

2008

State of Ohio Inter-County Return of Taxable Business Property

This return is not filed in duplicate.

If listed value is \$10,000 or less, this return is not required to be filed. This form is also used for filing an inter-county new taxpayer return. Additional copies of this form may be downloaded from our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov.**

Current <u>taxpayer</u> business information (required).					
Name					
Address*					
FEIN or SSN	l or SSNOhio charter number				
NAICS code					
*Mailing address of the taxpayer's corporate headquarters is required. By law, all assessments and billings will be mailed to the taxpayer.					
Type of entity: Corpor	ration Partners	nip	☐ LP ☐ Ltd. liability co. ☐ Sole proprietor ☐ Other		
Date of incorporation or qualification in Ohio Date business commenced in Ohio					
Tax return due date is April 30, 2008 – Extended due date is June 16, 2008 Filing extension granted? Yes No Confirmation enclosed? Yes No If a single county extension was granted, the confirmation must be enclosed in this return or a late filing penalty will be assessed. Total list value of tangible personal property (before \$10,000 exemption) \$					
For Use by the D	epartment of ⁻	Гаха	ation Only – Do Not Write in the Area Below		
Taxing District/ Preassessment Co Verification	onsolidated	Claim	m 913 EX Penalty %		
Office Audited	Field Audited				
			Data Entry Label		
Agent Date	Agent Date		or		
Supr Date	Supr Date		Assessment date By		

What's New for 2008

Due to the phase-out of the personal property tax, the 2008 return is the final annual return required to be filed by most general taxpayers except public utility lessors (see below).

Tangible Personal Property

Telephone and inter-exchange telecommunications companies – previously classified as public utility taxpayers – have been redefined as general business taxpayers under Ohio Revised Code (R.C.) section 5711.01(B), effective with the 2007 tax return.

The taxable property reported by telephone and interexchange telecommunications companies will be listed and assessed under R.C. 5711 while the taxable *value* of telephone and inter-exchange telecommunications personal property will continue to be apportioned under R.C. 5727. All telephone and inter-exchange telecommunications companies will use the same composite allowances and other valuation procedures as prescribed by the tax commissioner for such property for 2006 in tax year 2007 and subsequent tax years, unless otherwise notified of any changes.

Even if a telephone or interexchange telecommunications company has property in only one Ohio county, form 945TL, 945IX (long distance) or 945IX (other) must be filed so that the value of the property reported can be accurately apportioned. These forms are required to be filed between Feb. 15 and April 30 (June 15 as extended) each year. The assessment of telephone and interexchange tele-communications companies personal property will be phased out over a four-year period at the following percentages:

Return Year	List Percentage
2008	15%
2009	10%
2010	5%
2011	0%

Note that the new manufacturing definitions apply to property required to be listed in Schedule 2. Only taxpayers meeting the new manufacturing definitions should report the value of manufacturing or mining equipment, placed in service before Jan. 1, 2005, in Schedule 2. All other equipment should be reported in Schedule 4.

Am. Sub. H.B. 66 changed the method used to calculate the interest rate applied to personal property tax underpayments and overpayments, effective July 1, 2005. Previously, the interest rate was equal to the federal short-term rate plus 3%. Under revised law, the interest rate will be equal to the federal short-term rate without any adjustment.

Form 945S has been revised to include a restatement of the listed values computed at 6.25% as opposed to the 2007 listing percentage of 12.5%. This restatement will allow for a comparison of taxable value at the same listing percentages. Changes greater than \$500,000 will be a result of an actual change in true value and not caused by the decreased listing percentage.

Starting in 2009

Beginning with tax year 2009, any person or entity that is not a public utility or an interexchange telecommunications company and that leases its personal property to a public utility will be considered a "public utility lessor" and will be required to report and pay tax on its property in the same manner as the utility to which it leases its property. This treatment applies to all such leased property that would otherwise be subject to public utility property tax if it were owned and used directly by the utility <code>except</code> 1) property leased to public utility in a sale and leaseback transaction, and 2) property leased to a railroad, water transportation, telephone or telegraph company. See R.C. 5727.01(M) and 5727.06 for more information.

Further updates will follow on reporting requirements and the forms to be used by public utility lessors, as well as how to report tangible personal property leased to a telephone or interexchange telecommunications company for return years 2009 and 2010.

Additionally, R.C. 5727.031 requires a taxpayer that produces electricity for its own (nonutility) business and sells excess electricity to others to be treated as an electric company for property taxation purposes. Those taxpayers are required to report and pay the tax on a percentage of the true value of their eligible equipment based on the amount of electricity generated in the preceding year that was sold to other parties.

Reminders

- Within Ohio's 88 counties there are more than 4,000 possible taxing jurisdiction combinations. They are composed of unique combinations of cities, townships, villages, school districts, safety districts, etc. Each district is identified by a unique number within each county and also at the state level for the inter-county return. As a local source of revenue, the personal property tax rates are also unique for each jurisdiction. To ensure that your personal property is listed in the correct taxing district and your tax liability is computed based upon the correct tax rate, you should 1) contact your local county auditor to verify – by address – the correct taxing district in which your property is located; or 2) refer to last year's personal property preliminary or amended assessment certificate or real estate bills for the correct taxing district name and number.
- A personal property tax return (form 920 or form 945) is no longer required to be filed if the listed value before exemption is \$10,000 or less.
- For those using a software package to create your personal property tax return, remember to incorporate into your existing data any amended assessments showing taxing district changes made subsequent to filing your original 2007 personal property tax return. For an inter-county return, make sure the recapitulation page is printed and submitted in landscape view. Recapitulation pages printed and submitted in portrait view are unacceptable and will be returned to the taxpayer for correction and resubmission.
- Taxpayers having tangible personal property used in business and located in only one Ohio county must file form 920 with the appropriate county auditor. Taxpayers having personal property used in business and located in more than one Ohio county must file form 945 with the tax commissioner. An inter-county tax return filed with the tax commissioner reporting personal property values in only one county will be forwarded to the appropriate county auditor for assessment. The taxpayer will be notified immediately of this action since at least one-half of the total tax due will need to be submitted to that county within 10 days of the county's receipt of the reported values to avoid a late-filing penalty.
- By Ohio law, all assessments and bills must be sent to the taxpayer. In every case, the taxpayer's mailing address of record must be recorded on the face of the inter-county return.

- The Ohio Revised Code does not authorize the use of "divisions" as a reporting mechanism when filing a consolidated personal property tax return - the entity owning the property must list that property. The department allows the use of the "division" designation as a courtesy to our taxpayers. Any use of "divisions" must be properly identified according to the legal entity actually owning the property. The parent or subsidiary company must first be identified at the top of the recapitulation page with all "divisions" belonging to that parent or individual subsidiary company being listed beneath. Any "division" designation used on the inter-county recapitulation page without properly identifying the actual owner of the listed property (parent or subsidiary) will result in the department's disallowance of that taxpayer using the "division" designation on future returns.
- Commonly used 2008 tax returns and associated forms are available on our Web site at tax.ohio.gov, most in both download-able and fill-in formats.
- Applications for an extension of time to file the inter-county return (form 945) may be made by regular or certified mail (preferred method), authorized delivery services, fax or email. Please note, however, that all extension requests must be received by the tax commissioner on or before April 30 to be considered. Mechanical and electronic failures do occur, so if you choose to submit your request by fax or e-mail, you assume the risk that it has been received by our office. Likewise, applications sent by regular mail will be considered timely only if they are received by our office on or before April 30. The U.S. postmark date will not be accepted as the date of receipt. However, as with the tax return itself, if the extension application is sent by certified mail or authorized delivery service, the date of mailing will be accepted as the date received by the tax commissioner. Confirmation of receipt of your request cannot be made; the only confirmation sent will be of the granted extension. Please allow up to six weeks to receive your granted extension confirmation.
- The 2008 Tax Rate Booklet and Guidelines Book will not be available as printed publications. However, both publications will be available on our Web site by March 2008. Again, the Tax Rate Booklet will contain both the county version and the corresponding state taxing district numbers that are required to be used when filing the inter-county tax return.

Definitions and General Instructions

Taxpayer – A personal property taxpayer includes every person or business entity owning or having a beneficial interest in taxable personal property that is located and used in business in Ohio as of Jan. 1. When a taxpayer first engages in Ohio business after Jan. 1, a new taxpayer return is due within 90 days of commencing business. Contact the department for additional instructions for filing a new taxpayer return.

Inter-County Return of Taxable Business Property – Form 945. Use of this tax return is restricted to businesses having taxable personal property in more than one county and is filed with the Ohio Department of Taxation.

County Return of Taxable Business Property – Form 920. This form is to be used by businesses with taxable personal property in only one county. This form is filed in duplicate with the auditor of the county in which business is being conducted.

Ohio Balance Sheet – Form 921. This form must be completed and filed with the tax return. When a consolidated tax return is filed, a consolidating balance sheet covering all corporations and in the format of form 921 must be included. Column headings must reflect each corporation's assets located in and out of Ohio, and both intercompany eliminations and consolidated totals in and out of Ohio.

Filing Dates – The taxable business property return and balance sheet, plus any additional computations and exhibits, must be filed with the appropriate authority between Feb. 15 and April 30. Application for inter-county and single county time extensions for filing are made to the Ohio Department of Taxation and county auditor, respectively, before April 30. If approved, the extension will be granted until June 15. If the last date of the filing period (April 30th or as extended) occurs on a nonbusiness day, the next succeeding business day becomes the last date of the filing period. Ohio law provides a maximum penalty of 50% for failure to file a timely return or failure to list or disclose taxable property. Any extension that has been issued should be attached to the inside cover of the tax return at the time of filing.

To be considered timely filed, a tax return must be received by the assessor on or before the due date. The mailing of a return, except by certified mail, does not constitute filing. To ensure timely delivery to and receipt by the assessor, certified mail, personal delivery or an approved delivery service should be used, or the return may be filed in person with the assessor.

Classification of Property – Personal property is defined as every tangible thing that is the subject of ownership, excepting real property. Real property is defined as land, growing crops, and unless specified as primarily devoted to the business rather than the land itself, all buildings, structures, improvements and fixtures on the land. Contractors' (construction in progress) building components, machinery and equipment, materials, etc., that will become real property upon completion, are to be considered personal property until they

are incorporated into the real estate. Personal property owned by a contractor is not considered construction-in-progress during construction.

Listing Date – All tangible personal property used in business must be listed and assessed unless specifically exempt. The tax listing date for all personal property used in business is the close of business on Dec. 31. However, a taxpayer using a fiscal year-end for federal income tax purposes must employ the last preceding fiscal year end for listing personal property used in business. If such taxpayer has not been engaged in business in Ohio a full 12 months preceding the fiscal year-end, they must employ Dec. 31 (Ohio Adm. Code 5703-04).

True Value - The Ohio Revised Code (R.C. 5711.18) specifies that the true value of tangible personal property is its depreciated book value, unless the assessor finds otherwise. The tax commissioner has prescribed valuation methods for both depreciable assets and inventory. The taxpayer may report his property at a value other than that which is determined by the prescribed valuation methods, but any deviation from these prescribed valuation methods must be substantiated by the taxpayer with probative evidence. Any value that is below the net book value of the property must also be reported on form 902, filed with the tax return. Other valuation methods, such as accelerated depreciation or last-in-first-out (LIFO) inventory valuations, are subject to review by the tax commissioner. The rejection of the valuation method used by the taxpayer when reporting his property may result in additional taxes and interest owed by the taxpayer.

Inventories – Ohio law (R.C. 5711.15 and 5711.16) requires inventories of manufacturers and merchants to be listed on the average monthly basis. The average value shall be determined by dividing the aggregate of the month-end inventories by the number of months engaged in business in Ohio (Ohio Adm. Code 5703-3-16). Expanding to new locations or movement to another taxing district during a year will result in partial year's inventory in multiple districts. Example: A merchant moving from taxing district "A" to taxing district "B" at midyear would report value in each taxing district by totalling the inventory in each district separately and dividing by 12 (the number of months in business in Ohio). If the books do not provide those monthly values, the gross profits method may be used, provided purchases and sales are accrued properly.

A manufacturer is defined as a person who purchases, receives or holds personal property for the purpose of adding to its value by manufacturing, refining, rectifying or combining different materials with a view of making a gain or profit (R.C. 5711.16). A merchant is defined as a person who owns or has possession or subject to his control personal property that is held for sale with a view of making a gain or profit (R.C. 5711.15). Supply inventories of a merchant and inventories of taxpayers other than manufacturers and merchants must be listed as of end of business year. Such inventories include those of mines,

quarries, laundries, dry cleaners, contractors, repair shops, garages, etc. The listing percentage is 6.25% for the year 2008.

Depreciable Assets – Depreciable assets should be listed in the appropriate schedule by taxing district at true value, which may be greater or less than book value, as of the taxpayer's listing date. The tax commissioner has prescribed composite annual allowances and the method of application, by type of business activities, to be used in lieu of book depreciation for computing the true value of depreciable assets. For further instructions refer to page 23. In those instances where true value is less than book value, form 902 must be filed with the tax return.

Leased Property – Must be listed by the owner, regardless of the terms of the lease agreement concerning tax liability. If the lessee is obligated to purchase the property, they are deemed to be the owner; otherwise, the lessor is deemed to be the owner (Ohio Adm. Code 5703-3-14). If you lease property to a public utility, contact the Ohio Department of Taxation, Public Utilities Division, for instructions for listing and valuing that property.

Listed Value – Listed value is true value times the applicable listing percentage. For tax year 2008, the listing percentage for both fixed assets and inventories is 6.25%. If you have property used for generating and distributing electricity to others, contact the Public Utilities Division for instructions for listing that property. All listed values are to be rounded to the nearest \$10 and carried forward to the recapitulation (pages 19-20).

\$10,000 Exemption – The first \$10,000 of listed value of taxable personal property owned by a taxpayer is exempt from taxation to the owner. The exemption is applied in the taxing district with the highest listed value. If that is less than \$10,000, the remaining amount is applied in the taxing district with the next highest value until either the \$10,000 exemption is exhausted or a net taxable value of zero is reached. This exemption is not transferable to another taxpayer and cannot be carried forward or back to any other year. If the list value is \$10,000 or less, a return is not required to be filed.

Exempt Property – Depreciable assets classified as personal property and excluded or exempted from taxation include: motor vehicles registered and licensed in the name of the owners; aircraft registered and licensed in the name of the owner; property for which an exempt facility certificate has been applied for or certified exempt; patterns, jigs, dies and drawings when held for use and not for sale or lease in the

ordinary course of business; construction in progress while under construction or installation and not capable of operation; harvested crops belonging to the producer thereof, depreciable assets, and domestic animals used in agriculture and leased personal property used exclusively for agricultural purposes; merchandising inventory owned by a merchant consisting of machinery and equipment and accessories therefore, which are new or used, and designed or built for agriculture use (Ohio Adm. Code 5703-3-30); manufacturing equipment purchased and placed in service after Jan. 1, 2005 and not previously used in business in Ohio, all personal property located in an urban jobs and enterprise zone that is exempt by agreement, inventory or display items located in a foreign trade zone; and personal property located on lands ceded to the federal government. Form 913EX must be filed with this return by taxpayers who have personal property in an enterprise zone or hazardous substance reclamation area. Do not include exempt or nontaxable tangible personal property values in the taxable values carried forward to the recapitulation pages.

Taxing Districts - Tangible personal property is required to be listed in the taxing district where it is physically located on the listing date. It is important that the correct and complete name and number of each taxing district be shown to ensure correct billing. Taxing district names normally consist of the name of a township, city or village, and a school district. If the exact name is unknown, refer to the assessment certificates from the previous year, your real estate tax bills or contact the auditor of the county in which the property is located (see telephone numbers on page 40). In most cases, inter-county taxing district numbers differ from those used by individual counties for form 920. All inter-county taxing district numbers are four digits and are all numerical. The four-digit taxing district number can be obtained from your last year's inter-county assessment certificates (form 947B), the Rates of Taxation book, which is published annually by this department and is available on the Internet at tax.ohio.gov, or by calling the local county auditor, being sure to notify them that you are filing an inter-county return.

Note: Do not use the taxing district numbering system established by the individual counties. Use of county taxing district numbers will lead to processing delays and could result in the rejection of the return as unacceptable.

Payment of Taxes – Do not send payment with this return. Taxes are due and payable upon receipt of the tax bills from the county treasurer. A late payment penalty and interest may be charged on taxes not timely paid.

Instructions for Preparing Form 945

These instructions have been designed to assist the taxpayer in preparing the Inter-County Return of Taxable Business Property (form 945). While these instructions set forth the general requirements, they are not intended as a substitute for the law itself.

Important - The Department of Taxation will not accept tax returns that are:

- 1. Filed on incorrect forms.
- 2. Incomplete or illegible, or
- 3. That display information in a manner other than that prescribed.

Tax returns that are rejected will receive a late-filing penalty if not corrected and resubmitted by the filing deadline. To avoid this situation, read and carefully follow the instructions.

Return Cover - Enter all information requested on the face of the tax return. All correspondence, assessment certificates and tax bills will be mailed to the taxpayer.

Page 7 – Form 993A, Application for an Extension of Time to File Form 945 - This form should be used in requesting an extension of time to file the Inter-County Return of Taxable Business Property from the tax commissioner. An extension of time to June 15 can be granted. A copy of this form is included in this booklet. This form must be received by the tax commissioner on or before April 30 for the extension request to be considered.

Page 9 - Consolidated Returns, Taxpayer Identification - A corporation that owns or controls at least 51% of the common stock of one or more corporations may file a consolidated tax return. Notice of intent to file a consolidated return

must be made with the tax commissioner on or before April 30, or within the filing time as extended.

Once authorized to file a consolidated return, the parent corporation must continue to do so each year until it notifies the tax commissioner, in writing by April 30, that it no longer intends to file on a consolidated basis. The consolidated return must include all subsidiary corporations except financial institutions, dealers in intangibles, public utilities, insurance companies and those corporations that do not employ the same listing date as the parent.

Property within a consolidated return must be separately listed in each owner's name. See the sample recapitulation page located on page 18.

Page 10 - Ohio Business Locations - Provide a brief description of the business activities conducted within each taxing district. If a corporate consolidated return is being filed, provide this information separately by owner.

Schedules 2, 3, 3A, 4 and 5

Tangible personal property reflected in the schedules must be separately identified by county and taxing district therein. The

counties are to be listed numerically. Refer to the county designation numbers located on the back cover. The taxing districts are to be listed alphabetically by exact name. Property reflected in a consolidated tax return must, in addition to the above, be identified as to the owning corporation.

Page 11 - Schedule 2 - Machinery and Equipment - Enter all engines, machinery, equipment, implements, small tools, machinery repair parts and other tangible personal property used in manufacturing or mining first used in business in Ohio before Jan. 1, 2005 at their true value and listed value.

Note: Listing of property in this schedule does not qualify it for the state investment tax credit. To qualify the property must be used in the business of manufacturing or refining as defined in Ohio Revised Code (R.C.) 5711.16 and 5711.17.

Page 12 - Schedule 3 - Manufacturing Inventory - Enter the monthly values of all inventories used in manufacturing by taxing district. The value must include manufacturing supplies, cost of raw material, goods-in-process and finished goods. Goods-in-process and finished goods must include all factory burden and overhead costs attributable to the manufacturing facilities and process. Such costs include, but shall not be limited to, indirect labor, insurance, utilities, taxes, transportation, rents and leases, repairs and maintenance, depreciation and amortization (Ohio Adm. Code 5703-3-27). Inventory values maintained on the direct cost or last-in-first-out basis must be restated. Consigned manufacturing inventory must be listed by the owner.

Page 13 - Schedule 3A - Merchandising Inventory - Enter by taxing district the monthly values of all inventory acguired and held for sale and any finished goods inventory of a manufacturer not held in the county of manufacture.

The value of merchandising inventory must include the costs to acquire the inventory, taxes and freights. Inventories carried at retail value must be restated at cost (Ohio Adm. Code 5703-3-17).

Consigned merchandising inventory must be listed by the ownerconsignor; except that inventory consigned to an Ohio merchant by a nonresident owner must be listed by the merchantconsignee if the owner-consignor is not required to file an Ohio return (Ohio Adm. Code 5703-3-09).

Page 14 - Schedule 4 - Furniture and Fixtures - Enter all furniture, machinery, equipment and supplies used in laundries, towel and linen supply and dry-cleaning plants, stone and gravel plants, and radio and television broadcasting, other business not constituting manufacturing or mining, all inventories of other than manufacturers or merchants and all domestic animals not used in agriculture. Inventories of repair and maintenance parts, as well as equipment held as spare parts, are valued at 100% of the cost of the amount on hand at year end, reported in Schedule 4, and listed at 6.25%. The supply items of a manufacturer, the costs of which are not absorbed

in the cost of the final product, and supply items of all other taxpayers are to be valued at the cost of the amount on hand at year-end, reported in Schedule 4, and listed at 6.25%. Such inventories include those of mines, quarries, laundries, dry cleaners, contractors, repair shops, garages, etc. This also includes office supplies and supplies used in the normal business activities.

Page 15 – Schedule 5 – All manufacturing equipment not previously used in business in Ohio by the owner, a related member or a predecessor owner of the equipment before Jan. 1, 2005 is eligible for full exemption. List all such manufacturing equipment first used during the calendar or fiscal year ending 2007 at 0% of its true value.

Page 17 – Instructions for Preparation and Completion of Recapitulation Page

Page 18 – Sample of a Completed Recapitulation Page – Consolidated Return

Pages 19, 20 - Recapitulation of Listed Values - Carry the information from the various schedules forward to the recapitulation pages and enter it under the appropriate column headings. All personal property owned by one taxpayer and located in the same taxing district must be combined and listed on a single line in the recapitulation schedule. Arrange the counties numerically and taxing district names alphabetically therein. In a consolidated tax return the property must be assessed in the name of the owning corporation. To identify the property by its owner, enter the name of the corporation first, followed by a numerical listing of the counties, an alphabetical listing of taxing district names with the corresponding four-digit inter-county taxing district number in which that corporation owns property, and the corresponding listed values. Repeat this step for each corporation in the consolidation.

All renditions must have this department's approval before filing. Any rendition not having the exact format and spacing as the recapitulation pages in form 945 will not be accepted.

The amount of the \$10,000 exemption claimed must be entered in column 9 of the recapitulation pages. Only one \$10,000 exemption is allowed per taxpayer. The deduction is made from the taxing district with the largest listed value. Do not deduct the exemption from the Listed Value totals column. The deduction will be computed by the department at the time of assessment. (See general information on \$10,000 exemption.)

The columns on each page must be totalled horizontally and vertically, and grand totals of all columns from all pages must be shown at the end. A sample recapitulation page is shown on page 18.

Page 21, 22 - Form 921 - Ohio Balance Sheet

Page 23, 24, 25 – Form 937, True Value Computation – To be used by taxpayers valuing tangible personal property based on prescribed composite annual allowance. See page 23.

Supplemental Forms

The following forms must accompany the tax return if applicable.

Page 27 – Form 902, Claim for Deduction from Book Value – To be used by taxpayers claiming values less than book value. This form must accompany the tax return at the time of filing. This deduction must be reflected in the "true value" as represented on the return schedules and recapitulation of listed values.

Pages 29, 30, 31, 33 – Form 913EX, Return of Exempt Personal Property Located in an Enterprise Zone or Hazardous Substance Reclamation Area – To be used by a taxpayer who is claiming an exemption for personal property located in an enterprise zone as defined in R.C. 5709.61, et seq., and 5709.88.

Page 35 – Form 945S, County Supplemental Return – This form must be filed directly with the auditor of each county in which the total listed value in any taxing district increased or decreased by \$500,000 or more from that reported in the previous year. Failure to file this form may result in a penalty as provided for in R.C. 5703.99.

Page 39 – Declaration – Signature – When the taxpayer is a corporation, partnership or proprietorship, the declaration must be signed by a corporate officer, partner or proprietor respectively. Provide identification of the individual to be contacted at the taxpayer's address in Section 1.

Publications – Additional filing and valuation information can be found in the following publications.

Rates of Taxation – This annual publication contains a current year's listing of taxing district names, numbers and the tax rates for each Ohio county.

True Value of Tangible Personal Property – The tax commissioner has prescribed composite annual allowances for use in determining true value of tangible personal property used in business. This publication lists by North American Industry Classification the prescribed Class Life for your business activity.

Guidelines for Filing Ohio Personal Property Tax Returns – This book contains completed examples of the inter-county form 945, single-county form 920, balance sheet form 921 and various other supplemental forms and instructions (current edition 2008). These publications can only be obtained from the Department of Taxation's Web site at tax.ohio.gov.





Application for an Extension to File Form 945 Inter-County Return of Taxable Business Property

E-mailed requests must be attached as .pdf or .doc files to be acceptable.

Return Year

Instructions

The inter-county form 945 must be filed by April 30th of each year. An extension until June 15th may be requested from the tax commissioner and received no later than April 30th.

Proper identification of each taxpayer must be provided for a valid extension to be issued. This would include an Ohio personal property tax account number, FEIN number and/ or exact legal name for each taxpayer. The extension is valid only for the name appearing on the extension confirmation, so proper identification is critical. We do not issue "blanket" extensions.

Do not use this form to request an extension to file a single-county form 920 or a new taxpayer return form 920NT. Extensions for form 920 and form 920NT must be requested from the auditor in which county the return will be filed. Federal extensions are not acceptable. Any extension granted by a county auditor must accompany form 945 at the time of filing to be recognized. Otherwise, a late-filing penalty will be applied.

Applications for an extension of time to file the inter-county return (form 945) may be made by regular or certified mail (preferred method), fax or e-mail. Please note, however, that all extension requests **must be received** by the tax commissioner on or before April 30 to be considered. Mechanical and electronic failures do occur, so **if you choose to submit your request by fax do not assume it has been received by our office.** Requests sent via e-mail must be attached in .pdf (Adobe) or .doc (Word) format to be acceptable. A systemgenerated response will be sent to the party submitting the

request for extension to let them know the e-mail has been received in the extension mailbox. That response is only a confirmation that the e-mail has been received, not that an extension has been granted. A copy of that response should be printed for your records. If you do not receive an e-mail response you must assume the request for extension was not received. Applications sent by regular mail will be considered timely only if they are **received** by our office on or before April 30. The U.S. postmark date will not be accepted as the date of receipt. However, as with the tax return itself, if the extension application is sent by certified mail or authorized delivery service, the date of mailing will be accepted as the date received by the tax commissioner. Confirmation of receipt of your request will not be made; the only confirmation sent will be of the granted extension. Please allow at least two weeks to receive your printed extension confirmation.

Ohio Department of Taxation Personal Property Tax Division P.O. Box 530 Columbus Ohio, 43216-0530

Address for delivery service:

30 E. Broad Street, 21st Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215

Fax: 614-466-8654

E-mail: extensions@tax.state.oh.us

Download blank personal property tax forms at tax.ohio.gov.

Taxpayer Identification for Consolidated Returns

The information requested on this page must be supplied so that credit for filing may be given to all corporations included in this return. In listing subsidiary corporations, list only those that hold an Ohio charter or license, or those that have Ohio sitused tangible personal property. **A consolidating balance sheet showing intercompany eliminations is required.**

Name							
Address							
Ohio charter#		N	IAICS industry code	:#			
Subsidiary Corporations	All subsider	All subsidiary corporations must also be listed on the recapitulation pages as per example on page 18.					
Name	Ohio Charter Number	Federal Employer Number	NAICS Industry Code Number	Do Not Use This Column			

Ohio Business Locations

List the exact county business holds prope turn, list separately by		Sufficient description of business operations in each county and taxing district is necessary for classification and use of proper tangible property schedule, especially when manufacturing classification is claimed.
County	Taxing District Number and Name	Description of business, name and address under which business was conducted in each location
		Description
		Address
		Description
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		Address
		10

Sch sepa deta	edule 2 arately ii iis of the	Schedule 2 – Machinery and Equipment – List at 6.25% machinery first used in business in Ohio before Jan. 1, 2005 that is used in manufacturing or mining. List property separately in each taxing district. Use the county number and correct number and name of taxing district. If the value of equipment is based on other than book value, attach details of the computation. Round listed values to the nearest \$10 and carry forward to the recapitulation, column (4).	rst used in business in Ohio before Jan. 1, 2005 that is u umber and name of taxing district. If the value of equipme d carry forward to the recapitulation, column (4).	used in manutacturing of tent is based on other t	or mining. List property han book value, attach
ວັ	County No.	Taxing District Number and Name	Description of Property	True Value	Listed Values List @ 6.25%
Note: ing or	Listing refining	Note: Listing of tangible personal property in Schedule 2 does not qualify it for the investment tax credit. To qualify, the property must be used in the business of manufacturing or refining, as defined in Ohio Revised Code section 5711.16 and 5711.17.	y it for the investment tax credit. To qualify, the property 711.17.	must be used in the br	usiness of manufactur-

- 11 -

Schedule 3 - Inventories

Schedule 3 – Manufacturing Inventories – List at 6.25% of average value all inventories of raw materials, works in process and finished goods used in manufacturing or refining. Finished goods removed from the county of manufacture and inventory held for sale by a merchant must be listed in Schedule 3A. List property separately by the county and taxing district. Use the county number and correct name and number of the taxing district. **Round listed values to the nearest \$10 and carry forward to the recapitulation, column (5).**

Ohio law requires monthly inventories to be listed.

Source of Values Listed	Method of	Valuing Inventori	es Listed	
Perpetual inventoryPhysical inventory	FIFO costStandard cost	LIFO cost		
Gross profits method	Book Adjustments	Date	Amount	DR/CR
Dates physicals taken	Book to physical			
	LIFO reserve			
Net sales \$	Other reserves			

County No.		
Taxing District Number & Name		
January		
February		
March		
April		
May		
June		
July		
August		
September		
October		
November		
December		
Total Values		
Average Value		
List @ 6.25%		

County No.		
Taxing District Number & Name		
January		
February		
March		
April		
May		
June		
July		
August		
September		
October		
November		
December		
Total Values		
Average Value		
List @ 6.25%		

Schedule 3A – Merchandising Inventories – List at 6.25% of average value all inventories held for resale and finished goods removed from the county of manufacture. Inventories carried at retail value must be restated at cost. List property separately by the county and taxing district. Use the county number and correct name and number of the taxing district. **Round listed values to the nearest \$10 and carry forward to the recapitulation, column (6).**

Ohio law requires monthly inventories to be listed.

Source of Values Listed	Method of	Valuing Inventori	es Listed	
Perpetual inventory — — — Physical inventory — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	FIFO costStandard cost	LIFO cost.		
Gross profits method	Book Adjustments	Date	Amount	DR/CR
Dates physicals taken	Book to physical			
	LIFO reserve			
Net sales \$	Other reserves			

County No.		
Taxing District Number & Name		
January		
February		
March		
April		
May		
June		
July		
August		
September		
October		
November		
December		
Total Values		
Average Value		
List @ 6.25%		

County No.		
Taxing District Number & Name		
January		
February		
March		
April		
May		
June		
July		
August		
September		
October		
November		
December		
Total Values		
Average Value		
List @ 6.25%		

instructions. List property separately in each taxing district. Use the county number and correct name and number of taxing district. If the value is based on other than book value, attach details of the computation. Round listed values to the nearest \$10 and carry forward to the recapitulation, column (7). semall tools and repair parts used in laundries, dry cleaning, towel and linen supply, stone and gravel plants, radio and television broadcasting, and any other business not constituting manufacturing, inventories of other than a manufacturer or merchant and all domestic animals not used in agriculture. List property used by public utility companies, and other property used in generating and distributing electricity to others at the listing percentage for that type of property. Contact the Property Tax Division for **Faxing District** Schedule 4 – Furniture, Fixtures, Machinery, and Equipment and Supplies Not Used in Manufacturing – List at 6.25% furniture, fixtures, machinery and equipment, supplies, **Listed Values** Total **Listed Values** (Nearest \$10) 6.25% 6.25 List 6.25 6.25 6.25 6.25 6.25 6.25 6.25 6.25 **True Value Description of Property Taxing District Number and Name** County Š

							 neu	 <i>)</i> – 1	I C VV	 	 	 	9	-4-		IICIII
ess in Ohio during the manufacturing facility.	Cost (Carry, by taxing district, to Column 10 of Recapitulation page)															
acturing equipment first used in busin turer, manufacturing equipment and I	Placed in Business in Ohio in 2007															
Schedule 5 – New Investment Manufacturing Equipment. List by county and taxing district the cost of all manufacturing equipment first used in business in Ohio during the calendar or fiscal year ending in 2007. See Ohio Revised Code 5711.16 for a complete definition of a manufacturer, manufacturing equipment and manufacturing facility. Carry the cost forward to the recapitulation, column (10).	Description and Function of Property														(net of disposals)	
	Taxing District Number and Name													Total qualifying costs 2008 return	Qualifying cost previoiusly reported on 2006 and 2007 returns (n	Total (carry total cost to line 8c of form 921)
dule 5	nty .													qualifyiı	ying cc	(carry to
Sche calen Carry	County No.													Total	Qualii	Total

Instructions for Preparation and Completion of Recapitulation Page

Below are the **instructions that** *must* be followed in the preparation of the recapitulation pages. Returns submitted in a manner not conforming to these instructions will be considered not acceptably filed, could be rejected and will be returned to the taxpayer for correction of the omissions or errors. A late-filing penalty can be applied if an acceptable return is not received by April 30, 2008 (June 16, 2008 if extended).

- 1. **Number each line.** Do not use a line number greater than 99; instead, start over with number 1. Also, number each page if more than one is used.
- 2. Do not reduce or compress printing; **use full-size print**, preferably a 12-point font. If handwritten, numbers must be legible.
- 3. **Triple-space lines.** Include horizontal lines between each taxing district.
- 4. In columns (1) and (2), use the two-digit county designation (see back cover) and the proper four-digit inter-county taxing district number. Use last year's assessment certificate, the online tax rate book or contact each county for the inter-county taxing district number. Do not use the counties' two- or three-digit taxing district number with additional digits.

- 5. **Use commas in number values** (nnn,nnn,nnn). Use whole dollars only, *do not* show cents. **Do not use dollar signs.**
- 6. In columns (4) through (7), round values to the nearest \$10.
- 7. Combine values in common taxing districts <u>unless</u> owned by separate legal entities and reported in a consolidated return. **Do not** show different store locations within the same taxing district as separate line items.
- 8. **Provide a grand total** of value in column (8). Also provide a line total for each taxing district in column (8).
- 9. In column (10), enter the cost by taxing district of all manufacturing equipment first used in Ohio during the calendar or fiscal year ending 2007.
- 10. Do not shade any data area other than column (10).
- 11. Omit or draw a line through taxing districts containing *no* taxable values. Start at the line number and continue the line through all columns.
- 12. If you are reprinting the recapitulation page from a prepackaged program it must be reprinted and submitted in landscape format (lengthwise on the paper).

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Sample Recapitulation

Our Kids, Inc., and Subsidiaries

NOTE: The recapitulation pages must be properly completed for the return to be accepted.

(10)	From Schedule 5 (Nearest \$10)			1,000,000	000'009			36,000											
(6)	\$10,000 Exempt			10,000				10,000		6,360	640			7,990	2,010		10,000		
(8) Taxing	District Listed Value Totals		456,110	2,730,320	1,841,510		100,900	997,410		6,360	6,250	088		7,990	6,380		11,300		
(2)	From Schedule 4 (Nearest \$10)		24,390	67,440	42,780		8,740	54,990			6,250	370		7,990	250		10,870		
(6) From	S (Ne		102,680	54,690			92,160			9,360		510		Page	ges. 6,130	of	430		
(5)	From Schedule 3 (Nearest \$10)		329,040	151,870	74,060			62,050					ted Recapitulation	district per ling	e listed separately.	prior approval.			
(4)	From Schedule 2 (Nearest \$10)			2,456,320	1,724,670			880,370				атрів от с	Taxing district name muss	5. Subsidiary and and control and and subsidiary and all control and	naries must also to viation must also to	lent have prior approval.			
(3)	Taxing District (By Exact Name)	Parent-Our Kid's, Inc.	Dinsmore Twp. – Botkins Corp. – Botkins LSD	Akron City – Akron CSD	Akron City – Springfield LSD	Sub-Vann & Cabot's Toy Store, Inc.	Jefferson Twp. – Licking Hts. LSD	Madison Twp. – Canal Winchester LSD	Sub-Randi, Rhon, Rian & Casey's Candy Shoppe, LLC	Cincinnati Corp. – Madeira CSD	Madeira Corp. – Cincinnati CSD	Union Twp. – Hebron Village Lakewood LSD	$\begin{vmatrix} -1 & -7a \\ -1 & -7a \end{vmatrix}$ Sub – Mark's Music Store Inc. $\begin{vmatrix} -1 & -7a \\ 2 & -6nt \end{vmatrix}$	Dinsmore Twp. – Botkins Corp. – $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & Sh_0 \\ 4 & Each \end{pmatrix}$ Botkins LSD	Bryan City – Bryan City CSD 6. Any de	Sub – Jeff, Kev & Ryan Management Services, Inc.	City of Columbus		
(2) State	. 02		0600	0530	0545		0430	0460		1120	0550	0740		0600	0500		0010		
(1)	County No.		75	1	11		25	25		31	31	45		75	%		25		
	ч	~	7	က	4	2	9	7	∞	6	10	7	12	13	4	15	16	17	

1,636,000

6,168,410

617,020

Recapitulation

Taxpayer name

ď

2	TE: Th	ne recapitula	NOTE: The recapitulation pages must be properly completed for the return to be accepted.	erly comple	ted for the re	turn to be ac	cepted.	•			
	(£)	(2) State	(3)		(4)	(2)	(6) From	(2)	(8) Taxing	(6)	(10)
- z ш <u>§</u>	County No.	Taxing District	Taxing District (Bv Exact Name)		From Schedule 2 (Nearest \$10)	From Schedule 3 (Nearest \$10)	<u> </u>	From Schedule 4 (Nearest \$10)	District Listed Value Totals	\$10,000 Exempt	From Schedule 5 (Nearest \$10)
_											
7											
ო											
4											
2											
9											
10											
8											
6											
10											
7											
12											
13											
4											
15											
16											
17											apitui
				Totals							

Recapitulation

Tax	payer E: The	Taxpayer name	Taxpayer name	erly comple	ted for the re	eturn to be ac	cepted.		Ра	Page	of
	(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)	(6) From	(7)	(8) Taying	(6)	(10)
- z ш ģ	County No.		Taxing District (By Exact Name)		From Schedule 2 (Nearest \$10)	From Schedule 3 (Nearest \$10)	From Schedule Schedule 3 3A (Nearest \$10)	From Schedule 4 (Nearest \$10)	District Listed Value Totals	\$10,000 Exempt	From Schedule 5 (Nearest \$10)
-											
2											
က											
4											
2											
9											
2											
8											
6											
10											
7											
12											
13											
41											
15											
16											
17											
				Totals							





Ohio Balance Sheet

Rev. 11/07

(Required to be filed with tax forms 920 and 945)

Nar	me FEIN/Soc	cial Security number	
	Balance sheet as of	2007	
	Assets	Within Ohio Net Book Values	Total Net Book Values
1.	Cash and deposits		
2.	Notes and accounts receivable		
	Inventories		
	A) Manufacturing		
	B) Merchandising		
	C) Supplies – manufacturing		
	D) Supplies – other		
	E) Consigned		
	F) Agricultural machinery and equipment (merchandise)		
	G) Exempted inventory (including foreign trade zone)		
	H) Other inventory		
4.	Investments		
5.	Land		
_	Puildings Ohio Cost	┥	
6.	<u> </u>	-	
	A) Taxed as real estate		
_	B) Taxed as personal property		
7.	Leasehold improvements		
	A) Taxed as real estate		
0	B) Taxed as personal property		
٥.	Machinery and equipment A) Taxed as real estate		
	B) Taxed as personal property		
	C) Exempt manufacturing equipment H.B. 66		
a	Furniture and fixtures		
10	Personal property leased to others		
	A) Taxable		
	B) Nontaxable		
11.	Capitalized leases		
	Exempt personal property located in an		
	enterprise zone (attach form 913EX) or a		
	hazardous substance reclamation area		
13.	Certified exempt facilities		
14.	Patterns, jigs, dies and drawings		
15.	Construction in progress		
	A) Real property		
	B) Personal property capable of use		
4.0	C) Personal property not capable of use	+	
	Small tools		
17.	Vehicles and aircraft		
	A) Registered or licensed		
12	Other assets		
	Total assets		
	Liabilities and Net W	orth	
20.	Notes, accounts payable, bonds and mortgages		
	Accrued expenses		
22.	Other liabilities, deferred credits		
	Preferred stock		
	Common stock		
	Additional paid-in capital		
	Retained earnings		
	Appropriated earnings		
28.	Owner's capital		
	Other		
3 0.	Total liabilities and net worth		

2008 Exhibits for Balance Sheet Reconciliation and Leased Property/Consigned Inventory

Exhibit A - Reconciliation of Balance Sheet Line Numbers 3, 8B, 9, 10, 13, 15B and 16

B/S Line No.	Book Value	Value Returned	Difference	Reconcile Differences

Exhibit B

Please provide a brief description of leasehold improvements and machinery and equipment taxed as real (lines 7A and 8A).

B/S Line No.	Itemization	Amount

Exhibit C - Leased Property

List all tangible personal property held under lease on tax listing day.

Name and Address of Property Owner	Lease: Start Date	Lease: Ending Date	Type of Property	Gross Annual Rental

Exhibit D - Inventory Held Under Bailment, Consignment, Contract Agreement

List all inventories held on consignment or as bailment, or under contract, and in your possession during the reporting period and not listed in this return.

Name and Address of Inventory Owner	Inventory Type (Mfg or Mer)	Inventory Location Address	Estimated Average Value

Form 937, True Value Computation, provides for assembling the data necessary to determine the aggregate true value of tangible personal property. A separate computation is necessary for each taxing district involved and, within a given taxing district, for each business activity assigned a different class.

Costs of taxable property at the end of the previous year are to be shown by year of acquisition (column 1, column 2). Additions, disposals and transfers occurring during the year are to be entered at cost, opposite the year in which they were acquired (column 3, column 4). The resulting costs remaining at year-end are then listed (column 5); their total must equal the beginning-of-year total plus additions and transfers in, less disposals and transfers out. The valuation percentages for the specified class are then copied into place (column 6). Each year-end cost is then multiplied by the corresponding valuation percentage (column 7). The column total is the true value and should be carried to the appropriate schedule (Schedule 2 or 4) in the tax return.

Column (5) totals must reconcile with ledger accounts, except that property written off the records but still physically on hand must be included in the computation; property disposed of but not written off the records should be deducted; and any costs that are to be included as full costs may not have been capitalized on the ledger account. These exceptions should

be separately identified in the computation. Cost for nontaxable property such as registered motor vehicles, licensed aircraft, property taxed as real estate, or certified pollution control facilities should not be included.

Full costs must be shown. Cost must include inbound freight, millwrighting, overhead, investment credits, assembly and installation labor, material and expenses, and sales and use taxes. Premium pay and payroll taxes are includible in labor costs. Costs may not be reduced by trade-in allowances. Cost of major overhauls are to be treated as capitalized and listed as acquisitions in the year in which they occur. Form 937 or a facsimile is required to be filed with the tax return.

Listed below are the valuation percentages for the six class lives and stand-alone computers. For assets used in manufacturing, listed in schedule 2, Class V is the most common class. Assets used in retail trade, nonmanufacturing activities and general office equipment listed in schedule 4, are most often valued using Class III. To determine the prescribed class life for your business activity(s), consult the department's publication "True Value of Tangible Personal Property." The smallest percentage in each class determines the minimum acceptable value so long as the property is held for use in business.

Age	1	l-Alone puters	Class I	Cla	ss II	Class III	Class IV	Class V	Class VI
1	7	5.0	90.0	92	2.0	93.2	93.9	94.3	94.4
2	6	0.0	63.3	76	3.3	82.8	86.3	88.1	88.9
3	4	5.0	44.0	60).6	72.4	78.7	81.8	83.3
4	3	0.0	32.0	46	6.1	62.0	71.1	75.6	77.8
5	1	5.0	20.0	37	'.9	51.5	63.5	69.3	72.2
6	1	5.0	20.0	29).8	42.2	55.8	63.1	66.7
7	1	5.0	20.0	21	.6	36.3	48.2	56.9	61.1
8				20	0.0	30.5	40.6	50.6	55.6
9				20	0.0	24.6	35.4	44.4	50.0
10				20	0.0	18.8	31.1	38.2	44.4
11						18.8	26.8	32.8	38.9
12		Compos	ite Group – Li	fe Range	s	18.8	22.5	29.5	33.3
13		Class	At Least	Less Th	an		18.3	26.2	28.9
14		1		6.0 y	rs.		17.4	22.9	26.2
15		II	6.0 yrs.	8.4			17.4	19.6	23.5
16		III	8.4 "	11.6	"		17.4	16.3	20.8
17		IV	11.6 "	14.8	"			16.3	18.1
18		V	14.8 "	17.2	"			16.3	15.4
19		VI	17.2 "						15.4
20		V	→		↓	↓	↓	↓	15.4

Note: Personal property leased to a public utility in Ohio must be valued the same as if owned by the public utility. Please contact the department for the appropriate valuation method.



[[[Furniture a Public Utilit Stand-Alon	e Computers		s F		
	Compa	any	Ta	axing District N	umber an	d Name
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Year	Cost	Additions and	Disposals and	Cost	Per	True Value
Acquired	At End Of 2006	Transfers In 2007	Transfers Out 2007	At End Of 2007	Cent	Amount \$
Totals						
Remarks			24	List @6.	<u>25</u> %	





	Furniture a	ty Property e Computers		s F		
	·	•				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Year	Cost	Additions and	Disposals and	Cost	Per	True Value
Acquired	At End Of 2006	Transfers In 2007	Transfers Out 2007	At End Of 2007	Cent	Amount \$
Totals						
Remarks	1	11	- 25 -	List @ 6.:	<u>25</u> %	

Form 902

Ohio Department of TAXATION

Return	Year

Claim for Deduction from Book Value

ame				Date	
.ddress					
		claim for the assessn of the book value, les		nal property, or portion	s thereof as herein
Taxing District	Tangible Property	Schedule 2	Schedule 3	Schedule 4	Totals
1	Book Value				
	Deduction Claimed				
	Claimed True Value				
2	Book Value				
	Deduction Claimed				
	Claimed True Value				
3	Book Value				
	Deduction Claimed				
	Claimed True Value				
4	Book Value				
	Deduction Claimed				
	Claimed True Value				
5	Book Value				
	Deduction Claimed				
	Claimed True Value				
6	Book Value				
	Deduction Claimed				
	Claimed True Value				
7	Book Value				
	Deduction Claimed				
	Claimed True Value				
8	Book Value				
	Deduction Claimed				
	Claimed True Value				
	Book Value				
Totals	Deduction Claimed				
	Claimed True Value				
sonal property may n writing by the taxpayon in returns required t	tion from the depreciat ot be considered or all er at the time of making o be filed in duplicate must be accompanied	owed unless made in g return. Claims made e should be made in	Taxpayer signatuı	re	
tion in support thereo	of, specifying by taxing	district and schedule,	T:41 -		
	uction claimed and the		Title	Date	



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Rev. 11/07

Return of Exempt Personal Property Located in an Enterprise Zone or Hazardous Substance Reclamation Area

For acco	ounting period	to	_ 2007			
Taxpayer name						
Address of business in zone or are	a					
City		State	ZIP			_
Taxing district name and number_			State	taxing distri	at numb	
Type of	Date Agreement	Percent of	State	Period		
Agreement	Effective	Exemption		Exempt		
— Reclamation area		_	% <u> </u>		Y	ears
Municipal enterprise zone		_	6 <u> </u>		Y	ears
County enterprise zone		_			Y	ears
Time period for acqu	isition of eligible assets from	to				
		 Listed Value Summa mited per the terms of the ag (B) 	reement	(C)		
	Total List Value	Exempt List Value	(D	axable Veduct B for Form 92	om A)	
1. Schedule 2 (nearest \$10)						
2. Schedule 3 (nearest \$10)						
3. Schedule 3A (nearest \$10)						
4. Schedule 4 (nearest \$10)						
5. Total listed value						
6. Schedule 5						
File a separate form 913EX for						
form with form 920 or form 945.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	n C) on to	orm 920 d	r torm	945
//we declare under penalties of pe examined by me/us and to the bes		ing any accompanying sched				beei
Person, other than taxpayer, prepar	ring return Date	Signature of taxpayer		Title	Da	ıte
Address		Printed name				

Schedule 2 – Exempt Machinery and Equipment. List at 6.25% machinery first used in business in Ohio that is used in manufacturing or mining. If the value of equipment is based on other than book value, attach details of the computation.

Taxing District	Description	Total True Value	%	Listed Value	%	Exempt Listed	Taxable Listed Value
			6.25				
			6.25				
			6.25				
			6.25				
			6.25				
			6.25				
			6.25				
arry listed values to p	page 1, "Listed Value	Summary," as indicate	ed:	Column (A)		Column (B)	Column (C)

Schedule 4 – Exempt Furniture, Fixtures, Machinery and Equipment. List at 6.25% furniture, fixtures, machinery and equipment, supplies, small tools and repair parts used in laundries, dry cleaning, towel and linen supply, stone and gravel plants, and radio and television broadcasting, and any other business not constituting manufacturing, inventories of other than a manufacturer or merchant and all domestic animals not used in agriculture. If the value of equipment is based on other than book value, attach details of the computation.

Taxing District	Description	Total True Value	%	Listed Value	%	Exempt Listed Value	Taxable Listed Value
			6.25				
			6.25				
			6.25				
			6.25				
			6.25				
			6.25				
			6.25				
Carry listed values to	page 1, "Listed Value s	Summary," as indicate	d:	Column (A)		Column (B)	Column (C)

Schedule 5 – New Investment Manufacturing Equipment. List by taxing district and cost all manufacturing equipment first used in business in Ohio during the calendar or fiscal year ending in 2007. See R.C. 5711.16 for a complete definition of a manufacturer, manufacturing equipment and manufacturing facility to determine if you qualify to list this equipment here or in Schedule 2.

Taxing District	Description	Date First Used in Business in Ohio	Cost			
Total qualifying costs Column 10 or Form 9	2008 tax return (carry to page 29, line 6, Column A a 20, page 9, line 13)	nd to either Form 945, page 19,				
Qualifying costs previously reported on 2006 and 2007 returns (net of disposals)						
Include total cost on I	Include total cost on line 8c of Form 921					

Schedules 3 and 3A – Exempt Inventories. List total amount of inventory located within the enterprise zone; monthly inventories are required.

Source of Values Listed	Method of Valuing Inventories Listed					
Perpetual inventoryPhysical inventory	FIFO cost Retail LIFO cost Other					
Gross profits method	Book Adjustments Date Amount DR/C					
Dates physicals taken	Book to physical					
	LIFO reserve					
Net sales \$	Other reserves					

	Schedule 3 Manufacturing Inventories		Schedule 3A Merchandising Inventories			
	Taxing District	Taxing District	Taxing District	Taxing District	Taxing District	
Months in Business	Book Value	Book Value	Book Value	Book Value	Book Value	
January						
February						
March						
April						
May						
June						
July						
August						
September						
October						
November						
December						
Total Values						
A. Average Values Divide by No. of Months						
B. Total List Value at 6.25%						
C. Average Value – Inventory at Same Location for Year Preceding Agreement (100% Taxable)						
D. Average Value – Inventory Subject to Exemption (A - C)						
E. Average Value of Exempt Inventory (Line D x % of Exemption)						
F. List Value of Exempt Inventory (Line E @ 6.25%)						

Carry line B to page 1, "Listed Value Summary," line 2 or 3, column (A). Carry line F to page 1, "Listed Value Summary," line 2 or 3 column (B).





	Furniture an	y Property e Computers			axing District N		State of Ohio 2008
	Compa	ury			axing District is	idiliber all	u Hame
(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Year	Cost	Additions and		sals and	Cost	Per	True Value
Acquired	At End Of 2006	Transfers In 2007		sfers Out 2007	At End Of 2007	Cent	Amount \$
Totals							
Remarks			- 3	33 -	List @6	.25%	





Rev. 11/07

County Supplemental Return

	Taxpayer	name				
	Address					
	City, State	, ZIP code				
To the auditor of		County:				
In accordance with Ohio Rey year 2007:	vised Code 57	711.131, the abov	e corporation rep	oorts the following	g change(s) in tax	able value for the
(1) Taxing Distric (enter exact name and		(2) Listed Value Previous Year (2007)	(3) Listed Value This Year (2008)	(4) Restatement Factor	(5) Restated LV This Year (Column 3 X 4)	(6) Difference (Column 2-5)
				1.5		
				1.5		
				1.5		
				1.5		
				1.5		
		Filing	Instructions		•	
Completing this table facto within a taxing district that i		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•		he actual differe	nce in true value
This form is required to be fil of \$500,000 or more in a tax by comparing the current ye	ing district by	a business entity	(Column 6). The	increase or dec	rease in value sha	all be determined
The County Supplementa County Corporation Retu not excuse a taxpayer from	rn of Taxable	Property is file	d with the tax co			
		De	claration			
I declare under the penalties a true, correct and complete		at this report has I	been examined b	by me and to the	best of my knowle	edge and belief is
 Date			 Officer's sig	gnature		



For-Storage-Only Calculation Worksheet

ıax	payer's name		
Cou	intyTaxing district name and number		
	Calculation of Storage-Only Exempt	ion	
1.	Shipments into warehouse from within Ohio	\$	
2.	Shipments into warehouse from outside Ohio	\$	
3.	Total shipments into warehouse (line 1 plus line 2)	\$	
4.	Divide line 2 by line 3		%
5.	Shipments from warehouse to Ohio locations	\$	
6.	Shipments from warehouse to locations outside of Ohio	\$	
7.	Total shipments out of warehouse (line 5 plus line 6)	\$	
8.	Divide line 6 by line 7 (this equals to total percentage out of warehouse that may be exempt)		%
9.	Multiply line 4 by line 8 (This equals the total percentage of inventory that is exempt from personal property taxation at this location. Take this percentage times the average monthly value to reach the amount of inventory that is not taxable at this location.)		%
10.	Average monthly inventory value at facility (from Schedule 3 or 3A)	\$	
11.	Multiply line 9 by line 10 (result is amount of nontaxable inventory)	\$	
12.	Subtract line 11 from line 10 (taxable average value)	\$	

Note: This worksheet is only to be used when the taxpayer cannot actually determine the exact amount of exempt inventory at the end of the month. If a taxpayer uses this worksheet to determine their storage exemption, those source documents must be maintained for audit purposes.

Contact and Signature Page

Section 1: Taxpayer Identification Provide the name of the person at the business entity who should be contacted in the event of problems or questions regarding this return. Please type or legibly print the requested information on this page. Contact person's name______ Title _____ Telephone number _____ E-mail address _____ **Section 2: Tax Representative Identification** Representative name ______ Firm name _____ Representative mailing address _____ Representative telephone number ______ E-mail address _____ Did the representative prepare this tax return? Yes ______ No _____ Section 3: Declaration by Taxpayer This return **must** be signed by an officer/partner/owner of this business entity per Ohio Revised Code 5711.05 – not by a representative or agent - for the tax return to be considered acceptably filed. Failure of an officer/partner/owner of this business entity to sign this declaration will result in the rejection of this tax return as unnacceptable and could result in the application of a late filing penalty on the subsequent acceptable filing of this tax return. I declare, under penalty of perjury, that this return (including any accompanying schedules and statements) has been examined by me and to the best of my knowledge and belief is a true, correct and complete return and report. Signature of officer______ Title _____ Officer name______ Date _____

Mail one copy of this return, Ohio balance sheet, accompanying exhibits and any inquiries to:

Ohio Department of Taxation Personal Property Tax Division P.O. Box 530 Columbus, OH 43216-0530

Do not send payment with this tax return. Tax is payable to the respective county treasurers.



Ohio has more than 4,000 taxing districts, each with a different tax rate. If you are unsure of the taxing district where your business and property is located, contact your county auditor at the number listed below. Telephone assistance is provided to the hearing impaired through the Ohio Relay Service (ORS). TTY/TDD users may contact county auditors or the tax department's Taxpayer Service Centers by contacting ORS operators at 1-800-750-0750.

No.	County	Telephone No.	No.	County	Telephone No.
01	Adams	937-544-2364	45	Licking	740-670-5059
02	Allen	419-228-3700 #8807	46	Logan	937-599-7215
03	Ashland	419-282-4218	47	Lorain	440-329-5217
04	Ashtabula	440-576-3794	48	Lucas	419-213-4338
05	Athens	740-592-3227	49	Madison	740-852-9717
06	Auglaize	419-739-6705	50	Mahoning	330-740-2010
07	Belmont	740-699-2131	51	Marion	740-223-4020
08	Brown	937-378-6398	52	Medina	330-725-9760
09	Butler	513-887-3160	53	Meigs	740-992-2698
10	Carroll	330-627-2250	54	Mercer	419-586-6402/6403
11	Champaign	937-484-1600	55	Miami	937-440-5944
12	Clark	937-328-2427	56	Monroe	740-472-0873
13	Clermont	513-732-8149	57	Montgomery	937-225-4315/4316
14	Clinton	937-382-2250	58	Morgan	740-962-4475
15	Columbiana	330-424-9515	59	Morrow	419-946-4060
16	Coshocton	740-622-1243	60	Muskingum	740-455-7109
17	Crawford	419-562-7941	61	Noble	740-732-4044
18	Cuyahoga	216-443-7165	62	Ottawa	419-734-6740
19	Darke	937-547-7310	63	Paulding	419-399-8205
20	Defiance	419-782-1926	64	Perry	740-342-2074/1627
21	Delaware	740-833-2900	65	Pickaway	740-474-4765
22	Erie	419-627-7742	66	Pike	740-947-4125/2713
23	Fairfield	740-687-7027	67	Portage	330-297-3579/3565
24	Fayette	740-335-6461	68	Preble	937-456-8148
25	Franklin	614-462-3230	69	Putnam	419-523-6686
26	Fulton	419-337-9200	70	Richland	419-774-5507
27	Gallia	740-446-4612 #217	71	Ross	740-702-3080
28	Geauga	440-279-1613	72	Sandusky	419-334-6127
29	Greene	937-562-5074	73	Scioto	740-355-8346
30	Guernsey	740-432-9248	74	Seneca	419-447-0692
31	Hamilton	513-946-4100	75	Shelby	937-498-7202
32	Hancock	419-424-7019	76	Stark	330-451-7345
33	Hardin	419-674-2239/2290	77	Summit	330-643-2669
34	Harrison	740-942-8861	78	Trumbull	330-675-2446
35	Henry	419-592-1956	79	Tuscarawas	330-365-3220 #3321
36	Highland	937-393-1915	80	Union	937-645-3003
37	Hocking	740-385-2127	81	Van Wert	419-238-0843
38	Holmes	330-674-1896	82	Vinton	740-596-4571 #231
39	Huron	419-668-8464	83	Warren	513-695-1234
40	Jackson	740-286-4231	84	Washington	740-373-6623 #338
41	Jefferson	740-283-8511	85	Wayne	330-287-5430
42	Knox	740-393-6750	86	Williams	419-636-5639#340
43	Lake	440-350-2533/2531	87	Wood	419-354-9153
44	Lawrence	740-547-3507	88	Wyandot	419-294-1531