems	12
... 13	.....	212 038 ..	SCREW, M4 – .7 x 8.5 pan hd–phl stl pld	8
... 14	.... F1	225 514 ..	FUSE, crtg 2. amp 600 V time delay	1
... 15	.....	225 553 ..	HOLDER, fuse crtg 30 A 600 V 13/32 X 1–1/2 LG	1
... 16	.....	229 382 ..	SUPPORT, leads bridge output	1
... 17	.....	227 863 ..	STAND–OFF, no 6–32 X .750 lg .250 hex stl m&f	1
... 18	.....	247 231 ..	COVER, tc board	1
... 19	.....	246 866 ..	CHOKE, common mode 12 turn w/rcpt	1
... 20	.....	251 158 ..	CAPACITOR ASSY	1

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 11-5. Top Windtunnel

.....	PLG32	.... 115 091 ..	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1
.....	PLG33-38,54	. 131 204 ..	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	7
.....	PLG51,57	... 115 093 ..	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	2
.....	PLG58	.... 115 094 ..	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1
.....		227 082 ..	CHOKE, common mode (400 V model only)	1

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

☞ *Hardware is common and not available unless listed.*

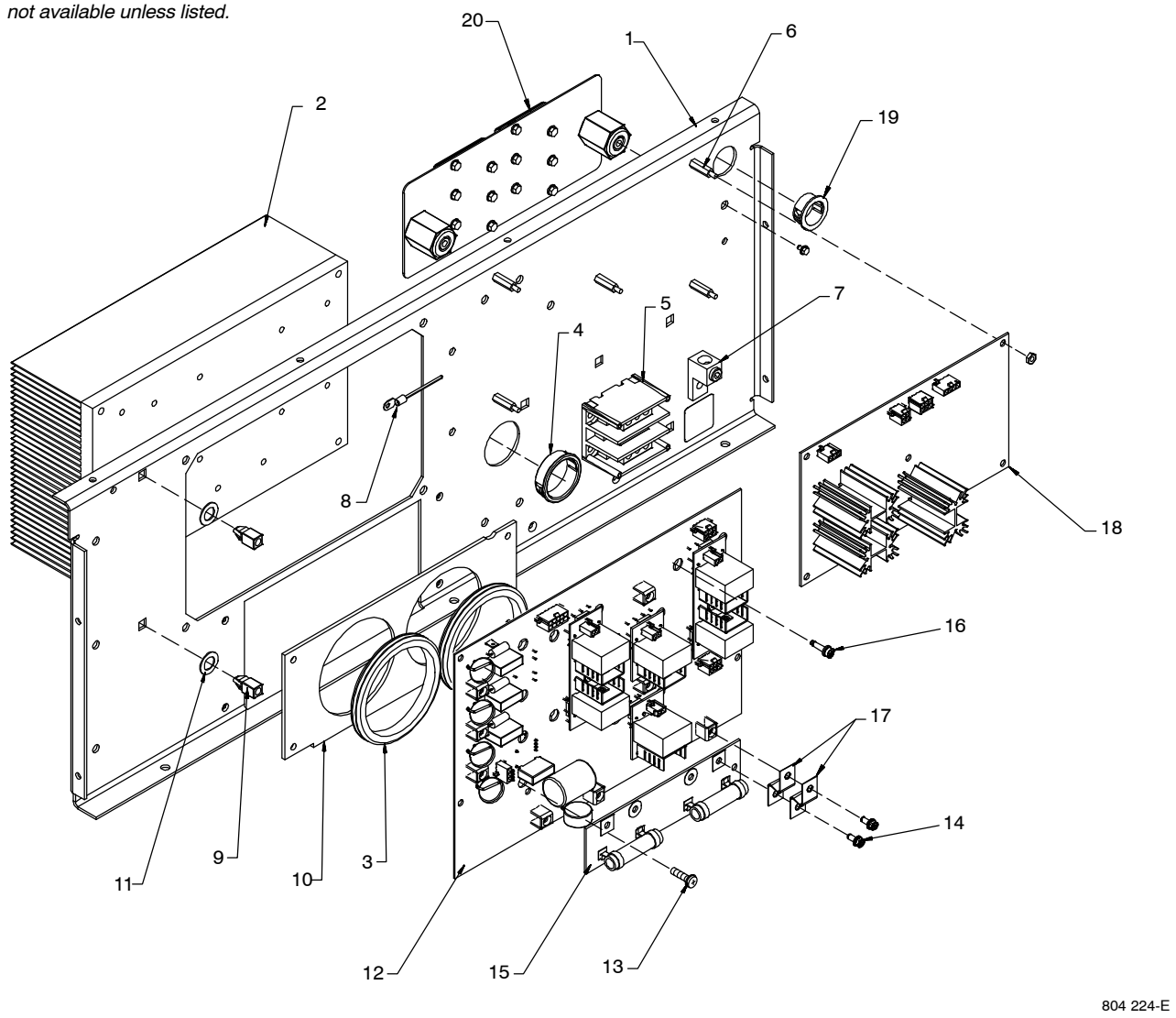


Figure 11-6. Right Windtunnel

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 11-6. Right Windtunnel

... 1	.....	216 630 ..	WINDTUNNEL, RH	1
... 2	.....	213 873 ..	HEAT SINK, current source	1
... 3	.....	213 871 ..	GROMMET, rbr sil 3.000 ID x 3.250 mtg hole	2
... 4	.....	170 647 ..	BUSHING, snap-in nyl 1.312 ID x 1.500 mtg hole	1
... 5	.....	223 120 ..	BLOCK, term 115 amp 3 pole screw term	1
... 6	.....	115 443 ..	STAND-OFF, no 6–32 x .750 lg .250 hex	5
... 7	.....	145 743 ..	LUG, univ w/scr 600V 2–14 wire .250 stud	1
... 8	... RT1	222 326 ..	THERMISTOR, ntc 30 k ohm at 25 deg C 34 in lead	1
... 9	.....	083 147 ..	GROMMET, scr no 8/10 panel hole .312 sq .500 high	2
... 10	.....	224 391 ..	PANEL, insulating mtg capacitor	1
... 11	.....	605 339 ..	WASHER, TOOTH .377 ID X 0.507 OD X .022T stl pld	2
... 12	... PC4	239 240 ..	KIT, circuit card assy intrcnct I srce inpt	1
... 13	.....	212 038 ..	SCREW, M4 – .7 x 8.5 pan hd–phl stl pld	2
... 14	.....	176 879 ..	SCREW, M5 – .8 x 12 hex hd–phl 8.8 pld	12
... 15	... PC8	239 275 ..	CIRCUIT CARD ASSY, bus intrcnct	1
... 16	.....	208 591 ..	SCREW, M 5– .8X 12 soc hd–torx stl pld sems	14

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
17		229 728	STRAP, connecting	4
18	PC6	239 262	CIRCUIT CARD ASSY, cooler control	1
19		030 170	BUSHING, snap−in nyl .750 id x 1.000 mtg hole	1
20		231 050	ASSY, resistor	1
	PLG64,410, 411	115 093	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	3
	PLG47	115 091	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1
	PLG45,61	131 204	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	2
	PLG62	201 665	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1
	PLG63	115 094	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1
	PLG111, 112 121, 132, 141, 142	131 054	HOUSING RCPT+SKTS, (service kit)	6

Figure 11-6. Right Windtunnel (Continued)

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

☞ *Hardware is common and not available unless listed.*

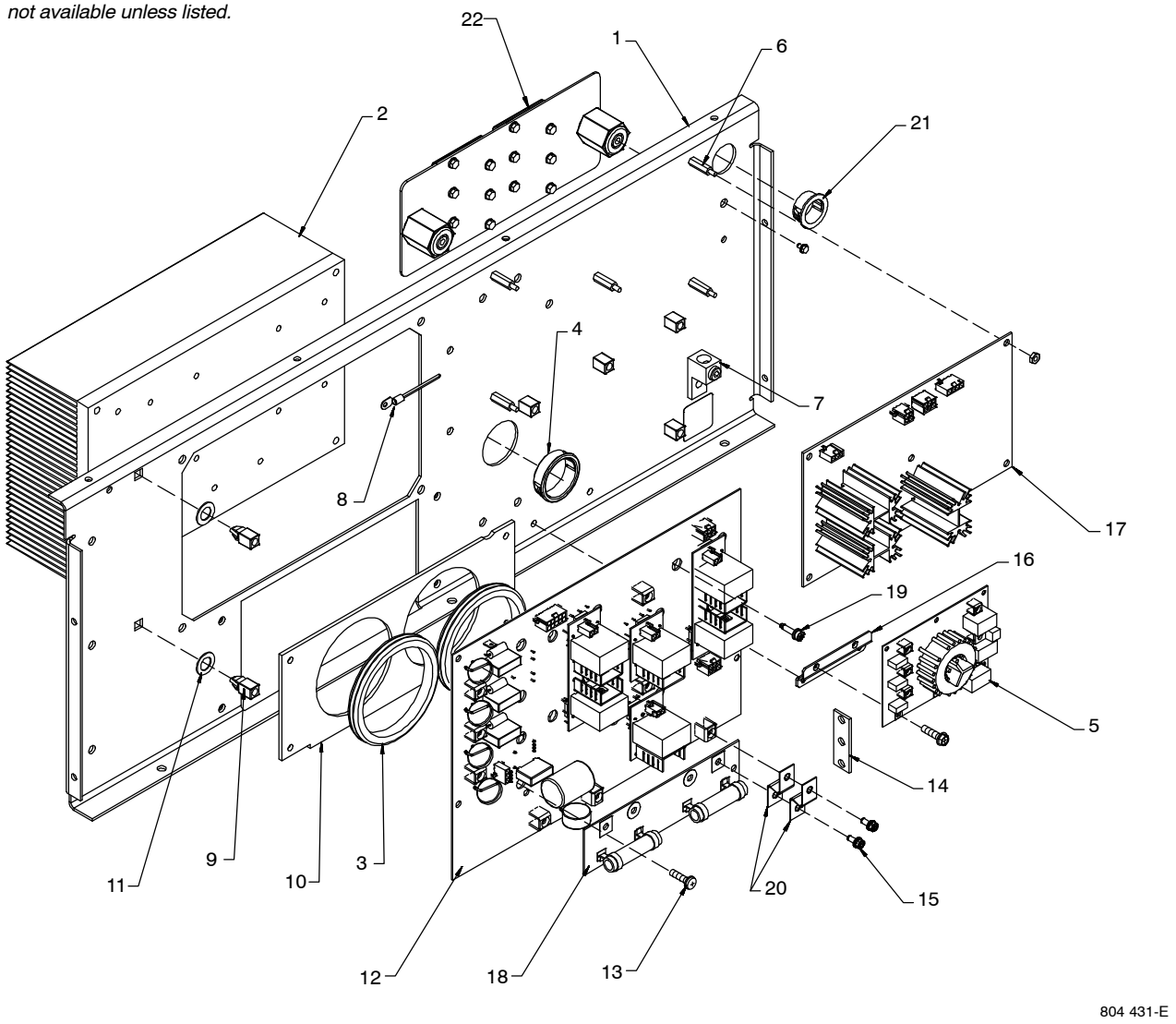


Figure 11-7. Right Windtunnel (400 V Model Only)

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
			Figure 11-7. Right Windtunnel (400 V Model Only)	
1		216 630	WINDTUNNEL, RH	1
2		213 873	HEAT SINK, current source	1
3		213 871	GROMMET, rbr sil 3.000 ID x 3.250 mtg hole	2
4		170 647	BUSHING, snap-in nyl 1.312 ID x 1.500 mtg hole	1
5	PC9	239 284	CIRCUIT CARD ASSY, input filter	1
6		115 443	STAND-OFF, no 6–32 x .750 lg .250 hex	5
7		148 743	LUG, univ w/scr 600V 2–14 wire .250 stud	1
8	RT1	222 326	THERMISTOR, ntc 30 k ohm at 25 deg C 34 in lead	1
9		083 147	GROMMET, scr no 8/10 panel hole .312 sq .500 high	6
10		224 391	PANEL, insulating mtg capacitor	1
11		605 339	WASHER, TOOTH .377 ID X 0.507 OD X .022T stl pld	2
12	PC4	239 240	KIT, circuit card assy intrcnct I srce inpt	1
13		212 038	SCREW, M4 – .7 x 8.5 pan hd–phl stl pld	2
14		226 579	SPACER, leads	1
15		176 879	SCREW, M5 – .8 x 12 hex hd–phl 8.8 pld	12
16		226 041	BRACKET, mtg ce filter ground plane	1

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 11-7. Right Windtunnel (400 V Model Only) (Continued)

17	PC6	239 262	CIRCUIT CARD ASSY, cooler control	1
18	PC8	239 275	CIRCUIT CARD ASSY, bus intrcnct	1
19		208 591	SCREW, M 5– .8X 12 soc hd–torx stl pld sems	14
20		229 728	STRAP, connecting	4
21		030 170	BUSHING, snap–in nyl .750 id x 1.000 mtg hole	1
22		231 050	ASSY, resistor	1
	PLG64,410, 411	115 093	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	3
	PLG47	115 091	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1
	PLG45,61	131 204	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	2
	PLG62	201 665	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1
	PLG63	115 094	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1
	PLG111, 112 121, 132, 141, 142	131 054	HOUSING RCPT+SKTS, (service kit)	6

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

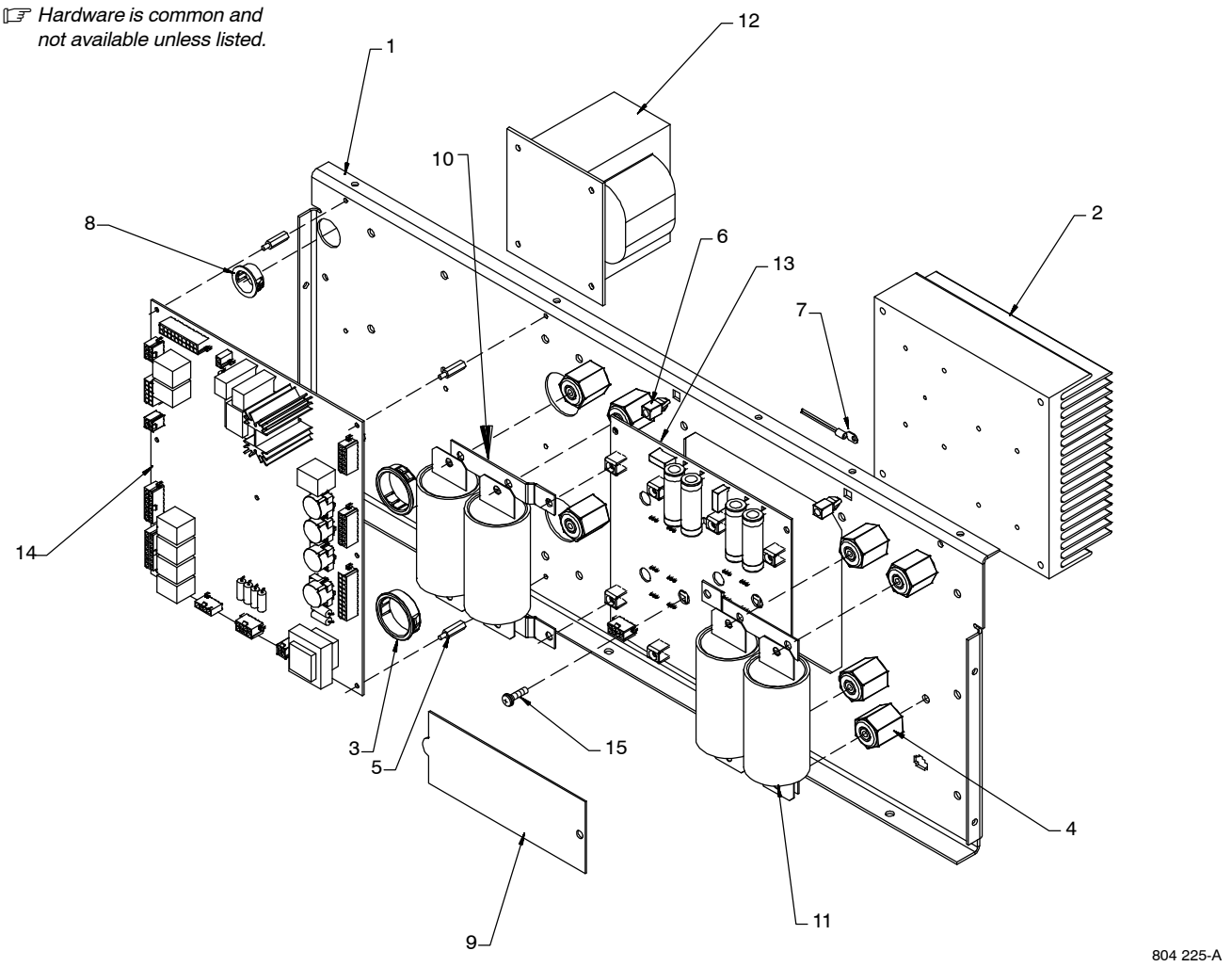


Figure 11-8. Left Windtunnel

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
Figure 11-8. Left Windtunnel				
1		216 631	WINDTUNNEL, LH	1
2		218 683	HEAT SINK, diode	1
3		170 647	BUSHING, snap-in nyl 1.312 ID x 1.500 mtg hole	2
4		025 248	STAND-OFF, insul .250−20 x 1.250 lg x .437 thd	8
5		115 443	STAND-OFF, no 6−32 x .750 lg .250 hex	7
6		083 147	GROMMET, scr no 8/10 panel hole .312 sq .500 high	2
7	RT3	222 327	THERMISTOR, ntc 30 k ohm at 25 deg C 24 in lead	1
8		030 170	BUSHING, snap-in nyl .750 ID x 1.000 mtg hole	1
9		218 430	COVER, access	1
10		220 825	BUS BAR, capacitor	4
11	C7-C10	218 687	CAPACITOR, polyp film 1.35 uf 700 VAC +5% −0%	4
11	C7-C10	225 775	CAPACITOR, polyp film 1.10 uf 700 vac +5% −0% (400 V model only)	4
12	T2	219 002	TRANSFORMER, control	1
13	PC7	239 266	KIT, circuit card assy intrcnct I srce out	1
14	PC1	242 305	CIRCUIT CARD ASSY, power source control	1
15		212 038	SCREW, M4 − .7 x 8.5 pan hd−phl stl pld slffmg	8

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 11-8. Left Windtunnel (Continued)

.....	PLG16, 121,122 ...	131 054 ..	HOUSING RCPT+SKTS, (service kit)	3
.....	PLG19, 120	115 094 ..	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	2
.....	PLG15, 118	115 093 ..	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	2
.....	PLG77, 119	115 092 ..	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	2
.....	PLG17	115 091 ..	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1
.....	PLG18, 116	131 056 ..	HOUSING RCPT+SKTS, (service kit)	2
.....	PLG13, 113	162 382 ..	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	2
.....	PLG14 ...	130 203 ..	HOUSING PLUG+SKTS, (service kit)	1

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

☞ *Hardware is common and not available unless listed.*

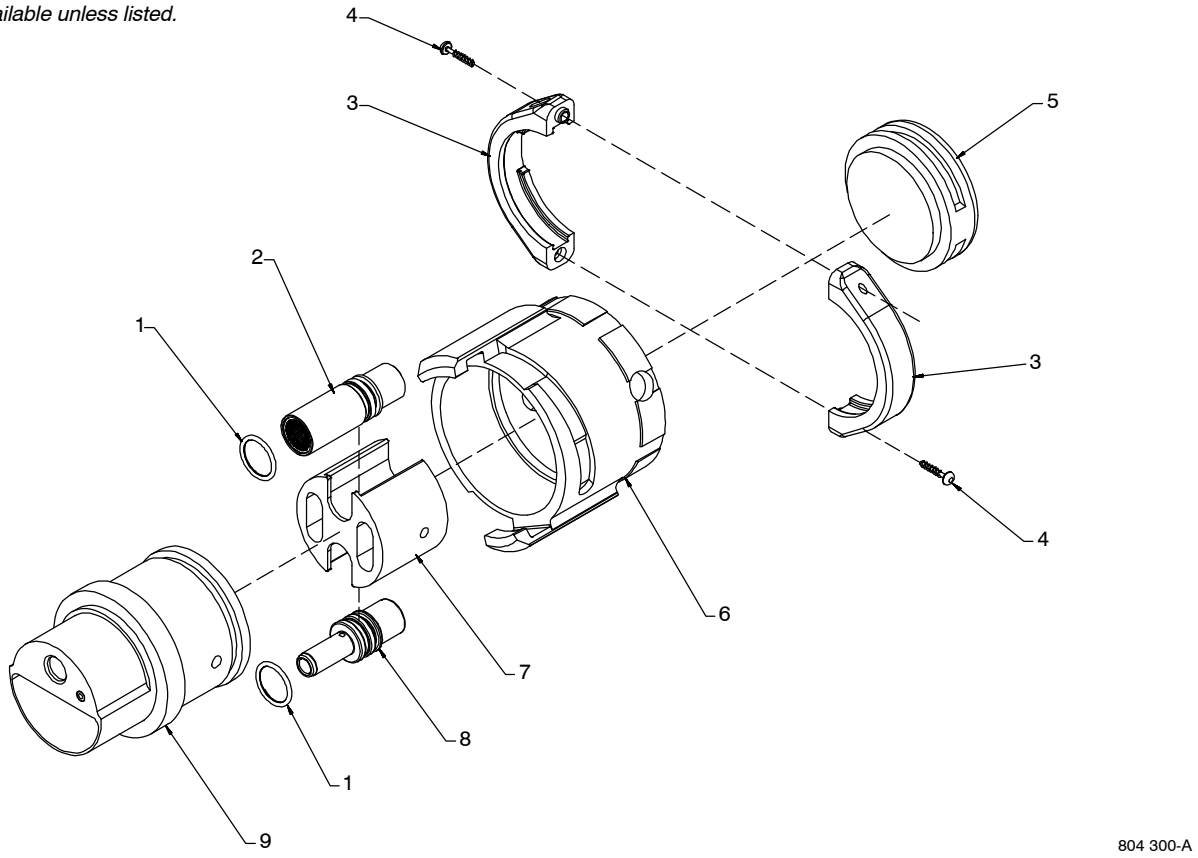


Figure 11-9. Hermaphroditic Blank Plug Assy

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 11-9. Hermaphroditic Blank Plug Assy 224 260

. . .	1	221 440 . .	O-RING, .737 ID x .103 CS	2
. . .	2	221 443 . .	SOCKET ASSY, radsok 14 mm cable end	1
. . .	3	221 099 . .	CLAMP, strain relief	2
. . .	4	136 343 . .	SCREW, K50 x 20 pan hd-phl stl pld pt	2
. . .	5	224 261 . .	CAP, plug assy	1
. . .	6	221 438 . .	COLLAR, coupling	1
. . .	7	221 437 . .	RETAINER, contact	1
. . .	8	221 442 . .	PIN, radsok 14 mm cable end	1
. . .	9	225 919 . .	SHELL ASSY, connector - protective plug	1

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

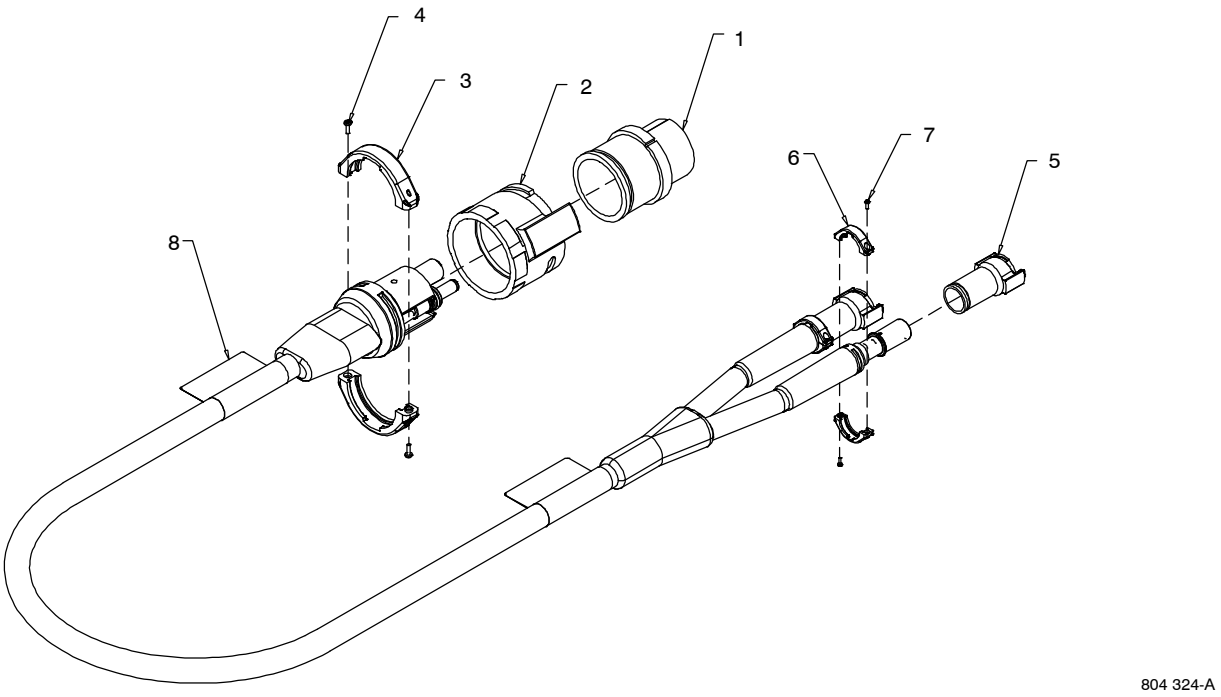


Figure 11-10. Air−Cooled Output Extension Cables

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
			Figure 11-10. Air−Cooled Output Extension Cables 195 404, 195 405, And 300 362	
1		225 918	SHELL ASSY, connector − air cooled	1
2		221 438	Collar, coupling	1
3		221 099	Clamp, strain relief	2
4		136 343	SCREW, k50x 20 pan hd−phl stl pld pt thread forming	2
5		225 968	SHELL, connector cable female with seal	2
6		224 259	CLAMP, strain relief socket	4
7		228 296	SCREW, ka35x10 pan hd−phl sst pln pt thread forming	4
8		197 635	LABEL, warning flexible induction cords	2

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

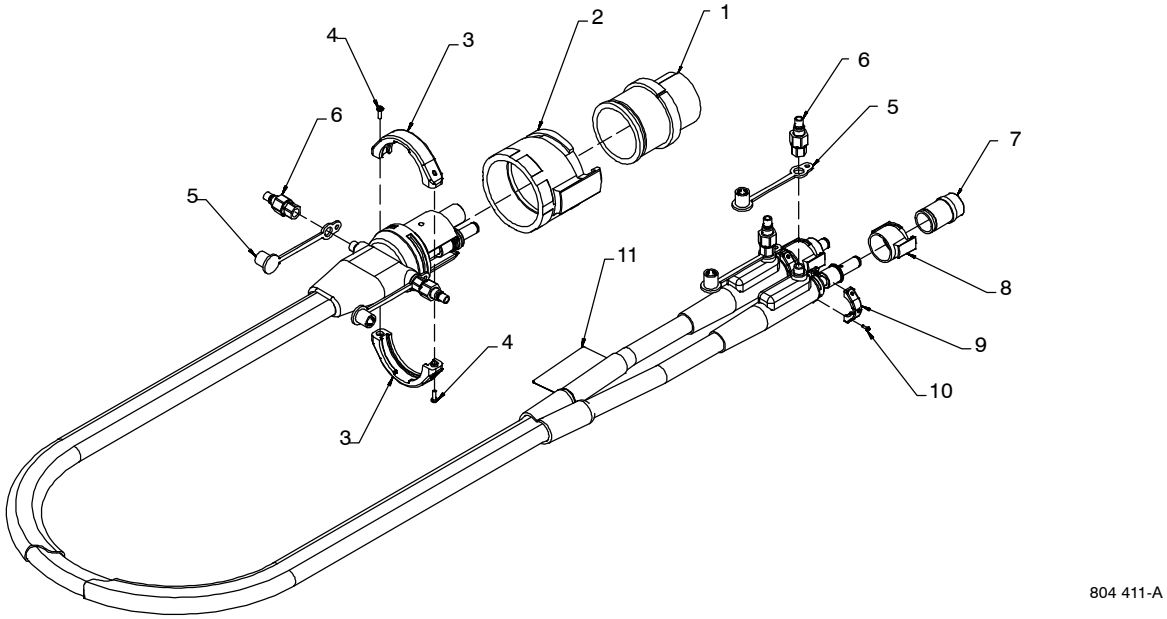


Figure 11-11. Liquid–Cooled Output Extension Cables

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 11-11. Liquid–Cooled Output Extension Cables (195 402, 195 403, And 300 180)

1	225 917	Connector Shell	1
2	221 438	Coupling Collar	1
3	221 099	Strain Relief Clamp	2
4	136 343	Screw K50 x 20	2
5	210 912	Protective Cap	4
6	204 954	Quick Connect Fitting	4
7	224 148	Connector Shell	2
8	224 147	Coupling Collar	2
9	224 258	Strain Relief Pin Clamp	4
10	228 296	Screw KA35x10	4
11	197 635	Warning Label	1

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

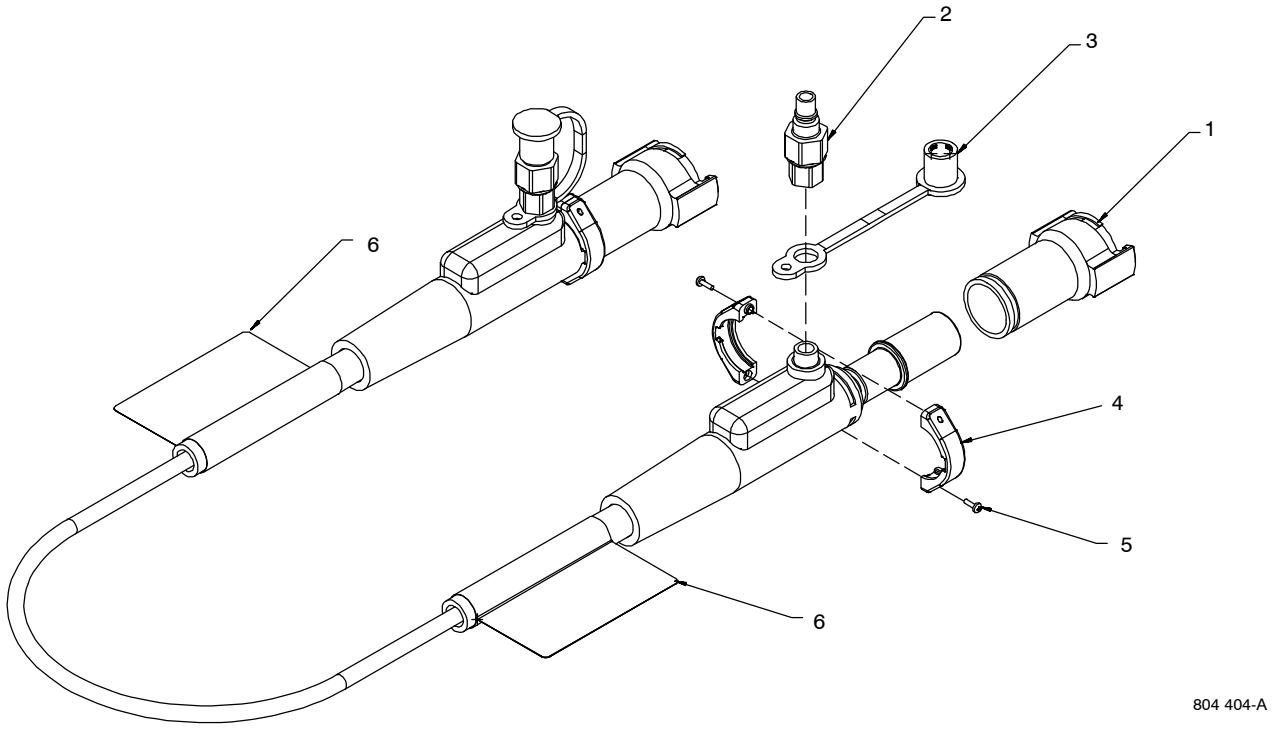


Figure 11-12. Heating Cables

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 11-12. Heating Cables (300 045, 300 046, 300 047, And 400 049)

. . . 1	225 968 . .	Connector Shell		2
. . . 2	204 954 . .	Plastic Fitting		2
. . . 3	210 912 . .	Protective Cap		2
. . . 4	224 259 . .	Strain Relief Clamp		4
. . . 5	228 296 . .	Screw, KA35x10		4
. . . 6	197 635 . .	Warning Label		2

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

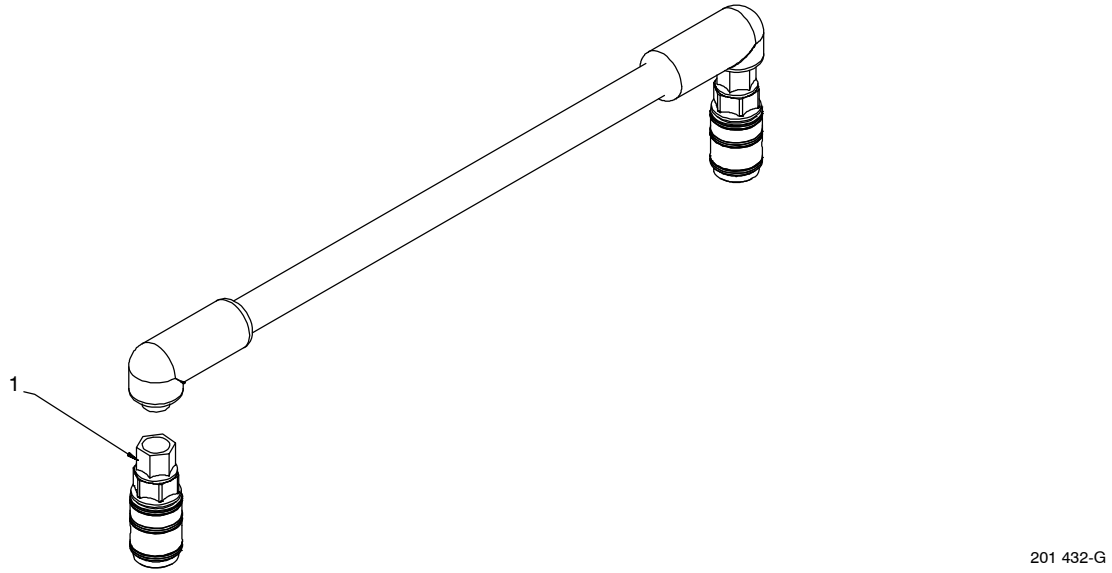


Figure 11-13. Quick Connect To Quick Connect Hose

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
Figure 11-13. Quick Connect To Quick Connect Hose (204 877)				
1		204955	Ftg, Plstc Coupler Qdisc X 1/4 Npt Female	2

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

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Miller

TRUE BLUE® WARRANTY

Effective January 1, 2011
(Equipment with a serial number preface of MB or newer)

This limited warranty supersedes all previous Miller warranties and is exclusive with no other guarantees or warranties expressed or implied.

LIMITED WARRANTY – Subject to the terms and conditions below, Miller Electric Mfg. Co., Appleton, Wisconsin, warrants to its original retail purchaser that new Miller equipment sold after the effective date of this limited warranty is free of defects in material and workmanship at the time it is shipped by Miller. THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS.

Within the warranty periods listed below, Miller will repair or replace any warranted parts or components that fail due to such defects in material or workmanship. Miller must be notified in writing within thirty (30) days of such defect or failure, at which time Miller will provide instructions on the warranty claim procedures to be followed.

Miller shall honor warranty claims on warranted equipment listed below in the event of such a failure within the warranty time periods. All warranty time periods start on the delivery date of the equipment to the original end-user purchaser, and not to exceed one year after the equipment is shipped to a North American distributor or eighteen months after the equipment is shipped to an International distributor.

1. 5 Years Parts — 3 Years Labor
   * Original main power rectifiers only to include SCRs, diodes, and discrete rectifier modules
2. 3 Years — Parts and Labor
   * Engine Driven Welding Generators **(NOTE: Engines are warranted separately by the engine manufacturer.)**
   * Inverter Power Sources (Unless Otherwise Stated)
   * Plasma Arc Cutting Power Sources
   * Process Controllers
   * Semi-Automatic and Automatic Wire Feeders
   * Smith 30 Series Flowgauge and Flowmeter Regulators (No Labor)
   * Transformer/Rectifier Power Sources
   * Water Coolant Systems (Integrated)
3. 2 Years — Parts
   * Auto-Darkening Helmet Lenses (No Labor)
4. 1 Year — Parts and Labor Unless Specified
   * Automatic Motion Devices
   * CoolBelt and CoolBand Blower Unit (No Labor)
   * External Monitoring Equipment and Sensors
   * Field Options (NOTE: Field options are covered for the remaining warranty period of the product they are installed in, or for a minimum of one year — whichever is greater.)
   * Flowgauge and Flowmeter Regulators (No Labor)
   * RFCS Foot Controls (Except RFCS-RJ45)
   * Fume Extractors
   * HF Units
   * ICE Plasma Cutting Torches (No Labor)
   * Induction Heating Power Sources, Coolers, and Electronic Controls/Recorders
   * Load Banks
   * Motor Driven Guns (w/exception of Spoolmate Spoolguns)
   * PAPR Blower Unit (No Labor)
   * Positioners and Controllers
   * Racks
   * Running Gear/Trailers
   * Spot Welders
   * Subarc Wire Drive Assemblies
   * Water Coolant Systems (Non-Integrated)
   * Weldcraft-Branded TIG Torches (No Labor)
   * Wireless Remote Foot/Hand Controls and Receivers
   * Work Stations/Weld Tables (No Labor)
5. 6 Months — Parts
   * Batteries
   * Bernard Guns (No Labor)
   * Tregaskiss Guns (No Labor)
6. 90 Days — Parts
   * Accessory (Kits)
   * Canvas Covers
   * Induction Heating Coils and Blankets, Cables, and Non-Electronic Controls
   * M-Guns
   * MIG Guns and Subarc (SAW) Guns
   * Remote Controls and RFCS-RJ45
   * Replacement Parts (No labor)
   * Roughneck Guns
   * Spoolmate Spoolguns

Miller's True Blue® Limited Warranty shall not apply to:

1. **Consumable components; such as contact tips, cutting nozzles, contactors, brushes, relays, work station table tops and welding curtains, or parts that fail due to normal wear. (Exception: brushes and relays are covered on all engine-driven products.)**
2. Items furnished by Miller, but manufactured by others, such as engines or trade accessories. These items are covered by the manufacturer's warranty, if any.
3. Equipment that has been modified by any party other than Miller, or equipment that has been improperly installed, improperly operated or misused based upon industry standards, or equipment which has not had reasonable and necessary maintenance, or equipment which has been used for operation outside of the specifications for the equipment.

MILLER PRODUCTS ARE INTENDED FOR PURCHASE AND USE BY COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL USERS AND PERSONS TRAINED AND EXPERIENCED IN THE USE AND MAINTENANCE OF WELDING EQUIPMENT.

In the event of a warranty claim covered by this warranty, the exclusive remedies shall be, at Miller's option: (1) repair; or (2) replacement; or, where authorized in writing by Miller in appropriate cases, (3) the reasonable cost of repair or replacement at an authorized Miller service station; or (4) payment of or credit for the purchase price (less reasonable depreciation based upon actual use) upon return of the goods at customer's risk and expense. Miller's option of repair or replacement will be F.O.B., Factory at Appleton, Wisconsin, or F.O.B. at a Miller authorized service facility as determined by Miller. Therefore no compensation or reimbursement for transportation costs of any kind will be allowed.

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Owner's Record

Please complete and retain with your personal records.

Model Name	Serial/Style Number
Purchase Date	(Date which equipment was delivered to original customer.)
Distributor	
Address	
City	
State	Zip

For Service

Contact a DISTRIBUTOR or SERVICE AGENCY near you.

Always provide Model Name and Serial/Style Number.

Contact your Distributor for:	Welding Supplies and Consumables Options and Accessories Personal Safety Equipment Service and Repair Replacement Parts Training (Schools, Videos, Books) Technical Manuals (Servicing Information and Parts) Circuit Diagrams Welding Process Handbooks To locate a Distributor or Service Agency visit www.millerwelds.com or call 1-800-4-A-Miller
Contact the Delivering Carrier to:	File a claim for loss or damage during shipment. For assistance in filing or settling claims, contact your distributor and/or equipment manufacturer's Transportation Department.

Miller Electric Mfg. Co.
An Illinois Tool Works Company
1635 West Spencer Street
Appleton, WI 54914 USA

International Headquarters–USA
USA Phone: 920-735-4505 Auto-Attended
USA & Canada FAX: 920-735-4134
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