

2013 年高一英语暑期作业（一）

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第一部分：词汇知识运用（满分 35 分）

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

1. My money has _____, that is to say, I have _____ my money.
A. been run out, run out of B. run out of, run out
C. been run out of, run out D. run out, run out of
2. He stood for a moment with one of his hands still _____.
A. risen B. raising C. raised D. having raised
3. I tried ringing you several times yesterday, but I couldn't _____.
A. get across B. get along C. get through D. put through
4. It has been found that people who smoke are _____ to suffer from lung cancer than those who don't.
A. more than 13 times likely B. 13 times more likely
C. 13 times more than likely D. more 13 times likely
5. _____ over and over again, but he still couldn't understand.
A. Having explained B. Having been explained
C. Explaining D. It had been explained
6. Suzhou is _____ most beautiful tourist city and I believe I'll come for _____ second time.
A. the ; the B. a ; the C. a ; a D. the ; a
7. The little child didn't understand the _____ question so there was a _____ expression on his face.
A. puzzling; puzzled B. puzzled; puzzled
C. puzzling; puzzling D. puzzled; puzzling
8. The early train is _____ to leave at 6:00 in the morning. You'd better get to the station _____ 5:30 at the latest.
A. due; by B. possible; at C. sure; around D. probable; beyond
9. Wherever he goes, the poor young man is ready to accept _____ help he can get.
A. whichever B. however C. whatever D. whenever
10. "Don't worry. We will _____ the case as soon as possible." the police officer said to the young lady.
A. look after B. look into C. look on D. look up
11. It suddenly occurred to Anne that money couldn't _____ all that Bob had suffered in the past five years.
A. make out B. make for C. make over D. make up for
12. You'd better take something to read when you go to see the doctor _____ you have to wait.
A. as if B. even though C. in case D. so that
13. The new model of car is so expensive that it is _____ the reach of those people with average incomes.
A. beyond B. within C. over D. without
14. ---Will you tell us what you saw in the room?
--Sure. _____ inside were lots of strange creatures with white skin and large black eyes.
A. Having stood B. To stand C. Being standing D. Standing

15. --At this very moment, I sincerely_____ you had a very pleasant marriage.
--Thank you very much.
A. wish B. desire C. hope D. expect
16. You can imagine that sheep, cattle and horses wander on the green grass, and the surrounding forests are _____ to many birds and animals.
A. house B. home C. base D. destination
17. The people of China can be proud of Yang Liwei, and young people all over the world can look up to him _____ an example of a man who managed to _____ his dream.
A. like; realize B. for; form C. as; live D. to; apply
18. As Polly observed the passengers on the train, she had a feeling _____ she was being _____ by a tall man in a dark overcoat.
A. which; looked B. that; watched C. whether; glanced D. if; stared
19. In the second type, the shark pushes you with its nose to find out if you are fit _____, and then bites you if it thinks you are.
A. to eat B. to be eaten C. for eating D. for being eaten
20. ---Take a break, Amy. You _____ on the piano all morning.
---I'd like to, but this time next week I _____ a concert at Music Hall.
A. have practised; will give B. are practising; am giving
C. have been practising; will be giving D. will have practised; have been giving
21. Some people fear that _____ air pollution may bring about changes in _____ weather around the world.
A. /; the B. the; / C. an; the D. the; a
22. --Go for a picnic this weekend, OK?
--_____. I love getting close to nature.
A. I couldn't agree more B. I'm afraid not.
C. I believe not D. I don't think so.
23. --- What do you think of teaching, Bob?
--- I find it fun and challenging. It is a job _____ you are doing something serious but interesting.
A. where B. which C. when D. that
24. --_____ Mary come and play computer games?
--No, _____ she has finished her homework.
A. Will, when B. Shall, once C. Would, if D. Shall, unless
25. I would have gone to visit him in the hospital if it had been at all possible, but I _____ fully occupied the whole of last week.
A. were B. had been C. have been D. was
26. _____ I like most about her is _____ care-free attitude.
A. What; her B. What; that her C. How; for her D. How; a
27. --Do you regret paying 500 dollars for your necklace?
--No, I would gladly pay _____ for it.
A. two times as much B. twice as many C. twice as much D. as twice as much
28. --How was Robert's cooking?
--Oh, pretty good. I was quite _____.
A. admired B. interested C. impressed D. inspired
29. As senior 3 students, it is the most important to _____ a good state of mind in face of failure.
A. keep up B. keep on C. keep out D. keep off

30. Luckily, we'd brought a road map, without _____ we would have got lost.
A. it B. that C. this D. which
31. I dislike _____ when I am left alone to start a conversation with a stranger.
A. that B. this C. it D. one
32. I felt so bad all day yesterday that I decided this morning I couldn't face _____ day like that.
A. other B. another C. the other D. others
33. Faced with a bill for \$10,000, _____.
A. John has taken an extra job B. the boss has given John an extra job
C. an extra job has been taken D. an extra job has been given to John
34. ---What did your parents think about your decision?
---They always let me do _____ I think I should.
A. when B. that C. how D. what
35. No one in the department but Tom and I _____ that the director is going to resign.
A. knows B. know C. have known D. am to know

第二节 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 20 分)

请认真阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Several years ago I was told I was suffering from cancer by the doctor. It was the most difficult time I had ever 36. I think it was my sense of 37 that allowed me to hold onto my sanity(心智健全). Like many people who have 38 chemotherapy(化疗), I lost all of my hair. I had always enjoyed wearing hats, so when my hair 39 me, I ordered several special hats with the hair already 40. It was easy and I never had to worry about how my hair looked.

I have always been a big golf 41. In fact, I have been to twenty-three straight U. S. Opens. At one point during my cancer treatments, my husband John and I decided to get away from the cold Minnesota winter and took a trip to Scottsdale, Arizona. There was a Senior PGA Tour(美国职业高尔夫球巡回赛) 42 called The Tradition being played, and that seemed like just the ticket to lift my 43.

The first day of the match was exciting. It was a beautiful day, and I was in heaven. I was standing just 44 the third tee(球座; 开球区), behind the fairway(球道)ropes, watching my three favorite golfers in the world 45 the tee: Jack Nicklaus, Raymond Floyd and Tom Weiskopf.

Just as they arrived at the tee, the unimaginable happened. A huge gust of wind came up from out of 46 and blew my hat and hair right off my head and into the 47 of the fairway! The thousands of 48 lining the fairway fell into a complete 49, all eyes on me. Even my golf idols were watching me, as my hair was in their path. I was shocked! 50 as I was, I knew I couldn't just stand there. 51 had to do something to get things moving again.

52 I took a deep breath, went under the ropes and out into the middle of the fairway. I 53 my hat and hair, placed them back on my head as best I 54. Then I turned to the golfers and loudly 55, "Gentlemen, the wind is blowing from left to right."

They said the laughter could be heard all the way to the nineteenth hole.

36. A. touched B. faced C. memorized D. created
37. A. humor B. smell C. feeling D. hearing

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 38. A. suffered from | B. shared with | C. passed by | D. gone through |
| 39. A. deserted | B. troubled | C. touched | D. reached |
| 40. A. stuck | B. added | C. attached | D. fixed |
| 41. A. star | B. attacker | C. actor | D. fan |
| 42. A. activity | B. event | C. performance | D. incident |
| 43. A. brains | B. minds | C. spirits | D. hearts |
| 44. A. off | B. over | C. in | D. with |
| 45. A. observe | B. approach | C. develop | D. leave |
| 46. A. anywhere | B. nowhere | C. everywhere | D. somewhere |
| 47. A. side | B. edge | C. middle | D. bottom |
| 48. A. fans | B. players | C. assistants | D. judges |
| 49. A. excitement | B. sadness | C. anger | D. silence |
| 50. A. Excited | B. Surprised | C. Embarrassed | D. Frightened |
| 51. A. Anyone | B. Everyone | C. Someone | D. Nobody |
| 52. A. So | B. However | C. But | D. Though |
| 53. A. took hold of | B. took care of | C. kept up with | D. kept in touch with |
| 54. A. must | B. could | C. had to | D. should |
| 55. A. declared | B. announced | C. remarked | D. concluded |

第三部分、阅读理解(共 4 篇, 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

请认真阅读下列短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题纸上将该项涂黑。

A

Two British men and their young sons were killed when their light aircraft crashed and burst into flames in the US. It occurred last night. Pilot Garry Megson, 38, died with his eight-year-old son Peter, family friend Stephen Aspden, 45, and his 12-year-old son, Jack. Police said Mr. Megson was attempting a tricky maneuver, called a touch-and-go landing, when the accident happened in the rented single-engine Piper Warrior. The move involves touching the wheels down on the landing strip before immediately taking off again. The aircraft failed to regain height and veered off the runway. It hit several ears and a hangar(飞机库房)before bursting into flames in Pennsylvania on Sunday. Mr. Megson who has 20 years' flying experience, moved to the US 11 months ago with his wife and son to work as a manager with drugs giant AstraZeneca. Secondary school teacher Mr. Aspden, 45, was on holiday, visiting with his family. His wife and ten year old daughter have since returned to Manchester, where they live. Christine Troy, a neighbour of Mr. Megson said it was "just so sad" the crash happened. She added: "He was the greatest guy. His son was just wonderful. "

56. This passage is probably taken from _____.
- A. a magazine B. a newspaper C. a book D. an advertisement
57. What's the best title of the passage? _____
- A. Four killed in plane crash B. A plane burst into flames
C. A touch-and-go landing. D. Four murdered in Pennsylvania
58. How did the crash happen? _____
- A. The plane burst in the air.
B. The plane burst into flames on the runway.
C. The plane touched the wheels down on the landing strip.
D. The plane hit some ears and a hangar and burst into flames.

B

The other day, my friend Jane was invited to a 40th birthday party. The time printed on the invitation was 7:30pm. Jane went off with her husband, expecting a merry evening of wine, food, and song.

By 9:45, everybody was having great fun, but no food had appeared. Jane and David were restless. Other guests began whispering that they, too, were starving. But no one wanted to leave, just in case some food was about to appear. By 11:00, there was still no food, and everyone was completely off their heads. Jane and David left hungry and angry.

Their experience suggests that the words on the printed invitations need to be made clearer. Everyone reads and understands the invitations differently. Most of us would agree that 6:30 -8:30pm means drinks only, go out to dinner afterwards; 8:00pm or 8:30pm means possible dinner, but 9: 30pm and any time thereafter means no food, eat beforehand, roll up late.

But this is not always the case. If asked to a students' party at 6:30pm, it is normal for guests not to appear before midnight, if at all, and no one cares. Being the first to arrive - looking eager - is social death. When my mother is asked to a party for 6:30, she likes to be there, if not on time, then no later than seven. My age group (late thirties) falls somewhere between the two, but because we still think we're young, we're probably closer to student-time than grown-up time.

The accepted custom at present is confusing (混乱的), sometimes annoying, and it often means you may go home hungry, but it does lead every party that precious element (成分) of surprise.

59. Jane and David's story is used to show that_____ .
- A. party-goers usually get hungry at parties
 - B. party invitations can be confusing
 - C. people should ask for food at parties
 - D. birthday parties for middle-aged people are dull
60. For some young people, arriving on time for a students' party will probably be considered_____ .
- A. very difficult
 - B. particularly thoughtful
 - C. friendly and polite
 - D. socially unacceptable
61. According to the writer, people in their late thirties_____ .
- A. are likely to arrive late for a party
 - B. care little about the party time
 - C. haven't really grown up yet
 - D. like surprises at parties
62. What is the general idea of the text? _____
- A. It's safe to arrive late just when food is served.
 - B. It's wise to eat something before going to a party.
 - C. It's important to follow social rules of party-going.
 - D. It's necessary to read invitations carefully.

C

Notting Hill Carnival (狂欢节)organizers are celebrating a bumper year, with crowds up and crime down by almost a third.

More than 1 million people who were having fun singing, dancing and so on in a noisy way were at the two day event in West London but there were only 64 arrests, compared with 94 last year.

Most arrests were for drug, theft or public order offences, police said last night. The number of crimes stood at 85, compared with 115 last year.

It was the 40th anniversary of the colorful celebration of Caribbean culture, which has become Europe's best-known street festival.

Sporadic(零星的)showers failed to dampen the crowd's spirits. Attendance last year fell to about 600,000, mainly because of bad weather.

Calypso music played loudly from sound systems along the parade route as thousands of whistle-blowing people followed glittering floats (灿烂夺目的花车). They were joined by dancers and drummers.

"The atmosphere is fantastic," said Chief Insp Wayne Mawson. "Crime is low, reported crime is low, and people are still enjoying themselves."

One man was arrested for the crime of attacking someone yesterday after another was treated for an arm injury in Powis Square. Officers carried out a stop and search operation at Mile End Tube Station after reports that 60 youths planned to disrupt (使混乱) the event. There were eight arrests for possession of knives and body armour.

Security at the carnival has been high since two people were killed and several attacked violently in 2000 and a man suffered knife wounds to his forehead in 2001.

63. The best title for this passage may probably be _____.

- A. Crowds up and crime down
- B. Carnival crowds up and crime down
- C. Carnival Celebration
- D. Security at the Carnival

64. The underlined part in paragraph 5 means _____.

- A. make people feel less happy or enthusiastic
- B. make people feel happy or enthusiastic
- C. excite the people at the carnival
- D. disappoint the people at the carnival

65. The last paragraph suggests that _____.

- A. security at the carnival has been strengthened
- B. two people were killed and several attacked violently
- C. one man suffered knife wounds
- D. there are more crimes in 2001 than in 2000

D

Mini Computer Capitalists

Impressed by the persuasive technical advice which Trent Eisenberg gave online computer powerhouse Compaq approached him about a job at the company's headquarters in Houston. But Compaq was forced to withdraw(收回)the offer when an important detail about Eisenberg was discovered: he was just 14. Two years later, Eisenberg now runs his own technical support company, F1 Computer, "I might be interested in getting a job in a few years, after college," he says. "But this is just right for me now."

Eisenberg is among an increasing number of teenagers who are running their own computer-related businesses--and, for the most part, being successful at it. "Many kids in suburban homes have grown up operating very powerful computers, so technology is second nature to them in a way that it's not to many adults," says Gene Depose, president of a high tech research firm based in New York.

Danny Kalmick, the 14-year-old president of Kalmick & Co. Computing took his first step toward becoming a neighborhood computer expert at age 11, when he broke down his first PC (a 486/DX2) to inspect its motherboard (主板). When neighbors called him for computer advice a year later, Kalmick saw a business opportunity. So he printed up business cards, and took out an ad in a neighborhood telephone book. He now has about

10 regular clients, works 6 to 10 hours a week, and earns \$ 20 an hour solving tech problems.

Low prices are usually an advantage in the marketplace, but so is age. Many young business people argue: Kids aren't as frightening to work with as their more senior adults. "We're professional, of course, but we are just kids, and people feel like they can talk with us and ask us whatever they want without being embarrassed," says Charles Ross, 18, vice president of a Web services company that develops marketing sites for local businesses. Ross runs the firm with his twin brother, James, and their friend Matthew Baylis, 17. "Beside, a lot of our clients tell us that they would rather work with us because we've grown up with the technology and have a solid handle on it."

66. The title of the passage "Mini Computer Capitalists" refers to _____.
A. young computer business people B. new kinds of computer companies
C. expensive, high-tech inventions D. very small high-speed computers
67. Eisenberg couldn't work for the Compaq computer company because _____.
A. Compaq didn't want to hire him B. he wanted a very high salary
C. they thought he was too young for the job D. he didn't have enough experience
68. Most teenagers mentioned in the passage who run their own computer business are _____.
A. famous B. successful C. unsuccessful D. inexperienced
69. The underlined phrase "have a solid handle on it" probably means _____.
A. are full of energy B. are familiar with computer technology
C. understand it well and can do it well D. are experts and very wealthy
70. The last paragraph mainly talks about _____.
A. low prices are an advantage in the marketplace
B. young age is an advantage in the marketplace
C. people don't feel embarrassed when they consult teenagers
D. teenagers grow up with computer technology

第 II 卷 (非选择题 , 共 35 分)

第四部分：任务型阅读 (共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分)

请认真阅读下列短文，并根据所读内容在文章后表格中的空格里填入最恰当的单词。注意：每个空格只填一个单词。请将答案写在答题卡上相应的横线上。

Since the beginning of human evolution, men have migrated (迁移) across continents in search of food, shelter, safety, and comfortable weather. People still move for these reasons, but new reasons for human migration are arising, such as job relocation (重新安置) and overpopulation.

Three million migrants are moving from poor countries to wealthier ones each year, and increasingly, their destination is a neighboring country in developing parts of the world. People are moving within the developing world for the same reasons as they migrate to wealthier nations. People from poor countries are going to less poor countries, fleeing wars and conflicts. They are also responding to population pressures because some countries are densely populated, and they often have high population growth. Those people need to go somewhere else.

There are three main reasons why people move. The basic categories and percentages are as follows, according to the Current Population Surveys (CPS).

Family-related reasons account for 26.3%, including changes in marital (婚姻的) status, establishing a household and other family reasons; work-related reasons 16.2%,

including job transfer, retirement, and other job-related reasons; housing-related reasons 51.6%, including new and better houses, better neighborhood, cheaper housing and other housing reasons; the remaining 5.9% of other reasons are attending college, the change of climate and health reasons.

Americans have been migrating south and west for decades in search of better job opportunities and warmer climates. They have also been moving to places a little far from cities, in search of bigger yards and houses, lower crime rates and better schools. In 1950, nearly a fifth of the population lived in the nation's 20 largest cities. In 2006, it was about one in ten. That's why many American people say, "Big Cities Shrink as People Move South, West."

Between March 2005 and March 2007, 73.4 million Americans moved. Fifty-six percent of these moves were within the same country. Twenty percent were between counties but in the same state. Nineteen percent were moves to a different state. Some families even went abroad.

Lead-in	Throughout human history, people have migrated across <u>71</u> .
	An <u>72</u> number of people from poor countries are moving to <u>73</u> countries, especially neighboring ones.
<u>74</u> for people's migration	According to the CPS, <u>75</u> of the people move to other places for reasons <u>76</u> to housing.
	Americans have long been moving south and west, looking <u>77</u> a better job chance, a warmer <u>78</u> and a bigger yard, etc.
<u>79</u>	Now every year more and more people move to other places, which seems to have become a global <u>80</u> .

71 _____ 72 _____ 73 _____ 74 _____ 75 _____
 76 _____ 77 _____ 78 _____ 79 _____ 80 _____

五、书面表达 (满分 25 分)

假设你是李华，作为交流学生去了美国新奥尔良市 (New Orleans) 学习生活了一年。在此期间，你住在 Brown 夫妇家中，他们为你提供了吃、住、行及旅游方面的帮助。请你给他们写一封感谢信，主要内容如下：

- ◆表示感谢
- ◆表达感受
- ◆欢迎来访
- ◆保持联系

- 注意：1. 词数 120 左右。
 2. 信的开头和结尾已为你写好。
 3. 可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

April 10

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Brown,

I'm writing to you from my home in China. _____

 _____ (可自行附纸书写作文) _____

Yours faithfully,
 Li Hua

