



# Preparing for Emergency Evacuations Quiz

\_\_\_\_\_  
PRINT Employee's Name

\_\_\_\_\_  
Department ID

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Instructor

This quiz is designed to measure your knowledge of safety with regards to Preparing for Emergency Evacuations. Answer every question True or False or by Multiple Choice selection.

1. OSHA requires employer alarm systems, identified exits, and emergency plans in order to:
  - a. Make fire drills easier
  - b. Allow employees to get out quickly and safely in an emergency
  - c. Protect valuable equipment from fire
  
2. Emergency plans may list certain employees who are responsible for:
  - a. Sounding fire alarms
  - b. Moving items that block exit doors
  - c. Delaying evacuation to monitor essential systems or multi-stage process shutdown
  
3. In an emergency, employees not assigned to specific tasks should:
  - a. Evacuate immediately
  - b. Ask employees with assigned tasks if they need help
  - c. Wait to see what others are doing
  
4. When you hear an emergency alarm, you should be sure your co-workers are aware of it too.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
5. If a fire blocks your assigned evacuation door, you should:
  - a. Panic
  - b. Take the closest open exit door
  - c. Try to get through the door anyway

6. At the end of your assigned evacuation route, you should:
  - a. Assemble in your assigned “safe area”
  - b. Go home
  - c. See if you can help the trained emergency responders
  
7. It’s important that your group leader know you got out safely because:
  - a. You could be docked pay if you’re thought missing
  - b. People could risk their lives trying to save you
  - c. You might not know when it’s safe to go back in
  
8. Emergencies that don’t require evacuations might require:
  - a. False alarm report forms
  - b. Attending a safety meeting
  - c. First aid or fire extinguishers
  
9. If you know an alarm is just a drill, you don’t have to evacuate.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
10. You can help prevent serious emergencies by:
  - a. Being constantly aware of hazards in the work area
  - b. Practicing evacuation drills weekly
  - c. Developing a good relationship with firefighters