Name _____ Class _____

Modern Chemistry · CHAPTER 5

HOMEWORK 5-1

(pp. 123–125)

SKILL BUILDER

Use the K-W-L Chart to organize your ideas about the periodic table. In the K column, write what you already know about the periodic table. In the W column, write questions that you have about the periodic table. As you read, record the answers to your questions in the L column. You can add to this chart or create a new one for future sections of Chapter 5.

| K | W | L |
|-------------|---------------------|----------------|
| What I Know | What I Want to Know | What I Learned |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

MORE SKILL BUILDING

1. Explain how Mendeleev developed the periodic table.

2. Explain the term *periodicity*. How does the term apply to chemistry?

STANDARDIZED TEST PREP

Circle the letter of the best answer.

- **1.** Which statement is true?
 - a. The modern periodic table was developed at the First International Congress of Chemists.
 - **b.** Motion needs to vary uniformly in order to vary periodically.
 - **c.** In his periodic table, Mendeleev arranged the elements in order of their atomic numbers.
 - d. Mendeleev left "gaps" in his periodic table to account for missing elements.
- 2. Which was Stanislao Cannizzaro's contribution to modern chemistry?
 - **a.** He developed a method for measuring the mass of an atom.
 - **b.** He created an accurate periodic table.
 - **c.** He discovered the elements scandium, gallium, and germanium.
 - d. He coined the term *periodicity* to account for chemical properties.

CHAPTER 4 · HOMEWORK 4-8

VOCABULARY

- 1. b
- **2.** d
- 3. e
- **4.** c
- **5.** a
- 6. g 7. f
- /• 1

GRAPHIC ORGANIZER

| Element | Atomic Number | Electron Configuration | Noble-Gas Configuration |
|-----------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| Cobalt | 27 | $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^63d^74s^2$ | $[Ar]3d^74s^2$ |
| Zinc | 30 | $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^63d^{10}4s^2$ | $[Ar]3d^{10}4s^2$ |
| Arsenic | 33 | $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^63d^{10}4s^24p^3$ | $[Ar]3d^{10}4s^24p^3$ |
| Krypton | 36 | $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^63d^{10}4s^24p^6$ | $[Ar]3d^{10}4s^24p^6$ |
| Zirconium | 40 | $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^2 5s^2$ | $[Kr]4d^25s^2$ |
| Rhodium | 45 | $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^6 4d^8 5s^1$ | $[Kr]4d^85s^1$ |

STANDARDIZED TEST PREP

1. c

2. b

CHAPTER 5 • HOMEWORK 5-1

MORE SKILL BUILDING

- 1. He noticed that, when elements were arranged in order of increasing atomic mass, certain similarities in their chemical properties appeared at regular intervals. He created a table in which elements with similar properties were grouped together.
- 2. *Periodicity* is a repeating pattern. Elements are arranged on the periodic table in patterns—they are grouped with other elements that behave similarly.

STANDARDIZED TEST PREP

- **1.** d
- **2.** a