Middle School Matters Institute Implementation Plan Template

Research Platform Dimension: Mathematics and Mathematics Interventions

This template walks users through the processes of self-reflection, needs determination, and action planning to develop an overall plan for improving implementation of the **Mathematics and Mathematics Interventions** principles and practices described in the Middle School Matters Research Platform and Field Guide during the coming school year. Users will engage in the following steps for **each principle**.

Step 1: Self-Reflection

Review evidence (i.e., reliable documentation) and indicate which instructional conditions are already in place. Determine the current level of implementation for the principle, according to the rubric below (adapted from Fixsen, D. L., Naoom, S. F., Blase, K. A., Friedman, R. M., & Wallace, F. (2005). *Implementation research: A synthesis of the literature.* Tampa, FL: Louis de la Parte Florida Mental Health Institute, National Implementation Research Network). This step helps to determine whether and why implementation of each principle needs to be improved.

- 1. No Implementation: There is no evidence of implementation of this principle in your school.
- 2. Exploration: The decision has been made to implement the principle. Knowledge is being shared about the practices and conditions described. There is no systematic expectation of implementation, nor is there good evidence of it.
- **3.** Initial Implementation: The principle is beginning to be implemented. There is limited evidence of implementation of the practices. Some of the conditions described are being met.
- 4. Full Implementation: The principle is being implemented. There is strong evidence of implementation of all or almost all of the practices. All or nearly all of the conditions described are being met. There is a system in place for documenting and/or measuring implementation.
- 5. Sustainability: The principle is being implemented, and processes are in place for getting new personnel up to speed. There is a system in place for providing feedback and support for improving implementation of the principle.

Step 2: Needs Determination

Classify the type of needs your school has and indicate what can be done to address those needs (e.g., determine which broad strategies can help). A **knowledge** deficit exists when educators are not aware of the principle, nor the research or evidence that supports implementation of the principle. A **translation** deficit exists when educators need support in translating knowledge about the principle into instructional practice. A **resource** deficit exists when there is a lack of systemic support (e.g., time, materials, money, staff) for implementing the principle. Finally, a **feedback** deficit exists when educators are not made aware of the quality or success of their own implementation of the principle.

Step 3: Action Planning

Outline specific strategies to improve implementation. Indicate how to implement these strategies (i.e., steps for implementation), who is responsible, and deadlines for implementation. If any principle is determined (through reflecting on the evidence) to be at level 5 (sustainability), continuing current practices would be an appropriate plan for that principle; in such a case, other principles should be the focus of improvement efforts for the upcoming school year. To allocate resources effectively and efficiently, schools should consider focusing on four or fewer principles in an academic year and looking for overlap between strategies and plans for different principles.

Date:	School:						
Principle 1: Establish schoolwide practices for enhancing mathematics understanding within relevant content area instruction.							
Review	Image: Common assessments Image: Common assessments Student work samples Curriculum documents Classroom observations Instructional meeting agendas						
Practic For each	es practice, select all conditions that have been met, according to evidence gained from reviewing supporting documentation.						
 Practice 1: Encourage students to apply their understanding of mathematics concepts and procedures to draw conclusions and propose solutions about history, science, social studies, economics, and other content areas. Content area teachers (e.g., science, social studies) assign students activities and assignments that require students to apply their understanding of mathematics concepts and procedures. Content area teachers assign tasks in which students use mathematics to draw conclusions and propose solutions. Content area teachers assign tasks in which students use mathematics to summarize, illustrate, or explicate information. Students apply mathematics in content area courses to draw conclusions and propose solutions. 							
Practice argume	 2: Ask students to analyze events and phenomena from a quantitative perspective and to use their analyses to develop nts and provide justifications. Content area teachers assign tasks in which students analyze events and phenomena from a quantitative perspective. Content area teachers assign tasks in which students use mathematical analyses to develop arguments and provide justifications. Students use mathematics to analyze events and phenomena from a quantitative perspective. 						

Principle 1: Establish schoolwide practices for enhancing mathematics understanding within relevant content area instruction.

Evidence

Document how you determined whether to select each of the conditions on the previous page.

Current Implementation Level for This Principle ____

Principle 1: Establish schoolwide pra	actices for enhancing mathen	natics understandin	ng within re	elevant	content			
area instruction.								
Deficit Types								
Based on the evidence on the previous page, ir	indicate what types of needs your scl	hool has for this principle	e. Select all th	at apply.				
🗌 Knowledge 🗌 Tr	Translation	Resource	🗌 F	eedback				
Strategies								
Select which (if any) of the following strategies	es will be used to improve implement	ation of this principle.						
Knowledge: Translation:	n: Resource	2:	Feedback:					
Provide professional Cre	reate organizers or	Review instructional	_ Α	dd to obs	servation			
development ma	nanipulatives as a group	programs	С	hecklist				
Add to team or staff 🛛 Re	eview lesson plans	Review curricula	🗌 R	eview sch	nool-level or			
meeting agenda 🛛 🗌 Re	eview classroom	Review schedule or	r	equired a	ssessments			
ass	ssessments, assignments,	calendar						
or	r activities							
Additional Strategies								
List any additional strategies you intend to use	e to improve implementation of this	principle.						
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Action Plan								
Provide concrete steps for improving the level	l of implementation of this principle	in your school.	<i>(</i>) _					
	<u>Action</u>	<u>Pe</u>	rson(s) Respo	onsible	<u>Deadline</u>			

Principle 2: Screen all students, using a universal screener, to identify those at risk for mathematics difficulties						
and provide interventions to students identified as being at risk. Monitor the development of mathematics						
knowledge and skills in identified students.						
Review Indicate which sources of evidence below were reviewed to determine whether each practice is in place. Documentation of use of a screener Documentation of interventions Documentation of cut scores used Intervention plan or other Student progress monitoring for screening documentation of how data are used documentation Agendas from meetings that focused to meet student needs with Early warning indicator system or on improving student achievement interventions other indicator system through interventions						
Practices For each practice, select each condition that has been met, according to the evidence gained from reviewing supporting documentation.						
 Practice 1: Identify a system for screening and progress monitoring that prioritizes content and skills that are necessary for subsequent mathematics development. The school has a process for monitoring student progress and determining which students need intervention in mathematics. The school has a universal screener that includes mathematics knowledge and skills that are essential for grade-level proficiency. The school has a universal screener that prioritizes content and skills necessary for subsequent mathematics development (e.g., algebra readiness). The universal screener is used as planned to determine students in need of intervention. 						
 Practice 2: Select a cut score for screening that balances the need to help the most students who are at risk with the resources available. The school has a cut score for screening that identified students of significant risk of failure, students who have some risk of failure, and students who have minimal risk of failure. The cut score is used in screening in a way that balances the need to help the most students who are at risk with the resources available. The cut score is used in selecting students in need of intervention. 						

Principle 2: Screen all students, using a universal screener, to identify those at risk for mathematics difficulties and provide interventions to students identified as being at risk. Monitor the development of mathematics knowledge and skills in identified students.

Evidence

Document how you determined whether to select each of the conditions on the previous page.

Current Implementation Level for This Principle ____

Principle 2: Screen all stude	Principle 2: Screen all students, using a universal screener, to identify those at risk for mathematics difficulties							
and provide interventions to students identified as being at risk. Monitor the development of mathematics								
knowledge and skills in iden	tified students.							
Deficit Types								
Based on the evidence on the previ	ous page, indicate what types of ne	eds your school has for this prine	ciple. Select all that apply.					
Knowledge	Translation	Resource	Feedback					
Strategies								
Select which (if any) of the followin	g strategies will be used to improve	implementation of this principle	2.					
Knowledge:	Translation:	Resource:	Feedback:					
Provide professional	Create organizers or	Review instruction	nal 🗌 Add t	o observation				
development	manipulatives as a group	programs	check	dist				
Add to team or staff	Review lesson plans	Review curricula		w school-level				
meeting agenda	Review classroom	Review schedule o	or or rec	quired				
	assessments, assignment	s, calendar	dsses	sments				
Additional Stratogics	of activities							
List any additional strategies you in	tand to use to improve implements	ation of this principle						
List any additional strategies you in		tion of this principle.						
Action Plan								
Provide concrete steps for improvir	ng the level of implementation of th	is principle in your school.						
	Action		Person(s) Responsible	<u>Deadline</u>				

Principle 3: Help students recognize and expand their understanding of number systems beyond whole numbers							
to integers and rational numbers. Use number lines as a central representational tool in teaching this and other							
fraction concepts.							
Review							
Indicate which of the following sources of evidence were reviewed to determine whether each practice is in place.							
Lesson plans Assessments Student work samples							
Curriculum documents Student activities Classroom observation							
Practices							
For each practice, select all conditions that have been met, according to evidence gained from reviewing supporting documentation.							
Practice 1: Use measurement activities and number lines to help students understand that fractions are numbers and share number							
properties.							
Teachers use measurement and number lines to illustrate that fractions have magnitude similar to whole numbers.							
Teachers assign students tasks in which students measure objects by using number lines with fractions.							
Students measure objects by using number lines with fractions.							
Practice 2: Provide opportunities for students to locate and compare fractions on number lines.							
Teachers provide activities in which students locate fractions on a number line.							
Teachers provide tasks in which students compare fractions by using number lines.							
Teachers illustrate the importance of precision of measurement.							
Teachers teach students how to justify the reasonableness of an answer.							
Students locate fractions on number lines.							
Students compare fraction magnitude by using number lines.							
Students measure objects with precision by using fractions on a number line.							
Students justify the reasonableness of an answer related to measurement in fractions.							
Practice 3: Use number lines to improve students' understanding of fraction equivalence, fraction density (the concept that there is an							
infinite number of fractions between any two fractions), and negative fractions.							
Teachers illustrate fraction density by using multiple number lines and extending number lines that use visual representations.							
Teachers illustrate negative fractions by extending number lines that use visual representations.							
Teachers illustrate the concept of how using increasingly smaller fractions results in increasingly precise values between whole							
numbers.							
Students identify negative fractions on number lines.							

Principle 3: Help students recognize and expand their understanding of number systems beyond whole numbers
to integers and rational numbers. Use number lines as a central representational tool in teaching this and other
fraction concepts.

Students use smaller fr	ractions to reach	more precise values.
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Students compare fractions by using number lines.

Practice 4: Develop students' understanding that fractions can be represented as common fractions, decimals, and percentages, and develop students' ability to translate among these forms.



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Teachers illustrate to students how numbers can be represented in different forms (fractions, decimals, percentages).

Teachers develop students' understanding of how to translate among fractions, decimals, and percents.

Teachers use number lines to demonstrate equivalence between representations of rational numbers.

Students use number lines to find equivalent fractions, decimals, and percents.

Students translate between fractions, decimals, and percents.

Evidence

Document how you determined whether to select each of the conditions on the previous page and above.

Principle 3: Help students recognize and expand their understanding of number systems beyond whole numbers to integers and rational numbers. Use number lines as a central representational tool in teaching this and other fraction concepts.

Evidence (cont.)

Document how you determined whether to select each of the conditions on the previous pages.

Current Implementation Level for This Principle ____

Principle 3: Help students reco	ognize and expand their un	derstanding of number s	ystems beyond who	le numbers				
to integers and rational numb	to integers and rational numbers. Use number lines as a central representational tool in teaching this and other							
fraction concepts.								
Deficit Types								
Based on the evidence on the previous	s page, indicate what types of nee	ds your school has for this princ	iple. Select all that apply.					
Knowledge	Translation	Resource	Eedback	(
Strategies								
Select which (if any) of the following st	trategies will be used to improve i	mplementation of this principle.						
Knowledge: Tra	anslation:	Resource:	Feedback:					
Provide professional	Create organizers or	Review instru	ctional 🗌 Add t	o observation				
development	manipulatives as a group	programs	chec	klist				
Add to team or staff	Review lesson plans	Review curric	ula 🗌 Revie	w school-level				
meeting agenda	Review classroom assessme	ents, 🗌 Review sched	ule or or re	quired				
	assignments, or activities	calendar	asses	sments				
Additional Strategies								
List any additional strategies you inten	nd to use to improve implementati	on of this principle.						
Action Dian								
Provide concrete steps for improving t	be level of implementation of this	nrinciple in your school						
				Deselling				
	Action		Person(s) Responsible	Deadline				

Principle 4: Develop students' conceptual understanding of mathematics and provide ample opportunities to						
improve procedural fluency.						
Review Indicate which of the following sources of evidence were reviewed to determine whether each practice is in place. Lesson plans Assessments Student work samples Curriculum documents Student activities Classroom observation						
Practices						
For each practice, select all conditions that have been met, according to evidence gained from reviewing supporting documentation.						
 Practice 1: Use area models, number lines, and other visual representations to improve students' understanding of formal computational procedures. Teachers use models, number lines, and other visual representations to improve student understanding of formal computational problems. Students use models, number lines, and other visual representations to demonstrate understanding of formal computational problems. 						
 Practice 2: Address common misconceptions regarding computational procedures. Teachers identify whether a student has a misconception regarding computational procedures. Teachers identify the specific type of misconception a student has for a computational procedure (wrong operation, computational error, or defective algorithm). Teachers provide appropriate instruction to address specific misconception and to prevent chronic errors. 						
 Practice 3: Present real-world contexts with plausible numbers for problems. Teachers present mathematical problems in real-world contexts that maintain the intended mathematical idea. Teachers use real-world contexts that are meaningful to students and relevant to their experience. Teachers use plausible numbers for problems assigned within real-world contexts. 						
Evidence Document how you determined whether to select each of the conditions above.						

Principle 4: Develop students' conceptual understanding of mathematics and provide ample opportunities to improve procedural fluency.

Evidence (cont.)

Document how you determined whether to select each of the conditions on the previous page.

Current Implementation Level for This Principle ____

Principle 4: Develop students' conceptual understanding of mathematics and provide ample opportunities to									
improve procedural fluency.									
Deficit Types									
Based on the evidence on the previous page,	indicate what types of needs you	r school has for this pr	inciple. Select all that apply.						
Knowledge	Translation [Resource	Eedbac	K					
Strategies									
Select which (if any) of the following strategie	es will be used to improve implem	entation of this princi	ple.						
Knowledge: Translatio	on:	Resource:	Feedback:						
Provide professional	Create organizers or	Review ins	structional 🗌 Add	to observation					
development	manipulatives as a group	programs	chec	klist					
Add to team or staff	Review lesson plans	🗌 Review cu	rricula 🗌 Revie	ew school-level					
meeting agenda	Review classroom assessments,	Review scł	nedule or or re	quired					
	assignments, or activities	calendar	asse	ssments					
Additional Strategies									
List any additional strategies you intend to us	se to improve implementation of t	his principle.							
Action Plan									
Provide concrete steps for improving the leve	el of implementation of this princi	ple in your school.							
	Action		Person(s) Responsible	Deadline					
			<u> </u>						
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Principle 5: Provide explicit and systematic instruction during intervention.					
Review Indicate which of the following sources of evidence were reviewed to determine whether each practice is in place.					
Lesson plans Assessments Student work samples Curriculum documents Student activities Classroom observation Notes or handouts for students Notes or handouts for students					
Practices					
 Practice 1: Include explicit teacher modeling and demonstrations of key concepts and skills. Teachers explicitly model and demonstrate key mathematical concepts (using strategies like teacher "think-alouds"). Students clearly communicate appropriate mathematical steps during peer-tutoring situations. Students use the language of the teacher (or a peer) when working on a similar problem. 					
 Practice 2: Gradually transition from teacher-modeled problem solving to student-directed problem solving. Teachers transition from modeling problem solving to student-directed problem solving. Teachers use questions to guide students. Teacher prompting fades as students become more proficient. 					
 Practice 3: Include opportunities for students to talk aloud about the skills, knowledge, or problem-solving procedures they are learning. Teachers provide opportunities for students to verbalize the skills, knowledge, or problem-solving procedures they are learning. Teachers model thinking aloud while solving a problem, explaining the rationale for each step. Teachers request that students verbalize their thinking and provide a rationale for each step. Students verbalize their thinking and rationale for each step while solving a problem. 					
 Practice 4: Provide immediate and corrective feedback with opportunities for students to correct errors. Teachers provide immediate and corrective feedback to students. Teachers provide students with an opportunity to correct errors after receiving immediate and corrective feedback. Students correct errors after receiving immediate and corrective feedback. 					
 Practice 5: Include sufficient, distributed, and cumulative practice and review. Teachers provide practice and review sufficient for students to develop mastery. Teachers provide practice that is distributed over time to improve retention. Teachers provide practice that is cumulative by distributing types of problems across assignments. 					

Principle 5: Provide explicit and systematic instruction during intervention.

Evidence

Document how you determined whether to select each of the conditions on the previous page.

Current Implementation Level for This Principle ____

Princi	Principle 5: Provide explicit and systematic instruction during intervention.								
Deficit	Deficit Types								
Based o	n the evidence on the previ	ous page	, indicate what types of needs ye	our sc	hool ha	as for this principle.	Select all	that apply.	
	Knowledge		Translation		Resou	irce		Feedback	
Strate	gies								
Select w	hich (if any) of the followin	g strategi	ies will be used to improve imple	ement	ation o	of this principle.			
Knowled	dge:	Translati	on:	R	lesourc	e:	Fee	dback:	
	Provide professional		Create organizers or			Review instruction	al	Add to	observation
	development		manipulatives as a group			programs		check	ist
	Add to team or staff		Review lesson plans			Review curricula		Review	v school-level
	meeting agenda		Review classroom assessments,	,		Review schedule o	r	or req	uired
			assignments, or activities			calendar		assess	ments
List any additional strategies you intend to use to improve implementation of this principle.									
Provide	concrete steps for improvir	ng the lev	el of implementation of this prir	nciple	in your	school.			
	Action <u>Person(s) Responsible</u> <u>Deadline</u>								

Principle 6: Interventions should include instruction on solving word problems that are based on common
underlying structures.
Review
Indicate which of the following sources of evidence were reviewed to determine whether each practice is in place.
Lesson plans Assessments Student work samples
Curriculum documents Student activities Classroom observation
Notes or handouts for students
Practices
For each practice, select all conditions that have been met, according to evidence gained from reviewing supporting documentation.
 Practice 1: Include systematic instruction on the structural connections between known, familiar, and novel word problems. Teachers help students identify underlying structures of problems across a range of examples to ensure generalization. Teachers help students understand meaningful features of a problem that are similar to other problems with the same underlying structure, rather than focusing on only key words or other superficial features of the context. Teachers provide instruction and practice with known, familiar, and novel word problems. Students understand an underlying structure of a given problem and effectively solve the problem, using their schema for that problem type. Students identify meaningful features of a problem and identify the mathematical procedure or concept needed to solve the problem.
Practice 2: Teach common problem types and their structures as well as how to categorize and select appropriate solution methods for
Each problem type.
Teachers teach common problem types and their structures.
Given a novel problem, students identify the problem type and structure
Given a novel problem, students identify the appropriate solution method

Principle 6: Interventions should include instruction on solving word problems that are based on common underlying structures.

Evidence

Document how you determined whether to select each of the conditions on the previous page.

Current Implementation Level for This Principle ___

Principle 6: Interventions should include instruction on solving word problems that are based on common				
underlying structures.				
Deficit Types				
Based on the evidence on the previous page, indicate what types of needs	your school has for this principle. Selec	t all that apply.		
Knowledge Translation	Resource	Feedback		
Strategies				
Select which (if any) of the following strategies will be used to improve imp	lementation of this principle.			
Knowledge: Translation:	Resource:	Feedback:		
Provide professional Create organizers or	Review instructional	Add to observation		
development manipulatives as a group	programs	checklist		
Add to team or staff Review lesson plans	Review curricula	Review school-level		
meeting agenda 🛛 🗌 Review classroom assessment	s, 🗌 Review schedule or	or required		
assignments, or activities	calendar	assessments		
Additional Strategies				
List any additional strategies you intend to use to improve implementation	of this principle.			
Action Plan				
Provide concrete steps for improving the level of implementation of this pr	inciple in your school.			
Action	Person(s) Responsible Deadline		
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Principle 7: For students who struggle in mathematics, intervention materials should include opportunities to				
work with visual representations of mathematical ideas. Interventionists should be proficient in the use of these				
visual representations.				
Review Indicate which of the following sources of evidence were reviewed to determine whether each practice is in place. Individualized intervention plans Intervention assessments Student work samples Curriculum documents related to Student activities during intervention Classroom observation interventions Notes or handouts for students				
Practices For each practice, select all conditions that have been met, according to evidence gained from reviewing supporting documentation.				
 Practice 1: Employ visual representations to model mathematical concepts. Teachers who implement interventions use concrete representations to develop students' foundational knowledge. Teachers who implement interventions use visual representations of mathematical concepts to develop students' foundational knowledge. Students who struggle in mathematics use visual representations to develop foundational knowledge. Students who struggle in mathematics use concrete representations to develop foundational knowledge. 				
 Practice 2: Explicitly link a visual representation or model with the abstract mathematical symbol or concept. Teachers who implement interventions include materials and instruction that explicitly link visual representations and/or concrete models to the abstract mathematical symbol or concept. Students make connections between visual representations or concrete models and the abstract mathematical symbol or concept. 				
 Practice 3: Use consistent language across similar representations. Teachers communicate with consistent and precise language across representations of the same mathematical concept. Students use consistent language across representations of the same mathematical concept. 				

Principle 7: For students who struggle in mathematics, intervention materials should include opportunities to work with visual representations of mathematical ideas. Interventionists should be proficient in the use of these visual representations.

Evidence

Document how you determined whether to select each of the conditions on the previous page.

Current Implementation Level for This Principle ___

Principle 7: For students who struggle in mathematics, intervention materials should include opportunities to				
work with visual representations of mathematical ideas. Interventionists should be proficient in the use of these				
visual representations.				
Deficit Types				
Based on the evidence on the previ	ious page, indicate what types of n	eeds your school has for this principle	. Select all that apply.	
Knowledge	Translation	Resource	Feedback	
Strategies				
Select which (if any) of the followin	g strategies will be used to improv	e implementation of this principle.		
Knowledge:	Translation:	Resource:	Feedback:	
Provide professional	Create organizers or	Review instructio	nal 🗌 Add to	observation
development	manipulatives as a group	programs	check	ist
Add to team or staff	Review lesson plans	Review curricula	Review	v school-level
meeting agenda	Review classroom assess	sments, <u>Review schedule</u>	or or req	uired
	assignments, or activitie	s calendar	assess	ments
Additional Strategies				
List any additional strategies you in	itend to use to improve implement	cation of this principle.		
Action Plan				
Provide concrete steps for improvin	ng the level of implementation of t	his principle in your school.		_
	Action	<u>Pe</u>	rson(s) Responsible	<u>Deadline</u>

Principle 8: Establish a schoolwide plan to identify and improve teachers' mathematical content knowledge and
pedagogical content knowledge.
Review
Indicate which of the following sources of evidence were reviewed to determine whether each practice is in place.
School professional development Agendas from professional Observations
plan development Interviews with teachers
Professional development schedule Assessments of teacher knowledge (content and pedagogy)
Practices
For each practice select all conditions that have been met according to evidence gained from reviewing supporting documentation
Practice 1: Assess teachers' needs in relation to mathematics content knowledge and mathematics pedagogical content knowledge across
content areas.
Prior to providing professional development, teachers' mathematical content and pedagogical content knowledge are assessed.
Professional development is tailored to teacher needs, based on the assessment of teachers' mathematical content and pedagogical
content knowledge.
The structure and work of professional learning communities are informed by individual teacher needs, based on the assessment of
mathematical content and pedagogical content knowledge.
Practice 2: Select and implement high-quality professional development that acknowledges different teachers' needs.
Professional development is aligned with the standards and expectations proposed by the National Staff Development Council.
Professional development is targeted to support individual teachers' needs.
Professional development is situated within a collaborative environment (such as a learning community).
Practice 3: Improve teachers' knowledge and understanding of making practice decisions based on research evidence and student data.
School administrators have provided guidance and set up an expectation that instructional decisions should be based on a review of student data.
School administrators have provided guidance and set up an expectation that instructional decisions should include the use of
research- and evidence-based solutions.
School administrators have provided guidance and set up a supportive environment for experimentation and implementation of research, and evidence based solutions.
Teschers use student performance data systematically gathered before during and after instruction to guide instructional and
nrogrammatic decisions
Teachers participate in professional development related to research on mathematics instruction and interventions considering the
application to their local context.

Principle 8: Establish a schoolwide plan to identify and improve teachers' mathematical content knowledge and pedagogical content knowledge.

Evidence

Document how you determined whether to select each of the conditions on the previous page.

Current Implementation Level for This Principle __

Principle 8: Establish a schoolwide plan to identify and improve teachers' mathematical content knowledge and				
pedagogical content knowledge.				
Deficit Types				
Based on the evidence on the previous page, indicate what types of needs your school has for this	principle. Select all that apply.			
Knowledge Translation Resource	E Feedback			
Strategies				
Select which (if any) of the following strategies will be used to improve implementation of this prin	ciple.			
Knowledge: Translation: Resource:	Feedback:			
Provide professional Create organizers or Review i	nstructional 🛛 🗌 Add to	observation		
development manipulatives as a group program	s check	list		
Add to team or staff Review lesson plans Review d	curricula 🗌 Reviev	v school-level		
meeting agenda 🛛 Review classroom assessments, 🗌 Review s	schedule or or req	uired		
assignments, or activities calendar	assess	sments		
Additional Strategies				
List any additional strategies you intend to use to improve implementation of this principle.				
Action Plan				
Provide concrete steps for improving the level of implementation of this principle in your school				
Action	Person(s) Responsible	Deadline		
	<u></u>	<u></u>		

Principle 9: Discontinue using practices that are NOT associated with improved outcomes for students and		
teachers.		
Review Indicate which of the following sources of evidence were reviewed to determine whether each practice is in place. Documentation of research Formative assessments Observations supporting current practices Summative assessments Documentation of use of data and Data on effectiveness of current Common assessments (benchmarks) adjustments in instruction programs and practices Description Description		
Practices For each practice, select all conditions that have been met, according to evidence gained from reviewing supporting documentation		
 Practice 1: Examine the evidentiary bases of practices currently used in teaching mathematics and identify and eliminate practices that are contra-indicated by existing evidence. Teachers and school administrators review research summaries and other resources for evidence regarding effective practices for teaching mathematics in the middle grades. Teachers and school administrators examine the evidence base of practices currently used in teaching mathematics. Practices not supported by research evidence or local student performance evidence are discontinued. 		
 Practice 2: Monitor student learning formally and informally and use trend data to determine whether and how to adjust current practices. Teachers monitor student learning formally (e.g., using summative assessments) and informally (e.g., using observation, formative assessment) and adjust practices accordingly. Teachers use progress monitoring to identify students who need instructional adjustments to improve learning. School administrators use data at the student, classroom, and teacher levels to make programmatic changes, eliminating programs that are not working for their students. 		
Evidence Document how you determined whether to select each of the conditions above.		

Principle 9: Discontinue using practices that are NOT associated with improved outcomes for students and teachers.

Evidence (cont.)

Document how you determined whether to select each of the conditions on the previous page.

Current Implementation Level for This Principle ___

Principle 9: Discontinue using practices that are NOT associated with improved outcomes for students and			
teachers.			
Deficit Types			
Based on the evidence on the previous page, indicate w	hat types of needs your school has	s for this principle. Select all that a	pply.
Knowledge Translatio	on 🗌 Resour	rce 🗌 Fee	dback
Strategies			
Select which (if any) of the following strategies will be u	sed to improve implementation of	f this principle.	
Knowledge: Translation:	Resource	e: Feedback	
Provide professional Create org	anizers or	Review instructional	Add to observation
development manipulat	ves as a group	programs	checklist
Add to team or staff Review less	son plans	Review curricula	Review school-level
meeting agenda 🛛 🗌 Review cla	ssroom assessments,	Review schedule or	or required
assignmer	ts, or activities	calendar	assessments
Additional Strategies			
List any additional strategies you intend to use to impro	ve implementation of this principl	le.	
Action Plan			
Provide concrete steps for improving the level of imple	nentation of this principle in your	school.	
Action		Person(s) Respons	ible Deadline

Action Plan Summary		
Action	Person(s) Responsible	<u>Deadline</u>
Principle 1: Establish schoolwide practices for enhancing mathematics understa area instruction.	nding within relevant o	content
Principle 2: Screen all students, using a universal screener, to identify those at risk for mathemati to students identified as being at risk. Monitor the development of mathematics knowledge and s	cs difficulties and provide i skills in identified students.	nterventions

Action Plan Summary		
Action	Person(s) Responsible	<u>Deadline</u>
Principle 3: Help students recognize and expand their understanding of number systems beyo rational numbers. Use number lines as a central representational tool in teaching this and other	ond whole numbers to intener fraction concepts.	egers and
Principle 4: Develop students' conceptual understanding of mathematics and pr improve procedural fluency.	ovide ample opportur	nities to

Action Plan Summary		
Action	Person(s) Responsible	<u>Deadline</u>
Principle 5: Provide explicit and systematic instruction during intervention.		
Principle 6: Interventions should include instruction on solving word problems t	hat are based on comr	non
underlying structures.		

Action Plan Summary		
Action	Person(s) Responsible	<u>Deadline</u>
Principle 7: For students who struggle in mathematics, intervention materials should include representations of mathematical ideas. Interventionists should be proficient in the use of the	e opportunities to work wi se visual representations.	th visual
Principle 8: Establish a schoolwide plan to identify and improve teachers' mather pedagogical content knowledge.	matical content know	ledge and

Action Plan Summary

Principle 9: Discontinue using practices that are NOT associated with improved outcomes for students and teachers.