
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended: December 31, 2008

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 333-73996

MORGAN GROUP HOLDING CO.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
State of other jurisdiction
incorporation or organization

13-4196940
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

401 Theodore Fremd Avenue, Rye, NY
(Address of principal executive offices)

10580
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (914) 921-1877

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.
Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act
Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulations S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K, or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer
Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)
Yes No

As of February 27, 2009, the aggregate market value of the Registrant's voting and nonvoting common equity held by non-affiliates of the Registrant was approximately \$286,000, which value, solely for the purposes of this calculation, excludes shares held by the Registrant's officers, directors, and their affiliates. Such exclusion should not be deemed a determination or an admission by the issuer that all such individuals are, in fact, affiliates of the issuer.

The number of outstanding shares of the Registrant's Common Stock was 3,055,345 as of February 29, 2009.

MORGAN GROUP HOLDING CO.
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PART I

Item 1. Business.

Morgan Group Holding Co. (the “Company” or “MGHL”) was incorporated in November 2001 to serve, among other business purposes, as a holding company for LICT Corporation’s (“LICT”) controlling interest in The Morgan Group, Inc. (“Morgan”). On January 24, 2002, LICT spun off all but 235,294 of its shares in MGHL to its stockholders.

On October 18, 2002, Morgan and two of its operating subsidiaries filed voluntary petitions under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Indiana, South Bend Division. On March 31, 2008, the bankruptcy proceeding was concluded and the bankruptcy court dismissed the proceeding. There was no appeal from the bankruptcy court’s dismissal of the proceeding, and that proceeding is now entirely ended. Morgan received no value for its equity ownership from the bankruptcy proceeding.

We are continuing to evaluate all options available to the Company at this time. One option is to make a further distribution of any remaining cash, effectively liquidating the Company.

At present we have no full time employees.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

We are a smaller reporting company as defined in Item 10(f)(1) of Regulation S-K and thus are not required to report the risk factors specified in Item 503(c) of Regulation S-K.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

None

Item 2. Properties.

The Company does not own any property.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

The Company is not a party to any legal proceedings.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

PART II

Item 5. Market for the Registrant’s Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters, and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

The shares of our common stock trade on the over-the-counter market in the Pink Sheets, under the symbol: MGHL.PK. The following table sets forth the high and low market prices of the common stock for the periods indicated, as reported by published sources. These prices represent inter-dealer quotations without retail markup, markdown, or commission and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

High

Low

<u>2008 Fiscal Year</u>		
First Quarter	\$0.17	\$0.125
Second Quarter	\$0.165	\$0.14
Third Quarter	\$0.151	\$0.145
Fourth Quarter	\$0.151	\$0.09
 <u>2007 Fiscal Year</u>		
First Quarter	\$0.16	\$0.11
Second Quarter	\$0.25	\$0.165
Third Quarter	\$0.20	\$0.15
Fourth Quarter	\$0.20	\$0.12

As of February 28, 2009, there were approximately 800 holders of record of the Company's common stock.

The Company has never declared a cash dividend on its common stock and its Board of Directors does not anticipate that it will pay cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, the Company did not sell any unregistered securities, and did not repurchase any of its shares from its shareholders.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data.

We are a smaller reporting company as defined in Item 10(f)(1) of Regulation S-K and thus are not required to report the selected financial data specified in Item 303 of Regulation S-K.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation.

Forward-Looking Statements and Uncertainty of Financial Projections

Forward-looking statements are not based on historical information but relate to future operations, strategies, financial results or other developments. Forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon estimates and assumptions that are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control and many of which, with respect to future business decisions, are subject to change. These uncertainties and contingencies can affect actual results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by, or on behalf of, us.

Overview

As of December 31, 2008, the Company's only assets consisted of approximately \$405,000 in cash and a capital loss carry forward of about \$4 million which it expects will expire in 2013. The ability to utilize this loss carry-forward is dependent on the Company's ability to generate a capital gain prior to its expiration.

The Company currently has no operating businesses and will seek acquisitions as part of its strategic alternatives. Its only costs are the administrative expenses required to make the regulatory filings needed to maintain its public status. These costs are estimated at \$25,000 to \$50,000 per year. During 2007, the Company did not incur the costs of an independent audit for its Financial Statements during the Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 and therefore the costs incurred were below this estimate. During 2008, the Company retained an independent auditor to audit the Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. These costs have been recorded in the Statement of Operations for the Year Ending December 31, 2008.

We are evaluating all options available to the Company at this time. One option is to make a further distribution of any remaining cash effectively liquidating the company.

Results of Operations

For the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company incurred administrative expenses of \$37,000 as compared to \$3,000 in 2007. Administrative expenses in 2008 included \$18,000 of costs for performing audits of the Company's financial statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. In addition, the 2008 financial results included the cost of independent auditor review of the Company's quarterly financial statements for 2008.

Investment income was \$8,000 during the year ended December 31, 2008 as compared to \$20,000 during 2007 respectively as a result of the Company's investment in a United States Treasury money market fund. Lower interest rates were the primary cause the decrease increase in 2008.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At December 31, 2008, we had approximately \$405,000 in cash as compared to approximately \$440,000 at December 31, 2007.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements." SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about fair value measurements. It applies to other pronouncements that require or permit fair value but does not require any new fair value measurements. The statement defines fair value as "the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date." SFAS No. 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy to increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements and disclosures. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. In February 2008, FASB issued FASB Staff Position 157-2, "Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157" ("FSP SFAS 157-2"), which permits a one-year deferral of the application of SFAS No. 157, for all non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually). The Company adopted SFAS No. 157 and FSP SFAS 157-2 effective January 1, 2008 [for financial assets and liabilities]. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 did not have a material impact on our financial statements. The Company adopted SFAS No. 157 for non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities effective January 1, 2009 which did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements. In October 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position 157-3, "Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market for That Asset is Not Active" ("FSP SFAS 157-3"), which clarifies the application of SFAS No. 157 in a market that is not active. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities – Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115." SFAS No. 159 permits all entities to choose to measure and report many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value at specified election dates. If such an election is made, any unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected are required to be reported in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. In addition, SFAS No. 159 establishes presentation and disclosure requirements designed to facilitate comparisons between companies that choose different measurement attributes for similar types of assets and liabilities. We were required to adopt the provisions of SFAS No. 159 for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The adoption of SFAS No. 159 did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In March 2007, the FASB ratified Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 06-10, "Accounting for Collateral Assignment Split-Dollar Life Insurance Agreements" ("EITF 06-10"). EITF 06-10 provides guidance for determining a liability for the postretirement benefit obligation as well as recognition and measurement of the associated asset on the basis of the terms of the collateral assignment agreement. EITF 06-10 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007. The adoption of EITF 06-10 did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 163, "Accounting for Financial Guarantee Insurance Contracts." SFAS No. 163 clarifies how SFAS No. 60, "Accounting and Reporting by Insurance Enterprises," applies to financial guarantee insurance contracts issued by insurance enterprises, including the recognition and

measurement of premium revenue and claim liabilities. SFAS No. 163 also requires expanded disclosures about financial guarantee insurance contracts. SFAS No. 163 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and all interim periods within those fiscal years, except for disclosures about the insurance enterprise's risk-management activities. Disclosures about the insurance enterprise's risk-management activities are effective the first period beginning after issuance of SFAS No. 163. The adoption of SFAS No. 163 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141(R), *Business Combinations* and SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Financial Statements*. These Statements replace FASB Statement No. 141, *Business Combinations*, and requires an acquirer to recognize the assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree at the acquisition date, measured at their fair values as of that date. SFAS No. 141(R) also makes significant amendments to other Statements and other authoritative guidance. The Statements are effective for years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The adoption of SFAS No. 141(R) and SFAS No. 160 are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 (SFAS No. 161). SFAS No. 161 requires enhanced disclosures regarding an entity's derivative and hedging activities. These enhanced disclosures include information regarding how and why an entity uses derivative instruments; how to account for derivative instruments and related hedge items under SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, and its related interpretations; and how derivative instruments and related hedge items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. SFAS No. 161 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. The adoption of SFAS No. 161 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Analysis of Market Risk

We are a smaller reporting company as defined in Item 10(f)(1) of Regulation S-K and thus are not required to report the Quantitative and Qualitative Analysis of Market Risk specified in Item 305 of Regulation S-K.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Balance Sheets as of
December 31, 2008 and 2007

Statements of Operations for the
Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

Statements of Cash Flows for the
Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the
Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

Notes to Financial Statements

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of
Morgan Group Holding Company
Rye, New York

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Morgan Group Holding Company (the "Company") as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free to material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Morgan Group Holding Company as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Daszkal Bolton LLP

Boca Raton, Florida
March 18, 2009

**Morgan Group Holding Co.
Balance Sheets**

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$404,876	\$440,246
Prepaid expenses	7,500	-
Total current assets	412,376	440,246
Investment in Morgan Group, Inc.	-	-
Total assets	\$412,376	\$440,246
LIABILITIES	\$-	\$-
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, none outstanding	-	-
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, 3,055,345 outstanding	30,553	30,553
Additional paid-in-capital	5,611,447	5,611,447
Accumulated deficit	(5,229,624)	(5,201,754)
Total shareholders' equity	412,376	440,246
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$412,376	\$440,246

See accompanying notes to financial statements

**Morgan Group Holding Co.
Statements of Operations**

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2008	2007
Revenues	\$-	\$-
Administrative expenses	(36,747)	(2,976)
Other income - interest	8,877	19,938
Net (loss) income before income taxes	(27,870)	16,962
Income taxes	-	-
Net (loss) income	(\$27,870)	\$16,962
 (Loss) earnings per share, basic and diluted	 (\$0.01)	 \$ 0.01
 Shares outstanding, based and diluted	 3,055,345	 3,055,345

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Morgan Group Holding Co.
Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2008	2007
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Interest received	\$8,877	\$19,938
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(44,247)	(2,976)
Net Cash (Used In) Provided By Operating Activities	(35,370)	16,962
 Cash Flows from Investing Activities	-	-
 Cash Flows from Financing Activities	-	-
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash	(35,370)	16,962
Cash, Beginning of the Year	440,246	423,284
	\$404,876	\$440,246
 Reconciliation of net (loss) income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	(\$27,870)	\$16,962
Change in assets:		
Increase in prepaid expenses	(7,500)	--
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(\$35,370)	\$16,962

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Morgan Group Holding Co.
Statements of Shareholders' Equity

	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total
	Shares	Par Value	Shares	Par Value			
Balance, December 31, 2006	-	\$-	3,055,345	\$30,553	\$5,611,447	(\$5,218,716)	\$423,284
Net income for year ended December 31, 2007	-	-	-	-	-	16,962	16,962
Balance, December 31, 2007	-	-	3,055,345	30,553	5,611,447	(5,201,754)	440,246
Net loss for year ended December 31, 2008	-	-	-	-	-	(27,870)	(27,870)
Balance, December 31, 2008	-	\$-	3,055,345	\$30,553	\$5,611,447	(\$5,229,624)	\$412,376

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Morgan Group Holding Co.
Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Principles

Basis of Presentation

Morgan Group Holding Co. (“Holding” or “the Company”) was incorporated in November 2001 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of LICT Corporation (“LICT, formerly Lynch Interactive Corporation”) to serve, among other business purposes, as a holding company for LICT’s controlling interest in The Morgan Group, Inc. (“Morgan”). On December 18, 2001, LICT’s controlling interest in Morgan was transferred to Holding. At the time, Holding owned 68.5% of Morgan’s equity interest and 80.8% of Morgan’s voting interest. On January 24, 2002, LICT spun off 2,820,051 shares of Holding common stock through a pro rata distribution (“Spin-Off”) to its stockholders. LICT retained 235,294 shares of Holding common stock to be distributed in connection with the potential conversion of a convertible note that had been issued by LICT. Such note was repurchased by LICT in 2002 and LICT retains the shares.

On October 3, 2002, Morgan ceased its operations when its liability insurance expired and it was unable to secure replacement insurance. On October 18, 2002, Morgan and two of its operating subsidiaries filed voluntary petitions under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Indiana, South Bend Division for the purpose of conducting an orderly liquidation of Morgan’s assets.

On October 18, 2002, Morgan adopted the liquidation basis of accounting and, accordingly, Morgan’s assets and liabilities have been adjusted to estimate net realizable value. As the carry value of Morgan’s liabilities exceeded the fair value of its assets, the liabilities were reduced to equal the estimated net realizable value of the assets.

Management believed that it was unlikely that the Company would realize any value from its equity ownership in Morgan and, given the fact that the Company had no obligation or intention to fund any of Morgan’s liabilities, its investment in Morgan was believed to have no value after its liquidation. Because the liquidation of Morgan was under the control of the bankruptcy court, the Company believed it had relinquished control of Morgan and, accordingly, deconsolidated its ownership interest Morgan in its financial statements during 2002. On March 31, 2008, the bankruptcy proceeding was concluded and the bankruptcy court dismissed the proceeding. Morgan received no value for its equity ownership from the bankruptcy proceeding.

Significant Accounting Principles

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. The carrying value of cash equivalents approximates its fair value based on its nature.

At December 31, 2008 and 2007 all cash and cash equivalents were invested in a United States Treasury money market fund, of which an affiliate of the Company serves as the investment manager.

Earnings per Share

Net (loss) income per common share (“EPS”) is computed using the number of common shares issued in connection with the Spin-Off.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements

and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (“SFAS”) No. 157, “Fair Value Measurements.” SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about fair value measurements. It applies to other pronouncements that require or permit fair value but does not require any new fair value measurements. The statement defines fair value as “the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.” SFAS No. 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy to increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements and disclosures. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. In February 2008, FASB issued FASB Staff Position 157-2, “Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157” (“FSP SFAS 157-2”), which permits a one-year deferral of the application of SFAS No. 157, for all non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually). The Company adopted SFAS No. 157 and FSP SFAS 157-2 effective January 1, 2008 [for financial assets and liabilities]. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 did not have a material impact on our financial statements. The Company adopted SFAS No. 157 for non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities effective January 1, 2009 which did not have a material impact on the Company’s financial statements. In October 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position 157-3, “Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market for That Asset is Not Active” (“FSP SFAS 157-3”), which clarifies the application of SFAS No. 157 in a market that is not active. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company’s financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, “The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities – Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115.” SFAS No. 159 permits all entities to choose to measure and report many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value at specified election dates. If such an election is made, any unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected are required to be reported in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. In addition, SFAS No. 159 establishes presentation and disclosure requirements designed to facilitate comparisons between companies that choose different measurement attributes for similar types of assets and liabilities. We were required to adopt the provisions of SFAS No. 159 for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The adoption of SFAS No. 159 did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In March 2007, the FASB ratified Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 06-10, “Accounting for Collateral Assignment Split-Dollar Life Insurance Agreements” (“EITF 06-10”). EITF 06-10 provides guidance for determining a liability for the postretirement benefit obligation as well as recognition and measurement of the associated asset on the basis of the terms of the collateral assignment agreement. EITF 06-10 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007. The adoption of EITF 06-10 did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 163, “Accounting for Financial Guarantee Insurance Contracts.” SFAS No. 163 clarifies how SFAS No. 60, “Accounting and Reporting by Insurance Enterprises,” applies to financial guarantee insurance contracts issued by insurance enterprises, including the recognition and measurement of premium revenue and claim liabilities. SFAS No. 163 also requires expanded disclosures about financial guarantee insurance contracts. SFAS No. 163 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and all interim periods within those fiscal years, except for disclosures about the insurance enterprise’s risk-management activities. Disclosures about the insurance enterprise’s risk-management activities are effective the first period beginning after issuance of SFAS No. 163. The adoption of SFAS No. 163 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141(R), *Business Combinations* and SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Financial Statements*. These Statements replace FASB

Statement No. 141, *Business Combinations*, and requires an acquirer to recognize the assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree at the acquisition date, measured at their fair values as of that date. SFAS No. 141(R) also makes significant amendments to other Statements and other authoritative guidance. The Statements are effective for years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The adoption of SFAS No. 141(R) and SFAS No. 160 are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 (SFAS No. 161). SFAS No. 161 requires enhanced disclosures regarding an entity's derivative and hedging activities. These enhanced disclosures include information regarding how and why an entity uses derivative instruments; how to account for derivative instruments and related hedge items under SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, and its related interpretations; and how derivative instruments and related hedge items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. SFAS No. 161 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. The adoption of SFAS No. 161 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Note 2. Investment in Morgan Group, Inc.

Upon Morgan Group, Inc.'s bankruptcy filing, the Company has deconsolidated its investment, as the Company believes it no longer has controlling or significant influence. At December 31, 2007, the estimated value of Morgan's assets in liquidation was insufficient to satisfy its estimated obligations. On March 31, 2008, the bankruptcy proceeding was concluded and the bankruptcy court dismissed the proceeding. The Company received no value for its equity ownership.

Note 3. Income Taxes

The Company is a "C" corporation for Federal tax purposes, and has provided for deferred income taxes for temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of its assets and liabilities. As of December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company has an unused net operating loss carryforward of \$29,886 and \$31,402 available for use on its future corporate income tax returns which will expire during the years 2020 through 2028. The Company has recorded a full valuation allowance against its deferred tax asset of approximately \$1.7 million arising from its temporary basis differences and tax loss carryforward, as its realization is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the period when such losses would be deductible.

Pursuant to Sections 382 and 383 of the Internal Revenue Code, annual use of any of the Company's net operating loss carry forwards may be limited if cumulative changes in ownership of more than 50% occur during any three year period.

Cumulative temporary differences at December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Deferred tax assets:		
Temporary basis difference	\$1,673,987	\$1,673,987
Net operating losses	29,886	19,031
	<u>1,703,873</u>	<u>1,693,018</u>
Valuation allowance	(1,703,873)	(1,693,018)
	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>

Income tax provision for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 is comprised of:

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Current income tax (provision) benefit	\$-	\$-
Deferred income tax (provision) benefit	(10,855)	6,607
Change in valuation allowance	10,855	(6,607)
Income tax (provision) benefit	\$-	\$-

The reconciliation of the provision for income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to net loss is as follows:

	December 31,	
	2008	2007
Tax (provision) benefit at statutory rate	\$9,476	(\$5,767)
State taxes, net of federal expense	1,379	(840)
Change of valuation allowance	(10,855)	6,607
	\$-	\$-

Note 4. Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time the Company may be subject to certain asserted and unasserted claims. It is the Company's belief that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

The Company has not guaranteed any of the obligations of Morgan and believes it currently has no commitment or obligation to fund any creditors.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

Not Applicable.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

As required by Rule 15d-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as of the end of the period covered by this report, Management carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2008. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer as well as our principal financial officer, who concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act are accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Management's Annual Report on Internal Control of Financial Reporting.

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an adequate system of internal control over financial reporting, as defined in the Rule 13a-15(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Management conducted an assessment of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on the framework established by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO)

in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework*. Based on the assessment, management concluded that, as of December 31, 2008, the Company's internal control over financial reporting is effective.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of a registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by a registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permits the Company to provide only management's report in this annual report.

(c) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no significant change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the most recently completed fiscal quarter that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information.

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

The following table sets forth the name, business address, present principal occupation, employment history, positions, offices or employments for the past five years and ages as of February 27, 2009 for our executive officers and directors. Members of the board are elected and serve for one year terms or until their successors are elected and qualify.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position</u>
Mario J. Gabelli	66	Chief Executive Officer and Director
Robert E. Dolan	57	Chief Financial Officer and Director

Mario J. Gabelli has served as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company since November 2001. Mr. Gabelli has also served as the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Investment Officer –Value Portfolios of GAMCO Investors Inc. (“GAMCO”) since November 1976. In connection with those responsibilities, he serves as director or trustee of registered investment companies managed by GAMCO and its affiliates (“Gabelli Funds”). Mr. Gabelli has also served as Chairman of LICT Corporation (formerly known as Lynch Interactive Corporation), a public company engaged in multimedia and other services since December 2004 (and also from September 1999 to December 2002), as Vice Chairman from December 2002 to December 2004 and as Chief Executive Officer from September 1999 to November 2005. Mr. Gabelli has served as Chairman of CIBL, Inc. from November 2007, a private company with operations in cable television, broadcasting, and wireless communications. Mr. Gabelli serves on the advisory boards of Caymus Partners LLC, Healthpoint Capital, LLC and van Biema Value Fund, LP. He also serves as an Overseer of the Columbia University Graduate School of Business; Trustee of Boston College, Roger Williams University and Winston Churchill Foundation; Director of the National Italian American Foundation, The American-Italian Cancer Foundation, The Foundation for Italian Art & Culture and the Mentor/National Mentoring Partnership; and Chairman, Patron's Committee for the Immaculate Conception School.

Robert E. Dolan has served as our Chief Financial Officer since November 2001. Mr. Dolan is also the Interim Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of LICT Corporation, and has served as its Interim Chief Executive Officer from May 1, 2006, Chief Financial Officer from September 1999 and Controller from September 1999 to January 2004. In addition, Mr. Dolan is the Assistant Secretary and director of Sunshine PCS Corporation, a public holding company, and has served in these capacities since November 2000.

Committees of the Board of Directors

We presently do not have an audit committee, compensation committee, nominating committee, an executive committee of our board of directors, stock plan committee or any other committees. Currently, our full board of serves as the audit committee and approves, when applicable, the appointment of auditors and the inclusion of financial statements in our periodic reports. Mr. Dolan is deemed to be an “audit committee financial expert.”

We have not made any changes to the process by which shareholders may recommend nominees to the board of directors since our last annual report.

Code of Ethics

We have not yet adopted a corporate code of ethics. Our board of directors is considering whether in light of the nature of our company and its lack on any operations, it is necessary or appropriate to adopt a formal corporate code of ethics. If determined that such a code would be necessary or appropriate, it will then consider establishing, over the next year, a code of ethics to deter wrongdoing and promote honest and ethical conduct; provide full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure in public reports; comply with applicable laws; ensure prompt internal reporting of code violations; and provide accountability for adherence to the code.

Legal Proceedings

Neither of our directors and executive officers has been involved in legal proceedings that would be material to an evaluation of our management.

Indemnification of Directors and Officers

Under Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, the Company has broad powers to indemnify its directors and officers against liabilities they may incur in such capacities. The Company’s certificate of incorporation provides that its directors and officers shall be indemnified to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law. The certificate of incorporation also provides that the Company shall, to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law, as amended from time to time, indemnify and advance expenses to each of its currently acting and former directors, officers, employees and agents.

Delaware law provides that a corporation may limit the liability of each director to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages except for liability:

- for any breach of the director’s duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders,
- for acts or omissions not in good faith or that involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law,
- in respect of certain unlawful dividend payments or stock redemptions or repurchases and
- For any transaction which the director derives an improper personal benefit.

The Company’s certificate of incorporation provides for the elimination and limitation of the personal liability of its directors for monetary damages to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law. In addition, the certificate of incorporation provides that if Delaware law is amended to authorize the further elimination or limitation of the liability of a director, then the liability of our directors shall be eliminated or limited to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law, as amended. The effect of this provision is to eliminate the Company’s rights and its stockholders rights, through stockholders’ derivative suits, to recover monetary damages against a director for breach of the fiduciary duty of care as a director, except in the situations described above. This provision does not limit or eliminate the Company’s rights or its stockholders’ rights to seek non-monetary relief such as an injunction or rescission in the event of a breach of a director’s duty of care.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, may be permitted for its directors, officers, and controlling persons, pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Company has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission this sort of indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and is therefore unenforceable.

At present, there is no pending litigation or proceeding involving any of our directors, officers, employees or agents where indemnification will be required or permitted.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

To our knowledge, based solely upon our review of copies of reports received by us pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we believe that all of our directors, officers and beneficial owners of more than 10 percent of our common stock filed all such reports on a timely basis during 2008.

Item 11. Executive Compensation.

The Company has not paid any compensation to any person, including its directors and executive officers, since inception. The Company does not have any employment contracts with either of its executive officers.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

The following table sets forth information concerning ownership of our common stock as of February 29, 2009 by each person known by us to be the beneficial owner of more than five percent of the common stock, each director, each executive officer, and by all directors and executive officers as a group. We believe that each stockholder has sole voting power and sole dispositive power with respect to the shares beneficially owned by him. Unless otherwise indicated, the address of each person listed below is 401 Theodore Fremd Avenue, Rye, New York 10580.

<u>Beneficial Owner</u>	<u>Number of Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned</u>	<u>Percent of Ownership</u>
Mario J. Gabelli	858,384(1)	28.1%
LICT Corporation	235,294	7.7%
Walter P. Carucci, Uncle Mills Partners and Bernard Zimmerman & Company, Inc.	204,213(2)	6.7%
Robert E. Dolan	579(3)	**
All directors and executive officers as a group (2 in total)	858,963	28.1%

** Less than 1%

(1) Represents 283,090 shares of common stock owned directly by Mr. Gabelli, 340,000 shares owned by a limited partnership in which Mr. Gabelli is the general partner and has approximately a .5% interest, and 235,294 shares owned by LICT Corporation (Mr. Gabelli is a “control person” of LICT Corporation and therefore shares owned by LICT Corporation are set forth in the table as also beneficially owned by Mr. Gabelli). Mr. Gabelli disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares owned by the partnership and LICT Corporation, except for his interest therein.

(2) Based solely on a combined Schedule 13G filed by Walter P. Carucci, Uncle Mills Partners and Bernard Zimmerman & Company, Inc. filed as of February 13, 2008 reflecting the following share ownership: Walter P. Carucci – 89,613 shares (including 10,000 shares owned by Uncle Mills Partners); Uncle Mills Partners - 10,000; and Bernard Zimmerman & Company – 114,600 shares,

- (3) Includes 70 shares registered in the name of Mr. Dolan's children with respect to which Mr. Dolan has voting and investment power and 109 shares owned by Mr. Dolan through the LICT Corporation 401(k) Savings Plan.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions.

None.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.

Audit Fees

The aggregate fees billed by Daszkal Bolton LLP for professional services rendered for the audit of the Company's financial statements for both 2008 and 2007 is \$15,000 each. For 2008, Daszkal Bolton LLP billed the Company an aggregate of \$12,000 for reviews of the financial statements included in its quarterly Form 10-Q.

Audit-Related Fees

No audit-related fees were billed by Daszkal Bolton LLP for 2008 or 2007.

Tax Fees

No tax fees were billed by Daszkal Bolton LLP for 2008 or 2007.

All Other Fees

No other fees were billed by Daszkal Bolton LLP for 2008 or 2007 for services other than as set forth above.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of the Company*
3.2	By-laws of the Company*
31.1	Rule 15d-14(a) Certification of the Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Rule 15d-14(a) Certification of the Principal Accounting Officer
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of the Principal Accounting Officer

* Incorporated by reference to the exhibits to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-73996).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MORGAN GROUP HOLDING CO.

Dated: March 23, 2009

By: /s/ Robert E. Dolan
ROBERT E. DOLAN
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Capacity	Date
<u>/s/ Mario J. Gabelli</u> MARIO J. GABELLI	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director	March 23, 2009
<u>/s/ Robert E. Dolan</u> ROBERT E. DOLAN	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) and Director	March 23, 2009

Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of the Chief Executive Officer

I, Mario J. Gabelli, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Morgan Group Holdings Co.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 23, 2009

/s/ Mario J. Gabelli
Mario J. Gabelli
Chief Executive Officer

Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of the Chief Financial Officer

I, Robert E. Dolan, certify that:

6. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Morgan Group Holdings Co.;
7. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
8. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
9. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (e) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (f) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
 - (g) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (h) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
10. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 23, 2009

/s/ Robert E. Dolan
Robert E. Dolan
Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CEO PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Morgan Group Holdings Co. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2008, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Mario J. Gabelli, as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350, as adopted pursuant to ss. 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Mario J. Gabelli
Name: Mario J. Gabelli
Title: Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 23, 2009

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING OFFICER PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Morgan Group Holdings Co. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2008, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Robert E. Dolan, as Principal Accounting Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350, as adopted pursuant to ss. 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his knowledge:

(3) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(4) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Robert E. Dolan
Name: Robert E. Dolan
Title: Principal Accounting Officer

Date: March 23, 2009