

Program Support Notes

Grades 9 - College

28mins

HACCP in Action

Food Safety Case Studies

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For Teachers:

Introduction

In order for us to be safe our food must travel through a system, which makes it safe for us to eat. The HACCP system – *Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points* evolved from the hazard analysis and critical control point system of the 1960's, which was developed in the USA and used in the NASA space program.

This program analyses and explains this scientific based system, which identifies specific hazards and measures for their control to ensure food safety. HACCP can be applied throughout the food chain from primary production to the final consumption of food – "from paddock to plate".

HACCP also aids in the inspection of food premises by the regulatory authorities and ensures confidence in export industries that the food in Australia is safe.

Throughout this program the seven principles that all food workplaces should implement as part of their Food Safety Program are discussed.

<u>DVD Timeline</u>

00:00:00	Introduction
00:01:27	Summary
00:01:48	The Importance of Food Safety: 3 Types of Hazards, Health & Hygiene of a Food Handler,
	Cross-Contamination, Food Hygiene, Environmental Hygiene, 7 Principles of Hacep
	Listed
00:05:25	Summary
00:06:21	HACCP at Pura Milk – Haccp Principals 1 – 3
00:10:27	Summary
00:11:27	HACCP at Pura Milk – Haccp Principals 4 – 7
00:14:41	Summary
00:15:37	HACCP at the Angliss Restaurant – Haccp Principals 1 – 3, Temperature Danger Zone
	Illustration
00:20:12	Summary
00:21:19	HACCP at the Angliss Restaurant – Haccp Principals 4 – 7
00:25:20	Summary
00:26:18	Conclusion
00:27:13	Credits
00:28:52	Program end

Other Relevant Programs Available from VEA

Buying and Storing Food Safely With Helen Highwaters

Please visit our website for many more relevant programs www.veavideo.com

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Student Worksheet:

While Viewing the Program

Inti	roduction:
1.	What is the name of the system, which makes the journey of food safe?
2.	What does HACCP stand for?
The	e Importance of Food Safety:
3.	List the issues regarding food safety.
	·
4.	Outline why the safety of the food handler is so important.
5.	Which health issue is most detrimental to food safety?
6.	List the clothing requirements of a food handler at Pura milk.
7.	Cross contamination can happentime,where
8.	What elements are important in food hygiene?

9.	List three environmental concerns for a food manufacturer.
10.	What are the seven principle of HACCP?
Pur	ra - HACCP Principles 1 – 3
Prir	nciple One
11.	How is principle one carried out at Pura milk?
12.	What are the three hazards that could occur?
13.	Pasteurization kills off all
Prir	uciple Two
14.	How does Pura identify Critical Control Points?
15.	Outline three steps that need to be controlled.

6. Why is the setting of critical limits s	so important?	
7. Critical limits are set for each of the		
3. Complete this table		
Product	Process	Critical Limits
O. The critical limit for antibiotics is _		
ACCEDE: 1 A F		
rinciple 4		
ACCP Principles 4 – 7 inciple 4 D. Why is monitoring so important? List the equipment that is used for n	nonitoring.	

<u>Prin</u>	ciple 6	
23.	What recording is carried out?	
Prin	ciple 7	
24.	Principle seven is	·
25.	This is carried out by	
	•	audits
	•	audits
	•	recalls
Ang	diss Restaurant	
	What is the Angliss Restaurant?	
-0.	The second secon	
27.	Compare Pura Milk and the Angliss Restaurant in	n terms of foods produced and conditions.
	Pura Milk	Angliss Restaurant

<u>Prir</u>	nciple 1
28.	List the hazards for the Angliss Restaurant.
29.	Explain Physical Hazards
	Chemical Hazards
<u>Prir</u>	nciple 2
30.	Which stages of food production can be controlled at the Angliss Restaurant? List five.
<u>Prir</u>	nciple 3
31.	Limits are set for receiving Critical limits for refrigerated
	food is, frozen food
	and insect and grubs should be present. The critical limits for cooking meat is
	, washing cycle and rinse cycle
32.	The temperature danger zone is between and Food cannot remain
	in the danger zone for more than

HACCP Principles 4 – 7

Prir	nciple 4
33.	What does monitoring include in a restaurant?
34.	List two places that need continual monitoring
35.	How is it possible to monitor cooking staff?
<u>Prir</u>	nciple 5
36.	Outline what happens if a critical limit is breached.
37.	If goods are received outside of critical limits they must be
Prir	nciple 6
38.	What sort of recording is carried out at the Angliss Restaurant?
39.	The Angliss Restaurant has a who collect and monitors the HACCP system
Prir	nciple 7
40.	Audits are carried out internally every months.
41.	Why is HACCP so important for the food industry?

After Viewing the Program

I. Investigate the seven principles of HACCP

Use the web sites provided at the end of this work sheet to provide a detailed explanation of the seven principles of HACCP. Provide a practical example of how each principle works within the food industry.

The Seven Principles of HACCP

- 1. Conduct a hazard analysis:
- **2.** Identify the critical control points in the process:
- **3.** Establish critical limits for preventative measures associated with each identified critical control point:
- **4.** Establish critical control point monitoring requirements:
- 5. Establish corrective actions to be taken when monitoring indicates that critical limits are not met
- **6.** Establish effective record keeping procedures
- 7. Establish procedures for identifying that the HACCP system is working correctly:

II. The importance of hygiene and safety:

Hygiene and safety is extremely important in the food industry. Develop a pamphlet that could be distributed to food outlets that explains why hygiene and safety is so important. In your pamphlet include the following information:

- An explanation of the term hygiene
- How to achieve person hygiene
- Why safety of the food handler is essential
- Types of hazards that can be present on food
- An explanation of what cross contamination is and how it occurs
- Principles of Food Hygiene in terms of storage, preparation and serving
- Principles of Environmental Hygiene include a discussion of cleaning, equipment storage, disposal of food and other wastes and pest control.

III. Carry out your own hazard analysis.

Analyze the recipe below and carry out a hazard analysis. What are the potential hazards, and how can the principles of HACCP be implemented when preparing a food item.

RECIPE - Tomato Chutney

1 ½ kg Tomatoes
250g onions- diced
1 clove garlic
625ml vinegar
270g raisins
6 cloves
½ tsp cayenne pepper
10g salt
375g sugar

- 1. Peel and chop tomatoes
- 2. Put all ingredients except sugar in saucepan, stir until boiling and cook until mixture thickens.
- 3. Scald washed jars and lids by dipping into boiling water. Drain upside down to dry.
- 4. Add sugar, stir until boiling and cook for 30 minutes.
- 5. Pour chutney into jars and cover.
- 6. Allow to become cold, and then wipe clean, label and store in a cool dry place.

Analysis

- 1. List possible hazards.
- 2. Complete the table to show how the principles of HACCP could be used when preparing this food item.

HACCP Principle	Explanation
1.	
2.	
3.	
J.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	