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TIME ZONES

24 hours = 360 degrees

1 hour = _____degrees

1 degree = _____minutes

1 TIME ZONE = _____DEGREES OF LONGITUDE
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Starting at the Prime Meridian list the longitudes of the centers of western time zones:

Name	Center Longitude		
W. European	0° W		
W. Aftrican			
Azores			
Brazilian	45° W		
Atlantic			
Eastern			

Name	Center Longitude
Central	
Mountain	
Pacific	
Yukon	135° W
Alaska-Hawaiian	
Nome	165° W

est on November 2!

Name

The times of astronomical events is often given in **COORDINATED UNIVERSAL TIME (UT OR** $UTC)^1$, which is the time on the prime meridian (Greenwhich, or Western European Time). The official time-keeper of the United States is the US Naval Observatory. You can use their site to convert from Universal Time to other time zones (both standard and daylight times)

⇒ Convert from Universal Time (http://tycho.usno.navy.mil/zones.html)

to find the EST or EDT of the following events in the fall of 2013: (note that some of the dates may change if an event occurs between midnight UT and Eastern time)

				ENT to EST on	
EVENT	UT		LOCAL TIME (EDT OR EST)		
	Date	Time (24 hr)	Date	Time (h:m AM/PM)	
Autumnal Equinox	September 23	2:29	Sept. 22	10:29 pm	
New Moon	September 24	6:12			
Harvest Moon	October 8	10:50			
Winter Solstice	December 21	23:03			

¹ Replaced Greenwich Mean Time (GMT) as the World standard for time in 1986. Also known as "Zulu Time," it is based on atomic measurements rather than the Earth's rotation. Greenwich Mean Time (GMT) is still the standard time zone for the Prime Meridian (Zero Longitude). From http://time.greenwich2000.com

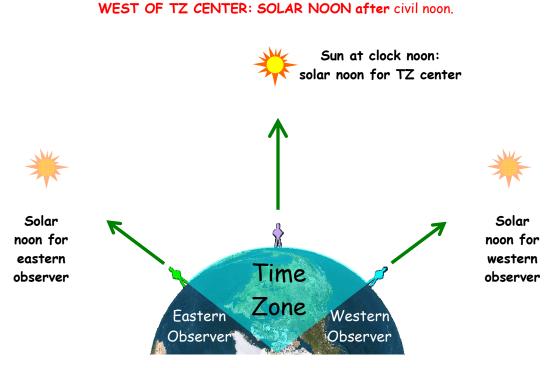
Clock and Solar Noon

The **clock time** is the local clock time. Due to the finite width of the time zones, it does not always fit the solar meaning of time.

SOLAR NOON = SUN ON OBSERVER'S MERIDIAN (TRANSIT)

On the time zone center longitude, clock noon corresponds (roughly) to solar noon. For each degree of longitude of difference between your location and the center meridian, there will be four minutes of difference between your solar noon and civil noon.

EAST OF TZ CENTER: SOLAR NOON before civil noon.



Thus solar noon occurs early in the eastern part of the time zone and late in the western part of the time zone. Complete the following table by calculating the difference between the city's longitude and that of the time zone center and using 1 hour = 15° and 1 min = 15'.

	Longitude				Solar Noon	
City	City	Time Zone Center	Diffe Deg. & min.	E or W	Early or Late	Clock Time
Canton, NY	75°10' W	75° W	10'	W	Late	12:00:40 pm
Portland, ME	70°15′ W	75° W				
Thunder Bay, Ontario	89°15' W	75° W				
Lhasa, Tibet (CCT: UTC + 8)	91° E	120° E				

Longitude is measured west to east in the eastern hemisphere! Use a globe!